CHEAP COLUMN.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—New Cottage in good neighborhood, containing 3 rooms with hall and gallery, kitchen, stable and garden. Lot 100x150 feet, all under new fence. Apply at this office. m25

FOR SALE.—A cottage residence on East avenue, containing four rooms 18x20, hall 12 feet, kitchen, fine cistern and fine orchard; lot 64x132 feet. Apply to R. P. WILSON, on premises. m28

FOR SALE—The LOT on the north-east corner of Cherry and Grove sts. Apply to THOMAS MOUNT. mh19

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT.—A cottage containing three rooms and a kitchen, across from J. W. Vick's. Apply on the premises. m31

FOR RENT—Nice house with three rooms, kitchen, good cistern and yard; possession given April 6th Apply to JOS. SPENGLER, Cherry street crossing. m31-1w

FOL SALE OR RENT—60 Acres good land, one and a half miles from town, with plenty of wood and water. Apply at this office, or to R. P. WILSON, Vicksburg, Miss. m24-2w

FOR RENT—Three small rooms and a kitchen. Large yard and good cistern. Twelve dollars per month. Apply at this office. mh20

THE SATISFACTION

Of sitting under one's own vine and fig tree pays the largest dividend of any investment. It is the best kind of life insurance. It is the best medicine in sickness. It enables a man to die easier, and robs death of one of the principal terrors to know that the loved ones we must leave behind us have a roof of their own over their heads which cannot be taken from them.

If you cannot buy a house and lot, you can at least make a commencement by investing $25 in a lot in Speed's Addition, and pay the balance in $5 monthly installments. No better opportunity to buy a home or to make a safe investment in Vicksburg is likely to occur than that now presented by the unprecedented terms upon which these lots are sold. sep1

LOCAL ITEMS.

SEE cheap column ad. Nice house for rent, by Jos. Spengler.

WE learn that Mrs. S. M. Shelton is decidedly better this morning.

DR. A. D. MAYO will lecture to-night at 8 o'clock at the Baptist church.

DO NOT forget that Dr. Mayo will speak at the Baptist Church to-night.

MR. G. A. BALDWIN, a prominent cotton factor of Canton, is at the Pacific.

THE regular monthly meeting of the Gynasium Club will be held Wednesday night.

CAPT. E. C. CARROLL, President of the P. Line, arrived from New Orleans this morning.

MR. WM. MOSELEY, representing the Kansas City Times, arrived in the city this morning.

A DOG fight in front of our office at 1 o'clock this afternoon created the biggest excitement of the season.

THE Iowa editors will be in the city to-morrow. Let all our people give them a cordial and kindly reception.

THE wedding of Mr. Mike Levy and Miss Sallie Brown will take place at the Cherry street Synagogue Wednesday.

REV. DR. ROUDEBUSH, of Jackson, preached at the Presbyterian church yesterday, according to announcement.

TWO weeks from to-day, at St. Paul's Church, Pilot Mose Smith, of the E. C. Carroll, will be married to Miss Murphy.

THE river at Vicksburg is now 47 feet 11 inches above low water mark, and is falling at the rate of about 3 inches per day.

MR. CHAS. FISHER, ex-Chief of Fire Department, has been quite sick for several days, and is still confined to his room.

COL. ED. RICHARDSON, passed through the city last night, en route for New Orleans after a visit to his plantations up the river.

IN our river column we have 7,234 sacks of seed received for St. Louis. It should read for St. Louis, New Orleans, and this city.

THERE is a general kick against the license taxes, as apportioned in the ordinance passed by the Board of Mayor and Aldermen.

THE Anchor Line steamer City of Baton Rouge passed up this evening for St. Louis, with 300 tons of freight and 60 cabin passengers.

THE firemen continue to "hustle 'round," and if April 23d is not the biggest day of the year it will not be the fault of our firemen.

ED. M. SNOWDEN, JR., says he has formed no copartnership with any one else in this city, and anything to the contrary is unauthorized. See his local of the Bon Ton Market.

HAIL, glorious Spring! with your sunshine and showers and flowers and fevers and song birds and garden truck and new bonnets and new sonnets and fire flies and green foliage and june bugs, hail!

TWO ALARMS of fire were turned in Saturday evening, the first from Capt. Acter's, on Clay street, adjoining the Presbyterian Church, and the other from the residence of Mr. Frank Little, near the Main Street School, and both were caused by the burning of chimneys.

THE Mozart Orchestra meet to-night at their hall. Under the able baton of Prof. Talen the orchestra is attaining a degree of proficiency of which they may well feel proud. At their meeting to-night they will be made familiar with the grand concert which is to take place in about three weeks.

REV. THOS. CUMMINS, accompanied by ruling Elder J. D. Gilland, Esq., went down in the Warrenton neighborhood on Saturday, where they organized a Presbyterian Church on yesterday. Presbyterianism under the administration of Mr. Cummins is progressing in this county.

THE candy vendors are extending their field of operations, and hunting new fields and pastures green. They have reached the neighboring towns, suburban villas, and the rural districts around these parts are being SWEETENED by their gentle visitations. The plot thickens; the contest grows fiercer; and in the meantime, "the longest pole reaches the persimmon."

A GREAT many people took advantage of the fine weather yesterday to visit the National Cemetery. Under the able superintendence of Capt. Haverfield, and through the efforts of Mr. Waldie, the gardenor, the Cemetery presents a beautiful appearance. Mr. John Barry's "Lake House," near by, is being improved, and is quite a popular resort during leisure moments.

CAPT. BROLASKI and the crew of the elegant Anchor Line steamer Arkansas City have presented to Mrs. H. B. Bruser, for the Catholic Fair, a beautiful pyramid cake. Mrs. Bruser and the ladies of the Church return thanks to Capt. Brolaski and his generous subordinates for the elegant gift. It will be a feature of the "Bee Hive," which opens at Magnolia Hall on Easter Monday.

ATTENTION is called to the cheap column advertisement of Mr. R. P. Wilson, who has a handsome cottage residence for sale, situated on East Avenue. It has 4 rooms 10x20 feet, hall 12 feet, kitchen, fine cistern and orchard. The lot is 65x132 feet. He also has 60 acres excellent improved land for sale 1½ miles from the city with plenty of wood and water on same. Both the cottage and the 60 acres of land will be sold reasonable, and are great inducements to those wishing to purchase.

THE following were the arrivals by the Anchor Line steamer Arkansas City yesterday: Jno. Russell, Brandon; C. C. Friason, Swan Lake; T. G. Dreyfus, Robert Clayton, Helena; L. F. Bowyer, Arkansas City; T. D. Newbern, W. P. Ramsay, T. D. Ramsay, Bolivar, Tenn.; J. A. Dabner, Lewisburg, Tenn.; Mrs. Hammers, Greenville; Mrs. Cave Johnson, Lakeport, Ark.; D. V. Johnson, Lexington, Ky.; Col. Ed. Richardson, New Orleans; Wm. Richardson, Vicksburg; Thos. G. Parks, Skipwiths.

Bon Ton Market.

Choice fresh Vegetables received daily, at ED. W. SNOWDON, JR., Levee street, op north end of Wharfboat. [mr31-1wk]

Dr. Mayo's Lecture Yesterday.

A large, intelligent and highly appreciative audience greeted Dr. Mayo at the Baptist Church on yesterday morning. We wish we could give even a synopsis of the able, entertaining, and instructive discourse, which some thought better than the Doctor's previous efforts. It made a profound and deep impression on all who heard it, and it was, in the highest and truest sense, a masterly, able, profound, Christian, catholic, statesmanlike discourse, at once learned and practical.

This distinguished man has made great progress in REALIZING the Divine command, "love your neighbor." His brain is not only great, but his heart also; and no man has pressed Mississippi soil for years who more truthfully and sincerely deserves the gratitude of her people than this eminent man from the "Athens" of America.

⊲READY!⊳

With a stock of Boys' and Children's Clothing that beats anything in the market. We have marked these at lower prices than ever. Bring the youngsters and see how handsomely we can dress them and for how little money. Orders by mail carefully and promptly filled.
m24 WARNER & SEARLES.

Base Ball Match.

In the game between the R. F. Beeks and the Pass Times yesterday evening in the American bottom, at the foot of South and First North streets, the Pass Times were the victors. The Pass Times challenge any colored club in the State to play with them. A. C. CALDWELL,
It Captain of the Pass Times.

Railroad Accident.

Several rails were removed by unknown parties on the V. & M. railroad, between Morton and Forest, on Saturday night, causing two passenger coaches of the east bound train to be thrown from the track. The baggage-car and sleeper were not thrown off, and with these the train proceeded to Meridian. Nobody was hurt, and no serious damage done to the coaches thrown off, but it seems miraculous that there was not a serious catastrophe, as the train was running very rapidly at the time.

After Many Years.

Corporal Wm. Standfield, of Battery C, and Private Wm. A. Flynn, of Battery E, United States artillery, stationed at Little Rock, arrived in this city yesterday, and took charge of Michael Fitzgerald, who deserted from the army at Fort Monroe, Va., eighteen years ago. The deserter in the twin has been night with their prisoner. He

A BAD BREAK

In the Government Levee at Raleigh —300 Feet Wide and Widening— Madison Parish Completely Overflowed.

The Work of the Government Steamer Vidalia in Rescuing People and Property.

Capt. H. W. Brolaski, of the Anchor Line steamer Arkansas City, arriving yesterday evening, reports a big break, three hundred feet wide and still widening, in the Government levee at Raleigh Landing, forty miles above this city, at the lower end of East Carroll parish, La. It occurred at 9 o'clock yesterday morning, and the result is a complete overflow in Madison parish and a portion of East Carroll, and the damage and distress that it will cause is almost incalculable.

Capt. Cooper, of the Government steamer Vidalia which arrived at 6:30 Saturday night from her second trip to Rodney, Miss., reports having moved within the last few days 1,100 head of stock and 35 families and their plunder, including chickens and dogs, from the overflowed sections in Tensas Parish, to the hills at Rodney. He says the town of St. Joseph, 400 houses, is flooded, except First street, behind the levee.

Waterproof is entirely flooded, all the streets having plank laid on boxes for the people to get around on. On the trip up Captain Cooper noticed negroes camped out at various points along the levees from Rodney to Davis Bend, waiting for the water to decline so that they may return to their homes. The river was falling at points below, but the backwater behind the levees was rising at the rate of one-half inch per day.

The Vidalia departed early yesterday morning for Hard Times to get two Government barges she had left at that place.

Major Goodrich, U. S. Engineer, arrived on the W. P. Thompson this morning, to report to Capt. Marshall in regard to the big break. He says that they hope to prevent the break from widening by the use of willow-mattresses. The water is flooding behind Omega and Milliken's Bend. The break was caused by the levee tumbling into the river. Major Goodrich will return to Raleigh on the Issaquena this evening.

The water is falling steadily at all points along the line of the L., N. O. & T. Railroad. Since the flood began to decline it has fallen 2 feet at Nitta Yuma, 1 foot and 8 inches at Rolling Fork, and 1 foot and 1 inch at Anthony's Ferry.

The water is falling here at the rate of 3 inches per day.

Another Levee Broke.

It was rumored here to-day that another levee near Goodrich's had broken last night.

Later reports mention Alsatia levee as the one, but the size of the crevasse, or further particulars, cannot be secured as we go to press.

SUITS TO ORDER,

Ranging from $15, $17.50, $21.50, $25, $30 up to $50. Any gentleman can be pleased in style and fit at 183 Washington street. E. D. Bickley is the man to fit the head, body and pocket of our New South.
WANAMAKER & BROWN,
m26 E. D. BICKLEY, Agent.

Grand Concert.

We learn that the grand Character Concert for the benefit of the Methodist church is progressing to a successful consummation. Vicksburg's prima donnas and princesses of song, Mrs. O. S. Iglehart, Mrs. J. H. Gray, Miss Annie Wright, Miss McCutchen, Mrs. George Desommes and several others, so we learn, will take part. We doubt not but that on the 15th and 16th of April the lovers of art in Vicksburg, will receive a musical treat.

Hospital Board.

A meeting of the Board of Hospital Trustees was held Saturday, and was attended by every member of the Board.

Dr. S. D. Robbins was chosen as physician in charge. Another meeting of the Board was held at noon to-day, but no business of public importance was transacted. The Trustees will visit the Hospital to-morrow in a body.

SEED POTATOES.

150 barrels choice Russets.
100 barrels choice Early Rose.
100 barrels choice Peerless.
50 barrels choice Burbanks.
On consignment for sale, low.
f23-1m WARE & NORTH.

Dr A. D. Mayo.

"American Brains in American Hands" will be Dr. Mayo's theme to-night. No man has spoken in Vicksburg for the past decade who has made such a favorable impression as this eminent scholar and christian statesman.

Colored Masons.

T. W. STRINGER, Most Worshipful Grand Master of Stringer Grand Lodge, A. F. and A. M. of Mississippi, has appointed Mr. Thos. M. Broadwaters, P. M. of Stringer Lodge No. 1, to be district Deputy Grand Master for the district of Warren, Claiborne, Jefferson and Franklin counties. It is the duty of the deputy to see that the work of the Order is correctly communicated to those entitled to receive it, and to see that the laws are strictly enforced in the district. [mr26-1w]

AUGUSTUS SCHELL, a noted New Yorker, died last Wednesday.

Capsized.

A skiff containing a lady and gentleman capsized in the lake, near the National Cemetery, yesterday evening. Not being far from shore they escaped with a cool ducking, but we are requested not to give their names.

BUTTER!

20 Small Tubs Choice, suitable for Families, received this day. [m12] **WARE & NORTH.**

P. J. Foley.

By referring to the fourth page may be found the card of a Vicksburg machinist whose reputation for first-class workmanship and A. No. 1 quality of goods is known throughout all the Yazoo Delta and Mississippi Valley. We refer to the card of Mr. P. J. Foley, whose establishment stands at the corner of Grove and Mulberry streets, Vicksburg, Miss. When in need of boilers, machinery, blacksmithing, or any kind of engine or machine work, send your orders to P. J. Foley, who will give them prompt attention and guarantee both prices and goods. The way to keep up home enterprises is to give them your patronage and support, thus enabling them to compete more favorably with foreign markets.—Yazoo Herald.

THE new Directory will be out in a few weeks. It will contain business directories of Vicksburg, Yazoo City, Greenville, Fort Gibson and intervening towns. Also a lately corrected map of the State of Mississippi, and a complete History of this Historic City. Besides other valuable information for reference and promises to be a work of value.
m26

THE British Medical Association addressed a circular to the medical profession inviting opinions in regard to the infectiousness of consumption. Of 1078 replies received 673 were blanks, 105 negative, 39 doubtful and 261 affirmative and the cases cited supporting the theory that consumption is an infectious disease. This is a partial confirmation of Dr. Koch's theory. The results of the inquiry are analyzed by Dr. Andrew Wilson in the Pall Mall Gazette. His conclusion is that consumption is infectious and that the germs or plant-like bacilli are conveyed in the breath or in lung excretions from the patients to others and breed disease in the new soil where planted.

SLAUGHTERING PRICES!
— IN —
Boots and Shoes
— AT —
FOLEY'S SHOE STORE

English broad toe gaiters, $2.50; London toe, imitation buttoned gaiters, $2.75; Plain box gaiters, $3.00; imitation laced, London toe, sewed gaiter, $3.50; ladies' kid buttoned $3.25, cheap at $4.75; ladies' front laced kid, $2.75, cheap at $4.00; boys' buttoned gaiters, $2.50, cheap at $3.50; youths' buttoned gaiters, double tipped, $2.00, cheap at $3.25.

The chief pride of this house is the superior character of its custom-made work. All orders promptly and carefully attended to. Send for catalogue. 3-15

TO CONSUMERS.

Remember, there are seven different styles and quality of "Commodore Parisot" Cigars.
W. E. BECK,
Sole Proprietor.
j16

THE New Orleans States says the Bridges children have recently been given entertainments throughout Mississippi, and the little ones hold a bank account of $1,000 each, earned by themselves and clear of expenses.—State Ledger.

A TRIUMPH OF SKILL.

Dr. Price's SPECIAL FLAVORING EXTRACTS

Prepared from Select Fruits that yield the finest Flavors. Have been used for years. Become The Standard Flavoring Extracts. None of Greater Strength. None of such Perfect Purity. Always certain to impart to Cakes, Puddings, Sauces, the natural Flavor of the Fruit.

MANUFACTURED BY
STEELE & PRICE,
Chicago, Ill., and St. Louis, Mo.,
Makers of Lipscomb Yeast Gems, Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder, and Dr. Price's Delicate Perfume.
WE MAKE NO SECOND GRADE GOODS.

T. C. CATCHINGS, Attorney-General of Mississippi. | MARYE DABNEY, late of Edwards, Miss.
CATCHINGS & DABNEY,
Attorneys-at-Law,
VICKSBURG, MISS.
PERSONAL attention will be given to all business entrusted to them in Warren and Hinds counties, and in the Supreme and Federal Courts at Jackson. m14-1m

J. S. MORRIS,
⊲Attorney-at-Law⊳
VICKSBURG, MISS.
Will practice in the various Courts of Warren, Claiborne, Jefferson and Adams counties, and in the Federal and Supreme Courts at Jackson. m26

R. F. BECK, President, THOS. MOUNT, Vice-Pres.
JNO. F. HALPIN, Secretary. W. O. WORRELL, Treas.

VICKSBURG
Building Associatio

STOCK IN THIS SOLID HOME INSTITUTION
PAYS BETTER THAN A SAVINGS BA
AND ITS INVESTMENTS ARE
Fully Secured by Mortgages on Real Est

Now is the time to subscribe. You cannot lose anything. You are certain to make a handsome profit.
The cost of Stock is $1 per month on each Share.

Ten shares of Stock in about eight years will be worth $1
Ten ten shares in eight years will have cost $1

Making a profit, on an investment averaging four years, of ..... $
Which is equal to 77 per cent. or 19¼ per cent. per annum.

The Association Cashes its Stock at any Time According to Equitable

Persons having small amounts monthly to spare, say from $1 to $15, cannot better than invest in this stock.
Capitalists will find it a profitable investment, realizing 18 to 20 per cent. annum.
Property owners will increase the value of their property by subscribing to stock, for it loans its funds to actual builders, and every new house built in the value of property in its neighborhood.
Persons of moderate means who desire to build houses can borrow the m from the Association and pay it back in

MONTHLY PAYMENT
Not Greater than the Usual Amounts Paid for Rent.

Books of Subscription to the Twelfth Series of Stock are now open at office of the Secretary.

BLANKS'
Southern Photographic Gallery
CLAY STREET, OVER EXPRESS OFFICE, VICKSBURG, MISS.
STRICTLY FIRST-CLASS PHOTOGRAPHS of all sizes and styles. Old pict copied and enlarged to any size desired.
INSTANTANEOUS PICTURES TAKEN AT THIS CALLER
Post Office Box 191.

JOHN B. CLARK. D. S. WRIGH
CLARKE & CO
We invite your attention and solicit your inspection, as we feel assured that you will find it to your interest to do so before buying elsewhere. We buy from the manufacturers and first hands, consequently we will duplicate prices of South or West.

Our Line of Blank Books
Embraces Day Books, Journals, Ledgers, Cash Books, full and half bound; Draft, Note, Order and Receipt Books, Pass and Memorandum Books, Monthly and Weekly Time Books, Invoice and Bill Books, and all kinds and sizes of blank books.
Also Letter Paper, Bill and Account Paper, Envelopes, Inks, Pens, Pencils, etc.

Our Book Department.
We have a large assortment of School Books, Medical, Scientific, Law and Miscellaneous Books, also all the New Books as issued. Our

Fancy Goods Departm't
Offers an elegant variety goods. Birthday and Congratulation Cards in large assortment.

Ladies' Stationery.
Our assortment is always large and latest shades, shapes and kinds.

Artists' Materials.
Includes Oil, Water and China Paints. Materials of every description, Brushes, Canvass, Plaques and Panels of all kinds. Also Art Novelties for Decoration.

Musical Instruments
Includes Pianos, Organs, Guitars, Banjos, Accordions, etc. Italian and German strings for different kinds of instruments. Agents for Decker Bros. Pianos and Estey & Hamlin Organs.

Headquarters for Wall Paper, Picture Frames, Mouldings, &c. All the Current Literature, both old and new issues. The papers, Magazines, New Publications received daily.

All orders or communications per mail, boat or otherwise answered with promptness, and satisfaction guaranteed. Send for Price List and Catalogue.

CLARKE & CO.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
Booksellers, Stationers and Music Dealers
BLUE FRONT BOOK STORE, 149 WASHINGTON ST., VICKSBURG.

THE Boston Post says bluntly that Senator Daniel W. Voorhees, of Indiana is a man not fit to become President and it is therefore absurd to look upon him as a candidate for the Vice-Presidency.

CITATION NOTICE.

STATE OF MISSISSIPPI, WARREN COUNTY, } In the Chancery Court.

Chas. Hutcherson, Complainant, vs. Amanda Thomas Hutcherson, Defendant.
The State of Mississippi to Amanda Thomas, Defendant:

YOU are commanded to appear before the Chancery Court of the county of Warren in said State, on the first Monday of May, 1884, to defend the suit, in said Court, of Chas. Hutcherson, wherein you are a defendant.

Witness my hand and seal of said Court, this, the 27th day of March A. D. 1884.
GEO. T. HARDY, Clerk.
WM. W. FOSTER, D. C.
SEMBALL & SIMBALL,
Solicitors for Complainant. Th-m27-4t

WEBSTER'S UNABRIDGED.
In Sheep, Russia and Turkey Bindings.
Webster's Unabridged Dictionary. New Edition with Supplement.
THE STANDARD.
GET Over 118,000 Words, 5000 Engravings, 1928 Pages Biographical Dictionary, 25,000 noted persons, 29,000 places in Pocket Dictionary, Gazetteer of the World, 10 Tables of Languages, etc.
BEST Webster is the Standard Authority with the U. S. Supreme Court. Recommended by the State Superintendents of 36 States.
A LIBRARY IN ITSELF.
The latest edition, in the quantity of matter it contains, is the largest work published. It is the latest authority for the Spelling, Pronunciation and Definition of words. Illustrations are found in any other Am. dictionary. Every family should have a copy. It is easily learned.
The Unabridged is now supplied with a Supplement containing a new Pronouncing Gazetteer of the World, and a Dictionary of Fictitious Names, etc., etc., by Prof. Lounsbury, of Yale College.
PATENT OFFICE DECISION.
G. & C. MERRIAM & CO., Springfield, Mass.

PLANTATION LOANS

On the Installment Plan, Negotiated by
Francis Smith & Co.,
S. W. corner Washington and Crawford streets, Vicksburg, Miss.

No Cotton Required
Planters should not make loans until they have investigated our plan and rates.
WE HAVE NO AGENTS.
dec10

FRUIT AND ORNAMENTAL
TREES
ROSES
Green-House
Plants by the
MILLION
the
GREGORY NURSERY
Grove Street, Vicksburg.
d22 THOMPSON S. GREGORY.

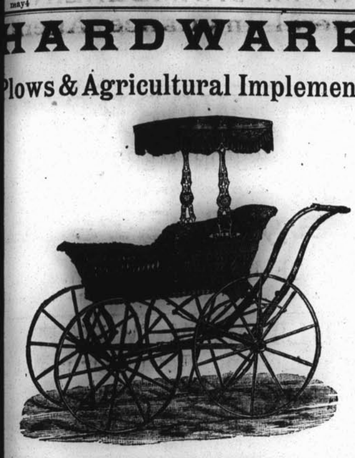
WINCHESTER RIFLE
AT WHOLESALE
44-100; 38-100, and 32-20, kept in stock by
LOUIS HOFFMAN
Gun Repairing a Specialty.

The Vicksburg Evening Post.

VOLUME II. VICKSBURG, MISSISSIPPI, TUESDAY, APRIL 1, 1884. NUMBER 79.

VICKSBURG BANK.
EDWARD S. BUTTS, President. | Established Nov. 12, 1866.
C. KUYKENDALL, Vice-Pres.
JAMES P. ROACH, Cashier. | Incorporated Mar. 4, 1878.
Transacts a General Banking Business.
CHARTER PERPETUAL.
New York Correspondent, - - - National Park Bank.
New Orleans Correspondent, - - - State National Bank.
may4

HARDWARE,
Plows & Agricultural Implements



LEE RICHARDSON & CO.

J. HANES, J. W. HANES.
HANES BROS.,
Successors to D. R. SMARR & CO.,
⊲Auction and Commission Merchants,⊳
206 WASHINGTON STREET, VICKSBURG.
Consignments solicited. Prompt returns and satisfaction guaranteed. feb22

EASTER!
We have now on exhibition at our store the finest and most extensive line of
EASTER CARDS
EVER BROUGHT TO THIS CITY,
—COMPRISING AN ELEGANT LINE OF—
Imported Satin Easter Cards.
Prang & Co.'s Easter Art Prints on Satin.
Evans, Plummer & Co.'s Easter Souvenirs in Silk, Satin and Plush.
Easter Cards from 5 cents to $15.00 each.
An elegant line of Birthday and Wedding Congratulation Cards.

J. F. BAUM & CO.,
—DEALERS IN—
Books, Stationery, Music and Fancy Goods,
171 WASHINGTON STREET, VICKSBURG.

C. REYNOLDS, E. A. NEELY.
C. C. REYNOLDS & CO.
Wholesale and Retail Druggists
AND DEALERS IN
White Lead, Mixed Paints, Linseed Oil, Lard Oil, Gnat Oil, Turpentine, Putty and Glassware, Patent Medicines, Sponges, Hair Brushes, Perfumery, Toilet Articles of Every Description. Garden and Flower Seeds.
AGENTS FOR HUMPHREY'S HOMŒOPATHIC MEDICINES. ja4

WRIGHT BROS.
IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE JOBBERS IN
Foreign and Domestic Hardware
Cutlery, Glassware, House Furnishing Goods, Capitols and Parlor Brilliant Cooking Stoves, Nails, Rope, Axes, Agricultural Implements, Shot, Sheet Iron, Staples, Fairbanks' Scales, Fletcher Russell, Pipe Well Points, Rolling, Shovels, Spades, Forks, Powder, Shot, Caps, Paper Shells, Gun Implements, Glass Balls, Agricultural Implements, Grass Seeds.
A FULL STOCK OF—
Builders' Hardware.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

[Special to THE EVENING POST.]

RIGHTEOUS RAILROADS.

The Illinois Central Files a Bill in the Federal Court to Enjoin the Mississippi Commission.

Other Railroads to Follow Suit.

JACKSON, MISS., April 1.—Messrs. W. P. & J. B. Harris and Fentress, of counsel for the Illinois Central Railroad, filed a lengthy printed bill in the U. S. Court this morning against Messrs. Stone, McWillie and Augustus, the Mississippi Railroad Commissioners, praying an injunction enjoining them, in very minute language, from every variety of interference with that road.

A similar bill is said to be in preparation by the Mobile & Ohio Railroad for the Aberdeen Court, and one by the Memphis & Tennessee Road for the Oxford Court.

The Natchez Railroad will test the matter in the State Courts.

It is determined to carry these cases to the Supreme Court of the United States.

A Proposition to Send the Sherman Committee to Cincinnati.

WASHINGTON, April 1.—Nicholls introduced a resolution in the House of Representatives requesting the Senate to send the Sherman Investigating Committee, as now constituted, to Cincinnati to investigate the acts of the vigilance committee and ku klux organizations.

Condition of the Rivers.

NEW ORLEANS, LA., March 31.—The Ohio river, Cumberland, Tennessee and Mississippi at St. Louis, Cairo, Vicksburg and New Orleans will continue slowly falling; at Memphis and Helena will continue nearly stationary.

The river at Cairo is 48 feet 3 inches and fallen 4 inches; at Memphis, 33 feet 10 inches and risen 1 inch; at Vicksburg, 47 feet 11 inches and fallen 3 inches; at Nashville, 26 feet 1 inch and fallen 26 inches; at St. Louis, 24 feet 2 inches and fallen 2 inches.

MARKET REPORTS.

LIVERPOOL, April 1.—Spots: Uplands 6d; Orleans 6¼d.

NEW YORK, April 1, noon.—Spots firm. Middling, 11 7-16.

NEW ORLEANS, April 1, noon.—Cotton firm. Middling, 11¼.

ST. LOUIS, April 1.—Clear ribs, 9.30; Meal, $2.55; Lard, 9.15.

New Orleans River Report.

NEW ORLEANS, April 1.—The weather is cloudy, sultry and threatening.
Business is dull.
No arrivals.
The Natchez has gone on an excursion with the Iowa editors.

Memphis River Report.

MEMPHIS, TENN., April 1.—The river is stationary. Passed down: Providence and Scudder, at noon; the Hays and Golden Rule leave this afternoon.

Supreme Court Decisions.

JACKSON, MISS., March 31.—The following cases were affirmed:

4426—James W. Kyser vs. S. H. Middleton et al.

4445—Ann Bostick vs. W. Y. Elliott, admr.

4501—Albert Miles vs. State of Mississippi.

4526—Mary G. Clarke, exrx., vs. Agnes A. Goodrum et al.

Wilson Powell vs. State of Mississippi.

4535—Thomas Steal vs. State of Mississippi.

4427—Brookhaven vs. Martha L. Baggett; reversed and dismissed.

The Burning of the Court-house.

The destruction of the Court-house by fire last night, is of itself a great public misfortune, and the loss of records will make confusion for many a year.

For a long time before the house was fired there were many threats that it should be destroyed, and these seemed to grow rather out of the theory that it was a temple of injustice than any idea of the savage meaning of burning and smoking out the prisoners in the jail and their guards.—Cincinnati Commercial-Gazette, 30th.

The dwarf trees of China are curiosities of forestry. Every child knows how the Chinese cramp their women's feet by bandaging them when they are infants, and thus render it impossible for them to walk. It is, however, wonderful to see miniature oaks, chestnuts, pines and cedars growing in flower-pots, fifty years old and yet not a foot high. To do this take a young plant, cut off its tap root, and place it in a basin in which there is good soil and watered. If it grows too rapidly, dig down and shorten in several roots. Every year the leaves grow smaller, and the little dwarf trees make interesting pets.

HON. FRANK HURD, of Ohio, is a devout Romanist, and declined to attend Preside nt Arthur's State dinner because it occurred on a fast day. Without a particle of sympathy for his Romanism we honor a man who so respects his religious convictions and is not afraid to say so. Washington has not much moral courage.—N. O. Christian Advocate.

THE Cincinnati Court-house was burned Saturday night.

BLAINE and Randall seem to be receiving the endorsements from their respective parties in the various district conventions being held in Pennsylvania, to select delegates to the National Conventions.

IT would have been prudent to have omitted a portion of the proceedings of the Hospital Trustees as published by the Commercial-herald this morning. If we are to "treat" guests at all, let us give them the best.

THE first regular passenger train over the Yazoo and Mississippi Valley Railroad will leave Jackson for Yazoo City to-day. The schedule for the new road has not yet been arranged, but the trains, it is known, will run in close connection with the Big J. trains.

OUR Jackson special gives the important news that several Railroad companies have begun legal proceedings to enjoin the Mississippi Railroad Commission from interfering with them in any manner whatever. The counsel of the Illinois Central Railroad have already filed their bill in the Federal Court at Jackson.

JUDGE W. F. FITZGERALD leaves today for his far-off home in Arizona to assume his duties as one of the Federal Judges in that Territory. He is followed by the good wishes of many friends for his future success and prosperity. We confidently believe that higher honors are in store for him, and that he will do credit to the State of his nativity in his new surroundings. Judge Fitzgerald, the little Billy of our boyhood's days, may yet be Governor or Senator Fitzgerald. The difficulties he has encountered, the prejudices he has overcome, and the efforts he has made in reaching his present exalted position, are auguries that he will achieve and deserve a greater eminence in the future.

The City Charter.

As a matter of great public interest, we give a good portion of our paper today to the amended Charter of Vicksburg. It is important that all our citizens should know the law and the authority under which the city is governed, and we conceive it to be our duty to keep them properly informed. We believe it has not been the policy of the newspapers of this city, in the past, to publish such things, but we will not be guided by precedents in this respect. Every citizen should carefully read the Charter, and preserve the paper for future reference. Every good citizen should take an interest in public affairs and endeavor to promote the efficient and economical government of the city; and the more our people and voters know about the laws of the city, the more efficient and careful will city officials become.

MISS ADDIE FLETCHER,
Fashionable Dressmaker.
Orders from the country solicited. Satisfaction given.
PRICES MODERATE.
162 Washington Street,
Vicksburg, Miss.
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STEAMBOATS.

Regular Vicksburg and Memphis Packet,
The large, fast and magnificent steamer
WILL S. HAYS,
ED. NOLAND.....Captain
G. WASH. FLOYD.....Clerk
Will leave Vicksburg every FRIDAY at 12 m. giving careful attention to all way business.
For freight or passage apply on board or to W. S. JONES,
Superintendent Wharfboat.
W. C. O'HARA, General Ticket, office basement LaMadrid House.

Regular Yazoo and Tallahatchie Rivers Packet.
The new, fast and splendid Steamer
HARD CASH,
THOS. F. YOUNG, Master; SCOTT PHILLIPS, Clk
Leaves Vicksburg SATURDAY evenings at 4 o'clock, for above points and way landings, connecting at Vicksburg with the steamer Natchez. For freight or passage apply on board or to W. C. O'HARA,
Freight and Passenger Agent, Vicksburg.
E. H. KELLY, Agent, Yazoo City. m7

New Orleans and Greenville Packet.
The Swift and Reliable Steamer
Steamer J. M. WHITE,
JOHN W. TOBIN, Master; CODY HOLMES, Clk
Will pass up for Greenville and the Bends every SATURDAY MORNING at 9 o'clock. Returning, will pass down at 5 o'clock MONDAY EVENING for New Orleans and all way landings.
For freight and passage apply to W. S. JONES, Sup't Wharfboat.
W. C. O'HARA, Passenger Agent. m7

SARGENT'S LINE.
Warrenton, Newton & Point Pleasant Steamer JOHN F. HALPIN,
W. H. SARGENT.....Master
L. H. SARGENT, Jr.....Clerk
Will leave Vicksburg promptly every MONDAY and THURSDAY, at 10 o'clock for all Davis Bend landings. Also connecting with the Tyrian and Anchor Line steamers, and with the Vicksburg & Meridian and L. N. O. & T. Railroad at Vicksburg. Patronage solicited from the people of Vicksburg and Warrenton. W. S. JONES Agent.
nov1

Regular Vicksburg, Natchez and New Orleans Packet,
The fast and magnificent steamer
NATCHEZ,
T. P. LEATHERS, Master; V. G. ENTRIKIN, Cl'k
Leaves Vicksburg every TUESDAY at 5 p. m., New Orleans every SATURDAY at 5 p.m.
Connects at Vicksburg with Anchor Line for St. Louis, and steamer Hope for Yazoo and Tallahatchie rivers, Sunflower and Deer Creek packets, and V. & M. Railroad.
This steamer reserves the right to pass all landings that the Captain may consider unsafe.
Will go in Davis Bend Lake every Tuesday evening. W. S. JONES,
Superintendent Vicksburg Wharfboat and Elevator Co.
W. C. O'HARA, Freight and Passenger Agent.

Regular Vicksburg and Sunflower River Packet.
THE U. S. MAIL STEAMER,
HEADLIGHT,
J. W. SMITH.....Master.
GEO. H. and JOHN BARRY.....Clerks.
Leaves every WEDNESDAY at 4 p.m., going as high as the water will permit. Connects with the Anchor line, P. Line, Vicksburg & Meridian Railroad, and L., N. O & T. Railroad. W. S. JONES,
Superintendent Wharfboat.
E. C. CARROLL,
feb13 Superintendent Elevator.

For Memphis, Cairo, Louisville and Cincinnati.
Steamer **THOS. SHERLOCK,**
JNO. S. PATTERSON.....Master.
W. F. MCINTYRE.....Clerk.
Leaves WEDNESDAY, April 2d, at 6 a.m. For freight or passage apply to W. S. JONES,
Supt. Wharfboat and Elevator Company.
ap1

SCHEDULE TIME
For Vicksburg, Greenville & the Bends
SPRING AND SUMMER ARRANGEMENT
The Fast Reliable Passenger Packet
ISSAQUENA,
HENRY MARIONNEAUX.....Master
FRANK STRICKLMAN.....Clerk
Leaves Vicksburg every MONDAY and THURSDAY, at 6 p.m., arriving at Greenville every TUESDAY and FRIDAY at 6 p.m. Returning, leaves Greenville every TUESDAY and FRIDAY at 9 p.m., arriving at Vicksburg every WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY. Makes close connection with the Vicksburg & Meridian Railroad for all points East, North and South. Special attention to way and plantation business.
For freight or passage apply on board or to W. S. JONES,
Superintendent Wharfboat, Vicksburg.
GEO. T. HARDY,
Gen. Ticket and Pass. Agt., Vicksburg.
GEO. W. PLATT,
Superintendent Wharfboat, Greenville
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Regular Vicksburg and Grand Lake Semi-Weekly Packet.
Steamer **W. P. THOMPSON,**
M. D. NELSON.....Master.
CHAS. DAVIDSON.....Clerk.
Leaves Vicksburg WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS, at 5 o'clock p. m. For freight or passage apply on board or to W. S. JONES,
d24 Supt. Wharfboat and Elevator Co.

S. SPENGLER,
Saw Mills!
Doors, Sash and Blinds.
LATHS AND SHINGLES.
Keep Constantly on hand
SEASONED FLOORING AND CEILING,
WASHINGTON ST., OPPOSITE GAS WORKS.
VICKSBURG, - - - MISS.
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HAVING MOVED IN HIS NEW STORE, Next to Hardaway's Corner, can and will sell
WATCHES, DIAMONDS, CLOCKS
— AND —
JEWELRY
25 Per Cent. Less than any other Jewelry House in Vicksburg.
☞He has always on hand

THE EVENING POST
PUBLISHED BY
J. G. CASHMAN & CO.,
Washington St., Vicksburg, Miss.

The Evening Post.
VICKSBURG, MISS., APRIL 1, 1884.

THE AMENDED CHARTER.

AN ACT to Amend the Charter of the City of Vicksburg, and to Reduce into One Act the Act Incorporating said City, and the Amendments Thereof.

Sec. 1. Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Missisippi, That the limits and boundaries of the city of Vicksburg shall hereafter be as follows, to-wit: Commencing at a point in the center of the mouth of Glass bayou, as defined on Searles' map of said city, and running thence west to the middle of the former channel of the Mississippi river, thence south down the middle of said channel to a point 500 yards southwest of the P. Line Elevator, thence east to the center of the track of the Mississippi Valley and Ship Island Railroad, thence north along the center of said track to the said city limits as established by the charter of said city, approved April 12, 1873, thence east along the south boundary line of said city, as laid down on Searles' map, to the point where said line intersects the bayou, in Section 34, near and just east of the Halls Ferry road, thence northward along said bayou to where the same is intersected by Bay street, thence along the south side of Bay street to the intersection of Cherry street, thence north along the east side of Court-street to Elm street, thence eastward along the south side of Elm street to a point where said street intersects the west line of lot No. 9 in Section 21, being laid down on said Searles' map as the Baum place, thence eastward in a straight line to the intersection of the Baldwin's Ferry road with Lane's road, as laid down on said map, thence eastward along the South side of said Baldwin's Ferry road to the intersection of Howard street extended thence north along the east side of Howard street extended to the intersection of Main street, thence west along the north side of Main street to the intersection of Third North street, thence north along the east side of Third North street to a point where the eastern line of said street prolonged will connect with the north line of Ash street, thence along the east side of Ash street extended to Catherine street, thence west along the north side of Catherine street to the east line of Walnut street, thence down or westward along the centre of said bayou to the place of beginning; and said city is divided into four Wards, as follows:

The First Ward shall embrace all the territory of said city west of Cherry street and north of Clay street.

The Second Ward shall embrace all the territory of said city east of Cherry street and north of Clay street, and Clay street prolonged to the east limits.

The Third Ward shall embrace all the territory of said city south of Clay street and west of Walnut street, and Walnut street prolonged to the south limits.

The Fourth Ward shall embrace all the territory of said city south of Clay street and Walnut street prolonged to the east limit, and east of Walnut street and Walnut street prolonged to the south limits.

Sec. 2. Be it further enacted, That the inhabitants of said city are hereby constituted a body politic and corporate, with perpetual succession, by the name and style of "The Mayor and Aldermen of the City of Vicksburg," and as such and by that name shall be capable of contracting and being contracted with; suing and being sued, pleading and being impleaded in all courts and places, and in all matters, and may acquire by purchase or otherwise, for corporate purposes, personal or mixed property, and may have and use a common seal, and change and renew the same at pleasure.

Sec. 3. Be it further enacted, That the qualified voters of the State who have resided in the city one month prior to any election, shall be entitled to vote in the ward where they may have resided respectively resided for fifteen days before the time of the election. All elections shall be by ballot.

Sec. 4. Be it further enacted, That a general election to fill all municipal offices made elective by the people shall be held on the first Tuesday in December, 1884, between the hours and at the voting per prescribed by law for State elections. The newly elected officers shall qualify and enter upon the duties of their respective offices on the second Tuesday in January succeeding their election, and continue in the discharge thereof until their successors are elected and qualified. Four of the Aldermen elected on said day, one from each Ward, shall hold their offices for one year; and the others, being the one from each Ward receiving the highest number of votes, shall hold their offices for two years; and on the first Tuesday in December annually thereafter four Aldermen, one from each Ward, shall be elected, who shall hold their offices for two years, and until their successors are elected and qualified; and at such elections all other municipal offices made elective by the people, where the term of the incumbent is about to expire, shall be filled.

Sec. 5. Be it further enacted, That preceding each municipal election the Board of Mayor and Aldermen shall provide suitable and convenient voting places, ballot boxes and means for holding the election in each ward, and the Mayor shall give notice of such election by publication in some newspaper published in said city twenty days prior to the time of holding the same. And the Mayor shall appoint to the Board of Aldermen, for their confirmation, six persons in each ward where the election is to be held, being qualified voters of the ward, and the three highest in votes are declared to be voted for at the election, three of whom shall be named as Judges of the election to be held in the ward of said Judges shall act as clerk of the election. Before entering on the discharge of their duties the said Judges shall take and subscribe to an oath in writing before the Mayor, City Clerk or some Justice of the Peace, to faithfully discharge their duties as Judges of Election and make true returns thereof to the Board of Mayor and Aldermen, which oath shall be filed by the City Clerk to be retained by him as a part of the records of the corporation. The Judges shall enter upon the count of the votes cast at their respective places for voting the same evening the polls are closed, and complete said counting at an hour not later than 12 o'clock, noon, of the day succeeding the election; and as soon as the count is completed the Judges shall recapitulate the result of the votes for each candidate, and endorse the same with the following certificate:

"We, the undersigned Judges of the election held in the — Ward, on the — day of —, 18—, do hereby certify that the accompanying statement contains correctly the result of said election in said ward."

Said certified recapitulation, attached to the tally sheet upon which the count is kept, shall be deposited in the ballot box, which, properly sealed down, shall be delivered by the Judges to the City Clerk, and be retained by him so sealed until he shall open them in the presence of the Board of Mayor and Aldermen, which Board shall assemble not later than the third day after the election is held, and, by an order to be spread upon their minutes, declare upon the return of the judges the candidates receiving the highest number of votes for the respective offices, and thereupon the Mayor shall issue to the officers elected, upon their demand, certificates of their election, and the officers holding said certificates shall be entitled to assume at the proper time the offices mentioned in their respective certificates.

Sec. 6. Be it further enacted, That the Board of Mayor and Aldermen shall be the exclusive judges of the qualification and election of the Aldermen, and if at any election for general city officers there shall occur a failure to hold the election in any one ward, (of which the Board of Mayor and Aldermen shall be the sole judges), the result of the election as to such general offices shall not be affected thereby; but upon such a failure in two or more wards the Board of Mayor and Aldermen shall direct a new election to be held within a period not later than thirty days for general city officers, and also for Aldermen of said wards in which such failures occurred. Said Board shall also direct the holding of special elections to fill vacancies that may occur in the elective offices of the city, in the manner provided for holding the regular elections.

Sec. 7. Be it further enacted, That the corporate officers of the city shall consist of two Alderman from each ward, one Mayor, one Assessor and Collector of taxes, one City Clerk, one City Marshal, one Wharf and Harbor Master, one Market Master, one City Physician and one City Sexton. The Mayor, Aldermen, Assessor and Collector and Wharf and Harbor Master shall be elected by the qualified voters of the city. The City Clerk, City Marshal, Market Master, City Physician and City Sexton shall be appointed by and hold by the Board of Mayor and Aldermen, and shall hold their offices for two years, unless removed. The Mayor, Assessor and Collector and Wharf and Harbor Master shall hold their offices for two years, and until their successors are elected and qualified. At the meeting on the second Tuesday of January succeeding a general election, or as soon thereafter as practicable, the Board shall proceed to the appointments for the offices hereby made elective by them, and they shall then also elect by ballot one of the Aldermen to be President of the Board of Aldermen, who shall, in the absence of the Mayor, or of inability on his part to discharge the duties of his office, discharge all the duties of the office of Mayor, for and during the time of such absence or inability, for which time and service he shall be allowed by the Board the same salary pro rata, received by the Mayor, the same to be deducted from the salary of the latter.. And when the Mayor and President of the Board shall both be absent from any regular or special meeting, a majority present may and may have and use a common seal, and change and renew the same at pleasure.

Sec. 8. Be it further enacted, That the qualified voters of the State who have resided in the city one month prior to any election, shall be entitled to vote in the ward where they may have resided respectively resided for fifteen days before the time of the election. All elections shall be by ballot.

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Sec. 8. Be it further enacted, That the qualified voters of the State who have resided in the city one month prior to any election, shall be entitled to vote in the ward where they may have resided respectively resided for fifteen days before the time of the election. All elections shall be by ballot.

Sec. 9. Be it further enacted, That every city officer, before entering upon the duties of his office, shall take and subscribe the following oath, in writing, before the Mayor, or City Clerk, or before the Circuit or Chancery Clerk of Warren county.

"I, ——, do solemnly swear that I will, to the best of my ability, faithfully and impartially discharge the duties of the office of ——, and while filling the same, will not become individually interested, either directly or indirectly, in the profit or proceeds of any contract to which the city of Vicksburg is a party." And the city officers shall give bond with good surety or sureties, who shall be freeholders in said city, or county of Warren, to be approved by the Board of Mayor and Aldermen, in the following penalties respectively: The Mayor $25,000; President of the Board $5,000; each Alderman 1,000. Assessor and Collector, $25,000; City Clerk, $3,000; City Marshal, $5,000; Wharf and Harbor, $5,000; Market Master, $1,000, and City Physician, $5,000; and the Mayor, as "ex-officio" Treasurer, shall give like bond in such penalty as may be fixed from time to time by the Board of Mayor and Aldermen; said bonds shall each be made payable to "the Mayor and Aldermen of the city of Vicksburg," and be conditioned for the faithful discharge by the obligors of the office as prescribed by law, and the prompt payment, disbursement and accounting for, as required by law, of all moneys that may come into the hands of the delinquent to his successor in office, and for the delivery to him of all property belonging to the corporation, and may be taken from the judgment of said Board in such cases as may be approved, together with the aforesaid oath, shall be filed in the office of the City Clerk, and be by him recorded in the proper book. Any official bond may be put in suit in the name of the corporation, and recovery had to the use of the person aggrieved by a breach thereof, without any costs to the city. If any officers fail to give bond within thirty days after his election, his office shall be deemed vacant.

Sec. 10. Be it futher enacted, That when any claim or account against the city shall be allowed by the Board of Mayor and Aldermen, the City Clerk shall enter in a book to be styled the "Appropriation Book," the name of the person to whom the same shall be payable, with the date of the claim, amount and date of the allowance. And when any contract shall be made by the Board, with any persons for work to be done, material furnished or service rendered the city (other than the usual service performed by law for city officials), the City Clerk shall enter in a book to be styled the "Contract Book," the name of the contractor, date of the contract, a synopsis of the nature of the contract, the amount to be paid, and the time given by on the contractor's bond if any was required, and the penalty thereof. The City Clerk shall enter in a book to be styled the "Bond Book" the bonds given by all city officials.

Sec. 15. Be it further enacted, That all books, bonds, papers and records on file, or held in the custody of the city government, shall be open for the inspection, examination and the procurement of copies by any citizen of the same; and any officer in charge refusing or obstructing the same, shall be subject to removal from office therefor; but this section shall not be construed to warrant a dispossession of any officer of any such record, book, etc., or an interference with the discharge of his official duties relating thereto.

Sec. 16. Be it further enacted, That the City Clerk shall keep a well-bound book, in which shall be printed or lithographed suitable warrants, in such form as the Board of Mayor and Aldermen may direct, with a duplicate margin to the same, to be by him numbered in regular order; and for every allowance against said city he shall issue a warrant on the Treasurer of said city in favor of the person entitled to the same, showing on its face the date of the allowance of the account or claim for which the same is issued, and shall deliver the same to the proper person, who shall receipt on the margin for the same, keeping a marginal duplicate thereof in said warrant book. All warrants shall be signed by the City Clerk and bear the seal of the city; and said warrants shall be presented to the Treasurer of the city, who shall, if satisfied that they are correct, write across the face thereof "Approved," and shall sign his name thereunder, as Treasurer, and shall pay the same by his check on the bank of deposit of the city if there are funds of the city then on deposit in such bank; and any failure by said bank to pay such checks, when in funds of said city, or any preference of any checks, by any device or subterfuge, shall be a breach of the condition of the bond of said bank, and shall entitle the holder of any warrant so refused payment or postponed, to an action on said bond.

Sec. 17. Be it further enacted, That the City Marshal shall be the Chief of the police force of the city, and as such have the regulation and control of the same, subject to the authority and direction of the Board of Mayor and Aldermen. The Board shall appoint such a number of competent persons, as they may fix and determine constitute the police force, who shall receive a compensation of not more than $60 per month each, to be allowed monthly by the Board. The City Marshal may remove any member of the force for inefficiency or disobedience of his orders, and any member may be removed by resolution of the Board at any time. The City Marshal shall see that the orders and judgments of the City Courts are executed, and turn over to the City Treasurer at the expiration of each month all collections of fines imposed, and on the name of the name of the persons upon whom fines have been imposed during the month, the date of the judgment, and the amount of fines imposed and the amount collected; and he shall execute all lawful orders of the Board of Mayor and Aldermen. He may detail from the police force one person who shall act as Clerk to the Marshal and police force shall be conservators of the peace within the city limits, and shall make arrests for all violations of ordinances and laws. The City Marshal shall receive a salary of not exceeding $125, and not less than $75 per month, to be paid on the allowance of the Board.

Sec. 18. Be it further enacted, That the Wharf and Harbor Master shall faithfully and promptly collect, and pay over to the City Treasurer at the expiration of each month, all wharfage and landing dues which may accrue to the city. He shall keep at some convenient locality a book to be known as "The City Landing Register," on which he shall enter the name of every steamboat, flat boat, or other water craft, landing at the city wharf, the date of its arrival and departure, and the amount of tax collected, and the names of the owners of all said water-crafts except steamboats, which book shall always be open to inspection. He shall receive no commission of ten per cent upon his collections, to be allowed by the Board of Mayor and Aldermen.

Sec. 19. Be it further enacted, That the Board shall provide by ordinance for the registration of voters.

Sec. 20. Be it further enacted, That the City Marshal shall have the supervision and control of the City Cemetery under the direction and orders of the Board of Mayor and Aldermen. He shall bury all paupers at the expense of the city at such times and places as the Board may fix, and shall see that all city ordinances for the regulation and preservation of the said City Cemetery are carried into effect. He shall receive a salary from the city.

(Concluded on Third Page.)

H. B. BRUSER,
TIN, COPPER AND SHEET-IRON WORKER
Hardware Tinware Stoves
Pumps, Grates Mantels, Etc. Etc.
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Something the People Need!
FRESH
ROASTED COFFEE,
Roasted Daily in HYDE'S PATENT ROASTER, at my Store, Corner South and Washington Streets.
Price 20 Cts. per Pound.
E. F. SIMRALL, JR.

W. M. CHAMBERLAIN
General Insurance Agent
FIRE, MARINE, ACCIDENT AND LIFE.
Office up-stairs, cor. Washington and Crawford Sts., Vicksburg.

W. O. WORREL
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
AND DEALER IN
Hay & Grain
LIME, CEMENT, PLASTER, Etc.,
58 Washington Street, Vicksburg, Miss.
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FULTON M. M'RAE,
Wholesale and Retail Druggist
IMPORTER AND DEALER IN
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRUGS
White Lead, Linseed Oil, Turpentine, Window Glass, Mixed Paints, Dry and in Oil; Albastine Whitening and Putty, and the largest and most complete assortment of Patent Medicines and Surgical Instruments in the State. Agent for the celebrated Waukesha Bathesda Water.
Toilet Articles, Perfumeryand Hair Brushes—all imported.
No. 125 Washington Street, Vicksburg, Miss.

GEO. W. HUTCHESON, CHAS. ALEX.
G. W. HUTCHESON & CO.,
Cotton Factors,
AND WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
Groceries, Liquors and Tobacco.
110 and 112 Washington Street,
Vicksburg, Miss.

THE SAW-MILL BOAT
LEE RICHARDSON, JR
IS PREPARED TO SELL
DIMENSION LUMBER
FROM LANDING AT GLASS BAYOU, THIS CITY; ...180,
Sash, Doors, Blinds, Mouldings, T. and G. Flooring and Ceiling
Orders addressed to the undersigned will be promptly filled.
may4 WM. CUFFEY, Proprietor.

GEO S. IRVING
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN
Staple and Fancy Groceries,
WINES, LIQUORS, CIGARS & TOBACCO.
Corner of South and Washington Streets, VICKSBURG, MISS.
I respectfully ask an examination of my stock, which I think will convince all that I have the
Fine Teas, Coffee and Choice Butter are Among my Specialties.
I GUARANTEE EVERY ARTICLE TO BE AS REPRESENTED,
And desire to give full satisfaction. I PACK AND P FREE [illegible] may

HENRY YOSTE,
Watchmaker and Jeweler
I cordially invite a comparison of Work and Prices, believing mine to be the Best and Cheapest.
ALSO DEALER IN
WATCHES, DIAMONDS and SILVERWARE
SPECIALTIES IN SPECTACLES.

COMMISSIONER'S SALE.
FANNIE H. QUIGG et al.
vs.
V. and B. R. S. BOSWELL
No. 1633

PURSUANT to the power and authority vested in me by the last decision of a decree made and entered in the foregoing cause, the undersigned, Commissioner in Chancery of Warren county, Miss., on the 23d day of February, 1884, I will, at or about the hour of 12 o'clock m., on the 19th day of March, 1884, sell at the south door of the Court house, in Warren county, Mississippi, at Vicksburg, to the highest bidder, for cash, that lot or parcel of land described as part of lot 283, square 58 of the original plat of the city of Vicksburg, commencing on the southwest corner of said lot, and running thence east 75 feet 9 inches, thence north 25 feet 6 inches, thence west 75 feet 9 inches, thence south 25 feet 6 inches to the place of beginning; and being situate on the Clay street, Cemetery addition, for the purpose of paying the costs of said cause, as shall be due after deducting the labor credits to which he may be entitled; and if any person being in such custody shall escape or attempt to escape, he shall, on conviction in the City Court, be fined double the amount then due, of his former fine, to be worked out in like manner, and said Board of Mayor and Aldermen, shall be and are hereby authorized and empowered to hire out the persons convicted in the City Court, in the same manner that Boards of Supervisors are authorized to hire out persons for the payment of fines for the period of their imprisonment, provided they shall not be taken out of the county. The City Court shall have power to fine and imprison any person who shall attempt of its authority, but for each offence the fine shall not exceed $35 nor the imprisonment twenty four hours.

The Mayor shall be absent, or shall not attend to hold the City Court, the President of the Board of Aldermen, shall attend and hold said Court; and when the Mayor and President of the Board, shall both be absent or unable to preside over said Court, the Board of Mayor and Aldermen shall immediately convene and elect one of the members present to preside over said Court until the Mayor or President shall return or become able to attend to said duties. The City Clerk shall be Clerk of the City Court, and shall attend its sittings either in person, or by assistant, and keep the dockets and minutes of said Court, and shall have the custody and care of its records. The City Marshal, or his Deputy, shall also attend said Court, and keep order and execute its orders and judgments. The Mayor, the City Clerk, Assistant Clerk, and City Marshal, are authorized to administer oaths; and all process from the City Court, shall be signed and issued by the Mayor, City Clerk or Assistant Clerk, and may run into any county in the State, and shall be executed by the City Marshal and Policemen, or by Sheriffs, Coroners and Constables throughout the State, under the same penalties, which are or may be, prescribed by law in relation to the writs or process of Circuit Courts.

Sec. 12. Be it further enacted, That all appeals from the City Court shall be to and to the next meeting of the Board of Mayor and Aldermen, and the appellant shall give bond to be fixed by the Mayor in a sum not less than $100, and appeals

(Continued from Second Page.)

Sec. 21. Be it further enacted, That the City Market Master shall, under the direction of the Board of Mayor and Aldermen, have the supervision and regulation of the City Market-house, with power to maintain order and quiet in the market house by arresting all disorderly persons. He shall collect all market dues to the city, and pay the same over to the City Treasurer at the end of each month. He shall keep the public market-house in a clean and healthy condition, and shall receive a salary of not more than $40.00 per month to be allowed by the Board.

Sec. 22. Be it further enacted, That the City Physician, who shall be a regular graduate of a medical College, shall be Health Officer of the city, and be the Physician of the work-house and City Hospital, and shall perform all duties which may required of him, by the Mayor and Aldermen, for the preservation of the health of the city, and to the proper sanitary condition. He shall receive a salary to be fixed by the Board of Mayor and Aldermen, not to exceed the sum of $50 per month, to be paid monthly by the Board.

Sec. 23. Be it further enacted, That there shall be two regular meetings of the Board of Mayor and Aldermen each month, to be held on the first and Mondays of the month. Five Aldermen shall constitute a quorum for the Mayor or any five of them may call a special meeting of the Board, at any time, and any regular or special meeting may be adjourned from time to time by the Board. The Mayor shall appoint all regular or special committees of the Board; but no committee shall be raised with plenary power over any matter that may be submitted to it, but any or referred shall be reported to the Board for confirmation or action. The Aldermen to be elected, together, shall have the power to call a regular meeting actually attended, when present at roll call, and shall exempt from all jury service during the term of office.

Sec. 24. Be it further enacted, That the city officer shall make a monthly report to the Board of Mayor and Aldermen of all money that may have come into his hands by virtue of his office within the month reported for. They shall report to the Treasurer and Board for the specific money or city paper received for city dues. The Board of Mayor and Aldermen may at any time remove from office any city official appointed or elected by them, and fill the vacancy so made. Said Board may remove from office any city officer, elected by the qualified voters of the city, for inefficiency, or neglect to perform the duties of his office, and fill the vacancy so made, specifying the cause thereof, to that effect, specifying the cause removal, be introduced at a meeting of the Board, and laid over for consideration at least one regular meeting, at which time the officer whose removal is sought, shall be heard in his defence.

Sec. 25. Be it further enacted, That the Board of Mayor and Aldermen shall have the power to remove any officer elected by the people, from the duties of all officers, other elected by the people or by Board, not specified by this charter, to be prescribed by ordinance, not contrary to law.

Sec. 26. Be it further enacted, That Board of Mayor and Aldermen shall make any contract involving an expenditure of corporation funds, relating to work on public streets, or the erection, repairs, or the running of any engines, trading boats, flat-boats, &c., with the owners of the Board of Mayor and Aldermen, or any person or persons interested in the same, or any of them, or with any firm or corporation of which any of them may be a member, unless the same shall be let by contract to the lowest bidder upon his bond for the faithful performance of the contract, after advertisement for at least ten days in a newspaper published in the city, for the first meeting of the Board after such publication the Mayor shall call by name before the Board all proposals received by him, and the Board may accept the lowest and best bid, or may reject all bids made, and direct new bids to be made for other proposals to be considered, no proposals shall be considered unless accompanied by the names of the surety or sureties proposed to be given bidder upon his bond for the faithful execution of the contract awarded to him; and in all cases of contract under this provision, bond and security in a sum sufficient to indemnify city shall be required of the contractor.

Sec. 27. Be it further enacted, That power of contracting so as to bind corporation is hereby declared to be with the Board of Mayor and Aldermen, and any city officer who attempts to impose any liability upon the corporation, by any act or agreement not obtaining the assent of said Board, shall be liable personal from the city, in the manner provided by this charter, and the city not be liable for any such claim or

Sec. 28. Be it further enacted, That Board of Mayor and Aldermen may, at any regular or special meeting, order the payment out of the City Treasury, of any claim or demand against the city, passed by them, and the considerations thereof, was to the use of the corporation, made as provided for the collection of taxes on real estate; or the said costs and damages may be recovered of the people as provided for the collection of taxes in such jurisdiction. Such costs and damages shall be a lien on the property to which the same are chargeable. Before any person shall be required to pay a new sidewalk the city shall first establish the proper grades of such work.

Sec. 29. Be it further enacted, That following additional powers may be granted by this Board of Mayor and Aldermen, by ordinances and resolutions adopted at any regular or special

Art. 1. To adopt such regulations and the same, as to prevent the introduction or spread of any contagious, or infectious disease, and if deemed necessary to establish quarantine regulations, and enforce the same within the limits of the City.

Art. 2. To levy and collect for corporate purposes a privilege tax upon every person, selling, or engaging in the business which they may designate, the amount of such tax, at a rate not to exceed twenty dollars per day that it is allowed to continue in force, and to issue licenses therefor, and to prescribe penalties for any such business, and to enforce the collection of the same by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of the person liable to pay the same, and to exempt from the payment of such tax, or any part thereof, such persons as they may deem proper, and all revenue derived from the above privileges, shall be applied to the improvement of the same, and of the streets or roads leading thereto.

Art. 14. To provide for the building, renewing or repairing of all side walks and gutters with stone, brick or wood, at the expense of the property upon which the same may front, property apportioned, and on the neglect, failure or refusal of the property owner to build, renew or repair the side walks and gutters, fronting on his property, within such time, and in such manner as may be prescribed by the Board of Mayor and Aldermen, to provide for having the same done at the expense of the city by the City Marshal or some other person, to be appointed for that purpose, and the City Marshal or other person having such work done shall report in writing to the Assessor and Collector, the costs to the city of such work upon the front of each lot or part of lot of each owner, and the Assessor and Collector shall assess the same upon said property, with 25 per cent damages with the next accruing city taxes, to be collected thereon, and collect the same with said taxes in the manner made as provided for the collection of taxes on real estate; or the said costs and damages may be recovered of the owner of said property in the city by suit in the proper jurisdiction. Such costs and damages shall be a lien on the property to which the same are chargeable.

Art. 15. To establish all necessary regulations for the protection of gutters and sidewalks from injury by improper use, and from being in any way impeded to the public use; and when any street or public alley in said city has been or shall be macadamized upon by any owner or owners, if known, and if not known, the occupant or occupants of the same, from encroaching to remove the same; and if such removal shall not be made within the time ordered by the Board a fine of $5 for each day may be imposed upon the person, the contract for feeding the city prisoners, at a rate of not exceeding 30 cents a head per day, or the said Board may have them fed by some person appointed for that purpose, at a cost and charge to the city. Good and sufficient food shall be provided for them.

Art. 10. To prevent and abate nuisances, and to prohibit or regulate slaughter houses, hide houses and soap factories, within the city, or the exercises of any dangerous, offensive or unhealthy business, trade, occupation or employment therein.

Art. 11. To regulate or restrain the running at large of cattle, hogs and other animals and to impound and subject the same to such forfeitures, confiscations, regulations and sale as may seem proper, and they may prohibit the raising or keeping of hogs in the city, and prescribe a penalty therefor.

Art. 12. To provide for the prevention and punishment of all misdemeanors.

Art. 13. To provide for the government, arrangement, and repairing of the City Cemetery, and the sale of lots therein, and to make such substantial and ornamental improvements and additions as they may deem best, and all revenue derived from the City Cemetery, shall be applied to the improvement of the same, and of the streets or roads leading thereto.

Art. 14. To provide for the building, renewing or repairing of all side walks and gutters with stone, brick or wood, at the expense of the property upon which the same may front, property apportioned, and on the neglect, failure or refusal of the property owner to build, renew or repair the side walks and gutters, fronting on his property, within such time, and in such manner as may be prescribed by the Board of Mayor and Aldermen, to provide for having the same done at the expense of the city by the City Marshal or some other person, to be appointed for that purpose, and the City Marshal or other person having such work done shall report in writing to the Assessor and Collector, the costs to the city of such work upon the front of each lot or part of lot of each owner, and the Assessor and Collector shall assess the same upon said property, with 25 per cent damages with the next accruing city taxes, to be collected thereon, and collect the same with said taxes in the manner made as provided for the collection of taxes on real estate; or the said costs and damages may be recovered of the owner of said property in the city by suit in the proper jurisdiction. Such costs and damages shall be a lien on the property to which the same are chargeable.

Art. 15. To establish all necessary regulations for the protection of gutters and sidewalks from injury by improper use, and from being in any way impeded to the public use; and when any street or public alley in said city has been or shall be macadamized upon by any owner or owners, if known, and if not known, the occupant or occupants of the same, from encroaching to remove the same; and if such removal shall not be made within the time ordered by the Board a fine of five dollars may be imposed upon the person, the contract for feeding the city prisoners, at a rate of not exceeding 30 cents a head per day, or the said Board may have them fed by some person appointed for that purpose, at a cost and charge to the city. Good and sufficient food shall be provided for them.

Art. 16. To prevent and abate nuisances, and to prohibit or regulate slaughter houses, hide houses and soap factories, within the city, or the exercises of any dangerous, offensive or unhealthy business, trade, occupation or employment therein.

Art. 17. To regulate or restrain the running at large of cattle, hogs and other animals and to impound and subject the same to such forfeitures, confiscations, regulations and sale as may seem proper, and they may prohibit the raising or keeping of hogs in the city, and prescribe a penalty therefor.

Art. 18. To provide for the prevention and punishment of all misdemeanors.

Art. 19. To erect market-houses and regulate the same, and to prohibit or regulate the sale at other places during market hours of the same kinds of articles which are exhibited for sale at such markets.

Art. 20. To erect, repair, and regulate public wharves and docks, and fix the rates of wharfage thereat, and to regulate the landing, anchoring or mooring of vessels or other water-crafts within the city limits.

Art. 21. To provide for the prevention and extinction of fires; to regulate or prohibit the erection of wooden buildings in any part of the city to regulate the carrying on of manufactories dangerous to causing or producing fires; to authorize the Vicksburg Firemen's Association to organize and maintain fire companies, and to contract with said association for the proper carrying on of the Fire Department.

Art. 22. To regulate the storage of gun powder and all other combustible material, and that the use of lights, candles and open pipes in stables, shops and other places.

Art. 23. To regulate the speed of horses and vehicles in the city, so as to ensure the safety of the people.

Art. 24. To compel the owners of lots within the city to construct sufficient and effective drainage from the same to the public sewers or gutters, so as to prevent damage to adjacent property, or injury to the public health.

Art. 25. To cause or procure any street or alley in the city to be paved or turnpiked or graveled, at the cost and expense of the lot or parts of lots fronting the same, to be apportioned thereon, according to the number of the lineal feet fronting on said street or alley, or the part thereof to be so improved. Upon a petition in writing of a majority of the owners of lots or parts of lots, or of owners of the great number of lots, or of the owners of the greater number of lineal feet, fronting upon the street or alley to be paved or turnpiked or alley proposed to be so improved, the Board of Mayor and Aldermen, may authorize a written contract for the paving or turnpiking or graveling of such street or alley or part of such street or alley. The cost of grading such work, and the paving, turnpiking or graveling of the same, together with one-third of the cost of the remainder of the work, shall be borne by the city, and be paid out of the city Treasury, and the remaining two-thirds of the cost of the work and improvements shall be borne and paid by the owners of the lots or parts of the lots fronting thereon, as above directed. Upon the completion of the work, should the owner of any lot, or part of a lot, subject to assessment for the cost of such improvement, fail or refuse to pay what is due thereon, it shall be the duty of the Assessor and Collector to cause the amount, with twenty-five per cent damages, to be assessed against the property, with the next accruing taxes, and collect the same with said taxes, as a part thereof, and with the same remedies; and the amount due by each owner of a lot under such assessment, shall be a lien on such lot or part of lot, and, besides the aforesaid remedies, the collection thereof, may be enforced by proper proceedings, in any Court having jurisdiction thereof. The assessor and Collector shall collect from the several property owners their proportion of the costs if such improvements, and pay the same to the City Treasurer, who shall hold the same as a special fund, subject to the terms of the contract.

Art. 26. To close or vacate streets when they deem it proper, and to lay out, establish, alter, control the course and grade of all needful streets, highways, roads and alleys, within the limits of the corporation, and if the Board of Mayor and Aldermen, shall be unable to purchase the necessary grounds and property therefor, by private contract with the owner or owners thereof, at a reasonable price, the same to be fixed by the Board, the said Board shall petition a Judge of the Circuit Court of Warren county, setting forth the facts of the case, and thereupon, the said Judge shall, by an order to the Clerk of said Court; require the said Clerk to issue a writ of ad quod damnum, directed to the Sheriff of said county, commanding him to summon a jury of twelve disinterested freeholders, citizens, and tax payers of said city, to go upon the grounds sought to be acquired, and assess the value thereof. The owner or owners of said property, or their duly constituted agents or representatives, shall be served with notice of the time and place of the meeting of the jury, at least five days previous thereto. Before entering upon the discharge of their duty the jury shall be sworn by the Sheriff or other officer authorized to administer oaths, well and truly to assess the value of the property in question and a true verdict to render upon their testimony, and they be adduced before them, and their view of the premises. The jury, upon hearing the sworn testimony and viewing the premises, shall assess the value of the property and the amount to be paid to the several owners thereof, if there be more than one, and return their verdict in writing to the Board, which verdict shall forever thereafter be conclusive between the parties to the proceeding, and the Board of Mayor and Aldermen, upon paying to the owners of said property, or their agents or representatives, the sum so assessed by the jury, or upon tendering the same within five days after the verdict of the jury, shall become invested with the right, title and interest of the owner, or owners of said property in or to the same, for the purpose for which it was condemned, and the owner or owners thereof shall have no further claim thereto.

Art. 27. To regulate or restrain the running at large of cattle, hogs and other animals and to impound and subject the same to such forfeitures, confiscations, regulations and sale as may seem proper, and they may prohibit the raising or keeping of hogs in the city, and prescribe a penalty therefor.

Art. 28. To license, tax, and regulate, all hacks, carriages, omnibusses, carts, wagons, drays and other vehicles, employed within the corporate limits, and prescribe the rates to be paid by the public for the use of public vehicles within the city, and to the National and city cemeteries, and to and from the public landings and depots, whether within or without the city, and to regulate the location of the public stands for such vehicles.

Art. 29. To license, tax and regulate public shows and exhibitions, and to close up, suppress or abate the same by means of the police force, whenever, in the

The Vicksburg Evening Post.

VOLUME II. VICKSBURG, MISSISSIPPI, WEDNESDAY, APRIL 2, 1884. NUMBER 80.

CHEAP COLUMN.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—New Cottage in good neighborhood, containing 3 rooms with hall and gallery, kitchen, stable and garden. Lot 150x150 feet, all under new fence. Apply at this office. m25

FOR SALE.—A cottage residence on East avenue, containing four rooms 18x20, hall 12 feet, kitchen, fine cistern and fine orchard; lot 64x132 feet. Apply to R. P. WILSON, on premises. m28

FOR SALE—The LOT on the north-east corner of Cherry and Grove sts. Apply to THOMAS MOUNT. mh19

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT.—A cottage containing three rooms and a kitchen, across from J. W. Vick's. Apply on the premises. m31

FOR RENT—Nice house with three rooms, kitchen, good cistern and yard; possession April 6th. Apply to JOS. SPENGLER, Cherry street crossing. m31-1w

FOR SALE OR RENT—60 Acres good land, one and a half miles from town, with plenty of wood and water. Apply at this office, or to R. P. WILSON, Vicksburg, Miss. m24-2w

FOR RENT—Three small rooms and a kitchen. Large yard and good cistern. Twelve dollars per month. Apply at this office. m26

THE SATISFACTION

Of sitting under one's own vine and fig tree pays the largest dividend of any investment. It is the best kind of life insurance. It is the best medicine in sickness. It enables a man to die easier, and robs death of one of the principal terrors to know that the loved ones we must leave behind us have a roof of their own over their heads which cannot be taken from them.

If you cannot buy a house and lot, you can at least make a commencement by investing $25 in a lot in Speed's Addition, and pay the balance in $5 monthly installments. No better opportunity to buy a home or to make a safe investment in Vicksburg is likely to occur than that now presented by the unprecedented terms upon which these lotsare sold. sep1

LOCAL ITEMS.

MR. C. D. BRATY, of Canton, is in the city.

MR. RALPH HICKS, of Memphis, is in the city.

A NOTICE of Dr. Mayo's lecture last night will appear to-morrow.

MR. J. F. MCLELLAN, of Tallulah, La., was in the city yesterday.

MR. STEPHEN BAILY, the horse man, departed last night for Kentucky.

MR. E. C. CROCKETT and Miss Minnie Smyth, of Jackson, are in the city.

MISS REBECCA LOWENTHAL returned home this morning from a visit to New Orleans.

MRS. KATE FREEMAN of Holly Springs is visiting in this city, the guest of her daughter, Mrs. E. D. Clark.

THE Firemen are making great pre parations for their anniversary. A more extended notice to-morrow.

J. C. ELLIS, Esq., a prominent attorney of Parsons, Kansas, is in the city on a visit of pleasure and business.

THE remains of Geo. Johnson, the colored boy drowned some days ago, were found in the water near Ryan's mill to-day.

THE Juvenile Social Club will give a party on April 4, at the residence of Mr. Emanuel. We return thanks for an invitation.

READY!

With a stock of Boys' and Children's Clothing that beats anything in the market. We have marked these at lower prices than ever. Bring us the youngsters and see how handsomely we can dress them and for how little money. Orders by mail carefully and promptly filled.
m24 WARNER & SEARLES.

Crowded Out.

The City Charter is so long that considerable editorial and local matter prepared for this issue is crowded out. It will all appear to-morrow, however.

Bon Ton Market.

Choice fresh Vegetables received daily, at Ed. W. SWONNOE, JR.,
Levee street, op. north end of Wharfboat.
[mr31-1wk]

Kansas Relief Association.

Mr. Wm. Mosely, representing the Kansas City Journal and the Relief Association of that city, arrived here Sunday morning. He comes as a correspondent of his journal, and also as an agent or representative of the Relief Association. He will make a trip through the overflowed district, and will direct the distribution of supplies after a return to Kansas City. He went down to Davis Bend on the steamer Halpin yesterday morning. The Kansas City Relief Association have contributed two car-loads of corn and two car loads of park to the overflowed sufferers.

SUITS TO ORDER,

Ranging from $15, $17.50, $21.50, $25, $30 up to $50. Any gentleman can be pleased in style and fit at 133 Washington street. E. D. Bickley is the man to fit the head, body and pocket of our New South.

WANAMAKER & BROWN,
m26 E. D. BICKLEY, Agent.

SEED POTATOES.
150 barrels choice Russets.
50 barrels choice Early Rose.
100 barrels choice Peerless.
50 barrels choice Burbanks.
On consignment for sale, low.
f23-1m WARE & NORTH.

Colored Masons.

T. W. STRINGER, Most Worshipful Grand Master of Stringer Grand Lodge, A. F. and A. M. of Mississippi, has appointed Hy. Tom St. Broadwater, P. M. of Stringer Lodge No. 1, to be district Deputy Grand Master for the district of Warren, Claiborne, Jefferson and Issaquena counties. In the field of his deputy he will act as installing officer of lodges that may be instituted or that may wish to receive it, and to see that the work and lectures of the order are properly observed.

THE LEVEES.

Preparations to Prevent the Raleigh Break from Widening—No Truth in the Report of the Break at Alsatia Levee.

There is no very startling news in regard to the water or levees to-day. Lieut. Coppee, Assistant U. S. Engineer, departed on the Issaquena yesterday evening for Raleigh, where it is expected that the use of willow mattresses will prevent the break from widening.

The rumor of the Crevasse at Alsatia levee proved entirely unfounded. In such a case Capt. Marshall would have been notified by telegraph at once.

A fact worthy of note is that but one levee has broken on the Mississippi side during this flood, while on the Louisiana side there have been a comparatively large number. During the flood of 1882 it was the levees on this side of the river that broke.

The river continues to fall at the rate of three inches in twenty-four hours.

BUTTER!

20 Small Tubs Choice, suitable for Families, received this day. [m12] WARE & NORTH.

A Still Older One.

Editor Evening Post:

In your issue of the 29th inst. you are in error in noticing the longevity of pilots. We have in our city an old and very notable river land-mark, who ranks all, after Lewis Choate—Capt. Abram Autey. He was born in Cincinnati February 14th, 1804. He first built and ran the Vicksburg; burned her in 1837; then built the Mazeppa; afterwards bought and ran the Emperor, a large three-deck boat—the first of the kind ever built and run on the Mississippi river She will be remembered by many old citizens of our city. Honor to whom honor is due. AN OLD ONE.
March 31, 1884.

Pink Tea Party.

On Friday evening at residence of Mrs. Mary T. Klein the Methodist ladies will give an entertainment with the above title. A more extended notice hereafter.

THE new Directory will be out in a few weeks. It will contain business directories of Vicksburg, Yazoo City, Greenville, Port Gibson and intervening towns. Also a lately corrected map of the State of Mississippi, and a complete History of this Historic City. Besides other valuable information for reference and promises to be a work of value. m26

SLAUGHTERING PRICES!
IN
Boots and Shoes
AT
FOLEY'S SHOE STORE

English broad toe gaiters, $2.50; London toe, imitation buttoned gaiters, $2.75; Plain box gaiters, $3.00; imitation laced, London toe, sewed gaiters, $2.50; ladies' kid buttoned $3.25, cheap at $4.75; ladies' front laced kid, $2.75, cheap at $4.00; boys' buttoned gaiters, $2.50, cheap at $3.25; youths' buttoned gaiters, double tipped, $2.00, cheap at $3.25.

The chief pride of this house is the superior character of its custom-made work. All orders promptly and carefully attended to. Send for catalogue. 3-15

TO CONSUMERS.

Remember, there are seven different styles and quality of "Commodore Parisot" Cigars.
W. E. BECK,
j16 Sole Proprietor.

Weather Signals for Planters.

The House Committee on Agriculture will report favorably a bill making an appropriation to establish a system of weather signals, by which the planters can be informed, in advance, of probable changes in the weather; and will ask that this appropriation be inserted in the sundry civil bill, so as to insure its passage at this session.

The matter is of general interest to the agricultural classes of the country, and it is not believed that it will meet with any opposition. Congress has, it is true, shown some disposition to be excessively economical as to Signal Service. The present appropriation, however, is so generally demanded by the farming interests that it should, and doubtless will, be granted at once. To the farmers the weather bulletins are of the deepest interest. Yet, as a matter of fact, they receive the least advantage from our present system. The inhabitants of the cities get timely notice of approaching storms and changes in the weather, whereas, with few exceptions, the rural districts are not properly covered. An appropriation of $150,000, such as it is proposed to give, will remedy this defect. The organization of our State Weather Bureau will enable us to distribute this news more thoroughly and greatly improve the weather service of the State, and with the railroads, boats, and others assisting in giving the proper signals, there is every reason to hope that three-fourths of our farmers and planters will receive timely notice of the storms and freezes ahead.—Times Democrat.

CAPT. SCHLEY, Commander of the Greeley expedition, says that he has not a single doubt but that he will find Lieut. Greeley and his party safe and well, and return with them to American waters next fall. The expedition, which consists of three splendidly built British ships admirably manned and officered, will be thoroughly equipped, and amply supplied with every requisite for arctic voyaging. Every suggestion of experience which has been acted on every provision against disaster that prudence can dictate is being made.

HIGH WATERS AT VICKSBURG IN FORMER YEARS

High water '82, above zero, 51 1-10 feet.
High water '83, above zero, 40 feet.
High water '74, above zero, 45 ft. 8 inches
High water '75, above zero, 44 ft. 10 inches
High water '76, above zero, 44 ft. 2 inches
High water '77, above zero, 44 ft. 8 inches
High water '78, above zero, 44 ft. 10 inches
High water '79, above zero, 44 ft. 2 inches
High water '80, above zero, 44 ft. 8 inches
High water '81, above zero, 44 ft. 10 inches

SIGNAL SERVICE REPORT.

STAGE OF RIVERS.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER,
March 30, 2 p.m. Washington time.

The following observations were taken at the same moment of time at all the stations named:

STATIONS.	Above low water.		Changes.	
	feet	In's	Rise In's	Fall In's
Cairo, Ill	48	3	...	3
Cincinnati	33	4	...	32
Cincinnati	33	11	...	70
Davenport, Iowa	11	6	...	2
Dubuque, Iowa	12	6	1	...
Helena	...	...	...	...
Keokuk, Iowa	16	8	0	0
La Crosse	8	3	...	5
Leavenworth	13	2	...	3
Little Rock	9	11	...	8
Louisville	13	3	1	15
Memphis	23	10	1	...
Nashville	26	1	...	26
New Orleans	9	5	...	1
Omaha	10	6	3	...
Pittsburg	9	8	...	14
Shreveport	18	0	...	3
St. Louis	24	2	...	5
St. Paul	...	...	...	...
Vicksburg	47	11	...	...
Yankton, D. T	16	3	...	...

†Below high water of 1874. *Frozen.

HIGH WATER OF 1882.

Stations.	Date of Highest Point.	Highest point Reached.
Cairo	Feb. 26, 1882	51 ft. 9 inches
Chattanooga	Jan. 19, 1882	40 ft. 2 inches
Cincinnati	Feb. 21, 1882	58 ft. 6 inches
Dubuque	Dec. 3, 1881	19 ft. 1 inch
Helena, Ark	March 9, 1882	47 ft. 3 inches
Keokuk	Nov. 29, 1881	11 ft. 5 inches
Little Rock	Feb. 24, 1882	21 ft. 6 inches
Louisville	Feb. 22, 1882	37 ft. 2 inches
Memphis	March 6, 1882	36 ft. 0 inches
Nashville	Jan. 22, 1882	54 ft. 7 inches
New Orleans	March 27, 1882	5 inches
St. Louis	Feb. 22, 1882	28 ft. 3 inches
Vicksburg	March 20, 1882	48 ft. 9 inches

†Below high water of 1874.

THE RIVER.

NOTES.

Weather continues warm and bright.

Three boats leaving to-day.

River continues to decline here.

Capt. H. W. Brolaski of the Arkansas City expresses the opinion that we need not fear another rise in the river this season.

The City of Yazoo leaves for New Orleans this evening with 1050 bales cotton and 9500 sacks of cotton seed and meal.

The Lizzie Gaff, Marcy L. Johnson, is the P. Line packet due this evening from Greenwood. She passed Yazoo City at half-past nine o'clock this morning with a fair trip. She goes out again on Friday at 5 p.m.

The Deer Creek is due to-day from Deer Creek, with Capt. Chas. Pare in command. Due notice will be given of her leaving.

The palatial Anchor Line steamer Arkansas City left at 11 a.m. for St. Louis with a good up-stream freight and a number of people.

The steamer Silverthorn was sold at noon to-day in New Orleans.

The John W. Cannon (in place of the Ed. Richardson) leaves New Orleans this evening at 5 o'clock for Vicksburg with a good trip. She connects here with the Yazoo and Tallahatchie packet Hard Cash, and will extend her trip to Greenville.

The John T. Halpin is due in from Davis Bend to-day, and will leave again for that point and all way landings on Thursday morning at 10 o'clock. John Quackenbos master.

The pride of the Anchor Line, Belle Memphis, Capt. I. T. McKee, master, is due this evening, and returns to St. Louis and all way landings Thursday morning at 11 o'clock sharp.

The Government steamer Vidalia and two barges arrived from Hard Times last night, and departed at 9 o'clock for the Raleigh break this side of Goodrich's.

The steamer Wood, with a big tow of coal from Pittsburg, passed to New Orleans yesterday, dropping 6 barges here and taking 10 to New Orleans.

The through Anchor Line boat City of St. Louis passed down last night en route to New Orleans.

The little giant of the P. Line, E. C. Carroll, Jr., is receiving at the Wharfboat, and will leave here this evening promptly at 5 o'clock for all points on the Yazoo and Talla hatchie rivers as high as Sharkey's, going through Tchula lake. Smith master, Frank Beck, Jr. clerk.

The W. P. Thompson is receiving at the wharfboat, and will leave for Grand Lake Thursday.

The Tributary and barges will leave for Lake Washington to-morrow at 12 m.

The flag ship of the P. Line, City of Yazoo, resumes her place in the Vicksburg and New Orleans trade to-day, leaving at 5 p.m. for all points below. She's receiving at the wharfboat with all she can carry in sight. T. G. Ledbetter master, A. McVay clerk.

Capt. John S. Patterson telegraphs from Baton Rouge to W. S. Jones, superintendent of the Wharfboat, that the steamer Thomas Sherlock will pass up for Cincinnati to-morrow morning at 6 o'clock. Her accommodations are first-class, and her officers the cleverest of gentlemen.

The Sunflower packet Headlight will receive to-morrow for all points on the Sunflower river as high as Clarksdale, and leaves promptly at 4 o'clock p.m. George W. Bookout master, and Geo. H. Smith clerk.

CLIPPINGS.

The mammoth and magnificent towboat W. W. O'Neil, Capt. W. B. Dravo, left Louisville recently on her fourth voyage to New Orleans this season. As she took with her one of the most remarkable tows of coal on record, we feel it our duty to give our readers some idea of the immense amount of coal that can be successfully taken down the Ohio and Mississippi rivers by one tow. The W. W. O'Neil is 200 feet long, 35 feet beam and 6 feet depth of hold. Her engines are each 24½ inch cylinders, 12 feet stroke—the longest stroke used on any boat in this country. She has six steel boilers, six flues each, and each boiler is 47 inches in diameter and 28 feet long. Her wheel is 28 feet high and 28 feet long. The hull is a model of beauty and strength, and was built by the Pittsburg Boatyard Company at Sewickly, Pa. The cabin for the officers is large and handsomely designed and elegantly furnished. It was built by the Union Planing-Mill Company, of Pittsburg. Messrs. Rees & Thorn, of Pittsburg, made the boilers, and the veteran James Rees, of Pittsburg, who

THE EVENING POST

PUBLISHED BY
J. G. CASHMAN & CO.,
Washington St., Vicksburg, Miss.

The Evening Post.

VICKSBURG, MISS., APRIL 2, 1884.

THE National debt statement for March shows a reduction of $14,250,000.

THE Columbus (Miss.) Index says the uprising at Cincinnati was decidedly a healthy movement.

BERNER'S copartner in the crime for which he escaped with a twenty years sentence is a colored man who is yet to be tried.

THE Senate has passed the bill offering $25,000 reward to any one who will give information as to the Greeley expedition.

THE members of the Berner jury in Cincinnati are being treated with the contempt and detestation that their conduct deserves.

A SPECIAL dispatch from Grenada, Miss., says 300 mules have died in that vicinity, within the last few days, from buffalo gnats.

SENATORS Garland and Kenna express the opinion that the Blair educational bill will pass the Senate. We trust their opinions may prove well-founded.

GOV. HOADLEY seemed equal to the emergency in Ohio. He was determined to have the law enforced, and jails and prisoners protected, even if it was necessary to call out troops to do it.

THE Democrats in Congress are in the condition of an army without a leader. No party ever had an abler leader than Randall and when Democrats refuse to follow where he leads it is their loss and the Republicans gain.—Avalanche.

PEOPLE who approve of lynch law are referred to Cincinnati for a valuable lesson. Many valuable lives and an vast amount of property have gone to appease the thirst of Judge Lynch, the most dangerous law-breaker and outlaw of all classes of criminals.

THERE is no doubt that Mississippi will be well represented at the Cotton Exposition—by Commissioners, at $150 "allowance" each. There are only nine, besides the Governor. And the colonel of militia and staff officer of the Governor will be there, too.

THE city of Cincinnati has perfected her claim to the title of "Paris of America," and signed the deed in fresh human blood. It is to be hoped that no other American city will ever be compelled to compete for the distinction in the manner Cincinnati has acquired it.

IF the courts should decide the supervision bill unconstitutional it will be difficult to say who of Gov. Lowry, Speaker Inge and Representative Williamson will strike bottom first and hardest in the vertical descension such an event would involve. It may yet transpire that a prudent precautionary measure would have been to first supervise the Courts in anticipation of the railroad bill.

S. J. RANDALL seems to be gradually and surely absorbing the various Presidential booms on the Democratic side, and without a miracle the Chicago Convention will disclose to the free trade element a dictator from the ranks of the protectionists. Randall is the natural successor of Tilden, while he fairly holds precedence of any other possible Eastern candidate.

DR. W. T. BALFOUR, who has been the physician in charge of the City Hospital for the last three years, pays an eloquent and deserved tribute to the Sisters of Mercy for their unremitting labor and efficient service in behalf of the patients at that institution. The good Sisters are justly entitled to what has been said in their praise, but to Dr. Balfour credit is also due for the excellent condition of the Hospital and the creditable manner in which it has been conducted.

THE Earl of Dunraven, in the Nineteenth Century, says that "the strongest, most efficient and the most capable legislative assembly in the world is in the United States Congress."

A correspondent of the Memphis Appeal recently wrote most disparagingly of almost the entire membership of the Senate. We think the Earl's judgment is better and his opinions more impartial than the Appeal's correspondent.

Altogether we have a very able and creditable Senate.

CONGRESS might practice a little needed reformation in the present slow and unsatisfactory methods of settling the claims of contestants for a seat in that body. The session is fast passing away, and Mississippi is deprived of a vote, while one of the contestants, yet to be determined, is regularly drawing the pay to which he is not entitled. These contests must be settled at once at the beginning of the session after having the

The Cincinnati Riot.

As was to have been expected, some of the Mississippi newspapers are using the Cincinnati riot as a justification or offset for the Copiah election murders and other outrages that have occurred in this State. If the teachings of some of these journals were followed to a logical conclusion, nearly every official in this county would receive the contents of a double-barrel shotgun without further delay.

But is it not time our people were thinking for themselves, and quit feeding on the "stuff" and "rot" that has been dished-up to them for the last half a century by many Southern journals, in which the actions of Northern citizens are held up either for justification of Southern misdeeds or for the condemnation and contempt of Southern people. If a crime exactly similar in its nature and incidents to the Copiah assassination were committed in Ohio, we do not see how the Ohio crime would justify or palliate the offense in Mississippi, or how the Mississippi crime would be any excuse for the Ohio people.

Let us endeavor to cast the beams out of our own eyes, and look not for those in the eyes of our brethern. Let us endeavor to have civilization and law and order in Mississippi, no matter what the people of Ohio do.

The Mississippi newspapers want Congress to investigate the Cincinnati affair. We have no idea the Cincinnati riot will be the subject of Congressional investigation—there is no occasion for it. The riot was an impulsive outburst of indignation—an indignation that was shared by many good citizens—because the law against murder had not been properly enforced. It assumed vast proportions, and resulted in disorder and loss of life terrible to contemplate and greatly to be deplored. But the idea and motive underlying the Cincinnati riot, was of an entirely different nature from that which animated the Copiah assassination. One was an impulsive, indignant and violent protest against non-enforcement of good laws; and the other was a cool and deliberately planned purpose to prevent a man from exercising the highest privilege of an American citizen, a plan to defy and override the laws of God and man.

"Let justice be done;" let us tell the truth, even though the people of Ohio escape from some blame, and the people of Mississippi receive some censure. Let us keep down riots in Mississippi, and let us enforce the law, and protect life and liberty so there will be no occasion for outbursts of violence in this State.

The Cincinnati outbreak, although it resulted in the destruction of property and the loss of life, was at the same time an immense manifestation of popular sentiment in favor of the criminal laws being enforced, of murderers being punished by law, of corrupt juries being discountenanced, and of the total banishment of the abominable jury fixer. And this outburst at Cincinnati will undoubtedly have a good effect in that city, and its influence will no doubt be felt in every long-suffering community in the land where murderers have escaped punishment through the abuses complained of by the citizens of Cincinnati.

Another feature of the Cincinnati riot we desire to call attention to, is the manner in which the Sheriff and the officers of the law performed their DUTY. It was not for these officials to consider that Berner and other culprits in their custody had escaped proper punishment through vicious and venal means. These prisoners had been placed in their charge for safe-keeping and protection, and the Sheriff and his assistants came up to the full mark of duty in protecting and defending the prisoners in their custody, and in inspiring a respect for LAW as far as they were concerned in its administration. The conduct of these officials is a shining example to those Mississippi Sheriffs and other officials who have allowed prisoners to be taken out of jails and executed; who have allowed prisoners to be shot through the bars of their cells, and who have allowed prisoners to be taken away from the custody of officers while en route to places of confinement.

INSTEAD of giving Mr. Cherry or any other man a chance to make a fortune out of the penitentiary convicts Tennessee might make a net profit of a million dollars per annum by building macadam roads with convict labor. With good roads throughout West Tennessee its population would be doubled in ten years and its lands quadrupled in value. —Avalanche.

Good wagon roads are also sadly needed in Mississippi. The railroad people keep their roads in first-rate order, and transport people and freights quickly, safely and cheaply. But in sections of the State not permeated by them, the people have to stay at home a portion of the year on account of the impassable condition of the wagon-roads. The Legislature has been supervising the wagon-roads from time immemorial, and has only just begun to supervise the railroads. If the supervision law is allowed to be enforced, in a few years the railroads will be about in the same condition as the wagon-roads.

The Iowa editor holds the fort to-day.

We discern no very material difference between him and the Mississippi specie, and hence conclude that the editor, like the homeless Jew, is about the same the world over. He's perfectly welcome; we are glad to see him, and hope he will not forget to tell his people of what a great country—water and all—he saw down here, and convince them of the advantages of our sunny, salubrious clime over their own bleak, snow-clad wastes. If he will do this for us we'll do as much for him some time, and promise moreover a box of prepaid luscious, juicy strawberries on every 10th of April for every emigrant he sends to us. He will find much to amuse and interest himself and his fair companions around Vicksburg. The same river and hills from which the place was attacked and defended are still here, the old rifle pits are still partly intact, the National Cemetery is a wonder and a delight, and we have ample and various places of rest and refreshment for his convenience and accommodation. We hope he'll enjoy himself, and leave us with a fully developed case of Southern fever.

THE feeling entertained by the Cincinnati rioters against "jury-fixers" is detailed below by the Cincinnati Commercial. The Tom Campbell referred to, is, we believe, the Cincinnati lawyer who came to Vicksburg some months since to defend Frank Stark for the murder of David Allen, the theater manager:

The remarks of the crowd were significant. Tom Campbell and the jury were damned by every body. Berner had several apologists. "Of course, they argued, he could not be blamed for trying to save his neck from the gallows, although he deserved to be hanged and quartered." "But G— D— him Tom Campbell who 'fixed' the jury; and Shaw, who got a thousand dollars, he ought to have red-hot iron poured down his throat!"

Men swore by awful round oaths that if they could catch Tom Campbell and the jury they would hang them sky high and then hurl them down to hell!

A PLATFORM to win on in 1884: A revenue tariff to meet the expenses of the Government economically administered, and so adjusted to maintain the national credit, with just discriminations in favor of general productive industries and against every form of monopoly.—Philadelphia Times.

This is a good platform, but it will be necessary to have a man at the head of the ticket who is consistent with the platform. If it is necessary for the Democrats to adopt this platform, (and success is unattainable without it or something simular,) it is also necessary to nominate Mr. Randall of Pennsylvania, who is the personal embodiment of the platform's principles.

"COMPARISONS are odious," but when we attempt to fit together the candor of Senator George in his speech on the educational bill and the evasive manner practiced by Congressman Barksdale before the Investigating Committee, the sharp edges of contrast will stick out.

CAPT. H. A. RICE, a prominent citizen of Noxubee, died in that county last week. The Columbus Dispatch speaks in the highest terms of his character and worth in all the relations of life, and gives the following incident of his war record:

With only sixty men on board a wooden steamer on the Mississippi river, he ran down and captured the United States monitor Indianola with about one hundered and twenty men and officers. The occurrence took place in 1863, and occasioned at the time wide-spread and favorable comment for the young officer.

The Cotton Factory.

The last Legislature granted certain citizens of Jackson a charter for a manufacturing Company and Water Works, two things that are needed in Jackson, and especially the former. There will soon be steps taken looking toward the establishment of a cotton factory under this charter. There is nothing that would be of more benefit to Jackson than a factory of this kind. The shares will be made small, say twenty-five dollars each, and it is the duty of every citizen who can possibly see the true way, to purchase one or more shares. There is no question but what the enterprise can be easily started if there is proper concert of action. Let the matter be worked up. —State Ledger.

Plantation Philosophy.

De soberest man in de worl's is de feller whut hab jest got ober a spree, an' he knows dat de advise whut he gibs yer is good, 'case he didn't follow it hisse'f.

Dar ain't no sartain cure for a lazy man. Yer ken sorter livened him up er little, but de fust thing yer knows, he's dun drapped back. De lazy hoss ain' gwine ter trot lessen yer whup him half de time.

When a boy taken it inter his head dat de worl' owes him a libin's, an' dat he's gwine ter git it an easy way de kin, he'd better practice how ter act when he gets 'fore de grav' jury, fur he's gwine dar sho'.

It hab been said dat it am jist as well fur a man to be a thief ez a liar, but I doan agree wid de man whut says it. A man sometimes tells er lie to make his se'f more 'portan an' can gin yer re-spect, but de thief is sirter gain an' doan kere eben fur his own respeck.

I'se kowed men ter drap de hoe an' pray fur rain, expectin' de Lawd wuz gwine ter make it rain in de crap dat he did. Watch one o' dese hear men whut allus wants ter pray, an' de doan war out his britches settin' roun', den I'll be willin' ter 'know dat he myself de biggis'liar in de curmunity.

De man whut tries ter dr dr right jes be-case he is orfeard o' de debil, may stver trouble hisse'f in de crap; but he'll be in no great hurry ter punish him, an' dan de wrong. I als' got no respeck fur forced 'ligion. De fruit whut am mixed in a hypocrit sin't no bigger dan de seed.

The National Bank Bill.

The Christian Union publishes a graphic chart exhibiting the direct annual cost to the consumers in this country of alcoholic liquors as compared with expenditures for other purposes. The chart exhibits the relative outgo for eleven different purposes by means of heavy black columns of varying height—three-quarters of an inch representing an expenditure of $100,000,000. At one side, extending over half the page, towers the column representing the National Drink bill; at the other extreme, and showing by contrast hardly more than a line is the block which stands for the total annual expenditures for Christian missions, home and foreign. The bill for drink is $900,000,000; the bill for missions is $5,500,000. Between these come the expenditures for bread, $505,000,000; for meat, $393,000,000; for iron and steel, $290,000,000; for woolen goods, $237,000,000; for sawed lumber, $233,000,000; for cotton goods, $210,000,000; for boots and shoes, $196,000,000; for sugar and molasses, $155,000,000; and for public education $85,000,000.

The statistics on which this chart is based are drawn from the last census and from other reliable authorities. Let the figures of the drink bill be thought to be a wild and careless estimate, the manner in which they have been obtained should be indicated. The internal revenue on distilled spirits in 1883 was $74,368,775; the rate is 90 cents a gallon; and the quantity of liquor taxed is therefore 82,631,972 gallons. A certain part of this was used for mechanical and scientific purposes, but most of it was drank as a beverage. Sold by the glass it would cost the consumer about $6 00 a gallon. The whole amount, at this rate, would aggregate $495,701,832. The tax on fermented liquors in the same year amounted to $6,595,615, which, at $1 00 per barrel, represents an equal number of barrels, containing, at 31 gallons to the barrel, 523,919,065 gallons. At fifty cents a glass, and twelve glasses to the gallon, this costs the consumer $314,351,439. The imported liquors, estimated on a similar basis, cost the consumer at least $100,000,000, which brings the total cost up to more than $900,000,000. No account is taken of native wines, nor of liquor, "crooked whisky," and other which escapes taxation; and the cost of these may be taken as a fair offset to the distilled liquor employed for mechanical and scientific purposes. The estimate of $900,000,000 is therefore by no means a high estimate. It is mid-way between the estimates of the New York Tribune and the National Temperance Almanac. Fourteen years ago, when the Government received from distilled liquor was about twenty million dollars less than now, and the National income from fermented liquor was one-third what it now is, Mr. Young, the Government statistician, estimated the nation's drink bill at $900,000,000. On this basis, the estimate of the Christian Union article must be received. This is only the direct cost, and takes no account of the burdens of pauperism, idiocy, insanity and crime which are directly traceable to drink. These are facts and figures which should arrest the attention of the most careless, and should strengthen every reasonable effort which is made to restrain and diminish the almost innumerable evils which flow from the drink habit.

Royal Mourning.

"God takes the good, too good on earth to stay, and leaves the bad, too bad to take away." And thus it is that, while Albert Edward, Prince of Wales, is left to the British people, with all his imperfections on his head, Prince Leopold, Duke of Albany, his youngest brother, is taken away in the blossom of his days, and suddenly.

The Duke of Albany was negatively good in himself—a paragon having regard to the heir-apparent. He affected literary and science pursuits, and was a card at musical festivals and artistic reunions. His health was bad from childhood; he was subject to epileptic fits, and the question of the propriety of his marriage was gravely considered a few years ago, when, against the advice of physicians, but with the full and anxious concurrence of his royal mother, he espoused the Princess Helen of Waldeck, sister to the Queen of the Netherlands.

We do not say it with unbecoming levity, but this sudden death of Prince Leopold, occurring on the anniversary of the death of John Brown, will be an intensification of the grief of her Majesty Queen Victoria.—N. Y. Star.

A Boom in the Fruit Trade.

Several steamships with fruit from the Bay Islands, Aux Cayes, Havana and Palermo, with lemons and oranges, were unloaded at the Jackson Railroad fruit sheds within the first five days of this week, and at that rate the seven weeks average about twenty car loads for the North and West, it is estimated that 140 car loads of fruit were sent North by the road during the week.

The general outward freight business or this road is very good for this season of the year. About seventy car loads of freight have been sent out daily during this week.

The passenger traffic over this line is also very good both ways, incoming and outgoing.—Picayune.

Improving the Railroad Commissioners.

Arrangements are about to be perfected by the management of the Illinois Central Railroad to establish a few lunch eating-houses along the line of the road, especially in the southern division, at present in vogue will be abolished. The company intends to take charge of all these establishments, and for the purpose will erect suitable and commodious buildings wherever necessary along the line. First class fare at reasonable rates will be served, and the eating houses will be as complete and satisfactory as possible.

Superintendents will be appointed who will have charge of the stations, and whose duty it will be to purchase provisions as well as attend to its preparation. The company confidently expects that this system will meet with public approval and patronage, and prove beneficial to travelers. With a perfect system of eating-houses, the Illinois Central will be one of the best roads in the country.—Picayune.

Distances on the L., N. O. & T. R. R.

From New Orleans to Baton Rouge	118
Baton Rouge to Fayette Junction	71
Fayette Junction to Vicksburg	88
Fayette Junction to Natchez	59
Vicksburg to Memphis	295
Natchez to Memphis	354

H. B. BRUSER,
TIN, COPPER AND SHEET-IRON WORKER
Hardware Tinware Stoves!
Pumps, Grates Mantels, Etc. Etc.
may5 159 Washington Street, Vicksburg.

Something the People Need!
FRESH
ROASTED COFFEE,
Roasted Daily in HYDE'S PATENT ROASTER, at my Store
Corner South and Washington Streets.
Price 20 Cts. per Pound!
H. F. SIMRALL, JR.
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COMMISSION MERCHANT,
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IMPORTER AND DEALER IN
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White Lead, Linseed Oil, Turpentine, Window Glass, Mixed Paints, Dry and in Oil; Alabastine Whitening and Putty; and the largest and most complete assortment of Patent Medicines and Surgical Instruments in the State. Agent for the celebrated Waukesha Bathesda Water.
Toilet Articles, Perfumery and Hair Brushes—all imported.
No. 125 Washington Street, - - - Vicksburg, Miss.

GEO. W. HUTCHESON, CHAS. ALEX.
G. W. HUTCHESON & CO.,
Cotton Factors,
AND WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
Groceries, Liquors and Tobacco
110 and 112 Washington Street,
Vicksburg, Miss.
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THE SAW-MILL BOAT
LEE RICHARDSON JR
IS PREPARED TO SELL
DIMENSION LUMBER
FROM LANDING AT GLASS BAYOU, THIS CITY, LA.
Sash, Doors, Blinds, Mouldings, T. and G. Flooring and Ceiling
Orders addressed to the undersigned will be promptly filled.
may4 WM. CURPHEY, Proprietor.

GEO. S. IRVING,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN
Staple and Fancy Groceries
WINES, LIQUORS, CIGARS & TOBACCO,
Corner of South and Washington Streets, - - - VICKSBURG, MISS.
I respectfully ask an examination of my stock, which I think will convince all who I have one of the largest and best assorted to be found.
Fine Teas, Coffee and Choice Butter are Among my Specialties.
I GUARANTEE EVERY ARTICLE TO BE AS REPRESENTED,
And desire to give full satisfaction. 1 PACK AND P FREE

HENRY YOSTE,
Watchmaker and Jeweler
I cordially invite a comparison of WORK and PRICES, believing mine to be the Best and Cheapest.
—ALSO DEALER IN—
WATCHES, DIAMONDS AND SILVERWARE
SPECIALTIES IN SPECTACLES.

COMMISSIONER'S SALE.

FANNIE H. QUIGG et al. vs. No. 1632
V. and B. R. S. BOGELLI.

PURSUANT to the power and authority vested in me by the provisions of a decree made and entered in the foregoing entitled cause, by the Chancery Court of Warren county, Miss., on the third day of December, 1883, I will, at or about the hour of 12 o'clock m., on the 19th day of March, 1884, sell at the east door of the Courthouse, in Warren county, Mississippi, at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, that lot or parcel of land described as part of sec. 26, township 16 range 3 east, Illinois Central will be one of the best roads in the country.—Picayune.

PACIFIC HOUSE
VINCENT PIAZZA, Proprietor
Washington St., Vicksburg
CONVENIENT to RAILROAD Depot, Landing, Post, Telegraph and Express Offices and to business generally. Has been renovated and refurnished throughout. Tables supplied with the best the market affords. Patronage respectfully solicited. Polite and careful attention given to guests.

SIGNAL SERVICE REPORT.

LOCAL WEATHER REPORT.

TIME.	BAR.	THER.	HUM.	WIND	WEATHER.
6:05 a. m.	30.05	59	62	W.	Clear.
10:05 a. m.	30.12	76	59	N.	Clear.
2:05 p. m.	30.10	74	33	N.	Clear.
6:05 p. m.	30.11	71	38	N. W.	Clear.
10:05 p. m.	30.15	64	48	N. E.	Clear.

	1883.	1884
Maximum thermometer	70.7	77.4
Minimum thermometer	61.6	57.5
Mean temperature	69.0	65.8
Rainfall	.00	.00

STAGE OF RIVERS.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER,
April 1, 2 p.m. Washington time.

The following observations were taken at the same moment of time at all the stations named:

STATIONS.	Above low water.	Changes.		
	feet	In's	Rise In's	Fall In's
Cairo, Ill	47	11	...	4
Chattanooga	11	6	...	22
Cincinnati	33	1	28	0
Davenport, Iowa	11	6	0	0
Dubuque, Iowa	12	9	2	...
Helena	...	...	...	...
Keokuk, Iowa	8	7	...	2
La Crosse	13	7	...	2
Leavenworth	9	5	...	6
Little Rock	11	8	...	17
Louisville	11	8	...	17
Memphis	29	10	0	18
Nashville	24	7	...	1
New Orleans*	0	6	...	1
Omaha	8	3	...	5
Pittsburg	8	4	...	16
Shreveport	17	11	...	1
St. Louis	6	4	...	4
St. Paul	9	5	...	3
Vicksburg	47	8	...	...
Yankton, D. T.	16	6	3	...

*Below high water of 1874. *Frozen.

HIGH WATER AT VICKSBURG IN FORMER YEARS

High water '62, above zero, 51 1-10 feet.
High water '67, above zero, 49 feet.
High water '73, above zero, 46 feet 8 inches
High water '75, above zero, 45 feet.
High water '76, above zero, 44 ft. 10 inches
High water '80, above zero, 45 ft. 2 inches
High water '81, above zero, 41 ft. 10 inches
High water '82, above zero, 48 ft. 9 inches
High water '83, above zero, 43 ft. 10 inches

HIGH WATER OF 1882.

Stations.	Date of Highest Point.	Highest point Reached.
Cairo	Feb. 20, 1882	51 ft. 9 inches
Chattanooga	Jan. 19, 1882	40 ft. 2 inches
Cincinnati	Feb. 21, 1882	58 ft. 6 inches
Dubuque	Dec. 3, 1881	10 ft. 1 inch
Helena, Ark	March 9, 1882	47 ft. 3 inches
Keokuk	Nov. 29, 1881	21 ft. 6 inches
Little Rock	Feb. 24, 1882	21 ft. 6 inches
Louisville	Feb. 22, 1882	37 ft. 2 inches
Memphis	March 5, 1882	36 ft. 4 inches
Nashville	Jan. 22, 1882	54 ft. 7 inches
*New Orleans	March 27, 1882	21 ft. 3 inches
St. Louis	Feb. 22, 1882	28 ft. 3 inches
Vicksburg	March 20, 1882	48 ft. 9 inches

*Below high water of 1874.

THE RIVER.

ARRIVED.

Belle Memphis, from St. Louis.
Letlore, from Greenwood.
John F. Halpin, from Davis Bend.
Capt. Miller, from Natchez.
Thomas Sherlock, from New Orleans.

DEPARTED.

Thomas Sherlock, for Cincinnati.
City of Yazoo, for New Orleans.
Capt. Miller, for Natchez.
Capt. Wm. Jones, for Tallulah.
D. C. Fogel, for Sunflower river.
E. C. Carroll, Jr., for Tallahatchie.
Bay Drop, for Little Deer Creek.
Tributary and barges, for Lake Washington.

BOATS DUE TO-DAY.

A. A. Humphreys, from St. Louis.
Issaquena, Greenville to Vicksburg.

BOATS LEAVING TO-DAY.

For Sunflower—Headlight, 4 p.m.
For Grand Lake—W. P. Thompson, 4 pm

BOATS DUE TO-MORROW.

City of Providence, St. Louis to Vburg.
John W. Cannon, N. O. to Greenville.
Will S. Hays, Memphis to Vicksburg.
Golden Rule, Cincinnati to N. O.
John A. Scudder, St. Louis to N. O.

BOATS LEAVING TO-MORROW.

For St. Louis—Belle Memphis, 11 a.m.
For Greenville—John W. Cannon, 12 m.
For Greenville—Issaquena, 5 p.m.

NOTES.

Clear and cool.
Two boats leaving to-day.
The Golden Rule is the next O. Liner due down.
There are ten cotton-seed oil mills in Memphis.
The river declined three and a half inches in last 24 hours.
The John W. Cannon is being fitted up with an electric light.
The D. C. Fogel left for Sunflower river yesterday evening after a tow of logs.
The track of the Vicksburg & Meridian railroad at the Elevator will soon be clear of water.
The U. S. mail-boat, Captain Miller, arrived from Natchez last night and returned at 10 o'clock this morning.
The O. Line steamer Thos. Sherlock, Capt. Jno. Patterson, passed up at 10 o'clock this morning for Cincinnati.
The Tributary and barge, Capt. J. I. Hilholland, got away for Lake Washington at noon to-day, with a very large freight.
The P. Line steamer Leflore arrived last night at 7 o'clock from Greenwood with a fair trip and returns Friday evening at 5 o'clock.
The popular P. Line steamer E. C. Carroll, Jr., left promptly on time yesterday evening for Sharkey's. She had her usual big freight.
The Issaquena will arrive this evening and return to-morrow, (Thursday) evening at 5 o'clock sharp for Greenville and all Bend landings.
Pilots report great difficulty in keeping in the river back of Cairo, now that the lights has been moved back; and there are few marks to go by.
The prompt and reliable W. P. Thompson is leaving and will leave promptly at 4 o'clock this evening for Grand Lake, going through Bunch's Bend.
As he sped from his lofty bough;
He cracked not his beak, but there's much good
In the way of the world, I trow."

is receiving to-day, and will leave for all points on the Sunflower river as high as Clarksdale this evening at 4 o'clock.
The City of Providence, Capt. Geo. Carvell, is due to-morrow evening, and is the Saturday Anchor Line boat, leaving at 11 a.m. that day.
The Dew Drop departed last evening for Little Deer Creek with a good freight, among which was a lot of mules for planters in the late overflowed districts.
The Iowa Press Association made an excursion up and down the river at New Orleans on the steamer Natchez yesterday. It was free, and T. P. Leathers in command.
The P. Line steamer City of Yazoo got away at 8 o'clock this morning for New Orleans and all coast landings. She was loaded to the water, and had a number of people.
The Naomi under charter the past season to Capt. J. I. Mulholland, has been turned over to her owners, and will probably leave to-day for the Ohio river.
The Government steamer A. A. Humphreys, from St. Louis with 40,000 rations for the flood sufferers for points below Vicksburg, passed Memphis Monday night at 10 o'clock.
The Sargent Line steamer John F. Halpin arrived from Davis' Bend last night with a good trip. She returns to the Bends to-morrow morning at 10 o'clock and will extend her trip to Tallulah, (La.) going through Roundaway and Brushy Bayous. John Quackenbos master.
A scheme is being discussed at Wheeling to prevent further floods at reclaim lands at that point, by turning the channel of the Ohio river over to the Ohio shore on the West side of the island, and filling the present channel with earth from neighboring hills.
Passengers and shippers would do well to bear in mind that the reliable Issaquena will be at the landing receiving to-morrow, and leaves promptly at 5 o'clock for Greenville and all Bend landings. Cap. Marionneaux in command, Steigleman, Hendrickson and Sartorious clerks.
The steamer J. H. Williams, Capt. R. H. Bowman, left from foot of Crawford street at noon with a big railroad freight en route to Tallulah, (La.) by way of the Bend and Roundaway and Brushy Bayou. Warren Kain departed on her to gather up all the cotton seed to be found along the route. This will insure her a good load back.
The elegant and fleet Anchor Line steamer Belle Memphis, Capt. J. H. McKee, Henry Corbyn, Rob't. Flam and Carter Dicks, clerks, arrived from St. Louis yesterday evening with 2,750 packages of freight and a number of people. She is receiving at the Elevator and will leave to morrow morning at 11 o'clock for Arkansas City, Helena, Memphis, Cairo and St. Louis,
The magnificient and fleet Jno. W. Cannon is due up from New Orleans to-morrow en route to Greenville. She will be down again Saturday morning early en route to New Orleans. The Cannon is now extending her trips to Greenville in place of the J. M. White, laid up on account of high water. The Cannon will no doubt make a big impression upon the people between here and Greenville, as she is second to no boat ever built for the Mississippi river trade in point of beauty, speed and comfort. Capt. Wm. Campbell is her experienced and popular commander, Will Cannon, after whose father the boat is named, is her clever, efficient clerk, and Ovid Bell is her second clerk.

CLIPPINGS.

Times-Democrat, 31st: There was a quiet little meeting at the St. Charles Hotel yesterday, from which more than likely good results will follow. If they do, one of the most bitter and disastrous steamboat fights of the season will have ended.
The petition for a signal service gauge at Delaware, and also a request for the establishment of one at Helena, has been forwarded to Congressman King at Washington.
The Natchez has brought this season 67105 bales of cotton, 94 bags of seed cotton, 84,870 sacks of seed cotton, 3,749 sacks of oil cake, 11,351 sacks of cotton seed meal, 25,75 barrels cotton seed oil, 9,689 staves, 10,001 sacks of rough rice.

The Way of the World.

There sat a crow on a lofty tree,
Watching the world go by;
He saw a throng that went along
With laughter loud and high.
"In and out through the motley rout"
Pale ghosts stole on unseen,
There hearts were longing for one sweet word
Of love that once had been.
But never a lip there spoke their names,
Never a tear was shed;
The crow looked down from his lofty tree,
"'Tis the way of the world," he said.

A singer stood in the market-place.
Singing a tender lay,
But no one heeded his sorrowful face,
No one had time to stay.
He turned away: he sang no more;
How could he sing in vain?
And then the world came to his door,
Bidding him sing again.
But he recked not whether they came or went,
He in his garret dead.
The crow looked down from his lofty tree
"'Tis the way of the world," he said.

There sat a queen by a cottage bed,
Spake to the widow there;
Did she not know the same hard blow
That pierced her heart to bear?
And she kissed that humble peasant's brow,
And then she bent her knee:
"God of the widow, help her now,
As Thou hast helped me."
As he sped from his lofty bough;
In the way of the world, I trow."

CANED.

Gen. Fitzgerald Serenaded and Presented with a Gold-headed Cane.

A Pleasant Occasion—The Speeches.

One of the most pleasant and memorable events ever known in the history or Vicksburg, took place Monday night at the beautiful residence of Mr. W. H. Stowers, on Cherry street, when Gen. Wm. F. Fitzgerald, on his last night in the city previous to his departure to assume the duties of Associate Justice of Arizona, was serenaded and presented with an elegant gold-headed cane. At 8 o'clock a selection by the Firemen's Silver Cornet Band, in front of Mr. Stowers' residence, began the ceremonies. The crowd of Gen. Fitzgerald's friends and the members of the Band were then invited into the spacious parlors, where Mr. Pat. Henry delivered the cane with the following neat speech:

"General Fitzgerald: We have called upon you this evening to express to you our regard for you as an officer and gentleman, and our love for you as a friend. We bring with us this present as a small memento of our esteem, and that we may better show by action than words our token of regard for you. You leave us, dear General, but let me assure you no one ever left the historic city of Vicksburg with a better record, and demanding higher esteem from men, women, children, and the public at large than yourself. May your future be as bright as your expectations and our hopes, and when in new fields of duty and labor you look at this our token, may you remember the donors with as pleasant recollections as I hope you do in the past and present. Yes, you go from us and will be claimed as a citizen of another State. We give you up as a citizen, but the grand old State of Mississippi will ever claim you as her son. It matters not in what climes you roam, nor what be your fortune; if successful we will be proud of you, if unsuccessful we will weep for you. Come weal or woe, you and your family will ever have a resting place in the hearts of your countrymen, a home beneath our roofs, and our hearths will be gladdened with your presence. Again, Judge, wishing you all the glory you so well deserve, I present you with this our token of esteem and admiration."

Taking the token of the friendship and esteem of Vicksburg's citizens, Gen. Fitzgerald delivered the following short impromptu speech:

Mr. Henry and fellow-citizens: When I assure you that beside this occasion every other one in my life sinks into insignificance, and that it is the proudest and will be the most memorable of my life, I do not possibly express the gratitude I feel. When I came to Vicksburg in 1876, a comparative stranger, I received a warm welcome from the citizens, the people, high and low, and without regard to condition or politics, welcoming me warmly, and my success in life, such as it may have been, dates from the day I made Vicksburg my home. I accept this token of your friendship and favor with thanks. It shall be a valued heirloom in my family, and my children shall be taught that it represents the friendship and favor of the citizens of Vicksburg. To-morrow, with my little family about me, I take my departure for my far-off Western home, where I will ever remember this occasion. Around me is gathered intelligent citizens of this city, whose friendship and esteem are highly valued by me. It is said that "the lips move not when the heart feels most," and this must be my apology for so poor a speech. Again thanking you, gentlemen, I will close my remarks.

At the conclusion of Gen. Fitzgerald's remarks the party repaired to the dining hall, where sparkling wine and an elegant collation was partaken of. Mr. Chas. E. Cash then spoke as follows in behalf of the Firemen's Silver Cornet Band:

"Judge Fitzgerald: We have assembled here upon the eve of your departure from our midst to echo the sad words of farewell, and wish you prosperity in your new and future home. You were born in this State, and among its people you have always lived; you are bound to them and they to you by all the cords that make life dear. More than once you have been placed in a position of honor, trust and profit; these you have filled with credit to yourself and credit to the State of Mississippi. But a man of learning, eloquence and ability, like the pure air of heaven which we breathe, cannot be confined in narrow bounds, and possessed of these as you are, they have been recognized by the highest executive tribunal of this great country, and in consideration thereof the Hon. Chester A. Arthur, President of the United States of America, has seen proper to appoint you to one of the highest and most honorable positions among men, that of Judge of the United States Court—a position that implies in the eye of the law a superiority of parts and abilities, and is always filled by men who are able to exercise the duties and responsibilities that devolve upon them. Some of the greatest men of this country have left records of wisdom, eloquence and learning that will long dwell in the hearts of the American people, while their spirits have sunk in the sleep of immortality, not envying the fame of Shakespeare, Burns, but with a full consciousness that they will be rewarded by the approving smiles of Providence, which the archives of blood and carnage will look for but in vain throughout the midst of an endless eternity. Your appointment, Judge, is a credit to our community and an honor to the State of Mississippi. What is our loss will be Arizona's gain, and to her people we commend you as one who is worthy of all the honors that can be bestowed upon a scholar and a gentleman; and to Mr. Stowers we say, yet fill a position in the hall made illustrious by John Jay, Salmon P. Chase, John Marshall, Roger B. Taney and others. In conclusion, let me assure you, Judge, that the Firemen's Silver Cornet Band wishes you both success and prosperity. May the dark clouds of adversity never overcast your sky, but may the sun of prosperity ever shine upon you, and at the close of your earthly career may you receive the welcome plaudit, 'Well done, thou good and faithful servant.'"

COMMISSIONER'S SALE.

GEORGE T. HARDY, Commissioner of Chancery Court of Warren county, Mississippi, in vacation of Lizzie C. Forstall vs. Wm. E. Wilson, numbered 1554 on the docket of said Court, will, on Thursday, April 3, 1884, at the east door of the Court-house, in Vicksburg, Miss., between the hours of 10 a.m. and 3 p.m. sell at public auction, for cash in hand, to the highest bidder, the following real estate situated in said county and State, to-wit: An undivided one-sixth interest in and to lot 4, section 5, township 15, range 4, east; which said 440 acres embraces all of said section except 80 acres off the north end of said section, and also an undivided half interest in section 16, township 15, range 4, east.
1224w GEO. T. HARDY, Commissioner.

JOHN R. CURPHEY, JAMES MUNDY.
CURPHEY & MUNDY,
CONTRACTORS AND MANUFACTURERS OF
SASH, DOORS, BLINDS and MOULDINGS,
Of which we keep a full supply, and will sell at prices to suit the times, and are favorably with other points. Orders by mail or otherwise promptly attended to. may4

STEAMBO

CHEAP COLUMN.

WANTED.

WANTED.—SCHOOLS! TEACHERS!! Schools in need of competent teachers, and teachers in search of situations should address the Central Educational Bureau. R. K. JAYNE, Secretary. sp2 Jackson, Miss.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—New Cottage in good neighborhood, containing 3 rooms with hall and gallery, kitchen, stable and garden. Lot 150x150 feet, all under new fence. Apply at this office. m25

FOR SALE.—A cottage residence on East avenue, containing four rooms 18x20, hall 12 feet, kitchen, fine cistern and fine orchard; lot 64x132 feet. Apply to R. P. WILSON, on premises. m28

FOR SALE—The LOT on the northeast corner of Cherry and Grove sts. Apply to THOMAS MOUNT. mh19

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT.—A cottage containing three rooms and a kitchen, across from J. W. Vick's. Apply on the premises. m31

FOR RENT—Nice house with three rooms, kitchen, good cistern and yard; possession given April 6th. Apply to JOS. SPENGLER, Cherry street crossing. m31-1w

FOR SALE OR RENT—60 Acres good land, one and a half miles from town, with plenty of wood and water. Apply at this office, or to R. P. WILSON, Vicksburg, Miss. m24-2w

FOR RENT—Three rooms and a small kitchen. Large yard and good cistern. Twelve dollars per month. Apply at this office. mh26

THE SATISFACTION

Of sitting under one's own vine and fig tree pays the largest dividend of any investment. It is the best kind of life insurance. It is the best medicine in sickness. It enables a man to die easier, and robs death of one of the principal terrors to know that the loved ones we must leave behind us have a roof of their own over their heads which cannot be taken from them.

If you cannot buy a house and lot, you can at least make a commencement by investing $25 in a lot in Speed's Addition, and pay the balance in $5 monthly installments. No better opportunity to buy a home or to make a safe investment in Vicksburg is likely to occur than that now presented by the unprecedented terms upon which these lots are sold. sep1

LOCAL ITEMS.

MR. CHAS. TODD, of Davis Bend, is in the city.

THE serenader was out in all his glory last night.

MR. D. MCMILLAN, of Ann Arbor Mich., is in the city.

WE are happy to note that Mr. Thos. Rigby is again convalescent.

CHIEF GILL will inspect the cisterns to-morrow, assisted by First Assistant Priel.

THE Constitution Fire Company will hold a meeting to-night and elect their officers.

HON. JEFF DAVIS, Ex-President of the Confederate States, is in the city to-day.

R. E. LEE LODGE No. 1, K. of P., meet at 8 o'clock to-night for work in the second rank.

COL. FRED LOYD'S P. Line carried off the stakes at New Orleans yesterday in the "Owners Handicap."

COL. J. S. HAMILTON, of Jackson, passed through this city last night en route home from Greenville.

MR. HENRY DUFFIN, of the firm of Duffin & Bro., levee contractors, arrived in the city yesterday from Longwood levee.

THE election of Mr. Frank J. Fisher as Foreman of the Washington Fire Company, was a deserved compliment to a good fireman.

MRS. A. C. CLARKE with her son Edgar, left on the steamer Thomas Sherlock to-day for Newburg, Indiana, on a visit to her daughter Mrs. R. H. Williams.

MR. R. L. LIPSCOMB, late of Refuge, has resigned his position in Col. Ed. Richardson's store at that place, and passed through this city last night for Danville, Va., his former home.

THE Phœnix Fire Company will hold a meeting at their Engine-house to-night, and an election of officers will take place. All members of the Company should be present.

BUFFALO GNATS have been destroying valuable stock by the hundreds in portions of Mississippi. Messrs Hardaway & Cassell, one of the leading drug firms of Vicksburg, have just received a large supply of gnat oil, which is a sure protection to animals from the ravages of the dangerous buffalo gnats.

MR. JOHN W. MUDD, for many years in the tinner department of the firm of T. J. Brennan & Bro., will shortly open a shop of his own; and being a first-class, experienced workman, there is no doubt he will get all the work he can possibly do. He returned a few days since from Port Gibson, having completed a big amount of work there. Mr. Mudd has had a number of very fine offers since the discontinuance of the firm of Tonella and Brennan, but he thinks he can do better by carrying on business for himself, and we have no doubt but he can, as he is A 1 in his line of business.

THE great popularity of Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder is its own best evidence of its worth. Whenever a sweet, white biscuit is wanted, or a light, pot-pie, an elegant cake, or a delicious pudding, Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder should be used, as its purity and uniformity is certain to produce such results. Buy it in the cans securely labeled.

Dr. Mayo.

Monday night, in the presence of a large, cultivated, appreciative and grateful audience, Dr. Mayo delivered the last one of his wonderful lectures. Long will the good Dr. Mayo live in the admiring and appreciative memory of our people for those lectures which he has given us, and for the good he has done us. We would like to hear him every night for a week or a month, is one of the expressions that can be heard on the street regarding him and his lectures.

His utterances find a sympathetic lodgment in the breast, and necessarily induce his hearers to think better towards their fellow-men; and his logic, his argument, his facts, derived and founded on the great truths of human experience, compel us to resolve to make a more earnest struggle to reach the great successes of life.

Dr. Mayo is both logical and entertaining; his true and noble sentiments find a responsive echo in the heart of every good and true man and woman, and his able and instructive lectures may be fitly described in the words of the gifted S. S. Prentiss—"Finding early that mankind, from a petit jury to the highest deliberative assembly, are more influenced by ILLUSTRATION than by argument, I have cultivated my imagination in AID of my understanding." And we believe that the great power of Dr. Mayo consists in ILLUSTRATION.

In the name of Mississippi's most gifted son, we would say to this distinguished stranger upon our shores, "Your philanthropy has embraced in its benevolent grasp the cause of human happiness throughout your country."

At the close of the lecture the following resolutions were unanimously adopted by a rising vote:

Believing it to be only fitting that there should be some public recognition of the great obligation under which Dr. A. D. Mayo has placed the people of Vicksburg by his free lectures on education—most stirring and eloquent discourses upon the nature, methods and value of education, the result of which must be a new, more intelligent, more earnest and active interest on our part in the great work to which he is devoting his life, and upon the successful prosecution of which, more than upon any other one thing, the future prosperity of our country depends; and in this connection, believing that Dr. Mayo, by the new enthusiasm which he has kindled and which he is kindling every where he goes, has done much to cement the foundations of our future greatness, as a city and State, we would offer the following resolutions: That the sincere and heartfelt thanks of the people of Vicksburg be extended to Dr. Mayo for his visit to us; for the kind, encouraging and instructive words he has spoken; and for the new inspiration which he has given to the cause of education in our midst.

It is resolved also, that our thanks are due to the Trustees of the Baptist church for their kindness in allowing us the use of their building.

Signed by the Committee,
W. M. CHAMBERLAIN.
H. T. MOORE.
R. B. SEELYE.

VICKSBURG, MISS., March 31st, 1884.

SLAUGHTERING PRICES!
—IN—
Boots and Shoes
—AT—
FOLEY'S SHOE STORE

English broad toe gaiters, $2.50; London toe, imitation buttoned gaiters, $2.75; Plain box gaiters, $3.00; imitation laced, London toe, sewed gaiter, $3.50; ladies' kid buttoned $3.25, cheap at $4.75; ladies' front laced kid, $2.75, cheap at $4.00; boys' buttoned gaiters, $2.50, cheap at $3.50; youths' buttoned gaiters, double tipped, $2.00, cheap at $3.25.

The chief pride of this house is the superior character of its custom-made work. All orders promptly and carefully attended to. Send for catalogue. 3-15

Gnat Oil.

Save your stock by buying first-class Gnat Oil from
HARDAWAY & CASSELL'S
ap2 Drugstore.

An Old Timer.

At the Phœnix Engine-house is to be found one of the land-marks of the city. "Orphan Boy" was a colt about thirty-five years ago, and was condemned by both armies, and later by the Fire Company, and he is now looked upon as a sort of a pensioner. While the vigor of his colthood days has long been wanting, he is, considering the summers that have passed over him, a remarkably lively animal, and when old white Orphan Boy does peg out he will be missed.

TO CONSUMERS.

Remember, there are seven different styles and quality of "Commodore Parlsot" Cigars.
W. E. BECK,
Sole Proprietor.
j16

Longwood Levee.

The Longwood Levee about which so much has been said and written during the recent high water, is now completed and has been received by the Mississippi Levee Board. This secures that section of the country from overflow so far as that levee is concerned. The firm of Duffin & Bro., who built the Longwood levee, will be here in a few days with their entire outfit.

Harness Oil.

Fine Harness Oil Blacking, $1.50 per gallon. Preserves and saves your harness, leather, etc. at
HARDAWAY & CASSELL'S
ap2 Drugstore.

Iowa Editors.

We received a pleasant call to-day from a number of the members of the Iowa Editorial Association. The Association has been on a trip through the South, but only a small party visited this city, the larger party going by special train from Jackson to Natchez.

The party in the city comprises the following gentlemen and ladies: Mr. Ralph Robinson, of Newton; Mr. W. H. Robb and wife, Creston; Mr. M. Miller, Knoxville; Mr. D. W. Palmer, and Mr. A. Chamberlin and wife, Mr. Geo. T. Williams, Ida Grove, and Mr. D. W. Higbee and wife of Creston.

We regret, in common with the citizens of the city, that we were not earlier informed of their intended visit, as it was impossible that on so short notice they could be entertained as we should have desired. It had been announced that they would not be here, and their visit was almost a surprise. We should be pleased to see the party at any time they can make it convenient to visit us again.

◁READY▷

With a stock of Boys' and Children's Clothing that beats anything in the market. We have marked these at lower prices than ever. Bring the youngsters and see how handsomely we can dress them and for how little money. Orders by mail carefully and promptly filled.
m24 **WARNER & SEARLES.**

Firemen's Anniversary.

The Firemen send out their posters today and to-night North, East, South and West, on all the Railroads and all the steamboats informing the people of the surrounding country what a grand time we are to have on April 23d, and holding forth inducements to bring them here. Vicksburg, through her firemen, proposes to excel herself on the 23d. It is to be a grand gala-day indeed. The steamers of the department are to be rigged up in regal splendor, each one sparing neither money, pains or ingenuity to eclipse the others. The members of each company, old and young, are being roused up and impressed with the great importance of the occasion, and it is now positively certain that the firemen will turn out on that day en masse. A magnificent banquet is being arranged for the firemen and their guests that will surpass anything of the kind ever witnessed here in the past, or that will be probably witnessed again for many years.

Gnat Oil.

Thirty barrels of first-class Gnat Oil at
HARDAWAY & CASSELL'S
ap2 Drugstore.

SUITS TO ORDER,

Ranging from $15, $17.50, $21.50, $25, $30 up to $50. Any gentleman can be pleased in style and fit at 183 Washington street. E. D. Bickley is the man to fit the head, body and pocket of our New South.

WANAMAKER & BROWN,
m26 E. D. BICKLEY, Agent.

Storm at Smith Station.

Yesterday evening a severe wind storm struck Smith Station on the V. & M. railroad, about fourteen miles from here, demolishing two houses and causing great consternation thereabouts. There were three children in one of the houses, who, strange to say, escaped unhurt.

Attention Phœnix Fire Company.

You are hereby notified to attend a regular meeting to-night to elect officers and attend to other business. By order
JOHN AIKEN, Pres't.
W. B. SWORDS, Sec'y pro tem. ap2-1t

BUTTER!

20 Small Tubs Choice, suitable for Families, received this day. [m12] WARE & NORTH.

To the Sisters of Mercy at City Hospital.

VICKSBURG, MISS., April 2, 1884.

Three years ago last January I assumed charge of the City Hospital as its Physician, and at that time was not personally acquainted with you. In March 1881 I moved to the Hospital to reside, and this was brought about mainly through your efforts. From then till the present time I have always found you faithful and zealous in the performance of your duties, and you have rendered my stay at the Hospital so pleasant that I leave it with much regret. Through all the ups and downs of the Hospital, and the many unpleasant remarks, etc., made by some of the envious and jealous people of this city, the storm has been weathered, and the record of the Hospital to-day is better, I believe, than at any time in its history. This is due in a great measure to your untiring efforts in the behalf of suffering and afflicted humanity, without the hope of pay or reward in this world, except such as comes from the consciousness of duty well and faithfully performed, and the reward after this life of "Well done thou good and faithful servant, etc."

I feel that I am under many obligations to you for your kindness to me, and trust that you may be spared many years of usefulness, and invoke the blessing of heaven to this end.

I hope all things will be agreeable under the new management, knowing you are always ready and willing to assist in relieving the sick and needy who may merit your attention.

Very Respectfully,
W. T. BALFOUR, M. D.

Pink Tea Party.

On next Friday evening at the spacious hospitable residence of Mrs. Mary T. Klein, the Methodist ladies will have a new, novel and charming entertainment, a "Pink Tea Party" by name. This writer is not versed in the deep and intricate science, nor does he possess any technical knowledge of "Pink Tea Parties," but he presumes that it will be something good.

In addition to "Pink Tea," with variations, there will also be a varied programme of songs, etc.—refreshments in abundance, ices, sweet-meats, confections, substantials, flowers, girls, and a variety of things to please and entertain will be there.

The Washington's.

A large and enthusiastic meeting of the members of the Washington Fire Company was held at their hall last night. Officers for the ensuing year were elected as follows:

President, H. Jackson; Treasurer, J. M. A. Brennan; Secretary, Ed. Hill; Foreman, Frank J. Fisher; Assistants, J. B. Smith and Joe. Ryan; Company Marshal, H. C. David; Engineer, Jake Voelkle; Driver, Henry Phelan.

A resolution offered by Mr. Fred. Loyd that the President's Chair be draped in honor of the late C. J. Edwards was passed.

Bon Ton Market.

Choice fresh Vegetables received daily, at Ed. W. PSOWDEN, Jr., Levee street, op. north end of Wharf-boat. [mr31-1wk]

Mortuary List.

Mr. J. Q. Arnold, City Sexton, has furnished us with the following list of deaths ending Monday, March 31st.

March 25th—Fred. Guider, 30 years and 4 months, typhoid pneumonia.

March 27th—Ida White, colored, 2 years, disease of the brain; infant child of Anna Reeds, colored, three days.

March 28th—Ellen Toohey, 7 years, 6 months and 27 days, pneumonia.

March 30th—Geo. Johnson, colored, 21 years, small-pox, at the pest house; Georgiana Banks, 5 years, from effects of burns.

March 31—Louisa Head, colored, 50 years; David Jackson, colored, 8 weeks.

Colored Masons.

T. W. STRINGER, Most Worshipful Grand Master of Stringer Grand Lodge, A. F. and A. M. of Mississippi, has appointed Mr. Thos. M. Broadwaters, P. M. of Stringer Lodge No. 1, to be district Deputy Grand Master for the district of Warren, Claiborne, Jefferson and Franklin counties. It is the duty of the deputy to see that the work of the Order is correctly communicated to those entitled to receive it, and to see that the laws are strictly enforced in the district. [mr28-1w]

Fast Time—The Iowa Editors.

The time made by the train that took the Iowa press excursionists from New Orleans to Mobile yesterday, was something for our Northwestern confreres to remember for a lifetime. It is hardly probable that any of them will again experience the luxury of riding at the rate of a mile in seventeen-seventieths of a minute. The entire trip of 141 miles was made in 3 hours and 19 minutes running time. It is well to "speed the parting guest," but our Iowa friends must not dream that we were in haste to get rid of them. They had seen our old city and its charming environs, enjoyed a few days in an air breathing the odors of the orange and the rose, and the exhalations of the street department; had viewed the mighty Mississippi in its terrible rage, and had made the acquaintance of the high-toned newspaper people of New Orleans. All had done their best to make their visit delightful and memorable, as we thought, but the railroad men took them in hand and as an act of courtesy, exhibited the capabilities of a Southern road. The press of Iowa can report a wide-awake set of business men at this end of the Mississippi, and when our late visitors return to visit the Exposition, we trust that they may witness many new signs of life and progress here.—N. O. States, 1st.

R. F. BECK, President, THOS. MOUNT, Vice-President.
JNO. F. HALPIN, Secretary. W. O. WORRELL, Treasurer.

VICKSBURG
Building Association

STOCK IN THIS SOLID HOME INSTITUTION

PAYS BETTER THAN A SAVINGS BANK

AND ITS INVESTMENTS ARE

Fully Secured by Mortgages on Real Estate.

Now is the time to subscribe. You cannot lose anything and you are certain to make a handsome profit.

The cost of Stock is $1 per month on each Share.

Ten shares of Stock in about eight years will be worth $1,700
The ten shares in eight years will have cost 960
Making a profit, on an investment averaging four years, of $740
Which is equal to 77 per cent. or 19¼ per cent. per annum.

The Association Cashes its Stock at any Time According to Equitable Rules

Persons having small amounts monthly to spare, say from $1 to $15, cannot do better than invest in this stock.

Capitalists will find it a profitable investment, realizing 18 to 20 per cent. per annum.

Property owners will increase the value of their property by subscribing to its stock, for it frees its funds to actual builders, and every new house built increases the value of property in its neighborhood.

Persons of moderate means who desire to build houses can borrow the money from the Association and pay it back in

MONTHLY PAYMENTS

Not Greater than the Usual Amounts Paid for Rent.

Books of Subscription to the Twelfth Series of Stock are now open at the office of the Secretary.

BLANKS'
Southern Photographic Gallery.

CLAY STREET, OVER EXPRESS OFFICE, VICKSBURG, MISS.

STRICTLY FIRST-CLASS PHOTOGRAPHS of all sizes and styles. Old pictures copied and enlarged to any size desired.

INSTANTANEOUS PICTURES TAKEN AT THIS GALLERY
Post Office Box 191.

JOHN B. CLARK. D. S. WRIGHT

CLARKE & CO.

WE invite your attention and solicit your inspection, as we feel assured that you will find it to your interest to do so before buying elsewhere. We buy direct from the manufacturers and first hands, consequently we will duplicate prices of North, South or West.

Our Line of Blank Books

Embraces Day Books, Journals, Ledgers, Cash Books, full and half bound; Draft, Note, Order and Receipt Books, Pass and Memorandum Books, Monthly and Weekly Time Books, Invoice and Bill Books, and all kinds and sizes of blank books.

Also Letter Paper, Bill and Account Paper, Envelopes, Inks, Pens, Pencils, etc.

Our Book Department.

We have a large assortment of School Books, Medical, Scientific, Law and Miscellaneous Books, also all the New Books as issued. Our

Fancy Goods Departm't

Offers an elegant variety goods. Birthday and Congratulation Cards in large assortment.

Ladies' Stationery.

Our assortment is always large and in latest shades, shapes and kinds.

Artists' Materials.

Includes Oil, Water and China Painting Materials of every description, Brushes, Canvass, Plaques and Panels of all kinds, Also Art Novelties for Decoration.

Musical Instruments

Includes Pianos, Organs, Guitars, Banjos, Accordions, etc. Italian and German strings for different kinds of instruments. Agents for Decker Bros. Pianos and Mason & Hamlin Organs.

Headquarters for Wall Paper, Fixtures, Frames, Mouldings, &c. All the Chromo Libraries, both old and new issues. Newspapers, Magazines, New Publications received daily.

All orders or communications per mail, boat or otherwise answered with promptness, and satisfaction guaranteed. Send for Price List and Catalogue.

CLARKE & CO.

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Booksellers, Stationers and Music Dealers

BLUE FRONT BOOK STORE, 149 WASHINGTON ST., VICKSBURG.

A TRIUMPH OF SKILL.
Dr. Price's SPECIAL
FLAVORING EXTRACTS

Prepared from Select Fruits that yield the finest Flavors. Have been used for years. Become The Standard Flavoring Extracts. None of Greater Strength. None of such Perfect Purity. Always certain to impart to Cakes, Puddings, Sauces, the natural Flavor of the Fruit.

MANUFACTURED BY
STEELE & PRICE,
Chicago, Ill., and St. Louis, Mo.,
Bakers of Lepaulin Yeast Gems, Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder, Dr. Price's Delicate Flavoring Extracts.
WE MAKE NO SECOND GRADE GOODS.

HENRY COLLEGE LOTTERY

$30,000 FOR $2.

8th Regular Monthly Drawing will take place in Covington, Kentucky

THURSDAY, APRIL 24, 1884,

A Lawful Lottery and Fair Drawings, chartered by the Legislature of Ky. and twice declared legal by the highest Court in the State. Bond given to Henry County in the sum of $100,000 for the prompt payment of all prizes sold.

April Scheme.

1 Prize,	$30,000
1 Prize,	10,000
1 Prize,	5,000
2 Prizes, $2,500 each,	5,000
5 Prizes, 1,000 each,	5,000
20 Prizes, 500 each,	10,000
100 Prizes, 100 each,	10,000
200 Prizes, 50 each,	10,000
500 Prizes, 20 each,	10,000
1000 Prizes, 10 each,	10,000
9 Prizes, $300 each, Approximation	2,700
9 Prizes, 200 each, "	1,800
9 Prizes, 100 each, "	900
1,837 Prizes,	$110,400
Whole Tickets, $2. Half Tickets, $1.	
27 Tickets, $50. 55 Tickets, $100.	

Remit money, Postal Note or Bank Draft in Letter, or send by Express. Orders of $5 and upwards by express, can be sent C. O. D. subject to examination. Address all orders to H. SPENCER, Covington, Ky. [30-ew

CITATION NOTICE.
STATE OF MISSISSIPPI, WARREN COUNTY, } CHANCERY COURT.

Chas. Hutcherson, Complainant, vs. Amanda Thomas Hutcherson, Defendant.
The State of Mississippi to Amanda Thomas, Defendant:

YOU are commanded to appear before the Chancery Court of the county of Warren in said State, on the first Monday of May, 1884, to defend the suit, in said Court, of Chas. Hutcherson, wherein you are a defendant.

Witness my hand and seal of said Court, this, the 27th day of March A. D. 1884.
[SEAL] JAS. HARDY, Clerk.
WM. W. FOSTER, D. C.
BISHOP & BISHOP,
mr28-4w Solicitors for Complainant.

TO CONTRACTORS.

THE BOARD WILL LET OUT THE building of two small bridges on the Yazoo Valley road, one near Spott's Springs, and one at Chickasaw Bayou, according to specifications in clerk's office; and will be let out to lowest cash bidder at Mr. H. Jones' office, Saturday the 5th day of April, 1884, on the ground.
By order of
H. ARTHUR, President.
March 10, 1884. mch10-4t

PLANTATION LOANS

On the Installment Plan, Negotiated by

Francis Smith & Co.,

S. W. corner Washington and Crawford streets, Vicksburg, Miss.

No Cotton Required

Planters should not make loans until they have investigated our plan and rates.

WE HAVE NO AGENTS.
dec10

FRUIT AND ORNAMENTAL
TREES

ROSES and Green-House Plants by the MILLION at the

GREGORY NURSERY

Grove Street, Vicksburg, P. O.
d22 THOMPSON & GREGORY, Props.

WINCHESTER RIFLE

AT WHOLESALE
$4.100, $8.100, and $3.10, kept in stock
—BY—
LOUIS HOFFMAN
Gun Repairing Promptly Done.

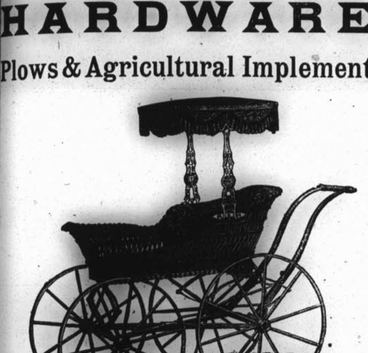
The Vicksburg Evening Post.

VOLUME II. VICKSBURG, MISSISSIPPI. THURSDAY, APRIL 3, 1884. NUMBER 81

VICKSBURG BANK.

EDWARD S. BUTTS, President. Established Nov. 12, 1866.
R. C. KUYKENDALL, Vice-Pres.
JAMES P. ROACH, Cashier. Incorporated Mar. 4, 1878.
Transacts a General Banking Business.
CHARTER PERPETUAL.
New York Correspondent, - - - National Park Bank.
New Orleans Correspondent, - - - State National Bank.
may4

HARDWARE,
Plows & Agricultural Implements



LEE RICHARDSON & CO.

T. J. HANES, J. W. HANES.

HANES BROS.,
Successors to D. R. SMARR & CO.,
Auction and Commission Merchants,
206 WASHINGTON STREET, VICKSBURG.
Consignments solicited. Prompt returns and satisfaction guaranteed. feb22

EASTER!

We have now on exhibition at our store the finest and most extensive line of

EASTER CARDS

EVER BROUGHT TO THIS CITY,

—COMPRISING AN ELEGANT LINE OF—

Imported Satin Easter Cards.
L. Prang & Co.'s Easter Art Prints on Satin.
Evans, Plummer & Co.'s Easter Souvenirs in Silk, Satin and Plush.
Easter Cards from 5 cents to $15.00 each.
An elegant line of Birthday and Wedding Congratulation Cards.

J. F. BAUM & CO.,

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Books, Stationery, Music and Fancy Goods,

171 WASHINGTON STREET, VICKSBURG.

C. C. REYNOLDS. E. A. NEELY.

C. C. REYNOLDS & CO.
Wholesale and Retail Druggists

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White Lead, Mixed Paints, Linseed Oil, Lard Oil, Gnat Oil, Turpentine, Putty and Glassware, Patent Medicines, Sponges, Hair Brushes, Perfumery, Toilet Articles of Every Description. Garden and Flower Seeds.

AGENTS FOR HUMPHREY'S HOMŒOPATHIC MEDICINES. ja4

T. C. CATCHINGS, Attorney-General of Mississippi. MARYE DABNEY, late of Edwards, Miss.

CATCHINGS & DABNEY,
Attorneys-at-Law,
VICKSBURG, MISS.

PERSONAL attention will be given to all business entrusted to them in Warren and Hinds counties, and in the State and Federal Courts at Jackson. m14-1m

J. S. MORRIS,
Attorney-at-Law
VICKSBURG, MISS.
Will practice in the various Courts of Warren, Claiborne, Jefferson and Issaquena counties, the Federal and State Courts at Jackson. mch7

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

[Special to THE EVENING POST.]

MARKET REPORTS.

LIVERPOOL, April 3.—Spots: Uplands 6 1-16d; Orleans 6 5-16d.

NEW YORK, April 3, noon.—Spots firm. Middling, 11 9-16.

NEW ORLEANS, April 3, noon.—Cotton firm. Middling, 11¼.

ST. LOUIS, April 3.—Clear ribs, 8.70; Lard, 85; Pork, $17.20.

CHICAGO, April 3.—May options Wheat 3 cents lower; Corn 1 cent lower; Pork $1 lower.

Condition of the Rivers.

NEW ORLEANS, LA., April 2.—The lower Missouri and upper Mississippi rivers will rise slowly. The lower Mississippi will remain about stationary. The Tennessee, Cumberland, Ohio and Arkansas rivers will fall. The river at St. Louis is 25 feet 2 inches and risen 8 inches; at Cairo, 47 feet 6 inches and fallen 5 inches; at Memphis, 34 feet and risen 2 inches; at Nashville, 16 feet 6 inches and fallen 8 feet 1 inch; at Little Rock, 9 feet and fallen 5 inches; at Chattanooga, 10 feet 7 inches and fallen 11 inches; at Vicksburg, 47 feet 6 inches and fallen two inches.

The Steamer J. H. Williams.

TALLULAH, LA., April 3.—The steamer J. H. Williams arrived at 12 o'clock, and will leave for Vicksburg at 2 p.m. All well on board.

R. H. BOWMAN, Master.

Memphis River Report.

MEMPHIS, TENN., April 3.—The river is rising. Nothing down.

The Queen's Response to the President's Sympathy.

WASHINGTON, April 2.—The Secretary of State received the following telegram from Minister Lowell:

"I received from Sir Henry Ponsonby, last evening, a telegram in these words: The Queen commands me to ask you to assure the President of the United States that her Majesty is deeply touched by the expressions of sympathy he has forwarded through you and thanks him sincerely for his kind words of condolence."

Its Political Lesson—The Municipal Reform Association.

CINCINNATI, OHIO, April 2.—The Municipal Reform Association, composed of citizens of all parties, issued a manifesto to the voters of the city stating that they believe the occurrences of the past few days more than ever demand the severing of party politics and municipal Government, and also stating that they place in nomination for the various offices to be filled at the approaching municipal election men of irreproachable integrity and undoubted qualifications for positions, who have consented to accept the nominations merely from consideration of public duty. They are selected without regard to political views, and all good citizens are called upon to unite with the association in their attempts to place pure and reliable men in charge of the city government. The association has determined to call a mass meeting at Music Hall soon, to ratify their ticket.

WASHINGTON.

Payne and Tilden and the Presidency—Mr. Bayard Prefers the Tariff Bill to Democratic Success.

[Special to the Picayune.]

WASHINGTON, April 1.—The moves on the political chess board are becoming every day more and more interesting. The alleged candidacy of Henry B. Payne, of Ohio, and of Mr. Tilden, have been the leading topics of the press for a month past. In the meantime, the friends of Mr. Payne who are thoroughly in his confidence, have stated privately that he was not a candidate for the Presidential nomination, and would not allow his name to be used.

The latest information on this subject comes from Dr. Morrison Munford, proprietor of the Kansas City Times, who has recently visited New York, where he saw Col. Oliver H. Payne, a son of Mr. Henry B. Payne, and also Mr. Tilden. Dr. Munford telegraphed to-night a special dispatch to the Times wherein, by authority and at the request of Col. Oliver H. Payne, he makes a formal announcement that under no condition of circumstances will his father (the Hon. Henry B. Payne) either be a candidate for the Presidential nomination or if nominated accept the honor. Col. Payne directs the statement that this conclusion has been reached after mature consideration and is positive, unequivocal and unalterable.

Dr. Munford states, after seeing Mr. Tilden, that his condition is such as to render it utterly impossible for him to become a candidate, and that it is an absurdity to consider him in that connection.

An interview with Hon. Thos. F. Bayard appears in the New York World. Mr. Bayard expresses his sympathy with Mr. Morrison in his tariff fight, and endorses the Morrison tariff bill. On being asked if he would be in favor of going ahead upon this issue of revenue reform even if certain that such a course would result in the defeat of the party, Mr. Bayard replied most assuredly he would.

THE Headlight got away early last night for Sunflower with a fine trip. She was delayed after her regular hour of leaving, taken on a big lot of freight at the dinvates.

ATTEMPTED MURDER.

The Proprietor of a Trading Boat Attacked for the Purpose of Robbery.

One of the most deliberate cases of attempted murder, showing a premeditated prearranged plan on the part of two villains, occured at 8:30 o'clock last night, on a little trading boat lying in Centennial Lake, just below Lavins Landing.

Learning of the affair, a POST reporter this morning wended his way to the scene of the difficulty. A little blue boat, moored at the mouth of Glass bayou, was pointed out as the one in question. Boarding her and making his mission known the POST man received from the wounded man the full particulars of the affair which are as follows:

The Schwartz Brothers own the boat, and carry on the business of gun-dealers and repairers. Yesterday a negro, known as George Moore, came on the boat. He had been aboard the craft several times, and yesterday he availed himself of the hospitalities of the Schwartz brothers, and took dinner on the boat. At 8:30 in the evening he returned with another negro, and under pretext of examining some revolvers with the intention of buying, they each got possession of one. Mr. Rudolph Schwartz, the wounded man, was standing behind a counter waiting on them, when, without a word or sign, the villain Moore held a revolver full in his face and fired. Hastily dodging when he saw the revolver pointed toward him Mr. Schwartz was struck just above the right eye. The ball glanced, and the wound it caused was slight. The negro fired again, the ball lodging in the counter. The other negro then fired, the ball striking Mr. Schwartz high in the right breast, struck the collar bone and glanced downward, and was cut out about four inches below where it entered.

The negroes then became alarmed and fled from the boat, and the wounded man made his way to a drug-store, where a doctor was found and his wounds were dressed. So far nothing has been seen or heard of the villians who did the deed. No punishment could be too severe for them, and we hope to be able to state to-morrow that they are captured, as the police are working up the matter.

Mr. Schwartz is doing well. His wounds, though not serious are very painful.

In Behalf of the Militia.

There has been so much said about the recklessness and unnecessary shooting done by the militia, that the men should at least have their side of the story told.

A Commercial Gazette man saw Colonel Hunt and Colonel Freeman, of Columbus, standing together behind the barricade at Ninth and Sycamore streets, and accosted them, asking about the condition of affairs, and who was in command.

Colonel Freeman did not care to say what company the men belonged to, or who the officers in charge were. He said the people were being excited against the militia, and it could do no good to let them know what men were in the different positions; for if the fighting at any one barricade was very bloody, they would be very bitter against those men, and watch for an opportunity for revenge on them. He turned to Colonel Hunt, who agreed, and said that one of his officers had been mobbed.

Colonel Freeman thought some of the newspapers had done a great wrong in pretending that the mob was harmless, and that the militia had been guilty of unnecessary murder.

"The reports," he said, would make one believe that the troops had fired on the mob without any cause. But I tell you that my Lieutenant Colonel, Leggett, Captain Slack and six men, were wounded before we fired a shot."

"They were not shot, were they?" asked the reporter, who thought they had probably been struck by stones thrown by the mob.

"If you had seen how they looked, you'd think so," answered the Colonel.

Col. Hunt said the same was the case with his men, when they shot Friday night. He said the soldiers had done their duty bravely and with coolness for citizen soldiers.—Cincinnati Commercial-Gazette, 31st.

SEED POTATOES.

150 barrels choice Russets.
100 barrels choice Early Rose.
100 barrels choice Peerless.
30 barrels choice Burbanks.
On consignment for sale, low.
f23-1m **WARE & NORTH.**

THE remains of Ah Sam the Chinese cook of the Jeannette, after having been brought some 15,000 miles from the mouth of the Lena River to New York, are now to be sent home to China, some 13,000 miles further. The whole distance that will have been traved by the corpse when it reaches China is estimated at over 28,000 miles, or more than the distance around the globe.

MISS ADDIE FLETCHER,
Fashionable Dressmaker.

Orders from the country solicited. Satisfaction given.
PRICES MODERATE.
162 Washington Street,
ja28 **Vicksburg, Miss.**

As soon as Mississippi gets comfortably fixed in the position she occupied before the war, as a cotton-raising State, people will be the wealthiest and most independent men on the face of the earth.—Aberdeen Examiner.

Hazlehurst, Miss.

[Special to the Times-Democrat.]

HAZLEHURST, MISS., April 1.—The following telegram was sent from here to-day:

Hon. G. F. Hoar or Hon. John Sherman, U. S. Senate, Washington, D. C.:

Cincinnati wants to shake hands with Copiah; please investigate before we shake. COPIAH COUNTY.

Gnat Oil.

Thirty barrels of first-class Gnat Oil at
HARDAWAY & CASSELL'S
ap2 Drugstore.

A Waterproof Match.

An officer of the British army has patented a waterproof match, specimens of which have ignited readily after having been wrapped in a damp rag for twenty-four hours. This is accomplished by coating the phosphorized end of the match with solid paraffine, which, while it protects from slow oxidation, being perfectly impervious to water, does not in the slightest degree interfere with the real inflammability of the match.—New York Mail.

SLAUGHTERING PRICES!
—IN—
Boots and Shoes
—AT—
FOLEY'S SHOE STORE

English broad toe gaiters, $2.50; London toe, imitation buttoned gaiters, $2.75; Plain box gaiters, $3.00; imitation laced, London toe, sewed gaiter, $3.50; ladies' kid buttoned $3.25, cheap at $4.75; ladies' front laced kid, $2.75, cheap at $4.00; boys' buttoned gaiters, $2.50, cheap at $3.50; youths' buttoned gaiters, double tipped, $2.00, cheap at $3.25.

The chief pride of this house is the superior character of its custom-made work. All orders promptly and carefully attended to. Send for catalogue. 3-15

Gnat Oil.

Save your stock by buying first-class Gnat Oil from
HARDAWAY & CASSELL'S
ap2 Drugstore.

Just Received

25 tubs choice butter.
10 barrels choice turnips.
5 barrels choice beets.
5 barrels choice rutabagas.
1000 heads choice cabbages.
All kinds of vegetables at
JOSEPH EHRBERT.
ap3 Cor. Walnut and Jackson Street.

VICKSBURG
Soap Works,
—ON—
GLASS BAYOU AND CHERRY ST.
VICKSBURG, MISS.

Highest Cash Price paid for Tallow and Grease.
Address all orders to
ap3 **W. O. WORRELL.**

ANNOUNCEMENT.

TO THE PUBLIC
—OF—
SWITZER, NEWWITTER & CO.,

Will posively occupy their
New Dry Goods Store!
133 WASHINGTON STREET,
—ON—
SATURDAY, MARCH 15th,

And be ready to serve their many customers with an entire
New Spring Stock.

Ladies should remember that we will open our new
SPRING DRESS GOODS

In our New Building, 133 Washington street, on Saturday, March 15th.
Spring Stock of Ladies' and Children's
Hosiery, Handkerchiefs, Neckwear.
—NOVELTIES IN—
FANCY DRESS GOODS!
New Zephyr Ginghams,
Sateens, Foulards
—AND—
Handsome Dress Goods
—To arrive this week for—
SWITZER, NEWWITTER & CO.,
REMEMBER THAT ON
Saturday, March 15th
We will remove to our
◁NEW STORE,▷

THE EVENING POST

PUBLISHED BY
J. G. CASHMAN & CO.,
Washington St., Vicksburg, Miss.

The Evening Post.

VICKSBURG, MISS., APRIL 3, 1884.

THE Supreme Court will adjourn on Saturday next for the term. The April term will begin on Monday, April 7, 1884.—Clarion.

IT is astonishing to see how some of the Southern Bourbon journals want the Cincinnati riot investigated by Congress, and at the same time acknowledge that great good will be likely to ensue to the whole country from the riot.

THE Philadelphia Times says: Chairman Morrison has had his caucus, called for by Watterson's magnificent flourish of the free trade party whip, and the result may be summed up by the single statement, that he has finally got the party sately housed in the political hospital.

WHEN the railroads enjoin the Commissioners, which will be done very soon, will those officials draw their salaries for doing nothing? If they do, a tempest will follow that will be fearful. We shall see what we shall see.—State Ledger.

NO MAN was ever elected President of these United States on a "revenue only" or a free trade platform, and from the remarkable increase in the growth of diversified industries, it will probably be a long time before any will be elected President on such a platform.—Nashville American, Dem.

A FRIEND has complimented THE POST by stating that Senator George's remarks on the "dead past" and the "living present" read just like editorials that have appeared in our columns from time to time during the past twelve months. Senator George and THE POST are certainly now pulling together on this line.

THE Indiana Democratic organs are warning the party in that State that a hard fight must be expected this year and that thorough organization is, therefore, needed. The Indianapolis Sentinel says that it will be necessary for the Democracy to nominate for Governor not only a strong man but the strongest man the party has.

AS a consequence of that gigantic reformatory feat accomplished by the Legislature, the passage of the supervision bill, all special rates are being denied patrons of the Illinois Central road, and the Jackson merchants are already making a protest against burdensome freight charges. The charges being legal there is no redress or escape. So much as a beginning of the rule or ruin policy.

PEACE and order are being gradually restored in Cincinnati. By the courage and promptness of the authorities the laws survived the shock triumphant, and the sequel of the unfortunate affair will stand as a warning not to be disregarded. Mobs should remember that the evasion of the law in one or a dozen instances does not destroy its omnipotence nor license them to commit outrages upon the security of persons or property.

THE Illinois Central railroad proposes to give the people of Mississippi the benefit of a "special tariff," which means a raise in rates, until the Supervision matter is decided in the Courts. It serves the people right for electing such a Legislature. Even if the Commission shall stand, and it will not, it is still, we believe all the railroads in the State, can adjust their rates, and make them higher than they now are, without the Commission being able to reduce them through and by virtue of the provisions of the law.

MR. R. K. JAYNE has withdrawn from the assistant editorship of the Clarion, to engage in business that will probably be more to his taste and advantage. He is Secretary of an Educational Bureau at Jackson, and will also travel for the Clarion as correspondent and solicitor.

We have always found Mr. Jayne fair and courteous, and regret to lose him from direct association with our esteemed contemporary. We wish him success and prosperity in his new field of labor.

IN the next issue of the Clarion, Oliver Clifton, Esq., will greet its readers as principal editor. The proprietor will render such assistance as inclination and opportunity may allow. Mr. Clifton is too well and too favorably known to need any special introduction at our hands. Our readers and the public will know him even better through the succeeding issues of the Clarion.—Jackson Clarion, 2d.

We are glad to know that our old-time and boyhood friend, Mr. Oliver Clifton, will hereafter be at the helm of the Clarion. On account of its age, circulation and prestige, the Clarion wields an immense influence. From our knowledge of Mr. Clifton's ability, his thoughtfulness and conservatism, we feel sure that that influence will be exerted for the best interests, the progress, and good name of the people of Mississippi.

THE steamboat fight is now used in four

Two Speeches.

We give below extracts from two speeches—one delivered by Mr. Jefferson Davis to the Legislature of Mississippi—the Legislature that passed the Railroad Supervision bill and ignored the convict lease system and the public school question; and one delivered by Senator George to the Senate of the United States—a body that is considering, among other things, the great and important question of Federal aid to education in the several States. Both speeches were delivered in this good year 1884, and within a few weeks of each other, Senator George having given expression to his sensible and statesmanlike sentiments a few weeks after Mr. Davis' appeal for for sympathy for himself and reverie on the "dead past." Mr. Davis says he has the right to be a Mississippian. Mr. George can claim as good a right to be a Mississippian, for he has been a faithful son in war and peace. He, and all the rest of the people of the State—except Mr. Davis—are also citizens of the United States, but we think they are none the less good Mississippians. Now, we believe a majority of our citizens—in fact all the thinking citizens of the State—will unite in the opinion that their fellow-citizen, Mr. George, expresses their sentiments in regard to the past, and that their non-fellow-citizen, Mr. Davis, does not express their sentiments.

Read the extracts from the two speeches, compare them and mark the contrast. One is up to the times; a practical realization of the duties of the present; a sensible admonition to the people of Mississippi to live in and for the present, and not to brood over the past. The other is peevish, impracticable, unreasonable, and belongs to a past age whose sad mistakes our people have not yet recovered from:

FROM MR. DAVIS' SPEECH TO THE MISSISSIPPI LEGISLATURE.

"Sectional hate concentrating itself upon my devoted head, deprives me of the privileges accorded to others in the sweeping expression of "without distinction of race, color or previous condition," but it cannot deprive me of that which is nearest and dearest to my heart, the right to be a Mississippian. * * * 'Tis been said that I should apply to the United States for a pardon, but repentance must precede the right to pardon, and I have not repented. Remembering as I must all that has been lost, disappointed hopes and crushed aspirations, yet I deliberately say, if it were to do over again I would do just as I did in 1861."

FROM SENATOR GEORGE'S SPEECH ON THE EDUCATIONAL BILL.

"I will not feed on the dry husks and emasculated remains of constitutional theories which, however respectable in their origin, however once potent, now no longer control or influence the government. We live in the present, we are actors in the present and for the present, we must meet the demands of the present.

"The world moves, and we must move with it, keeping abreast with all the practical questions which may rise and seeking their solution for the interest and welfare of the people. I will not pass my life in a dreamy contemplation of the beauties and excellencies of obsolete theories, in mere abstraction, and in picturing the benefits or glories which would have come from their observance. It is enough to know that they are no longer potent for the good or evil of the Union. They are gone forever, and while I may indulge a tear over the tomb in which they lie buried, it will not pass away. My life in erecting altars to them or in misistering at altars erected by others."

FREQUENT changes bode no good. The word "Commercial," which hovers over the picture of Vicksburg like a big bird over a slaughter-house, was changed into larger and more crooked type this morning by our neighbors of the Commercial-herald. The "Commercial" that was dead for a year, was resurrected and placed over and in front of the old "Herald." The "Commercial" has grown a little in stoutness and size and crooked ness already. It will not be at all surprising if the growth should increase until the Commercial entirely overshadows and absorbs the venerable and time-honored "Herald," and all that will be left of the latter will be the recollection that it was overpowered, overcome and absorbed by a paper that had been dead for a whole year.

THE Washington Post, the organ of the Speaker's wing of the party in the House, lays down the party gospel to the Democratic opponents of the Morrison bill as follows:

"The Morrison Tariff bill is now no more entitled to the support of Democrats in the House than was the Democratic candidate for Speaker after his nomination by the Democratic caucus of December. Democratic Representatives have the same right to vote against the caucus bill that they had to vote against the caucus nominee. Democratic Representatives will be as fully justified in forming an alliance with Republicans to defeat tariff revision as they would have been in uniting with the Republicans to defeat the election of Speaker Carlisle."

SPEAKING after the manner of the track, the Kentucky jockeys at Washington are playing for big stakes. With the game and fleet Carlisle, they won the speakership dash with hands down. They are now trying to ride the whisky bill over the course a winner, and at the same time want to rein off Sam Randall, who is the rules to govern the National Democratic races, handicap protective tariff "dost" as the favorite candidate. Democratic Record or Morrison for the Presidential fun-mile race. If either win, they will cross the land with a "Kentucky" will blow for "Kentucky."

The Hospital.

The Trustees of the Vicksburg Hospital have made an excellent beginning in the selection of Dr. Robbins—an able, faithful and accomplished physician, a good citizen and most excellent gentleman—as Hospital Physician.

We hope the desire of the new Trustees to run that institution in an economical manner, will not result to the detriment of the poor patients for whose benefit the appropriations are intended. We are glad that Dr. Robbins spoke out so boldly and emphatically in favor of none but the best and purest drugs to be used as medicine for the patients under his treatment. We trust and believe that Dr. Robbins will insist that everything else needed for the patients shall be of "the best" character, including the attention and nursing bestowed upon them. It will not do to run the Hospital upon the "cheap" plan of the county poor-house, of which the last Grand Jury said it was a mighty "poor" poor-house.

Of course, extravagance should be avoided, and no doubt will be. But the object of the appropriations is to cure and benefit the sick, and any false economy that interferes with their proper treatment will certainly defeat this beneficent object.

And, if, "in the course of human events," it should become necessary to extend a little generous hospitality, we trust the Trustees will get a little better article than the $1.15 a gallon kind.

The Cincinnati Riot and the Law.

This community is full from end to end to end with perverse misconceptions of the terrible riot at Cincinnati. It is talked on every street that "we are coming to that;" "we need the same thing here," etc. That at once shows that something is wrong.

First for the main facts. A murderer was sentenced by a Cincinnati jury to twenty years' imprisonment, when many people thought he ought to have been hanged. The jury did not make the sentence directly, but it did it indirectly by finding a verdict to which the law affixed the sentence. The case was not the thousandth part as bad as the Sykes case here, yet on that occasion our people refrained from mob violence, although sharply and sadly conscious that with us justice is becoming mockery. A public meeting was called, however, at Cincinnati to signify the popular conviction that crime should be punished. Ten thousand people attended and passed resolutions condemning the jury's verdict and appointing a committee on legislation. In other words, the design was to secure more stringent legislation. Inflamed by the speaking (which was never intended to produce that effect) the crowd adjourned, took fire at shouts "To the jail!" broke open a blacksmith shop, procured sledges, marched to the jail, and went to work on the doors.

No one knows who starts a mob. When a breeze starts in a city's streets it picks up the dirt and blinds your eyes with it.

But the dread work went on until all the powers of the State had to be summoned to put an end to it. Three days of violence in the great metropolis of Ohio has sent a thrill through all the land. Throughout the confines of the republic there is heard this earnest protest, sealed in the blood of honest citizens, against the violations of law and the criminal results of the proceedings of the criminal courts.

The wave of crime that has swept over this country will be arrested by this outbreak. The rude effort of the people of Cincinnati which culminated in so much blood will not be in vain. Every drop of blood shed on that occasion will cry to heaven, and appeal in behalf of justice, to a more rigid protection of society against criminals.

Cincinnati is not alone in her record of crimes. Other cities, towns villages, counties and parishes feel the need of purification. New Orleans has equaled or surpassed Cincinnati's record, and the blood of our Criminal Courts are about as damnable as could be brought before any community. We are likely to blame juries too much. The system of prosecution, the officers who prosecute and the officers who handle the handle the wheel from which jurors are drawn, may be also largely responsible for the unconstitution of the machinery of society designed to punish criminals.

If we go on here in New Orleans, getting from bad to worse, and failing of offers by lying rule, and to suit managers, there may come a day when it will be necessary for the people to take law into their own hands, and if that should come we hope it will be as effectually done as it was once before in our history, and not as at Cincinnati, with blind enthusiasm, and a leaderless strike at society.—N. O. Picayune, 1st.

Composition of the Mob.

It is a mistake to talk about the mob as the jail night before last as toughs and roughs.

The men active and earnest in the movement were not, as a rule, of the vicious classes.

They were largely workingmen—a good example of the plain people.

There was but one reply made to the protests of citizens that the mob was a mistake, and that was to this effect:

"There is no justice here. If a man has money he can commit murder and get away. It must be stopped."

Of course it must be stopped. The reign of the criminal ring was over before there was a drop of blood shed.

Public opinion had only to thoroughly declare itself in these cases, and the thing is done.

It is miserable that honest men should go killing each other on account of the murderers in jail, while scoundrels whose crimes have done the mischief are pandering to the passions that are rife.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

IF there is any truth in the old saying that "there is about as much rain fall in one year as another," we have had more by as much as we are entitled to during the present season, and should arrange our corn planting so as to miss any coming drought. Would it not be safe to add ponies to our mules to this effect: April, May and June—Rain.

H. B. BRUSER,
TIN, COPPER AND SHEET-IRON WORKER
Hardware Tinware Stoves!
Pumps, Grates Mantels, Etc.
may5 159 Washington Street, Vicksburg.

Something the People Need!
FRESH
ROASTED COFFEE,
Roasted Daily in HYDE'S PATENT ROASTER, at my Store
Corner South and Washington Streets.
Price 20 Cts. per Pound!
H. F. SIMRALL, JR.
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W. M. CHAMBERLIN,
General Insurance Agent
FIRE, MARINE, ACCIDENT AND LIFE.
Office—Up-stairs, cor. Washington and Crawford Sts., Vicksburg
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W. O. WORRELL
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
AND DEALER IN
Hay & Grain
LIME, CEMENT, PLASTER, Etc.,
58 Washington Street, Vicksburg, Miss
may

FULTON M. M'RAE,
Wholesale and Retail Druggist
IMPORTER AND DEALER IN
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRUGS
White Lead, Linseed Oil, Turpentine, Window Glass, Mixed Paints, Dry and in Oil; Albastine Whitening and Putty; and the largest and most complete assortment of Patent Medicines and Surgical Instruments in the State. Agent for the celebrated Waukesha Bathesda Water.
Toilet Articles, Perfumery and Hair Brushes—all imported.
No. 125 Washington Street, - - - Vicksburg, Miss.

GEO. W. HUTCHESON, CHAS. A. [illegible]
G. W. HUTCHESON & CO.
Cotton Factors,
AND WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
Groceries, Liquors and Tobacco
110 and 112 Washington Street,
Vicksburg, Miss
may4

THE SAW-MILL BOAT
LEE RICHARDSON, JR
IS PREPARED TO SELL
DIMENSION LUMBER
FROM LANDING AT GLASS BAYOU, THIS CITY; ALSO,
Sash, Doors, Blinds, Mouldings, T. and G. Flooring and Ceiling
Orders addressed to the undersigned will be promptly filled.
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GEO. S. IRVING,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN
Staple and Fancy Groceries
WINES, LIQUORS, CIGARS & TOBACCO,
Corner of South and Washington Streets, - - - - - VICKSBURG, MISS.
I respectfully ask an examination of my stock, which I think will convince all who I have one of the largest and best assorted to be found.
Fine Teas, Coffee and Choice Butter are Among my Specialties
I GUARANTEE EVERY ARTICLE TO BE AS REPRESENTED,
And desire to give full satisfaction. 1 PACK AND [illegible] PER

HENRY YOSTE,
Watchmaker and Jeweler
I cordially invite a comparison of Work and Prices, believing mine to be the Best and Cheapest.
—ALSO DEALER IN—
WATCHES, DIAMONDS AND SILVERWARE
SPECIALTIES IN SPECTACLES.

COMMISSIONER'S SALE.

No. 1632 FANNIE H. QUIGG et al.
vs.
V. and B. E. S. BONELLI.

PURSUANT to the power and authority vested in me by the decree of sale and decree made and entered in the foregoing cause, by the Chancery Court of Warren county, Miss., on the 23d day of February, 1884, I will, at or about the hour of 12 o'clock p. m., on the 10th day of March, 1884, sell at the east door of the Court-house, in Warren county, Mississippi, at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, that lot or parcel of land known as part of lot 293, square 38 of the original plan of the city of Vicksburg, commencing on the southwest corner of said lot and running thence east 73 feet 9 inches, thence north 24 feet, thence west 73 feet 9 inches, thence south 25 feet to the place of beginning; and being situated on Crawford street, in said city of Vicksburg, for the purpose of partition among the [illegible]

This the 25th day of February, 1884.

PACIFIC HOUSE
VINCENT PIAZZA, Proprietor
Washington St., Vicksburg, Miss.
CONVENIENT TO RAILROAD DEPOT
Post Landing, Post Telegraph and Express Offices, and to business. Hack in time for all trains. House open at all hours. It is been renovated and refurnished throughout. Tables supplied with the best the market affords. Patronage respectfully solicited. Polite and careful attention given to guests.

NEW CLOTHING & DRY GOODS HOUSE
L. MARKS AND L. WEINBERG
Have formed a copartnership
COOK
Dry Goods

SOUTHERN METHODIST CHURCH

Interesting Figures Showing How that Church is Progressing.

The General Minutes of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South, for 1883, just prepared by Rev. W. P. Harrison, D.D., the book editor, reveal some interesting facts illustrative of the rapid growth of that church. During the past calendar year its membership has increased 26,949, and now numbers 904,248. This growth is at the rate of 3.07 per cent. per annum. This is a gain upon the population of the Southern States, the rate of which is 2.90 per cent. per annum, compound. The gain in the number of Sunday school scholars is equally as decided—26,508. For the cause of missions the gain in the amount of contributions is $19,881.32—the total amount collected being $227,640.38. The amount collected for worn-out traveling preachers and the widows and orphans of deceased preachers was $87,146.07—a gain of $5,713.25.

In this connection it may prove interesting to note the wonderful growth of Methodism in the South. It is a well-authenticated fact that Methodism has flourished and prospered better in the South than in any other part of this country. Bishop McTyeire will, in his forthcoming History of Methodism, successfully demonstrate that American Methodism was first planted in the South, and that the first Methodist church in America was built and organized in the South by Strawbridge in Maryland.

When the Methodist Episcopal Church in America was organized 100 years ago—an event that will be appropriately celebrated this year—it comprised the bounds of the church—three-fourths of the members were to be found in the Southern States. While this proportion has not been maintained, it is true that the largest part of the membership of the various branches of American Methodism is to be found in the South.

In 1866, just after the close of the late war, the membership of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South, was 500,000. The statistics which we give for 1883 show that it has nearly doubled its membership. If the number of members that was given to the Colored Methodist Episcopal Church in America when it was organized by the Southern church in 1870 is taken into the account, it will be shown that that church has doubled its membership during the past 18 years. This is a remarkable showing.

Due to Arkansaw.

Thomas M. Bowen, United States senator from Colorado, found his beautiful wife and attained his principal winning political shrewdness in Arkansaw. Besides that, Senator-elect Bowen is Chaffee, of Colorado, who spent months in Florida and elsewhere in search of cures for a complication of diseases, including gout, and was given up by the doctors. But a rapid road to the other world, visited our Eureka Springs, so justly famous for astonishing cures of various diseases, where the wonderful waters brought health and new life to him as they have to many others; so that now Senator Chaffee has entered the list of candidates candidate for United States Senator from his State feeling that the Arkansaw Eureka Springs waters have changed his destiny from an early realization of the most complete fulfillment of Patent Medicines and Surgical Instruments in the State. Agent for the a prospective re-occupation of his seat in the United States Senate. The State of Colorado, or some person else, is clearly indebted to Arkansaw Eureka Springs not only furnishes health for Senators, but ordinary people find relief there. It is the cheapest health resort in the country, and unquestionably the most picturesque. The people of Arkansaw are slow in recognizing great natural advantages, and recognize nothing as valuable as the sparkling flowing with rye whiskey would find immediate appreciation in some of the rural districts, but waters that simply give health without any immediate hilarity, are regarded as a kind of every day affair. The outside world, though, has learned to regard Eureka Springs as the most wonderful of places. And investigation will soon be made, and if the waters of Eureka will cause Jeff. Davis to keep his mouth shut, the Democratic party proposes to buy the place.—Arkansaw Traveler.

THE mistake has been made throughout the unhappy excitement in this city which has had such terrible results, of underrating the force of the public indignation. The long-continued maladministration of the laws, and the defiant attitude of the evil-doers, with the apparent hopelessness of speedy remedies, have produced a sense of resentment stronger than those who have not had especial occasion to be familiar themselves with the prevalent feeling could have conjectured.

The Music Hall indignation [meeting was called and managed by those who were not aware of the inflammability of the material around them, and even after the experience of Friday night the enormous crowd that assembled last evening and the desperate spirit of many in it was a surprise.

There has been, in addition to this failure to understand the dangerous conditions around us, a series of deplorable mistakes, leading on to the supreme disaster that is upon us. There is a large amount of pretended sympathy with the mob, but this is no time for that. First, we must have order and peace.—Cincinnati Commercial, 30th.

"Criminal" Lawyers.

So-called criminal lawyers of the Tom Campbell strike are largely to blame for the disgraceful state of affairs at Cincinnati. They are given too much license for often being allowed to toy with the legal forms of justice as a big boss monkey does with the lesser ones of its kind in the cage. Through alleged technicalities, and the aid of impressible, ignorant and corrupt jurors, your noted "criminal" lawyer, has, in too many cases, been chiefly instrumental in procuring verdicts that permit murderers to go free unwhipped of justice. We venture to assert that Cincinnati attorneys will be slow hereafter to forward any public sentiment there by posing as great "criminal" lawyers.—Columbus (O.) News.

PASTEUR says concerning vivisection "Never would I have the cruelty to kill a bird for sport, but when it comes to experiments I have never been troubled with the right and the duty of the physiologist."

SIGNAL SERVICE REPORT.

LOCAL WEATHER REPORT.

Time.	Bar.	Ther.	Hum.	Wind	Weather.
7 a. m.	29.93	65	43	N. W.	Cloudy.
2 p. m.	30.01	68	36	N. W.	Clear.
9 p. m.	30.01	57	43	N. W.	Clear.
7 a. m.	30.04	62	50	N. W.	Fair.
2 p. m.	30.13	59	42	N. W.	Clear.

	1883.	1884
Mean thermometer	64.2	72.0
Mean thermometer	47.6	57.0
Mean temperature	55.3	63.7
Rainfall	.00	.00

STAGE OF RIVERS.

OFFICE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER,
April 2 9 p.m. Washington time.
The following observations were taken at the same moment of time at all the stations named:

Stations.	Above low water. feet	In's	Changes. Rise In's	Fall In's
Cairo, Ill	47	6	...	5
Cincinnati	50	7	...	14
Davenport, Iowa	11	6	0	0
Dubuque, Iowa	13	3	...	...
Keokuk, Iowa	16	6	...	...
Leavenworth	8	0	6	2
Little Rock	9	0	...	3
Memphis	11	6	2	...
Nashville	24	0	2	...
New Orleans	16	4	...	99
Omaha	0	4	...	0
Shreveport	11	5	...	1
St. Louis	8	3	...	7
St. Paul	17	4	4	...
Vicksburg	9	8	3	...
Yankton, D. T.	47	0	...	2

Below high water of 1874. *Frozen.

RISE AT VICKSBURG IN FORMER YEARS
Rise water 62, above zero, 51 11-16 feet.
Rise water 67, above zero, 49 feet.
Rise water 74, above zero, 45 ft. 8 inches
Rise water 75, above zero, 45 feet.
Rise water 79, above zero, 44 ft. 10 inches
Rise water 80, above zero, 43 ft. 2 inches
Rise water 81, above zero, 43 ft. 10 inches
Rise water 82, above zero, 43 ft. 9 inches
Rise water 83, above zero, 43 ft. 10 inches

HIGH WATER OF 1882.

Stations.	Date of High-water.	Highest point Reached.
Cairo	Feb. 26, 1882	51 ft. 9 inches
Cincinnati	Jan. 19, 1882	40 ft. 2 inches
Davenport	Feb. 21, 1882	58 ft. 6 inches
Dubuque	Dec. 31, 1881	10 ft. 1 inch
Little Rock, Ark.	March 9, 1882	47 ft. 3 inches
Nashville	Nov. 29, 1881	11 ft. 5 inches
New Orleans	Feb. 16, 1882	21 ft. 2 inches
Shreveport	Feb. 22, 1882	37 ft. 2 inches
St. Louis	March 6, 1882	36 ft. 0 inches
Vicksburg	March 11, 1882	54 ft. 7 inches
Yankton, D. T.	March 27, 1882	5 inches
Omaha	Feb. 22, 1882	28 ft. 3 inches
St. Paul	March 30, 1882	48 ft. 9 inches

Below high water of 1874.

THE RIVER.

ARRIVED.

A. A. Humphreys, from St. Louis.
Duquesne, from Greenville.
Harry and barge, from Deer Creek.

DEPARTED.

Belle Memphis, for St. Louis.
A. A. Humphreys, for Tensas.
Headlight, for Clarksdale.
Sallie Thompson, for Grand Lake.
John F. Halpin, for Davis' Bend.

BOATS DUE TO-DAY.

City of Providence, St. Louis to Vicksburg.
Mary Cashman, N. O. to Greenville.
Will S. Hays, Memphis to Vicksburg.
Golden Rule, Cincinnati to N. O.
John Scudder, St. Louis to N. O.

BOATS LEAVING TO-DAY.

For Greenville—John W. Cannon, 12 m.
For Greenville—Issaquena, 5 p.m.

BOATS DUE TO-MORROW.

Centennial, New Orleans to St. Louis.
Belle of Shreveport, N. O. to Cincinnati.
Sallie Thompson, Grand Lake to Vicksburg
Hard Cash, Tallahatchie to Vicksburg.
Capt. Miller, Natchez to Vicksburg.

BOATS LEAVING TO-MORROW.

For Big Deer Creek—Harry and barge, 12 m.
For Natchez—Capt. Miller, 9:30 a.m.
For Memphis—Will S. Hays, 12 m.

NOTES.

Clear and cool.
Business good.
White river is falling.
Four boats leaving to-day.
The river declined three inches here.
The Ohio river is falling from Pittsburg to the mouth.
The Iron Duke, towing 8 barges loaded with railroad iron, passed Memphis Tuesday.
The John W. Cannon will arrive at 3 p.m. to-day, so Captain Campbell telegraphs to Capt. W. S. Jones.
The Lone steamer Golden Rule will go to New Orleans to-day. She passed Memphis loaded flat in the water.
The through Anchor Line steamer A. Scudder is due down to-day en route to New Orleans, with 1500 tons of freight.
The Sargent Line steamer John F. Halpin, left this morning at 10 o'clock for Davis Bend and Tallulah, La., with a trip.
The St. Louis Globe Democrat says Capt. Henry G. Carson will command the Chas. Morgan in the St. Louis packet line.
Capt. Geo. Pegram, formerly Captain of the James Howard, is a passenger on the John A. Scudder. Capt. Pegram is running a hotel in St. Louis.
The steamer W. P. Thompson, Capt. D. Nelen, left on time yesterday evening for Grand Lake and all way landings, with a big freight.
The Anchor Line steamer Belle Memphis, Capt. I. H. McKee master, H. Corbett, left at 11 a.m. to-day for St. Louis, with a good number of people and a fair trip.
Mr. H. C. Lowe is agent for the Arkansas City, Vicksburg & Arkansas River Packet Company in the office of steamer at Memphis.
The electric light steamer Will. S. Hays, Capt. Will. Hays, left Memphis, Tuesday at 5 o'clock p. m. on the 12th day of March, 1884, for Vicksburg, Miss., with a full cargo of electric lights, and all the necessary machinery for lighting the streets of Vicksburg, Miss., with the electric light. The Will. S. Hays is a new boat, just from the ways, and is a model of beauty and strength. She is 175 feet long, 32 feet beam, and 5 feet hold. She has a powerful engine, and is capable of making 15 miles per hour. She is owned by Capt. Will. S. Hays, of Memphis, Tenn., and is commanded by Capt. Will. Hays, a son of the owner. She has a full complement of officers, and is manned by a full crew of experienced men. She is also provided with a full outfit of electric lights, and is prepared to do the best of work. She will be engaged in the business of lighting the streets of Vicksburg, Miss., with the electric light, and will be under the control of the Vicksburg Electric Light Company. She will be ready for business in a few days. Capt. Will. Hays, who has charge of the boat, is a son of Capt. Will. S. Hays, of Memphis, and is well known as a steamboat man. He has been connected with the Memphis and Vicksburg packet trade for many years, and is a thorough steamboat man. He is also a practical electrician, and has had charge of the electric light plant on the Will. S. Hays for the past year. He is a young man of fine address, and will make many friends in Vicksburg.
The Bends are all way landings. Ed. Nowland master, and G. W. Floyd, clerk.
The City of Providence, Capt. Geo. Carvell, Frank Perkins clerk, is due this evening, and is the Saturday Anchor Line boat leaving the Elevator at 11 a.m. She added 30 tons of way freight at Memphis. Eugene Platt is her passenger agent.
The U. S. Government steamer, A. A. Humphreys, with rations for the relief of the overflowed sufferers, arrived last night from Raleigh landing, where she left a quantity of provisions in the hands of Judge Wylie, for distribution at that point. She left here at 9 o'clock this morning for the overflowed district below.
The popular Greenville and Bends packet, Issaquena, arrived yesterday evening with a big list of people. She is receiving to-day, and will leave this evening at 5 o'clock. For speed and comfort this boat is second to none running in this trade, and her officers are as clever and accommodating as can be.
Capt. John N. Sargent's steamer Harry and barges arrived from Big Deer Creek last night with a good list of passengers, 1,800 sacks of seed for Memphis, and 7 bales of cotton for New Orleans. She is receiving at the foot of Crawford street and will leave for Big Deer Creek to-morrow at noon, going as high as John Willis' place. She will carry one of the model barges of the P. Line, which Capt. Sargent has chartered. This makes all freight carried by the steamer insurable.
The famous John W. Cannon, Capt. Wm. Campbell, is due to-day from New Orleans with a big trip of freight and people and will extend her trip to Greenville. W. N. Calmes and Curt Lewis left New Orleans as clerks of the John W. Cannon, in place of John Luckett and Tom Campbell. Charles Pierce pilot, in place of John Stout, and Mike Corbin mate, in place of Wm. Hines.
Capt. Ike McKee, of the steamer Belle Memphis, says that in 1844 he saw the river up to 57 feet at St. Louis. He landed at Locust steet, and took freight from Commercial through the second stories of the house. It has not been so high since, but came nearest to that mark two years ago. He says that boatmen are looking for the presents floods from the upper rivers to overflow all the low lands below St. Louis, and if so a very large acreage of wheat will be drowned out. It is very promising wheat just now, being heavy, very green and healthy.

Importance of the Mechanic.

Each ensuing day makes more prominent the fact that we have come upon the time when the mechanic is master. We have crowded professions and ill-filled trades. A chance to fill the position of snb assistant clerk in a wholesale house is eagerly grasped at by a hundred applicants, though the wages received be scarcely more than a chance to learn the business. Let a master workman try to obtain an apprentice at three times the salary offered the clerk and his applicants will be poor alike in quantity and quality. A skilled workman in any trade need never want for hire; he will be eagerly sought after by a hundred employers; he is independent of the condition of the market; the skill and cunning of his hand and eye are too valuable to be lost, and must be paid whether the products are slowly or rapidly consumed. If business ceases the masterhand is eagerly seized by some rival house, which knows and values the product of his skill. He who would crush down the obstacles to success in our own days must have, as well as the wit to see the crevice, the strength to deal the blow. This is an age of the steam engine, and it is the engineer, not the conductor, who is master.—Boston Commercial Bulletin.

The Free Pass Law.

The bill prohibiting the courtesy of free passes to officers of this State has become a law. We think the law eminently proper; and, if beneficial results cannot be predicted, is can at least be said that a measure very questionable, if not corrupting practice has been abolished. We think the law indicates a return of our people to the primitive ideas of official trust and responsibility, and augues well for the purity of public sentiment—the sneers and jeers of those too noble to be affected by such trifling considerations to the contrary notwithstanding.—Clarion.

The Keen-Edged Scythe.

JOHN H. WEAVER.

The keen-edged scythe of Father Time
Cuts clean the swath in every clime;
Where beams of sunlight ever glow,
Where hills, wrapped in eternal snow,
Where ocean tempests wildly roar,
Where billows surge along the shore,
Where tiny insects move or hum—
There Father Time, with steady tread,
Bends low and shakes his shaggy head,
Breathes over earth destructive breath,
And swings the keen-edged scythe of Death.

—Philadelphia Call.

Checkers.

Chess is often mentioned as the favorite game of great Generals, diplomats and scholars; but the simpler though perhaps not less pleasing game of checkers must have its innings on that score, too. Not only did Plato use it for Philosophical illustration, and Cicero turn to it for mental exercise, and Frederick the Great spend hours over it, but in later days such leaders of men as Lincoln and Garibaldi prized it highly; and it is said that, at the former's place in Illinois, there was the scene of many checker contests, so Gen. Grant used to "clean out the boys" at West Point at it, and indeed ascribes much of his military success to the training of the sixty-four squares.

Archbishop Elder on the Riot.

Archbishop Elder, in the course of his remarks at the vesper service yesterday afternoon, in speaking of the riot, said: There is or can be no excuse for violence, for it is against the laws of God and man. And now you, my dearly beloved, as Catholics should discountenance all such acts, and use your influence with your neighbors so they may be under the impression that violence in such cases as the present can be justified; but, my friends, it is positively not justifiable, and you must not in any way side with those who are committing these unlawful acts. Those people who go to see the battle must expect to run the risk of being shot. Therefore, keep away, and keep your children away from the mob, for it is no place for them or you. If called upon by the proper authorities you, as good citizens, are bound to assist in preserving the peace. I beg of you, therefore, to use every effort in your power to put down this spirit of lawlessness which now has such a footing in our city.

The Archbishop then delivered a practical discourse to parents in regard to their children, their training, &c., alluding here and there to the riot in an indirect manner, but, summed up succinctly, he said that if children were properly brought up there would be no murderers, no violence and no riot.—Cincinnati Commercial Gazette.

MR. MORRISON is looking cross and says he does not know when his bill will be taken up. In the meantime he is looking for votes among the fifty-seven Democrats who voted in caucus against its consideration. He said to-day "if Messrs. Carlisle, Cox, and Converse said to the people of Ohio in the last canvass that the wool tariff was to be restored, they did so without authority. His prospect of passing his bill grows worse daily, and he seems conscious of this.—Picayune Special.

Political Abuse.

Rev. Dr. Galloway in New Orleans Advocate: The stock in trade of the average little political editor is billingsgate and vituperation. Personal detraction he thinks brave and smart. He makes his paper lively and popular. He knows that he is not afraid! If public men need ventilation he is the infallible cense to go through them with a lighted candle and make report. This evil genius is not a modern development or importation. He is indigenous to all soils and ages, and finds the widest range for the exercise of his powers in Republican governments. He interprets liberty of speech to be a license to abuse. When at times we read his poisoned detractions we imagine ours to be the worst of all historic periods, and our public men to have least virtue and honor. But it has always been so. The fathers whom we canonize were similarly assailed. Their names and worthy deeds were no protection from the venomed shafts of petty spite.

THE men who succeed best in public stations are those possessed of little that the others cannot supply, and when a clerk is wanted the Chief of Department will be satisfied with the possessor of a common-school education if the person is a man of sufficient energy and character to enforce discipline and control others.

The Government Boat Patrol

is still inside the crevasse, but will today make an effort to get out—not by the way the vessel entered, but through the swamps in the rear. Just opposite the break the water is 5½ feet deep over the Morgan track, and the vessel can readily cross there. Thence through the swamps and marsh into Lake Salvador, there is water enough almost to float a steamship, and once in Lake Salvador, the vessel will have no difficulty in reaching the river by means of the Company or Harvey's Canals or Bayou Lafourche.—Picayune, 1st.

CHARLES E. BAGLEY, who was fatally shot while attempting to rob a bank at Wichita Falls, Texas, on Wednesday, and on his person was found a letter of membership in the Baptist Church of Pilgrim's Rest of Elthowah county, Ala.

STEAMBOATS.

Regular Vicksburg and Memphis Packet,
The large, fast and magnificent steamer
WILL S. HAYS,
ED. NOLAND.....Captain
G. WASH. FLOYD.....Clerk
Will leave Vicksburg every FRIDAY at 12 m. giving careful attention to all way business.
For freight or passage apply on board or to W. S. JONES,
Superintendent Wharfboat.
W. C. O'HARA, General Ticket, office basement LaMadrid House.

Regular Vicksburg, Natchez and New Orleans Packet,
The fast and magnificent steamer
NATCHEZ,
T. P. LEATHERS, Master; V. G. ESTHEKIN, Cl'k
Leaves Vicksburg every TUESDAY at 5 p. m.; New Orleans every SATURDAY at 5 p.m.
Connects at Vicksburg with Anchor Line for St. Louis, and steamer Hope for Yazoo and Tallahatchie rivers, Sunflower and Deer Creek packets, and V. & M. Railroad.
This steamer reserves the right to pass all landings that the Captain may consider unsafe.
Will go in Davis Bend Lake every Tuesday evening. W. S. JONES,
Superintendent Vicksburg Wharfboat and Elevator Co.
W. C. O'HARA, Freight and Passenger Agent.

CHARTER OF INCORPORATION.

Charter of Incorporation of John F. Halpin Company.
SECTION 1. Be it known, That Wilhelmina M. Halpin, John Meier and John J. Ryan, and such others as may become associated with them, are hereby constituted a body politic and corporate, by the name and style of JOHN F. HALPIN COMPANY, and by and under that name shall have perpetual

CHEAP COLUMN.

WANTED.

WANTED.—SCHOOLS! TEACHERS!! Schools in need of competent teachers, and teachers in search of situations should address the Central Educational Bureau, R. K. JAYNE, Secretary, Jackson, Miss. ap2

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—New Cottage in good neighborhood, containing 3 rooms with hall and gallery, kitchen, stable and garden. Lot 150x150 feet, all under new fence. Apply at this office. m25

FOR SALE—A cottage residence on East avenue, containing four rooms 18x20, hall 12 feet, kitchen, fine cistern and fine orchard; lot 64x132 feet. Apply to R. P. WILSON, on premises. m28

FOR SALE—The LOT on the northeast corner of Cherry and Grove sts. Apply to THOMAS MOUNT. mh19

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Two large Rooms, kitchen, outhouses, good yard and cistern. Apply at this office. ap3-1w

FOR RENT—Nice house with three rooms, kitchen, good cistern and yard; possession given April 6th. Apply to JOS. SPENGLER, Cherry street crossing. m31-1w

FOR SALE OR RENT—60 Acres good land, one and a half miles from town, with plenty of wood and water. Apply at this office, or to R. P. WILSON, Vicksburg, Miss. m24-2w

FOR RENT—Three rooms and a small kitchen. Large yard and good cistern. Twelve dollars per month. Apply at this office. mh20

THE SATISFACTION

Of sitting under one's own vine and fig tree pays the largest dividend of any investment. It is the best kind of life insurance. It is the best medicine to enjoy. It enables a man to die easier, and robs death of one of the principal terrors to know that the loved ones we must leave behind us have a roof of their own over their heads which cannot be taken from them.

If you cannot buy a house and lot, you can at least make a commencement by investing $25 in a lot in Speed's Addition, and pay the balance in $5 monthly installments. No better opportunity to buy a home or to make a safe investment in Vicksburg is likely to occur than that now presented by the unprecedented terms upon which these lots are sold. sep1

LOCAL ITEMS.

JUDGE H. F. SIMRALL is in the city.

SEE advertisement of Vicksburg Soap Works.

MAJ. WM. GILLESPIE, of Jackson, is at the Pacific.

MR. R. A. PARKER, of Yazoo county, is in the city.

THE V. & M. R. R. pay train is due to-day at 5 p.m.

MR. GEO. D. LEWIS, of Cincinnati, is at the LaMadrid.

COL. T. L. MORROW, of Tensas parish, is in the city.

PINE Tea Party Friday evening at Mrs. Mary T. Klein's.

SEE advertisem ent in cheap column of a lost point lace hankercheif.

MR. W. H. BRABSTON, a prominent planter of this county, is in the city.

THE regular monthly meeting of the Hook and Ladder Company will be held to-night.

MR. HENRY MAYER, of Duvall's, arrived in the city yesterday evening on the Issaquena.

MR. HENAN DENIO, as a member of the Board of Delegates from the Phenix No. 2, will be a success.

THE POST returns thanks for an invitation to the banquet on the day of the Firemen's Parade, April 23rd.

MR. T. W. DEASON, of Bruser & Co.'s Hardware store, leaves to-day for Hot Springs, Ark., in search of health.

THE firemen are all anxious to know what is wanted with the Committee of ten. They will find out in due time.

THE jolliest man in town to-day is John Tironi. Johnny got there for First Assistant of the Constitution last night, and he and the Company are both to be congratulated on his election.

THE Iowa editors who stopped at the Pacific House, pronounced the dinner they ate there the best they had sampled since leaving Iowa. And above all other people the average editor can appreciate good eating.

AT 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon the residence of Dr. Johns, in Delta, was destroyed by fire. Dr. Johns was not at home, and the place was in charge of a colored family. It belonged to Mr. John Ludeling, of Monroe.

MR. JNO. R. CAMERON, Mr. Blum of McKinneyville, Dr. Hawkins representing the Memphis Oil Exchange, Mr. J. Redmond and sister, and Mr. Lee Clark of Rolling Fork, and several others, were passengers by the steamer Harry last night from Big Deer Creek.

MR. J. W. DILL, representing the house of Wm. Resor & Co., Cincinnati, is in the city. Mr. Dill was formerly clerk of the steamer Southwestern, the first to run in the St. Louis and Vicksburg trade after the close of the war, and was a prominent boatman. He leaves on the Issaquena this evening for Greenville.

Harness Oil.

Fine Harness Oil Blacking, $1.50 per gallon. Preserves and saves your harness, leather, etc.; at HARDAWAY & CASSELL'S ap3 Drugstore.

A Simple Shard.—Before our paper was out while driving out in his carriage, Mr. Jefferson Davis was thrown out by a shard coming in contact with the wheel. He was not injured, but the carriage was badly damaged.

FOR LIFE.

A Hebrew Wedding in High Circles

A brilliant wedding in the highest circles of Jewish society took place at the Temple on Cherry street last evening. Mr. Mike F. Levy led to the altar Miss Sallie Brown. The interior of the Temple had been beatifully decorated for the occasion. Over the main aisle were two evergreen arches. Swinging from the first were two doves, and from the other a floral horseshoe. Immediately in front of the altar was another arch, and surrounded by a large evergreen horseshoe was a monogram of the bride. The gas jets were also decorated, and the whole exterior of the sacred edifice presented an elegant appearance.

The following gentlemen and ladies acted as groomsmen and bridesmaids:

Mr. E. Brown and Miss Ella Shlenker. Miss Shlenker wore a brocaded satin, trimmed in escurial lace and diamonds.

Mr. A. Fischel and Miss Carrie Simmons. Miss Simmons was attired in pink brocaded satin, trimmed in point lace and wore diamonds.

Mr. L. Schwartz and Miss Essie Mayer. Miss Mayer wore a costume of sea foam radsimer silk brocaded overskirt, diamond and pearl ornaments.

Mr. E. Schwartz and Miss Amelia Hornthal. This young lady wore lemon surah silk, trimmed with Spanish lace, diamond and sapphire ornaments.

Mr. Chas. Beer and Miss Naomi Wachenheim. Miss Wachenheim wore pale blue brocaded satin and diamonds.

Mr. M. Hornthal and Miss Julia Baszinsky. Miss Baszinsky wore cream surah silk, brocaded overskirt, with silk lace and diamonds and rubies.

The beautiful bride wore a costume of cream brocaded satin. Her sister, Miss Emma Brown, wore cream silk and brocade overskirt trimmed with Spanish lace, and diamonds.

After Rev. Dr. Bien had performed the beautiful and sublime ritual of the Hebrew marriage ceremony, the happy couple and their friends repaired to Magnolia Hall. A magnificent banquet and dance followed. There they received the hearty congratulations of hosts of relatives and friends. Very happy toasts were offered by the Rev. Rabbi, by Joe Hirsh, Esq., and others, and all added to make the eventful evening a joyous and pleasant one.

The newly-wedded pair received many beautiful presents. After a wedding tour in the North they will return to this city, which will continue to be their home.

We beg to add our sincerest congratulations and heartfelt wishes to the newly-married couple. Mr. Mike Levy is one of our best young citizens, connected with the prominent firm of Messrs. Baer Bros., where his straightforward, sterling conduct has endeared him to all who know him. Miss Sally, the bride, is the daughter of Isaac Brown, Esq., the President of the Congregation. She is one of the belles of the city, and deserves and has received the hand of a good and true husband, who no doubt will make her life happy. The most prominent party among the friends was the grandmother, old Mrs. Schwartz, who is permitted in her green old age to see her children's children dangle on her knees. God bless them all.

READY!

With a stock of Boys' and Children's Clothing that beats anything in the market. We have marked these at lower prices than ever. Bring the youngsters and see how handsomely we can dress them and for how little money. Orders by mail carefully and promptly filled.
m24 **WARNER & SEARLES.**

The Fire Elections.

Among the Firemen of this city the election of their officers is second only in interest to the election of President of the United States.

The Phenix No. 2 met at their hall, and after transacting some miscellaneous business, elected the following officers for the ensuing year:

President, Thos. O'Herrin; Vice-President, F. A. Musgrove; Secretary, W. B. Swords; Treasurer, John W. Beck; Foreman, M. Gomes, Jr.; First Assistant, F. J. Katzenmeyer; Second, John Bianchi; Engineer, J. F. Donnelly; Housekeeper, A. Musgrove.

Mr. Heman Denio was chosen to fill the vacancy in the Board of Fire Delegates caused by the resignation of Mr. G. Luckett.

The Constitution No. 1 also met last night, and elected the following officers:

President, R. G. Groome; Secretary, William Foster; Treasurer, Felix Herner; Foreman, Wm. Price; First Assistant Foreman, John Troni; Second, Frank Barber. J. W. Hays was chosen to act as Company Marshal on parade day.

TO CONSUMERS.

Remember, there are seven different styles and quality of "Commodore Parisot" Cigars.
j16 **W. B. BECKE, Sole Proprietor.**

A Popular Agent.

Mr. S. Weiner, for the last twelve years the efficient agent of the Illinois Central railroad at Winona, Miss., has been promoted, on the regret of everybody to Memphis, where he will fill the position of traveling agent for the same road. Mr. Weiner is a most popular gentleman, and his many friends will be glad to hear of his promotion.

Planting Operations in the Deer Creek Section.

Capt. Sargent, of the steamer Harry, which arrived last night, reports the water falling very fast all along Big Deer Creek, and that it would be in the banks by to-morrow, the 4th; that everybody was plowing and planting, and all were very busy preparing for the next crop. He had noticed them planting corn in a number of places, and the people all along were in good spirits over the rapid decline of the water and the crop prospects in consequence.

A Flat-boat on the Breakers.

A Flat-boat loaded with staves en route to New Orleans, was blown or drifted into the willows under the Delta point to-day. It will require the assistance of a steamboat to get it out.

The Vicksburg Gymnasium Club.

The Vicksburg Gymnasium Club held a meeting last night at which there was more enthusiasm and interest manifested than at any previous meeting.

The Club is growing in importance and strength and all the circumstances are propitious for a successful and useful career for this important organization. At the meeting last night, with other important business transacted, the following committees were appointed:

Committee on Membership—J. F. Ware, Chairman; James Botto, F. C. Baum, Thos. Shields, T. H. Allein, Joe Biedenharn, A. A. Martin. Board Directors: President—R. W. Conway; Vice-President—Pat. Henry; Recording Secretary—W. W. Moore; Chief Instructor—Wm. Jackson; Thos. Mount, A. G. Peatross, Nath. Baszinsky, G. A. Waddill, A. M. Paxton, Jr., John A. Klien, Jr., Geo. W. Cox, J. M. Phillips.

Pink Tea Party.

At the residence of Mrs. Mary Klein on Friday night, the ladies of the Methodist Church will have an entertainment for the benefit of their Church. There is to be no formal programme, no long-winded concert, nothing to "bore"; but free, hospitable, unrestrained pleasure will be the order of the day.

Some excellent music will be given, mirth-provoking recitations, and "refreshments" and "substantials" will aid to give pleasure to the guests. The beautiful moonlight will be on hand to cheer and encourage the love smitten "young man" and embolden him to proclaim his ardent passion in dulcet strains so acceptable to the ear of the average girl. But the coming glory, the brightest gem in the sparkling chaplet, will be the "Pink Tea Party." Young man take notice and govern yourself accordingly.

SUITS TO ORDER,

Ranging from $15, $17.50, $21.50, $25, $30 up to $50. Any gentleman can be pleased in style and fit at 183 Washington street. E. D. Bickley is the man to fit the head, body and pocket of our New South.

WANAMAKER & BROWN,
m26 E. D. BICKLEY, Agent.

Another School Wanted.

The change in our city boundaries made by the new charter has added a considerable section to the northwestern part of the city limits that was heretofore in the county. This addition is largely inhabited by colored people, and putting them in the city limits deprives their children of the school facilities furnished by the county.

A petition has already been circulated, and is being signed by a large number of our best citizens and tax-payers, asking our City School Trustees to establish a school for the colored children in this part of the city. The Cherry street school is now filled to overflowing and cannot accommodate any more pupils.

We trust the School Trustees will take such favorable action upon the petition as their means will allow.

Dr. Mayo's recent lectures in this city on the subject of education afford all the argument necessary in favor of the establishment of this school. The only question now is that of financial ability to do it.

BUTTER!

20 Small Tubs Choice, suitable for Families, received this day. [m12] **WARE & NORTH.**

Returned from New York.

We have neglected, the last few days, to mention the return of Mr. Joe Newwitter from New York, where he has been for several weeks past selecting and purchasing a new stock of seasonable goods for the magnificent store recently occupied by his firm, Switzer, Newwitter & Co.

The ladies are especially invited to inspect the fresh and elegant Spring goods now displayed on the counters of the new establishment, while the gentlemen are invited to call at the old store for the best and cheapest assortment of clothing and furnishing goods to be found in the city.

Complimentary to Dr. Balfour.

We, the undersigned, express our deep regret at the departure of Dr. W. T. Balfour. During the time which he remained in the Hospital he has always proved to be a perfect gentleman, as well as a skilful, attentive and kind physician to his patients. We sincerely hope that his future may be a successful one. He leaves many friends to regret his absence.

Railroad Shops vs. Cotton and Woolen Mills.

Editor Evening Post:

I thank you for your strictures on my communication in your issue of the 1st ult.; flint and steel make the sparks fly, and by their light we may possibly discover truth and avoid error. There is no doubt of the validity of the claim for $170,000 against the railroad, the validity of which the railroad tacitly admits by making its abandonment the first and prominent condition in locating the shops in our city; but we will not further discuss its validity now.

You are in error in reference to the $150,000 in bonds; no stock was to be issued the city for such bonds. But if so, you say we must at maturity pay the bonds representing the $170,000, and I say we must also pay the $150,000 if issued, thus the two sets of bonds aggregating $325,000 against $170,000. But, say you, we get the stock for $150,000 bonds; but I say not so; but if so what does the stock represent, or has it any fixed value. I do not comprehend your logic that affirms that the exemption of the railroad property from taxation don't cost the city anything. In my opinion, it costs the city treasury the entire amount that its assessed value would have put therein being taxed. And is Mr. Wilson willing to pay $45,000 for his grounds for his depot north of Clina street—lots that will be worth at least from $75,000 to $80,000—and requires the city to foot the bill for the balance over and above the $45,000; and pray, if an exorbitant price is demanded of Mr. Wilson would he say less exorbitant if paid by the city? Next, the city is required or asked to give the ground for the shops, running, south from Depot street, including all the ground from the track of the L., N. O. & T. Road and that of the V. & M. Road to their junction—at least a full half mile—and this large tract of ground must be paid for by the city, and I venture the opinion that said entire property, if appraised by three intelligent, disinterested gentlemen, would approximate $100,000. But enough of considering a matter that may never be seriously submitted to us. Nothing has been determined as yet. Now don't you think that to close with the railroad on these terms, as considered, we would be paying pretty dear for the whistle i. e. the shops?

We have the shops of the V. & M. Railroad located with us—a road 140 miles long. These shops employ about 80 employees, all able men, two boys only excepted, to whom they disburse monthly about $2,030, or $24,360 per year. Give them five to a family and we have an addition to our population, of 320, as the result of the location of their shops here. But there are other incidental profits resulting from their location here; but give them a large margin, say $3,000 per month, and we have the small sum of $36,000 per annum, as circulated in our midst.

Per contra: The Mississippi Mills, located at Wesson, capital stock $1,000,000, employs about 900 operatives, all told. This mill runs 10,000 spindles, 500 looms and 13 complete sets of woolen machinery, embracing carding, spinning, etc., embracing both cotton and woolen. I will consider and compare results in my next. QUINTUS.

Bon Ton Market.

Choice fresh Vegetables received daily, at ED. W. SNOWDON, JR., Levee street, op. north end of Wharfboat. [mr31-1wk]

A SAN FRANCISCO physician has sued a man and his wife, whose family physician he had been for three years, for $10,000 damages for slander in saying: "He is a quack; he is no doctor; he killed our child."

CHEMISTS HAVE ALWAYS FOUND

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

The Most Perfect Made.

A PURE FRUIT ACID BAKING POWDER.
There is none stronger. None so pure and wholesome. Contains no Alum or Ammonia.
Has been used for years in a million homes. Its great strength makes it the cheapest. Its perfect purity the healthiest. In the family loaf most delicious. Prove it by the only true test.

THE TEST OF THE OVEN.

MANUFACTURED BY
STEELE & PRICE,
Chicago, Ill., and St. Louis, Mo.
Successors to Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder Co., Dr. Price's Flavoring Extracts, Etc.
WARE NO GROCND GRADE GOODS.

TO CONTRACTORS.

THE BOARD WILL LET OUT THE building of two small bridges on the Yazoo Valley road—one near Deasonia Springs, and one at Chickasaw Bayou, as soon as the necessary arrangements in clerk's office can be made. Plans and specifications will be at out to letting on Saturday, the 5th day of April, 1884, at 10 o'clock a. m. The Board reserves the right to reject any or all bids. By order of the Board.

W. S. WARD, Jr.,
Clerk Board of Supervisors.
Vicksburg, Miss., April 2, 1884. ap3-3t

R. F. BECK, President, THOS. MOUNT, Vice-Pres.
JNO. F. HALPIN, Secretary, W. O. WORRELL, Treas.

VICKSBURG

Building Association

STOCK IN THIS SOLID HOME INSTITUTION

PAYS BETTER THAN A SAVINGS BA

AND ITS INVESTMENTS ARE

Fully Secured by Mortgages on Real Estate

Now is the time to subscribe. You cannot lose anything you are certain to make a handsome profit.
The cost of Stock is $1 per month on each Share.

Ten shares of Stock in about eight years will be worth.....$...
The ten shares in eight years will have cost.....$...
Making a profit, on an investment averaging four years, of.....$...
Which is equal to 77 per cent. of 19½ per cent. per annum.

The Association Cashes its Stock at any Time According to Equitable Ru

Persons having small amounts monthly to spare, say from $1 to $15, cannot better than invest in this stock.

Capitalists will find it a profitable investment, realizing 18 to 20 per cent. annum.

Property owners will increase the value of their property by subscribing stock, for it loans its funds to actual builders, and every new house built from the value of property in its neighborhood.

Persons of moderate means who desire to build houses can borrow the m from the Association and pay it back in

MONTHLY PAYMENT

Not Greater than the Usual Amounts Paid for Rent.

Books of Subscription to the Twelfth Series of Stock are now open at office of the Secretary.

BLANKS'

Southern Photographic Gallery

CLAY STREET, OVER EXPRESS OFFICE, VICKSBURG, MISS.

STRICTLY FIRST-CLASS PHOTOGRAPHS of all sizes and styles. Old pic copied and enlarged to any size desired.

INSTANTANEOUS PICTURES TAKEN AT THIS GALLE
Post Office Box 191.

JOHN B. CLARK. D. S. WRIG

CLARKE & CO

WE invite your attention and solicit your inspection, as we feel assured that will find it to your interest to do so before buying elsewhere. We buy from the manufacturers and first hands, consequently we will duplicate prices of South or West.

Our Line of Blank Books

Embraces Day Books, Journals, Ledgers, Cash Books, full and half bound; Draft, Note, Order and Receipt Books, Pass and Memorandum Books, Monthly and Weekly Time Books, Invoice and Bill Books, and all kinds and sizes of Blank books.

Also Letter Paper, Bill and Account Paper, Envelopes, Inks, Pens, Pencils, etc.

Our Book Department.

We have a large assortment of School Books, Medical, Scientific, Law and Miscellaneous Books, also all the New Books as issued. Our

Fancy Goods Departm't

Offers an elegant variety goods. Birthday and Congratulation Cards in large assortment.

All orders or communications per mail, boat or otherwise answered with promptness, and satisfaction guaranteed. Send for Price List and Catalogue.

CLARKE & CO.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Booksellers, Stationers and Music Dealers

BLUE FRONT BOOK STORE, 149 WASHINGTON ST., VICKSBURG.

HENRY COLLEGE LOTTERY

$30,000 FOR $2.

8th Regular Monthly Drawing will take place in Covington, Kentucky

THURSDAY, APRIL 24, 1884,

A Lawful Lottery and Fair Drawings, chartered by the Legislature of Ky. and twice declared legal by the highest Court in the State. Bond given to Henry County in the sum of $100,000 for the prompt payment of all prizes sold.

April Scheme.

1 Prize,	$30,000
1 Prize,	10,000
1 Prize,	5,000
2 Prizes, $2,500 each,	5,000
5 Prizes, 1,000 each,	5,000
20 Prizes, 500 each,	10,000
100 Prizes, 100 each,	10,000
200 Prizes, 50 each,	10,000
500 Prizes, 20 each,	10,000
1000 Prizes, 10 each,	10,000
9 Prizes, $300 each, Aproximation	2,700
9 Prizes, 200 each, "	1,800
9 Prizes, 100 each, "	900
1,857 Prizes,	$110,400
Whole Tickets, $2. Half Tickets, $1.	
27 Tickets, $50. 55 Tickets, $100.	

Remit money, Postal Note or Bank Draft in Letter, or send by Express. Orders of $5 and upwards by express, can be sent at our expense. Address all orders to R. B. SPENCER, Covington, Ky. 130-ew

CITATION NOTICE.
STATE OF MISSISSIPPI, WARREN COUNTY,
CHANCERY COURT.

Chas. Hutcherson, Complainant, vs. Amanda Thomas Hutcherson, Defendant.

The State of Mississippi to Amanda Thomas, Defendant:

YOU are commanded to appear before the Chancery Court of the county of Warren in said State, on the first Monday of May, 1884, to defend the suit, in said County, of Chas. Hutcherson, wherein you are a defendant.

Witness my hand and seal of said Court, this the 27th day of March, A. D. 1884.

WM. W. POWER, D. C.
By WM. M. POWER, D. C.

CHAS. HUTCHERSON, Complainant.
By his Solicitor. m28-4w

PLANTATION LOANS

On the Installment Plan, Negotiated by

Francis Smith & Co.

S. W. corner Washington and Crawford streets, Vicksburg, Miss.

No Cotton Required.

Planters should not make loans until they have investigated our plan and rates.

WE HAVE NO AGENTS.

dec10

FRUIT AND ORNAMENTAL TREES

ROSES of all kinds.
Green-House Plants by the
MILLION
at the
GREGORY NURSERY
Grove Street, Vicksburg.
d22 THOMPSON S. GREGORY.

WINCHESTER RIFLES

AT WHOLESALE and RETAIL
64,105; 66,405; and 52,110, just received
LOUIS HOFFMAN

The Vicksburg Evening Post.

VOLUME II. VICKSBURG, MISSISSIPPI, FRIDAY, APRIL 4, 1884. NUMBER 82

VICKSBURG BANK.

EDWARD S. BUTTS, President. | Established Nov. 12, 1866.
E. C. KUYKENDALL, Vice-Pres. |
JAMES P. ROACH, Cashier. | Incorporated Mar. 4, 1878.

Transacts a General Banking Business.

CHARTER PERPETUAL.

New York Correspondent, - - - National Park Bank.
New Orleans Correspondent, - - - State National Bank.
may4

SPRING SPECIALTIES!

Iron Age Cultivators,
Avery's Garden Plows,
Acme Harrows,
GERMAN MILLET SEED, SAPLING CLOVER SEED,
—AND—
LANDRETH'S GARDEN SEED,

DOW LOW COTTON PLANTERS

Globe Cotton Planters, Washburn & Moen's Thick Set Galvanized Barb Wire, Philadelphia Lawn Mowers.

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EASTER!

We have now on exhibition at our store the finest and most extensive line of

EASTER CARDS

EVER BROUGHT TO THIS CITY,

—COMPRISING AN ELEGANT LINE OF—

Imported Satin Easter Cards.
L. Prang & Co.'s Easter Art Prints on Satin.
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Easter Cards from 5 cents to $15.00 each.
An elegant line of Birthday and Wedding Congratulation Cards.

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Books, Stationery, Music and Fancy Goods,

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Wholesale and Retail Druggists

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White Lead, Mixed Paints, Linseed Oil, Lard Oil, Gnat Oil, Turpentine, Putty and Glassware, Patent Medicines, Sponges, Hair Brushes, Perfumery, Toilet Articles of Every Description, Garden and Flower Seeds.

AGENTS FOR HUMPHREY'S HOMEOPATHIC MEDICINES. ja4

T. C. CATCHINGS, Attorney-General of Mississippi. | MARYE DABNEY, late of Edwards, Miss.

CATCHINGS & DABNEY,

Attorneys-at-Law,

VICKSBURG, MISS.

PERSONAL attention will be given to all business entrusted to them in Warren and Hinds counties, and in the State and Federal Courts at Jackson. m14-1y

J. S. MORRIS,

Attorney-at-Law

VICKSBURG, MISS.

WILL practice in the various Courts of Warren and adjoining counties, and in the Supreme Court at Jackson. Office in Court House. m14-1y

CITATION NOTICE.

State of Mississippi, County of Warren, Chancery Court.

Evelina Rainwater, Complainant,
vs.
William Richard Rainwater, Defendant.

The State of Mississippi to William Richard Rainwater, Defendant:

YOU are commanded to appear before the Chancery Court of the County of Warren, in said State, on the

1st Monday of May, 1884,

to defend the suit, in said Court, of Evelina Rainwater, wherein you are a defendant.

Witness my hand and seal of said Court, this the 25th day of March, A.D. 1884.

GEO. T. BARDY, Clerk.
By WM. M. POWER, D. C.
ap3-4w

JOB PRINTING—The best in the South POST JOB OFFICE.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

[Special to THE EVENING POST.]

A COMPROMISE PROBABLE

Between the Parisot and the Pool Lines.

NEW ORLEANS, April 4.—Commodore S. H. Parisot and Capt. E. C. Carroll are here, and a compromise is apparent.

A Colored Assasin Executed.

OSCEOLA, ARK., April 4.—Henry Bass, colored, was hanged at noon to-day for the assassination of a negro man one year ago. He shot him through a window.

Condition of the Rivers.

NEW ORLEANS, LA., April 3.—The lower Missouri and upper Mississippi will rise slowly. The lower Mississippi will remain about stationary.

New Orleans River Report.

NEW ORLEANS, April 4.—The weather is cloudy warm and threatening.

Business is very dull.

Arrived: City of Yazoo from Vicksburg.

Boats leaving this evening: Wood for Pittsburg; Williams for Pittsburg.

The City of Yazoo overlays until tomorrow.

Memphis River Report.

MEMPHIS, TENN., April 4.—The river is stationary.

The City of Cairo passed down at noon.

MARKET REPORTS.

Cotton Weak; Provisions Falling at Chicago.

LIVERPOOL, April 4.—Spots: Uplands 6 1-16d; Orleans 6 5-16d. Market weak.

NEW YORK, April 4, noon.—Spots weak. Middling, 11 9-16.

NEW ORLEANS, April 4, noon.—Cotton weak. Middling, 11¼.

CHICAGO, April 4.—May Wheat 2½ cents lower; Corn 1 cent lower. There is a big tumble in provisions.

Senator Mahone's Condition.

WASHINGTON, April 2.—Senator Mahone's condition is not improved. His friends are very anxious.

A Kentucky Homicide.

HOPKINSVIELE, Ky., April 3.—At Fairview yesterday, John W. Gibson, a young rough, walked into a grocery and fired a pistol balls into the heart of John McCoy, killing him instantly. No reason is asserted for the deed. Gibson escaped, but a party of citizens are in pursuit, and will lynch him if caught.

The Educational Bill.

WASHINGTON, April 2.—Senator George spoke nearly three hours on the educational bill to-day. His remarks were mainly in reply to the speech of Mr. Coke, made yesterday. The Senate seems weary of the subject. It is doubtful what will be done with the measure. Mr. Blair tried to have some definite action taken to-day but failed. About twenty amendments have been submitted to the bill. Some are in the nature of substitutes, and must of necessity lead to further debate.

Mysterious Suicide of a Lady in a St. Louis Hotel.

ST. LOUIS, April 3.—A lady who registered at the Lacleds Hotel, three days ago, as Mrs. Radcliffe, of Kansas City, was found dead in bed this afternoon. A druggist's prescription box containing a small amount of white powder, supposed to be arsenic, was lying on a table in the room.

The lady was about 50 years old, well dressed, all of her garments being new but unmarked, hence there is no clue to her identity. No money was found.

Morrison and Watterson — Another Tariff Caucus Called for.

[Special to the Picayune.]

WYSHINGTON, April 2.—Mr. Morrison does not show any purpose of calling up his tariff bill, and he appears very unwilling to talk about it. He is probably well aware that his bill cannot be passed, and that even its consideration may be refused by a vote of the House; but he is too proud to acknowledge that the labors of the past twelve months are an egregious blunder.

There are many people who like Mr. Morrison personally, but who do not regard him as a safe and judicious party leader. As for Watterson, his departure for Kentucky was simultaneous with the defeat of the whisky bill. Everybody is glad to get rid of him. His attempt to read Mr. Randall out of the party is regarded all through Kentucky as a piece of consummate impudence. The general feeling of well informed Democrats is that these doctrinaires have seriously endangered, if not absolutely destroyed the chances of electing a Democratic President, in order to press a bill which is not an honest embodiment of the revenue principles they have pretended to believe in.

Randbill is being circulated among members calling for another caucus in order to unite the Democratic party upon a resolution to recommit the Morrison bill with directions to report a bill by the 10th of January next reducing the tariff and internal revenue taxes. The paper calls attention to the fact that no bill reducing internal revenue has been reported, although the canons passed a resolution to that effect.

PEACH WINE.

A fine article at close figures at
W. E. BROS.

RELIEF FOR THE SUFFERERS.

Arrival of the Steamer Gen. Barnard With 75,000 Rations.

The United States steamer Gen. Barnard, in charge of Col. John McGinnis, assisted by Lieut. Morrison, arrived from St. Louis early this morning, where she was loaded under the direction of Col. Amos Beckwith, Assistant Commissary General at St. Louis, with 100,000 rations for the relief of sufferers by the overflow. The expense will be paid out of $125,000 appropriated by Congress last Friday.

It being reported on the trip down that 1,500 people were suffering in the neighborhood of Reelfoot Lake, near Tiptonville, Tenn., they stopped there and put off 7,000 rations for their relief. Vicksburg was the next point stopped at, where they will spend the day and distribute 2,500 rations for Judge Simrall's place, and 1,500 rations for A. D. Mattingly's place. This is rations for 10 days for 250 persons on Simrall's, and 150 persons on Matt ngly's place.

The officers of the Gen. Barnard will be glad if any of the citizens or business men here who know of any cases of suffering by the overflow will report the fact to them on board during the day. The boat will remain here until seven o'clock this evening, when she will depart for Davis Bend where she will connect with the steamer A. A. Humphreys and will reload her for further distribution in that section if necessary and then proceed down the river, to some point agreed upon by Capts. Viele and Col. McGinnis. The Humphreys will act as tender to the Gen. Barnard on the trip down the river, as she will be enabled to make landings where the Barnard cannot, being smaller and a stern wheel boat. The two boats will supply the inundated districts between Vicksburg and the mouth of Red river, and Captain Whitehead of New Orleans will supply the country between New Orleans and the mouth of Red river and up that river. The Barnard has now on board 75,000 rations, and it is probable another load will be sent down from St. Louis as the steamer Ella Kimbrough has been chartered by the Red Cross Society and will be loaded and sent out on the same mission.

The Barnard brought down from St. Louis, consigned to W. G. Paxton for account of the Red Cross Society, 250 bushels of oats and 350 bushels of corn, which he thinks is for free distribution as forage. C. W. Durham is Captain of the General Barnard.

The rations for the Simrall place went down on the steamer Capt. Miller this morning.

Capt. J. I. Mulholland this morning drew from the Government relief boat Gen. Barnard, rations for the colored people on the lower end of Steele's bayou. Major McGinnis is in charge of the relief boat, and is doing good service in the work of relieving the unfortunate sufferers by the flood.

The Gold Excitement at Hot Springs Increasing.

HOT SPRINGS, April 3.—The mining excitement continues to grow, and a great rush is being made to the camps. As high as twenty gold nuggets to a single pan of dirt has been obtained, and amounts range from that down. People are wild with the gold craze. H. Biglow, an experienced old miner, returned yesterday from camp, worn out with labor and exposure. He located a claim which he says he would not take $25,000 for. He brings really fine specimens. A new town is laid off and buildings are going up. Some of our wealthiest citizens are investing heavily.

Gnat Oil.

Save your stock by buying first-class Gnat Oil from HARDAWAY & CASSELL'S ap2 Drugstore.

SLAUGHTERING PRICES!

IN

Boots and Shoes

AT

FOLEY'S SHOE STORE

English broad toe gaiters, $2.50; London toe, imitation buttoned gaiters, $2.75; Plain box gaiters, $3.00; imitation laced, London toe, sewed gaiter, $3.50; ladies' kid buttoned $3.25, cheap at $4.75; ladies' front laced kid, $2.75, cheap at $4.00; boys' buttoned gaiters, $2.50, cheap at $3.50; youths' buttoned gaiters, double tipped, $2.00, cheap at $2.25.

The chief pride of this house is the superior character of its custom-made work. All orders promptly and carefully attended to. Send for catalogue. 3-15

Suicide of a Candidate for Congress.

HUNTSVILLE, ALA., April 3.—Capt. Wm. H. Robinson, Democratic candidate for Congress, Eighth Alabama District, against Gen. Joe Wheeler, committed suicide at Scottsboro, Ala., last night by sticking a penknife in his heart. He had just returned from an electioneering tour, and it is supposed the excitement affected his mind.

Gnat Oil.

Thirty barrels of first-class Gnat Oil at HARDAWAY & CASSELL'S ap2 Druggists.

BERMUDA, Australia and other British colonies have fine macadamized roads built by convict labor. In the United States the convicts are supported with no cost to the State and they do not compete with honest labor.

An Industry that Should be Encouraged.

Accepting a kind invitation from Capt Worrell, a POST reporter this morning rode out to the Vicksburg Soap Works. This is an institution that is not known or patronized as it should be. It is situated on Cherry street where it crosses Glass bayou, just alongside of the bayou falls. A description of the process of manufacture of the cleansing article may not be out of place.

We observed the various stages through which the ingredients go before they become soap, and it is an interesting thing to see. Two large tanks for boiling, with a capacity of 30,000 pounds each, have been admirable constructed for the purposes for which they are used, and are connected with each other by a pipe. After undergoing several processes the soap is put into a "cooler." There are 40 coolers in the establishment, having a capacity of 1,550 pounds each. After it cools, the "coolers," which are made with sectional sides, are taken from the soap, and you have big bars of soap weighing 1,550 pounds, each. These are then sawed into small cakes or bars, for use in the laundry, kitchen or elsewhere.

The manufactory is under the supervision of Mr. Irvin, but Mr. D. S. Brown personally supervises the making. Mr. Brown has been making soap for fifty years, and the business seems to agree with him. His father made soap before him, and his grandfather made soap before his father. His grandfather, Gilbert Brown, made the first bar of soap ever made in what is now New York City.

It is undoubtedly the duty of the business men and dealers of the city to patronize this home institution. The article turned out is pronounced superior to any other brand in the market, and those who use it once will use no other. The concern has recently been purchased by Capt. W. O. Worrell, who will enlarge the establishment and run it on a larger scale, if it meets with the encouragement it deserves from the citizens of the city. There is no reason why Vicksburg shouldn't make as good soap as New York. Capt. Worrell is a useful citizen, and a valued member of the Board of Aldermen, and a gentlemen who always takes great interest in our city's welfare, and his connection with the institution is a guarantee of its worth, and a reason for its being patronized.

Just Received

25 tubs choice butter.
10 barrels choice turnips.
5 barrels choice beets.
5 barrels choice rutabagas.
1000 heads choice cabbages.
All kinds of vegetables at
JOSEPH EHLBERT.
ap3 Cor. Walnut and Jackson Street.

VICKSBURG

Soap Works,

—ON—

GLASS BAYOU AND CHERRY ST.

VICKSBURG, MISS.

Highest Cash Price paid for Tallow and Grease.
Address all orders to
ap3 W. O. WORRELL.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

TO THE PUBLIC

SWITZER, NEWWITTER & CO.,

Will posively occupy their

New Dry Goods Store!

133 WASHINGTON STREET,

—ON—

SATURDAY, MARCH 15th,

And be ready to serve their many customers with an entire

New Spring Stock

Ladies should remember that we will open our new

SPRING DRESS GOODS

In our New Building, 133 Washington Street, on Saturday, March 15th.

Spring Stock of Ladies' and Children's

Hosiery, Handkerchiefs, Neckwear.

—NOVELTIES IN—

FANCY DRESS GOODS!

New Zephyr Ginghams, Sateens, Foulards

—AND—

Handsome Dress Goods

—To arrive this week for—

SWITZER, NEWWITTER & CO.,

REMEMBER THAT ON

Saturday, March 15th

We will rem

THE EVENING POST

PUBLISHED BY
J. G. CASHMAN & CO.,
Washington St., Vicksburg, Miss.

The Evening Post.

VICKSBURG, MISS., APRIL 4, 1884.

IS a white man who has been an active Democrat and becomes a negro candidate a "traitor to his race?"

A JOURNAL must have a very weak cause when it can find nothing but an appeal to the worst prejudices and most wicked passions to support it.

THE New York Morning Journal has increased its circulation from 16,000, the lowest edition printed by it, to 107,000. The Journal has achieved immense success.

THE day for appeals to prejudice has passed. A wicked murder, a heinous crime, a brutal assassination, cannot be justified by appealing to prejudice against the poor negroes.

A PROMINENT dry goods store in New York City has just closed a $200,000 advertising contract, and this is only one of several contracts made this year by the same house. No wonder trade sets toward New York.

THERE is no danger of negro domination in Mississippi now. The danger hereafter will be from the lawless and blood-thirsty politicians who will seek to ride into power by assassination and violence.

The Senate Post-office Committee will report a postal telegraph bill, but not at an early day. It will provide that if satisfactory bids for doing the work are not received from owners of existing lines that then the Government is to construct new lines.

The probability is that the Democratic delegation from Pennsylvania, in the Chicago Convention will be solid for Sam Sandall. Every County Convention has instructed for him so far as we have been able to keep up with them.—Aberdeen Examiner.

IF Edmunds should be the Republican candidate and Thurman the Democratic candidate the American voter would feel safe in predicting that an honest man would deliver the next inaugural address at Washington.—Avalanche.

The Avalanche is coming around. It will get to Randall after awhile.

A WASHINGTON paper says that Mr. Morrison openly announces himself as a candidate for the Presidency. Mr. Morrison wouldn't do or say anything before it had been considered and sanctioned by the caucus, therefore it is fair to presume that he is the "authorized" candidate of the free trade clan.

THE best and ablest newspapers in the United States deplore the recent outbreak at Cincinnati, condemn the mob, and rejoice that the law was defended. At the same time they admit there was good ground for public indignation in regard to the non-punishment of murderers—that there was some excuse for the attempt to lynch Berner.

PETROLEUM V. NASBY claimed to have been a Postmaster at one time, and after he had lost the position he always signed himself Petroleum V. Nasby, which wuz P. M. Print Matthews was never P. M. (Postmaster) that we are aware of. It would be a very wicked thing nevertheless, to fill every man with buckshot who has ever been directly or indirectly a P. M.

AS LONG as a weather eye is kept on New York as the pivotal State a due regard to the course of Tammany Hall and the opinions of its leaders will remain a necessary measure of prudence. Tammany Hall has a peculiar habit of practicing open, and very frequently successful rebellion against the party whenever Tammany's policy or claims are disregarded. Therefore if a candidate is to be selected and a campaign conducted with a view to carrying New York, the Tammany tariff platform demands careful consideration by the slate-makers. "A tariff which will discriminate in favor of our home industries and manufactures" is the price of Tammany in the coming canvass and election. No free trader need apply to New York.

IT is "the highest privilege of American citizenship" to cast a free and untrammeled vote. It is not "the highest privilege of American citizenship" to be a negro organizer and leader in the South. To become the latter is a matter of taste and judgment, and we think some people have shown very poor taste and defective judgment in becoming negro organizers, leaders and candidates. But it was their privilege—though not their highest privilege—to lead and organize and become candidates of the negroes. At the same time we do not think it would be right or justifiable to assassinate them; if this policy had been pursued there would have been at least one less blood-thirsty editor less in these United States.

Who Should be Nominated.

It is now absolutely certain that neither Mr. Tilden nor Mr. Payne will be candidates for the Democratic nomination for President. McDonald's free trade bias kills him; Senator Bayard's blunder in regard to the Presidency pro. tem. of the Senate a few years ago, and his pro-Southern proclivities would render him a weak candidate; General Hancock's military record of twenty years ago would not avail anything now; and Pendleton, Flower, Cleveland, Carlisle, Hoadly, and others, occasionally mentioned in connection with the nomination, are not big enough and National enough to make their names worthy of serious consideration. All the circumstances and events of the year point to Mr. Randall of Pennsylvania as the man who SHOULD receive the Democratic nomination. His position on the tariff is the only one on which success is possible; his statesmanship, ability and integrity have been proved by long years of public service, and his record is unassailable. Another important consideration: there is a large element in the Northern States, who think and vote independently; this element would be willing to trust Mr. Randall at the head of the Government, and we doubt very much if there is another man in the Democratic party who can command the respect and support of this important element.

The Red Cross Association.

Our contemporaries East and West give frequent notices of the good work being done by the American Association of the Red Cross, and we have just seen on the wharfboat a large lot of corn and oats brought by the U. S. relief steamer Gen. Barnard, for account of this association. This is only an advance shipment, as the Red Cross relief steamer "Mattie Belle," in charge of Miss Clara Barton, President of the National Association, has just left St. Louis, fully loaded, destined for all points South that may require assistance. The local association here is in active co-operation, and no efforts will be spared to properly care for those of our people who have been driven from their homes by the devastating floods. Severe as our trials, they are not without their immediate compensation—showing as they do that all the people of this broad land of ours have a common interest, backed by universal sympathy.

The Government takes the lead, and individuals contribute with free and willing hands.

The President on Levees.

The President's recommendation with reference to the levees, presented to Congress yesterday, will be good news to our people. It is true that the amount he suggests for the protection of our levees —$100,000—is not large, but it will be well received as an evidence that he recognizes the responsibility of the Federal Government to aid in the good work of preventing overflow. The appropriation is proposed, not for the purpose of improving the navigation of the river, nor to relieve suffering, but openly and avowedly, for levees.

The President has more than once expressed his views on this subject, and, especially in his message to Congress some months ago, he called its attention to this problem. The recommendation he then made he renews to-day as specially appropriate in the present condition of affairs, when so many of our levees are broken.—Times-Democrat, 3d.

Now will our friends of the Aberdeen Examiner continue to assert that President Arthur is not a good friend to the Mississippi river?

Logan will have to bestir himself to get ahead of Arthur on the question of Mississippi river improvement. .

IN alluding to the political situation, Jay Gould recently said: "It seems to my mind that next Presidential election depends altogether on the man who is nominated, rather than on any particular measures. The parties in this country are pretty well divided, and the party that nominates the strongest man will win."

Gould knows more about stocks and bonds than he does about politics, nevertheless he is a very smart man, and his opinion is worth something. We think particular measures, the tariff, for instance, (or protection vs. free trade) will have considerable to do with party success next time. Nevertheless, Mr. Gould is right in regard to nominating a strong man. Therefore, if the Democrats embrace the "protective" principle, and nominate Mr. Randall, who is decidedly a strong man in every respect, their chances of success are most excellent.

THE Mississippi Railway Commission was enjoined yesterday by the Illinois Central railway. The Commissioners didn't have a chance to draw a month's salary.—Avalanche.

When the supervision bill was under discussion in the Legislature, some members offered an amendment providing that the Commissioners should not draw their salaries in the event they were enjoined by the Courts from performing their duties. This amendment was summarily voted down by the Supervision majority. A bill has already been filed by the Illinois Central railroad enjoining the Commissioners from interfering with that road. It will come up for action at the May term of the Court. If the Court decides the law to be unconstitutional, and the Commissioners are not allowed to perform their duties, we have no idea they will attempt to draw pay, although it seemed to be the intention of the Legislature to give them pay whether they performed any duties or not.

Government Relief.

The Government steamer Gen. Barnard arrived from St. Louis early this morning loaded with rations for sufferers by the overflow in the lower Mississippi. The only stop the Barnard made above was at Tiptonville, Tenn., where a lot of rations were distributed to sufferers from overflow in that vicinity. These rations are furnished by the Secretary of War, and distributed under direction of that department. The Gen. Barnard will supply sufferers between Vicksburg and the mouth of Red river, and another boat will supply sufferers between the Red river and New Orleans. The Gen. Barnard is at our landing, and the officers in charge desire information as to parties and sections in need of relief.

Truly we have a great and good Government. Appeals to race prejudices will hereafter not have much effect in preventing the building up of a good National sentiment in this section.

The warlike Representative from Illinois, Mr. Morrison, petulantly remarks that if, during the canvass of Ohio last fall by Messrs. Cox and Converse those gentleman promised the restoration of the tariff on wool they spoke without authority. It may be inquired by what authority Mr. Morrison repudiates this promise, and where and how he acquired the right to annul an accession to the practically unanimous demands of the citizens and voters of a great State. The free trade caucus may have passed a resolution" to the same effect as the gentleman's remark, but when the test comes the odious crack of the caucus whip and the official pronunciamento of the caucus kings will never be heard above the stern demands of the people for protection to their interests.

THE Commercial-herald is the only paper in Vicksburg that receives the Associated Press dispatches.

The above paragraph is kept standing at the head of the telegraphic column of Vicksburg's commercial paper. And yet when anything important occurs, somehow or other the miserable Associated Press fails to come to time with its dispatches at least so far as the Commercial-herald is concerned. The latest instance is the Cincinnati riot. This affair, which has attracted the attention of America and Europe, began on Friday night last. The New Orleans and Memphis papers of Saturday morning had over half-column accounts of the outbreak, and THE POST of Saturday afternoon gave the Vicksburg people the first news about it. Not until Sunday morning following the Friday night riot did the "only paper that receives the Associated Press dispatches" gave any news about the great riot. A return to the old-time stage-coach and steamboat mail facilities might be an improvement on this sort of an Associated Press purveyor of news.

SENATORS GEORGE and Lamar have both made speeches in advocacy of the educational bill now before Congress, which donates a hundred millions for primary instruction in the States. In the course of his remarks Mr. George said he once believed in the rights of secession, and also that the Federal Government was not the judge of its own power in dealing with such a case. But these opinions he had unconsciously surrendered. Why? If they were true they are true. How can the bayonet change the truth? It may prevent its utterance and compel submission to wrong and furnish motives to take its side. But its power ends there. The truth remains the same.—Holly Springs South.

Why? No doubt Senator George will be able to give a perfectly satisfactory answer for himself. We do not think the bayonet changed the truth; it only demonstrated the truth, and made it clear. The war and the bayonet very effectually demonstrated that "secession" was not the truth, and a very good result it was.

WHEN Maj. Barksdale fired the Tewksbury shot at the Investigating Committee he was evidently in a state of blissful forgetfulness of the report of the Mississippi Legislative Penitentiary Committee. Gov. Lowry appears to have forgotten it, too, and from present indications that "blood money" is likely to accumulate in the State Treasury until the meeting of the next Legislature. Since the cordial custom of hand-shaking has received such an impetus, and while Yazoo and Copiah and Cincinnati are engaged in this friendly demonstration, Mississippi and Massachusetts might with perfect propriety exchange the same token of recognition and acknowledgment of affinity. The fact that the one is distinguished from New Hampshire (Blair) was willing those words should be stricken out.

Senator Williams of Kentucky, said this bill had been debated for three weeks and everything but education had been talked about. The provision of the constitution, imposing on Congress the duty of promoting the general welfare, was the same as requiring it to provide for common defense. Whatever right Congress had as to one or as to the other, no one doubted the right to provide for the common defense. Williams had no doubt as to the constitutionality of the measure, and if he had a doubt, he would give the benefit to the poor, struggling human soul living and dying in ignorance and vice. He would try to get some light into the prison-house of ignorance that covered five millions of the people of the South, and lift them to a higher plane of manhood. In reply to a question by Morgan, Williams said he would vote for the bill if it were limited to the illiterate.

The Senate took up the Education bill. Mr. George maintained that as Congress had authority to levy taxes for the general welfare, it must also have authority to expend those taxes for the general welfare. It would not help the general welfare to have money collected merely to have it lie idle in the Treasury. The constitution did not contemplate making Congress powerful enough to collect money, yet impotent to disburse it. Five millions cited instances of appropriations made in the early history of the United States, as well as appropriations of a recent date, such as a gift of $632,000 in 1882 to the sufferers from the overflow of the Mississippi river, and $500,000 recently to the sufferers from the overflow of the Ohio river. The objection that taxes could only be levied for purposes of public use could be no valid objection to this bill, because the object of the bill, in Mr. George's opinion, was to serve a public need of a most urgent character. The general welfare clause, he said, was the animating spirit of every clause of the constitution and was to be read between the lines all the way through that document. In conclusion, Mr. George remarked that he would gladly, in behalf of the suffering populations of Mississippi and other Southern States, give his vote in support of the measure.

Mr. Van Wyck said he had some days ago offered to introduce a similar bill from the bill the words "Not sectarian in character."

Mr. Blair said he was willing that the whole clause containing these words should be stricken out.

Mr. Van Wyck said that if it was a thrust at the Catholic Church, he desired to say that the work of Illinois did to that church from the time when she preserved the literature of the preceding centuries, and from the time when she established the common schools among the Indians till now; when she was aiding in the education of the colored race; a religion whose creed we might not endorse was preferable to infidelity hid under the mask of liberal Christianity. Nothing was so intolerant as this boasted liberalism, which, under the pretence of blotting out sects, had united with sectarianism in an attempt to drive the Bible from the public schools, and was ever attempting to weaken that sentiment that assisted the progress of reform in the State, sanctioned the pure and good in society and tended to make liberty more enduring. He rejoiced that the gentleman from New Hampshire (Blair) was willing those words should be stricken out.

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"It is not at all unlikely, as things are now going, that Mr. Randall may be the Democratic nominee for President."

A Statement by Gen. Chalmers.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 31, 1884.

To The Evening Post:

I take the following extract from a letter of B. F. Jonas, U. S. Senator, which I find in the Aberdeen Examiner of the 27th inst:

It is a bad time for Democrats to falter in their devotion and duty to their party when a Presidential campaign is about opening, which, if the Republican leaders can so direct it, is to be fought on no economic issue, on no questions of tariff, taxation, or civil reform, but on the bloody shirt, investigation and slander of the Southern people, and proposed interference with their elections and State Governments.

This is the plan of campaign which is being arranged by Sherman and Mahone and Hoar and Chalmers and others, at the inception of which Democrats in Louisiana are invited to forsake their party, and either support the Republican ticket or organize an Independent movement, which will lead its followers into the same camp.

I was informed that by his cross interrogations to witnesses before the investigating Committee in New Orleans, he endeavored to drag me into it by asking Mr. Hull if I did not procure his appointment to office, and asking Mr. Burnett if I did not induce him to come to Washington, and in short if I did not instigate this investigation. He was told by Mr. Burnett that I had nothing to do with his movements or actions, and I now state that I knew nothing of his coming to Washington or being in Washington until I saw his statements in print, and that I knew nothing of any intention to make this investigation until I saw Senator Sherman's resolutions published. And I pronounce the charge made by Senator Jonas that I have proposed or arranged a campaign to slander the Southern people, a willful and malicious lie.

The resolutions passed by the Democrats of Copiah county slandered the people of the South, and the effort of Mr. Jonas to apologise for them is a vile slander on the honest people of Mississippi. I have done nothing to publish or perpetuate this act of shame before the people of the North, but when I get on the stump in Mississippi, I had intended and still intend to speak my sentiments on this subject freely. I hope you will do me the justice to publish this in your valuable paper.

Yours truly,
JAS. R. CHALMERS.

THE EDUCATIONAL BILL.

Senator George's National Utterances—Senator Vay Wyck in Defense of the Catholic Church.

Senator William's Sensible Views.

The Senate took up the Education bill. Mr. George maintained that as Congress had authority to levy taxes for the general welfare, it must also have authority to expend those taxes for the general welfare. It would not help the general welfare to have money collected merely to have it lie idle in the Treasury. The constitution did not contemplate making Congress powerful enough to collect money, yet impotent to disburse it. Five millions cited instances of appropriations made in the early history of the United States, as well as appropriations of a recent date, such as a gift of $632,000 in 1882 to the sufferers from the overflow of the Mississippi river, and $500,000 recently to the sufferers from the overflow of the Ohio river. The objection that taxes could only be levied for purposes of public use could be no valid objection to this bill, because the object of the bill, in Mr. George's opinion, was to serve a public need of a most urgent character. The general welfare clause, he said, was the animating spirit of every clause of the constitution and was to be read between the lines all the way through that document. In conclusion, Mr. George remarked that he would gladly, in behalf of the suffering populations of Mississippi and other Southern States, give his vote in support of the measure.

Mr. Van Wyck said he had some days ago offered to introduce a similar bill from the bill the words "Not sectarian in character."

Mr. Blair said he was willing that the whole clause containing these words should be stricken out.

Mr. Van Wyck said that if it was a thrust at the Catholic Church, he desired to say that the work of Illinois did to that church from the time when she preserved the literature of the preceding centuries, and from the time when she established the common schools among the Indians till now; when she was aiding in the education of the colored race; a religion whose creed we might not endorse was preferable to infidelity hid under the mask of liberal Christianity. Nothing was so intolerant as this boasted liberalism, which, under the pretence of blotting out sects, had united with sectarianism in an attempt to drive the Bible from the public schools, and was ever attempting to weaken that sentiment that assisted the progress of reform in the State, sanctioned the pure and good in society and tended to make liberty more enduring. He rejoiced that the gentleman from New Hampshire (Blair) was willing those words should be stricken out.

Senator Williams of Kentucky, said this bill had been debated for three weeks and everything but education had been talked about. The provision of the constitution, imposing on Congress the duty of promoting the general welfare, was the same as requiring it to provide for common defense. Whatever right Congress had as to one or as to the other, no one doubted the right to provide for the common defense. Williams had no doubt as to the constitutionality of the measure, and if he had a doubt, he would give the benefit to the poor, struggling human soul living and dying in ignorance and vice. He would try to get some light into the prison-house of ignorance that covered five millions of the people of the South, and lift them to a higher plane of manhood. In reply to a question by Morgan, Williams said he would vote for the bill if it were limited to the illiterate.

"It is not at all unlikely, as things are now going, that Mr. Randall may be the Democratic nominee for President."

H. B. BRUSER,
TIN, COPPER AND SHEET-IRON WORKER
Hardware Tinware Stoves!
Pumps, Grates Mantels, Etc. Etc
may5 159 Washington Street, Vicksburg.

Something the People Need!
FRESH
ROASTED COFFEE,
Roasted Daily in HYDE'S PATENT ROASTER, at my Store, Corner South and Washington Streets.
Price 20 Cts. per Pound!
H. F. SIMRALL, JR.
se17

W. M. CHAMBERLIN,
General Insurance Agent,
FIRE, MARINE, ACCIDENT AND LIFE.
Office—Up-stairs, cor. Washington and Crawford Sts., Vicksburg.
nov4

W. O. WORRELL,
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
AND DEALER IN
Hay & Grain
LIME, CEMENT, PLASTER, Etc.
58 Washington Street, Vicksburg, Miss.

FULTON M. M'RAE,
Wholesale and Retail Druggist
IMPORTER AND DEALER IN
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRUGS
White Lead, Linseed Oil, Turpentine, Window Glass, Mixed Paints, Dry and in Oil; Albastine Whitening and Putty; and the largest and most complete assortment of Patent Medicines and Surgical Instruments in the State. Agent for the celebrated Waukesha Bathesda Water.
Toilet Articles, Perfumery and Hair Brushes—all importeo.
No. 125 Washington Street, - Vicksburg, Miss.

GEO. W. HUTCHESON, CHAS. A. SMITH.
G. W. HUTCHESON & CO.,
Cotton Factors,
AND WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
Groceries, Liquors and Tobacco.
110 and 112 Washington Street,
Vicksburg, - - Miss.
may4

THE SAW-MILL BOAT
LEE RICHARDSON, JR
IS PREPARED TO SELL
DIMENSION LUMBER
FROM LANDING AT GLASS BAYOU, THIS CITY; ALSO,
Sash, Doors, Blinds, Mouldings, T. and G. Flooring and Ceiling
Orders addressed to the undersigned will be promptly filled.
WM. CURPHEY, Proprietor
may4

GEO. S. IRVING,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN
Staple and Fancy Groceries,
WINES, LIQUORS, CIGARS & TOBACCO,
Corner of South and Washington Streets, - - - - - VICKSBURG, MISS.
I respectfully ask an examination of my stock, which I think will convince all that I have one of the largest and best assorted to be found.
Fine Teas, Coffee and Choice Butter are Among my Specialties.
I GUARANTEE EVERY ARTICLE TO BE AS REPRESENTED,
And desire to give full satisfaction. 1 PACK AND P FREE. may

HENRY YOSTE,
Watchmaker and Jeweler
I cordially invite a comparison of WORK and PRICES, believing mine to be the Best and Cheapest.
—ALSO DEALER IN—
WATCHES, DIAMONDS AND SILVERWARE
SPECIALTIES IN SPECTACLES.

COMMISSIONER'S SALE.

No. 1632 FANNIE H. QUIGG et al. vs. V. and B. E. S. BOSELLI.

PURSUANT to the power and authority vested in me by the provisions of a decree made and entered in the cause entitled cause, by the Chancery Court of Warren county, Miss., on the 23d day of February, 1884, I will, at or about the hour of 12 o'clock m., on the 19th day of March, 1884, sell at the south door of the Courthouse, in Warren county, Mississippi, at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, that lot or parcel of land described as part of lot 290, square 58 of the original plat of the city of Vicksburg, commencing on the southern side of Crawford street, running thence east 73 feet 9 inches, thence north 60 feet 2 inches, thence west 73 feet 9 inches, thence south 60 feet 2 inches to the place of beginning; and being situate in Vicksburg, Warren county, Mississippi, for the purpose of paying the costs.

Given at the seat of the county of February, 1884.

PACIFIC HOUSE,
VINCENT PIAZZA, PROPRIETOR
Washington St., Vicksburg.
CONVENIENT TO RAILROAD DEPOT, Landing, Post, Telegraph and Express Offices and to business.
Hack in time for all trains. House open all night.
It has been renovated and refurnished. Tables supplied with the best the market affords. Patronage respectfully solicited. Polite and careful attention given to guests.

NEW CLOTHING & DRY GOODS FIRM
L. MARKS AND L. WEINSTEIN
Have formed a copartnership, and have opened a
CLOTHING
Dry Goods Business
No. 227 and 229 Washington Street,

SIGNAL SERVICE REPORT.

LOCAL WEATHER REPORT.

TIME.	BAR.	THER.	HUM.	WIND	WEATHER.
6 a. m.	30.22	47	56	E.	Clear.
2 p. m.	30.27	59	38	N.	Clear.
6 p. m.	30.30	60	38	N. W.	Cloudy.
10 p. m.	30.16	58	62	N. W.	Cloudy.
6 a. m.	30.19	56	51	0	Cloudy.

	1883.	1884
Maximum thermometer	65.3	62.0
Minimum thermometer	33.8	45.0
Mean temperature	62.2	54.6
Rainfall	0 39	.00

STAGE OF RIVERS.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER,
April 3, 2 p.m. Washington time.

The following observations were taken at the same moment of time at all the stations named:

STATIONS.	Above low water.		Changes.	
	Feet	Inch's	Rise Inch's	Fall Inch's
Cairo, Ill	47	1	...	5
Chattanooga	10	1	...	6
Cincinnati	30	5	0	0
Davenport, Iowa	11	6	0	2
Dubuque, Iowa	13	2	2	...
Keokuk, Iowa	15	11	...	7
La Crosse	7	11	...	1
Leavenworth	14	7	10	...
Little Rock	8	7	...	5
Louisville	11	3	...	3
Memphis	11	1	...	1
Nashville	14	4	...	24
New Orleans	0	7	...	1
Pittsburg	4	12	12	...
Shreveport	11	3	36	...
St. Louis	11	11	7	...
St. Paul	25	9	3	...
Vicksburg	9	9	1	...
Washington, D. C.	47	7	...	3

*Yellow high water of 1874. *Frozen.

HIGH WATER AT VICKSBURG IN FORMER YEARS

High water '62, above zero, 51 1-10 feet.
High water '63, above zero, 49 feet.
High water '74, above zero, 45 ft. 8 inches
High water '75, above zero, 45 feet.
High water '79, above zero, 44 ft. 10 inches
High water '80, above zero, 43 ft. 2 inches
High water '81, above zero, 41 ft. 10 inches
High water '82, above zero, 48 ft. 1 inches
High water '83, above zero, 43 ft. 10 inches
Yellow high water of 1882.

Stations.	Date of Highest Point.	Highest point Reached.
Cairo	Feb. 26, 1882	51 ft. 9 inches
Chattanooga	Jan. 10, 1882	40 ft. 2 inches
Cincinnati	Feb. 21, 1882	58 ft. 6 inches
Dubuque	Dec. 3, 1881	19 ft. 1 inch
Helena, Ark	March. 9, 1882	47 ft. 3 inches
Keokuk	Nov. 29, 1881	11 ft. 5 inches
Little Rock	Feb. 24, 1882	21 ft. 6 inches
Memphis	Feb. 22, 1882	37 ft. 2 inches
Nashville	March 6, 1882	36 ft. 0 inches
New Orleans	Jan. 23, 1882	54 ft. 0 inches
Pittsburg	March 27, 1882	5 inches
St. Louis	Feb. 22, 1882	28 ft. 3 inches
Vicksburg	March 30, 1882	48 ft. 9 inches

Yellow high water of 1874.

THE RIVER.

ARRIVED.

City of Providence, from St. Louis.
Will S. Hays, from Memphis.
John W. Cannon, from New Orleans.
John Rule, from Cincinnati.
John A. Scudder, from St. Louis.
Hard Cash, from Sharkeys.
Capt. Miller, from Natchez.
Gen. Barnard, from St. Louis.

DEPARTED.

Capt. Miller, for Natchez.
Isaquena, for Greenville.
John W. Cannon, for Greenville.
John A. Scudder, for New Orleans.
Will S. Hays, for Memphis.
Harry and barge, for Big Deer Creek.

BOATS DUE TO-DAY.

Centennial, New Orleans to St. Louis.
W. P. Thompson, Atchafalaya Lake to V'burg
J. H. Williams, Tallulah to Vicksburg.
John F. Halpin, Bayou Pierre to V'burg.

BOATS DUE TO-NIGHT.

For Davis Bend—Gen. Barnard, 7 p.m.

BOATS DUE TO-MORROW.

Belle of Shreveport, N. O. to Cincinnati.
John W. Cannon, Greenville to N. O.
Isaquena, Greenville to Vicksburg.

BOATS LEAVING TO-MORROW.

For Cincinnati—Belle Shreveport, 8 a.m.
For St. Louis—City of Providence, 11 am
For New Orleans—John W. Cannon, 12 m
For Grand Lake—W. P. Thompson, 4 pm
For Greenwood—Leflore, 5 p.m.

NOTES.

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A MEMPHIS Presbyterian pastor openly and boldly preached that Sunday laws are unconstitutional, a burden and an outrage and that this view is borne out by St. Paul, Luther, Calvin and Knox. The whole city is excited and the clergy are in arms. This is a boon of which the Memphis papers may well be proud. The Sunday agitation is wholly attributed to railway competition with Kansas City. Another railroad would put Memphis on our orthodox religous footing.—Kansas City Times.

GEN. GRANT went to the Senate this afternoon, and sent in for Senator Logan. Subsequently he held quite a levee in the cloakrooms. Some of the Logan men are in conference to-night, and are encouraged by the boom which their friend has had. They say that Blaine cannot win, because Frye, Hale Chandler and Ingersoll, who led same 4 years, are against him now. The general opinion however is that the masses of the Republican party prefer Blaine to any one else.—Picayune special.

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IF an appropriation is made, no matter how small, for the establishment of a State Female College, it is safe to predict, in view of the Meridian asylum plan, that the people will be called to the extent of at least a quarter of a million of dollars before it is put in operation. —Tupelo Journal.

Colored Masons.

T. W. STRINGER, Most Worshipful Grand Master of Stringer Grand Lodge, F. and A. M., of Mississippi, has appointed Mr. Thos. M. Broadwaters, P. M. of Stringer Lodge No. 1, to be district Deputy Grand Master for the district of Warren, Claiborne, Jefferson and Adams counties. It is the duty of the deputy to see that the work of the Lodges is correctly communicated to them and to examine their books, and to see that the Lodges are properly officered and conducted.

The Patrol.

The steamboat of the Mississippi River Commission, which some days ago, while engaged in taking some observations of the Davis' crevasse, was caught in the maelstrom which whirls and eddies at the mouth of this gulf and hurried through it, still lies some half a mile or more in the plantation, apparently apparently the submerged railroad track. It was reported this morning that they would try to extricate herself by the back way, going out through some channel cut by the flood through the plantation, and thence into Lake Bolivar, and then to Bayou Lafourche. If the enterprise is practicable no progress has yet been made in carrying it out. If not, unless it shall be possible to drag the vessel out by the way she came in, she is hopelessly stranded in the heart of a cane field. The officers of the boat are, however, full of hope that they can get her out unharmed.—Picayune, 3d.

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Bend, and will return Monday at 10 a.m. for Warrenton, Newtown and Davis Bend.

The Leflore, of the progressive P Line, Capt. Marcy L. Johnson, clerk John J. Harper, is receiving at the Elevator to-day, and will leave at noon to-morrow for all points on the Yazoo river as high as Greenwood. She carries the mail.

The staunch little steamer W. P. Thompson with red collar chimneys, is due this evening, will receive to-morrow and leave promptly at 4 o'clock p.m. for Grand Lake and all land landings going through Bunch's bend. M. D. Nelon master, Chas. Davidson clerk.

The flag-ship of the P Line, City of Yazoo, Capt. T. G. Ledbetter, leaves New Orleans this evening, and connects here with the Carroll and Leflore for Yazoo and Tallahatchie rivers. She will have a big town and reshipping freight.

During this season the J. M. White has made 24 trips in the New Orleans and Vicksburg trade. She carried into New Orleans 75,106 bales cotton, 762 bags seed cotton, 70,315 sacks cotton seed, 9,374 sacks oil cake, 198 sacks ashes, 5,273 sacks cotton seed meal, 877 barrles cotton seed oil.

The palace Anchor Line steamer City of Providence, Capt. Geo. Carvell, arrived from St. Louis at 3 p.m. yesterday with 2500 packages of freight and a number of people. She is receiving at the Elevator and returns to-morrow at 11 a.m. for all mail landings on the river as high as St. Louis.

The John W. Cannon passed up early yesterday evening for Greenville and the bends with a good trip after a short stop here. She will be down at 8 o'clock in the morning, connecting with the steamer Hard Cash, out of the T

CHEAP COLUMN.

WANTED.

WANTED.—SCHOOLS! TEACHERS!! Schools in need of competent teachers, and teachers in search of situations should address the Central Educational Bureau, R. K. JAYNE, Secretary. Jackson, Miss. ap2

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—New Cottage in good neighborhood, containing 3 rooms with hall and gallery, kitchen, stable and garden. Lot 150x150 feet, all under new fence. Apply at this office. m25

FOR SALE.—A cottage residence on East avenue, containing four rooms 18x20, hall 12 feet, kitchen, fine cistern and fine orchard; lot 64x132 feet. Apply to R. P. WILSON, on premises. m28

FOR SALE—The LOT on the northeast corner of Cherry and Grove sts. Apply to THOMAS MOUNT. mh19

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Two large Rooms, kitchen, outhouses, good yard and cistern. Apply at this office. ap3-1w

FOR RENT—Nice house with three rooms, kitchen, good cistern and yard; possession given April 6th Apply to TOS. SPENGLER, Cherry street crossing. m31-1w

FOR SALE OR RENT—60 Acres good land, one and a half miles from town, with plenty of wood and water. Apply at this office, or to R. P. WILSON, Vicksburg, Miss. m24-2w

FOR RENT—Three rooms and a small kitchen. Large yard and good cistern. Twelve dollars per month. Apply at this office. m20

THE SATISFACTION

Of sitting under one's own vine and fig tree pays the largest dividend of any investment. It is the best kind of life insurance. It is the best medicine in sickness. It enables a man to die easier, and robs death of one of the principal terrors to know that the loved ones we must leave behind us have a roof of their own over their heads which cannot be taken from them.

If you cannot buy a house and lot, you can at least make a commencement by investing $25 in a lot in Speed's Addition, and pay the balance in $5 monthly installments. No better opportunity to buy a home or to make a safe investment in Vicksburg is likely to occur than that now presented by the unprecedented terms upon which these lots are sold. sep1

LOCAL ITEMS.

"PINK TEA."

PINK TEA this evening.

PINK TEA Party to-night.

READ Warner & Searles's new local.

THE Washington Lodge K. of P. meets this evening.

CAPT. E. C. CARROLL departed last night for New Orleans.

DR. KIGER, of Brunswick Landing, arrived in the city yesterday.

COMMODORE BURNS, the old veteran of the river, is in the city again.

MR. S. C. RAGAN left on the 2:15 train for Jackson, on a business trip.

CHIEF GILL inspected the fire cisterns yesterday. They were mostly in a good condition.

THE proceeds of the "Pink Tea Party" to-night go to the repair fund of the Methodist Church.

THE side-walks on Cherry street between First East and the bridge are in a very bad condition.

THE Firemen's Silver Cornet Band are going to purchase some elegant new uniforms in a short time.

GEO. WASHINGTON LODGE No. 4, K. of P. meets to-night at 8 o'clock and will confer the 3d degree.

DR. J. E. POAGUE, and Messrs. E. H. Muse and Dan Morris, of Lake St. Joe, arrived in the city yesterday.

MISS IDA NOLAND, of Milliken's Bend, arrived on the Providence yesterday, and is the guest of Miss Leila Luckett.

MR. JOHN BECK has been awarded the contract for building the new retort-house of the Gas. Works.

MR. TOM RIGBY, Jr., Deputy Sheriff, started yesterday for Forest, Miss., with a colored prisoner named Fraxter in charge.

MR. DAMON TURLEY, late of the dry goods house of Baer & Bro., is now with Arthur Jacob. A most desirable accession.

JUDGE SIMRALL obtained this morning ten day's government rations from the government boat at this port for his negroes.

BAUM's fine Easter souvenirs are going rapidly. Their beauty and their lowness of price are causing them to go like hot cakes.

AT the meeting of the Hook and Ladder Company last night Mr. Sam N. Richardson was elected Company Marshal for Parade Day.

LADIES in search of the best and handsomest dry goods should remember Switzer, Newwitter & Co.'s mangnficent dry goods emporium.

MESSRS. J. H. WILCOX, Va.; J. S. Prestidge, Memphis; F. S. Schaeffer, St. Louis, and L. M. Woolfolk, Louisville, registered at the Lamadrid, this morning.

THE chimney of Mrs. Hennessee's residence, on Mulberry street, burned out about 6 o'clock last evening. The fire was extinguished without turning in an alarm.

COL. C. E. HOOKER, Mississippi's most distinguished orator and one of her ablest statesmen, was in the city to-day. The people of Vicksburg are always glad to welcome Col. Hooker when he visits us.

THE Ladies' Aid Society will meet with Mrs. Dr. Hall, on Crawford street, this afternoon at 3 o'clock. All members are requested to be present. Visitors invited.

THE Bridges twins—Maggie and Delia—the seven-year-old prodigies of Mississippi, will exhibit here about the 23rd. These little girls have created a genuine furore in New Orleans, and have won some flattering press notices.

CHIEF GILL has had his hands full lately. In addition to being on duty as Captain of the night police, he yesterday inspected the cisterns all over the city and was at his post at the alarm of fire this afternoon.

MR. BEN MILES, the accommodating clerk in Capt. W. C. O'Hara's steamboat office, yesterday received from Mr. T. S. Montgomery, of the Riverview Stock Farm, Hard Times, by the steamer Cannon, a pair of white fan-tail pigeons. They make beautiful pets.

WITH the approach of fine weather the infantile portion of the community will be out for exercise and airing. The manufacture of carriages for the little darlings has kept pace with the improvements in every other line, and now the babies can ride in vehicles as cosy and comfortable and beautiful as the most favored in the land. Lee Richardson & Co. is the headquarters for children's carriages, and this firm supplies everybody in this portion of the world with these indispensable articles.

A GENTLE REMINDER.

We can't remind mothers too often that here's the place to find everything new and nice for the boys wear. The more particular you are in having pattern, style and fit "just so," the more we prefer to have you visit us, for only particular people can appreciate the time and pains we devote to the production of goods that must be "exclusive and beyond rivalry." Our Spring stock is now complete, and you will find our prices satisfactorily low. All are invited to call. None are obliged to buy. Country orders solicted and samples furnished.

ap4 WARNER & SEARLES.

The Pink Tea Party.

The residence of Mrs. Mary T. Klein this evening will present a most charming and brilliant appearance. Handsome flower decorations will make it a bower of beauty WITHIN, and Heaven's own brightest illumination WITHOUT will present a spectacle at once charming and enjoyable. Music, flowers, girls, histrionic talent, the "cup that cheers but does not inebriate," young man, what more would you ask?

The question is propounded: What is a Pink Tea Party? This writer's answer is! Go and see. We conjecture however, that it is a party; that it is a Tea Party; and that it is a Pink Tea Party—getting back to just where we started from. The rich hues of pink will permeate everything, even the beautiful girls will wear pink with white swiss aprons.

There will be served by the most charming and popular young ladies, a most sumptuous supper, consisting of the whole catalogue of delicacies—roasted turkeys, spring chickens, salads, gumbo, confections, creams, ices, sweatmeats and everything that culinary art can devise or woman's ingenuity can suggest.

The friends of the Methodist Church, the young people of the city generally, are invited and can be assured of a cordial reception and a pleasant time.

Get your "best girl." Admission twenty-five cents.

TO CONSUMERS.

Remember, there are seven different styles and quality of "Commodore Parisot" Cigars.

W. E. BECK,
Sole Proprietor
j16

Parade Notes.

In response to an invitation extended by the Hook and Ladder Company the Yazoo City Hook and Ladder Company have signified their intention to be present with us on Parade Day. Gem Fire Company No. 2, of Jackson, Mechanics No. 2, of Meridian, Yazoo No. 1, of Yazoo, and also companies from Greenville, Canton and elsewhere, are expected to be present on Parade Day.

MR. DAMON TURLEY,

lately with Baer Bros., is again connected with the large Dry Goods house of ARTHUR JACOB, where he will be pleased to see his many friends and customers. ap4

Divine Service at the Temple.

The Sabbath on to-morrow is known of yore as the great Sabbath (Shabbes Hagodol) as the one preceding the feast of Passover (next Wednesday evening.) Divine service to-night at 8 o'clock; to-morrow at 10 o'clock. Public cordially invited. Rabbi H. Mayer.

CHRISTENED THE "CHICKASAW."

It was adopted in preference to a "dude" or a "salt-and-pepper."

A PLANTATION owned by Mr. W. E. Gibson, situated on the Baldwin Ferry road, nine miles from town, was sold to Mr. Thos. Rigby yesterday under a deed of trust. The place comprises 600 acres, and sold for $1,400.

J. B. BLACKWELL, Forest; Lee Hamilton, Port Gibson; G. F. Disharoon, Grand Gulf; Thos. D. Gooch, Marksville; and A. E. Tolle, Philadelphia, registered at the Pacific, this morning.

THE many friends of Sergeant Dill, formerly of our Signal office, will regret to learn that he has been quite ill at his new post of duty, Leavenworth, Kansas.

THE Bridges twins—Maggie and Delia—the seven-year-old prodigies of Mississippi, will exhibit here about the 23rd. These little girls have created a genuine furore in New Orleans, and have won some flattering press notices.

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Additional River Items.

Cloudy and cool

Quiet at the landing.

The Annie P. Silver has laid up at St. Louis.

Arkansas river is falling.

The W. W. O'Neill with her immense tow of coal passed Memphis early Wednesday morning.

Overcoats were comfortable yesterday.

The river has fallen one inch here.

A terrible gale blew everything all to pieces round about Memphis Tuesday night, but as far as heard from no damage was done to river craft.

Geo. Todd, a popular steward, has charge of the tables of the City of Providence this trip in place of Billy Maxwell the regular steward who is sick at St. Louis. George is a good one; don't take our word but eat a meal with him, or better still, take a trip to St. Louis.

Rainfall in the Cotton Region.

Statement showing the rainfall in inches and hundredths at stations of the Signal Service, U. S. A., in the cotton region, for the week ending March 28, 1884

South Atlantic States—Atlanta, Ga., 1.48; Augusta, Ga., 2.09; Charleston, S. C., 1.54; Charlotte, N. C., 3.05; Jacksonville, Fla., .54; Sanford, Fla., 0; Savannah, Ga., 1.35; Smithville, N. C., 18.

Eastern Gulf States—Cedar Keys, Fla., .45; Montgomery, Ala, 3.64; New Orleans, La., 2.02; Pensacola, Fla., 22.2; Vicksburg, Miss.,

Western Gulf States—Fort Smith, Ark., 1.20; Galveston, Tex., 1.05; Indianola, Tex., —; Little Rock, Ark., 1.29; Palestine, Tex., .64; Shreveport, La., 1.17.

Ohio Valley and Tennessee—Cairo, Ill., 32.; Chattanooga, Tenn., .78; Cincinnati, O., .68; Indianapolis, Ind., .86; Knoxville, Tenn., 3.00; Memphis, 1.79; Louisville, 1.37; Nashville, 3.29; Pittsburg, .88.

SEED POTATOES.

150 barrels choice Russets.
100 barrels choice Early Rose.
100 barrels choice Peerless.
50 barrels choice Burbanks.
On consignment for sale, low.
f23-1m WARE & NORTH.

MISS ADDIE FLETCHER,

Fashionable Dressmaker.

Orders from the country solicited. Satisfaction given.

PRICES MODERATE.

120 Washington Street, Vicksburg, Miss.

Bail Denied to Sam. Hawthorne.

STATE OF MISSISSIPPI, ADAMS COUNTY.

Proceedings in vacation, had at the several dates hereinafter mentioned, at the county aforesaid, before the undersigned, Judge of the Eleventh Judicial District of said State, to-wit:

The State of Mississippi)
vs.
1440) Samuel Hawthorne.)

Conviction and sentence for murder in the Circuit Court of the county of Warren, at the January criminal term of said Court, and appeal now pending in the Supreme Court.

Be it remembered that heretofore, to-wit: on the 26th day of March, A. D. 1884, before the undersigned, Judge of the Eleventh Judicial District of said State, at Chambers, in the vacation of said Court, the above-named defendant, by his attorneys, made application to the undersigned for his release and discharge from custody on bail, and until the determination by the Supreme Court of the State of his appeal from the judgment of said Circuit Court, and that the said application was then argued and submitted to, and taken under advisement by the undersigned, and that now, at this day, the first day of April 1884, the undersigned being fully advised in the premises, and being of the opinion that the release of the applicant on bail is inadmissable, by reason of no error apparent upon the record of his conviction, or of any peculiar circumstances of the case, or of the situation of the applicant: It is therefore considered and ordered that said release and discharge from custody be denied, and that said application be denied.

Ordered for the minutes, and given under my hand the date last mentioned.

RALPH NORTH.
Judge 11th Judicial District.

SUITS TO ORDER,

Ranging from $15, $17.50, $21.50, $25, $30 up to $50. Any gentleman can be pleased in style and fit at 133 Washington street. E. D. BICKLEY is the man to fit the head, body and pocket of our New South.

WANAMAKER & BROWN,
m26 E. D. BICKLEY, Agent.

A Blaze.

At 2 o'clock to-day a fire alarm was turned in from Melsheimer's bakery, just across the bridge, on North Cherry street. The Fire Department responded promptly, but the flames were extinguished before the engines reached the scene of the fire. The damage is slight, only a few boards on the side of the bake-shop, in the rear of the store, being destroyed. The cause of the fire is unknown. No insurance.

BUTTER!

20 Small Tubs Choice, suitable for Families, received this day. [m12] WARE & NORTH.

The Fleming Boss Road Grader.

Mr. A. E. Klinker, who is in the employment of Capt. G. B. Bustamente, the machinery agent at Jackson, is in the city to-day. This afternoon, about 3 o'clock, Mr. Klinker will give a practical demonstration of the efficiency of the Fleming grading machine at some points on Crawford street. The Street Committee of the Board of Aldermen will superintend the test. It is claimed by the agent that the machine will do the work of twenty-five men. It is very cheap, costing only $85 at the factory.

Mr. Klinker will remain in the city a couple of days, and will be glad to explain the merits of the machine to all who desire to know anything about it.

Bon Ton Market.

Choice fresh Vegetables received daily, at Ed. W. SKOWRON, JR.'s, Levee street, op. north end of Wharfboat. [mr31-1wk]

At the Consistory held in Rome on March 27th, the Pope appointed the Right Rev. F. X. Leray, formerly of Vicksburg, Archbishop of New Orleans; and Right Rev. D. Manney, of Texas, Bishop of Mobile. Mississippi has had the honor of furnishing the last two Archbishops that have been appointed, Archbishop Elder of Cincinnati, and Archbishop Leray, of New Orleans; two good and true men who were beloved by all Mississippians who knew them, regardless of sect.—Aberdeen Examiner.

A TRIUMPH OF SKILL.

Dr. Price's SPECIAL



FLAVORING EXTRACTS

Prepared from Select Fruits that yield the finest Flavors. Have been used for years. Become The Standard Flavoring Extracts. None of Greater Strength. None of such Perfect Purity. Always certain to impart to Cakes, Puddings, Sauces, the natural Flavor of the Fruit.

MANUFACTURED BY

STEELE & PRICE,
Chicago, Ill., and St. Louis, Mo.,
Baking of Lupulin Yeast Gems, Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder, and Dr. Price's Delicate Flavors.
WE MAKE NO SECOND GRADE GOODS.

TO CONTRACTORS.

THE BOARD WILL LET OUT THE building of two small bridges on the Yazoo Valley road, one near Spout's Springs, and one at Chickasaw Bayou, according to specifications in clerk's office; and will be let out to lowest cash bidder by H. R. JONES, Esq., on Saturday the 5th day of April, 1884, on the ground.

A. H. ARTHUR, President.
March 31, 1884. mch31-2td.

R. F. BECK, President, THOS. MOUNT, Vice-President.
JNO. F. HALPIN, Secretary. W. O. WORRELL, Treasurer.

VICKSBURG

Building Association

STOCK IN THIS SOLID HOME INSTITUTION

PAYS BETTER THAN A SAVINGS BANK

AND ITS INVESTMENTS ARE

Fully Secured by Mortgages on Real Estate.

Now is the time to subscribe. You cannot lose anything and you are certain to make a handsome profit.

The cost of Stock is $1 per month on each Share.

Ten shares of Stock in about eight years will be worth $1,000
The ten shares in eight years will have cost 960

Making a profit, on an investment averaging four years, of $40
Which is equal to 77 per cent. or 10¾ per cent. per annum.

The Association Cashes its Stock at any Time According to Equitable Rules.

Persons having small amounts monthly to spare, say from $1 to $15, cannot better than invest in this stock.

Capitalists will find it a profitable investment, realizing 18 to 20 per cent. per annum.

Property owners will increase the value of their property by subscribing to stock, for it loans its funds to actual builders, and every new house built increases the value of property in its neighborhood.

Persons of moderate means who desire to build houses can borrow the money from the Association and pay it back in

MONTHLY PAYMENTS

Not Greater than the Usual Amounts Paid for Rent.

Books of Subscription to the Twelfth Series of Stock are now open at the office of the Secretary.

BLANKS'

Southern Photographic Gallery

CLAY STREET, OVER EXPRESS OFFICE, VICKSBURG, MISS.

STRICTLY FIRST-CLASS PHOTOGRAPHS of all sizes and styles. Old pictures copied and enlarged to any size desired.

INSTANTANEOUS PICTURES TAKEN AT THIS GALLERY

Post Office Box 191.

JOHN B. CLARK. D. S. WRIGHT

CLARKE & CO

WE invite your attention and solicit your inspection, as we feel assured that we will find it to your interest to do so before buying elsewhere. We buy direct from the manufacturers and first hands, consequently we will duplicate prices of South or West.

Our Line of Blank Books

Embraces Day Books, Journals, Ledgers, Cash Books, full and half bound; Draft, Note, Order and Receipt Books, Pass and Memorandum Books, Monthly and Weekly Time Books, Invoice and Bill Books, and all kinds and sizes of blank books.

Also Letter Paper, Bill and Account Paper, Envelopes, Inks, Pens, Pencils, etc.

Our Book Department.

We have a large assortment of School Books, Medical, Scientific, Law and Miscellaneous Books, also all the New Books as issued. Our

Fancy Goods Departm't

Offers an elegant variety goods. Birthday and Congratulation Cards in large assortment.

Ladies' Stationery.

Our assortment is always large and latest shades, shapes and kinds.

Artists' Materials.

Includes Oil, Water and China Paints, Materials of every description, Brushes, Canvass, Plaques and Panels of all kinds. Also Art Novelties for Decoration.

Musical Instruments

Includes Pianos, Organs, Guitars, Banjos, Accordions, etc. Italian and German strings for different kinds of instruments. Agents for Decker Bros. Pianos and Mason & Hamlin Organs.

Headquarters for Wall Paper, Fine Picture Frames, Mouldings, &c. All the Current Libraries, both old and new issues. Periodicals, Magazines, New Publications received daily.

All orders or communications per mail, boat or otherwise answered with promptness, and satisfaction guaranteed. Send for Price List and Catalogue.

CLARKE & CO.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Booksellers, Stationers and Music Dealers

BLUE FRONT BOOK STORE, 149 WASHINGTON ST., VICKSBURG.

HENRY COLLEGE LOTTERY

$30,000 FOR $2.

8th Regular Monthly Drawing will take place in Covington, Kentucky

THURSDAY, APRIL 24, 1884,

A Lawful Lottery and Fair Drawings, chartered by the Legislature of Ky. and twice declared legal by the highest Court in the State. Bond given to Henry County in the sum of $100,000 for the prompt payment of all prizes sold.

April Scheme.

1 Prize,	$30,000
1 Prize,	10,000
1 Prize,	5,000
2 Prizes, $2,500 each,	5,000
5 Prizes, 1,000 each,	5,000
20 Prizes, 500 each,	10,000
100 Prizes, 100 each,	10,000
200 Prizes, 50 each,	10,000
500 Prizes, 20 each,	10,000
1000 Prizes, 10 each,	10,000
9 Prizes, $300 each, Approximation	2,700
9 Prizes, 200 each, "	1,800
9 Prizes, 100 each, "	900
1,857 Prizes,	$110,400

WHOLE TICKETS, $2. HALF TICKETS, $1.
27 TICKETS, $50. 55 TICKETS, $100.

Remit money, Postal Note or Bank Draft in Letter, or send by Express. Orders of $5 and upwards by express, can be sent C. O. D. Address all orders to R. B. SPENCER, Covington, Ky. 1304w

CITATION NOTICE.

STATE OF MISSISSIPPI, WARREN COUNTY, } CHANCERY COURT:

Chas. Hutcherson, Complainat, vs. Amanda Thomas Hutcherson, Defendant.

The State of Mississippi to Amanda Thomas, Defendant:

YOU are commanded to appear before the Chancery Court of the county of Warren in said State, on the first Monday of May, 1884, to defend the suit, in said Court, of Chas. Hutcherson, wherein you are a defendant.

Witness my hand and seal of said Court, this, the 27th day of March A. D. 1884.

[SEAL] W. W. HARDY, Clerk.

W. W. PHELPS, D. C.
HARRIS & SMITH,
Solicitors for Complainant. 7t-m27-s1

PLANTATION LOANS

On the Installment Plan, Negotiated by

Francis Smith & Co.

S. W. corner Washington and Levee streets, Vicksburg, Miss.

No Cotton Required.

Planters should not make loans until they have investigated our plan and rates.

WE HAVE NO AGENTS.

dec10

FRUIT AND ORNAMENTAL TREES



ROSES
Green-House Plants by
MILLION
the
GREGORY NURSERY
Grove Street, Vicksburg.
d22 THOMPSON & GREGORY.

WINCHESTER RIFLES

AT WHOLESALE
44,100, 38,100, and 32,10, bore

LOUIS HOFFMAN

The Vicksburg Evening Post.

VOLUME II. VICKSBURG, MISSISSIPPI, SATURDAY, APRIL 5, 1884. NUMBER 83

VICKSBURG BANK.

EDWARD S. BUTTS, President. Established Nov. 12, 1866.
C. C. KUYKENDALL, Vice-Pres.
JAMES P. ROACH, Cashier. Incorporated Mar. 4, 1878.

Transacts a General Banking Business.

CHARTER PERPETUAL.

New York Correspondent, - - - National Park Bank.
New Orleans Correspondent, - - - State National Bank.
may4

SPRING SPECIALTIES!

From Age Cultivators,
Avery's Garden Plows,
Acme Harrows,

GERMAN MILLET SEED, SAPLING CLOVER SEED,

—AND—

LANDRETH'S GARDEN SEED,

LOW LOW COTTON PLANTERS

Globe Cotton Planters, Washburn & Moen's Thick Set Galvanized Barb Wire, Philadelphia Lawn Mowers.

LEE RICHARDSON & CO.

J. HANES, J. W. HANES.

HANES BROS.,

Successors to D. R. SMARR & CO.,

Auction and Commission Merchants,

206 WASHINGTON STREET, VICKSBURG.

Consignments solicited. Prompt returns and satisfaction guaranteed. feb22

EASTER!

We have now on exhibition at our store the finest and most extensive line of

EASTER CARDS

EVER BROUGHT TO THIS CITY,

—COMPRISING AN ELEGANT LINE OF—

Imported Satin Easter Cards.
L. Prang & Co.'s Easter Art Prints on Satin.
Evans, Plummer & Co.'s Easter Souvenirs in Silk, Satin and Plush.
Easter Cards from 5 cents to $15.00 each.
An elegant line of Birthday and Wedding Congratulation Cards.

J. F. BAUM & CO.,

—DEALERS IN—

Books, Stationery, Music and Fancy Goods,

171 WASHINGTON STREET, VICKSBURG.

C. C. REYNOLDS, E. A. NEELY,

C. C. REYNOLDS & CO.

Wholesale and Retail Druggists

AND DEALERS IN

White Lead, Mixed Paints, Linseed Oil, Lard Oil, Gnat Oil, Turpentine, Putty and Glassware, Patent Medicines, Sponges, Hair Brushes, Perfumery, Toilet Articles of Every Description, Garden and Flower Seeds.

AGENTS FOR HUMPHREY'S HOMŒOPATHIC MEDICINES. ja4

C. C. CATCHINGS, Attorney-General of Mississippi. | MARYE DABNEY, late of Edwards, Miss.

CATCHINGS & DABNEY,

Attorneys-at-Law,

VICKSBURG, MISS.

SPECIAL attention will be given to all business entrusted to them in Warren and Hinds counties, and in the State and Federal Courts at Jackson.

W. S. MORRIS,

Attorney-at-Law

VICKSBURG, MISS.

Will practice in the various Courts of Warren and adjoining counties, and in the Federal Courts at Jackson.

SLAUGHTERING PRICES!

—IN—

Boots and Shoes

—AT—

FOLEY'S SHOE STORE

English broad toe gaiters, $2.50; London toe, imitation buttoned gaiters, $2.75; Plain box gaiters, $3.00; imitation laced London toe, sewed gaiter, $3.50; ladies' kid buttoned $3.25, cheap at $4.75; ladies' Goat lined kid, $3.75, cheap at $4.50; boys' buttoned gaiters, $2.50, cheap at $3.50; youths' buttoned gaiters, double tipped, $2.00, cheap at $3.00.

Repairing done on the premises in the superior manner of its custom-made work. All orders promptly and carefully attended to. Call for catalogue. 3-18

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

[Special to THE EVENING POST.]

THE COMPROMISE

Between the Parisot and Pool Lines —Harmony Restored.

NEW ORLEANS, April 5.—Commodore Parisot, Capt. E. C. Carroll and Col. C. C. Flowerree leave for home this evening.

The trouble between the Pool Line and the Parisot Line has been amicably settled, and a compromise effected.

It is understood that the Parisot Line will hereafter confine itself to the Yazoo and tributary trades, and the Pool Line confine itself exclusively to its trade, and all work in harmony.

MARKET REPORTS.

LIVERPOOL, April 5.—Spots: Uplands 6 1-16d; Orleans 6 5-16d. Market weak.

NEW YORK, April 5, noon.—Spots weak. Middling, 11 9-16.

NEW ORLEANS, April 5, noon.—Cotton weak. Middling, 11¼.

CHICAGO, April 5.—May Wheat 2 cents lower; Corn 2 cents lower. Market panicky.

ST. LOUIS, April 5.—Clear ribs, 8.50; Lard, 8.20; Pork, $16.50.

Condition of the Rivers.

NEW ORLEANS, LA., April 4.—The lower Mississippi and the upper Ohio rivers will rise slowly. The Mississippi will remain nearly stationary or stationary below Cairo. The Tennessee, Cumberland and Arkansas rivers will fall slowly.

New Orleans River Report.

NEW ORLEANS, April 5.—The weather is cloudy, stormy, and rainy.

Business is dull.

Arrivals: Henry Lourey and John A. Scudder, from St. Louis; Golden Rule from Cincinnati.

Leaving this evening: City of Yazoo, for Vicksburg; Golden Crown, for Cincinnati; City of St. Louis, for St. Louis; Henry Lourey, for St. Louis.

Memphis River Report.

MEMPHIS, TENN., April 5.—The river is stationary.

The New Mary Houston passed down.

Death of Another Victim.

CINCINNATI, April 4.—Alf. Hopkins, another victim of the riot, died to-night. This brings the death list to 51. He was an old captain and pilot on the river; aged 53.

Hon. Henry L. Pierce Pays the Highest Price Ever Paid for a Jersey Cow.

NEW YORK, April 4.—The high est price ever paid for a Jersey cow at public sale, $6,200, according to the auctioneer, Peter C. Kellogg, was paid today by Mayor Henry L. Pierce of Boston for the cow "Moth of St. Lambert" at the sale of T. S. Cooper's cattle at the American Horse Exchange. She is by Stoke Pogis, Third, out of Bessey of St. Lambert. When she was led into the ring a bid of $1,000 was immediately made for her. Brisk advances of first $500, then $250 and finally of $1,000 were made until Mr. Pierce bid $6,200, at which price she was sold to him. He also bought the gray fawn cow Nina of St. Lambert, out of Jessamine of St. Lambert by Stoke Pogis, Third, for $3,800.

A Life Insurance Decision.

WASHINGTON, April 4.—The Supreme Court considered a decision to-day in the case of the New England Life Insurance Company, plaintiff in error, against Stephen B. Woodworth, administrator, in error, to the Circuit Court of the United States for the Southern District of Illinois. The Court holds: First that a policy of life insurance issued by a company incorporated in one State, payable to the assured, his executors or administrators, as assets for the purpose of founding administration upon his estate in another State, in which the corporation, at and since the time of his death, does business and as required by the statutes of that State, has an agent on whom process against it may be served; second, that under section 18, chapter 3, of the Revised Statutes of the Illinois Supreme Court of 1874 a party is entitled to administration on the estate of his wife if she left property in Illinois. Letters of administration which state that the intestate died out of the State of personal property in the State, are sufficient evidence of the authority of the administrator to sue in the State in the absence of proof that there was no such property. The judgment of the Circuit Court is affirmed.

MR. JOS. J. FROST, of Holmes county, Miss., was suddenly stricken with blindness this week. He had been out on his farm working as usual. At night he spoke to his wife about the dim light given by the lamp, and, when assured that it was as bright as usual, then said the fire burned blue. Soon afterwards he became totally blind, and up to this writing has remained so.

PESACH WINE.

A fine article at close figures at

W. E. BECK.

ap4

MR. CORYDAN, of Ohio, has gone home to consult his constituents in reference to tariff legislation. He will be back however in time to take part in any fight that may arise.—Aberdeen Examiner.

The Confederate Knapsack.

We had a pleasant call this morning from Mr. A. Meynier, Jr., of New Orleans, who proposes to begin at an early day, the regular publication of a weekly journal or magizine with the above title. He will remain in our city several days, soliciting subscriptions for it. Mr. Meynier has already issued two numbers of the publication, and reports that they have been received with marked favor throughout the country, and, pleasant to note, that the Northern soldiers especially seem to take an interest in the publication and offer substantial encouragement to it. The following, from the Mobile Register gives complete information as to the scope and character of the work:

As the details of fast-receding events threaten to fade from memory, every incident connected with them becomes more valuable—not because of these incidents themselves, which will find their place in chronological tables, but because they will enable the historian of future ages to judge of and duly appreciate the spirit which rules over great revolutions. It is from the private chronicles of the day—as much as from the public records of the times, that the philosophy of history is deduced which is to guide and instruct mankind.

Although much has been said and is still being done to place before the world the living actors of the late livid struggle, there is yet an immense void to fill, and every publication devoted to that useful task is entitled to a fair share of patronage.

This, it is to be hoped, will be the case with the Confederate Knapsack, a new monthly paper published at New Orleans, and whose first number has been received. They principally consist of incidents in camp, field and garrison, embracing the whole period of the war, and covering the whole theater—from Virginia to Texas. It contains most interesting matter, and more especially devotes its columns to the high achievements of the volunteers from the extreme Southern States, Alabama, Florida, Texas and Louisiana. The publisher, Mr. A. Meynier, enlisted —when still a boy—in Captain (afterwards General) Alcibiade DeBlanc's "Attakapas Guards," which helped in making such a glorious name for the Eighth Louisiana Volunteers.

Mr. Meyner, who never left the ranks till the broken remnants of his regiment surrendered its shattered flag at Appomattox, has met with great success in his enterprise, and now seeks to extend his circulation in neighboring States, chiefly in Alabama, with whose heroic sons he has so often met the storm of battle, and he will call upon Confederate veterans and their descendants to help him in perpetuating the memory of their indomitable spirit in the cause of the South. A favorable reception is asked for him.

A Good Effect Predicted from the Riot.

The riot at Cincinnati was practically brought to a close last Monday. At that time there was comparative order throughout the city, though a fresh outbreak was a terrible affair, and furnishes another illustration to show that mobs no matter in what they originate, or from what causes they spring, inevitably pursue the same course and arrive at the same end. This mob, or uprising, at Cincinnati, was the result of popular indignation at the failure of the Courts to execute the criminal laws. Mob law, or no law had come to be the question with the people of the city, and in a moment of intense excitement, fanned to fury by a circumstance exasperating to the last degree, they made their choice. They resorted to extreme measures because such measures seemed to them to be their only alternative. Had they been better organized and had they exerted the power they possessed in a systematic and determined manner, they would have accomplished good work, and would have done much to cleanse and purify the moral atmosphere of the city. But they soon lost control of themselves, and instead of confining themselves to a vindication of an outraged public sentiment, they fell to committing murder and arson. The movement they started had its origin in good motives, but after it got under way it was diverted, under the pressure of excitement, and while it was in progress the gravest crimes were committed. This is the history of all popular upheavals of this kind in Europe and this country. At the same time these movements generally work good results. The riot at Cincinnati, though it took a wrong direction after it was set in motion, was a necessary step on the part of the people, and we predict will have a good effect. It was a step in the interest of society, in the interests of order and personal security, and in considering it this important and overshadowing fact must be taken into account. That it was suppressed by the interposition of superior force, or that it became exhausted before its aims were all accomplished, argues nothing against its character as a voluntary uprising of the people in vindication of the laws which had been enacted for the general welfare, and which had become impotent through the corruption of the system charged with their enforcement.—Columbus (Miss.) Index.

Gnat Oil.

Save your stock by buying first-class Gnat Oil from

HARDAWAY & CASSELL'S
ap2 Drugstore.

NOTWITHSTANDING the reduction in postage rates from three to two cents, the sales of stamps in Philadelphia for February, 1884, exceeded in value the sales in February, 1883, by more than $6,000. The sales were larger in February of this year which will in a measure account for the increase.

Col. Hooker for Governor.

JACKSON, March 28th, 1884.

Editor Raymond Gazette:

The names of many gentlemen have been presented as suitable candidates for Governor at the next ensuing election. Some are recommended for their views on supervision, some for non-supervision, and some as local optionists, and other excellent qualifications. While I do not wish to disparage the qualifications of others, I propose the name of that unflinching, uncompromising Democrat, (not a dry weather one, either), Col. Charles E. Hooker—remarkable for brains.

VOTER OF HINDS.

AUCTION SALE!

—OF—

Jerseys and Graded Cattle

—BY—

HANES BROS., Auctioneers

Saturday, April 12th, 1884.

This sale affords an unsual opportunity to purchasers who wish to obtain choice young stock at reasonable prices. Sale positive, without regard to weather, Saturday, April 12th, at 12 o'clock m.

HANES BROS., Auctioneers.
206 Washington Street.
ap5

The Gem Can't Come.

The Gem Fire Company received an invitation from Phœnix Fire Company No. 2, of Vicksburg, to participate in their annual parade April 23d. The invitation was accepted, but on account of the near approach of the annual parade of the Jackson Fire Department, the Gem sent regrets that it could not attend.—State Ledger.

Gnat Oil.

Thirty barrels of first-class Gnat Oil at HARDAWAY & CASSELL'S
ap2 Drugstore.

Just Received

25 tubs choice butter.
10 barrels choice turnips.
5 barrels choice beets.
5 barrels choice rutabagas.
1000 heads choice cabbages.
All kinds of vegetables at
JOSEPH EHLBERT.
ap3 Cor. Walnut and Jackson Street.

JOB PRINTING—The best in the South POST JOB OFFICE.

TO CONTRACTORS.

THE BOARD WILL LET OUT THE building of two small bridges on the Yazoo Valley road, one near Spout's Springs, and one at Chickasaw Bayou, according to specifications in clerk's office; and will be let out to lowest cash bidder by H. R. Jones, Esq., on Saturday the 5th day of April, 1884, on the ground.

A. H. ARTHUR, President.
March 31, 1884. mch12-td.

Highest Cash Price paid for Tallow and Grease.
Address all orders to
ap3 W. O. WORRELL.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

TO THE PUBLIC

SWITZER, NEWWITTER & CO.,

Will posively occupy their

New Dry Goods Store!

133 WASHINGTON STREET,

—ON—

SATURDAY, MARCH 15th,

And be ready to serve their many customers with an entire

New Spring Stock

Ladies should remember that we will open our new

SPRING DRESS GOODS

In our New Building, 133 Washington Street, on Saturday, March 15th.

Spring Stock of Ladies' and Children's

Hosiery, Handkerchiefs, Neckwear.

—NOVELTIES IN—

FANCY DRESS GOODS!

New Zephyr Ginghams,
Sateens, Foulards

—AND—

Handsome Dress Goods

—To arrive this week for—

SW

THE EVENING POST

PUBLISHED BY
J. G. CASHMAN & CO.,
Washington St., Vicksburg, Miss.

The Evening Post.

VICKSBURG, MISS., APRIL 5, 1884.

THE Republicans have carried Rhode Island, as usual.

GOOD public sentiment is better than shot-guns and lynchers.

NOBODY mourns for the late Copiah P. M. (Postmaster) nor for the late Warren P. M. either.

THE State Medical Associaton will meet at Greenville on the third Wednesday of next April.

COTTON planting is now being generally carried on by the hill planters and those in the swamp who are beyond the danger of an overflow.—Natchez Democrat.

PEOPLE who deliberately assassinate a man for casting his vote, are not to be compared with those who attempt to lynch murderers that have escaped legal punishment.

DR. MAYO's lectures, the speeches of Senators Lamar and George, and the teachings of this educational newspaper, will render the use of the shot-gun as a political instructor altogether unnecessary in Mississippi hereafter.

THE Governor has appointed Hon. W. A. Percy, Hon. P. A. Montgomery and Hon. Russell Hancock, Commissioners to visit Washington city with the view of securing needful river and levee legislation by Congress.—State Ledger.

Mr. FLOWER has only two admirers among the Democrats in the New York Legislature. Mr. Tilden is the first choice of 40, Mr. Cleveland of 6, and the rest scattering. On the Republican side the preferences are: Edmunds 32, Blaine, 12, Arthur 10, and a number scattering.

THE Picayune heads a special dispatch in regard to the proposed Mississippi Female College, a "movement in favor of a French College." Possibly, an allusion to some of the "higher branches" that may be taught at the institution.

THE Charleston (S. C.) News (Dem.), in an article indorsing the Blair Educational bill and criticising Senator Butler of that State for opposing it says that the Senator seems to regard the Federal Government as "an alien and a hostile Government." The News takes the opposite view.

THE Philadelphia Times says that "the probability that the Republicans can elect any fair candidate has made both Blaine and Arthur loom up in the contest, and it is evident to every intelligent and dispassionate observer of the situation that Arthur is stronger to-day as a Presidential candidate than at any period in the past."

THE days of the shot-gun, of assassination on account of politics, of political insurance and violence, have passed away from Mississippi. The Bourbon sheets will have to find a new string to play upon. Education, good public sentiment, discussion and reason will hold sway hereafter. It is a bad thing for the Burbon sheets, though.

SENATOR BAYARD thinks the Educational bill an ultra constitutional measure. He finds a conflict between duty and inclination, nevertheless he will vote for the bill.

THE Mississippi Senators show up grandly in the discussion of this important measure. They do not give a half-hearted support, but squarely favor it as a matter of both duty and inclination. They are not troubled with "ultra constitutional" sentiments about the bill.

IF the educational bill is defeated in the Senate it will be entirely due to the opposition of ultra States rights Southern Senators, who prefer to see their people struggle along blindly through ignorance and prejudice and poverty than to accepting the aid tendered them by the Government, in such mortal dread do they stand of the shadow of Federal supremacy. If the tendency to centralization was ten times stronger than these frightened Senators picture it it would be acceptable as the cost of universal education if universal ignorance is to be the cost of State rights.

THE Washington Gazette publishes a sketch of Congressman Van Eaton of this State. The Gazette says Mr. Van Eaton "has introduced a number of valuable bills." Mr. Van Eaton is no doubt an industrious and efficient Congressman, but the "number of valuable bills" introduced by him is no test of his influence or greatness. The number of "valuable bills" passed will be the best test. Some members of the late Mississippi Legislature, to fortune and to fame unknown, could discount the Hon. Van Eaton in the number of "valuable bills" introduced.

The One Crop System.

The Minneapolis Tribune says that five years ago Southern Minnesota was agriculturally, and hence financially, on its back. Mortgages covered the farms. The one crop (wheat) system was abandoned and diversified, stock raising and dairying were introduced. The result is that mortgages have been lifted, and those who were five years ago borrowers of money are now lenders.

The condition of Southern Minnesota five years ago has been the condition of this State for the last half century. The one crop (cotton) system has been adhered to in Mississippi with the utmost pertinacity, and it is only within the "last year or two that we have had some gleams of encouragement from the fact that a portion of our people are devoting limited attention to stock-raising, truck-farming, and food production.

Whenever Mississippi arrives at the happy condition that food supplies sufficient for her citizens are produced within her borders, we will have the richest State in the Union. For years our people have been purchasing bread, meat, corn and hay, and even chickens, eggs and butter, from the West. What a ridiculous thing it is for a Mississippi farmer to go to town and purchase "oleomargarine" butter, and yet we are told this is often done by some of our farmers.

Just as our people were becoming awakened to the necessity of producing food supplies, and of forsaking the one crop (cotton) system, our Legislature made an appropriation for a one-crop (cotton) exposition. How much better it would have been to devote this money to the encouragement of a diversification of crops, so that Mississippi could follow the example and improve its condition as Southern Minnesota has done.

THERE is one Southern paper, the Memphis Appeal, which seems to take a sound and practical view of the educational problem. "As long as the cultivated brains are in the North," it declares, "the power that moves public opinion and guides the onward course of the social current will be there." Hence, if the South expects to exercise a potent influence in the shapping of National affairs she must discard the shotgun and build more school-houses—not waiting for Federal aid, but taking hold and helping herself. "We want more education," the Appeal insists, "for the laborer, as well as the merchant and the lawyer, education for the negro as well as for the white."—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

The Evil Cropping Out.

Time and again we have, through the columns of the Clarion, asserted that the worst features of the crisis known to exist. We have, to the extent of our ability, endeavored to support this declaration by facts and figures.—Clarion.

Our contemporary will see the result of its pet hobby by reading the extract from Mr. Morey's letter. On account of this supervision bill he has advanced the freights to Jackson on meat alone thirteen cents per hundred. They have also been advanced on meal, flour, corn, and groceries of all kinds. The business men of Jackson feel and see the evils of supervision and are certain not to thank anybody for the infliction. This supervision bill will do more to retard the growth of Jackson, and other railroad towns, than any measure that ever became a law.—State Ledger.

Railroad Commission Enjoined.

The Illinois Central Railroad Company filed their bill in the United States Court, in this city, on April 1st against the Mississippi Railroad Commission, composed of Messrs. J. M. Stone, William McWillie and W. L. Augustus. The bill is filed in the United States Court because the complainant is a foreign corporation, so-called, that is a corporation chartered outside of the limits of this State, and is against citizens of this State. The Railroad Company dwells upon the fact that it is a corporation engaged in "inter State" commerce, and that it is incorporated in accordance with a systematic plan cooperated by the States of Mississippi, Tennessee, Kentucky and Illinois, to effect a grand Railroad route and highway, extending from the great Lakes to the Gulf of Mexico. It calls attention to the great cost of its construction, the fact that it is now one consolidated line operating a single and continuous railway line through these several States. The means and money was furnished by its incorporators under charters guaranteeing to them the power and privileges of managing the affairs of the road without the interference of unskilled and arbitrary commissions, created by the several States by legislative enactment, antagonistic to the general objects of the incorporation and the property rights of its stockholders and the objects of the inter-state Railroad. The bill is returnable to the May term of the United States Court at Jackson and prays an injunction enjoining and restraining defendants from all acts of interference with the management of its business, and particularly they abstain from revising or establishing or promulgating any tariff of rates for that road, or from attempting to interfere with the same and to absolutely refrain from instituting or prosecuting any suit or suits for the penalties prescribed by the act of the Legislature, creating the commission. The bill is a printed bill, very lengthily and carefully prepared by Messrs. Wirt P. and J. B. Harris, of this city, and James Fentress of New Orleans, attorneys of the road, and will necessarily bring up a full, exhaustive consideration of this entire question. Should the injunction be granted, as prayed for in May, it will dispense with the duties of the commission until the case can be concluded in the number of "valuable bills" passed will be the best test. Some members of the late Mississippi Legislature, to fortune and to fame unknown, could discount the Hon. Van Eaton in the number of "valuable bills" introduced by him is no test of his influence or greatness. The number of "valuable bills" passed will be the best test. Some members of the late Mississippi Legislature, to fortune and to fame unknown, could discount the Hon. Van Eaton in the number of "valuable bills" introduced. The case is sure to be carried to the United States Court and finally passes upon the question involved.—Jackson Clarion.

Political Intolerance.

The Vicksburg Herald,, commenting on the testimony of Mr. Barksdale before the Senate Committee, gives utterance to the following gory sentences:

"Instead of being unmanned by his inquisitors, Mr. Barksdale should have prized the opportunity to burl in their faces the truth, and the whole truth about the sentiments of the white citizens of Copiah, of the State, and of all the States. That truth is that they will not submit to negro leaders. Rather than do it they will kill them. This is the simple valuable truth, and the sooner the whole country is prepared to accept it, that the two races may adjust their own relations, the better for all."

If we admit this sentiment is proper and just, it would still be legitimate to inquire, who those "negro leaders" are? We stood squarely on the color line, when the issue was made in this State by the leaders controlling the colored vote, and whenever the contest again presents itself in the attitude of negro vs. white man, we will be found aligned with the Anglo-Saxon race. But there is no race issue before our people now, and it is a fact which no intelligent man will deny, that our party leaders organize and band together the negro voters for the purpose of securing and maintaining political power. Who will read the returns from the "banner county" in the State, and then deny that "the most unanimous Democratic returns go up from the largest negro boxes?" Nor is this all. Often because of the organization of the colored vote by politicians, whose principal boast is their reliable and unchangeable (God save the mark) Democracy, the choice of the white voters is defeated. Yet, the Herald, whose editor was once so liberal as to accept a nomination for the State Senate at the hands of negroes, calls the country that rather than submit to negro leaders he and his sort would kill them. The conservative element that controlled the Democratic party at that time did not propose to kill the Herald editor when he became a "negro leader," but instead very quietly set about to induce the colored people to believe he was an improper person to hold such leadership, and they succeeded. This may account in a measure for the Herald's extraordinary display of intolerance and inconsistency, but surely the writer in that journal is not so silly as to suppose such wild ravings will be accepted by the honest Democracy of Mississippi as a part and parcel of their political creed?

Sensible people understand fully the object desired to be attained by this blood-thirsty attitude of the Bourbon press, and it is only astonishing to us that the bull-dozers don't seem to comprehend that the day for frightening the white people of the State into the extreme and unjustifiable measures through fear of "negro domination," is past.

Such threats as those made by the Herald, only beget derision and contempt in the minds of good men, who are Democrats for principle's sake, and not for the spoils of office, for well they know, in this ring-ridden commonwealth, it depends entirely upon what the "negro leaders" call themselves whether they are tolerated or not. If their labors are confined to the organization of the "machine," pure and simple, or in a fusion movement, where the "chicken pie" is to be apportioned according to the will and pleasure of the "bosses," they are patriotic citizens worthy of the highest encomiums the "Organs" can pay; but it the negro leaders dare to solicit the suffrage of the colored voter who does not wear the label of the despotic faction now in power in Mississippi. And to do so, although he may have in his following a majority of the white voters in his county, subjects him to the detestation of that most powerful political factor, the amiable ballot-box stuffer, and according to the teachings of the Herald, renders him legitimate food for the bull-dozer's powder. This state of affairs may not always continue, at least we-hope not, and there are many thousands of staunch and true Democrats in Mississippi, (who, like ourselves, never cast any other than a Democratic ballot,) who will rejoice to see the dawn of a day when political tolerance, a free ballot and a fair count may be inaugurated in fact, the honest privilege of every Mississippia n.—Chickasaw Messenger.

Another Attack upon Jury Trials.

Among the comments that will be made upon the Cincinnati affair is that it proves that the jury system is a failure. We will be told that trial by jury is no better than a lottery, that the influence of the popular attorney, or the prejudice or interest of some member of nearly every dozen who sit to try a cause, renders it impossible to secure even-handed justice. There is something in this, but not enough to condemn the jury system. In an open cause between man and man, what fairer tribunal can there possibly be than twelve intelligent men? When a man is charged with committing an outrage upon society, where can we better look for an impartial investigation than to twelve men who have an interest in the security of the public and the well-being of society? There could be no better tribunal, but it fails because in many cases those who hear and determine causes are not qualified. Men who have business to attend to should jury duties if it is possible; and so long as there are those, particularly in large places, who are willing to serve for the pay, professional jurors find their way into the seats which should be filled with concientious men. The "jury-fixer" is a recognized professional in some cities. He is able to get a hand in the assemble his friends in his own house for a social game of cards, with or without stakes, and be harmless before the law unless it can be shown that the games were played for the benefit of the keeper. Then comes the grand jury empaling purposes, and this court will upon all occasions maintain the inviolability of the citizens' private premises."—Aberdeen Examiner.

MASSACHUSETTS does not want the whipping post in any form, not even for wife-beaters. There is no cure for perjury or equity in applying the lash to a man who is so cowardly or brutal as to strike a woman that appeal to almost everybody's sense of justice; but there is grave doubt as to the efficacy of the whipping post as a corrective for human depravity of any kind. It is a fact that has been in Delaware was kept for generations, and again.—Wilmington (Del.) Journal (Rep.)

Clarion Changes.

The last issue of the Clarion contains the valedictory of Mr. R. K. Jayne, as associate editor. He has been quite an agreeable contemporary, and we regret that his other business engagements require him to lay aside the pen. The announcement is made that the next issue of the Clarion will greet its readers with Hon. Oliver Clifton as its editor. He is a gentleman of vast information, a good writer and will make a fine editor. We are pleased to welcome him to the field of journalism.—State Ledger.

The Republicans in Convention.

Pursuant to call, the Republicans of Monroe county assembled at the Courthouse on Thursday, and proceeded to hold their County Convention, and appoint various and sundry delegates. There were present four Democrats as spectators, seven white Republicans—all leading lights—and about sixty colored men who still adhere to that political creed. Major W. H. Vasser was called to the Chair and Capt. J. W. Lee to the Secretary's desk, after which the Convention proceeded to the accomplishment of its mission, the appointment of delegates as hereinbefore stated, who are as follows:

J. W. Lee, F. M. Nabors, T. F. Hooper, H. W. Moore, (col.), F. G. Bumpass, (col.) Sam Blevins, (col.,) to the State Convention to be held at Jackson on April 23d.

F. M. Nabors, John T. Thornley, J. W. Lee, F. G. Bumpass, (col.,) J. C. Abrams, (col.,) Ben Davis, (col.,) to the Congressional Convention of the First District, in this city on the 9th of April.

Speeches were made by Capt. Lee and Gen. Reuben Davis, and, altogether, there was as much enthusiasm manifested as was possible under the unfavorable circumstances attending the Republican party in this State and county.—Aberdeen Examiner.

GEN. GRANT will be a distinguished figure in our country so long as he lives, and his family will have the benefit of his renown. A New York letter in the Boston Herald speaks as follows of a member of Grant's family:

"Jesse Grant is twenty-five years old, and although the youngest of the family is by no means the least in importance. He is engaged in the banking business. His partner is Stephen F. Moriarty, and they have an office in the United States Building, on the third floor. The firm has been in existence about four years, and its specialty is the placing of large railroad loans. This career has been eminently successful. Beginning without a most nothing, Jesse can now count a fortune not far from $400,000. His partner, Mr. Moriarty, was formerly a Bostonian, and used to be in the law office of Ex-Gov. Gaston. Moriarty lives in good style at the Fifth Avenue Hotel, is a member of the Union club, and occupies a good position in society here. He is a bright, active business man of widespread popularity, with the confidence of Jay Gould, and is worth at least $150,000, made within four years. Jesse Grant married a daughter of Hon. William S. Chapman, of Iowa connection. At the time of the marriage Mr. Chapman was a large land-owner, worth over $1,000,000. I understand, however, that he has since met with reverses that have somewhat reduced his wealth. But he is still a rich man. Jesse has but one child, a pretty little girl two years old, named Nellie, after his sister. He lives comfortably, and even elegantly, in handsome apartments in the Bella, corner of Twenty-sixth street and Fourth avenue."

THE riot and reign of the mob in Cincinnati is one of the most desperate and diabolical we have read of in any civilized community. That the murderers could not have been earlier suppressed, with so many organized forces at command, is a matter of surprise. The good citizens seemed to be powerless against the wild banditti who had taken the law into their own hands. Such violence cannot be condoned on the ground that the criminal laws are not enforced. No doubt it results from lax administration, but, instead of remedying it, always aggravates the evil. Lynch law never enthrones the authority of constitutionally organized courts, but rather brings them into contempt, and breeds a spirit of daring lawlessness. It is a pity that the fair name of Cincinnati, after all the sufferings of the dreadful overflow, should be stained with blood and humiliated by reckless ruffianism.—N. O. Christian Advocate.

A Man's Home Privileges.

In the Criminal Court of the District of Columbia last week a gentleman was arraigned on the charge of keeping a gambling table in his house. It appeared upon that a policeman had peeped through a window and discovered the defendant and three other gentlemen engaged in a game of "draw poker"—whatever that is—and that immediately swore out a warrant for the arrest of the gentleman of the house, giving in the names of the other gentlemen as witnesses. Judge Wylie, before whom the case was brought, ordered the discharge of the charge and severely reprimanded the officer, saying among other things: "A man may get as drunk as a beast upon his own premises if he chooses to do so, or disturbs no other person, and trespasses upon no other man's peace or rights; a man may assemble his friends in his own house for a social game of cards, with or without stakes, and be harmless before the law unless it can be shown that the games were played for the benefit of the keeper. Police officers have no right to gambling purposes, and this court will upon all occasions maintain the inviolability of the citizens' private premises."—Aberdeen Examiner.

H. B. BRUSER,
TIN, COPPER AND SHEET-IRON WORKER
Hardware Tinware Stoves!
Pumps, Grates Mantels. Etc. Etc
may6. 159 Washington Street, Vicksburg.

Something the People Need!
FRESH
ROASTED COFFEE,
Roasted Daily in HYDE'S PATENT ROASTER, at my Store,
Corner South and Washington Streets.
Price 20 Cts. per Pound!
H. F. SIMRALL, JR.
ap7

W. M. CHAMBERLIN,
General Insurance Agent,
FIRE, MARINE, ACCIDENT AND LIFE.
Office—Up-stairs, cor. Washington and Crawford Sts., Vicksburg.
apr4

W. O. WORRELL,
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
AND DEALER IN
Hay & Grain
LIME, CEMENT, PLASTER, Etc.,
58 Washington Street, - - - - Vicksburg, Miss.
may

FULTON M. M'RAE,
Wholesale and Retail Druggist
IMPORTER AND DEALER IN
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRUGS
White Lead, Linseed Oil, Turpentine, Window Glass, Mixed Paints, Dry and in Oil; Albastine Whitening and Putty; and the largest and most complete assortment of Patent Medicines and Surgical Instruments in the State. Agent for the celebrated Waukesha Rathesda Water.
Toilet Articles, Perfumery and Hair Brushes—all imported.
No. 125 Washington Street, - - - Vicksburg, Miss.

GEO. W. HUTCHESON. CHAS. A. SMITH.
G. W. HUTCHESON & CO.,
Cotton Factors,
AND WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
Groceries, Liquors and Tobacco,
110 and 112 Washington Street,
Vicksburg, - - - Miss.
may4

THE SAW-MILL BOAST
LEE RICHARDSON, JR
IS PREPARED TO SELL
DIMENSION LUMBER
FROM LANDING AT GLASS BAYOU, THIS CITY; at the
Sash, Doors, Blinds, Mouldings, T. and G. Flooring and Ceiling
Orders addressed to the undersigned will be promptly filled.
may4 WM. CURPHEY, Proprietor.

GEO. S. IRVING,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN
Staple and Fancy Groceries,
WINES, LIQUORS, CIGARS & TOBACCO,
Corner of South and Washington Streets, - - - VICKSBURG, MISS.
I have one of the largest and best assorted to be found in the city.
Fine Teas, Coffee and Choice Butter are Among my Specialties.
I GUARANTEE EVERY ARTICLE TO BE AS REPRESENTED,
And desire to give full satisfaction. 1 PACK AND P FREE ... MAY

HENRY YOSTE,
Watchmaker and Jeweler
I cordially invite a comparison of Work and Prices, believing mine to be the Best and Cheapest.
—ALSO DEALER IN—
WATCHES, DIAMONDS AND SILVERWARE
SPECIALTIES IN SPECTACLES.

COMMISSIONER'S SALE.

FANNIE H. QUIGG et al.
vs.
No. 1632 V. and B. E. S. BOXELL.

PURSUANT to the power and authority vested in me by the provisions of a decree made and entered in the foregoing entitled cause, by the Chancery Court of Warren county, Miss., on the 22d day of February, 1884, I will, at or about the hour of 12 o'clock m., on the 10th day of March, 1884, sell at the east door of the Courthouse, in Warren county, Mississippi, at public vendue, to the highest and best bidder, for cash, that lot or parcel of land described as part of lot 280, square 85 of the original plat of the city of Vicksburg, commencing on the southwest corner of said lot 280, running thence south 49 feet 2 inches, thence north 49 feet 2 inches, thence south 49 feet 2 inches, to the place of beginning; and being situate in Vicksburg, Warren county, Mississippi, for the purpose of partition among the heirs.

This, the 26th day of February, 1884.
THOS. E. FOSTER,
Commissioner.
f25-6w

PACIFIC HOUSE
VINCENT PIAZZA, Proprietor.
Washington St., Vicksburg.
CONVENIENT TO RAILROAD DEPOT, Landing, Post, Telegraph and Express Offices and Business Mails in close proximity. Meals in time for all trains. House open all night. Has been renovated and refurnished. Tables supplied with the best the market affords. Patronage respectfully solicited. Polite and careful attention given to guests.

NEW CLOTHING & DRY GOODS FIRM
L. MARKS AND L. WEINSTEIN
Have formed a copartnership, and will keep a full line of
CLOTHING
Dry Goods Business
No. 507 and 509 WASHINGTON STREET.

SIGNAL SERVICE REPORT.

LOCAL WEATHER REPORT.

TIME.	BAR.	THE	HUM	WIND	WTHER.
7 a. m.	30.19	47	73	N. W.	Clear.
3 p. m.	30.18	66	43	W.	Clear.
7 p. m.	30.07	68	36	S. W.	Fair.
11 p. m.	30.02	65	43	S. W.	Cloudy.
7 a. m.	30.02	59	47	S.	Fair.

	1883.	1884
Maximum thermometer	65.3	69.0
Minimum thermometer	53.6	46.0
Mean temperature	62.2	58.5
Rainfall	0 39	.00

STAGE OF RIVERS.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER,
April 4, 2 p.m. Washington time.

The following observations were taken at the same moment of time at all the stations named:

STATIONS.	Above low water.	Changes.	
	feet	Rise In's	Fall In's
Fort Buford	46	7	...
Bismarck	9	11	...
Cincinnati	29	4	...
Davenport, Iowa	11	7	1
Dubuque, Iowa	13	2	0
Keokuk	15	4	...
Keokuk, Iowa	7	10	...
La Crosse	14	3	...
Leavenworth	8	3	...
Little Rock	11	0	...
Memphis	23	11	0
Nashville	11	0	.40
New Madrid	0	0	...
New Orleans	14	10	30
Omaha	13	6	15
Pittsburg	17	10	...
Shreveport	25	7	1
St. Louis	9	8	...
Vicksburg	47	3	3
Yankton, D. T.	...	...	...

Below high water of 1874. *Frozen.

RISE OF WATER AT VICKSBURG IN FORMER YEARS.

Rise of water '62, above zero, 51 1-10 feet.
Rise of water '67, above zero, 49 feet.
Rise of water '74, above zero, 45 ft. 8 inches
Rise of water '75, above zero, 43 feet.
Rise of water '76, above zero, 44 ft. 10 inches
Rise of water '80, above zero, 43 ft. 2 inches
Rise of water '81, above zero, 41 ft., 10 inches
Rise of water '82, above zero, 48 ft. 1 inches
Rise of water '83, above zero, 45 ft. 10 inches

HIGH WATER OF 1882.

Stations.	Date of Highest Point.	Highest point Reached.
Memphis	Feb. 20, 1882	51 ft. 9 inches
Vicksburg	Jan. 19, 1882	46 ft. 2 inches
Natchez	Feb. 21, 1882	58 ft. 6 inches
Orleans	Dec. 3, 1881	10 ft. 1 inch
Arkansas, Ark.	March 9, 1882	47 ft. 3 inches
Napoleon	Nov. 29, 1881	11 ft. 5 inches
Little Rock	Feb. 24, 1882	21 ft. 6 inches
Nashville	Feb. 22, 1882	37 ft. 6 inches
New Madrid	March 6, 1882	36 ft. 0 inches
Cairo	Jan. 22, 1882	54 ft. 7 inches
New Orleans	March 3, 1882	17 ft. 8 inches
Baton Rouge	Feb. 22, 1882	28 ft. 3 inches
Pittsburg	March 20, 1882	48 ft. 9 inches

Below high water of 1874.

THE RIVER.

ARRIVED.

Centennial, from New Orleans
Hallie Bee, Greenville, from New Orleans
A. Humphreys, from Davis Bend
John F. Halpin, from Davis Bend
Capt. W. Cannon, from Greenville
Joe Bonham, from Steele's Bayou
T. W. Williams, from Tallulah
Tom Duke and tow, from Pittsburg
Tina Cathell and barges, from Terene

DEPARTED.

Centennial, for St Louis
Tina Cash, for New Orleans
Belle of Shreveport, for Cincinnati
A. Humphreys, for Point Pleasant
Tom Barnard, for Tensas
Tina Cathell and barges, for New Orleans
Capt. W. Cannon, for New Orleans
City of Providence, for St Louis

BOATS DUE TO-DAY.

Tallahatchie, Greenville to Vicksburg.
Deer Creek, Nitayuma to Vicksburg

BOATS LEAVING TO-DAY.

Capt. Tallulah, 8 a.m.—J H Williams, 12 m
Joe Bonham, 5 p.m.—W P Thompson, 4½ pm
Belle Greenwood—Letlore, 5 pm

BOATS DUE TO-MORROW.

Belle of St Louis, Vicksburg
Capt. Carroll, Jr, Tallahatchie to Vicksburg

BOATS DUE MONDAY.

City of Yazoo, New Orleans to Vicksburg
Tom Simpson, Grand Lake to Vicksburg
Capt Miller, Natchez to Vicksburg

BOATS LEAVING MONDAY.

For Natchez—Capt Miller, 9:30 am
For Greenville—Issaquena, 5 pm

NOTES.

Cold and rainy.

The Centennial passed to St. Louis midnight after putting off a lot of cotton on the Elevator.

The Joe Bonham, W. H. Sargent in command, arrived from Steele's Bayou this morning with a good load of seed.

The Issaquena is due this evening from Greenville and Bends, and leaves promptly Monday evening at 5 o'clock.

The P. Line steamer Deer Creek, Capt Tom Pare, is due to-day with 654 bales of cotton and 1600 sacks of cotton seed.

The Tom Duke arrived from above at 6 o'clock yesterday evening with 8 barges loaded with 4,500 tons of steel rails for the M. O. & R. R.

The Tina Cathell and barges, arrived from Tarrone, Miss., last night and departed this morning loaded with cotton for New Orleans.

The "G" Line steamer John F. Halliard arrived last night from Davis Bend, and will leave again Monday at 10 a.m.

Capt. Quackenbos master.

The P. Line steamer E. C. Carroll, Jr., Capt. Tom Smith master, Frank Heck, clerk, is due to-morrow evening from Tallahatchie river.

The W. P. Thompson, M. D. Nelon in charge, is receiving at the Wharfboat, and will leave at 4 o'clock for Grand Lake going through Bunch's Bend.

The Government supply boat Gen. Wood in charge of Maj. Jno. Mehlert, arrived at noon to-day for the overdistrict in the neighborhood of Tallulah.

The City of Yazoo, in place of the Capt. T. P. Leathers, is now running between this port and A. McVay clerk, leaves New Orleans this evening with big freight and passengers.

The Capt. Tom Simpson, Capt. Jno. Simpson, Chief Engineer, Ed. Johnson, Chief Clerk, Sidney Simpson, Mate, is due with passengers on Tuesday from the Yazoo river.

The Belle of Shreveport, Capt. G. Wash Thompson, arrived this morning at 7 o'clock, and after discharging a little freight on the Wharfboat, departed for Cincinnati at noon, with a big through freight and cabin full of people.

The Patrol was not in sight when the Edward J. Gay passed the Davis crevasse Thursday morning, and the presumption was that she was hunting the way back into the Mississippi via the Woods, Lake Salvador, Bayou Barataria and the Gulf.

The beautiful John W. Cannon, Capt. Wm. Campbell, arrived at midnight from Greenville, and left for New Orleans at 11 o'clock this morning loaded flat in the lower deck, with 8,500 sacks of cotton seed meal, 1500 sacks of seed, about 1000 bales of cotton and a list of miscellaneous freight.

The Government relief boat A. A. Humphreys arrived from Davis' Bend yesterday evening, having distributed 20,772 rations on the island and in the lake. She added 25,000 rations here from the supply steamer Gen. Barnard now in port, and left last night for Point Pleasant.

The Pool Line steamer Hard Cash, Capt. B. S. Leathers, left for New Orleans at 9 o'clock this morning with the same trip she brought out of Yazoo and Tallahatchie rivers Friday morning. She has been withdrawn from the Vicksburg and Yazoo river trade and will be laid up for the present in New Orleans.

The J. H. Williams, Capt. R. H. Bowman, arrived from Tallulah, yesterday evening, with 40 bales of cotton, 500 sacks of seed and 50 empty oil barrels. She is receiving to-day, and returns to Tallulah at noon. Capt. Bowman says the people of Tallulah turned out en masse and gave him a perfect ovation; no bouquets, but plenty of orders. This is the first boat that has been to that town in years.

Among the wounded in the Cincinnati riot was Capt Alfred Hopkins, aged 53 years. He was shot in the stomach and left arm, and the wounds, it is thought, will prove fatal. During the late war Capt. Hopkins commanded the steamers Arizona, Lizzie Hopkins and Tigress. He retired from the river several years ago and was reported reduced in circumstences. He is well-known to old-time boatmen.

Colored Masons.

T. W. STRINGER, Most Worshipful Grand Master of Stringer Grand Lodge, A. F. and A. M. of Mississippi, has appointed Mr. Thos. M. Broadwaters, P. M. of Stringer Lodge No. 1, to be district Deputy Grand Master for the district of Warren, Claiborne, Jefferson and Franklin counties. It is the duty of the deputy to attend to the work of the Order as correctly communicated to those entitled to receive it, and to see that the laws are strictly enforced in the district. [mr28-1w]

Catholic Convocation.

Archbishop Gibbons has convoked the third plenary council of Baltimore which will be held in the Cathedral of that city on November 6th. It is predicted that it will be the greatest Council of the Catholic Church ever held on this continent. The call excites great interest in Catholic circles throughout the United States and Canada.

THERE seems from this to be something like concert of action among the managers of the different roads, and we may conclude the matter will be pushed. It is well, we think, that proceedings have been begun so early, as it is important to every interest concerned that this question of railroad supervision should be determined as soon as possible. It is a disturbing element in the industrial, material, as well as the political affairs of the State, and the sooner it is disposed of finally the better it will be.—Columbus Index.

THE railroads have doubtless been led to take this early action by the late ruling of the Tennessee Courts upon the same question in that State. There is considerable difference of opinion, even among the best lawyers of Mississippi, as to the constitutionality of our lately enacted railroad supervision law, and the outcome of the prospective[illegible] will be watched with interest. We should be much pleased to see the friends of the commissioners effectually tied this early in the game, although such an emergency would not affect their salaries.—Columbus Dispatch.

SOME of the Democratic papers in North Carolina fear that if Mr. York, who now represents the Seventh District of that State in Congress, is the coalition candidate for Governor, he is so popular that he may carry the State. Two years ago, in a total vote of 220,000, the Democratic majority was only 2,000. As there is a reasonably good prospect of a fair count in that State, it looks like good missionary work for the Democracy. Let the Democratic press of Tallulah commence to "holler" for Democratic ascendancy in North Carolina.—Tallulah Times (Dem.)

A Good Law.

The late Legislature of Mississippi passed a timely and stringent act forbidding the sale or exhibition of obscene and immoral literature in the State. It prohibits any person from selling, giving away or exhibiting "any indecent pictorial newspaper tending to debauch the morals, or any indecent or obscene book, pamphlet, paper, drawing, lithograph, engraving, daguerreotype, photograph, picture or any model cast, instrument or article of indecent or obscene use," or from advertising any of said articles. All the newspapers of the State are placed under the restraints of the act. The penalty for each violation is a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars or twelve months imprisonment.

That is a good law, and should be enforced. We are encouraged at the growth of a moral sentiment that demanded such a measure from the Legislature. Now, if the administrators of justice are active and watchful the law will be a school-master to bring the people to a higher plane of public morals.

The evils of an obscene and immoral literature are beyond calculation. The innocency and purity of many a young mind has been corrupted and poisoned by popular pictorial newspapers. Art refines and ennobles when the pencil is wielded by a hand as pure as skillful. But it may be an agent of infinite evil. Before some lofty conception of a genius whose sole was aflame with an inspiration of light and love, we are lifted out of our lower, selfish natures and seem to hold communion with the divine. We turn from the sensual and earthly and dwell amid the higher spiritualities. But, on the other hand, the immoral inflames the young imagination, and it is soon "set on fire of hell." A gentleman strongly contended with us recently that boys ought to be early acquainted with the ways of the world that they might take warning and be strengthened against evil. A false and most dangerous policy. We pity any son who is so reared and prophesy for him a career of sin and shame. As long as possible the young mind should be kept unsoiled. Let it grow into the strength of manhood in the contemplation and companionship of the pure, the beautiful and the good, and then the vulgar and sinful will shock and offend. He will flee from it and cling to the right.—N. O. Christian Advocate.

Municipal Reform.

The Municipal Reform Association has put in the field an excellent ticket, and one entirely free from the influences that have poisoned the local politics of this city and made possible the events of the last few days. If the people would but support this ticket from the rule that has cost so much it must be done by separating our municipal affairs from party politics. Just now while the public mind is full of indignation, but the men who live by politics and the thousands of others who hope for something from "the party" can not rid themselves of the idea that they would be doing violence to their party fealty to vote a ticket that has not "Democratic" or "Republican" printed on the top of it. It doesn't make any difference whose influence made up the ticket or what names was found on it, if it be called from the list of names used to distinguish National parties it is all right. If the Municipal Reform ticket should receive a heavy vote this time it would have a very healthy effect on the affairs of the city, even if none of the candidates should be elected.—Cincinnati Times-Star.

The Natchez Hospital.

In view of the fact that the city is to receive State aid in the maintenance of the City Hospital, the Board of Aldermen have determined to re-organize the Hospital and made several changes in the interior arrangement and management of that institution, and with that end in view have appointed a committee, consisting of Messrs. Abbott, Mallery and Payne, who are authorized to take charge of the Hospital and prepare such rules and regulations for its management and conduct as they think suitable and proper, and best calculated to increase and promote its efficiency in the care and treatment of the indigent sick, such rules, &c., to be submitted to the Board for approval. Numerous cases in the conduct of the institution were suggested—but of these we will not speak until after the Committee makes it report.—Natchez Democrat.

His Constituents Should Mend their Conduct.

We think Major Barksdale fully sustained his reputation as a wise and sagacious politician, by his answers to the questions put to him by the Copiah Investigating Committee. If his constituents do not admire the evasiveness which characterized his replies, we suggest that they mend their conduct so as not to make it necessary for him to again resort to such a course. All who are capable of judging the public conduct of Major Barksdale fairly and impartially, must give him credit for an admirable display of discretion and self-possession before the Committee.—Tupelo Journal.

SENATOR GEORGE delivered another able speech in favor of the educational bill yesterday. In answer to the constitutional objections urged against the bill he said that as Congress had authority to levy taxes for the general welfare it must also have authority to expend those taxes for the general welfare. In fact the general welfare clause of the constitution was the animating spirit in every clause of that instrument and was to be read between the lines all the way through that document. The "strict constructionists" are dumb founded with these plain constitutional utterances of the Mississippi Senator.—Avalanche.

SENATOR CORE is shadowed by the ghost of States rights. And a nightmare of "mixed schools" disturbs his brain. Hence he opposes the federal "usurpation" of appropriating money for the education of southern illiteracy. United States money can't buy the unyielding Coke.—Avalanche.

WAITERSON'S yell for an advance of the free trade lines days ago reads the sober remark of the old darky about the young rooster that crowed violently early in the morning. He wanted to "whip his crow" and have it over.—Louisville Times (Dem.)

True Length of Life.

Oh, Father, in whose mighty hand
The boundless years and ages lie,
Teach us the boon of life to prize,
And use the moments as they fly!

To crowd the narrow span of life
With wise designs and virtuous deeds,
So shall we wake from death's dark night
To share the glory that succeeds.
—Jeremy Taylor.

To a Lad.

"Never you mind the crowd, lad,
Or fancy your life won't tell;
The work is wise for a that
To him that doeth it well.
Fancy the world a hill, lad;
Look

CHEAP COLUMN.

LOST.

LOST—On April 2d, on Cherry, Crawford or Walnut street, a point lace handkerchief. The finder will be liberally rewarded by returning it to this office. 4-5

WANTED.

WANTED.—SCHOOLS! TEACHERS!! Schools in need of competent teachers, and teachers in search of situations should address the Central Educational Bureau, R. K. JAYNE, Secretary. ap2 Jackson, Miss.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—New Cottage in good neighborhood, containing 3 rooms with hall and gallery, kitchen, stable and garden. Lot 150x150 feet, all under new fence. Apply at this office. m25

FOR SALE.—A cottage residence on East avenue, containing four rooms 18x20, hall 12 feet, kitchen, fine cistern and fine orchard; lot 64x132 feet. Apply to R. P. WILSON, on premises. m28

FOR SALE—The LOT on the northeast corner of Cherry and Grove sts. Apply to THOMAS MOUNT. mh19

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Two large Rooms, kitchen, outhouses, good yard and cistern. Apply at this office. ap3-1w

FOR RENT—Nice house with three rooms, kitchen, good cistern and yard; possession given April 6th. Apply to JOS. SPENGLER, Cherry street crossing. m31-1w

FOL SALE OR RENT—60 Acres good land, one and a half miles from town, with plenty of wood and water. Apply at this office, or to R. P. WILSON, Vicksburg, Miss. m24-2w

FOR RENT—Three rooms and a small kitchen. Large yard and good cistern. Twelve dollars per month. Apply at this office. mh26

THE SATISFACTION

Of sitting under one's own vine and fig tree pays the largest dividend of any investment. It is the best kind of life insurance. It is the best medicine in sickness. It enables a man to die easier, and robs death of one of the principal terrors to know that the loved ones we must leave behind us have a roof of their own over their heads which cannot be taken from them.

If you cannot buy a house and lot, you can at least make a commencement by investing $25 in a lot in Speed's Addition, and pay the balance in $5 monthly installments. No better opportunity to buy a home or to make a safe investment in Vicksburg is likely to occur than that now presented by the unprecedented terms upon which these lots are sold. sep1

LOCAL ITEMS.

WHAT is the 4-10s?

THE Mozarts held a special meeting last night.

THE Pink Tea last night was an eminent success.

MORE "souvenirs" for the ladies at Arthur Jacob's.

SHERIFF BECK has forty boarders according to the latest census.

MRS. JOSEPH GENELLA is quite sick at her residence, on Cherry street.

COMMUNION Services at the Methodist church to-morrow evening.

ENROGEL LODGE 103, I. O. B. B. will meet Sunday morning at 9 o'clock.

ARTHUR JACOB'S Grand Millinery Opening is the next attraction for the ladies.

REV. DR. C. G. ANDREWS, who will preach at the Methodist Church to-morrow, is an eminent divine.

REV. C. G. ANDREWS, D.D., Presiding Elder of this District, will preach at the Methodist Church to-morrow.

THE Circuit Court of Warren County, for the transaction of Civil business, will convene Monday, Judge Ralph North presiding.

MISS TERESA LYNCH will leave on the 8 o'clock train to-morrow evening for Battle Creek, Mich., which place will in future be her home.

A POST reporter took a look through the Flowerree Ice Company's factory yesterday evening. Their artesian well is now 830 feet deep, and still going.

THE Boss Road-Grader had a trial before a Committee from the Board of Mayor and Aldermen yesterday evening. The Committee were favorably impressed with the machine.

H. M. ALLEN, Reidsville, N. C.; H. H. Squair, Monroe, La.; Robt. Nicholson, La.; J. C. Pritchett, Meridian; D. G. Humphreys, La., and W. Burdett, Greenville, were at the Pacific this morning.

SEE the Local Notice of sale of Jerseys and grade cattle at auction Saturday, April 12th. There never has been such an opportunity offered before in this city. The stock is choice and young and must be sold.

MR. H. DENIO has accepted the position as aid to the Grand Marshal from the Phœnix after the Committee persistently prevailed upon him. We hope the aids from the other companies will follow Mr. Denio's example and accept.

THE managers of the "Pink Tea Party" have the thanks of THE POST for an elegant lunch. We are glad to learn that the "Party" was a most enjoyable affair, and one of the most interesting and successful entertainments of the season in every respect.

THE new and truly excellent qualities of Dooley's Special Flavoring Extracts have secured for them the patronage of the most intelligent ladies in this country. A few cents additional cost does not deter ladies from procuring the best article to be had. Be sure and call for Dooley's Special Flavoring Extracts. For sale by all grocers. mh26-1w

Bon Ton Market.

Choice fruit Vegetables received daily at the Bon Ton Market, by Mrs. E. W. SPOONER, No. 1 Washington street. ap5-1w

The Patriot and Pool Line Compromise.

It will be seen by referring to our river column that the flagship of the P Line, the steamer Yazoo, leaves New Orleans this evening for Vicksburg, with Capt. T. P. Leathers in command of her. She has taken the place of the steamer Natchez, now laid up on account of the high water. Rumors in regard to a compromise between the Pool and Pariset Lines have been rife upon our streets for several days, and that the compromise has been satisfactorily effected, the fact that the steamer Yazoo is coming up in place of the Natchez, with "old 40 years experience" in command, is evidence.

Our special dispatch from New Orleans to-day gives the latest news and particulars in regard to the compromise.

We trust that all now will be harmonious and prosperous with both the Lines.

GRAND MILLINERY OPENING.

Arthur Jacob will have his Grand Opening for the Spring and Summer season next Tuesday and Wednesday when all the novelties in Hats, Bonnets, Flowers, Feathers, Plumes, Tips and all the new trimmings will be displayed. Every body in general, and the ladies in particular, are invited to call and examine the exhibition. A souvenir will be presented to every lady. ARTHUR JACOB.

Pink T.

Everybody present at the "Pink Tea Party" given at the residence of Mrs. Mary T. Klein last night, are enthusiastic in praise thereof, and we doubt not but that "Pink Tea" will be the rage hereafter, probably superseding the time-honored candy-pulling. Quite a handsome sum was realized, which will go toward repairing the Methodist Church.

The Yazoo Bridge.

Yesterday our commercial neighbor gave the following criticism in regard to a telegraphic report referring to the recent test of the Yazoo river bridge:

"Some enterprising Vicksburg correspondent of a New York paper in telegraphing a report of the testing of the bridge over Yazoo river at Anchony's Ferry, displayed his ignorance of the English language by confounding the words list and deflect. According to this report the bridge was listed one and one-half inches by the test. This news caused considerable excitement among the officials of the Louisville, New Orleans & Texas Railroad in New York, and also the builders of the bridge, who at once telegraphed to this city for particulars of the damage sustained by that structure. The report was utterly false, as there was not the slightest list in the bridge during the whole of the severe test to which it was subjected."

Investigation shows that the report was not sent by "some enterprising Vicksburg correspondent," but that it was an Associated Press dispatch based upon a special from this city to the New Orleans Picayune. The Picayune's special was correct, but the Associated Press agent at New Orleans in making up his dispatch committed a most egregious blunder in stating that the bridge, under test, had listed 1½ inches. The Atlanta Constitution printed the dispatch so that it read the bridge had listed 11½ inches (nearly one foot) but we believe the New York and other papers printed the listing at 1½ inches.

Mr. Wilson, the President of the road, when he read the dispatch in New York, of course became anxious about the condition of this large and expensive bridge, and sent the following dispatch to Maj. Edwards at this city:

"NEW YORK, April 3, 1884.

"Associated Press dispatches here advise Yazoo bridge listed 1½ inches. Telegraph me at once the cause and extent of damage if any. R. T. WILSON."

Of course Maj. Edwards immediately telegraphed the true state of affairs. The severe test placed upon the bridge gave a more satisfactory result than was expected—the spans "deflected" only 1½ inches under the immense weight, and the draw "deflected" only ½ an inch, which was considerably less than the engineers expected.

The moral connected with this affair is, that in addition to being very slow at times, the Associated Press dispatches are very unreliable.

N. B. THE POST is the only paper in Vicksburg that does not receive the Associated Press dispatches.

Particular People,

As a rule, make the best citizens. If particular men had been on the Berner jury at Cincinnati—men that were particular about their consciences, their reputations, and the welfare of society—the terrible riot of a few days since would not have occurred. When 'you meet people that are not "particular" about their conduct, dress, food, etc., they can generally be set down as shiftless if not worthless citizens. "This reminds us," as Abe Lincoln was wont to say, that Messrs. Warner & Searles, the great clothing merchants of this section have something in this paper addressed especially to particular people. Shakespeare, the greatest poet and writer of the world, advised people to be particular about their apparel, and we advise all particular people to read Warner & Searles' "gentle reminder."

SEED POTATOES.

150 barrels choice Russets.
100 barrels choice Early Rose.
100 barrels choice Peerless.
50 barrels choice Burbanks.
On consignment for sale, low.
ap3 WARE & NORTH.

DESTITUTE REFUGEES.

A Sad Case of Destitution Caused by the Flood.

The following communication was received at this office this morning. It speaks for itself:

Editor Evening Post:

There is a man on Mulberry street in a house that belongs to Mr. Cummings, named J. A. Beachem, who went aboard the Government boat to get provisions, and was told that the supplies were for negroes on plantations. Mr. Beachem's family is in a destitute condition; his wife has a child eight days old, and his oldest child is very sick, and they have had everything destroyed by the overflow. There are a good many families in the same condition in Vicksburg.

A. M. MEEHAN.

On receipt of the above a reporter was detailed to seek out the place and family in question, and discover the particulars of their misfortune. Reaching the Cummings tenements, on Mulberry street, and making inquiries in regard to the family, a building was pointed out as the one in which the Beachem family have rooms. Entering a side gate and going up a narrow stairway a little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Beachem ushered the scribe into a poor and scantily furnished room, which, with another adjorning serves to keep the family from the tender mercies of the elements. On a bed lay the wife and mother, while, by her side a baby, but little over a week old, slept peacefully. Mrs. Beachem stated that her husband was a levee and railroad workman, and that they had lost almost everything by the flood at Hard Times. A few days ago they came to the city by the Cannon, and although their present quarters were very unsatisfactory they were obliged to take them as they could get no other. The husband and father has been ever since their arrival here in search of work, but can find nothing to do by which he can support his family, and as they are without money now their destitution is really terrible. The authorities or some charitable persons should look into the case, as the idea of any one suffering so seriously in our very midst is unpleasant to contemplate.

Mr. Beachem went to the Government boat to try and secure rations, but as the commandant to the boat had orders to dispense no rations in Vicksburg, no blame can be attached to him.

Mrs. Beachem says there are also in the city several other families from Hard Times also in the same circumstances.

MR. DAMON TURLEY,

lately with Baer Bros., is again connected with the large Dry Goods house of ARTHUR JACOB, where he will be pleased to see his many friends and customers. ap4

THE price of provisions is still falling at Chicago, and the market is panicky. This is encouraging to the people of this section who do not raise their own food supplies.

A GENTLE REMINDER.

We can't remind mothers too often that here's the place to find everything new and nice for the boys wear. The more particular you are in having pattern, style and fit "just so," the more we prefer to have you visit us, for only particular people can appreciate the time and pains we devote to the production of goods that must be "exclusive and beyond rivalry." Our Spring stock is now complete, and you will find our prices satisfactorily low. All are invited to call. None are obliged to buy. Country orders solicited and samples furnished.

ap4 WARNER & SEARLES.

Don't fail to visit ARTHUR JACOB'S Grand Millinery Opening next Tuesday.

Lee Richardson & Co.

If you want to learn something to your advantage read Lee Richardson & Co.'s advertisement on our first page. It will be money to you.

BUTTER!

20 Small Tubs Choice, suitable for Families, received this day. [m12] WARE & NORTH.

Where is Barnum?

The greatest furore ever known in this city since Minnie Hauk sang here, is now being created by Barry, Waldie & Co's. four legged chicken. Mr. Waldie, of the National Cemetery, telephoned us from Barry's Lake House yesterday in regard to the curiosity but fearing that he was trying to make an April fool of us we maintained a resolute silence in regard to the freak. But to-day it sits preserved in alcohol in a glass case on the mahogony desk in front of us as we write, and the truth of Mr. Waldie's statements are being ocularly demonstrated. The chicken has four well developed legs, two about where the ordinary chicken generally carries his legs, and two others grow from its body about an inch further back. Mr. Barry is anxious that the statement made by our estimable contemporary be refuted, and says the man who wrote that "alcohol" article is the man who has been disposing of alcohol on an extensive scale. Barnum's white elephant isn't a circumstance to our chicken.

SEED POTATOES.

150 barrels choice Russets.
100 barrels choice Early Rose.
100 barrels choice Peerless.
50 barrels choice Burbanks.
On consignment for sale, low.
ap3 WARE & NORTH.

How Instantaneous Photographs are Made.

Blanks, the photographer, pulled out from a heap a photograph of a steamboat, the Anchor Line City of Helena, under full headway, with smoke apparently rolling from her chimneys, steam escaping from her pipes, and the sparkle of the spray dashed over her bows distinctly to be seen. "That," said he, "was taken in the 103d part of a second. I will tell you how we can measure even a more minute degree the length of time a plate is exposed. We have a black disk, which we set moving at the uniform speed of one revolution a second. The circumference of this disk is divided into degrees, and near the edge is painted a small white spot. This disk is photographed while in motion; the white spot is photographed as a line of greater or less length, according to the time of exposure, and from the degrees marked around the circumference of the disk we can calculate to a nicety the fraction of a second which it took to transfer the picture to the sensitized plate. You want to know how we manage to expose the plate for such an infinitesimal space of time? I'll show you in a minute. John, fetch me a slide!" John produced as simple a contrivance as can be imagined. It consisted of two plates working beside the other in grooves. In both of them were two holes; in the under plate the hole was round so as to fit on the lens of the camera; in the latter it was square. The top plate was so arranged that slipping over it a number of rubber bands caused it to move at a certain speed over under one when it was lifted by the fingers and let go. At the precise fraction of a second when the square hole and the round hole are opposite each other, light naturally passes through and reaches the sensitized plate, and the image of the object is projected thereon.

SUITS TO ORDER,

Ranging from $15, $17.50, $21.50, $25, $30 up to $50. Any gentleman can be pleased in style and fit at 183 Washington street. E. D. BICKLEY is the man to fit the head, body and pocket of our New South.

WANAMAKER & BROWN,
m26 E. D. BICKLEY, Agent.

The Boss Road Machine,

Made by the Fleming Manufacturing Company, is noted for its simplicity of construction, strength and durability. The tongue is so arranged to the knife-plank that it makes the draft fully one horse lighter; the knife is in concave sections, made of the best steel, tempered in oil. Should it be necessary, any good blacksmith can sharpen the knife. The machine is mounted on wheels, and is easily operated in narrow places as well as around culverts. The Boss won the sweepstakes on the 19th of March, 1884, in Cincinnati, over a $155 machine. Mr. Klinker, who is exhibiting the machine in this city, claims that it cannot be beat for grading and leveling roads, streets, race tracks, or surface ditches. It will make from a half to a mile of smooth graded road per day, and from 200 to 300 rods of surface ditch per day; that it is the best machine in use, and will pay for itself in ten days.

Harness Oil.

Fine Harness Oil Blacking, $1.50 per gallon. Preserves and saves your harness, leather, etc.; at

ap2 HARDAWAY & CASSELL'S Drugstore.

Juvenile Social Club.

The Juvenile Social Club gave their initial party last night at the residence of Mr. I. Bloomenstiel, and it was pronounced by all present a complete success. Although the members composing this society are quite youthful, yet their gentlemanly bearing and courteous actions towards the little misses who were placed in their charge, indicated their good training, and merited the confidence of older hands that they were capable of entertaining their guests in a way which was pleasing and agreeable. An elegant supper was spread under the supervision of Mrs. Bloomenstiel. After supper dancing was resumed and every little heart throbbed with ecstacy when the strains of Morgans full string band were heard. The hour for dispersing approached too soon for the little fun lovers, and they departed with many regrets. But as the Juveniles intend to keep up their entertainments, another opportunity for fun will soon be offered, and the occasion promises to be equally enjoyable as the one given last night.

TO CONSUMERS.

Remember, there are seven different styles and quality of "Commodore Parisot" Cigars.
W. E. BECK,
j16 Sole Proprietor

Firemen's Officers on Parade Day.

The following is a list of the officers, Aids to the Marshal, and the Company Marshals on the day of the Firemen's Parade:

Aids to the Grand Marshal—H. H. Kain, foreman of Hook & Ladder No. 1; Frank W. Sykes, foreman of Constitution No. 1; H. Dunlo, foreman of Phœnix No. 2; Eugene Platt, foreman of Washington No. 3.

Company Marshals—Sam N. Richardson, Hook & Ladder No. 1; Jas. W. Hays, Constitution No. 1; Warren C. Kain, Phœnix No. 2; Henry David, Washington No. 3.

R. F. BECK, President, THOS. MOUNT, Vice-President.
JNO. F. HALPIN, Secretary. W. O. WORRELL, Treasurer.

VICKSBURG
Building Association

STOCK IN THIS SOLID HOME INSTITUTION
PAYS BETTER THAN A SAVINGS BANK
AND ITS INVESTMENTS ARE
Fully Secured by Mortgages on Real Estate.

Now is the time to subscribe. You cannot lose anything as you are certain to make a handsome profit.
The cost of Stock is $1 per month on each Share.

Ten shares of Stock in about eight years will be worth.....$1,000
The ten shares in eight years will have cost.....$

Making a profit, on an investment averaging four years, of.....
Which is equal to 77 per cent. or 19¼ per cent. per annum.

The Association Cashes its Stock at any Time According to Equitable Rules.

Persons having small amounts monthly to spare, say from $1 to $15, cannot better than invest in this stock.

Capitalists will find it a profitable investment, realizing 18 to 20 per cent. per annum.

Property owners will increase the value of their property by subscribing to stock, for it loans its funds to actual builders, and every new house built increases the value of property in its neighborhood.

Persons of moderate means who desire to build houses can borrow the money from the Association and pay it back in

MONTHLY PAYMENTS
Not Greater than the Usual Amounts Paid for Rent.

Books of Subscription to the Twelfth Series of Stock are now open at the office of the Secretary.

BLANKS'
Southern Photographic Gallery
CLAY STREET, OVER EXPRESS OFFICE, VICKSBURG, MISS.

STRICTLY FIRST-CLASS PHOTOGRAPHS of all sizes and styles. Old pictures copied and enlarged to any size desired.

INSTANTANEOUS PICTURES TAKEN AT THIS GALLERY
Post Office Box 191.

JOHN B. CLARK. D. S. WRIGHT

CLARKE & CO.

We invite your attention and solicit your inspection, as we feel assured that you will find it to your interest to do so before buying elsewhere. We buy direct from the manufacturers and first hands, consequently we will duplicate prices of South or West.

Our Line of Blank Books
Embraces Day Books, Journals, Ledgers, Cash Books, full and half bound; Draft, Note, Order and Receipt Books, Pass and Memorandum Books, Monthly and Weekly Time Books, Invoice and Bill Books, and all kinds and sizes of blank books.
Also Letter Paper, Bill and Account Paper, Envelopes, Inks, Pens, Pencils, etc.

Our Book Department.
We have a large assortment of School Books, Medical, Scientific, Law and Miscellaneous Books, also all the New Books as issued. Our

Fancy Goods Departm't
Offers an elegant variety goods. Birthday and Congratulation Cards in large assortment.

Ladies' Stationery.
Our assortment is always large and latest shades, shapes and kinds.

Artists' Materials.
Includes Oil, Water and China Paints, Materials of every description, Brushes, Canvass, Plaques and Panels of all kinds. Also Art Novelties for Decoration.

Musical Instruments
Includes Pianos, Organs, Guitars, Banjos, Accordions, etc. Italian and German strings for different kinds of instruments. Agents for Decker Bros. Pianos and Mason & Hamlin Organs.

Headquarters for Wall Paper, Fine Frames, Mouldings, &c. All the Current Libraries, both old and new issues. Newspapers, Magazines, New Publications received daily.

All orders or communications per mail, boat or otherwise answered with promptness, and satisfaction guaranteed. Send for Price List and Catalogue.

CLARKE & CO.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
Booksellers, Stationers and Music Dealers
BLUE FRONT BOOK STORE, 149 WASHINGTON ST., VICKSBURG.

It is announced that Mr. Oliver Clifton, Clerk of the Supreme Court, will soon assume the duties as editor-in-chief of the Jackson Clarion. Mr. Clifton is a gentleman of fine capacity, and we predict that he will succeed in restoring the Clarion, in a great measure, to that degree of journalistic excellence at which Maj. Barksdale left it.—Tupelo Journal.

CHEMISTS HAVE ALWAYS FOUND
DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER
The Most Perfect Made.
A PURE FRUIT ACID BAKING POWDER.
There is none stronger. None so pure and wholesome. Contains no Alum or Ammonia.
Has been used for years in a million homes. Its great strength makes it the cheapest. Its perfect purity the healthiest. In the cooking from food delicious. Prove it by this test.
THE TEST OF THE OVEN.
STEELE & PRICE.
LOUIS HOFFMAN

PLANTATION LOANS
On the Installment Plan, Negotiated by
Francis Smith & Co.,
S. W. corner Washington and Crawford streets, Vicksburg, Miss.

No Cotton Required
Planters should not make loans until they have investigated our plan and rates.
WE HAVE NO AGENTS.
dec10

FRUIT AND ORNAMENTAL TREES
ROSES and Green-House Plants by the MILLION
GREGORY NURSERY
Grove Street, Vicksburg.
332 THOMPSON & GREGORY, Prop.

WINCHESTER RIFLE
AT WHOLESALE
44-100, 45-100, and 22-10. Kept in stock
LOUIS HOFFMAN

The Vicksburg Evening Post.

VOLUME II. VICKSBURG, MISSISSIPPI. MONDAY, APRIL 7, 1884. NUMBER 84.

VICKSBURG BANK.

EDWARD S. BUTTS, President. | Established Nov. 12, 1868.
R. C. KUYKENDALL, Vice-Pres.
JAMES P. ROACH, Cashier. | Incorporated Mar. 4, 1878.
Transacts a General Banking Business.
CHARTER PERPETUAL.
New York Correspondent, - - - - National Park Bank.
New Orleans Correspondent, - - - State National Bank.
may4

SPRING SPECIALTIES!
Iron Age Cultivators,
Avery's Garden Plows,
Acme Harrows,
GERMAN MILLET SEED, SAPLING CLOVER SEED,
—AND—
LANDRETH'S GARDEN SEED,

DOW LOW COTTON PLANTERS
Globe Cotton Planters, Washburn & Moen's Thick Set Galvanized Barb Wire, Philadelphia Lawn Mowers.

LEE RICHARDSON & CO.

T. J. HANES, J. W. HANES.
HANES BROS.,
Successors to D. R. SMARR & CO.,
→Auction and Commission Merchants,←
206 WASHINGTON STREET, VICKSBURG.
Consignments solicited. Prompt returns and satisfaction guaranteed. feb22

EASTER!
We have now on exhibition at our store the finest and most extensive line of
EASTER CARDS
EVER BROUGHT TO THIS CITY,
—COMPRISING AN ELEGANT LINE OF—
Imported Satin Easter Cards.
L. Prang & Co.'s Easter Art Prints on Satin.
Evans, Hammer & Co.'s Easter Souvenirs in Silk, Satin and Plush.
Easter Cards from 5 cents to $15.00 each.
An elegant line of Birthday and Wedding Congratulation Cards.

J. F. BAUM & CO.,
—DEALERS IN—
Books, Stationery, Music and Fancy Goods,
171 WASHINGTON STREET, VICKSBURG.

C. C. REYNOLDS, E. A. NEELY,
C. C. REYNOLDS & CO.
Wholesale and Retail Druggists
AND DEALERS IN
White Lead, Mixed Paints, Linseed Oil, Lard Oil, Gnat Oil, Turpentine, Putty and Glassware, Patent Medicines, Sponges, Hair Brushes, Perfumery, Toilet Articles of Every Description. Garden and Flower Seeds.
AGENTS FOR HUMPHREY'S HOMŒOPATHIC MEDICINES. ja4

T. C. CATCHINGS, Attorney-General of Mississippi. | MARYE DABNEY, late of Edwards, Miss.
CATCHINGS & DABNEY,
Attorneys-at-Law,
VICKSBURG, MISS.
Personal attention will be given to all business entrusted to them in Warren and Hinds counties, and in the Supreme and Federal Courts at Jackson. m14-1m

J. S. MORRIS,
Attorney-at-Law
VICKSBURG, MISS.
Will practice in the various Courts of Warren and adjoining Counties and in the Federal Courts at Jackson.

SLAUGHTERING PRICES!
IN
Boots and Shoes
AT
FOLEY'S SHOE STORE
English broad toe gaiters, $2.50; London toe, imitation buttoned gaiters, $2.75; Plain box gaiters, $3.00; imitation laced, London toe, buttoned gaiters, $2.50; ladies' kid buttoned $2.50, cheap at $4.75; ladies' front laced kid, $2.75, cheap at $4.00; boys' buttoned gaiters, $2.50, cheap at $3.50; youths' buttoned gaiters, double soles, $2.00, cheap at $2.50.
The chief pride of this house is the superior character of its custom-made work. All orders promptly and carefully attended to. Send for price list. ja18

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

[Special to THE EVENING POST.]

A YANKEE LADY

Coming with Relief for Southern Sufferers by Overflow.

MEMPHIS, TENN., April 7.—The Mattie Bell, the Red Cross Society's steamboat, with Miss Clara Barton and other officers of the Society on board, passed down yesterday for the flooded district below Vicksburg. Careful attention will be paid to supplying the wants of sufferers, and if it be found that supplies now on board are insufficient, Miss Barton states she has made arrangements to get another cargo at New Orleans which will be distributed on the way up the river. Miss Barton has ample funds at her disposal to carry out the objects of her mission.

MARKET REPORTS.

LIVERPOOL, April 7.—Spots: Uplands 6 1-16d; Orleans 6 5-16d. Market weak.

NEW YORK, April 7, noon.—Spots weak. Middling, 11 9-16.

NEW ORLEANS, April 7, noon.—Cotton weak. Middling, 11¼.

ST. LOUIS, April 7.—Clear ribs, 8.50; Lard, 8.20; Pork, $16.50.

New Orleans River Report.

NEW ORLEANS, April 7.—The weather is clear and warm.

Business is active.

Arrived: Jno. W. Cannon form Greenville; Hard Cash from Vicksburg.

No departures.

Condition of the Rivers.

NEW ORLEANS, LA., April 6.—The lower Missouri and upper Mississippi rivers will rise.

The lower Mississippi will fall slowly.

Another Steamboat War Ended.

NEW ORLEANS, April 7.—The opposition in the Red river trade has retired. So mote it be.

Memphis River Report.

MEMPHIS, TENN., April 7.—The river is stationary. The Helena and Future City passed down yesterday.

Swift Punishment.

MAGNOLIA, MISS., April 4.—Geo. Lee, colored, aged 18, was arrested in McComb City on the charge of assaulting a child four years old and conveyed here and lodged in jail. About 7 o'clock to-night a mob of over 100 men came from McCombs, took Lee from jail and hanged him.

GONE TO FREE CUBA.

Aquero and a Party of Filibusters Leave Florida—Havana Ripe for Revolt.

KEY WEST, FLA., April 3.—Colonel Aquero, with thirty picked men, left here Tuesday night at nine o'clock on the schooner Shiners. At an early hour yesterday morning the revenue cutter Governor Dix started in pursuit, but returned late last evening after an unsuccessful cruise. The schooner was loaded with dynamite, arms and ammunition, which have been accumulated here since Aquero's recent arrest. The Cedar Keys and Key West mail steamers report having seen a large steamship off Egmont Key steaming south. She is thought to be a filibuster from the vicinity of New Orleans, and it is believed that Aquero met her at the Dry Tortugas and embarked with his men. If the schooner went direct to Cuba she could have reached there yesterday morning. Recent reports from Havana confirm the belief that a pistol shot at the present time would cause a revolution. Things are at their utmost tension there, and if the filibusters succeed in landing they will find the people ripe for revolt. The two Spanish Consuls here seem very uneasy lest Aquero should succeed in his designs.

THE case of the Illinois Central against the Mississippi commissioners is set for a hearing at May term of United States district court. If the injunction prayed for is granted the commissioners won't be able to do anything at all in the way of supervising. Their salaries, however, will be paid them the same as if they were performing duties. In the event they are completely estopped by the Courts at the very commencement of their terms of office, their salaries going on meanwhile, the people of Mississippi will have an account to settle with the Legislature, and it is to be hoped they will insist on a settlement when the rampant supervision members of that august body appear before them to render an account of their stewardship.—Columbus Index.

PEACH WINE.

A fine article at close figures at W. E. BECK.
ap4

THE new Directory will be out in a few weeks. It will contain business directories of Vicksburg, Yazoo City, Greenville, Port Gibson and intervening towns. Also a lately corrected map of the State of Mississippi, and a complete History of this Historic City. Besides other valuable information for reference and promises to be a work of value.
m26

Gnat Oil.

Save your stock by buying first-class Gnat Oil from
HARDAWAY & CASSELL'S
ap2 Drugstore.

Conspicuous Lack of Statemanship.

Senator Blair's bill providing for national aid to education in the States is encountering opposition of a peculiarly rasping kind. It is carped at and details criticized, but the opponents neither openly attacks its principles and purpose nor show a disposition to aid in improving it and making it serve that purpose more effectually. The subject is one that ought to be dealt with in a statesmanlike spirit, but little of this is exhibited by senators who are constantly driving Mr. Blair to a defense of the measure without offering a better or showing how this may be improved.—New York Times

The Pacific House.

All who pay Vicksburg a visit and desire to stop at a good hotel should put up at the Pacific. Convenient of access to all points, with good fare and beds, it can also boast of one of the best landlords in the State. Mr. Vincent Piazzi certainly understands the art of keeping a hotel, for which it is said as of the poet, a man must be born not made. Attentive, accommodating and obliging his entire time is spent in administering to the wants of his guests.—Yazoo City Herald.

The City Books and Accounts.

An expert has just finished auditing the books of the various City officials and we understand that all the balances as have been made satisfactory and the books found to be correctly kept.—Commercial-herald.

The people are expecting a full, satisfactory and explicit report of the condition of the books and accounts of the different city officers, and nothing short of it is going to satisfy them.

MR. DAMON TURLEY,

lately with Baer Bros., is again connected with the large Dry Goods house of ARTHUR JACOB, where he will be pleased to see his many friends and customers. ap4

The Illinois Central.

A dispatch from New York dated the 2d inst., says: "The Board of Directors of the Illinois Central Railroad Company have decided to make no change in the executive management."—Picayune.

BUTTER!

20 Small Tubs Choice, suitable for Families, received this day. [m12] WARE & NORTH.

Who Can Doubt the Fairness of the Henry College Lottery Drawing?

Read the Names of Some Lucky People who have Patronized this Company.

Ticket No. 78,623, $1,000, sold to S. A. Gaylord, St. Louis, Mo.; Ticket No. 79,928, $10,000, whole, sold to C. W. Smith, Haddam, Conn.; Ticket No. 57,074, $5,000, sold to J. C. Smith, Washington, D. C.; Ticket No. 2,260, $1,000, sold by Frank Frisby, Bismarck, Dakota; Ticket No. 82,492, $1,000, sold to Henry Lanahin, Lima, Ohio; Ticket No. 57,360, $1,000, sold to James E. Newman, Summit Point, W. Va.; Ticket No. 2,485, $1,000, sold to T. Solzman, 65 Jefferson street, Baltimore, Md.; Ticket No. 78,330, $30,000, whole, sold to George C. Crocker and Ed. Railton, San Francisco, Cal.; Ticket No. 84,326, $5,000, sold to W. H. Lange, Denmark, Ohio; Ticket No. 87,299, $2,500, sold to E. M. Hawkins, Windsor, Mo.; Ticket No. 40,668, $2,500, sold by J. M. Trader, Dayton, Ohio; Ticket No. 60,750, $1,000, sold to A. Botte, Cairo, Ill.; Ticket No. 19,213, $10,000, sold to E. D. Bauer, Kinsley, Kan.; Ticket No. 45,319, $2,500, sold to T. J. Martin, New Madrid, Mo.; Ticket No. 83,387, $1,000, sold to Mrs. W. A. Shook, Cowan, Tenn.; Ticket No. 84,101, $1,000, sold to A. A. Rinehart, Andrews, Ohio. Tickets only $2 each; halves, $1. 1,357 prizes, amounting to $110,400. Next drawing will take place in Covington, Ky., Thursday, April 24th. Address all orders for tickets to R. B. Spencer, Covington, Ky.

SEED POTATOES.

150 barrels choice Russets.
100 barrels choice Early Rose.
100 barrels choice Peerless.
50 barrels choice Burbanks.
On consignment for sale, low.
f25-1m WARE & NORTH.

SUITS TO ORDER,

Ranging from $15, $17.50, $21.50, $25, $30 up to $50. Any gentleman can be pleased in style and fit at 183 Washington street. E. D. Bickley is the man to fit the head, body and pocket of our New South.

WANAMAKER & BROWN,
m26 E. D. BICKLEY, Agent.

Harness Oil.

Fine Harness Oil Blacking, $1.50 per gallon. Preserves and saves your harness, leather, etc.; at

ap2 HARDAWAY & CASSELL'S Drugstore.

Colored Masons.

T. W. STRINGER, Most Worshipful Grand Master of Stringer Grand Lodge, A. F. and A. M. of Mississippi, has appointed Mr. Thos. M. Broadwaters, P. M. of Stringer Lodge No. 1, to be district Deputy Grand Master for the district of Warren, Claiborne, Jefferson and Franklin counties. It is the duty of the deputy to see that the work of the Order is correctly communicated to those entitled to receive it, and to see that the laws are strictly enforced in the district.
[mr28-1w]

Gnat Oil.

Thirty barrels of first-class Gnat Oil
HARDAWAY & CASSELL'S
ap2 Drugstore.

TO CONSUMERS.

Remember, there are seven different styles and quality of "Commodore Parisot" Cigars.
W. E. BECK,
j16 Sole Proprietor

DR. BRADLEY, the successor to Dean Stanley, advises school teachers to give their pupils accounts of great public events that occur as that they may feel that the horizon of their interests extends beyond the school room and the play ground.

AUCTION SALE!
—OF—
Jerseys and Graded Cattle
—BY—
HANES BROS., Auctioneers
Saturday, April 12th, 1884.

This sale affords an unusual opportunity to purchasers who wish to obtain choice young stock at reasonable prices. Sale positive, without regard to weather, Saturday, April 12th, at 12 o'clock m.
HANES BROS., Auctioneers.
ap5 200 Washington Street.

SOBER second thought is doing justice to the military, and this feeling is now strongly reflected in the columns of our contemporaries. This is as it should be, but the exercise of a little common sense at the time would have been even more commendable. The unreasonable cry against the militia was started and kept up by these same papers.—Cincinnati Times-Star.

Just Received
25 tubs choice butter.
10 barrels choice hams.
5 barrels choice beets.
5 barrels choice rutabagas.
1000 heads choice cabbages.
All kinds of vegetables at
JOSEPH EHLBERT.
ap3 Cor. Walnut and Jackson Street.

JOB PRINTING—The best in the South at POST JOB OFFICE.

IMPORTANT NOTICE
To the ladies of Vicksburg and vicinity.
THURSDAY, APRIL 10th,
Mme. FERGUSON'S
GRAND
Spring Millinery Opening
Entire new stock of Flowers, Ostrich Feathers, Plumes, and Imported Hats and Bonnets.
Mme. FERGUSON,
ap7-1w 139 Washington Street.

VICKSBURG
Soap Works,
—ON—
GLASS BAYOU AND CHERRY ST.
VICKSBURG, MISS.
Highest Cash Price paid for Tallow and Grease.
Address all orders to
ap3 • W. O. WORRELL.

(Established in 1837.)
JAMES KING
—DEALER IN—
Boots, Shoes,
Slippers and Rubbers.
No. 135 Washington Street,
VICKSBURG, - - - MISS.
mv4

EQUITABLE
Life Assurance Society
—OF THE—
UNITED STATES,
Office, 120 Broadway, New York.

SUITS TO ORDER,
Ranging from $15, $17.50, $21.50, $25, $30 up to $50. Any gentleman can be pleased in style and fit at 183 Washington street. E. D. Bickley is the man to fit the head, body and pocket of our New South.
WANAMAKER & BROWN,
m26 E. D. BICKLEY, Agent.

HENRY B. HYDE, - - - - - - - President
JAS. W. ALEXANDER, - - - - - Vice-President.
GEO. T. G. WHITE, - - - - - - Southern Manager.

Cash Assets	$53,030,581 70
Annual Cash Income	13,470,571 68
Cash Surplus	12,109,756 79
New Insurance in 1883	81,129,756 00
Increase of Premium Income, 1883	1,805,178 83
Increase of Surplus, 1883	1,451,082 [illegible]
Increase of Assets, 1883	5,004,530 [illegible]

The amount of new assurance written during 1882 exceeded the largest business ever transacted by any other company in one year; the business of 1883 is eighteen millions larger.

The Society has written a larger aggregate amount of new assurance during the past twenty years than any other company in the world.

Total amount paid policy holders since the organization of the Society, $73,877,290.51

The amount of surplus over liabilities (four per cent. valuation) is larger than that of any other life assurance company.

The Society issues a plain and simple contract of assurance, free from burdensome and technical conditions, and incontestible after three years. All policies as soon as they become incontestible are payable immediately upon the receipt of satisfactory proofs of death, and without the delay of sixty or ninety days usual with other companies.

The Society has no contested claims on its books.

W. M. CRAWFORDLIN, Agent.
m5-3m-1m VICKSBURG, MISS.

SWITZER, NEWWITTER & CO.

THE EVENING POST

PUBLISHED BY
J. G. CASHMAN & CO.,
Washington St., Vicksburg, Miss.

The Evening Post.

VICKSBURG, MISS., APRIL 7, 1884.

R. B. HAYES, "Calico" Foster, H. B. Payne, John McLean and Chas. Berrer, Esq., are all Ohio's jewels.

It is a great pity Alabama has not two Senators united for the best interests of the State as Mississippi has.—Birmingham Age.

SOME Mississippi newspapers still find it agreeable to themselves, if not to their readers, to abuse and malign the Yankees.

At the same time, a Yankee lady, Miss Clara Barton, is on her way to this section bringing relief and encouragement to a number of our afflicted people, and a couple of Government (Yankee) boats are already on the ground ministering to the wants of the distressed people in the overflowed sections.

BOTH Senators George and Lamar are to be congratulated upon the reception of their broad and liberal and patriotic course on the educational bill. Their speeches have met with the most favorable criticism from the press throughout the entire country. There is nothing in the history of either gentleman that carries a stronger recommendation to the confidence and admiration of the people of Mississippi than their action in this matter.

MISS CLARA BARTON, the indefatigable President of the Red Cross Association, is coming South on the steamer Mattie Belle. The boat is loaded with provisions for the sufferers by the overflow in the lower Mississippi river. We trust a kindly and proper recognition of Miss Barton's great worth and untiring efforts in behalf of suffering humanity will be manifested in Vicksburg.

BOB TOOMBS has just cheered Carlisle on in the free trade fight; Jefferson Davis has just wailed about the lost cause to the Mississippi Legislature, and Will Kernan, of the Okolona States fame, is having a boom in the northwest. These coincidences, upon the eve of a Presidential election! One would think they are in the employ of the Republican campaign committee.—Birmingham Age.

There are a couple of imitators of Kernan left in this State yet, and they are doing as much harm as their limited abilities will allow.

MR. RANDALL, of Pennsylvania, attracts more attention from the galleries and among those on the floor just now than any other man in the House. His position of leader in a strong minority of the majority party gives him great prominence. He seldom speaks, and this fact lends interest to his utterances when they are heard. There are men in the House who are always talking and never heard. Mr. Randall is heard whenever he talks, and felt often when he does not. The usual question when a stranger takes his seat in the gallery is, "Which is Randall?"—Appeal's Washington correspondence.

IT is a singular fact that the majority of Southern statesmen (?) who now so zealously advocate a free trade policy were only a short time ago bitterly opposed to the introduction of Chinese into the country to compete with native labor. How they explain this inconsistency to themselves is not known. Perhaps the caucus smoothed out that wrinkle. These men are on record as bitterly opposed to encouraging workmen coming here and placing themselves in immediate competition, but ardently in favor of putting the product of this cheap labor on equal advantages with American goods, provided these foreign paupers manufacture the articles put upon the American market in their native land. For instance, a Canadian who makes shops at fifty cents less per pair than American workmen would not be allowed, according to the Chinese idea, to come across the boundary and establish a shop, but he is at perfect liberty to send his goods across the line and send his cheap workmen into America for sale, free of duty and any discriminating restrictions. The protectionists demand that he shall give the country whatever of benefit is to be derived from his citizenship and the location in its borders of his manufacturing establishment before he is entitled to the benefits of our free markets. And that's the difference between the two theories. One tends to fill our markets with cheap foreign goods and the other to fill the country with foreign capital invested in permanent and beneficial enterprises.

FROM Col. J. L. Power, who accompanied the Iowa Press Association, when it visited this city on Wednesday, we learn that the Hon. Albert Miles Oliver Clifton is to take editorial charge of the Jackson Clarion, is correct. Mr. Clifton has had some newspaper experience, and we presume he will make the paper a success. It is owned by Hon. Chas. Scott, and has been edited by Hon. Geo. C. Osborn, who has been appointed Register of the Land Office at Jackson.

Our Public Land.

The student anxious to examine into the land laws of Mississippi is invited to examine the acts of 1877, page 33. He will find that to be "An Act consolidating and amending the laws, etc.," and creating a new officer—a "Swamp Land Commissioner." The Commissioner is required to make an annual report to the Governor of the land sold by him, and the amount remaining on hand to be disposed of. He continues in office two years, can be removed for malfeasance at any time by the Governor, and is capable of sueing and being sued.

This Act made it the duty of the Governor to procure patents for all lands donated this State since 1850, not heretofore issued.

The Commissioner appointed under the Act then received all the land records, etc., from the Secretary of State, and was empowered to make sale under certain restrictions, of the State Land.

Before the sale the purchaser paid his money—not to the Swamp Land Commissioner—but to the Treasurer; and upon this being certified by the Secretary of State issued the land patents under the direction of the Governor.

Mississippi in this Act of 1877 reserved a very important and wise reservation, as we think. By it the price was fixed —and no person allowed to enter more than 240 acres.

At the recent session of the Legislature these reservations were abrogated; and in lieu of them we get the following singular provision in an Act approved March 14th:

AN ACT to regulate the sale of Swamp Lands in this State and for other purposes.

Sec. 1. Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Mississippi, That all of section three of an Act of the Legislature of Mississippi approved February 1, 1877, entitled, "An Act to revise, amend and consolidate the various acts relative to swamp lands donated to the State of Mississippi, under the act of Congress, dated 28th September, 1850," after the word "State," in the eighth line of said section, be and the same is hereby repealed, and the following inserted in place thereof, to-wit: "And said Commissioner is hereby authorized upon the approval of the Governor, with the concurrence of the Attorney General and Secretary of State, and at such price as they may establish, not to be less than fifty cents per acre, to sell said swamp lands and all swamp lands hereafter patented to the State by the United States," and patents shall issue therefor as in said act provided.

By the old law each and every bona fide citizen of the State who wished to do so, could buy his little 240 acres and go upon and settle it. It was an act to encourage the purchase of homesteads in the State. But the amendment permits the Governor, Attorney General and Secretary of State to sell to the British syndicate, or any other syndicate, an indefinite and unlimited number of acres of that land.

We publish the amendment to the act of 1877, and also two short acts pertaining to the same matter. The citizens of the State will find them worthy of attention:

Sec. 2. Be it further enacted, That all the indemnity scrip due to the State by the United States, under the several laws of Congress pertaining thereto, in lieu of lands granted by the United States to the State, and thereafter improperly disposed of for land warrants or scrip, shall be sold by the Governor, the price to be fixed by the Governor, Attorney General and Secretary of State, and at the best price obtainable, not to be less than fifty cents per acre, and the Governor is hereby empowered to make, upon purchaser or purchasers thereof, all conveyances, assignments and transfers, which may be necessary to fully and completely vest in them said quantity of indemnity scrip, named in the purchase, the State's title thereto, and the proceeds of such sales shall be paid into the State Treasury.

Sec. 3. Be it further enacted, That the Governor shall give such personal supervision and attention to the matter of securing to the State, the money, patents and indemnity scrip, named in the second section of this act, as the State of Mississippi, entitled "An act to facilitate the settlement of all claims of the State of Mississippi against the United States for lands selected and remaining unpatented and for indemnity in money and scrip growing out of the grant of swamp lands in 1850, and the subsequent legislation of Congress in relation thereto," approved February 21, 1880, as may in his judgment be proper, and he is hereby empowered to employ all necessary clerks, agents and attorneys, and at such compensation as he may deem just and proper, to aid in securing to the State, the said lands, money and scrip, and also the five per cent. fund now due and to accrue hereafter become due to the State.

Sec. 4. Be it further enacted, That an act of the Legislature of Mississippi, entitled "An act to provide for cancelling certain entries of swamp lands in this State and for other purposes," approved March 6, 1883, and section 1 of an act of the Legislature aforesaid, approved February 1, 1877, entitled, "An act in relation to the swamp lands in this State," and be the same are hereby repealed.

Sec. 5. Be it further enacted, That all acts and parts of acts in conflict with this act be same are hereby repealed.

Sec. 6. Be it further enated, That this act take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 14, 1884.

AN ACT supplemental to an act of the Legislature of the State of Mississippi, entitled "An act to regulate the sale of swamp lands in this State, and for other purposes," passed at this session of the Legislature.

Sec. 1. Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Mississippi, That all acts of the State of Maryland, entitled "An act to regulate the sale of swamp lands in this State, and for other purposes," passed at this session of the Legislature aforesaid, approved February 1, 1877, entitled, "An act in relation to the swamp lands in this State," be and the same are hereby repealed.

Sec. 2. Be it further enacted, That all acts and parts of acts in conflict with this act be same are hereby repealed.

Sec. 3. Be it further enacted, That this act take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved, March 15, 1884.

Encouraging Signs.

Considering the practical unity with which the Southern Senators and Representatives have heretofore acted in matters directly or remotely involving any question touching upon the theories of secession, the difference in opinion on the constitutionality of the Blair Educational bill is both interesting and instructive. "Straws show which way the wind blows." Ten years ago the Blair bill would not have received the support of three Southern Senators. No Southerner would have then attempted to stem the powerful current in favor of the absolute States rights theories of secession, or uttered a word in favor of a measure with the slightest tendency to weaken the doctrine of ante-bellum extremists, or cast a vote that threw the faintest shadow over the secession platform. This was due to the fact that reason was obscured by passion, and a bitter speck of political intolerance exercised an absolute control over the scruples and actions of our statesmen and leaders. And thus to-day the wide diversity of opinion among our Senators and Representatives has its lesson. We are growing out of old passions and prejudices; we are leaving "obsolete theories" and meaningless dogmas; and our people and statesmen are beginning to view measures in the clear light of reason, and cease to fear to shape their actions according to its dictation. A broad and liberal spirit of patriotism that knows no passions or prejudices is beginning to animate our people. Our leaders are coming to be moved by a noble statesmanship that overleaps the narrow bounds of sectionalism and seeks a beneficent reflection from every nook and corner of the Republic. Intolerance is giving place to benevolence and charity, and the passions which intolerance begets are fading before the mellow light of reason. We are growing wiser and better. We are learning to spurn false idols and to know false teachings. We are leaving the sombre shades of mourning for those who are dead and approaching the pleasant cares for the living. We are coming to realize the responsibilities of the present and to acquit ourselves of them according to our conscience and judgment. When the speech and action of men are absolutely free there will always be a difference of opinion on measures of public policy. And it is due to this growing freedom of thought and speech in the South that our representatives are found divided and opposing each other on a question to support which ten years ago would have been scorned as an insult to the lost cause.

The Ethics of Testimonials.

The motives of Mr. Schurz in declining the gift of $100,000 which some of his friends proposed making to him, are easily understood and do credit to his fine sensibility. But we are inclined to question, nevertheless, whether the principle which led to this course was not a mistaken one. Was there anything in the acceptance of the proposed gift which would have been in the least derogatory to Mr. Schurz or would have involved the slightest taint of dishonor? We can see nothing of the kind. Gifts to men in public life always suggest suspicion. There is in them that lively sense of favors to come which some cynical people regard as the equivalent of gratitude. If Mr. Schurz had been in office, or just about to enter office there would have been good reason for declining the testimonial. But Mr. Schurz's official career is in the past, and the reasons that he will be called upon to resume it are extremely slight—though for the good of the country it may well be wished that it were otherwise. The best years of Mr. Schurz's life has been spent in the public service. While other men were reaping a harvest in business or their professions by talents, time and energy were all devoted to the duties of official position. As Prof. Agassiz was wont to say of himself, he was too busy to make money. The proposed gift was simply a recognition on the part of some of his friends of his honorable career, and of the valte to the public of the services which he had rendered. He might have taken it without less self-respect or the sacrifice of any principle, for the recognition was one which he had richly earned, and which no one could have begrudged him. Had it not been for the untimely prochmation of the donors' purpose, in newspaper paragraphs and gossip, it is possibletnat the very appropriate tribute would have been accepted.—Boston Journal.

IF a few days "The Mighty Hat" announced that he was a candidate for public favor at Meridian. It will be Democratic of course, as no other would find patron in the land. But stranger things have happened. Only a few months ago Mr. Hatton was entirely unknown in Mississippi politics. He was not even a candidate for the Legislature. Suddenly he announced himself as a candidate for Governor, and was elected by a handsome majority. Then he was appointed Senator to fill the unexpired term of Senator Lamar, and is now a candidate for re-election. Who knows what may happen?

IT is said that $5,000 have been contributed to the Democratic campaign fund in Ohio. Of course, this is a mere drop in the bucket, but it is a drop of comfort to the Democrats of that State. It is the first drop that has fallen in many years.

Our Common Schools.

It is a lamentable truth that our school system is very defective, and yet it is equally true that our common schools are the sole dependence of the people of this State for the education of their children. Beyond all others, the educational interests of our country should be guarded and cherished, for upon the intelligence of the people depend the well-being, and indeed the very existence of our most cherished institutions, hence the importance not to say the indispensible necessity of a system of education which will impart a fair English education to all the children of the State. That our system is sadly wanting in many essentials is notorious and undeniable; but just what is needed to perfect it, or render it more efficient is a question of the gravest magnitude and importance. It is far easier to point out defects, than to suggest the remedy. One important particular in which our law is sadly defective is that it does not provide for properly qualified teachers. Three grades of teachers are provided for and it sometimes happens that a man holding a first grade certificate receives pay largely in excess of his earnings, while a third grade teacher does work largely in excess of his pay.

We believe that there should be one grade of teachers; that all teachers employed in common schools should be qualified to teach spelling, reading, writing, English composition, English grammar and practical arithmetic. Any teacher not qualified to teach any of these branches certainly is not qualified to teach at all. It is a great mistake to suppose that because one can read and write indifferently well, and can make a calculation involving the four simple rules of arithmetic that therefore he or she is qualified to teach others who know less. Whatever is taught should be correctly taught, and no one having a smattering of any science or branch of literature can teach correctly, for the reason that no one can teach correctly what he does not himself understand. The State cannot by possibility bestow upon all its children a finished education. Ours is a common country, and the facilities afforded to obtain an education should be given to all children in common and alike. If our people wish their sons and daughters to have extra facilities, they should be willing to make extra expenditures for that purposes; besides giving all communities equal opportunities. If all teachers were required to possess the above qualifications then it is believed that the standard qualifications being raised, the average of salaries would be proportionately increased and greater facilities afforded for the education of the people in the State and greater inducements held out to men and women to prepare themselves by a proper course of training for the high and responsible position of teachers. Too many of our teachers only engage in the work as amateurs, having no love for the work and only engaging in that calling because nothing more congenial offers. All the noise and bluster about our great State Universities, colleges and normal schools is the merest sentiment; the State is hereby relieved of her surplus cash, the burdens of the tax-payer increased, and the people are not correspondingly benefitted, and we think the time has arrived when sentimentalism should give place to the practical, tangible wants and necessities of the whole people.—Ripley Argus.

Need of Civil Education.

It is to be hoped that the prompt and vigorous measures taken by the Governor of Ohio to suppress the Cincinnati riots, will serve as a valuable lesson in the civil education of the people in general. But it must not be forgotten that in Ohio and in other States the civil education of the people has been for many years fearfully neglected by those who ought to have been the most strenuous and devoted educators. As a general thing the law for the punishment of murder have been strong enough; it is the administration of them that is shamefully at fault. So persistent has been this administrative inefficiency that the so-called machinery of public justice has come to be looked to by the most dangerous criminals as a refuge and shelter. And aptly the bottom of the vice of administration or mal-administration, is a mawkish tenderness, which has long pervaded alike the popular mind, the legal mind, and the judicial mind, for the individual rights of criminals as weighed against the common rights of society. It is this sentimental distemper, coupled with an endless train of procedures, pleadings, quibbles and technicalities for the construction of justice, that has done so much to make our criminal jurisprudence a subject for the ridicule, horror or despair of the innocent. What are likely to be the fruits of such terror or despair may be judged by the explosion of popular rage in the form of lynch law, the law's miscarriage in Cincinnati. Every right-minded American Judge, every right-minded American lawyer, and every right-minded American citizen have reason to blush at what has just been enacted, and what is going on in that city. The whole country is sadly in need of a complete curriculum of civil education, beginning with the swift and certain punishment of criminals and the efficient and unfailing protection of society against criminal homicides against the criminal and dangerous classes. Only this will furnish a solid basis for a fair, stately and beneficent structure of civilization.—Columbus Index.

FRENCH ingenuity has added to the pretty and very natural appearing artificial plants now in vogue a new feature in the shape of artificial insects, which rest quietly upon the leaves until the pot containing the plant is moved, when they at once begin to flutter their wings as if frightened. The body of the insects contains a small electro-magnet and the head a spring armature, connected with the wings in such a way that as the armature is alternately attracted and released by the magnet the wings move. The current is conveyed by small wires concealed in the leaves of the plant from a Leclanche battery inclosed in the pot, the wire from the armature not touching the bottom of the pot, which is of porcelain, but being connected with another wire in a way not necessary to describe. A drop of mercury in the bottom of the pot, rolling about when the pot is moved, completes the unconnected wire and sets the insects in motion. The current is electricity.

H. B. BRUSER,
TIN, COPPER AND SHEET-IRON WORKER
Hardware Tinware Stoves!
Pumps, Grates Mantels. Etc. Etc
may5 159 Washington Street, Vicksburg.

Something the People Need!
FRESH
ROASTED COFFEE,
Roasted Daily in HYDE'S PATENT ROASTER, at my Store, Corner South and Washington Streets.
Price 20 Cts. per Pound!
H. F. SIMRALL, JR.
se17

W. M. CHAMBERLIN,
General Insurance Agent,
FIRE, MARINE, ACCIDENT AND LIFE.
Office—Up-stairs, cor. Washington and Crawford Sts., Vicksburg.
oct1

W. O. WORRELL,
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
AND DEALER IN
Hay & Grain
LIME, CEMENT, PLASTER, Etc.,
58 Washington Street, - - - Vicksburg, Miss.
may

FULTON M. M'RAE,
Wholesale and Retail Druggist!
IMPORTER AND DEALER IN
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRUGS
White Lead, Linseed Oil, Turpentine, Window Glass, Mixed Paints, Dry and in Oil; Albastine Whitening and Putty; and the largest and most complete assortment of Patent Medicines and Surgical Instruments in the State. Agent for the celebrated Waukesha Bathesda Water.
Toilet Articles, Perfumery and Hair Brushes—all imported.
No. 125 Washington Street, - - - Vicksburg, Miss.

GEO. W. HUTCHESON. CHAS. ALLEN.
G. W. HUTCHESON & CO.,
Cotton Factors,
AND WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
Groceries, Liquors and Tobacco.
110 and 112 Washington Street,
Vicksburg, - - - - Miss.
may4

THE SAW-MILL BOAT
LEE RICHARDSON, JR
IS PREPARED TO SELL
DIMENSION LUMBER
FROM LANDING AT GLASS BAYOU, THIS CITY; also
Sash, Doors, Blinds, Mouldings, T. and G. Flooring and Ceiling
Orders addressed to the undersigned will be promptly filled.
may4 WM. CURPHEY, Proprietor.

GEO. S. IRVING,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN
Staple and Fancy Groceries,
WINES, LIQUORS, CIGARS & TOBACCO,
Corner of South and Washington Streets, - - - - - VICKSBURG, MISS.
I respectfully ask an examination of my stock, which I think will convince all that I have one of the largest and best assorted to be found.
Fine Teas, Coffee and Choice Butter are Among my Specialties.
I GUARANTEE EVERY ARTICLE TO BE AS REPRESENTED,
And desire to give full satisfaction. I PACK AND P FREE may

HENRY YOSTE,
Watchmaker and Jeweler
I cordially invite a comparison of Work and Prices, believing mine to be the Best and Chaepest.
—ALSO DEALER IN—
WATCHES, DIAMONDS AND SILVERWARE
SPECIALTIES IN SPECTACLES.

COMMISSIONER'S SALE.

No. 1632

PURSUANT to the power and authority vested in me by the provisions of a decree made and entered in the foregoing entitled cause, by the Chancery Court of Warren county, Miss., on the 22d day of February, 1884, I will, at or about the hour of 12 o'clock m., on the 19th day of March, 1884, sell at the east door of the Courthouse, in Vicksburg, Miss., the following described property, to the highest bidder, that is, one or parcel of land described as part of the south half of the original plat of the city of Vicksburg, and bounded on the south by Crawford street 100 feet, running thence east 150 feet 9 inches; north 40 feet 2 inches; thence west 150 feet 9 inches; thence south 40 feet 2 inches to the beginning, and being situated in the city of Vicksburg, Warren county, Mississippi, and known as lot No. 1 in square No. 1 of said city.

Terms of sale: Cash.

This March 5th, 1884.

FANNIE H. QUIGG et al.
vs.
V. and B. E. S. BOSELLI.

PACIFIC HOUSE
VINCENT PIAZZA, Proprietor.
Washington St., Vicksburg.
CONVENIENT TO RAILROAD
Free Omnibus and Baggage Delivery. Telegraph and Telephone Offices and to business portion of the city. Rates reasonable. Meals at all trains. House open all night. Guests will be treated as well as if they were at home. Tables supplied with the best the market affords. Patronage respectfully solicited. Polite and careful attention given to guests.

NEW CLOTHING & DRY GOODS HOUSE
L. MARKS AND L. WEINER
Have formed a copartnership, and will carry on the
CLOTHING
Dry Goods

SIGNAL SERVICE REPORT.

LOCAL WEATHER REPORT.

TIME.	BAR.	THER.	HUM	WIND	WEATHER.
6:05 a. m.	29.94	53	77	S. W.	Cloudy.
10:05 a. m.	29.99	64	65	S. W.	Clear.
2:05 p. m.	29.93	70	54	S. W.	Clear.
6:05 p. m.	29.91	68	49	S.	Clear.
10:05 p. m.	29.94	62	55	S. W.	Clear.

	1883.	1884
Maximum thermometer	74.3	71.2
Minimum thermometer	60.0	51.0
Mean temperature	65.1	62.0
Rainfall	4.25	.00

STAGE OF RIVERS.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER,
April 6, 2 p. m. Washington time.

The following observations were taken at the same moment of time at all the stations named:

STATIONS.	Above low water.	Changes.	
	feet	Rise	Fall
		In's	In's
Cairo, Ill	44	6	...
Memphis, Tenn	8	10	...
Cincinnati	31	8	...
Davenport, Iowa	11	5	...
Keokuk, Iowa	12	11	...
Nashville	...	...	...
Shreveport	14	4	...
Vicksburg	17	5	...
Little Rock	8	1	...
Leavenworth	10	...	2
Memphis	23	11	0
Nashville	11	2	...
New Orleans	9	...	5
Omaha	17	0	...
Pittsburg	9	17	...
Shreveport	17	19	...
St. Louis	26	7	6
St. Paul	9	3	...
Yankton, D. T.	40	8	...

†Below high water of 1874. *Frozen.

HIGH WATER AT VICKSBURG IN FORMER YEARS

High water '62, above zero, 51 1-10 feet.	
High water '67, above zero, 49 feet.	
High water '74, above zero, 45 ft. 8 inches	
High water '75, above zero, 41 feet.	
High water '79, above zero, 44 ft. 10 inches	
High water '80, above zero, 43 ft. 2 inches	
High water '81, above zero, 47 ft. 10 inches	
High water '82, above zero, 48 ft. 9 inches	
High water '83, above zero, 43 ft. 10 inches	

HIGH WATER OF 1882.

Stations.	Date of Highest Point.	Highest point Reached.
Cairo	Feb. 26, 1882	51 ft. 9 inches
Chattanooga	Jan. 19, 1882	40 ft. 2 inches
Cincinnati	Feb. 21, 1882	58 ft. 6 inches
Johnsonville	Dec. 3, 1881	10 ft. 1 inch
Little Rock, Ark	March 9, 1882	47 ft. 3 inches
Keokuk	Nov. 29, 1881	11 ft. 5 inches
Little Rock	Feb. 24, 1882	21 ft. 6 inches
Louisville	Feb. 22, 1882	37 ft. 2 inches
Memphis	March 6, 1882	36 ft. 0 inches
Nashville	Jan. 29, 1882	54 ft. 7 inches
New Orleans	March 27, 1882	5 inches
St. Louis	Feb. 22, 1882	28 ft. 3 inches
Vicksburg	March 29, 1882	48 ft. 9 inches

†Below high water of 1874.

THE RIVER.

ARRIVED.

City of Cairo, from St Louis
E C Carroll, Jr, from Tallahatchie
Issaquena, from Greenville
Capt Miller, from Natchez
T W O'Neil and tow, from Pittsburg
New Mary Houston, from Cincinnati
Deer Creek, from Deer Creek

DEPARTED.

New Mary Houston, for New Orleans
John F Halpin, for Davis Bend
H Williams, for Tallulah, La
Capt Miller, for Natchez
W P Thompson, for Grand Lake
Lefore, for Greenville

BOATS DUE TO-DAY.

City of Yazoo, New Orleans to V'burg
W P Thompson, Grand Lake to V'burg
Golden Rule, N O to Vicksburg
City of St Louis, N O to St Louis
City of New Orleans, St Louis to N O
T Walton and tow, Ohio river to N O
Headlight, Sunflower to Vicksburg

BOATS LEAVING TO-DAY.

For Greenville—Issaquena, 5 pm

BOATS DUE TO-MORROW.

Henry Lourey and tow, N O to St Louis
City of Helena, St Louis to Vicksburg

BOATS LEAVING TO-MORROW.

For St Louis—City of Cairo, 11 am
Sharkeys—E C Carroll, Jr, 5 pm
For New Orleans—City of Yazoo, 5 pm

NOTES.

The J. H. Williams, Capt. R. H. Cowman, left at noon for Tallulah La., on a big freight.

The U. S. mail boat Capt. Miller arrived early this morning and left for Natchez at 9:30.

The Headlight from Sunflower river is down to-day, and will return Wednesday evening promptly at 4 o'clock.

The mammoth tow boat W. W. O'Neil, her immense tow of coal from, Pittsburg, passed to New Orleans yesterday.

The City of New Orleans, Capt. A. J. Dater, is the through Anchor Line packet due to-day en route to New Orleans.

The New Mary Houston from Cincinnati passed to New Orleans after a short stop here early this morning with a good trip of freight and people.

The Deer Creek arrived at 1 o'clock today from Deer Creek with 655 bales of cotton for New Orleans, 1 bale for town 1,710 sacks seed for the Warren Mills.

The Jno. F. Walter and tow from Ohio river en route to New Orleans passed here to-day. The Memphis Ledger is also lost a couple of her boats in the ice.

The Deer Creek, Capt. Charles Parker commanded, arrived from Deer Creek this morning to-day. She will return as soon as unloaded which will probably be late this evening.

The high-headed P Line steamer Leflore sway Saturday evening at 5 o'clock for Greenwood, carrying the U. S. mail, the had a good freight and a number of passengers.

The through Anchor Line boat City of Yazoo is due up during the day for N O, and left New Orleans Saturday night for Vicksburg including 16 bales of cotton.

The Capt. Ledbetter retains command temporarily of the City of Yazoo. The only changes made in her crew Saturday was the replacing of Pilot Byran Prewitt with Wallace Lamb, and Andy Sullivan mate in place of Gus. Nympz.

The City of Yazoo, late of the P. Line, has carried to New Orleans this season over half as much cotton and stuff as the J. M. White, the largest, finest and fastest boat on the Mississippi river.

An incident of the wind Saturday, at New Orleans and one that might be regarded with significance by the credulous was the blowing away of a part of the City of Yazoo flag, the portion containing the letter "P."

The W. P. Thompson, Captain M. D. Nelon in command, left Saturday evening at 4 o'clock for Bunch's Bend, Grand Lake and all way landings, with a good freight and a number of people. She is due in to-day.

The fast O. Line steamer Golden Crown, Capt. Shinkle, is due up from New Orleans at 5 o'clock this evening en route to Cincinnati. Her accomodations are first class and rates reasonable. See Capt. W. S. Jones on the Wharfboat.

The City of Cairo from St. Louis arrived early yesterday evening, Capt. A. S. Lightner, James H. White clerk, with 2,000 packages and several people. She is receiving at the Elevator and is the Tuesday Anchor Line packet leaving at 11 a.m., to-day.

The Issaquena, arrived yesterday evening from Greenville with 15 cabin passengers and a fair freight. She returns this evening at 5 o'clock for Greenville and all Bend landings. Capt H. C. Marionneaux in command, courteous Frank Steigleman in the office.

The towboat Henry Lourey and barges, Capt. Long, left New Orleans Saturday with 651 bales of jute for St. Louis and will probably pass here during the day. She carried into New Orleans the largest tow of the kind ever brought there, comprising bulk, grain, oil cake, meal and cotton seed meal for export, also 3 barges of ice.

The favorite E. C. Carroll, Jr., of the P Line, Capt. Tom Smith, arrived from the Tallahatchie river yesterday evening with 150 bales of cotton and 1,000 sacks of seed. She is receiving at the wharfboat and is the Tuesday P. Line leaving at 5 p.m. for all points on the Yazoo and Tallahatchie rivers as high as Sharkey's, going through Tchula lake.

The fine packet City of Yazoo, Capt. T. P. Leathers in command, is due up from New Orleans this evening in place of the Natchez. She will receive at the Wharfboat to-morrow. She carries forward all the cotton and other freights from the E. C. Carroll and Deer Creek beside what she will get from town. Her time of leaving for New Orleans is 5 p.m. sharp to-morrow.

SHIPPING REPORT.

N. O. Times-Democrat: The P Line steamers S. H. Parisot, City of Yazoo, Cherokee and DeSmet have made forty-five trips in all to this city this season and brought in the aggregate 89,524 bales cotton, 109 bags seed cotton, 72,663 sacks cotton seed, 11259 sacks oil cake, 19,819 sacks cotton seed meal, and 2,386 barrels cotton seed oil. Of the above the City of Yazoo brought 56,962 bales cotton, 45,411 sacks cotton seed, 6,438 sacks oil cake, 6,137 sacks cotton seed meal and 838 barrels cotton seed oil.

"ONE of the well-known Reverend L. L. Ds. of Hartford," says the Times of that city, "once wrote a powerful sermon against the besetting sin of a prevalent temper. It was so potent, so pungent, so real, that he was congratulated by several of his hearers, who expressed a kind of admiring surprise at such a searching and effective discourse on that subject. 'Why,' he replied, 'I did that out of my own personal experience. It was because I knew just where I was daily sinning myself, and in the worst way, too, in that very direction, that I was able to make such a feeling sermon as I have been told it was. Really, if you will believe me, I was not preaching at any of you, but at myself. That was actually what I wrote and preached that sermon for! I was trying to reform myself.'"

IT is now the thing in leading New York bar-rooms to keep free cocktails and other mixed drinks distilled water ice. In other words, they keep a cake of artificial ice on hand, such as is made in New Orleans by the Louisiana Ice Manufacturing Company, and chip off small pieces of it. This is the only way, says a New York barkeeper, that one can be absolutely sure of getting pure water, and it is the only way, in his opinion, to cool a cocktail, a Santa Cruz sour or a milk punch. This item is all the more interesting from the fact that for a long time after artificial ice began to be manufactured in this city it was difficult to make people believe that it did not contain impurities of some sort. Now New York is beginning to freeze to it, because it is believed to be purer than natural ice.

THOUGH the buffalo gnats are more plentiful this Spring than heretofore, we hear of fatality to the stock in consequence. The brutes on the commons have to lie down in the sun in day time and feed at night. Farmers are using gnat-oil freely and building smokes for their protection. The deer (only few are left) can be seen occasionally with the stock. By the way, we would say as a gentle reminder, that it is a violation of the law to kill deer now, and any one so doing should be summarily dealt with. Since the above was put in type we learn that some 50 or 60 head of stock have been killed by gnats in the Benton neighborhood.—Herald.

A DITCH to be cut in the Arkansas Valley by Colorado will take as much water from the river as the Mississippi carries at Vicksburg in low water. The ditch will be 150 feet wide at the bottom, 300 feet at the top, and 30 feet deep. It will be 100 miles long, and will cost $5,000,000.

Railway Notes.

The Herald has been reliably informed that the headquarters of the Yazoo and Mississippi Valley Railroad will be in Yazoo City. This is encouraging, as it will be the means of bringing a number of good and responsible citizens to our midst. We feel sure that our people will do all to encourage this important move on the part of the railroad authorities. It will be the means of giving Yazoo City many advantages which it could not enjoy otherwise. The best way to encourage immigration is to place only reasonable rates on the property which is offered for rent or sale, thereby showing that we are in earnest about making Yazoo City one of the largest and also one of the best business points in the State.

The announcement published in some of the papers not long since that Col. J. C. Clark was going to resign the Presidency of the Illinois Central Railroad, the Herald is informed, is without foundation. This will be gratifying to Col. Clarke's many friends, not only of the Valley, but of the entire State. He is acknowledged to be the best railroad man in the country, and for this reason, if for no other, will the people be glad to know that he does not intend to resign a position which he so ably and creditably adorns.—Yazoo City Herald.

Capt. Cowdon.

Capt. Cowdon, whose smooth-shaven face and stout figure are familiar to every Washingtonian, continues to press his claim for the canal to carry off the flood water of the Mississippi and deepen the channel. As usual, he thinks he is going to get it this time sure. He now asks merely the right to open this canal, with the agreement that if he reduces the flood gauge of the Mississippi to such point the lands of its valley are relieved from danger he should be paid $2,000,000, and that for every foot which he deepens the channel he shall have $2,500,000. He asks nothing unless he accomplishes what he undertakes. The bill is practically the same as that offered in the last Congress, and will probably meet with the same opposition which defeated it then. It is observed that the captain does not denounce the jetties system with so much vigor as he used to. He now admits that it has deepened the channel considerably, and that there is now a channel of twenty-three or twenty-four feet through the jetties.—Appeal correspondent.

A BOSTON gentlemen, whose sister has lived in Cincinnati nine years, received a letter from her dated Feb. 21 of this year in which she wrote: "I live in a city where murders and robberies are of daily occurrence. This is not by far the worse place in the city, yet no less than six murders have taken place within a few yards of our house since my arrival here. Brutal murders for money, shooting the driver and conductor of a car for an imaginary offence, killing their wives in the public market—such are the consequences of the laws which the men of this city frame. Hanging is not allowed in this State, and therefore, murders are so common. I have dwelt on this strange subject so that if ever the people Massachusetts should dream of passing such a law they might be pointed to this "Queen City of the West" where men who should have perished on the scaffold for murders confessed by them, are doing a thriving business in stores."

THE Secretary announced the following communication from Memphis: Berg Gardner. Dear Sir—The colored people of Memphis and vicinity have heard that the Lime Kiln Club is donating the sum of $100 to each and every colored person desirous of immigrating to Liberia. There are 120 of us here who propose to start for that country early in May. Please forward $100 by express at once, and be sure to direct plainly to yours truly, Q. G. Quiggs, M. D., D. D. S. "If dar am any sich movement on fut in de club I hain't heard of it," replied the President. "Indeed, I reckoned it was purty generally understood dat we would sooner pay premiums to our people to remain at home. Liberia may be a good locality fur a cull'd gem'len who wants to go to bed out doahs ten months in de y'ar, change shirts ebery six months, an' support his family on roots, but he will have to do dat' independent of any ackshun of dis club."—Detroit Free Press.

THE jury system is bad enough in all the States, and in the hands of criminal lawyers who are shysters in principle, it has been brought to very refinement of corruption. The professional juryman has come to be a recognized element in the administration of justice and where the professional juryman is found it is not difficult to find shyster lawyers ready to profit by his corruption.—Atlanta Constitution.

The Injurious Commission.

"The Railroad Commission will greatly retard the growth of Jackson," was the remark recently made by one of our best business men. In this opinion, he does not stand alone by a great deal. One of the first benefits to Jackson was the advance of freight rates. Other results similar to this follow. The hands of the Commission, for the present, are tied and will likely be for some time.—State Ledger.

THE British Minister's daughter is said to be a great beauty. Miss West inherited her lovely face, with its sad, dark eyes, from a Spanish mother. She was educated at a convent school in Paris, and in consequence spoke English with a strong accent, and was most familiar with the French and Spanish tongues when she arrived in Washington.

THE Woodville Republican reports that wolves are killing sheep on the Buffalo, in Wilkinson county. In speaking of these animals, the Republican says the county was free of them in 1858, but in the Spring of that year a pair were driven from the swamps by the high water and took refuge on the high ground plantation of W. S. Davis. From this pair are descended the wolves that now infest the county.

MR. JAMES R. RANDALL wrote from Washington to the Augusta (Ga.) Chronicle on the 22d inst.: "I am sorry to say that a Republican debate in the House yesterday on the Mississippi River improvements was a disappointment. Only a few members spoke, and they were not of the first order. Gen. Hatch, of Missouri, was the best. Gen. Hooper, of Ohio, was tedious and prosy. Gen. Cox, of New York, was fair. Gen. Ward, of Indiana, was dull. Gen. Rice, of Massachusetts, was good. Gen. Hiscock, of New York, was fair. Gen. Hawley, of Connecticut, was dull. Gen. Cutcheon, of Michigan, was fair. Gen. Cutler,

CHEAP COLUMN.

LOST.

LOST—On April 2d, on Cherry, Crawford or Walnut street, a point lace handkerchief. The finder will be liberally rewarded by returning it to this office. 4-5

WANTED.

WANTED.—SCHOOLS! TEACHERS!! Schools in need of competent teachers, and teachers in search of situations should address the Central Educational Bureau, R. K. JAYNE, Secretary, Jackson, Miss. ap2

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Brown, Leghorn Eggs for hatching. Fresh and pure. At H. H. KAIN'S. ap7-1w

FOR SALE—New Cottage in good neighborhood, containing 3 rooms with hall and gallery, kitchen, stable and garden. Lot 150x150 feet, all under new fence. Apply at this office. m25

FOR SALE.—A cottage residence on East avenue, containing four rooms 18x20, hall 12 feet, kitchen, fine cistern and fine orchard; lot 64x132 feet. Apply to R. F. WILSON, on premises. m28

FOR SALE—The LOT on the northeast corner of Cherry and Grove sts. Apply to THOMAS MOUNT. mh19

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Two large Rooms, kitchen, outhouses, good yard and cistern. Apply at this office. ap3-1w

FOR RENT—Nice house with three rooms, kitchen, good cistern and yard; possession given April 6th. Apply to JOS. SPENGLER, Cherry street crossing. m31-1w

FOR RENT—Three rooms and a small kitchen. Large yard and good cistern. Twelve dollars per month. Apply at this office. mh26

FOR SALE OR RENT—60 Acres good land, one and a half miles from town, with plenty of wood and water. Apply at this office, or to R. P. WILSON, Vicksburg, Miss. m24-2w

FOR RENT—Three rooms and a small kitchen. Large yard and good cistern. Twelve dollars per month. apply at this office. mh26

THE SATISFACTION

Of sitting under one's own vine and fig tree pays the largest dividend of any investment. It is the best kind of life insurance. It is the best medicine in sickness. It enables a man to die easier, and robs death of one of the principal terrors to know that the loved ones we must leave behind us have a roof of their own over their heads which cannot be taken from them.

If you cannot buy a house and lot, you can at least make a commencement by investing $25 in a lot in Speed's Addition, and pay the balance in $5 monthly installments. No better opportunity to buy a home or to make a safe investment in Vicksburg is likely to occur than that now presented by the unprecedented terms upon which these lots are sold. sep1

LOCAL ITEMS.

CLARK & CO., have the latest literary publications.

MR. CHARLES MULHOLLAND is home from St. Louis.

THE 4-10s are going to surprise everybody on the 23d.

On to-day week the "Bee-hive" opens in Magnolia Hall.

MAGNOLIA COMMANDERY No. 2 K. T. meets to-night.

The Board of Mayor and Aldermen meets this evening.

GRAND millinery opening at Arthur Jacob's to-morrow.

THE Mozart Orchestra concert will be Vicksburg's Musical Festival.

THERE will be an important meeting of the Rifles to-night at their armory.

PAPERS with illustrations of the Cincinnati riots may be procured at Baum's.

MISS KATIE KATZENMIER returned home this morning from a visit to Canton.

SEE cheap column advertisement Brown Leghorn eggs for sale at H. H. Kain's.

SWITZER, NEWWITTER & Co., have a new advertisement to-day which speaks for itself.

THE firemen will decorate their machines for parade in styles that will be simply gorgeous.

CAPT. W. H. SARGENT'S steamer Ike Bonham leaves this evening at 5 o'clock for Steele's bayou.

JUDGE RALPH NORTH, of Natchez, Circuit Judge of this Judicial District, arrived in the city yesterday.

THE steamer Deer Creek, Capt. Chas. Pare, will receive to-morrow morning and leave for Big Deer Creek promptly at 12 m.

THE steamer Golden Crown passes up for Cincinnati at 5 o'clock this evening. For freight or passage apply to Capt. W. S. Jones.

REMEMBER Arthur Jacob's millinery opening takes place to-morrow. Elegant souvenirs will be presented to all the ladies who attend.

AT the Holy Trinity yesterday Mrs. Dr. Iglehart sang at the offertory Faure's celebrated "Le Rameaux, or the Palm Trees." Mrs. Iglehart will sing with the Trinity choir on Easter Sunday.

MR. T. P. GRASTY, managing editor of the Planters Journal, arrived this morning from an extended business trip through Virginia, North Carolina and Washington City. His trip will pan out $1,800 new business for the Journal.

THE ladies of Trinity Church are preparing with their usual admirable energy to give a model entertainment for the benefit of the church on the night of Thursday, April 17, at the residence of Mrs. Porterfield.

HARDAWAY & CASSELL'S gnat oil is getting so popular that the animals go into the drug-store for it themselves. Their "noise" are called this morning. Call and see for who wants it. ap2

ROBERT INGLE, Philadelphia, D. W. Liken, Kelloggs Landing La., F. F. Welbourne, Canton; J. Bennett, Sardis; M. Levy, La.; Max Mock Miss.; C. Selph, Miss.; W. P. Wade, City; registered at the Pacific this morning.

"WAIT until I unbutton my vest, Smith," remarked one Post scribe of another as the pair were leaving the Elevator to-day. (They had accepted an invitation of Capt. Shep. Lightner, and dined on the Anchor Line steamer City of Cairo.)

Grand Millinery Opening.

MME. FERGUSON, who is so well and favorably known to the ladies of Vicksburg, and indeed to the ladies of the entire section contiguous to Vicksburg, announces a grand Spring opening of millinery goods, hats, flowers, bonnets, etc., next Thursday, April 11. That there will be a complete and beautiful display there can be no doubt, as Mme. Ferguson's facilities for obtaining the latest and most beautiful designs, and her excellent taste and fine discrimination, are acknowledged by all. The ladies who are interested in such matters no doubt will remember the day for the Spring opening, next Thursday, as it promises to be the event of the season in this line.

Don't fail to visit the Grand Millinery Opening to-morrow at ap7 **ARTHUR JACOB'S.**

What's the Matter With the Corps?

A terrible murder was committed Saturday night, long before our somnolent contemporary around the corner had gone to press, and with its usual admirable enterprise (duly appreciated by its subscribers) it will publish an account of the affray on the Tuesday following the Saturday night upon which the deed was committed. What is the matter with the "corps"?

U. S. Supply Steamer Gen. Barnard.

The United States Government supply steamer Gen. Barnard, in charge of Maj. John McGinnis, arrived from Natchez at noon, and after coaling departed for St. Louis. She reports having supplied all points needing provisions between here and Natchez, and left the balance of the 75,000 rations at Natchez for the steamer A. A. Humphreys, which boat will supply from Natchez down to the mouth of Red river. There are 70,000 more rations coming down on a through Anchor Line boat that left St. Louis last Wednesday. These rations will also be put off at Natchez.

The Gen. Barnard on arriving at St. Louis will be laid up for the present.

Bon Ton Market.

Choice fresh Vegetables received daily, at Ed. W. SHOWDON, Jr., corner street, op north end of Wharfboat. [mr31-1wk]

Warren County Republican Convention.

There was quite a large gathering of Republicans at the Court-house last Saturday, for the purpose of electing delegates to the State Convention, which meets at Jackson on the 23d of April. W. W. Edwards was elected Chairman, and Charles Lehman Secretary.

The following are the delegates selected to attend the State Convention:

County at large—Wesley Crayton.
First District—R. F. Beck. Alternate, G. W. Walton.
Second District—W. W. Edwards. Alternate, Geo. W. Davenport.
Third District—Dorsey Foreman. Alternate, H. C. Carter.
Fourth District—Milton Coates. Alternate, Louis Collins.
Fifth District—C. J. Marshall. Alternate, J. W. Bourne.

Appreciated Kindness.

Some time since the Anchor Line steamer Arkansas City presented to Mrs. Bruser, for the Catholic Fair, an elegant cake. The Belle Memphis followed, and now the City of Cairo comes to the front with a cake that is simply dazzling. It was baked, designed and erected by Steward James Parker, and it reflects credit on Mr. Parker, the crew, the boat, and the whole Anchor Line. The cake proper consists of two layers, and upon that four artistically proportioned cornucopias form a table upon which rests a table formed of four smaller cornucopias, while the crest is surmounted by another cornucopia. The whole is ornamented with beautiful artificial flowers. Numerous boats are presenting cakes to Mrs. Bruser for the Bee-hive, as a token of their appreciation of her kindness to river men, who always find a warm welcome at her home. The trophy will be raffled for at the fair, and if we are any judge of cakes its a daisy.

Every lady visiting ARTHUR JACOB'S Grand Millinery Opening to-morrow will be presented with a handsome souvenir. ap7

BROTHER BURKE of the Magnolia Gazette, asks "what has become of the President of Mississippi Press Association"—State Ledger.

Circuit Court.

The Circuit Court for the transaction of civil business convened this morning with Hon. Ralph North presiding.

The same docket was called and a number of cases set for trial, some continued and some passed. On Wednesday the appearance docket and appeal cases will be called and a recall had of the issue docket. The bar express themselves as much pleased with our new Judge.

New styles and new fashions will be exhibited Wednesday and Thursday at Arthur Jacob's. Ladies are invited to call.

ANOTHER KILLING.

DAVID MARTIN SHOT DEAD,

While Attempting to Arrest one of the Villains who Attacked Schwartz Wednesday Night.

It becomes our duty to chronicle another terrible homicide. It occurred about half-past ten o'clock on Saturday night last, and resulted in the almost instant death of Mr. David Martin, a respected young Hebrew, the night watchman on the saw mill boat Lee Richardson, Jr.

As to who is directly responsible for his death there have been such a multiplicity of rumors, that it is difficult at this writing to make any statements that may really be relied on as correct.

It appears that at the time indicated, Martin went into Lavins' Inn, and while in there he observed a negro named Rube Springer whom he identified as one of the rascals who made the murderous attack upon one of the Schwartz brothers last Wednesday night, a full account of which appeared in the Post of Thursday.

He immediately went to Schwartz's boat and informed one of the brothers of his discovery. In company with Mr. Schwartz he then returned to the inn and arrested the suspicious negro, and found upon him a pistol Schwartz identified as one taken by his assailants, after which they started with him for up-town. A crowd of negro roughs near by objected to them arresting the negro, and when Martin insisted on having the negro accompany him he was fired upon by some one in the crowd, the ball striking him in the heart. He jumped across the gutter upon the railroad embankment, ran about two rods on the ties and fell dead, and the negro escaped during the excitement which followed.

Yesterday, City Marshal Groome, in company with Mr. Heman Denio, whom he had deputized to assist him, performed a neat bit of detective work, and captured the man who in all probability assisted in making the attack on Schwartz, and who is the cause of the death of Martin. Captain Groome and Mr. Denio went out to the scene of the murder, as if merely taking a walk for pleasure. They got into conversation with a negro whom they suspected of being the one arrested by Martin and Schwartz the night previous, but as they were beyond the city limits they had no authority to make an arrest, but enticed the man across the Glass bayou bridge, after which they arrested him and escorted him to the lock-up.

Previous to crossing the bridge another negro spoke to Springer and asked him three times to come to him a minute, as he wished to speak to him, but the officers succeeded in preventing the interview, which would probably have spoiled their plans. Captain Groome has the name of Springer's communicative friend, and will soon have him.

The party from whom we got the above statement of the affray was an eye witness, but others tell very different stories. There was more than one shot fired, as Walter Owens a colored constable, was shot in the thigh, and is now lying in a dangerous condition at the jail.

David Martin, a native of Louisville, Ky., was connected with the best Jewish families in Vicksburg, and was 23 years of age, and resided on Grove street, and with a brother, who is in the fruit business on Grove street, supported his mother and seven younger brothers and sisters. He had been employed for some time as night watchman on Mr. Wm. Carphey's saw-mill boat Lee Richardson, Jr., and his employer placed great confidence in him, and him gave an excellent character. All who knew him say that he was a peaceable and kind-hearted man, and his untimely death is a sad blow to the family who have the sympathy of the entire community.

A POST reporter visited the jail this morning, and interviewed Owens and Springer. Owens tells a story substantially as follows:

He was told about 10:30 Saturday night that an arrest was being made. He was at a dance near the scene of the murder, and went out and saw Martin and Schwartz with pistols. He said "put up your pistols, I am a regular officer, and if any arrests are to be made I will make them." He says Martin then fired at him, the ball (a 32-caliber) striking him in the right thigh, from whence it was removed by Dr. Hunt. He then said "Boys, I'm shot," and fired at Martin, who said "I'm killed," and, running a short distance, fell. He did not know why Martin should have shot at him. He went at once to the jail and gave himself up.

Springer said that he was standing talking to some woman on the cemetery road when the two men came up and drew their revolvers on him, telling him to consider himself under arrest. He replied "all right," and accompanied them to the place where the shooting occurred. After passing a few words, Martin fired, and Owens returned the fire. Springer did not see arms were found on him, and that he had had none. He had been in the employ of Mr. Marshall Groome. Knew nothing of the attempted robbing of Schwartz's boat.

THE CORONER'S EXAMINATION.

Ulrich Schwartz, who with Martin attempted to arrest Springer, and who is a brother of the man so fiendishly attacked Wednesday night, testified as follows before the Coroner's Jury this morning: He had accompanied Mr. Martin to the wooden stairway beyond Lavins' Inn, to arrest a negro supposed to be the one who had attempted to rob the boat. Martin had pointed him out and inquired if that was the man. Schwartz replied "I believe so." They then arrested the negro and were taking him toward town when a crowd of perhaps fifty stopped them just beyond Glass bayou bridge. Witness said to Martin that it was useless to try to take their prisoner to the police headquarters. Martin wanted to take him on. A tall negro in the crowd drew a revolver and fired twice. Thought the second shot killed Martin. Could not name the man who shot. Was a tall brown or yellow man. He then returned to the boat.

James McCarty, sworn before the Coroner's inquest, testified as follows: Did not see the killing. Had left Martin but a few minutes previous on the saw-mill boat. Saw him after the killing. He lay about 200 feet from the boat, on his face. Did not search the body for arms, and saw none upon him. Martin was a quiet, civil man. Saw him have a pistol on that evening, but never before. The pistol he had was a small one, probably a 32-calibre. The one shown to the jury was not the one in possession of Martin.

Howard Wilson testified as follows: Saw the killing. Saw Owens and Martin. Heard Owens say "put that pistol up." Martin turned toward Owens and asked, "What did you say?" Owens replied, "I said put that pistol up." Martin then fired, and Owens fired again. Was no friend of Owens. There were but four or five persons present. Heard but two shots. Martin ran up the road around wood pile and fell. Saw Mr. McCarty go to Martin. Saw no one pick up anything that Martin might have dropped. Was sure each of them fired once. Saw the flashes, but did not see the pistols. Was certain Martin fired first.

John Williams being duly sworn testified as follows: Did not see the shooting. Saw Martin afterward. Saw no one pick up a pistol.

L. Brault: Had been on the saw-mill boat with Martin a short time before the killing. Had retired to his room in the boat, and twenty minutes after heard two shots in rapid succession. Sounded as if from the same revolver, but could not swear to it.

Mr. Schwartz recalled: Pointed out Owens, who had been brought from the jail looking, as like the man who had fired from the crowd. The pistol looked like the one used by the man who killed Martin but could not swear to it.

Geo. W. Shaw: Keeps fish boat near the saw-mill boat. Heard the shots and went out, and saw Martin's body. Saw no one near, and saw no one pick up a pistol.

Here the Court had the crowd to retire while the jury decided whether to examine any other witnesses or not.

They decided to admit no more evidence, and brought in the following

VERDICT.

We the undersigned Coroner's jury summoned to inquire into the death of the late David Martin do find that the deceased came to his death from a pistol shot wound from the hands of Walter Owens, and recommend that the coroner issue a warrant for his arrest.

A GENTLE REMINDER.

We can't remind mothers too often that here's the place to find everything new and nice for the boys wear. The more particular you are in having pattern, style and fit "just so," the more we prefer to have you visit us, for only particular people can appreciate the time and pains we devote to the production of goods that must be "exclusive and beyond rivalry." Our Spring stock is now complete, and you will find our prices satisfactorily low. All are invited to call. None are obliged to buy. Country orders solicted and samples furnished.

ap4 **WARNER & SEARLES.**

New Goods.

The bright weather and the pleasant sunshine will be welcomed by the ladies, the housekeepers, and the votaries fashion, whom the long reign of inclement weather has kept in doors to a great extent for the past few months. For these there is a rich feast in store, at the elegant dry goods establishment of Switzer, Newwitter & Co. This firm has evidently determined not to be surpassed, if equalled in this section, in the extent, variety and character of the stock now being opened and displayed by them. Their new, elegant and commodious store promises to be the headquarters, the bazaar, the central point of attraction, for everything in the dry goods line, and is one of the establishments which our citizens take pride in calling to the attention of strangers.

Enterprise, perseverance and knowledge of business will tell, and these elements of success are all possessed in an eminent degree by Switzer, Newwitter & Co.

But we started out to remind the people that this firm are now ready to show the most complete stock of dry goods ever brought to Vicksburg.

GRAND MILLINERY OPENING to-morrow, Tuesday and Wednesday, at ap7 **ARTHUR JACOB'S.**

THE Cincinnati Commercial Gazette suggests that the jury which tried the recent murder case be exhibited before the Ohio Legislature that it may see the kind of men the present jury system turns out.

R. F. BECK, President, THOS. MOUNT, Vice-President.
JNO. F. HALPIN, Secretary. W. O. WORRELL, Treasurer.

VICKSBURG

Building Association

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Fully Secured by Mortgages on Real Estate

Now is the time to subscribe. You cannot lose anything and you are certain to make a handsome profit.

The cost of Stock is $1 per month on each Share.

Ten shares of Stock in about eight years will be worth $1,000
The ten shares in eight years will have cost 960
Making a profit, on an investment averaging four years, of $40
Which is equal to 77 per cent. or 19¼ per cent. per annum.

The Association Cashes its Stock at any Time According to Equitable Rules

Persons having small amounts monthly to spare, say from $1 to $15, cannot do better than invest in this stock.

Capitalists will find it a profitable investment, realizing 18 to 20 per cent. per annum.

Property owners will increase the value of their property by subscribing to this stock, for it loans its funds to actual builders, and every new house built increases the value of property in its neighborhood.

Persons of moderate means who desire to build houses can borrow the money from the Association and pay it back in

MONTHLY PAYMENTS

Not Greater than the Usual Amounts Paid for Rent.

Books of Subscription to the Twelfth Series of Stock are now open at the office of the Secretary.

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Southern Photographic Gallery

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STRICTLY FIRST-CLASS PHOTOGRAPHS of all sizes and styles. Old pictures copied and enlarged to any size desired.

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We have a large assortment of School Books, Medical, Scientific, Law and Miscellaneous Books, also all the New Books as issued. Our

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Offers an elegant variety goods. Birthday and Congratulation Cards in large assortment.

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Our assortment is always large and latest shades, shapes and kinds.

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Includes Pianos, Organs, Guitars, Banjos, Accordions, etc. Italian and German strings for different kinds of instruments. Agents for Decker Bros. Piano and Mason & Hamlin Organs.

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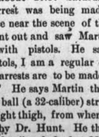
BLUE FRONT BOOK STORE, 149 WASHINGTON ST., VICKSBURG.

THE threat is boldly made in Washington that if the whisky speculators fail to get relief by the means of Democrat votes, the Democratic party will go to pieces. We shall now wait results.—Atlanta Constitution (Dem.)

HARPER'S WEEKLY expresses the opinion that Mr. Blaine cannot be elected. It speaks for the independent Republicans.

A TRIUMPH OF SKILL.

Dr. Price's SPECIAL



FLAVORING EXTRACTS

Prepared from Select Fruits that yield the finest Flavors. Have been used for years. Become The Standard Flavoring Extracts. None of Greater Strength. None of such Perfect Purity. Always certain to impart to Cakes, Puddings, Sauces, the natural Flavor of the Fruit.

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Francis Smith & Co.

S. W. corner Washington and Crawford streets, Vicksburg, Miss.

No Cotton Required.

Planters should not make loans until they have investigated our plan and rates.

WE HAVE NO AGENTS

dec10

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ROSES
Green-House Plants by the
MILLION
GREGORY NURSERY
Grove Street, Vicksburg.
d22 THOMPSON S. GREGORY.

WINCHESTER RIFLES

AT WHOLESALE:
44.100, 38.100, and 32.10, Long and Short Range Cartridges.
—AT—
LOUIS HOFFMAN'S.

The Vicksburg Evening Post.

VOLUME II. VICKSBURG, MISSISSIPPI, TUESDAY, APRIL 8, 1884. NUMBER 85.

VICKSBURG BANK.

EDWARD S. BUTTS, President. | Established Nov. 12, 1868.
C. KUYKENDALL, Vice-Pres.
JAMES P. ROACH, Cashier. | Incorporated Mar. 4, 1878.

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may4

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White Lead, Mixed Paints, Linseed Oil, Lard Oil, Gnat Oil, Turpentine, Putty and Glassware, Patent Medicines, Sponges, Hair Brushes, Perfumery, Toilet Articles of Every Description. Garden and Flower Seeds.

AGENTS FOR HUMPHREY'S HOMŒOPATHIC MEDICINES. ja4

CATCHINGS, Attorney-General Miss. | MARYE DARNEY, late of Edwards, Miss.

CATCHINGS & DARNEY,

Attorneys-at-Law,

VICKSBURG, MISS.

SPECIAL attention will be given to business entrusted to them in the United States counties, and in the United States Federal Courts at Jackson.

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Will practice in the various Courts of this and adjoining counties, and in the Federal Courts at Jackson, Miss.

SLAUGHTERING PRICES!

IN

Boots and Shoes

AT

FOLEY'S SHOE STORE

English broad toe gaiters, $2.50; London toe, imitation buttoned gaiters, $2.75; Plain box gaiters, $3.00; imitation laced, London toe gaiters, $2.50; ladies' fine kid buttoned $3.25, cheap at $4.75; ladies' front laced kid, $2.75, cheap at $4.00; boys' buttoned gaiters, $2.50, cheap at $3.50; youths' buttoned gaiters, double tipped, $2.25, cheap at $3.25.

The chief pride of this house is the superior character of its custom-made work. All orders promptly and carefully attended to. Send for catalogue. 8-15

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

[Special to THE EVENING POST.]

MARKET REPORTS.

LIVERPOOL, April 8.—Spots: Uplands 6 1-16d; Orleans 6 5-16d. Market weak.

NEW YORK, April 8, noon.—Spots weak. Middling, 11¼. Futures, 8 points higher.

NEW ORLEANS, April 8, noon.—Cotton weak. Middling, 11¼.

ST. LOUIS, April 8.—Clear ribs, 8.50; Lard, 8.20; Pork, $16.50.

Condition of the Rivers.

NEW ORLEANS, April 7.—The lower Mississippi river will fall slowly except at Helena and Memphis where it will remain about stationary.

The lower Missouri river will rise slowly at stations below Leavenworth and fall at stations above Leavenworth.

New Orleans River Report.

NEW ORLEANS, April 8.—The weather is cloudy, warm and threatening.

Business is fairly bright.

No arrivals.

Leaving this evening: Cannon, for Greenville.

Memphis River Report.

MEMPHIS, TENN., April 8.—The river is stationary.

The Commonwealth and the City of Vicksburg passed down at noon.

Snow at Chicago.

CHICAGO, April 8.—The Spring weather in this section may be imagined from the fact that it was snowing here last night.

Come South.

MINNEAPOLIS, April 7.—A snowstorm set in yesterday evening and the weather is chilly. Specials to the Tribune indicate that the snow is general throughout Northern Minnesota and Dakota.

THE CINCINNATI RIOT.

The Riot and the Measures Used to Quell it Presented in a New Light in a Letter from Cincinnati.

TOLEDO, O., April 8.—The Commercial-Telegraph publishes a remarkable letter from a distinguished citizen in Cincinnati, giving a new version of the recent riot. He states that the home papers dare not tell all that their reporters know about the riot; that the Coroner dare not hold an inquest because the testimony would show there was a mob but no need for the military and no need for them to open fire; that they fired on unoffending people, and that such of the policemen and militia as were shot were shot by the military.

That Sheriff Hawkins has no brains and lost his head; that firing was utterly uncalled for and cowardly; that the bystanders could not believe that bullets were being fired until they saw men falling.

The letter is very lengthy and criticises the management of the affair by the Governor and his staff, speaking with the utmost severity of the fear and foolishness and the bloodthirsty frenzy of the Sheriff with which he infected the militia.

WASHINGTON.

The Railroad Land Grant Forfeiture —Aid for the Confederates.

[Special to the Picayune.]

WASHINGTON, April 6.—The House on Thursday will continue the debate on forfeiture of railroad land grants. The Oregon Central will be first disposed of, and after that the California and Oregon will be take up. The forfeiture of the Backbone Road grant will then be considered. If the Committee's programme is adopted this arrangement will defer the consideration of the appropriation bills that the House Appropriations Committee expected to dispose of this week. The House now stands disposed, in these land grant cases, to enforce the law strictly.

The movement in aid of maimed and disabled Confederate soldiers meets with a good deal of favor here among the Union soldiers. The indorsation of it by Gen. Grant has helped it considerably.

The Gulf & Ship Island Railroad.

The Senators and Representatives from Mississippi have united in a letter to the Secretary of the Interior, urging him to withhold the lands embraced in the Gulf & Ship Island Railroad grant from entry until the Senate has considered the bill passed by the House declaring the grant forfeited. Col. Van. H. Manning made an argument before the Secretary, on the 1st inst., in support of this request.

If the grant is maintained, the railroad company will bind itself by appropriate legislation to respect and maintain the rights of all settlers upon these lands who have acquired title from the Government or purchased from patentees.

There is not a particle of doubt as to the immediate construction of the road if the grant is confirmed.—Aberdeen Examiner.

Just Received

25 tubs choice butter.
10 barrels choice turnips.
5 barrels choice beets.
10 barrels choice rutabagas.
1000 heads choice cabbages.
All kinds of eggs at
JOSEPH EHLBERT.
ap3 Cor. Walnut and Jackson Street.

Gnat Oil.

Thirty barrels of first-class Gnat Oil at HARDAWAY & CASSELL'S Drugstore.
ap2

The Keifer-Boynton Case.

The investigation of the charges made by ex-Speaker Keifer against Gen. Boynton turns out as was expected. The committee report unanimously that the charges are not sustained by the evidence, and the accompanying reports of the majority and minority of the committee differ only in the leniency of the judgment expressed upon the character of the charges. The majority report, signed by the Democrats on the committee, is naturally unsparing in its criticism of Mr. Keifer; the minority report, signed by the Republicans, is much milder in its phraseology, but contains nothing which can give Mr. Keifer much comfort. The conclusion of the whole matter is that Mr. Keifer made charges openly which were intended to destroy Gen. Boynton's character, and would have done so if they could have been substantiated; that Gen. Boynton immediately courted the fullest investigation, and that not a scintilla of evidence entitled to credence was adduced to sustain the charges, while there was much to confute them in Keifer's relations with Boynton, and in the testimony of witnesses relative to the claim in which Boynton was alleged to have a corrupt interest. There is not the faintest stain on Gen. Boynton's name and reputation resulting from the investigation, but Mr. Keifer appears in a light his best friends must regard as deplorable.—Boston Journal.

General Chalmers.

The distinguished letter writer has an epistle in the New York Tribune of the 4th inst., addressed to Mr. John T. Hull, of this city. The letter is valuable, as we are enabled by its aid to get some insight into the present views of gentlemen of his political complexion. Gen. Chalmers announces that he is a Greenbacker and that he is not a Republican, and assumes that Mr. Hull is in accord with him, on this line, and advises that Greenbackers should ally themselves with the Republicans for this Presidential canvass. His manner of an alliance is a little curious. To effect it he proposes to go directly into the Republican Convention, for the great main purpose, as he states, "of getting courageous and intelligent white men appointed election officers who were Greenbackers and Independents." The plain simple meaning of this thin disguise is to capture and swallow in the Greenback maw the Republican party of this State.—State Ledger.

The Illinois Central.

The Board of Directors of the Illinois Central Railroad Company met in New York Wednesday and decided to make no change in the executive management. The meeting had been looked to by railroad men with great interest, on account of the recent rumors that there would be important changes in the officers. At the annual meeting a short time ago, the Directors did not organize by the election of officers, and it was reported that the old officers would be retired at a later date. James C. Clarke, however, was re-elected President; Stuyvesant Fish, Vice-President, and L. V. F. Randolph Treasurer. The only change was the appointment of William J. Mauriac as Acting Secretary. Mr. Mauriac has been the Assistant Secretary. Lynde A. Catlin, the old Secretary, declined a re-election.

AUCTION SALE!

—OF—

Jerseys and Graded Cattle

—BY—

HANES BROS., Auctioneers

Saturday, April 12th, 1884.

This sale affords an unusual opportunity to purchasers who wish to obtain choice young stock at reasonable prices. Sale positive, without regard to weather, Saturday, April 12th, at 12 o'clock m.

HANES BROS., Auctioneers.
ap5 206 Washington Street.

The Yazoo Bridge.

Last Monday the new iron drawbridge of the Mississippi Valley Railroad across the Yazoo River, at Anthoney's Ferry, was tested. Six hundred thousand pounds weight was placed on each span and also on the draw, and under this enormous pressure the deflection in the span was but one and a half inches and in the draw but half an inch. This structure cost the company about $350,000, and is now ready for trains, having been found perfect. The spans are each over 300 feet long.—N. O. Picayune

PESACH WINE.

A fine article at close figures at W. E. BECK.
ap4

THE highest Jersey test on record is that made recently by Mr. Shoemaker's Princess 2, which is as follows: First week, ending February 6, 9 pounds 6 ounces; second week, ending February 13, 26 pounds 8 ounces; third week, ending February 19, 26 pounds 11 ounces. Another remarkable record is that of a pure bred Persian cow, seven years old, owned by L. H. Payne, of Garrettsville, Date of calving, March 22, 1883, age at the time of calving seven years; commencement of record, March 22; close of record March 23, 1884; number of days 366; amount of milk produced 18,847½ pounds.

Gnat Oil.

Save your stock by buying first-class Gnat Oil from HARDAWAY & CASSELL'S Drugstore.
ap2

IN a murder trial in Cincinnati yesterday the jury was out 40 minutes. Verdict: Guilty of murder in the first degree. The world "do move"—Avalanche.

SEED POTATOES.

150 barrels choice Russets.
100 barrels choice Early Rose.
100 barrels choice Peerless.
50 barrels choice Burbanks.
On consignment for sale low.
22-tf WARE & NORTH.

MINISTER LOWELL writes to a friend in Boston that he likes living in London, "all but the living." He is becoming dyspeptic, and attributes it to his entire and enforced abstinence from fresh and salt cod, clams, buckwheat cakes and baked beans, which are luxuries and actual necessities almost wholly unknown in Great Britain.

ICE! ICE!

—THE—

D. W. Flowerree Ice Company

—WILL DELIVER ICE TO—

DEALERS and CONSUMERS

AT THE FOLLOWING RATES:

Ten Ton Lots	40 cents per 100
One Ton Lots	50 " " "
Less than One Ton	60 " " "
Less than 1000 lbs	75 " " "
Less than 500 lbs	$1 " " "
Packed for Shippers	$1 " " "

ap8

CITATION NOTICE.

STATE OF MISSISSIPPI, WARREN COUNTY, } CHANCERY COURT.

Chas. Hutcherson, Complainant, vs. Amanda Thomas Hutcherson, Defendant.

The State of Mississippi to Amanda Thomas Hutcherson, Defendant:

YOU are commanded to appear before the Chancery Court of the county of Warren in said State, on the

First Monday of May, 1884,

To defend the suit, in said Court of Chas. Hutcherson, wherein you are a defendant.

Witness my hand and seal of said Court, this, the 27th day of March A. D. 1884.

GEO. T. HARDY, Clerk.

WM. W. FOSTER, Jr., C. C.
SIMRALL & SIMRALL,
Solicitors for Complainant. Th-m27-4t

IMPORTANT NOTICE

To the ladies of Vicksburg and vicinity.

THURSDAY, APRIL 10th,

Mme. FERGUSON'S GRAND Spring Millinery Opening

Entire new stock of Flowers, Ostrich Feathers, Plumes, and Imported Hats and Bonnets.

Mme. FERGUSON,
ap7-1w **139 Washington Street.**

VICKSBURG Soap Works,

—ON—

GLASS BAYOU AND CHERRY ST.

VICKSBURG, MISS.

Highest Cash Price paid for Tallow and Grease.

Address all orders to
ap3 W. O. WORRELL.

(Established in 1837.)

JAMES KING

—DEALER IN—

Boots, Shoes, Slippers and Rubbers.

No. 135 Washington Street,
VICKSBURG, MISS.
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SWITZER, NEWWITTER & CO.;

133 WASHINGTON STREET.

Spring & Summer Stock Immense

DRESS GOODS.

A line of extra rich, soft finish, black cashmere Armenian silks, is nine different qualities, from 81 per yard up.

Ten styles of black satin and silk brocades, fully 25 per cent. below any competition.

Eight shades colored satin brocades—something entirely new—marked down to $1.15 per yard, would be reasonable at $1.50

A line of evening shades satin surah, 27 inches wide, worth $1.50, reduced to $1.15

Colored silks in all shades.

Black grenadines in handsome and cheap qualities.

BUTTONS.

Handsomest line of Spring importations in fancy pearl, metal, jet and crochet, plain and beaded buttons, to match dress goods, in the city.

LACES and EMBROIDERIES

Immense assortment of Escurial, Spanish, Guipure, Oriental and cream laces, in all qualities and prices.

Cheapest line of Hamburg embroideries, edges and insertings, flouncings, Mull embroideries and Swiss trimmings ever shown here. Large and handsome line of "all over" lace nett and embroidery at correct prices.

HOSIERY and HANDKERCHIEFS

We have too large and var

THE EVENING POST

PUBLISHED BY
J. G. CASHMAN & CO.,
Washington St., Vicksburg, Miss.

The Evening Post.

VICKSBURG, MISS., APRIL 8, 1884.

A JACKSON druggist, and a good one too, advertises his establishment as a pill-shop.

THE Kosciusko Star says it is in favor of an extra session of the Mississippi Legislature.

"THE root of the difficulty," says Gov. Hoadly of Ohio, in reference to the Cincinnati riot, "lies in the unwillingness of reputable citizens to respond to the calls of public duty."

A PROPOSITION will be made in the United States Senate to compel morphine to be tinted. This is to provide against morphine being mistaken for quinine, as is often the case.

WE learn that Mr. E. Martin, of Vicksburg, is negotiating for the purchase of the swamp and overflowed lands remaining unsold, amounting in the aggregate to about 150,000 acres.—State Ledger.

THERE will be a concert of vocal and instrumental music given by the musical department of the Central Female Institute at Clinton, Friday night the 11th inst. The friends of the College are cordially invited to attend.

THE Republicans representing the three wards of the city, held a meeting at the City Hall Monday night and elected delegates to Raymond. Some men participated who have never been known as Republicans.—State Ledger.

Why not give the names of the new Republicans so that the people may know what is going on.

REV. DR. A. D. MAYO, of Boston, whose lectures on Education gave such great satisfaction in Vicksburg, will deliver a series of lectures at Jackson commencing next Thursday night. The Jackson people, including the politicians, should all go and hear what the Doctor has to say. He will give all of them something to think about.

SEVERAL papers in the State are hitting away at THE VICKSBURG POST, right and left. THE POST is a right sturdy youth and, if we are any judge of such things, is far from being a slouch in the use of the gloves itself. Therefore, any one McDuff, say we and damned be he who first cries hold, enough.—Mayersville Spectator.

THE earnest friends of popular education everywhere desire the passage of the Blair Educational Bill. It is a measure of infinite importance to the Southern States. The Tennessee Senators have made no sign. Do they stand on a broad National platform with George and Lamar? Or do they split constitutional hairs with Beck and Coke.—Avalanche.

A CORRESPONDENT—one of the "plain people" whom we are always glad to hear from—propounds a number of pertinent questions in this issue. The position of THE POST on all public questions has always been promptly and plainly set forth, and we expect to continue in this course. To-morrow, possibly, we will give a categorical answers to our correspondent's questions. To-day, we commend them to the thoughtful consideration of our readers.

WHILE a very few persons in the South are endeavoring to keep alive sectional feeling and bitterness, Gen. J. B. Gordon is pushing a movement in New York to raise a fund to build a home for disabled ex-Confederate soldiers. Gen. Grant, the great Union commander, true to the instincts of a generous victor and an honorable foe, writes to Gen. Gordon promising his support, financial and otherwise. Gen. Grant says: "I am in hearty sympathy with the movement; you may rely upon me for rendering all the aid I can."

UNDER no circumstances will Senator-elect Payne of Ohio accept the Democratic nomination for President. Mr. Tilden having declined, Mr. Flower of New York is the next man with a large "bar'l." He will accept.—Boston Journal.

But the Democracy of the United States will not accept Mr. Flower. If the Republicans are to be defeated at the next election, it will be necessary for the Democrats to put forward a man of brains and character, who also commands the confidence of the business interests of the country; and if he hasn't got a "bar'l" all the better, as there is considerable disgust for "bar'l" candidates. Randall is the man to fill all the needed requirements for success.

MR. CHAS. CAMPBELL, the son of Chief Justice Campbell, and for several years Deputy Clerk, of the Supreme Court, has been appointed clerk of the railroad commission. This is a most excellent appointment as Mr. Campbell has fully demonstrated his lunatic asylum position of that kind.—YAZOO Herald.

SENATOR GIBSON, of Louisiana, delivered a able and effective speech on the educational bill. In strong contrast with Bayard's fustian about the South Gibson said he did not appear there on behalf of Louisiana to pick up crumbs from the paternal government, neither was he there to rake up the bitter memories of the past, nor to make apologies; but he felt it incumbent upon him, having power under the constitution as he interpreted it, to employ the resources of this government in every legitimate and proper manner to remove the illiteracy and ignorance of the masses of the people throughout the whole country, and especially in the Southern States.

MR. CAMPBELL, Deputy Clerk of the Supreme Court, gets a salary of $1,200, and has recently been elected Clerk of the Mississippi Commissioners to the Donny Brook Fair Exposition, at a salary of $1,000. Wholesome!—Port Gibson Reveille.

It is well known that we have been heartily opposed to the New Orleans Cotton Exposition, which the Reveille terms the "Donny Brook Fair." But let us be just to it. We are free to say that we think the Exposition a much better institution—although there is a great deal of humbug in it—than the Mississippi Railroad Commision. The Exposition will do no actual damage; but we are afraid this cannot be said of the Railroad Commission—provided, it is allowed to exercise the powers conferred upon it by the Legislature.

We wish to call attention of the Reveille to the fact that Mr. Campbell was elected Clerk of its favorite Railroad Commission, and not Clerk to the Mississippi Commissioners to the Cotton Exposition.

A dispatch to a Mississippi paper, when the election for Clerk to the Railroad Commission took place, stated that "this was an instance where the office sought the man—Mr. Campbell was not an applicant. There were between thirty and forty applicants, among whom were many of the best business talent in the State." Now we have not a word to say against Mr. Campbell's qualifications for the position—no doubt he is thoroughly competent and will make an efficient Clerk for the Commission provided it is allowed to go on in the performance of its duties. But is it not a little strange, is it not very strange, that the Commissioners should elect a man as Clerk who was not an applicant for the position, when there were thirty or forty applicants ("among whom were many of the best business talent of the State"), especially when the man they elected already had a comfortable position and a fair salary?

The Commission has shown a peculiar disposition in this election—a disposition to "crowd the mourners" in more ways than one. Mr. Campbell, notwithstanding he was not an applicant, has kindly consented to perform the duties for which there were thirty or forty anxious applicants. This abnegation on Mr. Campbell's part will no doubt be kindly remembered by those who were applicants.

But it is fortunate for the people, and probably for the Commissioners and Clerk also, that the whole business has been decided by the railroads. If the Courts decide that a State Commission cannot regulate inter-State commerce—as no doubt they will—of course the Commission officials will not draw salaries for services which they are not allowed to perform, and there will have been "much ado about nothing," as far as these positions are concerned.

Some Pertinent Questions.

Editor of the Evening Post:

As one of the "plain people" of this commonwealth, I desire some information on the following points, which I put in the form of leading questions, and respectfully request a categorical answer to them through the columns of your excellent paper:

First. Is it true, as reported, that two of the recently appointed Railroad Commissioners are anti-supervisionists?

Second. The Illinois Central Railroad Company having filed a bill of injunction against the Commissioners, restraining them from interfering with the business or management of that corporation, will they draw their salaries in the interim, pending the decision of the Courts?

Third. Has a Railroad Commission a shadow of right to fix the rates or control the traffic of inter-State railroads?

Fourth. Would not the supervision of such railroads come only within the purview of the scope and authority of a National Board of Railway Commissioners, as provided in the Reagan and Barksdale bills now pending in Congress

Fifth. Do you not think that the railroads having their termini within the borders of this State are subject only to the "regulation" of the Commission?

Sixth. If all the railroads should enjoin the Commission, thereby stopping them from performing any of the duties required of them, would they render any equivalent whatever for their salaries during the term for which they were appointed?

Seventh. Inasmuch as it will probably be two years before the question will be finally decided by the Supreme Court of the United States, is it not the DUTY and the PRIVILEGE of the tax-payers of Mississippi to enjoin the State Treasurer from paying the Commissioners their salaries for services NOT rendered, and thus stop this drain on the Treasury?

Eighth. When all of our home people are profitably employed will it not be time enough for the State to make special efforts to induce the tide of immigration to flow into our borders?

Ninth. Is it not almost criminal to induce poor people from the North and from Europe to come to our State with just means enough to bring them hither, with no provision made for their maintenance, and no channels of employment open to them?

Tenth. Is not the educational system of this State like an inverted pyramid, or an abnormal hill of knowledge, so to speak, with the colleges, universities, and other higher institutions of learning hanging over and completely overshadowing the wretched common schools?

Eleventh. Are we building from above downward, in rearing our colossal monolith to education, like the Irishman built his chimney, by commencing at the top?

Twelfth. Nepotism and chronic officeholding are slowly but surely disintegrating the Democratic party; and as a panacea for these great evils do you not think that an amendment to the Constitution limiting the terms of ALL officers, State, county, and municipal, to two years, and making them ineligible for a third consecutive term, would supply a long felt want, and arrest the decay of a moribund party?

Thirteenth. After measuring the work of the Legislature at the session just closed with stern fidelity, and looking in vain for any important measure of relief to the people passed by that festive, cane-presenting body, are we not forced to the conclusion that the Democratic party in this State has almost lost the governing faculty, and will have to fight hard for every inch of ground at the next general election should all the elements of opposition be led by men of BRAINS and CHARACTER, like Horatio F. Simrall and James L. Alcorn?

PALLISER.

NO MEMBER of the medical profession in our day did so much for the indigent sick and incurables as Dr. J. Marion Sims, the illustrious surgeon. He was instant in season and out in good works, and never wearied of well-doing. His contributions for the relief of women are among the benefactions of the age, and the Woman's Hospital, which he established in New York, is an ever-living monument to his memory. Even while the finger of death was upon him, he was contemplating a crowning beneficence in the establishment of a hospital for the special cure of cancers. His death, indicated by a few days before his great heart was stilled forever, are being carried in effect, another vindication of his faith in mankind, and the goodness of a human heart. A quarter of a million of dollars has been subscribed for hospital buildings and a board of managers, consisting of five men and five women are engaged in the practice of medicine, has been appointed. The proposed hospital is to accommodate about 120 patients and will be located in New York City. Only women will be received at first, and at no time cases that are considered incurable. The need of such an institution may be seen in the statement of Dr. Sims that in 1880 over 700 persons died of cancer in New York alone. Great Britain has but one hospital for the cure of cancer, and that is in Stockholm, Sweden, and is the first established in this country. Though dead, Dr. Sims still lives a potent power for good. His works do follow him.

The physician of a lunatic asylum in Stockholm, Swedes, has written a book on moral incurable and it has been composed, printed and bound by the inmates, who have been taught by an inmate who has a small press given him for his

The Benefits of Protection.

Sir Edward Sullivan, a distinguished English baronet, has recently issued a pamphlet in which he pricks the free trade bubble. He says: "Foreigners do not wait for our expression of opinion about free trade; they form their own opinion of itfrom their own observation. When they see agriculture half ruined—land going rapidly out of cultivation; when they see industries springing vigorously into life under protection in France, Germany, Belgium, America, Canada, and the same industries dying out under free trade in England; when they see the antagonism that exists between capital and labor, the employer and employed; the want of sympathy between consumers and producers; the general depreciation in the quality of English work and English goods; when they see the almost complete industrial ruin of Ireland—they do not look much farther for arguments against free trade. It is not so evident after all that "England is right and the world wrong." To the argument that protection enhances the price of goods to the consumer, he replies: "In a great industrial country any combination amongst manufacturers to raise prices is impossible; even in very small and close industries where the number of manufactures is under a dozen, such attempts have always failed. Take, for instance, those few of England industries that have hitherto escaped foreign competition—iron ship building, carriage building, harness making, boat and sail making—not one of those industries is touched or even threatened by foreign competition; but has there been any combination among the manufacturers of these articles to raise prices? On the contrary, domestic competition has cut down their prices to the lowest margin of profit. Look at America! There is still a duty of 100 per cent. on English steel rails. Ten years ago in America steel rails cost $140 a ton; now they are manufactured for $40 per ton, and prices going down, entirely the result of domestic competition. So with certain kinds of cotton, linen, silk, and clocks, and watches, and edge tools, and carpets and implements of all kinds. Foreign manufactured cotton and silk are almost prohibitive, but domestic competition has reduced the cost of these articles almost the cheapest and best in the world, and competing successfully in every neutral market. The silk industry in 15 years has attained under protection in America alone the same position it held in England before free trade knocked it on the head. In one town in New Jersey 15,000 people are employed in the manufacture of silk. These fabrics equal those made in France, and the silk threads are said to be the best in the world."

Astounding Disclosures.

The disclosures made by Mr. Fenner, President of the Sanitary Association, in his communication to the City Council, are startling, and exhibit a degree of official turpitude in the Department of Public Works, which call for prompt and effective action.

Summed up in a few words, it means that all that has been done by the Sanitary Association for years past in the way of cleaning the streets has been rendered abortive by the criminal conduct of a few men who are paid by the city to perform the very duties they neglect so shamefully. Garbage is not only picked over and returned into the city to carry back with it poison and infection, but that portion which cannot be made profitable is dumped direct into the river to poison the water which is drunk by the steamboatmen and mariners who come to our port.

Could anything be worse than this? Could official turpitude proceed to a greater length?

We were aware that street sweepings and garbage were used to fill up lots and streets; but there was the excuse that if this were done it was a mistake of judgment in which criminality did not exist. But not so here. What other element is there in it but criminality? Men are paid to perform a specified duty, and they not only systematically neglect the performance of this duty, but shut their eyes in order that others may do what they are paid to prevent being done.

And now, we ask, what is going to be done about it? Are we to have a prompt investigation and the exemplary punishment of the guilty parties? Or shall we be treated to a long series of concealing which will end in a liberal application of whitewash?

But we would remind those whose duty it is to protect the public against the criminal conduct of officials, that the people are in no temper just now for trifling. The very life of the city is at stake, and every intelligent inhabitant of the corporation is convinced that to hesitate now is to be lost. If the facts as stated are proved, somebody must be accountable, and he will be punished. That is what must be done, and the quicker it is understood the better.—N. O. States.

THE history of the recent riots in Cincinnati is very instructive reading. In brief it is this: The better classes of people met in the great Music Hall to condemn the escape of Berner from the gallows by the connivance and consent of professional jurors. While the meeting was in progress, an impetuous young man cried out, "To the jail!" and the meeting came suddenly to a close, and in an hour thereafter the riots were initiated that lasted for days, cost $500,000 in property and 200 killed and wounded men. The mob in trying in a rough-and-ready way to enforce justice became the victim of its own folly. It illogically tried to mark its disapprobation of the long-continued defiance of law and justice in its Criminal Court by breaking the law, and it suffered the penalty of its crime. Notwithstanding its dreadful sacrifice the murderers it sought to lynch are safe and uninjured.—Memphis Appeal.

Society in England.

Considering the fact that the society of the upper thousand in modern society of the British Kingdom is now in a state of dissolutenss and profligacy that has never been paralleled since the days of the Pare aux Cerfs, public opinion in England is disposed to accord a very free rein to the journalists who seek to portray a true picture of the life led by "the best" people. Blameless vice is no more entitled to concealment because it is the luxury of lords and ladies than political treason would be, for it is social treason.

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TIN, COPPER AND SHEET-IRON WORKER,
Hardware Tinware Stoves!
Pumps, Grates Mantels, Etc. Etc.
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Something the People Need!
FRESH
ROASTED COFFEE,
Roasted Daily in HYDE'S PATENT ROASTER, at my Store
Corner South and Washington Streets.
Price 20 Cts. per Pound!
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IMPORTER AND DEALER IN
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRUGS
White Lead, Linseed Oil, Turpentine, Window Glass, Mixed Paints, Dry and in Oil; Alkastine Whitening and Putty; and the largest and most complete assortment of Patent Medicines and Surgical Instruments in the State. Agent for the celebrated Waukesha Bathesda Water.
Toilet Articles, Perfumery and Hair Brushes—all imported.
No. 125 Washington Street, - - - Vicksburg, Miss.

GEO. W. HUTCHESON, CHAS. A.
G. W. HUTCHESON & CO.
Cotton Factors,
AND WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
Groceries, Liquors and Tobacco
110 and 112 Washington Street,
Vicksburg, - - - - - - Miss.
may4

THE SAW-MILL BOAT
LEE RICHARDSON, JR
IS PREPARED TO SELL
DIMENSION LUMBER
FROM LANDING AT GLASS BAYOU, THIS CITY; also,
Sash, Doors, Blinds, Mouldings, T. and G. Flooring and Ceiling
Orders addressed to the undersigned will be promptly filled.
may4 WM. CURPHEY, Proprietor

GEO. S. IRVING
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN
Staple and Fancy Groceries
WINES, LIQUORS, CIGARS & TOBACCO,
Corner of South and Washington Streets, - - - VICKSBURG, MISS.
I respectfully ask an examination of my stock, which I think will convince all of
I have one of the largest and most assorted to be found.
Fine Teas, Coffee and Choice Butter are Among my Specialties
I GUARANTEE EVERY ARTICLE TO BE AS REPRESENTED,
And desire to give full satisfaction. 1 PACK AND FREE [illegible]

HENRY YOSTE,
Watchmaker and Jeweler
I cordially invite a comparison of Work and Prices, believing mine to be the Best and Cheapest.
ALSO DEALER IN
WATCHES, DIAMONDS AND SILVERWARE
SPECIALTIES IN SPECTACLES.

COMMISSIONER'S SALE.

No. 1632 FANNIE H. QUIGG et al.
vs.
V. and B. E. S. BONELLI.

PURSUANT to the power and authority vested in me by the provisions of a decree made and entered in the above styled and entitled cause, by the Chancery Court of Warren county, Miss., on the 22d day of February, 1884, I will, at or about the hour of 12 o'clock m., on the 19th day of March, 1884, well as the regular term of the Courthouse, in Warren county, Mississippi, at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, that lot or parcel of land described as part of lot 220, square 53 of the original plat of the city of Vicksburg, commencing on the southwest corner of said lot 220, and running thence east 73 feet 9 inches, thence north 49 feet 2 inches, thence west 73 feet 9 inches, thence south 49 feet 2 inches, to the place of beginning; and being situate in Vicksburg, Warren county, Mississippi, for the purpose of partition among the owners.

This, the 26th day of February, 1884.
THEOS. GENELLI,
Special Commissioner.
25-5w

PACIFIC HOUSE
VINCENT IAZZA, Proprietor
Washington St., Vicksburg.
CONVENIENT TO RAILROAD depot, Landing, Post, Telegraph and Express Offices. Rates reasonable. Table supplied with the best the market affords. Patronage respectfully solicited and careful attention given to guests.

NEW CLOTHING & DRY GOODS
L. HARRIS AND D. WEIL
Have formed a copartnership and opened a
CLOTHING
Dry Goods Business
Nos. 207 and 209 WASHINGTON STREET,
VICKSBURG, MISS.

SIGNAL SERVICE REPORT.

STAGE OF RIVERS.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER,
April 7, 2 p.m. Washington time.

The following observations were taken at the same moment of time at all the stations named:

STATIONS.	Above low water.	Changes.	
	feet	In's	Rise In's	Fall In's
Cairo, Ill	43	3	...	15
Chattanooga	8	2	...	8
Davenport, Iowa	31	6	...	2
Dubuque, Iowa	11	2	...	3
Keokuk, Iowa	12	0	...	2
La Crosse	7	6	...	3
Leavenworth	17	11	6	...
Little Rock	8	5	4	...
Louisville	11	2	6	...
Memphis	23	11	0	0
Nashville	10	8	11	...
New Orleans	8	8	10	...
Pittsburg	8	2	...	11
Shreveport	17	9	1	...
St. Louis	26	11	4	...
St. Paul	9	5	...	2
Vicksburg	46	2	...	2
Yankton, D. T	17	0	...	0

Below high water of 1874. *Frozen.

HIGH WATER AT VICKSBURG IN FORMER YEARS

High water '62, above zero, 51 1-10 feet.
High water '67, above zero, 49 feet.
High water '74, above zero, 45 ft. 8 inches
High water '75, above zero, 43 feet.
High water '76, above zero, 44 ft. 10 inches
High water '80, above zero, 43 ft. 2 inches
High water '81, above zero, 41 ft. 10 inches
High water '82, above zero, 48 ft. 9 inches
High water '83, above zero, 43 ft. 10 inches

HIGH WATER OF 1882.

Stations.	Date of Highest Point.	Highest point Reached.
Cairo	Feb. 26, 1882	51 ft. 9 inches
Chattanooga	Jan. 19, 1882	16 ft. 2 inches
Davenport	Feb. 21, 1882	18 ft. 6 inches
Dubuque	Dec. 3, 1881	10 ft. 1 inch
Keokuk	March 9, 1882	17 ft. 3 inches
La Crosse	Nov. 29, 1881	11 ft. 5 inches
Little Rock	Feb. 24, 1882	21 ft. 6 inches
Louisville	Feb. 22, 1882	24 ft. 2 inches
Memphis	March 6, 1882	36 ft. 0 inches
Nashville	Jan. 22, 1882	54 ft. 7 inches
New Orleans	March 27, 1882	19 ft. 2 inches
St. Louis	Feb. 22, 1882	28 ft. 3 inches
Vicksburg	March 20, 1882	48 ft. 9 inches

Below high water of 1874.

THE RIVER.

ARRIVED.

City of St. Louis, from New Orleans.
City of Yazoo, from New Orleans.
City of New Orleans, from St. Louis.
Headlight, from Sunflower.
Bentuary and barge, from Lake Washington.
Bew Drop, from Deer Creek.
W. F. Thompson, from Grand Lake.

DEPARTED.

City of Cairo, for St. Louis.
Issaquena, for Greenville.
City of St. Louis, for St. Louis.
Gen. Barnard, for St. Louis.
Deer Creek, for Big Deer Creek.
City of New Orleans, for New Orleans.

BOATS DUE TO-DAY.

Golden Rule, N. O. to Cincinnati.
City of Helena, St. Louis to Vicksburg.
Thompson Dean, Cairo to St. Louis.
J. T. Walton and tow, Ohio river to N. O.
John F. Halpin, Davis Bend to V'burg.
Capt. Miller, Natchez to Vicksburg.
Mattie Bell, with rations, from St. Louis

BOATS LEAVING TO-DAY.

For New Orleans—City of Yazoo, 5 p.m.
For Little Deer Creek—Ike Bonham, 5 p.m.
For Tallahatchie—E. C. Carroll, Jr., 5 pm
For Cincinnati—Golden Crown, 9 p.m
For Little Deer Creek—New Drop, 5 p.m.

BOATS DUE TO-MORROW.

Issaquena, Greenville to Vicksburg.

BOATS LEAVING TO-MORROW.

For Natchez—Capt. Miller, 9:30 a.m.
For Lake Washington—Tributary and No. 3 p.m.
For Sunflower—Headlight, 4 p.m.
For Grand Lake—W. P. Thompson, 4 pm

NOTES.

Business quiet.
Bright and cool.
Three boats leaving to-day.
River has fallen 1¾ inches in the last 24 hours.
There were seven arrivals and seven departures yesterday.
Len Moon, pilot on tow boat Iron Duke, is sick at the Pacific House with pneumonia.
The Dew Drop is receiving to-day for Little Deer Creek and will leave promptly at 5 o'clock.
All Anchor Line boats will be supplied with Harden's hand grenade for extinguishing fires.
Many points on Steele's Bayou that were under water last week are now out with a two foot bank.
Capt. W. S. Jones, Superintendent Citizens Wharfboat, arrived from New Orleans this morning.
The Anchor Line steamer City of St. Louis, passed to St. Louis at 3 o'clock yesterday evening without landing.
The towboat Charley Bowen and tow left Memphis early Saturday morning after dropping two barges of ice. The through Anchor Line steamer City of New Orleans, passed down for New Orleans last night with a big trip.
The Jno. F. Halpin is due to-day from Davis Bend, and will leave for that point and all way landings Thursday morning at 10 a.m.
The fast and famous Golden Crown, advertised to pass up for the Ohio at 9 o'clock to-night. See Captain Jones wharfboat about freight and passage.
Capt. Sharp, of Cairo, Capt. Sharp Lightfoot left at 11 a.m. for Helena, Arkansas City, Memphis, Cairo, St. Louis, and Cincinnati.
Mr. Fosberry (Ohio) Telegraph says Representative Matthews, of Collin County, has secured the passage of a bill making it a felony to stone or shoot a mocking bird.
The Headlight, Capt. Geo. W. Bookwalter, reported hourly from the Sunflower on a good trip. She reported at 4 p.m. going at Vicksburg, the head navigation. Vicksburg has been with-

drawn from the Vicksburg trade and placed in the St. Louis and New Orleans trade. The Commonwealth takes the Vicksburg's place. The Vicksburg retains her present crew with the exception of pilots Ashby and Gray who will come out on the Commonwealth.
The City of Helena, Capt. John T. Mocord, is due from St. Louis and is the Thursday Anchor Line leaving at 11 a.m. See Eugene Platt in regard to business.
The P Line steamer Deer Creek, Capt. Chas. Pare, left at noon to-day for Big Deer Creek, going as high as Cletonia. She has engagements for big return trip.
The City of Yazoo in place of the Natchez was due last night, but had not arrived at noon to-day. She left New Orleans with a big trip and has as much in sight here as she can carry.
The U. S. mail and passenger P. Line packet E. C. Carroll, Jr., is receiving at the wharfboat to-day, and will leave at 5 p.m. sharp for Sharkeys, going through Tchula Lake. Tom Smith master, and Frank Beck, Jr., Clerk.
The Tributary and barge, Capt. J. I. Mulholland, arrived from Lake Washington yesterday with 60 bales of cotton and 2,590 sack of seed for New Orleans. She returns to-morrow evening at 3 o'clock. Shippers are requested to send freight down early.
The W. P. Thompson arrived yesterday evening from Grand Lake, with a number of people. She will receive to-morrow and leave promptly at 4 p.m., M. D. Nelon master, and Charles Davidson clerk. Her accommodations are first-class, and rates reasonable.
The elegant and popular Greenville and bend packet Issaquena, Capt. H. C. Marionneaux in command, left on time yesterday evening with a good trip of freight and a large number of cabin passengers. This little boat is business from the word go, and up in the Bends the people say she is like a railroad train in regularity of time. They know exactly to the minute when to look for her. Her accommodations are also in perfect accord with all her other fine points.

THE CITY FATHERS.

Hold a Meeting Brim-full of Business.

The Board of Mayor and Aldermen held a meeting at City Hall yesterday evening. Present—Mayor Bigchett, Clerk Trowbridge, City Attorney Gilland, and every member of the Board. The minutes of the Board were read and approved.

Stationery was allowed for Marshal's office.

A petition from the City Physician for sanitary work was referred to the Health Committee.

Five dollars worth of postage stamps for the use of the Mayor and City Clerk was allowed.

Sheriff Beck reported that he had received $805.57 from the sale of city property for delinquent taxes. Report received and filed.

A number of petitions for reduction of license taxes were received, and Mr. J. M. Gibson appeared before the Board and made a lengthy argument setting forth the injustice of the apportionment. The ordinance containing the apportionment was referred back to the Ordinance Committee for a general revision.

Major L. W. Magruder, Chairman of the Hospital Board, and Dr. S. D. Robbins, Hospital Physician, appeared before the Board and stated that some improvements were badly needed by the Hospital. The sum of $450 was appropriated with which to place baths, water closets, etc., in the various wards. The city will also repair the roof, which, it is thought, can be done for $150 or $200.

The monthly report of the City Marshal was read and received. Fines imposed during March amounted to $965.75, of which $240.50 had been collected in cash, $639.50 worked out and $85.75 remitted.

The report of the Wharf and Harbor Master shows collections due the city $781.50.

Market Master reported having received $43.40 during March.

The City Sexton reported having received $25.00.

The City Assessor and Collector reported having collected during March $4,733.21.

The City Treasurer reported receipts for March $12,844.68. The sum of $12,399.52 had been expended, leaving a balance of $450.16 in the treasury.

A bill of $3 for services rendered a city prisoner by Dr. Sanche was referred to the Committee on Claims.

A dozen hose protectors, (an appliance to prevent vehicles from running over fire hose when in use on the streets) were ordered for the Fire Department.

Property owners on Monroe street from Clay to Yazoo petitioned that the grade of said street be established. The petition was referred to the Street Committee.

A petition from Dr. Bowmar in regard to the assessment of four lots in the Castle Hill survey was referred to the Committee on Claims.

A petition with a long list of signers asking that the city magazine be removed from the Hospital grounds was read and referred to the Hospital Committee.

A bill of $30, for injuries to property by the Fire Department, presented by John Barry, was referred to the Fire Committee.

A petition asking that Cherry street be graveled was presented. The Mayor was instructed to advertise for bids for the work.

A petition from Joe Goldberg for a position on the Police force, was referred to the Police Committee; as was also a petition of officer Jerry McKenna asking for pay during the time he was suspended.

A report of the expert S. Q. Klein, who had examined the city books, was read and received. All discrepancies discovered had been remedied.

On motion of Alderman Polk it was resolved that the Chain-gang-guard be required to work ten hours per day.

The Chain-gang-guard was reduced to three men.

A resolution was adopted that speeches by the members be limited to five minutes, and that but one speech be allowed on any subject, except the member who makes any motion may speak in making it and also in reply.

A resolution that some kind of employment be found for the females in the Work-house was passed.

The following bills were allowed:

Dan Phelan	$ 6 00
W. O. Worrell	12 63
Jno. Sexton	31 25
H. B. Bruser	30 10
Geo. H. Dorsey	5 40
Commercial-Herald	211 70
J. D. Turner, agent	26 00
Jacob Shlenker	200 00
J. J. Bresnan & Bro	3 25
J. W. Short	9 75
Dan Phelan	5 00
Mattingly, Sou & Co	38 00
P. Keefe & Co	64 75
Bonelli Bros	138 50
Employees City Hospital	125 00
E. H. Gray	50 00
A. Formowski	75 80
Jno. J. McGuire	14 40
C. C. Reynolds & Co	4 25
Bonelli Bros	1 20
C. Ehrman	3 00
J. F. Baum & Co	3 00
W. L. Polk	6 00
Beresford & Morgan	90 75
Baer Brothers	157 70
Jerome Roge	2 50
H. B. Bruser	18 15
C. A. Abby	12 00
H. C. Canada	6 50
Julia Canada	21 50
Mrs. M. Lawrence	100 00
Wm. Murray	11 25
Daniel Phelan	5 25
M. Loewenberg & Co	165 00
A. A. Trescott	84 50
Beck & Bro	2 00
Wm. Murray	2 25
Vicksburg Gaslight Company	870 00
Geo. W. Hutcheson & Co	2 40
John Groome, board of prisoners	422 95
J. Q. Arnold	144 00
Beck & Bro	1 50
Wm. Murray	2 25
Vicksburg Gaslight Company	870 00
Geo. W. Hutcheson & Co	2 40
John Groome, board of prisoners	422 95
J. Q. Arnold	144 00
Beck & Bro	1 50
M. T. Fredericks	1 50
S. Q. Kline	200 00
Baptist Church	12 50
W. L. Trowbridge	1 60
H. C. Trowbridge	1 00
Frank G. Feree	1 50
Postmaster	2 25
J. J. Mulligan	5 50
Telephone Company	24 80
Telephone Company	39 75
Telephone Company	24 80
Telephone Company	24 80
Telephone Company	24 52
Dr. W. T. Balfour	75 00
Dr. W. T. Balfour	75 00
Charles Greenwich	100 00
Charles Green	20 00
John Sexton	40 00
John Sexton	40 00

On motion the Board adjourned.

The Cause of Colds.

No man can freeze himself into a catarrh. In cold weather the hospitals of our Northern cities sometimes receive patients with hands and feet frozen, with frozen blind ears, and frost sore eyes, but without a trace of a catarrhal affection. Duck hunters may wade all day in a frozen swamp, without affecting the functions of their respiratory organs. Ice-cutters not rarely come in for an involuntary plunge bath, and are obliged to let their clothes dry upon their backs; it may result in a bowel complaint but no catarrh. Prolonged exposure to a cold storm may in rare cases produce a true pleural fever, a very troublesome affection, but as different from a "cold" as a carbuncle from a toothache—the upper air passages remain unaffected. Sudden transition from heat to cold does not change the result. In winter the puddlers of a rolling mill have often to pass ten times an hour from the immediate neighborhood of a furnace to the chill draft of the open air; their skin becomes as coarse as an armadillo's, their hair becomes grizzly or lead color, but no catarrh. On my last visit to Mexico I ascended to the peak of Orizaba from the South side, and reached the crater bathed in perspiration; and, following the guide across the northwest slope, we were for ten minutes exposed to an ice storm that swept the summit in gusts of fitful fury. Two of my companions, a boy of sixteen and an old army surgeon, were not used to mountain climbing, and could hardly walk when we got back to our camp in the foot hills, but our lungs were none the worse for the venture. Dr. Franklin, who, like Baker and Goethe, had the gift of anticipative intuition, seems to have suspected the mistake of the cold air fallacy. "I shall not attempt to explain," says he, why damp clothes occasion colds rather than wet ones, because it is the fact; I believe that neither the one nor the other contributes to this effect, and that the cause of colds are totally independent of wet, and even of cold."—Popular Science Monthly.

THE editor of the Kosciusko Star gives the faith that is in him in a series of objections to the railroad supervision law. Some time ago the Star had supervision dead and buried, but it has come back to haunt its author, and Mr. Banquo's ghost, it will not down at his bidding. So, our anxious brother, you will have to "grin and bear it."—Williamson's Watchman.

On no, we favor supervision in a certain form. It was the Williamson bill we buried, and it is so dead that nothing more than its ghost is ever likely to trouble its author; and he failed to notice any gentleman by the name of Banquo in the Legislature. Can it be that it is Ingle's pet name?—Kosciusko Star.

"THE only good which seems likely to flow from the passage of the trade dollar bill is that it has aroused the country to a realization of the danger arising from the coinage of needless silver dollars. From every quarter protests are heard. Yesterday the produce exchange of this city adopted resolutions declaring that serious commercial disturbance threatened the United States as long as the coinage law of 1878 was in force; that the people were not prepared to recieve into circulation a large amount of silver dollars of uncertain value. The produce and stock exchanges of this city are certainly better fitted to give an opinion on such a subject than the owners of silver mines, and yet they seem to have much less influence with certain members of congress. The attitude of the present house is amazing as it is dangerous."—New York Tribune.

THE most cultivated American in his foreign travels longs to be at home again. Every nationality seems to find good over here save the English. They lack vision and Catholic instincts.—Pittsburg Chronicle-Telegraph.

NORTHERN capitalists are buying up the pine lands of Eastern Texas. As the forests of the North disappear, new sources of supply are being sought.

STEAMBOATS.

ANCHOR LINE.
For Memphis, Cairo and St. Louis.
THE U. S. MAIL STEAMER
CITY OF HELENA,
JNO. T. MCCORD.....Master
ROLLA PORTER.....Clerk.
Leaves for St. Louis THURSDAY, the 10th of April at 11 a.m., connecting at Arkansas City with the Arkansas City Railroad for Pine Bluff, Little Rock, Hot Springs, upper Arkansas river, Fort Smith, and the Indian Territory. Careful attention to way and plantation business. For freight or passage apply on board or to
E. C. CARROLL,
Superintendent Elevator Company.
W. S. JONES,
Superintendent Wharfboat Company.
EUGENE PLATT,
Freight and Passenger Agent.
my4

PARISOT LINE.
CARRYING THE U. S. MAILS.
For Yazoo River.
Steamers will leave as follows:
For Belzoni and Greenwood every FRIDAY at 5 p.m. For upper Yazoo and Tallahatchie every TUESDAY at 5 p.m., going through Tchula lake.
E. C. CARROLL, Superintendent.
W. S. JONES, Agent. ja19

SARGENT'S LINE.
Warrenton, Newton & Point Pleasant
Steamer JOHN F. HALPIN,
W. H. Sargent.....Master
L. H. Sargent, Jr.....Clerk
Will leave Vicksburg promptly every MONDAY and THURSDAY, at 10 o'clock for all Davis Bend landings. A connecting with the Parisot and Anchor Line steamers, and with the Vicksburg & Meridian and L. N. & T. Railroad at Vicksburg. Patronage respectfully solicited from the Vicksburg merchants.
W. S JONES, Agent.
nov1

Regular Vicksbur

CHEAP COLUMN.

LOST.

LOST—On April 2d, on Cherry, Crawford or Walnut street, a point lace handkerchief. The finder will be liberally rewarded by returning it to this office. 4-5

WANTED.

WANTED.—SCHOOLS! TEACHERS!! Schools in need of competent teachers, and teachers in search of situations should address the Central Educational Bureau, R. K. JAYNE, Secretary, ap2 Jackson, Miss.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Brown, Leghorn Eggs for hatching. Fresh and pure. ap7-1w At H. H. KAIN'S.

FOR SALE—New Cottage in good neighborhood, containing 3 rooms with hall and gallery, kitchen, stable and garden. Lot 150x150 feet, all under new fence. Apply at this office. m25

FOR SALE.—A cottage residence on East avenue, containing four rooms 18x20, hall 12 feet, kitchen, fine cistern and fine orchard; lot 64x132 feet. Apply to R. P. WILSON, on premises. m28

FOR SALE—The LOT on the north-east corner of Cherry and Grove sts. Apply to THOMAS MOUNT. mh19

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Two large Rooms, kitchen, outhouses, good yard and cistern. Apply at this office. ap3-1w

FOR RENT—Nice house with three rooms, kitchen, good cistern and yard; possession given April 6th Apply to JOS. SPENGLER, Cherry street crossing. m31-1w

FOL SALE OR RENT—60 Acres good land, one and a half miles from town, with plenty of wood and water. Apply at this office, or to R. P. WILSON, Vicksburg, Miss. m24-2w

FOR RENT—Three rooms and a small kitchen. Large yard and good cistern. Twelve dollars per month. Apply at this office.

THE SATISFACTION

Of sitting under one's own vine and fig tree pays the largest dividend of any investment. It is the best kind of life insurance we know of, medicine in sickness. It enables a man to die easier, and rolls death of one of the principal terrors to know that the loved ones we must leave behind us have a roof of their own over their heads which cannot be taken from them.

If you cannot buy a house and lot, you can at least make a commencement by investing $25 in a lot in Speck's Addition, and pay the balance in $5 monthly installments. No better opportunity to buy a home or to make a safe investment in Vicksburg is likely to occur than that now presented by the unprecedented terms upon which these lots are sold. sep1

LOCAL ITEMS.

MR. L. MICHAEL, of Chicago, is visiting friends in this city.

The Constitution Fire Company meets this evening at 8 o'clock.

A WHITE man named Martin Murray died at the city hospital this morning

REMEMBER Madame Ferguson's grand Spring Opening of Millinery Goods next Thursday.

MISS NETTIE OCHS, of Cincinnati, is visiting in this city a few days, the guest of the Misses Bazsinsky.

MESSRS. E. KLAUS, Miss. J. Kaufman, New Orleans, and W. H. Teat, Meridian, are at the Pacific House.

JAS. D. SMITH, Arcola; Will H. Lyon Louisville; Chas. E. Fogarty, New York, are at the Lamadrid to-day.

PARTIES contemplating purchasing Easter Souvenirs should call early at Baum's as they are going rapidly.

MR. HYMAN MARKS, one of the leading merchants of Marksville, is spending the holidays with his sister, Mrs. I. Lowenthal.

SHIPPERS should not forget that the Tributary will leave at 3 o'clock to-morrow afternoon for Lake Washington and Lake Lafayette.

SUPERINTENDENT JACKSON, of the Telephone Exchange, leaves for New Orleans on the 8 o'clock train to-night, on a business trip.

CAPT. W. S. JONES, the efficient Superintendent of the Vicksburg Wharfboat, returned this morning from a short visit to New Orleans.

SOME reckless person, have recently been committing depredations on the upper part of Washington street by removing gates, etc. The police should look after them.

A COLORED man named Frank Hilling was committed to jail by the Mayor yesterday in default of $500 bond. He is charged with having robbed a man on the John W. Cannon of $85.

THE fashion editor paid a visit to Arthur Jacob's millinery department to-day and took a look through the fine stock of ladies Spring headgear to be seen there. If you want to see a "love of a bonnet" just call at Mr. Jacob's emporium, and you can have a view of one of the finest assortments of the kind in the city.

WE are much pleased to note that our enterprising young merchant, the Fox, is doing an immense wholesale trade. He is selling most of four own merchants here. He buys from first hands, and therefore can sell to suit the times. In the last few days we have noticed big shipments from this young man. He is one of our youngest merchants, and we say give him a call and try what he can do.

MR. A. WARNER arrived by this morning's train after a protracted visit to New York. Mr. Warner's long stay in the metropolis was occasioned by the immense stock of goods he has been compelled to buy this season to meet the increased trade of his firm. Warner & Searles are "at the top" of the clothing business in Vicksburg, and those in want of anything extra nice, neat, fine, substantial and fashionable, will always give them a trial.

THAT member of the "corps" who presides over the river column of our Crawford street exchange, does his full share towards sustaining that paper's reputation for unreliability. However easy it may be to explain to a printer that it was caused by a mistake in the "make-up," the traveling public will be sure to note that the Commercial-herald is not to be relied on for river news. In plain English it says this morning that the City of Cairo leaves for St. Louis at 11 o'clock to-morrow, while on the contrary she left for that city this morning, "head up and tail over the dash." Those who depended on the Commercial-herald and laid over until to-morrow waiting for her to depart got badly left. What's wrong with the "corps" anyway?

For Lake Washington.

The steamer Tributary and barge will leave to-morrow (Wednesday) evening, at 3 o'clock, for Lake Washington. Send your freight down in time. 4-8

Mr. Wm. Jackson,

Superintendent of the Vicksburg Telephone Exchange, leaves to-night for a short visit to New Orleans. He will be accompanied by his wife and child. Mrs. Jackson goes to visit her parents, who reside in the Crescent City, and will probably remain a few weeks.

Mr. Jackson will probably be absent three or four days. We trust his stay will not be longer, as under his admirable management the Telephone Exchange has been an indispensable convenience to our business men. The only time there has been any disarrangement of the Telephone service here, was during the cold snap of a few months ago, when the wires were broken like brittle glass. Even then, Mr. Jackson could be seen on the icy housetops putting the wires in order and repairing damages.

Mr. Jackson and family will make their journey by way of Meridian and the Northeastern line.

GRAND MILLINERY OPENing to-morrow, Tuesday and Wednesday, at

ap7 ARTHUR JACOB'S.

The D. W. Flowerree Ice Company.

See the card of the above Company elsewhere in our paper. Col. C. C. Flowerree is President and Manager of this extensive ice factory, which, in our opinion, is as big a recommendation as it requires. He is THE ice man of this section. See prices as given in the card.

MR. DAMON TURLEY,

lately with Baer Bros., is again connected with the large Dry Goods house of ARTHUR JACOB, where he will be pleased to see his many friends and customers. ap4

Fire Bugs.

Only a few weeks ago the Emanuel property, occupied by Maj. Jas. Searles, was partially destroyed by fire, and circumstances plainly pointed to incendiarism as the cause. Last night another attempt was made to burn the house, a pile of planks being placed against the building and ignited. The blaze was discovered and extinguished by Officers Carrington and Buckner, before it had done any damage, and without calling on the department. If the would-be incendiary or incendiaries are caught, they will have a tough time.

Don't fail to visit the Grand Millinery Opening to-morrow at

ap7 ARTHUR JACOB'S.

Shot and Wounded While Resisting Arrest.

Late last night Capt. Newt Stevenson, of the night police, arrested a colored man named Henry Hogan, supposed to be a steamboat sneak thief, and was proceeding with him to the Work-house, when the prisoner assaulted the officer knocking him down and kicking him, whereupon Capt. Stevenson fired at him. The ball entered the negro's leg just below the knee, inflicting a painful but not dangerous wound. The negro was taken to the Work-house, where he is at present confined.

Harness Oil.

Fine Harness Oil Blacking, $1.50 per gallon. Preserves and saves your harness, leather, etc.; at HARDAWAY & CASSELL'S Drugstore.

ap2

After Five Years.

On Christmas day 1878 Thos. Murray, white, killed Jerry Ellis, colored, on a rak on Steele's Bayou. Not until yesterday was the murderer arrested, and he is now confined in the county bastile. His preliminary examination will be held on the 17th. ap4

The Coming Concert.

The programme for the concert for the 15th and 16th to be soon completed, and the first rehearsal was had last night. Some fine music may be looked for, as the participants have been selected from the best and most popular amateurs of our city.

Every lady visiting ARTHUR JACOB'S Grand Millinery Opening to-morrow will be presented with a handsome souvenir. ap7

W. L. CAMPBELL, the Republican nominee for Mayor of Youngstown, Ohio, who has been blind since he was 5 years of age, was graduated from Harvard law school, is a fine organist, successful chess player, and edited a daily newspaper for many years.

Miss Corinne Moore.

Below we print the cast of the opera to be given in Cincinnati on the 17th of this month in which Miss Corinne Moore will appear. The Orphens Society which comprise the chorus is a very fine society.

Mlle. Clara Bernetta, although a Cincinnati lady, has sung in Europe where she made a very favorable impression. Mr. T. J. Sullivan is known in musical circles as a remarkably splendid and popular singer. The other soloists, with the exception of Miss Corinne Moore, are unknown to us, but the fact that they have been selected to sing on such a distinguished occasion is ample evidence of their superior qualifications. That Miss Moore will render a brilliant account of herself we have not the slightest doubt.

We expressed the following opinion in regard to Miss Moore's music, upon the occasion of the concert tendered her in this city last November, a short time prior to her departure for Cincinnati.

[Evening Post, Nov. 17th.]

Miss Moore seems perfectly at home upon the stage, and knows all her pieces well. She gives every evidence of a splendid musical mind, and one can see in the glance of her brilliant black eye that with her there is no such word as fail, and we prophesy that she will some day in the not far distant future be among singers, as "the most resplendent Jewel of the Imperial Crown."

Robinson's Opera-house, Thursday evening, April 17, 1884. Cincinnati Opera, Cincinnati Composer, Cincinnati Librettist, Cincinnati Soloists, Cincinnati Chorus, Cincinnati Orchestra. First public performance of Harvest Home, (Sichelhanen.) Lyric opera in three acts. Music by A. Nembach; Text by L. Roescher.

CAST.—Schrot, Mr. T. L. Sullivan; Korn, Mr. Adolph Fuhrman; Beadle, Prof. J. F. Rudolphsen; William, Mr. Emil Benjamin; Anton, Mr. Victor H. Lindau; Anna, M'lle Clara Bernetta; Gertrude, Miss Corinne Moore; Chorus, the Entire Orpheus Society; Conductor, Prof. A. Nembach.

For Lake Washington.

The steamer Tributary and barge will leave to-morrow (Wednesday) evening, at 3 o'clock, for Lake Washington. Send your freight down in time. 4-8

The Supervisors.

A meeting of the Board of Supervisors was held yesterday at the Courthouse, with President A. H. Arthur, H. M. Goff, H. R. Jones and W. B. Mills present.

The following bills incurred during the month of April were allowed:

W. J. Fletcher	$215 00
Mattingly, Son & Co	43 75
H. T. Moore, salary	31 61
Louis Hoffman	2 00
Thomas & Belle	85 00
J. L. Brooks	24 00
J. F. Baum & Co	30 20
J. P. Patterson, salary, etc	168 55
James Dixon	7 00
Cornelius McCray	7 00
Vincent Johnson	7 00
Vicksburg Post	99 00
Charles Missouri	7 00
S. Spengler	7 00
J. M. Batchelor	25 00
J. H. Spratty & Bro	125 00
T. C. Belford	45 00
R. Harts	9 00
C. Foster	10 00
J. W. Jackson	10 00

The Board met again at one o'clock to-day, but up to our going to press have done little more than debate on the allowance of a number of bills continued from last session.

For Lake Washington.

The steamer Tributary and barge will leave to-morrow (Wednesday) evening, at 3 o'clock, for Lake Washington. Send your freight down in time. 4-8

Miss Clara Barton.

Miss Clara Barton, of Washington, D. C., President of the National Red Cross Association, registered at the Southern Hotel in St. Louis last week, where she passed the day in receiving callers and making preparations for a trip down the Mississippi. She is accompanied by the following members of her party: J. B. Hubbell and John Haty, her agents, also from Washington, and by Mrs. De Bowles and Miss Lee, of Evansville, Ind. A St. Louis reporter, after sending up his card, was received by Miss Barton at her room, where, though seemingly immersed in business, she freely imparted such information as was desired.

Her appearance corresponded with the ideal that might be formed of a woman whose fame as a philanthropist is known to all civilized nations. During the war she had control of steamboats, which were placed under her direction in the distribution of sanitary supplies among the wounded soldiers and prisoners of war. Gen. Beckwith, who was ordered by the Secretary of War to repair to Cincinnati and superintend the distribution of supplies during the recent floods, had frequent interviews with Miss Barton, and spoke of her in high terms. He said she was a great woman. Though her organization she had control of any amount of means. A word from her would bring $100,000. Through her unselfish devotion in the cause of suffering humanity her name will go down with the Elizabeth Freys, Florence Nightingales, and the other heroines of her sex.

Indian Remedies.

FOR A COUGH.—Take the inside bark of a scaly bark hickory tree, put to soke in water, drink the water and it will cure the worst of coughs.

FOR A BURN.—Cut open a ripe pumpkin, take out the seeds and apply to the burned or scalded limb or part of the human body, and it will take out the soarness almost instantly.

The above remedies were given to us for publication, by a friend, who obtained them from an Indian. We do not know that they have ever been published before, and give them out for what they are worth.—State Ledger.

New styles and new fashions will be exhibited to-morrow at ARTHUR JACOB'S, at prices to suit everybody's purse. ap7

Diversified Agriculture in the South.

If a wide diversity of manufactures is one of the most essential factors in the continued development of the industrial interests of the South, as we so plainly pointed out not long since, how much more important is it that agriculture—the basis of all prosperity—should also be widely diversified. All history teaches that complete reliance upon any one crop year after, whether that crop be cotton, grain, tobacco, or anything else, will eventually result in great disaster to the majority of those who are engaged in the business, although there may here and there a man who meets with great pecuniary success.

In the South we find the great bulk of farmers giving all their attention to cotton raising and buying their bread stuffs and provisions from the West. Those who are doing this are, with few exceptions, steadily growing poorer, and each year finds them more deeply in debt. The South is now paying to the West an average of $15,000,000 a year for foodstuffs, a drain that is so surprisingly large that we may well wonder how the South has ever borne it. Now there is no valid reason why the South, with proper agricultural methods, should not be able to fully supply its needs for foodstuffs, and that too without any material increase upon the present cultivated area in that section. Instead of 16,000,000 acres of land in cotton, producing on an average only 6,000,000 bales of cotton, or three-eighths of a bale to an acre, it would be far better if not more than 10,000,000 or 12,000,000 acres were put in cotton, and that thoroughly cultivated, could readily be made to produce fully as large crops as are now gathered.

Intensive farming is the hope of cotton planters. While there are, of course, some sections of the South not well adapted to the production of wheat and corn, it is undoubtedly true that in a large portion of that section small grains, as well as provisions, can be raised far more cheaply than they can be purchased, even for cash. And when it is remembered that Southern planters buy their supplies almost wholly on time, at 50 per cent., on an average, over what they could be purchased for if cash were paid, the disadvantage under which planters labor is made all the more apparent. On a cash basis diversified farming in the South offers great inducements, and the profits we feel sure, are equally as satisfactory as in the most favored localities in the West."—Baltimore Mamufacture's Record.

SUITS TO ORDER,

Ranging from $15, $17.50, $21.50, $25, $30 up to $50. Any gentleman can be pleased in style and fit at 183 Washington street. E. D. Bickley is the man to fit the head, body and pocket of our New South.

WANAMAKER & BROWN,
m26 E. D. BICKLEY, Agent.

THE militia regiments concentrated at Cincinnati during the riots are marching home again, leaving behind a sad record of ungoverned passion and lawless precipitancy at both sides—the peace violators as well as the supposed peace preservers and vindicators. Business in the city is being resumed. Some valuable public records are being recovered from the ruins of the burned Court House. The Grand Jury, it is said, will at once take action against the parties known to have been implicated in the outrages. All right; though it would be better perhaps to let the matter drop, unless guilty originators of the riots could be made amenable. There is no power to bring back the dead to life, to restore the maimed to activity, and hardly any to redeem the lost character of a great city.—New York Star.

BUTTER!

20 Small Tubs Choice, suitable for Families, received this day. [m12] **WARE & NORTH.**

ONE of the lessons taught by the Cincinnati riot is that the time has arrived when the custom of excusing respectable citizens from jury duty must cease. There are always plenty of worthless people hanging around the court houses, anxious to get on the juries for the sake of the pay that is in this "branch of industry," and they have generally found employment in the indulgence of Judges in excusing better men.—Aberdeen Examiner.

TO CONSUMERS.

Remember, there are seven different styles and quality of "Commodore Parisot" Cigars. W. E. BECK, Sole Proprietor jl6

A YEAR ago it seemed tolerably certain that the Democrats would elect the next President of the United States. The prospect was good—so good that it did not appear to need any improvement. And yet the people had never then heard of the Morrison bill. Even in politics it is frequently wise to let well enough alone.—New York Sun.

THE great riot of last Saturday in Cincinnati had its predecessor in that city somewhere in the 40s, the bank riot it was called, when the mob spirit was aroused by the failure of some great place of deposit, and the people arose in fury and destroyed a number of the leading banks.—Aberdeen Examiner.

Fallacy of Free Trade Doctrines.

The college professors insist that free trade is unscientific. But the lords of English commerce treat it as a purely practical question. The Pall Mall Gazette says: "The only chance for the declining industries of England is America adopting free trade." The late Mr. McDonald

MANY of the Democrats declare that the Government has no right to take away the people's money, but for some reason never explained, the gentlemen are always willing to accept the people's money. The ghost of State's rights is sacred until it interferes with individual gain.—Arkansaw Traveler.

"OHIO used to be considered a State entitled to congratulations, but it seems to be now rather a subject for condolence. Between floods in her rivers, Kelfer in Congress, and mobs at Cincinnati, her lot is not a happy one."—Washington Star.

THE Columbus Dispatch has a correspondent in Congressman Flower's Literary Bureau, who manufactures sheet-iron thunder for the Flower boom, but the boomer is very tame, and the boom is sickly.—Port Gibson Reveille.

R. F. BECK, President, THOS. MOUNT, Vice-President
JNO. F. HALPIN, Secretary. W. O. WORRELL, Treasurer.

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Fully Secured by Mortgages on Real Estate.

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The ten shares in eight years will have cost 960
Making a profit, on an investment averaging four years, of $740
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Persons having small amounts monthly to spare, say from $1 to $15, cannot do better than invest in this stock.

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Property owners will increase the value of their property by subscribing to its stock, for it loans its funds to actual builders, and every new house built increases the value of property in its neighborhood.

Persons of moderate means who desire to build houses can borrow the money from the Association and pay it back in

MONTHLY PAYMENTS

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THE acme of human happiness—to be a Railroad Commissioner drawing salary and enjoined from earning it. Look out!—State Ledger.

THE State Medical Association has said that its members must not make patent medicines unless they expect to forfeit their membership.

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The Most Perfect Made.

A PURE FRUIT ACID BAKING POWDER.

There is none stronger. None so pure and wholesome. Contains no Alum or Ammonia.

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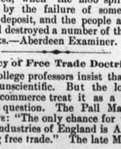
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FRUIT AND ORNAMENTAL

TREES



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—BY—

LOUIS HOFFMAN,

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jan18

The Vicksburg Evening Post.

VOLUME II. VICKSBURG, MISSISSIPPI, WEDNESDAY, APRIL 9, 1884. NUMBER 86.

VICKSBURG BANK.

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C. KUYKENDALL, Vice-Pres.
JAMES P. ROACH, Cashier. Incorporated Mar. 4, 1878.

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AGENTS FOR HUMPHREY'S HOMŒOPATHIC MEDICINES. ja4

T. C. CATCHINGS, Attorney-General of Mississippi. | MARYE DABNEY, late of Edwards, Miss.

CATCHINGS & DABNEY,

Attorneys-at-Law

VICKSBURG, MISS.

PERSONAL attention will be given to all business entrusted to them in Warren and Hinds counties, and in the Supreme and Federal Courts at Jackson. mh16-1m

J. S. MORRIS,

Attorney-at-Law

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WILL practice in the various Courts of Warren, Claiborne, Jefferson and Hinds counties, and in the Federal and Supreme Courts at Jackson. m26

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English broad toe gaiters, $2.50; London toe, imitation buttoned gaiters, $2.75; Plain box gaiters, $3.00; imitation laced, London toe gaiters, $2.50; ladies' kid buttoned $3.25, cheap at $4.75; ladies' front laced kid, $2.75, cheap at $4.00; boys' buttoned gaiters, $2.50, cheap at $3.50; youths' buttoned gaiters, double tipped, $2.00, cheap at $3.25.

The chief pride of this house is the superior character of its custom-made work. All orders promptly and carefully attended to. Send for catalogue. 3-15

TO CONSUMERS.

Remember, there are seven different styles and quality of "Commodore Parisot" Cigars. W. E. BECK, Sole Proprietor jl6

THE poor man's gout is quite as painful as that which the rich man brings upon him self; but does not remind him of jolly times like the other man's gout.

SINCE it was born the Philadelphia Bulletin has seen nothing to equal the fashionable society of the day, which, it says, is divided between the dudes and nudes.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

[Special to THE EVENING POST.]

MARKET REPORTS.

LIVERPOOL, April 9.—Spots: Uplands 6¼d; Orleans 6¾d. Market firm.

NEW YORK, April 9, noon.—Spots weak. Middling, 11¼. Futures, firm.

NEW ORLEANS, April 9, noon.—Cotton weak. Middling, 11 5-16.

ST. LOUIS, April 9.—Clear ribs, 8.50; Lard, 8.20; Pork, $16.50.

The Wilson Syndicate Buys Another Railroad.

MEMPHIS, April 9.—The Wilson Syndicate yesterday bought a controlling interest in the Mississippi & Tennessee Railroad, paying three hundred thousand dollars therefor.

Condition of the Rivers.

NEW ORLEANS, April 8.—The lower Missouri river will rise slowly. The Mississippi will fall except near Helena, where it will rise slightly.

New Orleans River Report.

NEW ORLEANS, April 9.—The weather is clear and delightful.

Business is dull.

Arrivals: W. W. O'Neil and tow from Pittsburg; Mary Houston, from Cincinnati; City of New Orleans, from St. Louis.

Leaving this evening: John A. Scudder, for St. Louis; Golden Rule, for Cincinnati; O'Neil, for Pittsburg.

Memphis River Report.

MEMPHIS, TENN., April 9.—The river is falling. The Wyoming passed down at daylight.

THE EDUCATIONAL BILL

Passed by a Decided Majority—Some of the Amendments Adopted.

WASHINGTON, April 8—After the transaction of unimportant business, the Senate resumed consideration of the educational bill. Mr. Brown spoke in its support in answer to the opposing argument made by Mr. Morgan on Saturday, and was followed by Mr. Voorhees.

Another amendment of Mr. Hoar's was agreed to, providing that an equal opportunity for education be given to all children of the State.

An amendment was offered by Mr. Sherman, providing that the money shall be used only for common schools, not sectarian in character. Agreed to—yeas 32, nays 18.

The first of the amendments heretofore offered by Mr. Harrison was taken up. It provides that no State shall receive any benefit from the act until the Governor of the State shall file with Secretary of the Interior an annual statement showing the attendance at schools and the expenditures for them.

Several attempts to amend the amendment of Mr. Harrison were voted down and the amendments was agreed to.

A motion of Mr. Morgan's was agreed to to strike out the section which permitted States having less than 5 per cent. of illiteracy to use the money for normal schools or individual education.

A number of other amendments offered by Mr. Harrison were agreed to.

The bill having been completed, as in the Committee of the Whole, was presented to the Senate, read three times, and passed.

THE CINCINNATI RIOT.

Col. Hawkins, Disgusted With His Regiment, Resigns His Commission.

CINCINNATI, April 8.—Sheriff Hawkins, having been asked by a vote of one of the companies of the veteran regiment why he called them to duty at the jail on the Saturday night of the mob, (they refusing to go,) publishes to-day a long letter saying it would be more appropriate for the colonel of the regiment to explain why they refused to obey the lawful command of their Colonel. He charges the conduct of the men to the advice of one of the Captains, who reported to the police for patrol duty, instead of to the jail, as ordered, and closes by tendering his unconditional resignational as Colonel of the regiment.

The Golden Crown.

Among the 75 passengers on board the Golden Crown last night were many beautiful ladies, and as a POST reporter entered the cabin there were two bands discoursing the sweetest of music. Quadrille dancing was going on in one end and waltzing in the other of the cabin. The reporter was informed that there were three bands on board and they took turn about in playing. One of the bands contained a lady cornetist, who played very admirably.

Many of the passengers were making the round trip on the boat, and a few never had been in the Sunny South before. They were all charmed with our climate, and from the way they appeared to enjoy the trip they did not care if they were three months in getting back home. The account of the trip which they will carry back home will cause many other parties to go and do likewise.

TO CONTRACTORS.

THE bids for building of the bridges on the Yazoo Valley road at Crockett, near Spout Spring, and over Chicksaw Bayou, not having been accepted, sealed proposals will be received by the Board of Supervisors on the

Fourth Monday of April, 1884,

for building said bridges according to plans and specifications filed in the Clerk's office, at cash prices. Bond with approved security will be required according to law.

A. H. ARTHUR,
APRIL 9, 1884. President.

PROPOSALS.

SEALED proposals will be received for the sale of Mississippi & Ship Island Railroad bonds, issued by Warren county, to be opened before the Board of Supervisors, on the

Second Monday of April, 1884.

The holders of said bonds will give the numbers and denominations, and the lowest price at which they will sell the same. Proposals directed to Col. A. H. Arthur, President of the Board, or myself, will receive attention.

HENRY WATER,
ap9 County Treasurer.

How to Raise the Track of the Vicksburg, Shreveport & Pacific Road.

Editor Evening Post:

A few days since I received a letter from an official of the V. S. & P. Railroad, in which he wrote of the rapid progress of the road towards completion to Shreveport. "In a few days," said he, "it will reach Minden, within 36 miles of Shreveport, and then on to Shreveport." The seeming exultation with which he wrote of the near completion of this long looker-for and desired consummation, the final fulfillment of the one cherished hope of our city for more than a quarter of a century, my thoughts turned to the past and back through the vista of years to the hour about thirty years since when almost the entire population of our city and the surrounding citizens of Madison parish assembled at DeSoto to witness the inauguration of this great work that was to unite (I was about to say two worlds and I will say) the Eastern and Western worlds, with rails of steel. That was a grand day. Visions of the long snake-like trains drawn by the iron horse belching out fire and smoke as he came snorting into the imaginary depot, looking very like as Crockett has it, like "hell in harness," as with all the pomp and circumstance of imposing ceremony, Col. N. D. Coleman who had been selected for the occasion, with shovel in hand approached the designated point, broke ground throwing the first shovel full of earth amid a silence that was oppressive. But the ground broken, a deafening shout rent the air, that was heard in its effect all along the contemplated track of road—a shout, the more felt because of the previous dead silence. Far-seeing men were so impressed with the occasion and its possible results, that they walked aside to commune with their own thoughts. Yes sir from this action of that day a thrill of joyful hope went through the great heart of the entire Southwest, and I need not tell you with what deep solicitude and anxiety our city and the section of Louisiana lying along its line of track hence to Shreveport, has watched every movement in connection with this road.

But Mr. Editor, I am straying this article out too long; my feelings so oppress me that I scarcely know where to stop. I commenced this article to consider one great misfortune, accident, error, or call it what you will in the construction of the Vicksburg, S. & P. Railroad. I refer to the annual submersion of the track, to the stopping of the trains, and consequent suspension of all business of the road from three to five months of the year working a great loss to the road and to the entire country, and damage to the track. This submersion is probably attributable to several causes; one of which, and the first, was probably a want of ample funds with its first projectors to build a high road entirely above high water; hence to build through as rapidly and cheaply as possible. Probably being governed to a very great extent in the matter of cost by the water-mark on the trees along the route, not reflecting that the embankment for the track would raise the water still higher, hence keeping in some very low places that they nearly a surface track, and the result is a suspension of trains and of course almost every year. Now the only remedy is raising the track, and this is of very difficult accomplishment in the deepest submerged places during the running of the trains. It was tried after the overflow of 1882, but with very indifferent success. But there is a way of doing it during the overflow: With pile-driver on flat-boats, drive piles every ten feet, on the out side of each rail, and hard against the rail put a screw on another flat boat cap the piles as fast as driven. Everything being in readiness, forty piles ought to be driven each day, and capped by one driver and gang. This would cover 200 lineal feet of track, and four gangs could be worked to advantage, thus working up 800 feet per day, and in 92 days fourteen miles of track. The stringers could be laid on as fast as the caps were placed. The roadway being thus prepared, as the falling water leaves the track, the iron can be raised and laid, and in much less time than it takes to rectify the track after an overflow. To make this successful, the track should be laid at least three feet above the highest water mark, and then leave all the track over four feet from the ground open for waste ware for the overflow water to pass off freely. Piles should all be sawed

THE EVENING POST

PUBLISHED BY
J. G. CASHMAN & CO.,
Washington St., Vicksburg, Miss.

The Evening Post.

VICKSBURG, MISS., APRIL 9, 1884.

THE Senate having passed the Educational bill will now tackle the National bankruptcy bill. The House has not yet been "headed off."

WE have good authority for saying that Prof. R. K. Jayne will be a candidate for State Superintendent of Education two years hence.—The Mighty East.

THERE are those in Washington who suspect that Mr. Randall's recent trip to New York was to see Mr. Tilden for the purpose of arranging the preliminaries to be the Tilden candidate for President.—Boston Journal.

THE Commissioner of Agriculture says that the unanimity with which the House passed the agricultural appropriation bill indicates a growing concern on the part of Congress in regard to the interests of planters and farmers.

SAM RANDALL did not vote with Messrs. Barksdale, Van Eaton, Jeffords, and others, to extend the time for payment of taxes on whiskey in bond. Randall lead the opposition to the extension measure, and it was defeated.

JOHN MEDILL, of the Chicago Tribune, and others, recently appeared before the Senate Committee on Post Offices, and argued at length in favor of the bill to reduce the postage on newspapers mailed from the office of publication from two cents to one cent per pound.

THE eminent Mississippi lawyer, Hon. Joshua S. Morris, has been retained by Hon. H. C. Griffin, largest individual stockholder of the N. J. & C. R. R. to contest the validity of the 10 cent on the dollar sale of stock. This stock is that held by Joseph Drexel, Esq., of New York, as security for a loan of $304,000.—Concordia (La.) Eagle, 3d inst.

THE Raymond Gazette relates that the Iowa editors stopped at Beauvoir on their way from New Orleans to Mobile to pay a visit to Jefferson Davis, but found that he was absent at Natchez. When the party arrived at Jackson, a number being determined to get a glimpse of the celebrated Southerner before they returned home, went down to Natchez, but were again disappointed, as Mr. Davis had already left when they arrived. These editors had a lively curiosity to see a great ex-leader with imprudence enough to make the speech of Mr. Davis at Jackson, yet fresh in the public mind.

MR. RANDALL voted to restore the duty on wool. This will increase his popularity in Ohio, both among Democrats and Republicans, as most of the farmers of that State favor the measure irrespective of party.

It will be remembered that the National Grange Convention memorialized Congress to restore this duty. Our friend, Congressman Barksdale, has always apparently been very friendly to the Grangers and the farming interest, but we find him voting against this measure for their benefit. Indeed we believe Congressman Jeffords was the only one of the Mississippi delegation who voted for the restoration of the duty.

Mob or Magistrate.

We publish to-day an article from the Century Magazine, discussing the strong tendency of the times to mob law and lynchings. This article was published before the Cincinnati riot, and is interesting at this time, as it shows how noticeable the causes operating to bring about such results have become throughout the entire country. In the light of the facts submitted the riot of Cincinati becomes the logical terminus of a condition of things with such a strong tendency each way to destroy the force and majesty of the law. Mississippi is afflicted with more than her share of the evils discussed, and we commend the article to the attention of our readers.

DAY before yesterday Mr. Converse, of Ohio, succeeded in getting a vote in the House upon his resolution to restore the duty on wool. The House rejected the proposition by a vote of 118 ayes, to 126 noes. Of the ayes 38 were Democrats, and of the noes only 11 were Republicans. The New Orleans Picayune's special correspondent thus alludes to this important matter:

This vote does not indicate the strength of the opposition to the Morrison bill, because the same opponents voted against the resolution for the reason that they are opposed to tariff agitation in any shape or form. Among these were the Democrats from Virginia that he was absent at Natchez. When the party arrived at Jackson, a number being determined to get a glimpse of the celebrated Southerner before they returned home, went down to Natchez, but were again disappointed, as Mr. Davis had already left when they arrived. These editors had a lively curiosity to see a great ex-leader with imprudence enough to make the speech of Mr. Davis at Jackson, yet fresh in the public mind.

The Ohio Republicans declare to-night that this vote greatly strengthens their party in Ohio, and there is too much reason for the assertion. The course of the House Democrats, beginning with the election of Carlisle, has been a succession of blunders, and the result is a complete disorganization of the party so far as concerned in regard to the Presidential campaign.

MARY L. BOOTH says that what woman needs is outside pockets. True, Mary, but what married men need is an inside pocket with a combination "lock that can't be opened until morning.—Philadelphia Call.

Passage of the Educational Bill.

We are pleased to be able to inform the people of Vicksburg that Mr. Blair's bill has passed the Senate by a decided vote. The following are the yeas and nays on the bill:

Yeas—Brown, Blair, Call, Cameron of Wisconsin, Colquitt, Conger, Cullom, Dawes, Dolph, Edmunds, Frye, Garland, George, Hampton, Harrison, Hoar, Jackson, Jonas, Jones of Florida, Kenna, Logan, McMillan, Manderson, Miller of New York, Morrill, Pike, Platt, Pugh, Ransom, Riddleberger, Sawyer, Williams, Wilson—33.

Nays—Bayard, Butler, Coke, Greome, Harris, Hawley; Maxey, Miller of California, Morgan, Pendleton, Saulsbury —11.

The bill as passed appropriates $77,000,000, to be distributed among the States in proportion to illiteracy, on the census of 1880, the payment of the money to extend over a series of eight years.

Mr. King, of Louisiana, has already introduced the Blair bill in the House, and there is good reason to believe it will be passed by that body at an early day.

An analysis of the yeas and nays in the Senate will be interesting. Only two Republicans voted against the bill—Hawley of Connecticut and Miller of California, while the rest of the opposition may be called Southern Democrats. It is very gratifying to note, however, that several of the most able and influential Southern Democratic Senators voted for the bill.

Abuse of Convicts.

Hon. T. J. McQuiston, Superintendent of the Penitentiary, is in the city, and will begin a thorough inspection of the different convict camps throughout the State, at an early day.—State Ledger.

We are glad the Superintendent of the Penitentiary at last has the authority and opportunity to know something of the condition of the State convicts whom he is supposed to superintend. A thorough inspection of the camps and reformation of abuses, is needed. We will give the Superintendent information of one camp that needs immediate inspection. It is contained in the following plain language from the last Greenville Times:

There was a batch of convicts on board the steamer Anchor City on her last trip down, whose appearance indicated inhuman treatment. They were scantily clad, to the full measure of indecent exposure and with a general haggard and woe begone appearance that suggested insufficient food.

It is to be hoped that the law designed to correct such shameful treatment of the State convicts as was made plain at the recent legislative investigation, will begin to operate. Here is a very good case for a beginning. The convicts referred to are now at work on Mrs. Chaffe & Son; and the authority for the above statement is reliable and obtainable.

The Mighty East.

We have received the first number of the new Meridian paper, with the above title, thr prospectus of which we published some time since. It is published by the East Missisippi Printing Company, and will be issued as a tri-weekly. The first number is most creditable in every respect, considering the difficulties always attending the first issue of a paper. The new journal will be Democratic in politics, but proposes to exercise a proper freedom of opinion and expression in regard to political matters. Its status is indicated by the following extract from its introductory article:

The politics of The Mighty East will be Democratic, but, as stated in the prospectus, it will be the organ of no clique, the mouth-piece of no man, the slave of no party. It will be free, but at the same time respectful and consistent in the discussion of all subjects. If the leaders of the Democratic party say a mule is sixteen feet high, The Mighty East will first measure the height of the animal, and then tell these leaders that they are mistaken—at least by several inches. Not only that, but if they insist on the height they must hand over the tape-line to those who are not afraid to measure a mule or ashamed to give its correct height. In a word, the paper will strive, in its humble way, to support all principles and men that maintain the purity of the party and cut off and throw away all defective parts.

We think there is a splendid field at Meridian for a decent, respectable and untrammelled journal, such as The Mighty East proposes to be, and we wish our friend Seitzler and his co-laborers abundant success.

THE White Man's Republican party of Georgia was organized at Atlanta yesterday. Gen. Longstreet participated in the proceedings.

The Educational Bill.

The aggregate amount appropriated by the Blair bill, as amended, will be $77,000,000, to be distributed among the States according to illiteracy, as follows: $7,000,000 the first year, $10,000,000 the second year, $15,000,000 the third year. After that the appropriation will be decreased annually $2,000,000, and will cease when it reaches $2,000,000.

At a meeting of the Vicksburg Hospital Commissioners the other day it was decided to stop treating visitors. The move is a good one, for the visitors a tleast, as it was stated to the Commissioners that the best whisky bought for treating purposes cost only a dollar and fifteen cents a gallon. A few drinks of such stuff would soon knock over a visitor "into the jams" and make him a patient in the institution of whose hospitality he was partaking.—Natchez Democrat.

MARY L. BOOTH says that what woman needs is outside pockets. True, Mary, but what married men need is an inside pocket with a combination "lock that can't be opened until morning.—Philadelphia Call.

Mob or Magistrate.

During the year which has just closed, the telegraph has reported fifteen hundred and seventeen murders in the United States. This record is not supposed to be complete, but it is nearly so. The cases of capital crime are few which the enterprising reporter does not drag to light and publish to the world. The reader of any daily journal connected with the Associated Press is speedily informed of nearly all the desperate deeds that are done in the dark or by daylight upon this continent. The fullness with which crime is reported gives an impression of the increase of crime stronger than the facts will warrant; yet the facts are bad enough. During the year 1882 twelve hundred and sixty-six murders were reported. A comparison of two years is not conclusive, for there is considerable fluctuation in the number of crimes; it is only from comparison of periods of five or ten years that any trustworthy inferences can be drawn. But there is no dispute concerning the rapid increase of capital crime, and the fact is ominous.

Over against the fifteeu hundred murders of the last year, we have the report of barely ninety-three legal executions. Many of these must have been cases in which the crime had been committed during 1882, while many of the criminals of 1883 had not yet been brought to trial. It is not, however, far from the truth to say that, while thirteen or fourteen hundred murders are committed in this country every year, fewer than a hundred of the murderers suffer the extreme penalty of the law. When the willful slayer knows that he has thirteen chances out of fourteen of escaping the full penalty of the law, the deterrent influence of punishment cannot be said to be very powerful.

What the law could not do, or has not done, lawlessness has undertaken to accomplish. The failure of judge and jury has let loose the private avenger and the mob. Quiet a number of these fifteen hundred murders, or every reader of the newspapers will easily remember, were committed in obedience to the lex talionis, to expiate some previous crime. The Oriental avenger and the Corsican lyncher join hands in this mad dance of anarchy. The same year that witnessed ninety-three legal executions witnessed one hundred and eighteen lynchings. The lawless executions outnumber the lawful ones by twenty-five per cent.

No very profound philosophy is required to explain the relation of these facts. The inefficiency of the machinery of justice has led to the introduction of these barbarous methods. In none of the States adultery is regarded by the law of seven years as a misdemeanor. What wonder that private vengeance sometimes rushes in to redress a mortal injury of which the law refuses to take cognizance. But it is not so much defective legislation as inefficient administration that produces lawlessness. The laws against murder are strong enough; but when the people know that not one in a dozen of the willful murderers receives the just recompense of his deeds, and that technicalities and quibbles are constantly allowed to shelter the worst criminals, they themselves become desperate; and breaking through the just and salutary restraints of law, they deal vengeance right and left in a bloody and turbulent fashion.

It cannot be too often nor too strongly proclaimed that these lynchings themselves are crimes; that they furnish a remedy which is worse than the disease. When a score of men can find no better way of expressing their detestation of murder than by becoming murderers themselves, our civilization seems to have reduced itself to an absurdity. Moreover, lynch law is not much more secure in its measurement and dispensation of justice than the law administration against which it protests. The mob is neither judicial nor chivalrous; the weak and defenseless as far more likely to suffer at its hands than the strong and prosperous, as is shown by the fact that the victims of more than half the lynchings reported last year were Southern negroes.

Nevertheless, the failure of criminal justice, which makes room for mobs and lynching, is a greater disgrace than the savagery of the mob. The fact that thirteen out of fourteen murderers escape the gallows is the one damning fact that blackens the record of our criminal jurisprudence. No American ought to indulge in any boasting about his native land, while the evidence remains that the laws made for the protection of human life are thus shamelessly trampled under foot. No occupant of the bench and no member of the bar ought to rest until those monstrous abuses which result in the utter defeat of justice are thoroughly corrected.

It is often alleged that the failure of juries to convict murderers is due to their unwillingness to inflict capital punishment; and it is argued that if the extreme penalty were imprisonment for life a much smaller number would escape. It is possible that this reasoning may explain some cases of disagreement or acquittal, but the real difficulty is much more serious. It arises, in part, from the exaggeration of the rights of the individual as compared with those of society. The tendency of our jurisprudence is all in this direction. The protection of the individual is the one great achievement of modern criminal practice. It is a noble achievement, and Anglo-Saxon legists are justly proud of it. But a principle as good as this may be over-developed. The rights of individuals must be protected; but society also has rights, and these must not be sacrificed. And the question often arises in the mind of the layman, whether our judges, in their carefulness to guard the criminal, do not often expose and jeopardize the lives of honest and law-abiding citizens. That the rules of the courts should be modified is a suggestion which no well-instructed laymen would have the temerity to make; but it is easy for any one to see that the spirit of the law is of more importance than the letter, and that, if the court is under the influence of a tradition or a spirit which makes rather more of protecting the criminal from the vengeance of society than of protecting society from the violence of criminals, much mischief will result, no matter what the rules may be. Out of this exaggerated estimate of the criminal's rights have arisen those methods of legal procedure which so often disgrace our criminal courts, under which crafty lawyers are permitted the use of all manner of ridiculous quibbles and technicalities for the purpose of defeating the ends of justice. The fact that the American bar is distinguished for its fertility in the invention of these vicious expedients, by which trials are endlessly protracted, and the minds of jurors are hopelessly confused, is a fact not greatly to our credit, but it throws a flood of light on the figures we are studying. The Guiteau trial and the trial of the Star Route conspirators in Washington furnish illustrious instances of the way in which criminal trials in this country are often managed. It is through the use of such methods that the best laws are nullified, and the magistrate, ceasing to be a terror to evil doers, becomes their laughing-stock.

The small number of murderers hanged by the Sheriffs, and the greater number hanged by the mobs, is evidence enough that the administration of our criminal courts in many quarters is fatally defective, and needs reforming. The only classes of persons interested in maintaining the present state of things are the criminals and the criminal lawyers; and it is not for their exclusive benefit that society is organized. The contrast between the swift, firm and sure methods of English and Continental courts in dealing with great criminals, and the tardy, feeble and abortive methods of our own, should sting our national pride to some energetic measures of reform. The people must rouse themselves to demand a more vigorous enforcement of the laws, and they must see to it that judges and prosecuting attorneys are chosen who have the ability and the will to bring criminals to justice. The judges on the bench may well inquire whether the protection of the criminal has not assumed disproportionate importance in our criminal procedure. If in our fear lest an innocent man may suffer, the law itself, which is the only protection of the innocent man, becomes utterly paralyzed, then there is a call for a revision of our methods and our maxims, and the infusion of a new spirit into our laws. Every judge who will break aside the hair-splitting devices of the lawyers, and insist that criminal trials shall be conducted with rigor and directness of purpose, will deserve, and will likely to win, the approval of his fellow-citizens.

When it shall become evident that the notorious and willful murderer generally receives a speedy and impartial trial and suffers the just penalty of his crime, the day of the lynchers will soon come to an end. This is not conjecture; the experience of every frontier community illustrates our proposition. Out of a lax administration of criminal law a crop of vigilance committees and regulators has often sprung, spreading terror and anarchy on every hand, until the election of some stern judge or some courageous prosecuting officer has restored to the law its majesty and supremacy, and united with other parties which have some principles in common the better will it be for the country and for those who cling, to the faith. What we want in this country is protection for our material interests, the abolition of political crimes, the annihilation of large land holdings, and the abolishment of the jury system.—Interview in Pittsburg Dispatch.

THE average theatre party ought to go first to the restaurant, and stay there.

H. B. BRUSER,
TIN, COPPER AND SHEET-IRON WORKER.
Hardware Tinware Stoves
Pumps, Grates Mantels. Etc. Etc
159 Washington Street, Vicksburg.

Something the People Need!
FRESH
ROASTED COFFEE,
Roasted Daily in HYDE'S PATENT ROASTER, at my Store, Corner South and Washington Streets.
Price 20 Cts. per Pound!
H. F. SIMRALL, JR.

W. M. CHAMBERLIN,
General Insurance Agent,
FIRE, MARINE, ACCIDENT AND LIFE.
Office—Up-stairs, cor. Washington and Crawford Sts., Vicksburg.

W. O. WORRELL,
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
AND DEALER IN
Hay & Grain
LIME, CEMENT, PLASTER, Etc.,
58 Washington Street, Vicksburg, Miss.

FULTON M. M'RAE,
Wholesale and Retail Druggist
IMPORTER AND DEALER IN
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRUGS
White Lead, Linseed Oil, Turpentine, Window Glass, Mixed Paints, Dry and in Oil; Alhastine Whitening and Putty; and the largest and most complete assortment of Patent Medicines and Surgical Instruments in the State. Agent for the celebrated Waukesha Bathesda Water.
Toilet Articles, Perfumery and Hair Brushes—all importeo.
No. 125 Washington Street, Vicksburg, Miss.

GEO. W. HUTCHESON, CHAS. ALEX.
G. W. HUTCHESON & CO.,
Cotton Factors,
AND WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
Groceries, Liquors and Tobacco.
110 and 112 Washington Street,
Vicksburg, Miss
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THE SAW-MILL BOAT
LEE RICHARDSON, JR
IS PREPARED TO SELL
DIMENSION LUMBER
FROM LANDING AT GLASS BAYOU, THIS CITY; also,
Sash, Doors, Blinds, Mouldings, T. and G. Flooring and Ceiling
Orders addressed to the undersigned will be promptly filled.
WM. CURPHEY, Proprietor.

GEO. S. IRVING,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN
Staple and Fancy Groceries
WINES, LIQUORS, CIGARS & TOBACCO,
Corner of South and Washington Streets, - - - VICKSBURG, MISS.
I respectfully ask an examination of my stock, which I think will convince all that I have one of the largest and best assorted to be found.
Fine Teas, Coffee and Choice Butter are Among my Specialties
I GUARANTEE EVERY ARTICLE TO BE AS REPRESENTED,
And desire to give full satisfaction. 1 PACK AND 2 FREE

HENRY YOEPEL,
Watchmaker and Jeweler
I cordially invite a comparison of Work and Prices, believing me to be the Best and Cheapest.
—ALSO DEALER IN—
WATCHES, DIAMONDS AND SILVERWARE
SPECIALTIES IN SPECTACLES.

COMMISSIONER'S SALE.

No. 1632

FANNIE H. QUIGG et al.
vs.
V. and B. E. S. BONELLI.

PURSUANT to the power and authority vested in me by the provisions of a decree made and entered in the foregoing entitled cause, by the Chancery Court of Warren county, Miss., on the 22d day of February, 1884, I will, at or about the hour of 12 o'clock m., on the 19th day of March, 1884, sell at the east door of the Court-house, in Warren county, Mississippi, at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, that lot or parcel of land described as part of lot 290, square 36 of the original plat of the city of Vicksburg, commencing on the southwest corner of said lot 290, running thence south 73 feet 9 inches, thence north 49 feet 2 inches, thence west 9 inches, thence south 49 feet 2 inches, to the place of beginning; and being situate in Vicksburg, Warren county, Mississippi, for the purpose of partition among the owners.

This, the 26th day of February, 1884.
THOS. R. FOSTER,
Special Commissioner.
mh5-3w

PACIFIC HOUSE
VINCENT LAZZA, Proprietor
Washington St., Vicksburg.
CONVENIENT TO RAILROAD Depot, Landing, Post, Telegraph and Express Offices and to business men. Most time for all trains. House open all night. Rooms clean and well furnished. Tables supplied with the best the market affords. Patronage respectfully solicited. Polite and careful attention given to guests.

NEW CLOTHING & DRY GOODS HOUSE
L. MARKS AND L. WEINSTEIN
Have formed a copartnership, and will carry on the
CLOTHING
Dry Goods Business
Nos. 207 and 208 WASHINGTON STREET.

Convention of Colored Men.

Editor of Vicksburg Post:

Some time ago a call was made by the leading colored men of the United States for a colored National Convention, to meet at Richmond, Virginia, before the assembling of the Republican National Convention in June 1884, and for that purpose, each State was called upon to hold a Convention of colored men in April 1884, for the purpose of electing delegates to attend the Colored National Convention which meets at an early day at Richmond, from which delegates will be sent to Chicago to meet the Republican National Convention. And after the Republican convention of this county had gotten through with its legitimate business of last Saturday the following delegates were elected to attend the Convention of the colored men of Mississippi, which meets at Jackson on the 23d inst.:

P. C. Hall from the county at large, C. J. James, Alex. Chavis, Jacob White, Hampton Jones, Geo. W. Davenport. Alternates were elected as follows:

ONE WHO KNOWS.

Gen. Joe Johnston's Views.

I do not know who the strongest Democratic candidate would be in the South now. The unfortunate divisions in opinion of the leading Democratic statesmen of the country will certainly split and demoralize the Democratic party of the South, and there will be no solid South in the convention. Manufacturing has pressed too far in Virginia, Georgia, the Carolina's, Tennessee, Alabama, and Louisiana to allow the Democratic party to be led by the nose by the arrant braggadocio of such statesmen as Morrison, Watterson and Carlisle. It will take a strong Southern man, who is conservative in a radical degree, to meet the wants of the Southern States and unite the desperate factions, whose bitter separation is plainly manifested in every movement and transaction that I see of importance that attracts attention to the Southern interests. If some famous Confederate Statesman, an able and brilliant man, a conservative and progressive, could be found who were to be placed upon the ticket I am sure the result would be a cementing of all the power and vigor of a great party upon an object, in the presidential race of which there would be perfect harmony.

"That fact is to me clear—and I think it is to every well-regulated mind—that the Democratic party is to-day placed without a leader in its ranks of importance. It is in a position of which it deserves to be ashamed. Its whole record is marked with mistakes, and the sooner its elements dissolve and unite with other parties which have some principles in common the better will it be for the country and for those who cling, to the faith. What we want in this country is protection for our material interests, the abolition of political crimes, the annihilation of large land holdings, and the abolishment of the jury system.—Interview in Pittsburg Dispatch.

THE average theatre party ought to go first to the restaurant, and stay there.

SIGNAL SERVICE REPORT.

LOCAL WEATHER REPORT.

TIME.	BAR.	THER.	HUM	WIND	WTHER.
6:05 a. m.	30.04	50	61	0	Clear.
10:05 a. m.	30.02	69	36	S. W.	Clear.
2:05 p. m.	30.04	71	46	N. W.	Clear.
6:05 p. m.	30.06	54	77	N. W.	Clear.
10:05 p. m.	30.12	53	64	N. W.	Clear.

	1883.	1884
Maximum thermometer	64.1	74.0
Minimum thermometer	56.1	48.0
Mean temperature	60.6	58.5
Rainfall	9 47	.00

STAGE OF RIVERS.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER,
April 8, 1 p. m. Washington time.

The following observations were taken at the same moment of time at all the stations named:

STATIONS.	Above low water. feet	In's	Changes. Rise In's	Fall In's
Cairo, Ill	42	1		14
Chattanooga	9	0	10	...
Cincinnati	30	2	...	16
Davenport, Iowa	11	0	...	...
Keokuk, Iowa	12	8	...	...
Glasgow	13	11	...	2
Grand Tower, Ill	7	6	0	...
Leavenworth	17	11	0	...
Little Rock	8	7	0	...
Louisville	11	2	0	...
Memphis	23	0	...	1
Nashville	10	0	...	...
New Orleans	1	0	...	...
Omaha	15	10	...	12
Pittsburg	8	2	...	2
Shreveport	...	...	...	...
St. Louis	27	7	8	...
St. Paul	6	4	...	...
Vicksburg	46	4	...	8
Yankton, D. T.	16	4	...	...

*Below high water of 1874. *Frozen.

HIGH WATER AT VICKSBURG IN FORMER YEARS

High water '62, above zero, 51 1-10 feet.
High water '67, above zero, 49 feet.
High water '74, above zero, 45 ft. 8 inches
High water '75, above zero, 43 feet.
High water '76, above zero, 44 ft. 10 inches
High water '80, above zero, 45 ft. 2 inches
High water '81, above zero, 41 ft. 10 inches
High water '82, above zero, 48 ft. 9 inches
High water '83, above zero, 43 ft. 10 inches

RIVER STATISTICS OF 1882.

Stations.	Date of Highest Point.	Highest point Reached.
Cairo	Feb. 26, 1882	51 ft. 9 inches
Chattanooga	Jan. 19, 1882	40 ft. 2 inches
Cincinnati	Feb. 21, 1882	58 ft. 6 inches
Davenport	Dec. 3, 1881	10 ft. 1 inch
Helena, Ark.	March 9, 1882	47 ft. 3 inches
Keokuk	Nov. 29, 1881	11 ft. 6 inches
Little Rock	Feb. 24, 1882	21 ft. 6 inches
Louisville	Feb. 22, 1882	37 ft. 2 inches
Memphis	March 2, 1882	36 ft. 0 inches
Nashville	Jan. 22, 1882	54 ft. 7 inches
New Orleans	March 27, 1882	...
Omaha	Aug. 22, 1882	28 ft. 5 inches
Vicksburg	March 20, 1882	48 ft. 9 inches

*Below high water of 1874.

THE RIVER.

ARRIVED.

City of Helena, from St. Louis.
Golden Crown, from Mew Orleans.
John F. Halpin, from Davis Bend.
Capt. Miller, from Natchez.
Headlight, from Sunflower.

DEPARTED.

Golden Crown, for Cincinnati.
Capt. Miller, for Natchez.
E. C. Carroll, jr., for Tallahatchie.
Dew Creek, for Dew Creek.
Dew Drop, for Little Deer Creek.
City of Yazoo, for New Orleans.
Ike Bonham, for Little Deer Creek.

BOATS DUE TO-DAY.

Issaquena, Greenville to Vicksburg.
Golden Rule, Cincinnati to N. O.
Katie Bell, with rations, from St. Louis
J. H. Williams, Tallulah to Vicksburg.

BOATS LEAVING TO-DAY.

For Sunflower—Headlight, 4 p.m.
For Little Washington—Tributary and Jno. 3 p.m.
For Grand Lake—W. P. Thompson, 4 pm

BOATS DUE TO-MORROW.

Lefore, Greenwood to Vicksburg.
Will S. Hays, Rodney to Vicksburg.
John W. Cannon, N. O. to Greenville.
Commonwealth, St. Louis to Vicksburg.

BOATS LEAVING TO-MORROW.

For Davis Bend—John F. Halpin, 10 am
For St. Louis—City of Helena, 11 a.m.
For Greenville—Issaquena, 5 p.m.
For Greenville—John W. Cannon, 5 p.m.

NOTES.

Three boats leaving to-day.
Weather continues bright and cool.
Roustabouts demand $80 per month at New Orleans.
There were seven arrivals and six departures yesterday.
There were three bands of music on the Golden Crown last night.
The tug Joe Seay leaves to-day for Davis Bend after a raft of timber.
The Capt. Miller arrived from Natchez this morning, and returned at 9:30.
The D. R. Powell is now running in the St. Louis and Kansas City trade.
The J. H. Williams, R. E. Bowman master, is due to-day from Tallulah, La.
The Dew Drop, Capt. James F. Metzler, left yesterday evening at 5 o'clock for Little Deer creek.
Capt. W. H. Sargent's steamer Ike Bonham left yesterday evening for Little Deer Creek with a fine trip.
Capt. E. C. Carroll and barge left for Natchez river yesterday evening, loaded flat in the water.
The Phillips turned over all the bills on the Hard Cash up Yazoo river to Capt. Beck, jr., clerk of the E. C. Carroll collection.
The splendid electric light, fire-proof steamers Vicksburg and Vicksburg packet Will. S. Hays is due down to-morrow, and will leave Friday at noon.
Capt. Ledbetter, Capt. Marcy Johnson, is the Pine Bluff packet due to-morrow from the river, and will return on Friday at 5 o'clock.
The Commonwealth will arrive from St. Louis Thursday evening, and is the only Anchor Line packet leaving at 5 for points above.
The Tributary and barges, with Capt. Jno. Williams in command, left for Washington at 3 o'clock to-day for Tallulah.
The Lee, from Sunflower river, arrived yesterday morning with 45 bales of cotton, and left for New Orleans, and a few people. She is receiving at the wharfboat, and will return to Clarksdale this evening at 4 o'clock.
The Future City passed Memphis for New Orleans Sunday evening with several barges loaded with grain and package freight, oil, oil cake and cotton.
Capt. Nelon's popular packet, W. P. Thompson, is receiving to-day for all points as high as Grand Lake, and will leave at 4 o'clock p.m. She goes through Bunch's Bend.
The Jno. F. Halpin, Capt. Quackenboss, arrived yesterday evening, is receiving to-day to leave to-morrow (Thursday) morning at 10 o'clock for Davis Bend and all way landings.
The palatial Pool Line steamer Jno. W. Cannon, is due up to-morrow evening en route to Greenville. She will return Saturday morning, and after receiving her freight leaves for New Orleans.
The crew of the Charles Morgan Saturday received checks for the amounts due them from that steamer, less the fees deducted by the attorneys and perhaps others, which amounted to nearly 20 per cent. of their claims.
The Belle of the Bends, Issaquena, is due to-day and will receive to-morrow at the wharfboat for Greenville and all way landings, leaving promptly at 5 p.m. Capt. H. C. Marioneaux in command, Frank Steigleman, Hendrickson and Sartorious clerks.
The City of Helena, from St. Louis, arrived early yesterday evening, Capt. John T. McCord, Rolla Porter clerk, with 4,500 packages of freight and several people. She is receiving at the Elevator, and is the Thursday Anchor Liner leaving at 11 a.m., promptly.
The steamer Mattie Bell, Miss Clara Barton, President of the Red Cross Association, in charge, assisted by Dr. Hubbell, A. M. Lestie and several others, is due to-day with 75,000 rations, a large lot of clothing, stock feed, medicines, etc., which will be distributed to the sufferers by the flood in this section.
The fine packet City of Yazoo, Capt. T. C. Ledbetter, A. McVay and Paul Leathers clerks, left for New Orleans and points en route at 9 o'clock this morning with 1,075 bales of cotton, 2,000 sacks of seed, 500 sacks of cotton seed meal, and several people. This is Capt. Ledbetter's last trip as master. B. S. Leathers will be found on the roof hereafter.
The new City of Bayou Sara was launched Friday afternoon from the Howards' yards at Jeffersonville. She is 301 feet long, 50 feet beam, 84 feet over all, 10 feet hold. She has 20 inch cylinders, 10 feet stroke; has a battery of fire boilers 30 feet long and 44 inches in diameter. She is owned by the St. Louis and New Orleans Anchor Line, is valued at $25,000 and will run between St. Louis and New Orleans. She will arrive at St. Louis within 15 days.
The fast O. Line steamer Golden Crown for Cincinnati passed up last night at 12 o'clock, after discharging a good freight on the wharfboat and adding lightly. The following is a statement of her through trip: 75 cabin passengers, mostly ladies, 50 deck passengers, 2240 packages sundries, 250 barrels sugar, 200 sacks salt, 150 barrels molasses, 125 bales sheeting, 75 sacks coffee, 35 hogsheads sugar, and 250 cedar and mahogany logs weighing 350 tons, for Cincinnati, where they will be made into cigar boxes. Capt. E. L. Shinkle is commander, and C. V. and E. S. Shinkle clerks.
The Chattanooga Tradesman last week judiciously reviewed the recent railway decision of the Federal judge at Nashville. Here are its comments:

In some quarters the opinion prevails that this decision will be a signal for a general attack all along the line on State railroad commissions. This fear is hardly well founded. The commission has the power to regulate rates are those of Alabama, California, Georgia, Illinois, Kansas, Kentucky, South Carolina and Tennessee. The commissions provided by the laws of Arkansas, Connecticut, Iowa, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Ohio, Rhode Island, Vermont, Virginia and Wisconsin have no control over railway rates, or other regulation of their business. Their powers are rather those of arbitrators between complaining parties and the companies. In Massachusetts this branch of the commissioner's duty has been managed so skillfully that there has not been a single case in the Supreme Court of the State between a railroad and citizen for several years. The commission if the States last mentioned have large powers of inspection and exposure of abuses. In some cases they aid citizens in prosecuting claims against roads not disposed to listen to reason and moderate counsel.

It is proper to say here that the South Carolina law has been remodeled to the Massachusetts pattern and that the commission law of California has become practically a dead latter, though it is the most stringent of any in its provisions. We are inclined to believe that a middle ground will be reached satisfactory to the roads and their patrons. We certainly do not entertain the idea that there will be any general warfare in the courts against the commissions of States granting powers of regulation. A more conservative tone is plainly perceptible on this subject.

GOTHAM furnishes this little idyl: A rich citizen passed by a group of some young ladies talking of him. One remarked, "He is so awkward, but he is so rich;" to which her companion replied, "Well, I pity him. He is a nice fellow, and would make a good husband. I wish he were not so rich, and then I would ask him to marry me." being considered a fortune hunter." There could be only one result. The sympathetic young lady became Mrs. Astor a few years ago, and live in a palatial mansion.

Postal Savings Bank

No greater good could could be conferred by Congress upon the working class than to establish postal savings banks. When the working people, while trade is good, are able to save a little money, they are puzzled how to keep it securely. If boarded in the house it pays no interest to anybody, it is abstracted from the curiosity. It is exposed to danger from thief and from fire, and sometimes murder is committed to obtain hoardings known or supposed to be in a house. More fatal to frugality and saving habits is the continually recurring temptation to spend when some strong desire invites to indulgence, or when some temporary indulgence occurs. The saving bank delivers from the dangers and temptations, but they must be safe and accessible, and both these requisites are present in the postal bank system. Our neighbors in Canada enjoy this great blessing, for such the working people find it to be. Fifteen years they have had it, and the test of time and experience has proved its value. The last report of the Canadian officials shows that there were 330 postal banks in which $6,826,266 was deposited during the year, an average of $62 to each depositor, and $12,456,638 was on hand to the credit of depositors. Such are the facilities of the post-office that the cost of handling this money is only one-twenty-fifth of one per cent. Depositors are allowed four per cent interest,and are restricted to $300 but a special permit may allow $1,000. We have many associations among us for helping the poor, promoting temperance, industry, home comfort, and the feeling of universal self-respect. Every such society should actively advocate postal banks, for in no other way than by the encouragement of the effort, self-denial and carefulness that the habit of saving generates, can the benevolent do as much good.—Memphis Appeal.

MR. BAYARD'S high-sounding rhetoric is a poor substitute for a law that will educate Southern illiteracy. The people of the South will better afford to forego his cheap "taffy" than his vote for a measure in which they have so deep an interest. His argument that the bill is unconstitutional shows that he is one of the respectable fossils of the period and may pass on into history.—Avalanche.

A RARE tenderloin steak, broiled and served without gravy or any vegetables,is the most most fashionable supper among men who live fast. They don't touch the supper at home, but on their way home drop in at the club or some night resort, eat the middle part of the steak, with the blood of the meat on it squeezed by a machine like those used for squeezing the blood out of canvas-back ducks.

It is the occasion of ill-concealed chagrin to free-traders that the southern cotton mill interests of Georgia, Augusta the other day were found to be for the most part protectionists. The opponents of a protective tariff, knowing that no other manufacturing industry takes any stock in their vagaries, have found no little satisfaction in the assumption that the cotton mill is wrewith them. And now they haven't even this support. It is true, of course, that the manufacturing interest of Augusta is opposed to the free trade.—Birmingham (Ala.) Age.

Who Can Beat It.

We were shown Saturday, by Mr. Frank Rodwell, a violin which was made in 1516. The time it was manufactured and name of maker is stencilled on the inside and has become considerably effaced. In the head of the violin represents a face, the carving of which is very fine. On the back is a raised oil painting of Giovanie, remarkably well preserved, and is an Italian city. The city is made of inlaid wood, each piece being of different color and presents a very pleasing view. Mr. Rodwell has owned the violin for ten years, and says it had been in the family of the party he purchased it from more than one hundred years. He places a very high value on the instrument, and has no doubt of its antiquity.—State Ledger.

Another Murder in Copiah.

HAZLEHURST, Miss., April 8.—Bob and Hank Ryan killed Albert R. Bias this morning. During the Christmas holidays Rials and one of the Penn brothers had a difficulty in which Rials shot Penn, and afterward left town. He returned recently, when the quarrel was renewed. Rials was shot several times, cut with a knife and otherwise brutally treated. Bias is quite a young man, well remembered as a witness before the Senate Copiah county investigation committee, who testified concerning a personal difficulty in Hazlehurst. He supported Matthews for Sheriff.

A Poor Prospect.

[Special to New Orleans States.]

WASHINGTON, April 8.—The outlook is not enc

AMUSEMENTS.

GRAND
Character × Concert
—AND—
TABLEAUX!
Under the Auspices of the Ladies of the M. E. Church, at the
OPERA HOUSE
—ON—
Tuesday, April 15th, 1884,
FOR ONE NIGHT ONLY.

The best amateur talent of the city has kindly volunteered for the occasion. The proceeds of the entertainment will be devoted to church repairs.
ADMISSION $1.00.
Reserved seats can be procured at Baum's and Clarke's bookstores. a9

CHEAP COLUMN.

LOST.

LOST—On April 2d, on Cherry, Crawford or Walnut street, a point lace handkerchief. The finder will be liberally rewarded by returning it to this office. 4-5

WANTED.

WANTED—SCHOOLS! TEACHERS!! Schools in need of competent teachers, and teachers in search of situations should address the Central Educational Bureau, R. K. JAYNE, Secretary, Jackson, Miss. ap2

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Brown, Leghorn Eggs for hatching. Fresh and pure. ap7-1w AT H. H. KAIN'S.

FOR SALE—New Cottage in good neighborhood, containing 3 rooms with hall and gallery, kitchen, stable and garden. Lot 150x150 feet, all under new fence. Apply at this office. m25

FOR SALE—A cottage residence on East avenue, containing four rooms 18x20, hall 12 feet, kitchen, fine cistern and fine orchard; lot 64x132 feet. Apply to R. P. WILSON, on premises. m28

FOR SALE—The LOT on the northeast corner of Cherry and Grove sts. Apply to THOMAS MOUNT. mh19

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Two large Rooms, kitchen, outhouses, good yard and cistern. Apply at this office. ap3-1w

FOR RENT—Nice house with three rooms, kitchen, good cistern and yard; possession given April 6th. Apply to JOS. SPENGLER, Cherry street crossing. m31-1w

FOR SALE OR RENT—60 Acres good land, one and a half miles from town, with plenty of wood and water. Apply at this office, or to R. P. WILSON, Vicksburg, Miss. m24-2w

FOR RENT—Three rooms and a small kitchen. Large yard and good cistern. Twelve dollars per month. Apply at this office. mh20

THE SATISFACTION

Of sitting under one's own vine and fig tree pays the largest dividend of any investment. It is the best kind of life insurance. It is the best medicine in existence. It enables a man to die easier, and robs death of one of the principal terrors to know that the loved ones one must leave behind will have a roof of their own over their heads which cannot be taken from them.

If you cannot buy a house and lot, you can at least make a commencement by investing $25 in Speed's Addition, and pay the balance in 25 monthly installments. No better opportunity to buy a home or to make a safe investment in Vicksburg is likely to occur than that now presented by the unprecedented terms upon which these lots are sold. sep1

LOCAL ITEMS.

THE 4-10s will get in their work.

THE water is falling all along the river.

DR. T. D. FRENCH is home from Lake Providence.

DR. T. W. HOLLAND, of Canton, is in the city.

MR. JAS. P. CULLEY, of Colline station, is in the city.

SHERIFF BECK leaves this evening for Jackson on official business.

READ Warner & Searles' new local about brand-new Spring goods.

The docket was called and the cases set for trial by the Circuit Court this morning.

MESSRS. N. A. BIRDSONG, C. T. Harrison and J. H. Warren, of Edwards, are at the Pacific.

H. F. SIMERALL JR., is now connected with the Telephone Exchange. 148 is the number.

The choir of the Clay street (colored) Baptist Church is preparing some anthems to be sung on Easter.

DR. J. W. MAGRUDER, of Westburg, and Miss F. Magruder, of Canton, were registered at the Pacific this morning.

FIVE convicts arrived in this city yesterday and were taken on the E. C. Carroll, Jr., to Grave's Honey Island plantation.

ATTENTION is directed to advertisements in this issue signed by the President of the Board of Supervisors and the Treasurer of Warren county.

WE had the pleasure of a call from Mr. Chas. T. Robinson, of Greenwood, Sunflower county, this morning. Mr. Robinson came down on the steamer Headlight.

MR. A. MEYNER reports quite satisfactory encouragement in this city to his proposed publication "the Confederate Knapsack." He has already secured a good list of subscribers in Vicksburg.

MR. C. O. WILLIS, accompanied by his family, left on the E. C. Carroll last night for Natchez, whither he is called by the serious illness of his brother-in-law, Miss Hogan, who is well-

the benefit of the Methodist Church, will please meet this evening at Dr. Hunt's residence, on Grove street, at 7:30 o'clock, for the purpose of rehearsal.

MR. WM. A. GIBTON, of Francis Smith & Co's land brokers office left on the 2:15 train for Jackson where he is to be married at 5 o'clock, to Miss Lillie V. Routzahn. The ceremony is to take place in the Methodist Church at Jackson, conducted by Rev. Dr. Galloway.

MR. DAVID EVANS, a well-known boat carpenter, died at the residence of Mr. Richard Clark in this city, last night, of consumption, and was buried by Warren Lodge I. O. O. F. His home was at Long Bottom, Ohio, for which place he had intended to depart on the Golden Crown last evening.

THE Vicksburg Gymnasium Club will meet to-night at office of Julius M. Klein, at 7:30 o'clock. Business of importance will come up for consideration. There will be a report from the Board of Directors and several important committees, and also from the Financial Secretary and Collector. A full attendance is desired.

A MEETING of the Constitution Fire Company was held last night, and a new Constitution was adopted. The following officers, not elected at their former meeting, were put in nomination: Vice-President, F. W. Little; Financial Secretary, M. J. Fousse; Firemen, W. E. Dorney, John J. Dorney; Engineer, A. O'Connor; Driver, T. E. Hayes. The election will take place on the first Wednesday in May.

VINCENT SHINKLE, a ten year'old son of Capt. E. L. Shinkle, while riding a velocipede on board the steamer Golden Crown yesterday was thrown from the same, dislocating one of his arms. Upon the arrival of the boat here last night, Dr. Hanenstein was called in, and promptly replaced it. The little fellow suffered a good deal for a few hours after the accident, but upon the departure of the boat seemed to be doing very well.

It would be well for housekeepers to know that Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder is free from Alum, Ammonia and other objectional drugs, hence the purest and most economical. Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder is beyond all question the best and most perfect of anything in the market. To insure certainty, buy it only in cans.

Harness Oil.

Fine Harness Oil Blacking, $1.50 per gallon. Preserves and saves your harness, leather, etc.; at HARDAWAY & CASSELL'S ap2 Drugstore.

Pop! Goes the Pistol!

A fracas occurred in a saloon on the levee about 7 o'clock this morning between two negroes named Lewis Carter and Clark Thomas, during which the latter drew his little pop and fired at Carter, the ball entering Carter's left breast above the heart. The wound is an ugly one, but is not considered dangerous. Officer Fred. Hopkins took them in charge and marched them to the work-house. They were arraigned before the Mayor this morning, when Thomas was bound over to the Circuit Court in the sum of $500, in default of which he was sent to jail. Carter was fined $15 and costs, which he will work out after recovering from his wounds. The animosities of the pair will have plenty of time in which to cool before they will again be seen in their accustomed haunts on the levee.

BRAND NEW

And cant-be-beaten styles of thoroughly first-rate Spring clothing now on the counters at our house. Men's suits, boy's suits, children's suits in all the latest shapes and colors. New furnishings and hats just in. The best styles we ever showed, and the lowest prices.
WARNER & SEARLES,
ap9 The Leading Clothiers.

An Imposter.

VICKSBURG, April 9 1884.
[COPY.]
To Mr. H. T. Moore, County Superintendent, Vicksburg:

We, the undersigned, Trustees of Beechland school (white), do hereby send you this our report concerning Dr. J. T. Lowry's actions: We find him dishonest and a perfect imposition. In the first instance we find that he kept a false register; that he reported more scholars than he had, and did not keep any register of absentees.. He was very immoral in various ways. He borrowed Mr. J. B. Young's horse to ride to Oak Ridge for the mail. He rode the horse to Vicksburg and put him in Bender's stable, leaving Mr. Young to pay the expense. * * * We consider him an unprincipled man, and we desire the public to be warned against any further imposition by him.

Yours very respectfully,
H. T. GRANT,
DAVID HOPPER,
W. B. BLACK.

The Y. M. L. C.

The young men's Literary Club, composed of a number of intelligent young colored men of the city, will give its first grand entertainment at the Odd Fellow Hall, on Washington street on next Monday night. A debate will occur on the question of giving woman the right to vote. String music will be in attendance, and it promises to be a big event.

Good News from the Sunflower.

From a gentleman who arrived by the steamer Headlight this morning we learn the following:

The Sunflower is falling at all points below Clarksdale, Coahoma county, at the rate of two inches in twenty-four hours. At Clarksdale there is a rise of one inch in twenty-four hours, caused by the recent swell in the Mississippi. This rise at Clarksdale will not affect the Sunflower country materially. The planters are at work preparing for a crop; many plowing and some planting cotton. No Government rations needed. No loss of stock by water or gnats is reported.

Fire Committees.

Editor of the Post:

A number of the firemen placed upon some of the committees in connection with the coming Firemen's Parade, are making a big kick, and very justly too from what we have heard.

As an instance: There was a committee appointed by each of the Companies upon uniforms, whose duty it is to hunt up the members and have them provide themselves with uniforms. This being by no means a pleasant or easy task, many appointed on these committees put up various and divers excuses, and whether through favoritism or not, were excused, and the whole burden of the work thereby thrown upon the few who were unfortunate or not sufficiently popular to be excused.

It being impossible for these few to carry out the object of the committees, and failing to do so they are to be fined for neglect of duty, and it is here where the kick and the dissatisfaction come in. We have heard some prominent and valuable firemen discussing the matter pretty freely, and talk seriously of resigning their positions and their Companies.

Parade Matters.

The committee from the Board of Delegates of the Vicksburg Fire Department were out yesterday soliciting monied subscriptions from our business men to aid in defraying the expenses of their grand parade to be had on the 23d instant, and we are glad to be able to state that they were eminently successful whoever they waited with probably two or three exceptions. Not for the purpose of coercing or influencing in the slightest degree any person else in giving for this noble purpose, yet we would suggest that a list of our merchants and business men contributing should be published that the "fire boys" may know who most appreciates their aid are most willing to aid in making their one day in the year truly a gala day.

PESACH WINE.

A fine article at close figures at W. E. BECK. ap4

The Concert on the 15th.

There is no doubt in the world but that our music-loving people are bringing and thirsting after some good music, and further there is no doubt in the world but that our next evening in the city will have an excellent opportunity to hear some of the best music that can be made by our local talent on the 15th, at the Concert to be given for the benefit of the Methodist Church. We will speak more at length of the concert in the future.

The Big Feature of the Firemen's Celebration.

Our Merchants should recollect that the prominent feature of the firemen's parade on the 23d inst., is the miniature bombardment of Vicksburg, which events occurred in 1862 and 1863. This alone will cost not less than about $500 but should be made a success by all means as that feature alone will attract hundreds of people to our city that probably would not come simply to witness the ordinary street parade of the Department, and we are positively assured that the whole programme as published by the firemen will be carried out.

The Woods are Full of 'Em.

A supposed murderer named Josiah Biggs was arrested by Officer Scott last night, on suspecion that he is the man who killed Tom Robinson, at Lake Providence, La. He was taken to the Work-house.

Diggs was interviewed this morning by a POST reporter, to whom he states that he killed Robinson last January in self-defense. Robinson had become angry about some trivial matter and attacked Diggs, shooting at him with a shotgun or musket, striking him with the gun and then drawing a revolver on him. Diggs says he then fired and killed Robinson. He wants to go to Lake Providence for trial, and says he never would have left there but for friends who advised him to run away.

Fine Crop Prospects in Issaquena.

We were shown to-day some samples of corn and cotton plants, grown on Mr. D. Mayer's Ophelia plantation, on Steele's bayou, of which Mr. J. Burrus is manager. The plants have grown remarkably well, and we are informed that by Saturday night all planting will have been finished.

Louisiana Affairs.

Judge E. J. Deloney was a passenger by the steamer Golden Crown last night, returning to his home at Lake Providence from Tallulah, La., where he had been to hold the regular civil term of the Parish Court, but owing to high water and the great difficulty of people getting about he postponed the holding of the Court until June.

He reports the people around Henderson's in East Carroll parish as being sufferers by the overflow and in need of assistance, and that the point is about the best for the distribution of rations for the parish. He thinks that nearly half the parish is overflowed.

"The Seder."

The Jewish religion is decidedly tentative to the cultivation of the family. All its laws, ordinances, and regulations bear directly upon this, the most important of social existence, and to this fact may be attributed their tenacity for existence under the most harassing and often cruel circumstances, as well as their high rate in the average longevity of our race. We find this exemplified especially in their celebration of Pesach or Passover, the Jubilee of their Liberty, which commences this evening as the 14th day of the first lunar month, Nissan. A peculiar kind of domestic worship takes place in most families as soon as they return from divine service; it is known as the Seder, and consists in a recital by the head of the house before wife, children and friends of the wonderful achievement by God's Providence alone, of the redemption from Egyptian bondage. A book universally known as the Hagadah is used for the recital; it is made up from Biblical and talmudical passages, poems and songs, and it is most remarkable that the melodies used, as for instance the Hauduh, the El b' nay, and Chad gaddyoh, have been and are the same all over the world—with the Chinese Jew, the Black Israelites in Arabia, with the Portuguese, the Germans, and the latest development, the American Hebrews; this music having been traditionally propagated, undoubtedly from their earliest history. A peculiar arrangement is observed on the table: there lie three matzoh, the Passover bread, under the snowy cover of linen. The pieces used for this occasion are especially backed and named according to the three classes of the Jewish people. On top lies one named the Cohen (priest); next thereto the Levy, and last the Israel. Aside of this is found a bunch of parsely, reminding of the return of Spring; next a piece of horse radish as a token of the bitterness of slave life; an egg, the Jewish symbol of joy and immortality; burnt bone, in remembrance of the Paschal lamb, and a mixture of fruit and condiments of the color of loam, in remembrance of the toil of the forefathers while building for their masters. Every member of the household is required to drink four times of wine after pronouncing the blessing over it; and one filled cup stands untouched, awaiting the coming of the prophet Elijah as the forerunner of the Messiah.

Such is the home celebration of the natal of freedom among our Hebrew fellow-citizens. It compares favorably with the noise and uproar of the firecrackers, cannon roa, and bon-fires of other nationalities.

Divine service will be held this evening at 6:30 o'clock at the Temple; also, to-morrow morning at 10 o'clock, an English sermon will be preached by Rabbi H. M. Bien. Subject: "The Rise, Cause and Development of the False Blood Accusation."

MR. DAMON TURLEY, lately with Baer Bros., is again connected with the large Dry Goods house of ARTHUR JACOB, where he will be pleased to see his many friends and customers. ap4

Latin Pronunciation.

[Southwestern Journal of Education.]

ENGLISH METHOD.

Extract 3. "The grammar schools of England made sporadic efforts to use the Roman method, and soon drifted back to the old and natural style. Cambridge and Oxford, where, perhaps, greater results have been attained from classical studies than from any other schools in the world, made no serious attempts to use the Roman, and now have discarded it altogether. To-day the cultured Oxonian calls his Latin naturally, and if, when making a spirited and exciting contest for a seat in Parliament, he perchance uses in the hustings a well-known and oft-quoted Latin phrase, as 'de gustibus non desputandum,' (Roman, day goosteeboos none deespootoandom), his constituency stands with gaping mouths and staring eyes, wondering in what terrible jargon he speaks. Therefore all who value the purity and smoothness of English should refuse to use the Roman, and especially the Continental method of pronouncing Latin."

While Harvard has tolerated the Roman method, Yale and other prominent Universities in the North, adhere to the grand old English Latin of our fathers.

Our Southern schools, however, in their work of reconstruction, have reconstructed ridiculously the idiom of that sonorous yet euphonious language.

SUITS TO ORDER,

Ranging from $15, $17.50, $21.50, $25, $30 up to $50. Any gentleman can be pleased in style and fit at 183 Washington street. E. D. Bickley is the man to fit the head, body and pocket of our New South.
WANAMAKER & BROWN,
m26 E. D. BICKLEY, Agent.

A Fraud.

Some time since a Rev (?) Mr. Brooks was organizing an "Independent Order of the Sons and Daughters of Rebecca," and gathered in many shekels from the colored population. We received a circular letter, this morning stating that Brooks is a fraud and warning the colored people to look out for him. The circular further states that the Order had never been incorporated as the fraternal Brooks had represented.

BUTTER!

20 Small Tubs Choice, suitable for Families, received this day. [m12] WARE & NORTH.

Enforce the Laws.

Editor of Vicksburg Post:

The article you published yesterday entitled "Mob or Magistrate" might well be taken into serious consideration by our own people. It is especially appropriate at this time when killing seems to have grown epidemic.

There have been no less than four shooting affrays in Vicksburg and immediate vicinity—one of them fatal—within the last week. The catalogue of the last four months will reach near a dozen such disgraceful and abhorrent affairs, with a result of the loss of half a dozen murdered citizens. There is not another place in America of three times the size with such a record. New Orleans cannot approach it, while the border towns of the West, the mere outposts of civilization, and paradise of the out-law and desperado, can boast of no more reckless disregard of law and human life. These facts are startling and discouraging, and it is not surprising if, in fits of disgust and desperation, law-abiding citizens, sick of so much blood and lawlessness, cast ominous mental glances at a mode of redress and moral purification outside of the courts. We may well fear the result if an effectual stop is not placed upon the career of the outlaws who outrage society and destroy the peace and good order of the community. Such deeds and scenes become intolerable to a civilized and cultivated people, and when the public patience is drawn to the last tension of forbearance, the means of reformation selected are those least tedious, and least liable to delay and possibility of failure. To commence at the root of the evil and, by slow and complicated gradation, purify the courts and remodel the machinery of justice, is too tedious, and too long in its results for the passions and impatience of a suffering, insulted and exasperated populace. In recent events our administrators of law and justice will find an impressive warning. The only way to preserve the majesty of the law is to strictly and impartially enforce the law. If this is not done the inevitable result will be a lawless contest for supremacy between the law-abiders and the law-breakers. With her record Vicksburg cannot consider herself exempt from such a misfortune. Public patience with violence and a too ready resort to the pistol will eventually become exhausted, and when it does, we may be brought to blush for fantastic freaks of excitement and indignation as disgraceful and humiliating to both our legal and social structures as the evils they pretend to correct. The statement of our local affairs—our past history—plainly indicates the cause of so much disorder and bloodshed. There is a fatal laxity somewhere in the administration of the laws. It would indeed be a shocking and discouraging and demoralizing reflection that the almost incredible number of murders and attempts at murder of the last few months—or even of the past several years—have occurred under a stern and rigid dispensation of justice. If were so, and mob law furnished a means of relief and reformation, mob law could not only be condoned, but it would be a most desirable resort. But neither proposition is true. The law is not enforced, nor is it to be enforced by mobs. The question points directly in the opposite direction. If wholesome statutes against crime remain inactive that most dreaded of out-laws, the lyncher, will eventually come to the surface to outrage law and decency and mergy.

There are many causes operating to prevent the enforcement of the law and a proper respect for the courts, but of that another time. FABNSTOCK.

Corsets from 30 to 75 cents, at JOE FOX'S. ap10

TO CONSUMERS.

Remember, there are seven different styles and quality of "Commodore Parisot" Cigars.
W. E. BECK,
Sole Proprietor
j16

W. T. BALFOUR, M. D.

LATE PHYSICIAN TO CITY HOSPITAL.

Physician and Surgeon

OFFERS his professional services to the people of Vicksburg and vicinity. Office at Keefe & Co.'s drugstore. Residence corner Crawford and South streets. ap10

FIREMEN'S DAY!

THE
BOMBARDMENT of VICKSBURG
Round Trip Tickets, One Fare.



ISSAQUENA

Will leave Greenville for Vicksburg on Tuesday evening April 22d, at 4 p.m., Leave Longwood, ... 6 p.m.
" Leota, ... 7 "
" Skipwith's, ... 9 "
" Mayerville, ... 10 "
" Providence, ... 12 m.
" Hays Landing (Wednesday), ... 2 a.m.
" Wilton, ... 5 "
" Chotard, ... 6 "
" Milliken's Bend, ... 9 "
Arrive at Vicksburg, ... 9 "
In time to witness one of the
Grandest Displays!
Ever before given by the Vicksburg Fire Companies.

R. F. BECK, President, JNO. F. HALPIN, Secretary. THOS. MOUNT, Vice-President W. O. WORRELL, Treasurer.

VICKSBURG
Building Association
STOCK IN THIS SOLID HOME INSTITUTION
PAYS BETTER THAN A SAVINGS BANK,
AND ITS INVESTMENTS ARE
Fully Secured by Mortgages on Real Estate.

Now is the time to subscribe. You cannot lose anything and you are certain to make a handsome profit.
The cost of Stock is $1 per month on each Share.

Ten shares of Stock in about eight years will be worth $1,700
The ten shares in eight years will have cost 800
Making a profit, on an investment averaging four years, of $900
Which is equal to 77 per cent. or 19¼ per cent. per annum.

The Association Cashes its Stock at any Time According to Equitable Rules.

Persons having small amounts monthly to spare, say from $1 to $15, cannot do better than invest in this stock.

Capitalists will find it a profitable investment, realizing 18 to 20 per cent. per annum.

Property owners will increase the value of their property by subscribing to its stock, for it loans its funds to actual builders, and every new house built increases the value of property in its neighborhood.

Persons of moderate means who desire to build houses can borrow the money of the Association and pay it back in

MONTHLY PAYMENTS

Not Greater than the Usual Amounts Paid for Rent.

Books of Subscription to the Twelfth Series of Stock are now open at the office of the Secretary. ja31

BLANKS'
Southern Photographic Gallery,
CLAY STREET, OVER EXPRESS OFFICE, VICKSBURG, MISS.

STRICTLY FIRST-CLASS PHOTOGRAPHS of all sizes and styles. Old pictures copied and enlarged to any size desired.
INSTANTANEOUS PICTURES TAKEN AT THIS GALLERY
Post Office Box 191.

JOHN B. CLARK. D. S. WRIGHT.
CLARKE & CO.

WE invite your attention and solicit your inspection, as we feel assured that you will find it to your interest to do so before buying elsewhere. We buy direct from the manufacturers and first hands, consequently we will duplicate prices of North, South or West.

Our Line of Blank Books
Embraces Day Books, Journals, Ledgers, Cash Books, full and half bound; Draft, Note, Order and Receipt Books, Pass and Memorandum Books, Monthly and Weekly Time Books, Invoice and Bill Books, and all kinds and sizes of Blank Books made to order.
Also Letter Paper, Bill and Account Paper, Envelopes, Inks, Pens, Pencils, etc.

Our Book Department.
We have a large assortment of School Books, Medical, Scientific, Law and Miscellaneous Books, also all the New Books as issued. Our

Fancy Goods Departm't
Offers an elegant variety goods. Birthday and Congratulation Cards in large assortment.

Ladies' Stationery.
Our assortment is always large and latest shades, shapes and kinds.

Artists' Materials.
Includes Oil, Water and China Paints, Materials of every description, Brushes, Canvas, Plaques and Panels of all sizes. Also Art Novelties for Decoration.

Musical Instruments
Includes Pianos, Organs, Guitars, Banjos, Accordions, etc. Italian and German strings for different kinds of instruments. Agents for Decker Bros. Pianos and Mason & Hamlin Organs.

Headquarters for Wall Paper, Fixtures, Frames, Mouldings, &c. All the standard Libraries, both old and new issues. All papers, Magazines, New Publications received daily.

All orders or communications per mail, boat or otherwise answered with promptness, and satisfaction guaranteed. Send for Price List and Catalogue.

CLARKE & CO.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
Booksellers, Stationers and Music Dealers
BLUE FRONT BOOK STORE, 149 WASHINGTON ST., VICKSBURG.

THE Chicago Inter-Ocean alluding to the lack of interest in municipal elections, says: "A great many voters were plug hats yesterday. And the rain, of course, prevented the owners from voting. The plug hat is the bane of politics."

THERE are men walking about town who would disgrace a lamp-post if they were hanged on it.—Picayune.

A TRIUMPH OF SKILL.
Dr. Price's SPECIAL
TRADE MARK
FLAVORING
EXTRACTS
Prepared from Select Fruits that yield the finest Flavors. Have been used for years. Become The Standard Flavoring Extracts. None of Greater Strength. None of such Perfect Purity. Always certain to impart to Cakes, Puddings, Sauces, the natural Flavor of the Fruit.
MANUFACTURED BY
STEELE & PELIE,
Chicago, St. Louis & New Orleans.
Sold by Druggists, Grocers and Dealers in Fine Goods. Be sure you get Dr. Price's. We have no Agents.

PLANTATION LOANS
On the Installment Plan, Negotiated by
Francis Smith & Co.
S. W. corner Washington and Crawford streets, Vicksburg, Miss.

No Cotton Required
Planters should not make loans until they have investigated our plan and rates.
WE HAVE NO AGENTS.
dec10

FRUIT AND ORNAMENTAL
TREES
ROSES
Green-House Plants by
MILLIONS
the
GREGORY NURSERY
Grove Street, Vicksburg.
622 THOMPSON S. GREGORY.

WINCHESTER RIFLES
AT WHOLESALE PRICES
44.100, 38.100, and 32.10, Ammunition
—BY—
LOUIS HOFFMAN
Gun Repairing Promptly Done.

The Vicksburg Evening Post.
VOLUME II. VICKSBURG, MISSISSIPPI, THURSDAY, APRIL 10, 1884. NUMBER 87.

VICKSBURG BANK.

EDWARD S. BUTTS, President. | Established Nov. 12, 1866.
E. C. KUKENDALL, Vice-Pres.
JAMES P. ROACH, Cashier. | Incorporated Mar. 4, 1878.
Transacts a General Banking Business.
CHARTER PERPETUAL.
New York Correspondent, - - - National Park Bank.
New Orleans Correspondent, - - - State National Bank.
may4

SPRING SPECIALTIES

Iron Age Cultivators,
Avery's Garden Plows,
Acme Harrows,
GERMAN MILLET SEED, SAPLING CLOVER SEED,
—AND—
LANDRETH'S GARDEN SEED,
DOW LOW COTTON PLANTERS

Globe Cotton Planters, Washburn & Moen's Thick Set Galvanized Barb Wire, Philadelphia Lawn Mowers.

LEE RICHARDSON & CO.

T. J. HANES, J. W. HANES.
HANES BROS.,
Successors to D. R. SMARR & CO.,
Auction and Commission Merchants,
206 WASHINGTON STREET, VICKSBURG.
Consignments solicited. Prompt returns and satisfaction guaranteed. feb22

EASTER!

We have now on exhibition at our store the finest and most extensive line of

EASTER CARDS
EVER BROUGHT TO THIS CITY,
—COMPRISING AN ELEGANT LINE OF—
Imported Satin Easter Cards.
L. Prang & Co.'s Easter Art Prints on Satin.
Evans, Plummer & Co.'s Easter Souvenirs in Silk, Satin and Plush.
Easter Cards from 5 cents to $15.00 each.
An elegant line of Birthday and Wedding Congratulation Cards.

J. F. BAUM & CO.,
—DEALERS IN—
Books, Stationery, Music and Fancy Goods,
171 WASHINGTON STREET, VICKSBURG.

C. C. REYNOLDS, E. A. NEELY.
C. C. REYNOLDS & CO.
Wholesale and Retail Druggists
AND DEALERS IN
White Lead, Mixed Paints, Linseed Oil, Lard Oil, Gnat Oil, Turpentine, Putty and Glassware, Patent Medicines, Sponges, Hair Brushes, Perfumery, Toilet Articles of Every Description. Garden and Flower Seeds.
AGENTS FOR HUMPHREY'S HOMŒOPATHIC MEDICINES. ja4

W. C. CATCHINGS, Attorney-General of Mississippi. MARYS DABNEY, late of Edwards, Miss.
CATCHINGS & DABNEY,
Attorneys-at-Law,
VICKSBURG, MISS.
PERSONAL attention will be given to all business entrusted to them in Warren and Hinds counties, and in the State and Federal Courts at Jackson. m14-1m

J. S. MORRIS,
Attorney-at-Law
VICKSBURG, MISS.
Office: Rooms 28 and 29, Lovell's Block, Court Square. Will practice in the Courts of Warren, Claiborne, Jefferson and Issaquena, and in the Federal and Supreme Courts at Jackson. ja16

SLAUGHTERING PRICES!
IN
Boots and Shoes
AT
FOLEY'S SHOE STORE

English broad toe gaiters, $2.50; London toe, imitation buttoned gaiters, $2.75; Plain box gaiters, $3.00; imitation laced, London toe, sewed gaiter, $3.50; kid buttoned gaiters, $3.50; kid laced, $3.25, cheap at $4.75; ladies' front laced kid, $2.75, cheap at $4.00; boys' buttoned gaiters, $2.50, cheap at $3.50; youths' buttoned gaiters, double tipped, $2.00, cheap at $2.50.

The chief pride of this house is the superior character of its custom-made work. All orders promptly and carefully attended to. Send for catalogue. ja16

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

[Special to THE EVENING POST.]

MARKET REPORTS.

LIVERPOOL, April 9.—Spots: Uplands 6¼d; Orleans 6¾d. Market firm.
NEW YORK, April 9, noon.—Spots weak. Middling, 11¼. Futures, firm.
NEW ORLEANS, April 9, noon.—Cotton weak. Middling, 11 5-16.
ST. LOUIS, April 9.—Clear ribs, 8.50; Lard, 8.20; Pork, $16.50.

Condition of the Rivers.

NEW ORLEANS, April 9.—The lower Missouri river will rise slowly at stations below Leavenworth.

The Mississippi will rise slightly at St. Louis and Helena, and fall slowly at all other stations.

New Orleans River Report.

NEW ORLEANS, April 10.—The weather is clear and pleasant.
Business is dull.
No arrivals or departures.
Capt. Frank Littrell, of New Orleans, died at Louisville last night at 10:50.

Report Against Woman's Suffrage.

WASHINGTON, April 9.—The House committee on judiciary adopted Representative Maybury's adverse report on the joint resolution proposing a constitutional amendment to give women the right of suffrage.

Mr. Dorsheimer agreed to the report on the ground that it is inexpedient to extend the rights of suffrage, but it was his opinion that it will be advisable at some future time to give women the right to vote. Representatives Reed, Brown of of Indiana, and E. B. Taylor of Ohio, will submit a minority report.

Another Rise in the River—Poor Crop Prospect.

HELENA, April 8.—A rise, the last of consequence, it is hoped, this year, is in full progress here to-night, the gauge registering 43 feet 11 inches above low, and 3 feet 3 inches below high water. This rise, Mr. Miles says, will bring the water back to within perhaps 15 inches of extreme high water, the river coming to a stand about Monday next. Allowing 15 days for the decline, which will soon follow, to carry the water off and free the bottoms and we have about the first of May, time still for a full cotton crop in the low lands. Corn of course, cannot be planted so late with any prospect of a harvest, and so there will be but little raised in the bottoms. The uplands, however are putting in a large acreage.—Avalanche Special.

Sharp Passage of Words Between Senators Hoar and Beck.

WASHINGTON, April 8.—The Chair laid before the Senate a bill to provide a uniform system of bankruptcy throughout the United States.

Mr. Hale stated Mr. Hoar, who introduced the bill, did not wish to press it this time and he (Hale) would therefore move to take up the naval appropriation bill.

Mr. Plumb and Mr. Miller (New York) thought the pleuro pneumonia bill entitled to precedence over the bankruptcy bill.

Mr. Hoar yielded to Mr. Hale in order to allow the naval bill to be taken up. Mr. Hale then changed his motion and asked unanimous consent to take up the naval appropriation bill.

Mr. Beck objected. He preferred a vote to be taken. (The vote would bring up the naval appropriation bill to-night and leave the bankruptcy pending on unfinished business.)

Mr. Hoar characterized the objection as "an outrageous and tyrannical perversion of the courtesies of the Senate."

Mr. Beck retorted that the language of the Senator from Massachusetts was wholly unworthy of any but him.

MORE HELL AT HAZLEHURST.

A Bloody Tragedy, In Which One Man was Shot, Stabbed and Beaten to Death at the Hands of Three Others.

[Special to the Picayune.]

HAZLEHURST, Miss., April 8.—Robert A. Ryal was killed here to-day by Dr. Robert G. Penn., Hance B. Penn and L. D. Yates, brother-in-law of Penn. There were about ten or more pistol-shots fired, eight by the killing party and two by Ryal. Four of the eight took effect, one in the back and three in the rear part of the head, any one of which, Dr. Oates, examining physician, says would have been fatal. All the shots taking effect were fired from a rear direction. The dead man has also severe cuts from a dirk—one in the throat and another just behind the ear. His skull is also fractured by a blow over the head, which is supposed to have been given with a pistol after being emptied.

A jury of inquest was held, which returned the verdict as above described, holding the three parties first named, who are now in jail.

There are several circumstances preceding this closing episode, which may have constituted links to produce the final encounter. Last Summer the father of Hance B. Penn, who is a minor, sued Ryal and other saloon keepers for several thousand dollars for damages for selling whisky to his minor son, which, during trial resulted in a compromise being effected, by Penn receiving $1,200. This was followed up with a difficulty on Christmas day, between young Penn and Ryal, in which Penn was shot in the leg. This difficulty occurred while both parties were badly under the influence of whisky, and is said to be about a woman.

Ryal left here on the 1st of May, since which time he has been between them ever since, and Penn and friends made some demonstrations to a difficulty last night, but parties interfered.

After Ryal left home this morning, his mother learned of what had occurred last night, and started to town to prevent further difficulty, getting up town just in time to see the the fatal shots which brought the young man to the ground.

A TOTAL RUIN.

The Residence of Mrs. Jones, on Belmont Street, Destroyed by Fire.

A fire occurred at 1 o'clock to-day, by which the residence of Mrs. Jones, on Belmont street near Washington, was almost totally destroyed. The building was a large two story cottage, and was occupied by Mrs. Jones and family and Mr. Julius Hoerner and wife.

The fire is supposed to have originated from a bucket of hot ashes placed under a back stairway, by a careless servaut, but as the roof was ablaze before the fire had done much damage to the rooms on the first floor there is room for surmise that it may have originated from a defective flue.

The department responded to the alarm and worked valiantly, but the fire had too much headway to be checked until the house and most of its contents were destroyed. We understand that the building was insured for $2,500 in some agency out of the city. Some furniture, books and carpets were saved, but these were a small part of the contents of the building.

Mr. Julius Hoerner, of Switzer, Newitter & Co.'s dry goods house, and wife, had rooms in the second story. Their wardrobe was destroyed besides Mrs. Hoerner's jewelry and all the presents they received when married a short time ago. A sewing machine and some sundry articles were saved. Mr. Hoerner estimates the loss on his property at $2,500, of which $1,000 is covered by insurance in Capt. Chamberlin's agency. During the progress of the fire on the Jones property, a negro shanty on the back end of the lot caught fire, but was kept from being destroyed by the bucket brigade.

By 2 o'clock the flames were under control, but the house was a perfect ruin, and only the bay window and a portion of the west wall remained standing.

Minnie Hauk.

The following letter to Messrs. Piazza & Botto explains itself. There is a chance to hear the great singer yet:

EL PASO, TEX., April 5, '84.

Dear Sir—To my surprise and regret I learn from your letter that you had not received my letter in which I informed you of the impossibility of coming to Vicksburg during the month of March, owing to the lateness of the season and the impossibility of making connections. We had to give up Memphis on that account, and lost several engagements. I am very glad your public think so much of Madame Minnie Hauk, and if there is any possibility of coming during the month of April I will telegraph you and ask for a date. Very truly yours,

E. H. WARTEGG.

AUCTION SALE!
—OF—
Jerseys and Graded Cattle
—BY—
HANES BROS., Auctioneers
Saturday, April 12th, 1884.

This sale affords an unusual opportunity to purchasers who wish to obtain choice young stock at reasonable prices. Sale positive, without regard to weather, Saturday, April 12th, at 12 o'clock m.
HANES BROS., Auctioneers.
ap5 206 Washington Street.

The Owens Murder Case.

The case of the State of Missisippi vs. Walter Owens, charged with the murder of young Martin, will be tried on next Saturday before Justice Lowenburg and Justice Mackey. They will sit together in the trial.

The defendant was to come before Squire S. H. Mackey to-day, but waived examination by his attorney Mr. R. V. Booth.

PESACH WINE.

A fine article at close figures at W. E. BECK. ap4

MR. DAMON TURLEY,

lately with Baer Bros., is again connected with the large Dry Goods house of ARTHUR JACOB, where he will be pleased to see his many friends and customers. ap4

The reduction of letter postage to two cents has greatly diminished the number of postal cards used and people who go to the postoffice for their friends' mail are so disgusted about it that they are going to ask Congress to put letter postage up to about 15 cents.—EX.

BUTTER!

20 Small Tubs Choice, suitable for Families, received this day. [m12] WARE & NORTH.

The Vicksburg firemen will make a grand gala-day of the 23d, when they are going to have parade, banquet, etc, to be participated in by visiting companies.—Natchez Democrat.

Just Received

25 tubs choice butter.
10 barrels choice turnips.
5 barrels choice beets.
5 barrels choice rutabagas.
1000 heads choice cabbage.
All kinds of vegetables at
JOSEPH EHLBERT.
ap3 Cor. Walnut and Jackson Street.

Gnat Oil.

Thirty barrels of first-class Gnat Oil at HARDAWAY & CASSELL'S ap2 Drugstore.

SWITZER, NEWWITTER & CO.;
133 WASHINGTON STREET.
Spring & Summer Stock Immense

DRESS GOODS.

A line of extra rich, soft finish, black cashmere Armenian silks, in nine different qualities, from 81 per yard up.

Ten styles of black satin and silk brocades, fully 25 per cent. below any competition.

Eight shades colored satin brocades—something entirely new—marked down to $1.15 per yard, would be reasonable at $1.50.

A line of evening shades satin surah, 25 inches wide, worth $1.50, reduced to $1.15.

Colored silks in all shades.

Black grenadines in handsome and cheap qualities.

BUTTONS.

Handsom

AMUSEMENTS.

GRAND
Character Concert
—AND—
TABLEAUX!
Under the Auspices of the Ladies of the M. E. Church, at the
OPERA HOUSE
—ON—
Tuesday, April 15th, 1884,
FOR ONE NIGHT ONLY.

The best amateur talent of the city has kindly volunteered for the occasion.
The proceeds of the entertainment will be devoted to church repairs.
ADMISSION $1.00.
Reserved seats can be procured at Baum's and Clarke's bookstores. a9

CHEAP COLUMN.

LOST.

LOST—On April 2d, on Cherry, Crawford or Walnut street, a point lace handkerchief. The finder will be liberally rewarded by returning it to this office. 4-5

WANTED.

WANTED.—SCHOOLS! TEACHERS!! Schools in need of competent teachers, and teachers in search of situations should address the Central Educational Bureau, R. K. JAYNE, Secretary, ap2 Jackson, Miss.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Brown, Leghorn Eggs for hatching. Fresh and pure. At H. H. KAIN'S. ap7-1w

FOR SALE—New Cottage in good neighborhood, containing 3 rooms with hall and gallery, kitchen, stable and garden. Lot 150x150 feet, all under new fence. Apply at this office. m25

FOR SALE—A cottage residence on East avenue, containing four rooms 18x28, hall 12 feet, kitchen, fine cistern and fine orchard; lot 64x132 feet. Apply to R. P. WILSON, on premises. m26

FOR SALE—The LOT on the north-east corner of Cherry and Grove sts. A pply to THOMAS MOUNT. mh19

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Two large Rooms, kitchen, outhouses, good yard and cistern. Apply at this office. ap3-1w

FOR RENT—Nice house with three rooms, kitchen, good cistern and yard; possession given April 6th. Apply to JOS. SPENCER, Cherry street crossing. m31-1w

FOR SALE OR RENT—40 Acres good land, one and a half miles from town, with plenty of wood and water. Apply at this office, or to R. P. WILSON, Vicksburg, Miss. m24-2w

FOR RENT—Three rooms and a small kitchen. Large yard and good cistern. Twelve dollars per month. Apply at this office. mh26

THE SATISFACTION

Of sitting under one's own vine and fig tree pays the largest dividend of any investment. It is the best kind of life insurance. It is the best medicine in existence, enables a man to do easier, and robs death of one of the principal terrors, to know that the loved ones we must leave behind us have a roof of their own over their heads which cannot be taken from them.

If you cannot buy a house and lot, you can at least make a commencement by investing $25 in a lot in Speed's addition, and pay the balance in $5 monthly installments. No better opportunity to buy a home or to make a safe investment in Vicksburg is likely to occur than that now presented by the unprecedented terms upon which these lots are sold. sep1

LOCAL ITEMS.

THE 4-10s will get in their work.

THE water is falling all along the river.

DR. T. D. FRENCH is home from Lake Providence.

DR. T. W. HOLLAND, of Canton, is in the city.

MR. JAS. P. CULLEY, of Colline station, is in the city.

SHERIFF BECK leaves this evening for Jackson on official business.

READ Warner & Searles' new local about brand-new Spring goods.

THE docket was called and the cases set for trial by the Circuit Court this morning.

MESSRS. N. A. BIRDSONG, C. T. Harrison and J. H. Warren, of Edwards, are at the Pacific.

H. F. SIMERALL JR., is now connected with the Telephone Exchange. 148 is the number.

THE choir of the Clay street (colored) Baptist Church is preparing some anthems to be sung on Easter.

DR. J. W. MAGRUDER, of Westburg, and Miss F. Magruder, of Canton, were registered at the Pacific this morning.

FIVE convicts arrived in this city yesterday and were taken on the E. C. Carroll, Jr., to Grave's Honey Island plantation.

ATTENTION is directed to advertisements in this issue signed by the President of the Board of Supervisors and the Treasurer of Warren county.

WE had the pleasure of a call from Mr. Chas. T. Robinson, of Greenwood, Sunflower county, this morning. Mr. Robinson came down on the steamer Headlight.

MR. A. MEYNER reports quite satisfactory encouragement in this city to his proposed publication "the Confederate Knapsack." He has already secured a good list of subscribers in Vicksburg.

MR. C. O. WILLIS, accompanied by his family, left on the E. C. Carroll last night for Satartia, whither he is called by the serious illness of his brother-in-law, Mr. E. Miles Hogan, who is with the benefit of the Methodist Church, will please meet this evening at Dr. Hunt's residence, on Grove street, at 7:30 o'clock, for the purpose of rehearsal.

MR. WM. A. GIBTON, of Francis Smith & Co's land brokers office left on the 2:15 train for Jackson where he is to be married at 5 o'clock, to Miss Lillie V. Routzahn. The ceremony is to take place in the Methodist Church at Jackson, conducted by Rev. Dr. Galloway.

MR. DAVID EVANS, a well-known boat carpenter, died at the residence of Mr. Richard Clark in this city, last night, of consumption, and was buried by Warren Lodge I. O. O. F. His home was at Long Bottom, Ohio, for which place he had intended to depart on the Golden Crown last evening.

THE Vicksburg Gymnasium Club will meet to-night at office of Julius M. Klein, at 7:30 o'clock. Business of importance will come up for consideration. There will be a report from the Board of Directors and several important committees, and also from the Financial Secretary and Collector. A full attendance is desired.

A MEETING of the Constitution Fire Company was held last night, and a new Constitution was adopted. The following officers, not elected at their former meeting, were put in nomination: Vice-President, F. W. Little; Financial Secretary, M. J. Moore; Firemen, W. E. Dorney, John J. Dorney; Engineer, A. O'Connor; Driver, T. E. Hayes. The election will take place on the first Wednesday in May.

VINCENT SHINKLE, a ten year old son of Capt. E. L. Shinkle, while riding a velocipede on board the steamer Golden Crown yesterday was thrown from the same, dislocating one of his arms. Upon the arrival of the boat here last night, Dr. Hardenstein was called in, and promptly replaced it. The little fellow suffered a good deal for a few hours after the accident, but upon the departure of the boat seemed to be doing very well.

It would be well for housekeepers to know that Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder is free from Alum, Ammonia and other objectional drugs, hence the purest and most economical. Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder is beyond all question the best and most perfect of anything in the market. To insure certainty, buy it only in cans.

Harness Oil.

Fine Harness Oil Blacking, $1.50 per gallon. Preserves and saves your harness, leather, etc.; at
HARDAWAY & CASSELL'S
ap2 Drugstore.

Pop! Goes the Pistol!

A fracas occurred in a saloon on the levee about 7 o'clock this morning between two negroes named Lewis Carter and Clark Thomas, during which the latter drew his little pop and fired at Carter, the ball entering Carter's left breast above the heart. The wound is an ugly one, but is not considered dangerous. Officer Fred. Hopkins took them in charge and marched them to the work-house. They were arraigned before the Mayor this morning, when Thomas was bound over to the Circuit Court in the sum of $500, in default of which he was sent to jail. Carter was fined $15 and costs, which he will work out after recovering from his wounds. The knife of the pair will have plenty of time in which to cool before they will again be seen in their accustomed haunts on the levee.

BRAND NEW

And cant-be-beaten styles of thoroughly first-rate Spring clothing now on the counters at our house. Men's suits, boy's suits, children's suits in all the latest shapes and colors. New furnishings and hats just in. The best styles we ever showed, and the lowest prices.
WARNER & SEARLES,
ap9 The Leading Clothiers.

An Imposter.

VICKSBURG, April 9, 1884.
[copy.]
To Mr. H. T. Moore, County Superintendent, Vicksburg:

We, the undersigned, Trustees of Beechland school (white), do hereby send you this our report concerning Dr. J. T. Lowry's actions: We find him dishonest and a perfect imposition. In the first instance we find that he kept a false register; that he reported more scholars than he had, and did not keep any register of absentees.. He was very immoral in various ways. He borrowed Mr. J. B. Young's horse to ride to Oak Ridge for the mail. He rode the horse to Vicksburg and put him in Bender's stable, leaving Mr. Young to pay the expense. * * * We consider him an unprincipled man, and we desire the public to be warned against any further imposition by him.

Yours very respectfully,
H. T. GRANT,
DAVID HOPPER,
W. B. BLACK.

The Y. M. L. C.

The young men's Literary Club, composed of a number of intelligent young colored men of the city, will give its first grand entertainment at the Odd Fellow Hall, on Washington street on next Monday night. A debate will occur on the question of giving woman the right to vote. String music will be in attendance, and it promises to be a big event.

Gnat Oil.

Thirty barrels of Excelsior Gnat Oil
HARDAWAY & CASSELL'S
ap10 Drugstore.

Good News from the Sunflower.

From a gentleman who arrived by the steamer Headlight this morning we learn the following:

The Sunflower is falling at all points below Clarksdale, Coahoma county, at the rate of two inches in twenty-four hours. At Clarksdale there is a rise of one inch in twenty-four hours, caused by the recent swell in the Mississippi. This rise at Clarksdale will not affect the Sunflower country materially. The planters are at work preparing for a crop; many plowing and some planting cotton. No Government rations needed. No loss of stock by water or gnats is reported.

Fire Committees.

Editor of the Post:

A number of the firemen placed upon some of the committees in connection with the coming Firemen's Parade, are making a big kick, and very justly too from what we have heard.

As an instance: There was a committee appointed by each of the Companies upon uniforms, whose duty it is to hunt up the members and have them provide themselves with uniforms. This being by no means a pleasant or easy task, many appointed on these committees put up various and divers excuses, and whether through favoritism or not, were excused, and the whole burden of the work thereby thrown upon the few who were unfortunate or not sufficiently popular to be excused.

It being impossible for these few to carry out the object of the committees, and failing to do so they are to be fined for neglect of duty, and it is here where the big kick and the dissatisfaction come in. We have heard some prominent and valuable firemen discussing the matter pretty freely, and talk seriously of resigning their positions and their Companies.

* * *

Parade Matters.

The committee from the Board of Delegates of the Vicksburg Fire Department were out yesterday soliciting monied subscriptions from our business men to aid in defraying the expenses of their grand parade to be had on the 23d instant, and we are glad to be able to state that they were eminently successful wherever they went, with probably two or three exceptions. Not for the purpose of coercing or influencing in the slightest degree any person able to give for this noble purpose, yet we would suggest that a list of our merchants and business men contributing should be published that the "fire boys" may know who most appreciates them and are most willing to aid in making their one day in the year truly a gala day.

PESACH WINE.

A fine article at close figures at
W. E. BECK.
ap4

The Concert on the 15th.

There is no doubt in the world but that our music-loving people are hungering and thirsting after some good music, and further there is no doubt in the world but that our music-loving public will have an excellent opportunity to hear some of the best music that can be made by our local talent on the 15th, the concert to be given for the benefit of the Methodist Church. We will speak more at length of the concert in the future.

The Big Feature of the Firemen's Parade.

Our Merchants should recollect that the prominent feature of the firemen's parade on the 23d inst., is the miniature bombardments of Vicksburg, which events occurred in 1862 and 1863. This alone will cost not less than about $500 but should be made a success by all means as that feature alone will attract hundreds of people to our city that probably would not come simply to witness the ordinary street parade of the Department, and we are positively assured that the whole programme as published by the firemen will be carried out.

The Woods are Full of 'Em.

A supposed murderer named Josiah Biggs was arrested by Officer Scott last night, on suspecion that he is the man who killed Tom Robinson, at Lake Providence, La. He was taken to the Work-house.

Diggs was interviewed this morning by a POST reporter, to whom he states that he killed Robinson last January in self-defense. Robinson had become angry about some trivial matter and attacked Diggs, shooting at him with a shotgun or musket, striking him with the gun and then drawing a revolver on him. Diggs says he then fired and killed Robinson. He wants to go to Lake Providence for trial, and says he never would have left there but for friends who advised him to run away.

Fine Crop Prospects in Issaquena.

We were shown to-day some samples of corn and cotton plants, grown on Mr. D. Mayer's Ophelia plantation, on Steele's bayou, of which Mr. J. Burrus is manager. The plants have grown remarkably well, and we are informed that by Saturday night all planting will have been finished.

Louisiana Affairs.

Judge E. J. Deloney was a passenger by the steamer Golden Crown last night, returning to his home at Lake Providence from Tallulah, La., where he had been to hold the regular civil term of the Parish Court, but owing to high water and the great difficulty of people getting about he postponed the holding of the Court until June.

He reports the people around Henderson's in East Carroll parish as being sufferers by the overflow and in need of assistance, and that that point is about the best for the distribution of relief. For the parties he thinks that nearly half

"The Seder."

The Jewish religion is decidedly tentative to the cultivation of the family. All its laws, ordinances, and regulations bear directly upon this, the most important of social existence, and to this fact may be attributed their tenacity for existence under the most harassing and often cruel circumstances, as well as their high rate in the average longevity of our race. We find this exemplified especially in their celebration of Pesach or Passover, the Jubilee of their Liberty, which commences this evening as the 14th day of the first lunar month, Nissan. A peculiar kind of domestic worship takes place in most families as soon as they return from divine service; it is known as the Seder, and consists in a recital by the head of the house before wife, children and friends, of the wonderful achievement by God's Providence alone, of the redemption from Egyptian bondage. A book universally known as the Hagadah is used for the recital; it is made up from Biblical and talmudical passages, poems and songs, and it is most remarkable that the melodies used, as for instance the Haudah, the El b' nay, and Chad gaddyoh, have been and are the same all over the world—with the Chinese Jew, the Black Israelites in Arabia, with the Portuguese, the Germans, and the latest development, the American Hebrews; this music having been traditionally propagated, undoubtedly from their earliest history. A peculiar arrangement is observed on the table; there lie three matzoh, the Passover bread, under the snowy cover of linen. The pieces used for this occasion are especially backed and named according to the three classes of the Jewish people. On top lies one named the Cohen (priest); next thereto the Levy, and last the Israel. Aside of this is found a bunch of parsely, reminding of the return of Spring; next a piece of horse radish as a token of the bitterness of slave life; an egg, the Jewish symbol of joy and immortality; burnt bone, in remembrance of the Paschal lamb, and a mixture of fruit and continents of the color of loam, in remembrance of the toil of the forefathers while building for their masters. Every member of the household is required to drink four times of wine after pronouncing the blessing over it; and one filled cup stands untouched, awaiting the coming of the prophet Elijah as the forerunner of the Messiah.

Such is the home celebration of the natal of freedom among our Hebrew fellow-citizens. It compares favorably with the noise and uproar of the firecrackers, cannon roa, and bon-fires of other nationalities.

Divine service will be held this evening at 6:30 o'clock at the Temple; also, to-morrow morning at 10 o'clock, an English sermon will be preached by Rabbi H. M. Bien. Subject: "The Rise, Cause and Development of the False Blood Accusation."

MR. DAMON TURLEY,
lately with Baer Bros., is again connected with the large Dry Goods house of ARTHUR JACOB, where he will be pleased to see his many friends and customers. ap4

Latin Pronunciation.

[Southwestern Journal of Education.]

ENGLISH METHOD.

Extract 3. "The grammar schools of England made sporadic efforts to use the Roman method, and soon drifted back to the old and natural style. Cambridge and Oxford, where, perhaps, greater results have been attained from classical studies than from any other schools in the world, made no serious attempts to use the Roman, and now have discarded it altogether. To-day the cultured Oxonian calls his Latin naturally, and if, when making a spirited and exciting contest for a seat in Parliament, he perchance uses on the hustings a well-known and oft-quoted Latin phrase, as 'de gustibus non desputandum,' (Roman, day goosteeboos none deespootoandom), his constituency stands with gaping mouths and staring eyes, wondering in what terrible jargon he speaks. * * Therefore all who value the purity and smoothness of English should refuse to use the Roman, and especially the Continental method of pronouncing Latin."

While Harvard has tolerated the Roman method, Yale and other prominent Universities in the North, adhere to the grand old English Latin of our fathers.

Our Southern schools, however, in their work of reconstruction, have reconstructed ridiculously the idiom of that sonorous yet euphonious language.

SUITS TO ORDER,

Ranging from $15, $17.50, $21.50, $25, $30 up to $50. Any gentleman can be pleased in style and fit at 183 Washington street. E. D. Bickley is the man to fit the head, body and pocket of our New South.
WANAMAKER & BROWN,
m26 E. D. BICKLEY, Agent.

A Fraud.

Some time since a Rev (?) Mr. Brooks was organizing an "Independent Order of the Sons and Daughters of Rebecca," and gathered in many shekels from the colored population. We received a circular letter, this morning stating that Brooks is a fraud and warning the colored people to look out for him. The circular further states that the Order had never been incorporated as the fraternal Brooks had represented.

BUTTER!

20 Small Tubs Choice, suitable for Families, received this day. [m12] WARE & NORTH.

R. F. BECK, President, THOS. MOUNT, Vice-President,
JNO. F. HALPIN, Secretary, W. O. WORRELL, Treasurer.
VICKSBURG
Building Association
STOCK IN THIS SOLID HOME INSTITUTION
PAYS BETTER THAN A SAVINGS BANK,
AND ITS INVESTMENTS ARE
Fully Secured by Mortgages on Real Estate.
Now is the time to subscribe. You cannot lose anything and you are certain to make a handsome profit.
The cost of Stock is $1 per month on each Share.
Ten shares of Stock in about eight years will be worth $1,000
The ten shares in eight years will have cost 960
Making a profit, on an investment averaging four years, of $40
Which is equal to 77 per cent. or 19¼ per cent. per annum.
The Association Cashes its Stock at any Time According to Equitable Rules.
Persons having small amounts monthly to spare, say from $1 to $15, cannot do better than invest in this stock.
Capitalists will find it a profitable investment, realizing 18 to 20 per cent. per annum.
Property owners will increase the value of their property by subscribing to the stock, for it loans its funds to actual builders, and every new house built increases the value of property in its neighborhood.
Persons of moderate means who desire to build houses can borrow the money from the Association and pay it back in
MONTHLY PAYMENTS
Not Greater than the Usual Amounts Paid for Rent.
Books of Subscription to the Twelfth Series of Stock are now open at the office of the Secretary.

BLANKS'
Southern Photographic Gallery,
CLAY STREET, OVER EXPRESS OFFICE, VICKSBURG, MISS.
STRICTLY FIRST-CLASS PHOTOGRAPHS of all sizes and styles. Old pictures copied and enlarged to any size desired.
INSTANTANEOUS PICTURES TAKEN AT THIS GALLERY
Post Office Box 191.

JOHN B. CLARK. D. S. WRIGHT.
CLARKE & CO.
We invite your attention and solicit your inspection, as we feel assured that you will find it to your interest to do so before buying elsewhere. We buy direct from the manufacturers and first hands, consequently we will duplicate prices of North, South or West.
Our Line of Blank Books
Embraces Day Books, Journals, Ledgers, Cash Books, full and half bound; Draft, Note, Order and Receipt Books, Pass and Memorandum Books, Monthly and Weekly Time Books, Invoice and Bill Books, and all kinds and sizes of blank books.
Also Letter Paper, Bill and Account Paper, Envelopes, Inks, Pens, Pencils, etc.
Our Book Department.
We have a large assortment of School Books, Medical, Scientific, Law and Miscellaneous Books, also all the New Books as issued. Our
Fancy Goods Departm't
Offers an elegant variety goods. Birthday and Congratulation Cards in large assortment.
Ladies' Stationery.
Our assortment is always large and of latest shades, shapes and kinds.
Artists' Materials.
Includes Oil, Water and China Paints. Materials of every description, Brushes, Canvass, Plaques and Panels of all kinds. Also Art Novelties for Decoration.
Musical Instruments
Includes Pianos, Organs, Guitars, Banjos, Accordions, etc. Italian and German strings for different kinds of instruments. Agents for Decker Bros. Pianos and Mason & Hamlin Organs.
Headquarters for Wall Paper, Fine Picture Frames, Mouldings, &c. All the standard Libraries, both old and new issues. Magazines, New Publications and Periodicals received daily.
All orders or communications per mail, boat or otherwise answered with promptness, and satisfaction guaranteed. Send for Price List and Catalogue.
CLARKE & CO.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
Booksellers, Stationers and Music Dealers
BLUE FRONT BOOK STORE, 149 WASHINGTON ST., VICKSBURG.

THE Chicago Inter-Ocean alluding to the lack of interest in municipal elections, says: "A great many voters wore plug hats yesterday. And the rain, of course, prevented the owners from voting. The plug hat is the bane of politics."

THERE are men walking about town who would disgrace a lamp-post if they were hanged on it.—Picayune.

A TRIUMPH OF SKILL.
Dr. Price's SPECIAL
FLAVORING EXTRACTS
Prepared from Select Fruits that yield the finest Flavors. Have been used for years. Become The Standard Flavoring Extracts. None of Greater Strength. None of such Perfect Purity. Always certain to impart to Cakes, Puddings, Sauces, the natural Flavor of the Fruit.
MANUFACTURED BY
STEELE & PRICE,
Chicago, Ill., and St. Louis, Mo.
Boston Office, 3 Tremont Row.
WE MAKE NO SECOND GRADES OF GOODS.

PLANTATION LOANS
On the Installment Plan, negotiated by
Francis Smith & Co.
8. W. corner Washington and Crawford streets, Vicksburg, Miss.
No Cotton Required
Planters should not make loans until they have investigated our plan and rates.
WE HAVE NO AGENTS.
dec10

FRUIT AND ORNAMENTAL TREES
ROSES
Green-House Plants by
MILLIONS
the
GREGORY NURSERY
Grove Street, Vicksburg.
d22 THOMPSON B. GREGORY.

WINCHESTER RIFLES
AT WHOLESALE PRICES
44,100, 38,100, and 32,10 [illegible]
—BY—
LOUIS HOFFMAN

The Vicksburg Evening Post.
VOLUME II. VICKSBURG, MISSISSIPPI, THURSDAY, APRIL 10, 1884. NUMBER 87.

VICKSBURG BANK.
EDWARD S. BUTTS, President. Established Nov. 12, 1868.
H. C. KUYKENDALL, Vice-Pres.
JAMES P. ROACH, Cashier. Incorporated Mar. 4, 1878.
Transacts a General Banking Business.
CHARTER PERPETUAL.
New York Correspondent, - - - National Park Bank.
New Orleans Correspondent, - - - State National Bank.
may4

SPRING SPECIALTIES
Iron Age Cultivators,
Avery's Garden Plows,
Acme Harrows,
GERMAN MILLET SEED, SAPLING CLOVER SEED,
—AND—
LANDRETH'S GARDEN SEED,
DOW LOW COTTON PLANTERS
Globe Cotton Planters, Washburn & Moen's Thick Set Galvanized Barb Wire, Philadelphia Lawn Mowers.
LEE RICHARDSON & CO.

T. J. HANES, J. W. HANES.
HANES BROS.,
Successors to D. R. SMARR & CO.,
Auction and Commission Merchants,
206 WASHINGTON STREET, VICKSBURG.
Consignments solicited. Prompt returns and satisfaction guaranteed. feb22

EASTER!
We have now on exhibition at our store the finest and most extensive line of
EASTER CARDS
EVER BROUGHT TO THIS CITY,
—COMPRISING AN ELEGANT LINE OF—
Imported Satin Easter Cards.
L. Prang & Co.'s Easter Art Prints on Satin.
Evans, Plummer & Co.'s Easter Souvenirs in Silk, Satin and Plush.
Easter Cards from 5 cents to $15.00 each.
An elegant line of Birthday and Wedding Congratulation Cards.
J. F. BAUM & CO.,
DEALERS IN
Books, Stationery, Music and Fancy Goods,
171 WASHINGTON STREET, VICKSBURG.

C. C. REYNOLDS, E. A. NEELY.
C. C. REYNOLDS & CO.
Wholesale and Retail Druggists
AND DEALERS IN
White Lead, Mixed Paints, Linseed Oil, Lard Oil, Gnat Oil, Turpentine, Putty and Glassware, Patent Medicines, Sponges, Hair Brushes, Perfumery, Toilet Articles of Every Description, Garden and Flower Seeds.
AGENTS FOR HUMPHREY'S HOMEOPATHIC MEDICINES. ja4

F. C. CATCHINGS, Attorney-General of Mississippi. MARYE DABNEY, late of Edwards, Miss.
CATCHINGS & DABNEY,
Attorneys-at-Law,
VICKSBURG, MISS.
PERSONAL attention will be given to all business entrusted to them in Warren and Hinds counties, and in the State and Federal Courts at Jackson. mh18-1m

J. S. MORRIS,
Attorney-at-Law
VICKSBURG, MISS.
Will practice in the various Courts of Warren and adjoining counties, and in the Supreme Court at Jackson. Collections and all other business entrusted to his care will receive prompt attention. ja4

SLAUGHTERING PRICES!
—IN—
Boots and Shoes
—AT—
FOLEY'S SHOE STORE
English broad toe gaiters, $2.50; London toe, imitation buttoned gaiters, $2.75; Plain box gaiters, $3.00; imitation laced, London toe, sewed gaiter, $3.50; ladies' kid buttoned $3.25, cheap at $4.75; ladies' front laced, kid, $2.75, cheap at $4.00; ladies' buttoned gaiters, $3.50, cheap at $5.50; youths' buttoned gaiters, double tipped, $2.00, cheap at $3.25.
The chief pride of this house is the fine custom boots and shoes made to order. All orders promptly and carefully attended to. Send for catalogue. 7-15

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

[Special to THE EVENING POST.]

MARKET REPORTS.

LIVERPOOL, April 9.—Spots: Uplands 6¼d; Orleans 6¾d. Market firm.
NEW YORK, April 9, noon.—Spots weak. Middling, 11⅞. Futures, firm.
NEW ORLEANS, April 9, noon.—Cotton weak. Middling, 11 5-16.
ST. LOUIS, April 9.—Clear ribs, 8.50; Lard, 8.20; Pork, $16.50.

Condition of the Rivers.

NEW ORLEANS, April 9.—The lower Missouri river will rise slowly at stations below Leavenworth.
The Mississippi will rise slightly at St. Louis and Helena, and fall slowly at all other stations.

New Orleans River Report.

NEW ORLEANS, April 10.—The weather is clear and pleasant.
Business is dull.
No arrivals or departures.
Capt. Frank Littrell, of New Orleans, died at Louisville last night at 10:50.

Report Against Woman's Suffrage.

WASHINGTON, April 9.—The House committee on judiciary adopted Representative Maybury's adverse report on the joint resolution proposing a constitutional amendment to give women the right of suffrage.
Mr. Dorsheimer agreed to the report on the ground that it is inexpedient to extend the rights of suffrage, but it was his opinion that it will be advisable at some future time to give women the right to vote. Representatives Reed, Brown of of Indiana, and E. B. Taylor of Ohio, will submit a minority report.

Another Rise in the River—Poor Crop Prospect.

HELENA, April 8.—A rise, the last of consequence, it is hoped, this year, is in full progress here to-night, the gauge registering 43 feet 11 inches above low, and 3 feet 3 inches below high water. This rise, Mr. Miles says, will bring the water back to within perhaps 15 inches of extreme high water, the river coming to a stand about Monday next. Allowing 15 days for the decline, which will soon follow, to carry the water off and free the bottoms and we have about the first of May, time still for a full cotton crop in the low lands. Corn of course, cannot be planted so late with any prospect of a harvest, and so there will be but little raised in the bottoms. The uplands, however are putting in a large acreage.—Avalanche Special.

Sharp Passage of Words Between Senators Hoar and Beck.

WASHINGTON, April 8.—The Chair laid before the Senate a bill to provide a uniform system of bankruptcy throughout the United States.
Mr. Hale moved Mr. Hoar, who introduced the bill, did not wish to press it this time and he (Hale) would therefore move to take up the naval appropriation bill.
Mr. Plumb and Mr. Miller (New York) thought the pleuro pneumonia bill entitled to precedence over the bankruptcy bill.
Mr. Hoar yielded to Mr. Hale in order to allow the naval bill to be taken up. Mr. Hale then changed his motion and asked unanimous consent to take up the naval appropriation bill.
Mr. Beck objected. He preferred a vote to be taken. (The vote would bring up the naval appropriation bill to-night and leave the bankruptcy pending on unfinished business.)
Mr. Hoar characterized the objection as "an outrageous and tyrannical perversion of the courtesies of the Senate."
Mr. Beck retorted that the language of the Senator from Massachusetts was wholly unworthy of any but him.

MORE HELL AT HAZLEHURST.

A Bloody Tragedy, In Which One Man was Shot, Stabbed and Beaten to Death at the Hands of Three Others.

[Special to the Picayune.]

HAZLEHURST, Miss., April 8.—Robert A. Eyal was killed here to-day by Dr. Robert G. Penn., Hance B. Penn and L. D. Yates, brother-in-law of Penn. There were about ten or more pistol-shots fired, eight by the killing party and two by Eyal. Four of the eight took effect, one in the back and three in the rear part of the head, any one of which, Dr. Oates, examining physician, says would have been fatal. All the shots taking effect were fired from a rear direction. The dead man has also severe cuts from a dirk—one in the throat and another just behind the ear. His skull is also fractured by a blow over the head, which is supposed to have been given with a pistol after being emptied.
A jury of inquest was held, which returned the verdict as above described, holding the three parties first named, who are now in jail.
There are several circumstances preceding this closing episode, which may have constituted links to produce the final encounter. Last Summer the father of Hance B. Penn, who is a minor, sued Eyal and other saloon keepers for several thousand dollars for damages for selling whisky to his minor son, which, during trial resulted in a compromise being effected; by Penn receiving $1,200. This was followed up with a difficulty on Christmas day, between young Penn and Eyal, in which Penn was shot in the leg. This difficulty occurred while both parties were badly under the influence of whisky, and is said to be about a woman.
The feeling has been bad between them ever since, and Penn and friends made some demonstrations to a difficulty last night, but parties interfered.
After Eyal left home this morning, his mother learned of what had occurred last night, and started to town to prevent further difficulty, meeting a negro boy on the road to see the fatal shots when he brought the young man to the ground.

A TOTAL RUIN.

The Residence of Mrs. Jones, on Belmont Street, Destroyed by Fire.

A fire occurred at 1 o'clock to-day, by which the residence of Mrs. Jones, on Belmont street near Washington, was almost totally destroyed. The building was a large two story cottage, and was occupied by Mrs. Jones and family and Mr. Julius Hoerner and wife.
The fire is supposed to have originated from a bucket of hot ashes placed under a back stairway, by a careless servaunt, but as the roof was ablaze before the fire had done much damage to the rooms on the first floor there is room for surmise that it may have originated from a defective flue.
The department responded to the alarm and worked valiantly, but the fire had too much headway to be checked until the house and most of its contents were destroyed. We understand that the building was insured for $2,500 in some agency out of the city. Some furniture, books and carpets were saved, but these were a small part of the contents of the building.
Mr. Julius Hoerner, of Switzer, Newitter & Co.'s dry goods house, and wife, had rooms in the second story. Their wardrobe was destroyed besides Mrs. Hoerner's jewelry and all the presents they received when married a short time ago. A sewing machine and some sundry articles were saved. Mr. Hoerner estimates the loss on his property at $2,500, of which $1,000 is covered by insurance in Capt. Chamberlin's agency. During the progress of the fire on the Jones property, a negro shanty on the back end of the lot caught fire, but was kept from being destroyed by the bucket brigade.
By 2 o'clock the flames were under control, but the house was a perfect ruin, and only the bay window and a portion of the west wall remained standing.

Minnie Hauk.

The following letter to Messrs. Piazza & Botto explains itself. There is a chance to hear the great singer yet:

EL PASO, TEX., April 3, '84.

Dear Sir—To my surprise and regret I learn from your letter that you had not received my letter in which I informed you of the impossibility of coming to Vicksburg during the month of March, owing to the high water and the impossibility of making connections. We had to give up Memphis on that account, and lost several engagements. I am very glad your public think so much of Madame Minnie Hauk, and if there is any possibility of coming during the month of April I will telegraph you and ask for a date.
Very truly yours,
E. H. WARTEGG.

AUCTION SALE!
—OF—
Jerseys and Graded Cattle
—BY—
HANES BROS., Auctioneers
Saturday, April 12th, 1884.
This sale affords an unusual opportunity to purchasers who wish to obtain choice young stock at reasonable prices. Sale positive, without regard to weather, Saturday, April 12th, at 12 o'clock m.
HANES BROS., Auctioneers.
ap5 206 Washington Street.

The Owens Murder Case.

The case of the State of Mississippi vs. Walter Owens, charged with the murder of young Martin, will be tried on next Saturday before Justice Lowenburg and Justice Mackey. They will sit together in the trial.
The defendant was to come before Squire S. H. Mackey to-day, but waived examination by his attorney Mr. R. V. Booth.

PESACH WINE.

A fine article at close figures at
W. E. BECK.
ap4

MR. DAMON TURLEY,
lately with Baer Bros., is again connected with the large Dry Goods house of ARTHUR JACOB, where he will be pleased to see his many friends and customers. ap4

THE reduction of letter postage to two cents has greatly diminished the number of postal cards used and people who go to the postoffice for their neighbors' mail are so disgusted about it that they are going to ask Congress to put letter postage up to about 15 cents.—Ex.

BUTTER!

20 Small Tubs Choice, suitable for Families, received this day. [m12] WARE & NORTH.

THE Vicksburg firemen will make a grand gala-day of the 23d, when they are going to have parade, banquet, etc., to be participated in by visiting companies.—Natchez Democrat.

Just Received

25 tubs choice butter.
10 barrels choice turnips.
5 barrels choice beets,
5 barrels choice rutabagas.
1000 heads choice cabbages.
All kinds of vegetables at
JOSEPH EHLBERT,
ap3 Cor. Walnut and Jackson Street.

Gnat Oil.

Thirty barrels of Excelsior Gnat Oil
HARDAWAY & CASSELL'S
ap10 Drugstore.

Enforce the Laws.

Editor of Vicksburg Post:

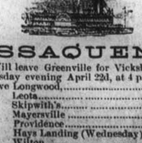
The article you published yesterday entitled "Mob or Magistrate" might well be taken into serious consideration by our own people. It is especially appropriate at this time when killing seems to have grown epidemic.
There have been no less than four shooting affrays in Vicksburg and immediate vicinity—one of them fatal—within the last week. The catalogue of the last four months will reach near a dozen such disgraceful and abhorrent affairs, with a result of the loss of half a dozen murdered citizens. There is not another place in America of three times the size with such a record. New Orleans cannot approach it, while the border towns of the West, the mere outposts of civilization, and paradise of the out-law and desperado, can boast of no more reckless disregard of law and human life. These facts are startling and discouraging, and it is not surprising if, in fits of disgust and desperation, law-abiding citizens, sick of so much blood and lawlessness, cast ominous mental glances at a mode of redress and moral purification outside of the courts. We may well fear the result if an effectual stop is not placed upon the career of the outlaws who outrage society and destroy the peace and good order of the community. Such deeds and scenes become intolerable to a civilized and cultivated people, and when the public patience is drawn to the last tension of forbearance, the means of reformation selected are those least tedious, and least liable to delay and possibility of failure. To commence at the root of the evil and, by slow and complicated gradation, purify the courts and remodel the machinery of justice, is too tedious, and too long in its results for the passions and impatience of a suffering, insulted and exasperated populace. In recent events our administrators of law and justice will find an impressive warning. The only way to preserve the majesty of the law is to strictly and impartially enforce the law. If this is not done the inevitable result will be a lawless contest for supremacy between the law-abiders and the law-breakers. With her record Vicksburg cannot consider herself exempt from such a misfortune. Public patience with violence and a too ready resort to the pistol will eventually become exhausted, and when it does, we may be brought to blush for fantastic freaks of excitement and indignation as disgraceful and humiliating to both our legal and social structures as the evils they pretend to correct. The statement of our local affairs—our past history—plainly indicates the cause of so much disorder and bloodshed. There is a fatal laxity somewhere in the administration of the laws. It would indeed be a shocking and discouraging and demoralizing reflection that the almost incredible number of murders and attempts at murder of the last few months—or even of the past several years—have occurred under a stern and rigid dispensation of justice. If it were so, and mob law furnished a means of relief and reformation, mob law could not only be condoned, but it would be a most desirable resort. But neither proposition is true. The law is not enforced, nor is it to be enforced by mobs. The question points directly in the opposite direction. If wholesome statutes against crime remain inactive that most dreaded of outlaws, the lynch, will eventually come to the surface to outrage law and decency and mercy.
There are many causes operating to prevent the enforcement of the law and a proper respect for the courts, but of that another time. FABNSTOCK.

Corsets from 30 to 75 cents, at JOE FOX'S. ap10

TO CONSUMERS.

Remember, there are seven different styles and quality of "Commodore Parisot" Cigars.
W. E. BECK,
j16 Sole Proprietor

W. T. BALFOUR, M. D.
LATE PHYSICIAN TO CITY HOSPITAL.
Physician and Surgeon
OFFERS his professional services to the people of Vicksburg and vicinity.
Office at Keefe & Co.'s drugstore. Residence corner Crawford and South streets. ap10

FIREMEN'S DAY!
—THE—
BOMBARDMENT of VICKSBURG
Round Trip Tickets, One Fare.

ISSAQUENA
Will leave Greenville for Vicksburg on Tuesday evening April 22d, at 4 p.m.
Leave Longwood, ... 6 p.m.
" Leota, ... 8 "
" Skipwith, ... 9 "
" Mayersville, ... 10 "
" Providence, ... 12 m.
" Hays Landing (Wednesday), ... 2 a.m.
" Wilton, ... 3 "
" Chotard, ... 5 "
" Milliken's Bend, ... 6 "
Arrive at Vicksburg, ... 9 "
In time to witness one of the
Grandest Displays!
Ever before given by the Vicksburg Fire Department. ap10

SWITZER, NEWWITTER & CO.;
133 WASHINGTON STREET.
Spring & Summer Stock Immense
DRESS GOODS.
A line of extra rich, soft finish, black cashmere Armenian silks, in nine different qualities, from $1 per yard up.
Ten styles of black satin and silk brocades, fully 25 per cent. below any competition.
Eight sh

THE EVENING POST

PUBLISHED BY
J. G. CASHMAN & CO.,
Vicksburg, Miss.

The Evening Post.

VICKSBURG, MISS., APRIL 10, 1884.

MR. W. I. GIBSON, of Alcorn county, has announced himself a candidate for Congress in this district.—Columbus, (Miss.) Dispatch.

Who is Mr. W. I. Gibson, of Alcorn?

IF the Blair bill passes the House, Mississippi will receive about $400,000 the first year from the Federal Government to assist in educating the children in this State. We can stand it.

SOMETIMES the best thing to do is not to do anything. This should have been the wise policy of the Mississippi Legislature in regard to the question of attempting State supervision of railroads—but, unfortunately, an opposite policy was pursued.

THE Mississippi Democratic Executive Committee has fixed Wednesday, June 11th, as the date for the assembling of the State Convention to elect delegates to the National Democratic Convention at Chicago. The State Committee recommends that county Conventions be held Saturday, May 31st.

GEO. L. CROSBY, formerly proprietor of the Utica Monitor, died at his home in Brookhaven last Tuesday morning at 5 o'clock after a protracted illness. He leaves a wife and two sweet little ones, who have the sympathy of the entire newspaper fraternity throughout the State, and the prayers of a wide circle of friends.

"AND the said levee tax shall be a lien upon the prosperity of the tax-payer," is the way one of our compositors in the book-room would make the Levee Law read that was passed at the last session of the Legislature. The enrolled bill has it "property."—Clarion.

Possibly the compositor is right, after all.

IT is stated that there will be thirteen aspirants for Congress in this District before the Democratic nominating convention. While this is stretching it, for after diligently surveying the field we cannot think of but twelve.—Ashland Register.

We must drop a figure from that and come down to eleven. It is the most we can count at this writing.—Holly Springs South.

What is the use of running for Congress in a District where the man that was fairly elected, is not allowed to take his seat?

AT the Georgia White Man's Republican Convention, resolution were adopted censuring the corruption of the ballot box, pledging the support of the organization to efforts at purification, favoring judicious protection, approving civil service reform, the educational bill before Congress, and urging an invitation of Northern and Western statesmen to speak in the South on political questions as the only way to break down prejudice. President Arthur's administration was indorsed. A motion to name the new organization the Whig party was tabled.

JUDGE W. F. FITZGERALD, formerly of Vicksburg; has arrived at his new home in Arizona. We clip the following, in regard to him, from the Tucson Daily Star of the 6th inst.:

The Board of Supervisors met Judge Fitzgerald with carriages at the depot yesterday afternoon, and drove with him to the Court-house and over the principal part of the city.

Judges Fitzgerald, wife and child arrived from the East on last evening's express train, and have taken quarters at Porter's hotel. Col. J. A. Zabriskie and Major F. L. Tidball met them at Benson and accompanied them to the ancient and honorable pueblo. The Star tenders the Judge and family a cordial welcome to Arizona.

THE noteworthy feature of the debate on the educational bill, in the opinion of the Chicago Times, "as significant as it is surprising" is that the constitutional "dead-knell" came from the South that has always been the stronghold of the States rights hallucination. "The best, most complete exposure of the falsity and absurdity of that political fiction that has ever been made in the national Senate was made on the 13th of March by the Senator from Arkansas (Mr. Garland). Among the Southern Senators that have taken their places in the same line are Messrs. Lamar, George, Call, Pugh, Hampton and Gibson. There was more force in the remark of the last-named Senator, that the most serious menace of local self-government is popular ignorance, than in all the harrowing speeches that have so lugubriously prognosticated the death-knell of the Republic from the passage of a measure intended to hasten the fitness of an enormous mass of ignorant electors to discharge their political trust."

CINCINNATI is rather solemn as it contemplates the events of the past few days. The murderers are in jail, but the State militia is loose, and it is a question if life would not be more secure if the reverse were the case.—Chicago Times.

SENATOR GEORGE made three consecutive speeches in favor of the educational bill, and the opposition to the measure grew less at each effort. If one of the members of the union is ignorant, it is the duty of the others to educate him, and the bill is a step in that direction.—Memphis Appeal.

The Railroad Commissioners.

The Railroad Supervision law provides that there shall be three Commissioners (to be appointed by the Governor, etc.) "whose term of office shall be two years and until their successors are appointed." * * * "The salary of each Commissioner shall be $2,500 per annum," "and the Commission may employ a Clerk at a salary of $1500 per annum." These liberal salaries, and incidental expenses attached to the Commission, will cost the tax-payers of Mississippi from $10,000 to $12,000 per year—always provided, however, (in our opinion) they are allowed to continue in the performance of their duties.

Now, in Tennessee there is a similar Commission, and the Act establishing it provides that "the members of said Commission shall each receive a salary of $2,000 unless restrained by law from the performance of their duties." The Tennessee Commissioners have recently been restrained by law from the performance of their duties, and the Memphis Avalanche inquires "whether they continue to draw their salaries?" To this inquiry, the Nashville Banner responds: "The State Treasurer's quarterly report shows that 'they continue to draw their salaries' at the rate of $1499.94 per quarter. The Old Man of the Avalanche must remember that there is a surplus of cash to the amount of $635,000, and this bit of a sum paid to State officials, who it is said, under the tariff rates, as a 'reward to persons who have befriended the party,' should not be begrudged for the performance of so important a service."

In the Mississippi Legislature an effort was made to amend the Railroad bill so as to provide that the Commission should not draw salaries in the event its members were restrained by law from performing their duties, but this amendment was promptly killed, thus leaving the inference that the Legislature desired the Commissioners to draw salaries whether they perform their duties or not. But in Tennessee, it appears the Commissioners continue to draw their pay in spite of a provision to the country, and if the example of Tennessee be followed perhaps it makes no difference that the amendment we have just referred to was not adopted by our Legislature.

And let us remember there is no surplus in our State Treasury; on the contrary, there is no lack of funds, and the State will have to "run its credit" to the extent of $200,000.

The Nashville paper suggests that these salaries are paid as a "reward to persons who have befriended the party?" We do not intend to charge that the salaries will be paid to the Mississippi Commissioners, as this sort of a reward; but if the Federal Courts next month should decide (as the Federal Courts in Tennessee decided) that State Railroad Commissioners cannot regulate inter-State Commerce, and if the Mississippi Commissioners should be restrained by law from performing their official duties, we do not see how they can draw salaries, after that time, unless it be for services, "in befriending the party." It is the opinion of some people that the Supervision law, in spite of its "party" and political measure than an "economical" measure for the real benefit of the people. But the people should not be made to pay for these party measures, where no actual service is rendered.

The Clarion seems to be the special champion of Railroad Supervision, and in its last issue it "expounds" the law. Its article alludes to many intricate legal points and will be of special interest to the lawyers. But the payment of the salaries is a feature of the law that the people can all readily understand. We desire to ask the Clarion, if it believes the Commissioners can continue to draw their salaries in the event they are enjoined by the Courts from performing their duties? If the Mississippi law allows this to be done, it is certainly a defective law, and not in the interest of the people.

THE general rules for preserving a good eyesight may be summarized in the following extract: "See that the light is sufficient, and that it falls properly upon your work. Never sit facing it. It is best that the light fall upon the work from above or behind. Failing this, it may fall from the side. Never use the eyes at twilight. Any artificial light for the evening is good if it be brilliant enough and steady. Reading while riding in any conveyance should be avoided; it requires too great an exertion of the accommodative power to keep the eyes fixed on the letters. Never read while lying down; it is too fatiguing for the accommodative power. Many a tedious case of weak sight has been traced to the pernicious habit of reading in bed after retiring for the night."—Pall Mall Gazette.

THE Bar association of Cincinnati, with a determined purpose to replace the burned library, has assessed each member $100, and many lawyers have contributed money and books in addition thereto. Three hundred members, aggregating $30,000, were forfeited by a clause declaring there should be no indemnity for riot.

A VOTER who cannot read his ballot is not a safe depository of political power. He is not only so limited in his ability to learn how he ought to vote, but he is actually unable to tell who or what he is voting for. With 30 out of every 100 of the population illiterate, as the case in 12 of the Southern States, this ignorance in the aggregate spells serious business. It certainly incompatible with honest and good government. As the states cannot regard it one of the essentials of the union that a part of the members of the union shall be ignorant, it is the duty of the others to educate him, and the bill is a step in that direction.—Memphis Appeal.

LETTER FROM NATCHEZ.

Old Times and the Present—Business, Factories and Females.

The Educational Bill—Orphan Asylums—Presidential Candidates.

NATCHEZ, MISS., April 8, 1884.

Editor Vicksburg Post:

The present dwellers in and around this ancient city still present to the visitor and stranger many of the formalities and shadows of that once brilliant and flashy aristocracy which has passed or is passing rapidly away; but which, in its day, contained several generations of the wealthiest and most haughty chiefs and famous women of Southern society. Very few men of the name and blood of the first gentlemen of the olden time now remain, and, of that few, fewer still seem to have inherited either the wealth, intellect or character of their splendid ancestry. But the crown and sceptre have passed almost entirely into the hands of the sons and daughters of tradesmen, mechanics and laborers, who belonged to the middle or lower classes of the halcyon days ante bellum, or into the hands of strangers and newcomers from other climes. Quite a number of princely mansions, with broad acres of lawn and primeval forest trees reserved from the pioneer's ax or planted in rows and avenues for ornament, are now occupied by negroes, or dairymen, or market-gardeners, or petty agents of one sort or another, and some others are gone or going to neglect or decay. Briers and noxious vines and weeds now cover the former beautiful gardens and lawns, and spiders and rats and owls and bats contend with renters and hirelings for possession and proprietorship of the abodes once hallowed by the footsteps of the grace, beauty and chivalry of this Athens of the Southwest.

But let it not be implied that all the whelps of the dead or aged lions have degenerated into curs or jackals. Far from it! A few of these young men, gentlemen in all except fortune—if, indeed that were an exception, which it is not—have, as soon as old enough, turned their faces gaily and bravely to the future, and, commencing as their fathers did, are, no doubt, destined to rebuild the fortunes of their families, and what is better still, to preserve, as an inheritance for other generations, the spotless integrity and pure fame of their parents.

Natchez is enthroned on an eminence 200 feet above the high water mark, and built upon an undulating, shady and picturesque tableau, running back for miles beyond the municipal limits. It has some beautiful mansions and still more beautiful cottages, elegant churches and flourishing schools—the colored people a good share of both—and the Israelites a handsome temple, attended by a large and probably the most fashionable congregation in the city. Speaking of the Israelites, they have not yet succeeded but here so undivided a sway in merchandise as they have long since acquired in your fair city of THE EVENING POST. The three leading dry goods establishments and the larger portion of the grocery, hardware, and jewelry business in this city are owned and managed exclusively by Christian or Gentile men, and what is more, they, as well as their Jewish rivals, seem to be generally solvent and prosperous.

The city has also several factories—for the manufacture of cotton yarn and cloth, ice, oil and ax handles. It has a steam elevator, an immense coal depot, two foundries, and several saw and lumber mills. It has two newspapers, one with a Republican editor, doing his best to write Democratic editorials, and the other, until recently, an Independent paper with tolerable good Republican tendencies. I say "until recently" because there are strange suspicions out about the latter paper since—well I won't tell it now, but wait until —

Some of the officers, of both parties and both races—indeed I may say of all three of the races, for there are Jews, Gentiles, and negroes in both city and county governments—some of all these are very competent and worthy functionaries, and deserve higher places and better salaries, while there are others whom it is alike comfortable to the visitor and creditable to the voters to be assured were never duly cr fairly elected to offices, and are, by no means, the choice of the people.

The Natchez ladies are divinely beautiful, especially some of the school and academy girls. The vanity and want of principle exhibited by a few educated negroes are not arguments for keeping millions in ignorance, but rather for removing the ground of conceit and the opportunity for knavery by making education common. Nothing is more beautiful than the zeal of these darkened people for enlightenment for themselves and their children. They have made, since the war, a general improvement, intellectually and morally. It was not to be expected that in a few decades, a nation could rise from a bondage preceded by barbarism to a high plane of development; but the steps of Providence are measured not by years, but centuries."

GEN. LONGSTREET says: "We propose to cut loose from the gang which is now running the Republican party in Georgia. A few ignorant and imprisoned negroes, with a few unprincipled white followers, have assumed control of the party and propose to run it. As soon as you allow the negro to have a voice in the party he develops into a leader, and is utterly unfit and incompetent for any such responsibility. As far as I am concerned the new movement will accomplish that much at least. The convention that will meet April 8th will call another convention some time in May to elect delegates to the Chicago Convention. We have been invited by the National Central Committee to send delegates to Chicago."

It is quite possible that Vanderbilt may not know it, but in the West Jay Gould is puffed and tooted by the press as the pioneer of commerce and the biggest man in America. They even say that his fortune is the greatest ever acquired by any individual in the country.

H. B. BRUSER,
TIN, COPPER AND SHEET-IRON WORKER
Hardware Tinware Stoves
Pumps, Grates Mantels. Etc. Etc
may5 159 Washington Street, Vicksburg.

Something the People Need!
FRESH
ROASTED COFFEE,
Roasted Daily in HYDE'S PATENT ROASTER, at my Store, Corner South and Washington Streets.
Price 20 Cts. per Pound!
H. F. SIMRALL, JR.
se17

W. M. CHAMBERLIN,
General Insurance Agent,
FIRE, MARINE, ACCIDENT AND LIFE.
Office—Up-stairs, cor. Washington and Crawford Sts., Vicksburg.
apr4

W. O. WORRELL,
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
AND DEALER IN
Hay & Grain
LIME, CEMENT, PLASTER, Etc.,
58 Washington Street, Vicksburg, Miss.
may

FULTON M. M'RAE,
Wholesale and Retail Druggist!
IMPORTER AND DEALER IN
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRUGS
White Lead, Linseed Oil, Turpentine, Window Glass, Mixed Paints, Dry and in Oil; Albastine Whitening and Putty; and the largest and most complete assortment of Patent Medicines and Surgical Instruments in the State. Agent for the celebrated Waukesha Bathesda Waters.
Toilet Articles, Perfumery and Hair Brushes—all importea.
No. 125 Washington Street, - - Vicksburg, Miss.

GEO. W. HUTCHESON, CHAS. A. ...SON.
G. W. HUTCHESON & CO.,
Cotton Factors
AND WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
Groceries, Liquors and Tobacco.
110 and 112 Washington Street,
Vicksburg, Miss.
may4

THE SAW-MILL BOAT
LEE RICHARDSON, JR
IS PREPARED TO SELL
DIMENSION LUMBER
FROM LANDING AT GLASS BAYOU, THIS CITY; also
Sash, Doors, Blinds, Mouldings, T. and G. Flooring and Ceiling
Orders addressed to the undersigned will be promptly filled.
may4 WM. CURPHEY, Proprietor.

GEO. S. IRVING,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN
Staple and Fancy Groceries
WINES, LIQUORS, CIGARS & TOBACCO,
Corner of South and Washington Streets, - - - - VICKSBURG, MISS.
I respectfully ask an examination of my stock, which I think will convince all that I have one of the largest and best assorted to be found.
Fine Teas, Coffee and Choice Butter are Among my Specialties.
I GUARANTEE EVERY ARTICLE TO BE AS REPRESENTED,
And desire to give full satisfaction. 1 PACK AND P FREE ... may

HENRY YOSTE,
Watchmaker and Jeweler
I cordially invite a comparison of Work and Prices, believing mine to be the Best and Cheapest.
—ALSO DEALER IN—
WATCHES, DIAMONDS AND SILVERWARE
SPECIALTIES IN SPECTACLES.

COMMISSIONER'S SALE.

No. 1632 FANNIE H. QUIGG et al vs. T. and B. E. S. BOWELL

PURSUANT to the power and authority vested in me by the provisions of a decree made and entered in the foregoing entitled cause, by the Chancery Court of Warren county, Miss., on the 22d day of February, 1884, I will, at or about the hour of 12 o'clock m., on the 22d day of March, 1884, sell at the east door of the Court house, in Warren county, Mississippi, at public vendue, for cash, the following bounded, described and located property, to-wit: All that part of lot 280, square 58 of the original plat of the city of Vicksburg, commencing on the southwest corner of said lot 280, running thence east 73 feet 9 inches, thence north 49 feet 2 inches, thence west 73 feet 9 inches, thence south 49 feet 2 inches, to the place of beginning; and being situate in Vicksburg, Warren county, Mississippi, for the purpose of partition among the heirs.

This the 26th day of February, 1884.
THOS. S. BOWELL,
Special Commissioner.

PACIFIC HOUSE.
VINCENT PIAZZA, Proprietor.
Washington St., Vicksburg, Miss.
CONVENIENT to RAILROAD DEPOT, Landing, Post, Telegraph and Express Offices and to business. Meals in time for all trains. House open all night. House been renovated and refurnished. Tables supplied with the best the market affords. Patronage respectfully solicited. Polite and careful attention given to guests.

NEW CLOTHING & DRY GOODS FIRM
L. MARKS AND L. WEINSTEIN
Have formed a copartnership, and will carry on the
CLOTHING
Dry Goods Business
at the old stand of

SIGNAL SERVICE REPORT.

LOCAL WEATHER REPORT.

TIME.	BAR.	THE.	HUM.	WIND	WTHER.
6:35 a. m.	30.24	48	50	0	Clear.
10:35 a. m.	30.20	61		N. W.	Clear.
2:35 p. m.	30.17	64		S. W.	Clear.
6:35 p. m.	30.10	60		0	Clear.
10:35 p. m.	30.09	52	50	S. E.	Clear.

	1883.	1884
Maximum thermometer	65.1	58.5
Minimum thermometer	33.0	45.5
Mean temperature	50.3	57.2
Rainfall	0 47	.00

STAGE OF RIVERS.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER,
April 9, 2 p.m. Washington time.

The following observations were taken at the same moment of time at all the stations named:

STATIONS.	Above low water.	Change s.	
	feet	In's	Rise / Fall In's
Mo. Ii	41	2	... 11
Chattanooga	8	6	... ...
Cincinnati	29	3	... 1
Davenport, Iowa	10	10	... 2
Des Moines, Iowa	12	...	... ...
Keokuk, Iowa	13	7	... 6
Nashville	7	6	0 6
Pittsburgh	17	11	0 6
Port Hudson	41	2	... 11
Shreveport	10	9	... ...
Memphis	23	9	... ...
Vicksburg	9	1	... ...
New Orleans	6	...	1 10
Omaha	14	3	... 19
Pittsburg	6	6	... ...
Mt. Carmel	17	6	... ...
St. Louis	28	2	7 ...
St. Paul	2	...	... ...
Wheeling	46	1	... 3
Galveston, D. T.	14	2	... 26

*Below high water of 1874. *Frozen.

HIGH WATER AT VICKSBURG IN FORMER YEARS.

High water '62, above zero, 51 1-10 feet.
High water '67, above zero, 49 feet.
High water '74, above zero, 45 ft. 8 inches
High water '75, above zero, 43 feet.
High water '76, above zero, 44 ft. 10 inches
High water '80, above zero, 43 ft. 2 inches
High water '81, above zero, 47 ft. 11 inches
High water '82, above zero, 48 ft. 9 inches
High water '83, above zero, 43 ft. 10 inches

HIGH WATER OF 1882.

Stations.	Date of Highest Point.	Highest point Reached.
Cairo	Feb. 20, 1882...	51 ft. 9 inches
Chattanooga	Jan. 19, 1882...	40 ft. 2 inches
Cincinnati	Feb. 21, 1882...	58 ft. 6 inches
Davenport	Jan. 5, 1881...	19 ft. 1 inch
Little Rock, Ark.	March 9, 1882..	47 ft. 3 inches
Keokuk	Nov. 29, 1881...	11 ft. 5 inches
Fort Smith	Feb. 18, 1882...	21 ft. 6 inches
Nashville	Feb. 22, 1882...	37 ft. 2 inches
Omaha	March 6, 1882..	36 ft. 0 inches
Pittsburg	March 20, 1882..	34 ft. 7 inches
New Orleans	March 27, 1882.	5 inches
St. Louis	Feb. 22, 1882...	28 ft. 3 inches
Memphis	March 30, 1882.	48 ft. 9 inches

*Below high water of 1874.

THE RIVER.

ARRIVED.

Iroquena, from Greenville.
J. H. Williams, from Tallulah.
Mattie Bell, from St. Louis.
City of Vicksburg, from St. Louis.
Will S. Hays, from Memphis.
John W. Cannon, from New Orleans.

DEPARTED.

City of Helena, for St. Louis.
W. P. Thompson, for Grand Lake.
Headlight, for Sunflower.
Messenger, for Miller's Bend.
John F. Halpin, for Davis Bend.
City of Vicksburg, for New Orleans.

BOATS DUE TO-DAY.

John A. Scudder, N. O. to St. Louis.
Wyoming, Cincinnati to New Orleans.
Commonwealth, St. Louis to Vicksburg.
Lee, Greenwood to Vicksburg.

BOATS LEAVING TO-DAY.

For Greenville—Issaquena, p. m.
For Greenville—John W. Cannon, 5 p.m.

BOATS DUE TO-MORROW.

Capt. Miller, Natchez to Vicksburg.
Bay City and tow, Pittsburg to N. O.
Raymond Horner and tow, Pittsburg to New Orleans.
W. P. Thompson, Grand Lake to Vicksburg.
John F. Halpin, Davis Bend to Vicksburg.

BOATS LEAVING TO-MORROW.

For Natchez—Capt. Miller, 9:30 a.m.
For Memphis—Will S. Hays, 12 m.
For Tallulah—J. H. Williams, 12 m.
For Greenwood—Leflore, 5 p.m.

NOTES.

The John A. Scudder is due to-day from New Orleans en route to St. Louis.

The Tug Joe Seay left yesterday evening for Miller's Bend for a tow of timber.

The LeFlore is due to-day, and is the fine P. Line packet for the Yazoo Tallahatchie rivers, to leave to-morrow (Friday) at 5 p.m.

There at are least four companies now building on a boat in the Tennessee from Louis. The question is shaping into will get there first.

The Headlight, Capt. Geo. W. Bookman's command, left this morning for Glover river at 10 o'clock with a big load of freight and a number of passengers.

The City of Helena, Capt. John T. Scott, left at 11 a.m. to-day for St. Louis, and all plantation and way landings with a fair trip of freight and passengers.

The Palace steamer John W. Cannon, Capt. Wm. Campbell, passed up to-day from Greenville at 12 o'clock. She will be here on her return to New Orleans Saturday morning.

The J. H. Williams, Capt. R. H. Lee, arrived from Tallulah last night. She will receive at the foot of Levee street and return to that point to-day (Friday) at 12 m.

The Will S. Hays is due to-day through Anchor Line boat from City Memphis, Capt. Henry Keith, passed New Orleans this morning at 4 o'clock. Ed. Soggs and Jarrett Jaynes are pilots.

The Anchor Line steamer Commodore, Capt. James O'Neil in command, left this evening and is the Saturday night St. Louis, leaving at 11 a.m. Her tons of sundries at Memphis.

The Will S. Hays is due to-day from Memphis, and will receive at the foot of Levee street and return to that point to-morrow (Saturday) at 12 m. Tables supplied with the best the market affords. Patronage respectfully solicited. Polite and careful attention given to guests.

Questionable Journalism.

The insinuation contained in an editorial appearing in the Macon Beacon of the 29th inst., that Mr. C. C. Campbell was appointed Clerk of the Railroad Commission because of assurance from Judge Campbell that the Board would be treated fairly in the courts, will not meet with favor where either Judge Campbell or the members of the Commission are known. It is a most unjustifiable assault upon the character of all concerned, and curiosity is aroused to know the promptings. Besides what is said of the Commissioners and Judge Campbell the Beacon seems to be especially hostile to Mr. C. C. Campbell, else it would not have published the untruthful statement of its informant. The writer has personal knowledge of the fact that Mr. Campbell is a skillfull and accomplished accountant, and a gentleman of the most temperate habits. He had the misfortune in early life to lose an arm, but he can produce witnesses from among the best known and most respected gentlemen in the State, that with one hand he can do and does do daily as much work as most men do with two hands. He is eminently qualified for the position of Clerk of the Commission, else he would not have been appointed. His qualifications were well known to two of the members of the Commission, especially to Governor Stone who had known Mr. Campbell in personal and official relations for nearly a decade. Whether the election of Mr. Campbell to the position of clerk of the Commission will affect his employment by the Supreme Court, should not be a matter of public interest.

We are behind none in advocating the freedom of the press. We believe that public officers should be criticized as occasion demands, but it seems to us that the style of journalistic criticism now in vogue, not only in this section of Mississippi, but in other States, is fast becoming what may not be inaptly called the licentiousness of the press.—Clarion.

Better Lawyers and Fewer of Them.

The Bar Association of this city is seeking to obtain the passage of a law narrowing the door for the legal profession. The movement is an outcome of the conviction that profession needs better practitioners and fewer of them. It is unquestionable that the requirements for admission to the bar of this State could be made far more exacting than they are, and the multiplication of bad lawyers is deplored by all good ones, and is decidedly hostile to the welfare of the community.

The manufacture of litigation by needy lawyers is an extensive and lucrative employment. Men whose learning and abilities command confidence take their cases to legitimate business, and an army of half-educated unscrupulous men, who have access to the courts, must foment disputes in order to gain a livelihood in the settlement of them. The various tricks, shifts and delays by which suits at law are protracted and costs increased are familiar to the luckless suitors who have passed through the courts. The legal sharpers. Equity in particular is infested with rogues of this sort, who follow the law only for its exceptional opportunities for safe plundering.

Some greater barriers are necessary to kill the annual crop of callow and incapable applicants for admission to the Bar. If the standard were raised a proper number would not have a proper support, and the profession would be relieved of a large part of its present overcrowding.—Memphis Avalanche.

She leaves promptly at noon. Ed. Nowland master, G. Wash. Floyd clerk.

The reliable little W. P. Thompson got away on time yesterday evening for Grand Lake and all way and bends landings with her usual good trip of freight and passengers. She returns tomorrow and leaves again at 4 p.m. Saturday.

The Red Cross Association steamer Mattie Bell, in charge of Miss Clara Barton, arrived from St. Louis at 8 o'clock last night. After adding additional supplies here, she leaves this evening for points below in the overflowed section.

The Sargent Line steamer John F. Halpin, Capt. Quackenbos in command, left for Davis Bend this morning at 10 o'clock with a good freight and a number of passengers. She returns to-morrow and leaves again on Monday at 10 o'clock a.m.

The new pilot rules will shortly be enforced. The rule excludes every one from the pilot house except the pilots, officers of the boat and those in the employ of the steamboat inspector or war service. The rule will be a hard one on excursion parties.

The Issaquena, Capt. H. C. Marionneaux, arrived from Greenville yesterday evening with 25 cabin passengers and a good showing of freight. She is receiving at the wharfboat to-day, and returns at 5 p.m. for all way and plantation landings in the Bends as high as Greenville.

CLIPPINGS.

Cincinnati News Journal: The unity of interest that has so long bound together by ties of business interest the United States Mail line of steamboats and the Louisville and Nashville Railroad no longer exists, and henceforth each will go its separate way, and the boats of the United States Mail Line Company will no longer receive freight for southern points via that road. For a quarter of a century these two corporations have exchanged business and prospered. Occasionally the railroad, always arbitrary until the Cincinnati Southern was completed, would switch some of its business away from the river, but whatever wounds these diversions have caused were either healed or endured. The local business between Cincinnati and Louisville is enormous, and growing as the towns grows. It is the best 150 miles of river in the West, and will always be a favorite route of travel and traffic. The business will grow, even should a railroad follow either bank, as between New York and Albnny; and long after the roads are wrecked will steamboats continue to navigate the river between Cincinnati and the falls.

Proverbs for the Table.

Fast well, feast well.
A wise cook fondles his fire.
Diplomacy lieth under the dish cover.
Discretion is the proper sauce for cheese.
Let the doubting cook roast his fish.
Court the onion and flee the doctor.
A bad dinner is often redeemed by a good salad.
Rare beef and well-cooked fish betray a wise cook,
Peace hideth herself under the lid of the well-managed pot.
True economy is the household has Heaven for its banker.
Neither the nibbler nor the glutton knoweth the value of the feast.
He who eateth without drink buildeth his wall without mortar.
Drink milk and wine, but keep them wide apart.
Who joins their virtues will his stomach thwart.
Eat like a hearty man,
Drink like a sick one;
So may life's little span
Not be a quick one.

We shall know something more of the fearful murder of Stedman, on the Nova Scotia coast, some day; but probably the whole truth will never be known. We have at present the painful belief that more than one hundred and twenty-four human beings met a fearful death within sight of what was to most of them the Land of Promise; and now it occurred, what led to the fatality, what murder or neglect is answerable for such a hecatomb of victims, is what we all want to learn. In face of steady reckoning and attentive steerage, storm can hardly be held accountable; for the necessity of extra caution in the neighborhood of Sambro Island was emphasized by many previous disasters. The survivors of the wreck are the Captain, five of his crew and three passengers.—New York Star.

THE effects of mob violence in the way of securing adequate punishment for Cincinnati murderers are not yet apparent to the unassisted eye. John Martin, the first murderer sentenced since the riots, had killed a man with a blow of the fist. He received only five years.

TOM CAMPBELL, the lawyer who defended Berner, demands an investigation, but it is the opinion of Cincinnati that in order to avoid throwing his investigation into the hands of the coroner Tom should sing exceeding small.

GENTLEMEN find but one use for the nose. They use it to hang their spectacles on. But ladies use it as a sort of hitching post when they tie on their hats with a peice of veiling.—Boston Transcript.

Wheeler & Wilson Silent No. 8
SEWING MACHINE.
THE VERY ACME OF PERFECTION.
The Ladies Favorite.
PURCHASERS ... requested to call, examine, and see ... Sewed on monthly or weekly payments, and cheap for cash, at MISS E. FLETCHER'S, Millinery Rooms.
C. EDWARDS.

STEAMBOATS.

ANCHOR LINE.
For Memphis, Cairo and St. Louis.
THE U. S. MAIL STEAMER COMMONWEALTH.
JAMES O'NEAL ... Master
HENRY DIETRICH ... Clerk
Leaves for St. Louis SATURDAY, the 12th of April at 11 a.m., connecting at Arkansas City with the Arkansas City Railroad for Pine Bluff, Little Rock, Hot Springs, upper Arkansas river, Fort Smith, and the Indian Territory. Careful attention to way and plantation business. For freight or passage apply on board or to
E. C. CARROLL,
Superintendent Elevator Company.
W. S. JONES,
Superintendent Wharfboat Company.
EUGENE PLATT,
Freight and Passenger Agent.
my4

PARISOT LINE.
CARRYING THE U. S. MAILS.
For Yazoo River.
Steamers will leave as follows:
For Benzoni and Greenwood every FRIDAY at 5 p.m. For upper Yazoo and Tallahatchie every TUESDAY at 5 p.m., going through Tchula lake.
E. C. CARROLL, Superintendent.
W. S. JONES, Agent. ja19

SARGENT'S LINE.
Warrenton, Newton & Point Pleasant
Steamer JOHN F. HALPIN,
W. H. Sargent ... Master
L. H. Sargent, Jr. ... Clerk
Will leave Vicksburg promptly every MONDAY and THURSDAY, at 10 o'clock for all Davis Bend landings. Also connecting with the Parisot and Anchor Line steamers, and with the Vicksburg & Meridian and L., N. O. & T. Railroad at Vicksburg. Patronage respectfully solicited from the Vicksburg merchants.
W. S. JONES, Agent.
nov1

Regular Vicksburg, Natchez and New Orleans Packet,
The fast and magnificent steamer
CITY OF VAZOO,
(In place of the Natchez.)
T. P. LEATHERS ... Master
A. MCVAY ... Clerk
Leaves Vicksburg every TUESDAY at 5 p. m.; New Orleans every SATURDAY at 5 p.m.
Connects at Vicksburg with Anchor Line for St. Louis, and P. Line for Yazoo and Tallahatchie rivers, Sunflower and Deer Creek packets, and V. & M. Railroad. This steamer reserves the right to pass all landings that the Captain may consider unsafe.
W. S. JONES,
Superintendent Vicksburg Wharfboat and Elevator Co.
E. C. O'HARA, Freight and Passenger Agent.

New Orleans and Greenville Packet.
The Swift and Reliable Steamer
JOHN W. CANNON,
WM. CAMPBELL, Master; WM. CANNON, Clerk
Will pass up for Greenville and the Bends every THURSDAY at 12 m.; returning will pass down every SATURDAY at 9 a.m., connecting at Vicksburg with the Parisot Line for Yazoo and Sunflower rivers, and with the Bends every THURSDAY at 12 m.; returning will pass down every SATURDAY at 9 a.m., connecting at Vicksburg with the Parisot Line for Yazoo and Sunflower rivers, and with the Anchor Line for St. Louis.
W. S. JONES, Sup't Wharfboat.
ap9

Regular Vicksburg and Sunflower River Packet.
THE U. S. MAIL STEAMER,
HEADLIGHT,
J. W. SMITH ... Master.
GEO. H. and JOHN SMITH ... Clerks.
Leaves every WEDNESDAY at 4 p.m., going as high as the water will permit. Connects with the Anchor Line, P. Line, Vicksburg & Meridian Railroad, and L., N. O. & T. Railroad.
W. S. JONES,
Superintendent Wharfboat.
E. C. CARROLL,
Superintendent Elevator.
feb13

Regular Vicksburg and Memphis Packet,
The large, fast and magnificent steamer
WILL S. HAYS,
ED. NOLAND ... Captain
G. WASH. FLOYD ... Clerk
Will leave Vicksburg every FRIDAY at 12 m. giving careful attention to all way business.
For freight or passage apply on board or to
W. S. JONES,
Superintendent Wharfboat.
W. C. O'HARA, General Ticket, office basement LaMadrid House.

SCHEDULE TIME
For Vicksburg, Greenville & the Bends
SPRING AND SUMMER ARRANGEMENT
The Fast Reliable Passenger Packet
ISSAQUENA,
HENRY MARIONNEAUX ... Master
FRANK STRICKLEMAN ... Clerk
Leaves Vicksburg every MONDAY and THURSDAY, at 5 p.m., arriving at Greenville every TUESDAY and FRIDAY at 6 p.m. Returning leaves Greenville every TUESDAY and FRIDAY at 9 p.m., arriving at Vicksburg every WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY. Makes close connection with the Vicksburg & Meridian Railroad for all points East, North and South. Special attention to way and plantation business.
For freight or passage apply on board or to
W. S. JONES,
Superintendent Wharfboat, Vicksburg.
W. C. O'HARA,
Gen. Ticket and Pass. Agt., Vicksburg.
GEO. W. PLATT,
Superintendent Wharfboat, Greenville
may4

Regular Vicksburg and Grand Lake Semi-Weekly Packet.
Steamer W. P. THOMPSON,
M. D. NELON ... Master.
DAVID DAVIDSON ... Clerk.
Leaves Vicksburg WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS, at 5 o'clock p.m. For freight or passage apply on board or to
W. S. JONES,
d24 Supt. Wharfboat and Elevator Co.

MISS ADDIE FLETCHER,
Fashionable Dressmaker.
Orders from the country solicited. Satisfaction guaranteed.
PRICES MODERATE.
102 Washington Street.

JOHN R. CURPHEY, JAMES MUNDY.
CURPHEY & MUNDY,
CONTRACTORS AND MANUFACTURERS OF
SASH, DOORS, BLINDS and MOULDINGS,
Of which we keep a full supply, and will sell at prices to ... are favorably with other points. Orders by mail or otherwise promptly attended to.
HENRY COLLEGE
8th Regular Monthly Drawing will take place in Covington, Kentucky
THURSDAY, APRIL 24, 1884,
A Lawful Lottery and Fair Drawings, chartered by the Legislature of Ky. and twice declared legal by the highest Court in the State. Bond given to Henry County in the sum of $100,000 for the prompt payment of all prizes sold.
April Scheme.

1 Prize,	$30,000
1 Prize,	10,000
1 Prize,	5,000
2 Prizes, $2,500 each,	5,000
5 Prizes, 1,000 each,	5,000
20 Prizes, 500 each,	10,000
100 Prizes, 100 each,	10,000
200 Prizes, 50 each,	10,000
500 Prizes, 20 each, Note or Bank	10,000
1000 Prizes, 10 each,	10,000
9 Prizes, $300 each, Aproximation	2,700
9 Prizes, 200 each, "	1,800
9 Prizes, 100 each, "	900
1,857 Prizes,	$110,400
Whole Tickets, $2. Half Tickets, $1.	
27 Tickets, $50. 55 Tickets, $100.	

Remit money, postal note or Bank Draft in Letter, or send by Express. Orders of $5 and upwards by express, can be sent at our expense. Address all orders to R. H. SPENCER, Covington, Ky. 1m-ap6

CITATION NOTICE.
State of Mississippi, County of Warren, Chancery Court.

AMUSEMENTS.

GRAND

Character × Concert

—AND—

TABLEAUX!

Under the Auspices of the Ladies of the M. E. Church, at the

OPERA HOUSE

—ON—

Tuesday, April 15th, 1884,

FOR ONE NIGHT ONLY.

The best amateur talent of the city has kindly volunteered for the occas on.

The proceeds of the entertainment will be devoted to church repairs.

ADMISSION $1.00.

Reserved seats can be procured at Baum's and Clarke's bookstores. a9

CHEAP COLUMN.

LOST.

LOST—On April 2d, on Cherry, Crawford or Walnut street, a point lace handkerchief. The finder will be liberally rewarded by returning it to this office. 4-5

WANTED.

WANTED.—SCHOOLS! TEACHERS!! Schools in need of competent teachers, and teachers in search of situations should address the Central Educational Bureau, R. K. JAYNE, Secretary, ap2 Jackson, Miss.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Brown, Leghorn Eggs for hatching. Fresh and pure. At H. H. KAIN'S. ap7-1w

FOR SALE—New Cottage in good neighborhood, containing 3 rooms with hall and gallery, kitchen, stable and garden. Lot 150x150 feet, all under new fence. Apply at this office. m25

FOR SALE.—A cottage residence on East avenue, containing four rooms 18x20, hall 12 feet, cistern, fine cistern and fine orchard; lot 64x132 feet. Apply to R. P. WILSON, on premises. m28

FOR SALE—The LOT on the northeast corner of Cherry and Grove sts. Apply to THOMAS MOUNT. mh19

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT.—A large airy, comfortably furnished Room, opening on a gallery; 5 minutes walk from Washington street. Apply at this office. ap10

FOR RENT—Two large Rooms, kitchen, outhouses, good yard and cistern. Apply at this office. ap3-1w

FOR RENT—Nice house with three rooms, kitchen, good cistern and yard; possession given April 6th. Apply to JOSEPH LEE, Cherry street crossing. m31-1w

FOR SALE OR RENT—60 Acres good land, one and a half miles from town, with plenty of wood and water. Apply at this office, or to R. P. WILSON, Vicksburg, Miss. m24-2w

FOR RENT—Three rooms and a small kitchen. Large yard and good cistern. Ten dollars per month. Apply at this office. mh26

THE SATISFACTION

Of sitting under one's own vine and fig tree pays to a large dividend of time for investment. It is the best kind of life insurance. It is the best medicine in sickness. It enables a man to die easier, and robs death of one of the principal terrors to know that the loved ones we must leave behind us will have a roof of their own over their heads which cannot be taken from them.

If you cannot buy a house and lot, you can at least make a commencement by investing $25 in a lot in Speech's Addition, and pay the balance in $5 monthly instalments. No better opportunity to buy a home or to make a safe investment in Vicksburg is likely to occur than that now presented by the unprecedented terms upon which these lots are sold. sep1

LOCAL ITEMS.

MR. C. S. DIBBILL, of Greenville, is in town.

THERE was a light frost here this morning.

SEE the Issaquena's excursion advertisement.

THE "biggest thing on ice"—that Big Four quartette on the 15th.

COL. B. G. KIGER, of Brunswick, is a visitor to our city to-day.

COL. W. H. GRAVITT, a large mill man of Washington county, is in the city.

JUDGE WYLY, of Lake Providence, arrived on the Issaquena yesterday evening.

BAUM'S Easter cards are the finest and most complete collection to be found in the South.

THE police on the levee are under orders to arrest all suspicious loafers observed on their beats.

IT is reported that a negro fell between two barges lying near the wharfboat Tuesday night, and was drowned.

THE Issaquena will sell round-trip tickets for one fare to those wishing to to attend the Firemen's celebration.

RESERVED seats for the Character Concert will be placed on sale at Baum & Co's and Clarke & Co's. We hope to see them sell rapidly.

THE elegant steamer Issaquena prints a schedule to-day of her Excursion trip from Greenville to Vicksburg for the Firemen's celebration.

THE Engine of the Constitution Fire Company is being elegantly repainted by Mr. Joseph Hugo, and will make a fine appearance on Parade Day.

THE Board of Fire Delegates met at the City Hall last night. Chief Gill submitted his monthly report of the condition of the Department.

JOE FOX, the enterprising young merchant of Vicksburg, now offers the biggest bargains in dry goods, etc., ever offered in this city. Read his locals.

to visit our city, will find abundant compensation in the matchless singing of the gifted Vicksburgers on the 15th inst.

WE very much regret to learn that Mrs. E. H. Balfour, wife of the late Dr. Wm. Balfour, has been seriously sick in this city. We are pleased to hear, however, that her condition is much improved.

THE Riverview Manufacturing, Preserving and Canning Company will be ready to deliver cider next Tuesday. Office at Raumville, Warrenton road. Orders taken at S. Feld & Co.'s Washington street.

ONE week from to-day the entertainment for the benefit of Trinity Church will be given at the residence of Mrs. Porterfield. It is an assured success, for the ladies of Trinity Church know no such word as "fail."

ALL of the singers who have been asked to take part in cantata for the benefit of the Methodist Church will please meet to-night at the residence of Dr. J. M. Hunt, on Grove street, for general rehearsal, at 7:30 o'clock.

PROF. FRED. G. TALEN is composing an overture especially for the May Festival Concert to be given in the near future. Critics who have examine d the partially completed score express the opinion that it will hold its own alongside the works of the old masters.

AND still our young friend Joe Fox is selling an abundant amount of goods—goods coming in and going out all day long. Should you be in search of wholesale or retail goods, give him a call, and we will assure you that you can be pleased in everything in the dry goods and clothing line. See his locals.

A HORN sextette has been organized among the members of the Mozart Orchestra, and its first rehearsal was held last night at Capt. Kette's, on Jackson road. The repertoire will include a number of popular classic selections, and the Sextette will be a prominent and pleasing feature of the May Festival Concert to be given by the Orchestra.

DR. C. A. RICE has just returned from Brandon, and brings the gratifying intelligence that Miss Mollie Haaris, of Brandon, who has been almost at the point of death for several weeks, is greatly improved and is now in a fair way to recover. Miss Harris has many friends in this city who will be delighted with this news.

Excursion from Greenville.

The great Issaquena, the popular and enterprising Issaquena, will bring a big Excursion party from Greenville and the Bends to our Firemen's celebration. Aside from the interesting things to be seen in our city on that day, a trip on this splendid steamer will of itself be a great attraction. All for one fare.

Suits of Clothing from $1.75 to $25 at JOE FOX'S. ap10

Married.

At the Methodist Church, Jackson, Miss., Wednesday evening, April 9, 1884, by Rev. C. B. Galloway, Mr. WM. A. GIRTON, of Vicksburg, and Miss LILLIE V. ROUTZAHN, of Polo, Illinois.

Mr. Girton has been a resident of Vicksburg for the last few years, being employed in the office of Francis Smith & Co. By his exemplary conduct, his genial manners, and his genteel deportment he has won the respect and esteem of all with whom he has been thrown in contact.

His fair bride is a resident of Illinois, but has recently been visiting friends at Vicksburg, where her beauty, grace and vivacity have already made her a favorite.

The happy young couple will make their home in this city. THE POST offers its congratulations on the happy consummation of the early love of the young couple, and wishes and predicts for them a life of happiness and bliss and contentment as perfect as was ever vouchsafed to mortals.

Lawns of all kinds from four to six cents per yard, at wholesale and retail, at JOE FOX'S

Public Building in Vicksburg.

A private letter received to-day by Rev. Dr. Marshall from Senator George, states that the Committee reported favorably upon the bill to erect a public building in this city, and that it would undoubtedly pass the Senate. There is no site mentioned as yet that would be suitable for the building.

Harness Oil.

Fine Harness Oil Blacking, $1.50 per gallon. Preserves and saves your harness, leather, etc., at

HARDAWAY & CASSELL'S ap2 Drugstore.

BRAND NEW

And cant-be-beaten styles of thoroughly first-rate Spring clothing now on the counters at our house. Men's suits, boy's suits, children's suits in all the latest shapes and colors. New furnishings and hats just in. The best styles we ever showed, and the lowest prices.

WARNER & SEARLES, ap9 The Leading Clothiers.

Gnat Oil.

Save your stock by buying first-class Gnat Oil from

HARDAWAY & CASSELL'S ap2 Drugstore.

Drowned.

We learn from the officers of the Issaquena that a negro belonging to Col. B. G. Kiger's place was drowned in Eagle Lake a few days ago.

IN HOC SIGNO VINCES.

The Red Cross to the Front—Arrival of the Steamer Mattie Belle—A History of the Red Cross Association.

A POST reporter this morning visited the Mattie Belle, where he, with a number of other Vicksburgers, paid his respects to Miss Barton and her noble assistants. Few lives have a more interesting history than that of Miss Barton.

The Red Cross steamer Mattie Belle reached the wharf last night at 8 p.m. from St. Louis, with supplies for the immediate district below. She is in charge of Miss Clara Barton, President of the American Association of the Red Cross. She is assisted in her labors by Dr. J. B. Hubbell and Mr. Jno. Hitz, of Washington; also, by Mrs. DeBruler and Miss Nora Lee, of Evansville, Ind.; Miss Dix, and Mr. Lester, of St. Louis. The Belle made but few stops between St. Louis and Vicksburg, as the call for relief was more urgent below Vicksburg than above. A few cases of destitution at Helena, and Arkansas City on the river above were granted relief. Landings were made at Gaines Landing, Goodriches, Raleigh and Henderson, and supplies put ashore for man and beast at each place.

The work done by the Red Cross Association, is different in very important respects from that done by the Government. It is unhampered by red tape or other restriction which prevent it administering to every case of suffering that may appear. The Mattie Belle carries not only provisions but has a large supply of clothing as well for needy people. She also carries what is perhaps fully as important to the poor colored people who have live stock, that is a supply of hay, corn, and oats.

The Belle will remain here till to-morrow to replenish her supply of provisions. A shipment of pork and corn from Kansas City for the flood sufferers below is on its way down the river and is expected on the Will S. Hays. This will probably be turned over to Miss Barton for distribution.

The officers and members of the Vicksburg Red Cross Association called on Miss Barton to pay their respeci. Maj. Bedford, Rev. Dr. Marshall, Dr. Robbins, Gen. Butts, Treasurer Vicksburg Red Cross Association, Mr. W. G. Paxton, Maj. Paxton, Dr. and Mrs. Hunt, Mr. and Mrs. Brisbane and others were among the callers.

The estimable, philanthropic Miss Barton is a native of Worcester, Mass. As a representative of the Red Cross Association, she labored to prevent and alleviate suffering during the great war between the States. During the Franco-Prussian war, she carried on the noble work, and it was through her efforts that great suffering was prevented in the city of Strasburg during the war of terror. A devoted worker in the grand cause, she is always to be found at the post of duty, and to her will be accorded a place in history among the noblest of the world's heroines.

Of the origin of the Red Cross Association, of which there are a number of societies whose sign it is, the St. Louis Republican speaks as follows:

The Red Cross comprises a confederation of relief societies in different countries acting under the Geneva convention, and carries on its work under the sign of the red cross. The aim of these societies, as before intimated, is to ameliorate the condition of wounded soldiers in the armies, in campaign, on land or sea. An international conference was called at Geneva, Switzerland, in 1863, which, though of no official character, brought together representatives from a number of governments. At this conference a treaty was drawn up, which, after some remodeling, has been adopted by twenty-five governments. The treaty provides for the neutrality of all sanitary supplies, ambulances, surgeons, nurses, attendants and sick or wounded men, and their safe conduct, when they bear the sign of the red cross, which was chosen, as the emblem of the organization, out of compliment to the Swiss Republic. The Swiss colors are a white cross on a red ground, the badge chosen being these colors reversed. There are no "members of the Red Cross," but only members of societies whose sign it is. There is no "order of the Red Cross." The relief societies use each according to its convenience. Although the societies are not international, there is a tacit compact between them, arising from their common origin, identity of aims, and mutual relation to the treaty. This contract embraces four principles, viz.: centralization, preparation, impartiality and solidarity. Miss Barton placed before the reporter various documents and addresses made by her, from which the history of her connection with the subject is gathered.

The practical beneficence of the sanitary and Christian Commissions of the United States during the rebellion had attracted the attention of the civilized world. Miss Clara Barton, who had borne a distinguished part in the operations of field hospitals and relief service in the battles of the rebellion, became at length broken down in health, and was directed by her physicians to go to Europe prepared to remain three years. In September, 1869, she arrived at Geneva, Switzerland, and was soon after her arrival visited by the President and members of the international committee for the relief of the wounded in the war. She wished to know why the United States had declined to sign the treaty, and its position was declared incomprehensible to them. If the treaty had originated with a monarchical government, they could see some ground for hesitancy, but as it originated in a republic older than our own, they asked to what did America object and how could these objections be overcome? They had twice presented it to the Government at Washington, in 1864 and in 1868, and they had failed in both instances. They thought that the people of America with her great sanitary record would be the first to appreciate and accept it.

Miss Barton says she listened in silent wonder to all this recital, and replied that she had never in America heard of the convention of Geneva, nor of the treaty, and was sure that as a country America did not know one of the articles

THE EVENING POST

PUBLISHED BY
J. G. CASHMAN & CO.,
Washington St., Vicksburg, Miss.

The Evening Post.

VICKSBURG, MISS., APRIL 11, 1884.

GOV. LOWRY has appointed Hon. H. D. Cameron of Lauderdale county, as Swamp Land Commissioner, vice Hon. John M. Smylie, resigned.

THE Republicans of the First Congressional District of Mississippi have nominated Hon. G. C. Chandler, of Corinth, as a candidate for Congress.

THE Greenville (Miss.) Review now stands with THE POST in favoring "Randall and a Western man" as the National Democratic standard-bearers in the coming Presidential contest.

IT is stated that Attorney-General Catchings refuses to defend the Mississippi Railroad Commission for the reason that he "cannot eat his own words." The Attorney-General evidently considers the Supervision law unconstitutional.

THE Pennsylvania Democrats favor Samuel J. Tilden. One county declared for him, dead or alive.—Commercial-herald, 11th.

The Pennsylvania Democrats do not favor Tilden. Two days before the Commercial-herald's paragraph appeared the Pennsylvania Democratic Convention had unanimously nominated Samuel J. Randall for President.

ALL good people should go to Miss Clara Barton's lecture to-night at Magnolia Hall. The distinguished lady will hold a reception at half-past 7 o'clock, and the lecture will commence at 8 o'clock. Miss Barton, Dr. Mayo, and other good people from the North will make us believe, after awhile, we ARE citizens of the United States, and that the people of the entire country are friends and brethren.

THE Pennsylvania Democrats passed a "buncombe" resolution about the so-called Electoral Commission fradd. That is a dead-and-buried issue, and the resolution is altogether unnecessary. It will do no good, but at the same time we believe it will do no harm. It will probably please Uncle Sam Tilden, and if he gives Mr. Randall an enthusiastic support, it is all right to "humor" the old gentleman, for he still exerts a powerful influence.

THE States with more than 25 per cent of illiteracy which will receive the greater benefit from the enactment of the Blair educational bill are: Tennessee 38.7, Texas 29.7, Kentucky 29.1, Louisiana 49.1, Virginia 40.6, Mississippi 49.2, North Carolina 48.3, South Carolina 55.4, Georgia 43.9, Arkansas 38, Alabama 50.9, Florida 43.4. Senators from some of the States where there is the largest per centage of illiteracy, voted against the bill. For instance, Vance of North Carolina, Butler of South Carolina, Morgan of Alabama, and Harris of Tennessee.

THE following is the tariff plank of the Pennsylvania Democratic platform. It will be necessary for the National Democratic Convention to adopt a similar plank to insure success, and we again predict that it will:

"We favor a tariff for revenue limited to the necessities of government economically administered, and so adjusted as to present equal burdens, as nearly as may be, on all industries at home, and afford just compensation to labor; but not to create or foster monopolies; and we believe and we favor the abolition of the internal revenue system and taxes, and favor such adjustment of the existing tariff duties as will be consistent with these principles."

THE Memphis Avalanche is gradually coming around in favor of our candidate for President. It says of Mr. Samuel J. Randall:

"He is now fairly in the field for the nomination, and it will not be wise for his rivals to underrate his strength. He is the ablest Democrat in Congress if not in the country, and he is the advocate of a tariff politics that must be supported by the successful candidate, whoever he may be."

We hope the Avalanche will now quit wasting its time and energies in favor of Hancock's nomination. The Avalanche's ammunition is too valuable to be thus thrown away.

We also hope to see the New Orleans Picayune next fall into the Randall line. The principles it advocates will certainly lead to this action on its part.

It can then be truly said that the best papers in Louisiana, Tennessee—and Mississippi—support Mr. Randall for President.

What a Contrast With Mississippi.

The following special to the Picayune shows a somewhat different state of affairs in the TEXAS convict camps to that which has prevailed in Mississippi. The Texas Governor takes a look into the camp himself:

AUSTIN, April 9.—Gov. Ireland has returned with the Board from their inspection of the pens at Rusk and Huntsville, and reports the best condition of affairs he ever saw in prison management. Sanitary arrangements are complete, everything to be skilled to the highest standard of excellence—so much so that the Governor says he is free to say that to the best interests of the State Holly Springs Penitentiary, by

Randall Nominated for President.

When we can make this announcement on behalf of the National Democratic Convention, as we now can for the Pennsylvania State Convention, we will feel that the National Democratic party is a live organization, that it has well-defined principles and a National policy to advocate, and that its chances for success will be better than ever before for the reason that it will then deserve success.

We think it fortunate for the Democratic party that it now has the opportunity to put forward a candidate on principles, and not for personal considerations. Mr. Randall is eminently a man of principle, of decided convictions as to Governmental policy, of ability to sustain his conviction, and of such exalted character and integrity as to command the respect and confidence of the business interests and the people of the country. In making the Presidential nomination, the party will do well to consult the wishes of the people and of the "business interests."

If Mr. Randall is nominated it will not be for the reason that he has a "bar'l" of money to buy support and corrupt the ballot-box, for he is a poor man, having devoted the best years of his life to the service of his country instead of to increasing his private fortune.

If he is nominated it will not be for the reason "that he can carry New York" and the solid South, but for the reason that he can carry more States in the North and West and South than any other man the Democrats can nominate. We believe, however, he has a better opportunity to carry New York than a candidate selected from that State, as the party in New York is divided into factions that seldom harmonize on a local man. There is some decided opposition to Mr. Randall in the solid South, on account of his sensible tariff views, but this will help him in the North and West. It will be fortunate for the South and the country when the impression ceases to exist that "the South will support anybody the Democratic party nominates." This impression prevails to a great extent yet; as we now find Congressman Flower, of New York, a millionaire nonentity, running a literary bureau to advance his pretensions for the Democratic nomination on the sole ground that he "can carry New York," and the belief that the solid South will vote for him or anybody else the Democratic party nominates. We will assert just now, that Mr. Flower cannot carry Mississippi, even if he gets the nomination.

It will be fortunate for the country, and especially the South, if Mr. Randall is nominated. His nomination will put an end to the almost everlasting question of sectionalism, and economic questions, Government policy and administrative reforms will demand and receive the attention of the people, the poor negro will have a rest, and intelligent discussion will be the order of the day.

LEXINGTON instead of attempting to reach out after a school that she has no prospect of getting, will do well to bend her energies towards sustaining and building up the District High School now being taught here.—Lexington Bulletin.

This is sensible and practical advice. Many of the papers of the State are setting forth the advantages of their towns or counties for the State Female College, but the Bulletin advises the sustaining and building up of its own District High School. The State Female College will be of very little benefit except to the town and city in which it is located, and ought to be termed a county college. The places that are putting forth such strenuous efforts to secure its location may well consider the possibility of succeeding Legislatures make no appropriation to sustain this piece of sentimentalism.

Democratic Conservative State Convention.

ROOMS STATE DEM. CONS. EX. COM.
JACKSON, MISS., April 9, 1884.

The Democratic-Conservative State Executive Committee have appointed Wednesday, June 11th, 1884, at 11 o'clock a.m., in the City of Jackson, as the time and place for holding a State Convention to appoint delegates to the National Democratic Convention, and to nominate a Presidential electoral ticket. All Democratic-Conservative citizens of Mississippi, irrespective of past political associations, and differences, who can unite with us in the effort for pure, economical and constitutional government are cordially invited to join in sending delegates to the Convention. The basis of representation will be the same as heretofore fixed, unless, otherwise ordered by the Convention, viz: Each county will be entitled to double the number of delegates that it has Representatives in the lower House of the State Legislature. The committee recommends Saturday, May 31st, 1884, as the day upon which the county shall hold the conventions, unless the county committees shall otherwise order. It is requested that a thorough organization of the Democratic-Conservative party, be effected in each county, preparatory to the November election.

W. L. HEMINGWAY, Chairman.
D. P. POWER, M. SMITH, Secretaries.

WE VERY much fear the Supervisor railroad law is going to turn out a curse instead of a blessing, to the people of Mississippi. We always doubted the wisdom of the law, and we are not yet satisfied it is going to prove beneficial to the best interests of the State. Holly Springs Reporter.

President Arthur a Staunch Friend of the Mississippi River.

The Aberdeen Examiner, the putative organ of Senator Lamar, takes occasion to eulogize Logan as a friend of the Mississippi River improvement and to animad vert against Arthur for his veto of the river and harbor bill. If there is a single meritorious official act of Arthur's administration it is this very veto, and in it he distinctly approved many appropriations, especially the Mississippi River allotment, that had been loaded down with special appropriation for every Congressional district in the country in order that the members could make themselves solid with their constituencies.

The fatal policy of allowing the levee question to be made subsidiary to that of river improvement has set the riparian pioneers of the lower valley back a generation, and retarded the development or the garden of this country many years. The reclamation of a valley that will when developed give this country supremacy in the cotton production of the world, and furnish a home market of the manufacturers of the West has been made subsidiary and incidental to the improvement of the water way which furnished communication by which to obtain the moiety of supplies that the now scattering and sparse population may need.

President Arthur found no constitutional stumbling block in planting his administration on the broad principle that the reclamation of the richest valley in the world was of national importance, no more than did Jefferson find legal obstacle to the purchase and addition of an empire and assure America of grandeur and wealth of the nation.

The bill country will do nothing but collect taxes from the fruits of the exertions of a handful of riparians who are overstrained in the unaided task of opening up and reclaiming the "fairest land yet bestowed by nature on man."

Alone, single handed and without aid, the amphibious squatter of fifty years ago has opened up and cleared the heavy timbered land in the world, building hundreds of miles of levees and increased the production of cotton in this valley to nearly 500,000 bales annually. The capability of the cotton belt lying within the valley is perhaps 10 million or even more bales, and the fertility of the soil and peculiarity of climate is such that the staple is longer, stronger, finer, silkier than that grown elsewhere, and it can be produced at figures that will destroy a supremacy in the production of exportable commodity of world wide consumption.

What sort of influences operate to shut the eyes of people living in this State to these considerations, and keep pose misrepresentation incontinuously upon statesmanship that recognizes these vital elements, we neither know nor care. Senator Lamar has been silent long enough, and on behalf of a suffering constituency he is asked to call attention of the Congress to the National importance of development of the latent resources of the valley, that can be reclaimed only through the efforts of the General Government.—Greenville Review.

THE proposition for the establishment of a government telegraph system may be regarded as defeated so far as the present Congress is concerned. The Senate Committee has declined not to report favorably any of the bills having this purpose. This decision does not affect the proposition to contract with the Postal Telegraph Company for a government service. The bill embodying this plan is very likely to be reported by the Committee, but in the present disturbed state of mind among the Democrats in Congress, there is little prospect that that or any thing else will receive sober consideration. The majority in the Lower House is utterly disinterested as to means of avoiding complete disruption. There is talk of a hurried adjournment in July and considering the state of the appropriation bills, and the interruptions of the National Conventions, it is likely to leave a sorry record for the Democrats to go before the country with in a Presidential year.—New York Times.

The Brandon Republican and the Vicksburg Post.

Our good old friend of the Brandon Republican hints that THE VICKSBURG POST is published about seventeen States too far South. The politics of the Republican is of that perpendicular sort that is so erect that it leans backward. Forty years practice on the same old string has given a sort of stereotyped flavor and one of the most worn stereotyped expressions of disloyalty or treason against anybody that may strive to climb the ladder of improvement. You are mistaken. While THE VICKSBURG POST may differ with you in methods, and in its higher estimate of all the intelligence of the public, it is as loyal as the next. Better learn how to keep the unterrified of Steens' Creek straight before you sit yourself in judgment on a man's own loyalty to his own native land.—Greenville Review.

THE BERNER CASE.

Interesting Interview With Col. T. C. Campbell, Attorney for Berner.

[Ohio State Journal.]

Among the arrivals at the Neil House last night was Col. T. C. Campbell, one of Berner's counsel. In reply to the inquiry from a reporter of this paper, "Will you tell us something about the trial of Berner?" his response was:

"Yes. The first point of interest is the jury. The Clerk and Sheriff of Hamilton County drew from the box a venire to which thirty-seven names answered. This was set aside. Judge Matthews then issued several venires, in response to which 275 persons answered. Of these 174 were challenged for cause by the State and excused by the Court. The State challenged two peremptorily. Thirty-two were excused by consent of counsel. The Judge on his own motion excused nine; some of them were put off the jury after they had been sworn.

"The defense challenged 28 for cause, and 18 peremptorily out of 275. The defense put off 46 and accepted 12. And I suppose the 12 very much wish we had not done so. The Judge represented the State, and on motion of the State Attorney, he wrote with his own hand the name of every person summoned as a juror. Of the 12 accepted, 9 were from the country portion of Hamilton county.

"It is alleged the defense insisted on getting ignorant men on the jury—ten of those accepted had read about the case. Seven were farmers, one a printer, one a cigar maker, three were book-keepers, one was Deputy Revenue Collector of the United States. Mr. Cumming a Representative from Glendale tells me Mr. McGuire, one of the jury, who lives in Glendale, is an intelligent, honest man, and Representatives Stryker and Thompson say the same of others. Such is my information about all of them.

"From the moment they were accepted they were locked up and no one could have communication with them except Court Bailiff Moses and the Criminal Deputy. From this statement you can see the amount of willful misrepresentation that has been indulged about the jury and the manner of its formation."

"How could they render such a verdict under the circumstances?"

"Berner swore in Court that he had no act or part in the killing of Kirk; that he did consent through fear at first and the payment of $100 afterward to not tell on Palmer and to aid him in hiding the body. He confessed on the day after his arrest to the chief and others that he did aid in killing Kirk. All of the other testimony in the case was consistent with either of those contradictory statements. The Prosecutor contended that the confession should govern the jury; that his evidence in Court was only given to save his life. The defense contended that the evidence in Court should govern; that the jury should reject the confessions altogether because they were, according to the testimony of Lieutenant Austin, Detective Wappenstein, Chief Religion, and others, obtained as the result of threats to hang him if he did not admit his guilt, and he let go free as soon as he testified. On this difference in the arguments were made—it was a question of facts solely. The jury were divided seven for acquittal, one for murder in the second degree and four for manslaughter. They compromised on manslaughter after being out forty-one hours."

"They say that there was bribery, and that the defense bought the jury received $1,000. How is that?"

"'They say' is the phrase adopted by cowardly slanderers. Berner's father was a poor man. I refused to take his case until frequently urged by a personal friend to do so."

"But it is said you were paid $5,000 to clear him; is that true?"

"That statement is untrue. Judge Wilson, Major Blackburn and myself altogether were not paid that much, and to make such payment as Berner's father did make, he mortgaged everything he owned. But in the name of common sense how could any bribery be done? First, the Judge selected the jury; second, they were locked up as soon as chosen; third, no one was allowed to see them but the officers; fourth, there were twelve on the jury. Can you imagine the judge on the bench, the bailiffs in charge of the jury and the Prosecutor on the jury all corrupt, and can you imagine any attorney with common sense committing such folly as attempting bribery in such a case."

How Berner Was Acquitted.

The man who was most responsible for the Cincinnati riot was one Thomas Campbell, a lawyer of the first-class who defended Berner. How did he do it? Of the hundred jurors drawn in the case he selected twelve to be "fixed." To the others he sent marked copies of the Cincinnati newspapers, containing Berner's confession before the coronor. "Have you, from seeing the crime committed, or from hearing or reading any part of the evidence delivered on oath, formed or expressed any opinion as to the guilt or innocence of the prisoner at the bar?" This to the first juror. "I have." "Stand aside; Mr. Clerk, call a next." So the second juror, so the third, so with all save the twelve picked men, who are asked, "What conclusive evidence do with this packed jury? They did their employer's will, and Berner was saved the gallows.

"A most ingenious fellow, Campbell," say the lawyers, as they were obliged to say many times before. "An outrage," said the presiding judge. "An outrageous verdict," say the people, "and we will burn the jail, hang all the criminals, and run riot everywhere." The result: A court-house razed to the ground, thousands of dollars of property destroyed, the jail fired, and the fair fame of a city indelibly stained.

"Thomas Campbell, the attorney, left for Columbus Monday," say the newspapers. The feeling against him extends to all classes of society. A fair visit on 'change the merchants refused to recognize him. Joseph Wright informed him that his presence was obnoxious, and ordered him to leave. Finding from the general silence that his presence was unwelcome, he went out of the chamber." He said: "We warned never to return.—Cincinnati Commercial.

THERE are men walking about town who would do anything for whisky except work.

H. B. BRUSER,
TIN, COPPER AND SHEET-IRON WORKER
Hardware Tinware Stoves
Pumps, Grates Mantels, Etc. Etc.
159 Washington Street, Vicksburg.
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Something the People Need!
FRESH
ROASTED COFFEE,
Roasted Daily in HYDE'S PATENT ROASTER, at my Store
Corner South and Washington Streets.
Price 20 Cts. per Pound.
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W. M. CHAMBERLIN,
General Insurance Agent
FIRE, MARINE, ACCIDENT AND LIVE.
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W. O. WORRELL
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
AND DEALER IN
Hay & Grain
LIME, CEMENT, PLASTER, Etc.,
58 Washington Street, Vicksburg, Miss.
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FULTON M. M'RAE,
Wholesale and Retail Druggist
IMPORTER AND DEALER IN
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRUGS
Toilet Articles, Perfumery and Hair Brushes—all imported.
No. 125 Washington Street, Vicksburg, Miss.

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Cotton Factors,
AND WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
Groceries, Liquors and Tobacco.
110 and 112 Washington Street,
Vicksburg, - - - Miss.
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THE SAW-MILL BOAT
LEE RICHARDSON, JR.
IS PREPARED TO SELL
DIMENSION LUMBER
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Sash, Doors, Blinds, Mouldings, T. and G. Flooring and Ceiling
Orders addressed to the undersigned will be promptly filled.
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GEO. S. IRVING,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN
Staple and Fancy Groceries,
WINES, LIQUORS, CIGARS & TOBACCO,
Corner of South and Washington Streets, - - - VICKSBURG, MISS.

I respectfully ask an examination of my stock, which I think will convince all that I have one of the largest and best assorted to be found.
I GUARANTEE EVERY ARTICLE TO BE AS REPRESENTED,
And desire to give full satisfaction. 3 PACE AND 3 PEACE

HENRY YOSTE,
Watchmaker and Jeweler
I cordially invite a comparison of WORK and PRICES, believing mine to be the Best and Cheapest.
ALSO DEALER IN
WATCHES, DIAMONDS AND SILVERWARE
SPECIALTIES IN SPECTACLES.

COMMISSIONER'S SALE.

FAMILY HOTEL
No. 1632
V. and B. R. R. Bonelle.

PURSUANT to the power and authority vested in me by a decree made and entered in the above entitled cause, by the Chancery Court of Warren county, Miss., on the 23d day of February, 1884, I will, at or about the hour of 12 o'clock m., on the 19th day of March, 1884, sell at the east door of the Court-house, in Warren county, Miss., at public vendue, to the highest and best bidder for cash, that lot or parcel of land known as part of lot 260, square 56 of the city of Vicksburg, commencing on the southwest corner of said lot and running thence east 73 feet 9 inches, thence south about 73 feet 9 inches, thence west about 73 feet to the place of beginning; and on the 20th day of March, 1884, at the same place, I will sell the following slaves, to-wit: Dora, aged about 30 years; Gustave, aged about 5 years; Dora, aged about 3 years, the property of the said Mrs. Bonelle, to satisfy the decree aforesaid.

Given under my hand this 24th day of March, 1884.

R. F. BECK,
Commissioner.

PACIFIC HOUSE
VINCENT IAZZA, Proprietor.
Washington St., Vicksburg.
Convenient to Depot, Levee and Steamboat Landing. Post Offices and Telegraph Offices and Telephone Connection. Rates reasonable. Free 'bus to and from all trains. House open all night. Has been renovated and refurnished. Tables supplied with the best the market affords. Patronage solicited. Polite attention and careful attention given to guests.

NEW CLOTHING & DRY GOODS FIRM
L. MARKS AND A. MARKS
Have formed a copartnership and opened a
CLOTHING
AND
Dry Goods Business
At 307 and 309 Washington Street,

SIGNAL SERVICE REPORT.

LOCAL WEATHER REPORT.

TIME.	BAR.	THE.	HUM.	WIND.	WEATHER.
6:05 a. m.	30.07	53	66	S.	Clear.
10:35 a. m.	30.18	69	43	N. W.	Clear.
2:35 p. m.	30.06	69	39	N. W.	Clear.
6:05 p. m.	30.14	63	49	N. W.	Fair.
10:05 p. m.	30.09	56	52	N. E.	Fair.

	1883.	1884.
Maximum thermometer.....	72.2	75.5
Minimum thermometer.....	54.9	46.5
Mean temperature.....	66.2	59.3
Rainfall.....	.00	.00

STAGE OF RIVERS.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER,
April 10, 2 p.m., Washington time.

The following observations were taken at the same moment of time at all the stations named:

STATIONS.	Above low water.	Changes.	
	feet	In's	Rise In's	Fall In's
Cairo, Ill.....	40	8	...	6
Chattanooga.....	7	4	...	14
Cincinnati.....	28	1	...	14
Davenport, Iowa.....	10	7	...	3
Dubuque, Iowa.....	12	6	...	3
Keokuk, Iowa.....	13	3	...	5
La Crosse.....	7	1	...	5
Nashville.....	17	1	...	10
Little Rock.....	7	7	...	7
Louisville.....	10	2	...	2
Memphis.....	23	7	...	2
Nashville.....	9	1	...	6
New Orleans.....	1	0	...	...
Pittsburg.....	12	10	16	...
Shreveport.....	17	2	...	4
St. Louis.....	28	1	...	1
St. Paul.....	...	...	...	...
Vicksburg.....	45	11	...	2
Yankton, D. T.....	12	6	...	8

*Below high water of 1874. *Frozen.

HIGH WATER AT VICKSBURG IN FORMER YEARS

High water '62, above zero, 49 feet. 10 feet.
High water '67, above zero, 49 feet.
High water '74, above zero, 45 ft. 8 inches
High water '75, above zero, 44 ft. 9 inches
High water '76, above zero, 44 ft. 10 inches
High water '80, above zero, 43 ft. 2 inches
High water '81, above zero, 43 ft. 10 inches
High water '82, above zero, 48 ft. 9 inches
High water '83, above zero, 43 ft. 10 inches

HIGH WATER OF 1882.

Stations.	Date of Highest Point.	Highest point Reached.
Cairo.....	Feb. 26, 1882..	51 ft. 9 inches
Chattanooga..	Jan. 19, 1882...	40 ft. 2 inches
Cincinnati.....	Feb. 21, 1882...	58 ft. 6 inches
Davenport.....	Dec. 3, 1881....	10 ft. 1 inch
Helena, Ark..	March 9, 1882..	47 ft. 3 inches
Keokuk.....	Nov. 29, 1881...	11 ft. 5 inches
Little Rock....	Feb. 24, 1882...	21 ft. 6 inches
Louisville.....	Feb. 22, 1882...	37 ft. 2 inches
Memphis.....	March 6, 1882..	36 ft. 0 inches
Nashville.....	Feb. 22, 1882...	40 ft. 6 inches
New Orleans..	March 27, 1882..	5 inches
St. Louis.....	Feb. 22, 1882...	28 ft. 3 inches
Vicksburg.....	March 20, 1882.	48 ft. 9 inches

*Below high water of 1874.

THE RIVER.

ARRIVED.

Commonwealth, from St. Louis.
Will S. Hays, from Memphis.
Wyoming, from Cincinnati.
Golden Rule, from Tallulah, La.
D. C. Fogel, from Sunflower.
Capt. Miller, from Natchez.
John A. Scudder, from St. Louis.

DEPARTED.

Wyoming, for New Orleans.
Will S. Hays, for Memphis.
Capt. Miller, for Natchez.
J. H. Williams, for Tallulah, La.
John A. Scudder, for St. Louis.
Iampeuna, for Greenville.

BOATS DUE TO-DAY.

John F. Halpin, Davis Bend to V'burg.
W. P. Thompson, Grand Lake to V'burg.
Golden Rule, New Orleans to Cincinnati
Smoky City and Tallahatchie, 11 a.m.
Raymond Horner and tow, Pittsburg to New Orleans.

BOATS LEAVING TO-DAY.

For Greenwood—Leflore, 5 p.m.
For Cincinnati—Golden Rule, 5 p.m.

BOATS DUE TO-MORROW.

John W. Cannon, Greenville to N. O.
Iampeuna, Greenville to Vicksburg.
W. O'Neil and tow, N. O. to Pittsb'g

BOATS LEAVING TO-MORROW.

For St. Louis—Commonwealth, 11 a.m.
For Grand Lake—W. P. Thompson, 4 pm
For New Orleans—John W. Cannon, 5 pm

NOTES.

Cloudy, cool and rainy.

Business dull along river front.

The through Anchor Line boat, Jno. A. Scudder, will pass up during the day for St. Louis.

The U. S. mail-boat Capt. Miller, arrived from Natchez this morning and departed at 9:30 a.m.

Col. Frank Baker, editor of the Cincinnati Marine Journal, is in Memphis, looking over the river men.

The O Line steamer Wyoming passed New Orleans last night after discharging 3000 packages on the Wharfboat, and sailing lightly.

The tug boat D. C. Fogle and barge, with 14,000 oak staves, arrived from Sunflower river yesterday, and after adding another barge here will leave for New Orleans.

The Vicksburg and Grand Lake packet W. P. Thompson, is due this evening, will return to Grand Lake, going up Bayou Bœuf, to-morrow evening at 4 o'clock.

The track of the Vicksburg and Meridian Railroad running along the bottom in front of the Elevator and Planters' compress, is now clear of water, and facilitating business.

Mr. Jno. F. Halpin is due to-day from Davis Bend, and is the regular S. Line boat leaving Monday morning at 10 o'clock. Passengers, freight and tickets at the office in Davis' Bend.

Capt. H. H. Williams, Capt. R. H. Bowman, and Jno. Scudder, left for Tallulah, La., on Wednesday for Tallulah, and will return Sunday morning.

Capt. W. H. Hays, Capt. Ed. Noland, and Capt. Floyd clerk, arrived yesterday afternoon from Memphis with 670 bales of cotton. She left Memphis and all up with a good trip of

Capt. Jno. Scudder, of the Anchor Line steamer Jno. A. Scudder, left Memphis a few days ago, arrived and returned Wednesday. The O'Neil's tow consisted of 33 packages, 15 of which she left at Memphis, 1 at Cairo, 2 at Natchez, 9 at Baton Rouge, and 11 that she brought to this city.—N. O. Times-Democrat.

The Issaquena left for Greenville and the Bends on time yesterday evening with her usual good trip of freight and people. She returns to-morrow evening, and leaves again Monday at 5 p.m.

The famous O. Line steamer, Golden Rule, will pass up at five p.m. to-day for Cincinnati. She left New Orleans with a cabin full of people, 196 logs, and big miscellaneous freight. See Capt. Jones in regard to freight.

The John W Cannon will be found in the wharfboat in the morning, receiving for New Orleans and all lower coast landings. She gets 470 bales of cotton from the W. S. Hays, 259 bales cotton and 178 sacks of seed from the Leflore, besides a lot of freight from town.

The light draft steamer Leflore, Capt. Marcy Johnson, arrived from Yazoo river last night with 259 bales of cotton and 178 sacks of cotton seed. She is receiving to-day and is the regular P. Line packet for the Yazoo and Tallahatchie rivers, going as high as Greenwood, and leaving at 5 p.m., sharp.

The Commonwealth in place of City of Vicksburg, Capt. James O'Neil, arrived from St. Louis yesterday evening with 2,500 packages of freight and a number of people. She will receive at the Elevator, and she is the regular Saturday Anchor Line leaving at 11 a.m. for St. Louis, carrying the mail. She has in sight 500 barrels of oil from Refuge Mills.

Longfellow's Religion.

"The idea of God revealed in everything is what gives such force to the liberalism of Longfellow," said Rev. James Kay Applebee yesterday morning at the Parker-Memorial. "To him there were no aliens in the great Divine family. He makes Judas die with hope upon his lips. Theodore Parker is the theologian of the Wayside Inn. In the sum of his poetry is expressed the belief that humanity has strength and beauty sufficient to redeem itself; and that there is no deformity which its innate loveliness cannot adorn and perfect. In the arsenal at Springfield, as he gazes at the horrid weapons of war, 'like holy melodies of love arise.'" In the lines on Florence Nightingale, from out the misery of the camp, he bids "our hearts in glad surprise to higher levels rise." The latter poem was sufficient to place him among the world's immortals. Noble thoughts, wherever spoken, and noble deeds, wherever performed, actuate lofty feelings and works. Longfellow's Religion, according to him, is a means of acting in harmony with the great order of things—something than binds all principles together. He ever appealed to humanity and asserted its virtue. Deep down in the darkness of life he caught a gleam of the sun within. He believed man capable of achieving whatever felicity was in store for him. In the smile of the mother, in the innocent coquettishness of an Evangeline, in the dimpled hands of childhood, he saw a beauty and moral; and these things made Longfellow what he was himself called Tennyson, "the sweet historian of the heart."—Boston Globe.

The Mississippi School Fund.

In the speech which Mr. Beck delivered in the Senate on the tariff question, although the Blair educational bill was under consideration, he incidentally referred to the extravagance of the school system projected by the Republicans in Mississippi during the reconstruction period. Anything in addition to the educational fund in Mississippi is unfortunate for the Democrats. It recalls how the Chickasaw school fund, donated in lands by the United States to the government, has been wasted; how the university fund, amounting to $1,500,000, appropriated by the State, has been diverted from its legitimate purpose; how the university gets it the interest on $554,000 invested under a compromise act passed by the legislature; how the agricultural land-scrip fund of 227,000, bearing 8 per cent. interest, substituted therefor.

When the land-scrip fund was received Mississippi was under Republican rule, and it was invested in 8 per cent. bonds. When the Democrats came into power they converted the bonds into money, used it for other purposes, and issued new 5 per cent. bonds to the amount of the original fund. By this piece of legislative legerdemain the school fund loses $8,310 every year.

Another fact may be mentioned in this connection. The Mississippi legislature passed an act making an appropriation of $3,000 a year for ten years to the Alcorn University (colored) and the Oxford University (white), and the interest derived from the agricultural scrip fund was to be used as part of the appropriation. The Democratic legislature in 1878 cut down the appropriation for Alcorn University to $10,000 a year, and it has since been reduced to $6,000. In the meantime Oxford, white, and institution, called the "Agricultural and Mechanical College," to which only white pupils are admitted, has been established at Starkville.

Upon the whole, it would have been better for Mr. Beck to have allowed the Senators from Mississippi to deal with the school question in their own State. He is probably not entirely familiar with the history of the legislation upon the school question in Mississippi, and don't know how far he is away from dangerous ground. It is creditable to the Senators from Mississippi that they are not so blinded by partisan rancor as to refuse to aid of the general government in extending education to the colored children. Kentucky is not so entirely free from illiteracy that Mr. Beck can afford to assail the professed gift.—National Republican.

THE EDUCATIONAL BILL.

Saturday's Debate—Senator Hoar's Reply to Senator Morgan.

WASHINGTON, April 6.—On motion of Mr. Blair the Senate resumed consideration of the Educational bill, and Mr. Morgan, who had the floor on the adjournment yesterday, continued his remarks in opposition to the bill. Two amendments offered by Senator Logan were defeated.

A third proposed amendment of Mr. Logan was read, providing that no State should receive the benefit of the fund that did not distribute all school funds equally for all children without regard to race or color.

This amendment was agreed to.

Mr. Hoar's amendment was then read, making the first year's appropriation $7,000,000, the second year's $10,000,000, the third year's $15,000,000; then decreasing at the rate of $2,000,000 annually until the eighth year.

Mr. Morgan admonished the Senator from Massachusetts (Mr. Hoar) to keep the bill up to the maximum amount; otherwise he would weaken his bill and votes. It would not do to commit Senators on the Democratic side of the chamber to a bill that did not furnish a very large amount of money.

Mr. Hoar said he did not know what motive the Senator from Alabama might choose to impute to his own political associates. Mr. Hoar had himself spoken with considerable emphasis, and, as some gentlemen thought, perhaps with bitterness, but he didn't know a gentleman on the other side of the chamber to whom he would in his secret heart impute the motive, which, if he understood the Senator from Alabama, that Senator had honestly avowed. Mr. Hoar had proposed this amendment because he thought its provision a better one than that of the bill. "I shall vote for this bill," said Mr. Hoar, "because these men at the South, colored and white, are my countrymen, entitled, within the functions of the National Government, to my interest, care and friendship, as much as the citizens of Worcester county, Massachusetts, where I dwell. If it be a matter of National concern, to provide by National authority that the American people shall be made fit by intelligence for a republican government; if we have the right—as we have the right to defend this constitution in war—to defend it against the greater danger of ignorance in cases where the local instrumentalities, through their own imperfections or their own faults, are unable to do it, then this bill is an exercise by National authority of a proper National constitutional function." When honest, intelligent and influential men declared in his hearing that their black ignorance was so great as to be a menace to their property, their government, their institutions itself—and that all must perish alike if the mandate of the Constitution was to be obeyed, and these ignorant men were to have their votes honestly counted, man for man, and that the danger was so overwhelming that men deemed themselves entitled to resort for self-preservation to any agency or force or finesse that would keep these colored men from the ballot (and there certainly were numbers of intelligent men and influential newspapers that said that), then Mr. Hoar thought it the duty of the National Legislature within the bounds of the Constitution to remove that menace. "I think," said he, "it is a better thing to try the experiment whether by educating the black man he can be made fit for American citizenship than without trying that experiment to cheat him out of his vote."

Mr. Morgan remarked that he was sorry if he thought that not occurred to the Senator before he enfranchised the black man.

"Mr. President," said Mr. Hoar, "I will not be drawn into criminalion or recrimination in regard to past history, recent or remote. I will not talk with a man, in the way of debate, I mean, as to whether I did right or wrong, or as to whether he did right or wrong, from 1860 to 1865, or as to whether I did right or wrong or he did right or wrong, from 1865 to 1875." When Mr. Hoar found himself and the Senator from Indiana (Mr. Voorhees) coming together, representing on the one hand Massachusetts Radicalism, and on the other Indiana Democracy, saying that he would not vote to tax his constituents in order to aid the Southern people to educate and elevate these colored people who have been cast upon them, he thought it was occasion for congratulation. He did not propose to accompany the act by a discussion of whether we had all been right in either our conduct or opinions in the past. "Why, Mr. President," said he, "are we not American citizens? Can we not talk about educating our children and raising the money to do that without having flung in our faces everything by way of taunt and slur and hatred that the memory and imagination of the unfortunate Senator from Alabama can suggest to him?"

MR. W. P. MONTGOMERY of Locust, reports planting operations well advanced, being vigorously, pushed. Corn in his neighborhood, is planted generally, and is coming up. Cotton planting will be general this week. The favorite time of planting in this section is from the 1st to the 10th of April. Earlier planting is endangered by the late average frosts that usually happens about the 10th. Heavy crops have been made, however, with planting as late as 1st of June.—Greenville Review, 5th.

Bismarck.

LONDON, April 10.—The Standard's Berlin correspondent declares that as a matter of fact the Empror William refused Prince Bismarck from the Prussian Ministry at the latter's own urging.

The Prince recently told a Deputy that his multifarious duties had prevented his having time to which to consider people's susceptibilities. Had he not been cordially supported by the Emperor, he would have resigned long ago. He also remarked that the contests in the Reichstag were a severe strain upon his health.

Wheeler & Wilson Silent No. 8
SEWING MACHINE.
THE VERY ACME OF PERFECTION
The Ladies Favorite.
PURCHASERS are requested to call, before buying elsewhere. Machine sold on monthly or weekly payments, and cheap for cash, at MRS. FERGUSON, Agent.
C. EDWARDS.

STEAMBOATS.

ANCHOR LINE.

For Memphis, Cairo and St. Louis.

THE U. S. MAIL STEAMER
COMMONWEALTH.

JAMES O'NEAL.....Master
HENRY DISTRICH.....Clerk

Leaves for St. Louis SATURDAY, the 12th of April at 11 a.m., connecting at Arkansas City with the Arkansas City Railroad for Pine Bluff, Little Rock, Hot Springs, upper Arkansas river, Fort Smith, and the Indian Territory. Careful attention to way and plantation business. For freight or passage apply on board or to

E. C. CARROLL,
Superintendent Elevator Company.
W. S. JONES,
Superintendent Wharfboat Company.
EUGENE PLATT,
my4 Freight and Passenger Agent.

For Memphis, Cairo, Louisville and Cincinnati.

GOLDEN RULE.

O P SHINKLE.....Master
A P SHINKLE.....Clerk

Will leave FRIDAY, April 11th, at 5 p.m. For

AMUSEMENTS.

GRAND

Character × Concert

—AND—

TABLEAUX!

Under the Auspices of the Ladies of the M. E. Church, at the

OPERA HOUSE

—ON—

Tuesday, April 15th, 1884,

FOR ONE NIGHT ONLY.

The best amateur talent of the city has kindly volunteered for the occas on.

The proceeds of the entertainment will be devoted to church repairs.

ADMISSION $1.00.

Reserved seats can be procured at Baum's and Clarke's bookstores. a9

CHEAP COLUMN.

LOST.

LOST—On April 2d, on Cherry, Crawford or Walnut street, a point lace handkerchief. The finder will be liberally rewarded by returning it to this office. 4-5

WANTED.

WANTED.—SCHOOLS! TEACHERS!! Schools in need of competent teachers, and teachers in search of situations should address the Central Educational Bureau, R. K. JAYNE. Secretary, ap2 Jackson, Miss.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Brown, Leghorn Eggs for hatching. Fresh and pure. ap7-1w At H. H. KAIN'S.

FOR SALE—New Cottage in good neighborhood, containing 3 rooms with hall and gallery, kitchen, stable and garden. Lot 100x160 feet, all under new fence. Apply at this office. m25

FOR SALE—A cottage residence on East avenue, containing four rooms 18x20, hall 12 by 4, kitchen, fine cistern and fine orchard; lot 64x132 feet. Apply to R. P. WILSON, on premises. m28

FOR SALE—The LOT on the northeast corner of Cherry and Grove sts. Apply to THOMAS MOUNT. mh19

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—A large airy, comfortably furnished Room, opening on a gallery; 5 minutes walk from Washington street. Apply at this office. ap10

FOR RENT—Two large Rooms, kitchen, outhouses, good yard and cistern. Apply at this office. ap3-1w

FOR RENT—Nice house with three rooms, kitchen, good cistern and yard; possession given April 6th. Apply to JOS. SPENGLER, Cherry street crossing. m31-1w

FOR SALE OR RENT—60 Acres good land, one and a half miles from town, with plenty of wood and water. Apply at this office, or to R. F. WILSON, Vicksburg, Miss. m24-2w

FOR RENT—Three rooms and a small kitchen. Large yard and good cistern. Ten dollars per month. Apply at this office. mh26

THE SATISFACTION

Of sitting under one's own vine and fig tree pays the largest dividend of any investment. It is the best kind of life insurance. It is the best medicine in sickness. It enables a man to die easier, and robs death of one of the principal terrors to know that the loved ones we must leave behind us have a roof of their own over their heads which cannot be taken from them.

If you cannot buy a house and lot, you can at least make a commencement by investing $25. It is a lot in Speed's Addition, and pay the balance in $5 monthly installments. No better opportunity to buy a home or to make a safe investment in Vicksburg is likely to occur than that now presented by the unprecedented terms upon which these lots are sold. sep1

LOCAL ITEMS.

MRS. FELIX HOERNER is home from Greenville.

THE B. F. Q. on the 15th, at the Opera-house.

CAPT. ED. GRAY remains at the Hospital as druggist.

MR. R. K. BONEY, of Delta, was in the city yesterday.

JUDGE HARRIS arrived in the city by the Will S. Hays yesterday.

CAPT. W. S. JONES and family returned from Memphis yesterday.

LET the tax-payers hear the report on the administration of city affairs.

REHEARSAL to-night of the Grand Character Concert at the Opera-house.

TICKETS for the Concert on the 15th are now for sale at Baum's and Clarke's.

GO to Baum & Co., and Clark & Co.'s book-stores for reserved seats for the grand Character Concert.

THE city has just paid an expert $200 to audit the city officials' books. Can't the expert's report be published?

SOME of the best male voices and Vicksburg's queens of song will thrill the opera-house next Tuesday night.

THE proceeds of the Concert next Tuesday night will be added to the "repair fund," of the Methodist Church.

MR. FRANK OLIN, a prominent contractor of Jackson, is in the city to-day. He returns by the mail train to-night.

THERE was a successful rehearsal of the grand Character Concert last night, and everything points to a brilliant finale.

THE negroes who were rescued when the skiff swamped Tuesday night were taken home yesterday by a manager from the McDowell plantation.

CLARKE & Co., Booksellers and Stationers, have the latest goods in their line. Also, musical instruments, and are agents for the celebrated Decker piano.

Harness Oil.

Don't forget the sunday sale of Fine Harness Oil Blacking, $1.50 per gallon, at Parson's, all saints' year has been postponed.

THE St. Francis Catholic Temperance Society will attend communion in a body Easter Sunday morning at 7 o'clock mass. See notice of meeting at pastoral residence at half-past six o'clock same morning.

A LITTLE daughter of Mrs. J. H. Martin, of First North street, had a narrow escape from drowning yesterday. She fell head downward into a washtub of water, but fortunately was discovered and rescued before she was drowned.

THE Holy Trinity choir is expected to discourse some exceptionally fine music on Easter, as Mrs. Dr. Iglehart who will sing with it has also been directing in the preparation of the music. The selections are said to be all very beautiful.

E. B. DANE, New York; J. E. Pegues and wife, Tuscaloosa, Ala.; Jno. Donnelly, Memphis; J. B. Neely, Chattanooga; C. C. Cordill, Tensas; Mrs. W. Banks, Mrs. M. B. Perkins, Miss Freeland, Thos. Freeland, Warren county; Lamar Fontaine, Yazoo City; H. Bier, New Orleans; W. H. Coen, Louisville; and W. O. Flynn and wife, city; are registered at the LaMadrid this morning.

WE are under obligations to Capt. E. C. Carroll, the popular and generous Superintendent of the Elevator, for a report of the proceedings of the Convention for Improvement of the Mississippi river, held in Washington Feb. 5, 6, and 7. It is a clear and concise report, taken from the stenographed verbatim report, and makes a neat pamphlet of 100 pages.

YOUNG man, next Sunday will be Easter, and if you have not already presented your sister or sweetheart with an Easter souvenir you should at once proceed to Baum's and select one. To-morrow being the last day before Easter you have not much time, so do not delay, or you may be too late. At Baum's you can find all kinds, and they are sold at moderate prices.

W. C. BUFFINGTON, Philadelphia; J. A. Hardwin, Pine Bluff; R. A. Parker, Silver Creek; Mrs. W. Reed, Wilson's Point; J. Servier, La.; Harry Hogan, Deer Creek; J. S. Duston, Miss.; T. G. Merritt, W. L. Gamble, V. & M.; W. C. H. McKinney, McKinneysville; D. D. Cummins, St. Louis, registered at the Pacific this morning.

MR. FRED LOYD, Treasurer of the Firemen's Charitable Association, yesterday advanced the necessary money to pay the employees of the Fire Department their month's wages, the city being a little slow in the matter. This act on the part of Mr. Loyd is highly appreciated by the Department, and the clever Treasurer of the Association will lose nothing by it.

THE steamer Harry and barge arrived at 5 o'clock this morning from Big Deer Creek with 3 bales cotton for town, and 150 tons seed for the Memphis Oil Exchange, which were reshipped on the Will S. Hays to-day; and 140 sacks seed for Warren Mills. The Harry will leave again for Big Deer Creek Monday at 12 m. She carries a model barge which makes all freight carried by her insurable.

IN the genial Spring the young man's thoughts lightly turn to love, says one of the poets. The practical man, however, says the young man's thoughts first turn to getting a nice suit of clothes. For the benefit of all such, and older ones too, Ruhman & Co. have purchased the largest and most elegant stock of clothing, etc., that has ever graced their counters, and all will agree that their store heretofore has compared most favorably with any in this section. Ruhman & Co. also consult the interest of the people by giving such close personal attention to all the details of their business, that they can afford to sell goods at the lowest margin of profit, and at prices that suit the people. An alliterative customer remarked that what pleased him most, next to the beautiful goods he purchased there, was Ruhman's remarkably reasonable rates.

Examine ARTHUR JACOB'S clothing for men and boys before purchasing.

The End of a Useful Life.

Sister Mary Baptista Kearney died this morning at the Convent of Our Lady of Mercy, on Crawford street, at the age of 43 years. She was a native of the Emerald Isle, but the greater part of her life had been spent in this country. She came to this city from Yazoo City in 1878 to labor among the yellow fever sufferers, and was stricken with the disease. She went into the hospital, and after her recovery remained there, ministering to the wants of the afflicted. She had been ill for about six weeks, and died of typhoid fever. The funeral will take place from the Convent at 10 o'clock to-morrow.

Strictly Business.

Even with all the bad weather we have had to-day Joe Fox's store has been crowded with wholesale and retail customers, which is a sure sign this young man means business. And still the customers are coming from up and down the river, and from different directions on the railroads to see the big inducements this young man is offering. We commend him to all needing dry goods, clothing, notions, etc.

MACKEY'S COURT.

Trial of Reuben Springer For Shooting at Rudolph Schwartz.

The trial of Reuben Springer, charged with shooting with intent to kill, has been in progress before Justice S. H. Mackey to-day.

Rudolph Schwartz, the wounded man, was sworn, and testified that on April 2 Springer and a man calling himself Geo. Moore came on the flatboat about 1 or 2 o'clock p.m. and remained on the boat about an hour. Returned about 8 o'clock and were talking about having a pistol repaired and also of buying one. Showed them one, which they looked at, but said it did not suit, and wanted to see another; handed out another, when they asked to have Ulrich Schwartz come out to see about repairing the pistol; told them that he was asleep and that he would not wake him, and for them to come back in the morning. Springer then pointed the pistol in my face and fired but I dodged and the ball hit me near the right temple glancing off. He then fired again, hitting a trap door of the counter. The next shot struck me in the right breast, above and to the right of the nipple. Ran back in the boat, and defendant fired two or three more shots. Pistol found on defendant when arrested was one of those taken that night. Defendant looked like the man who did the shooting. Three shots had been fired out of the pistol when taken from Springer. No doubt but that the pistol was the one taken the night he was shot.

Capt. Groom, and Mr. Hemau Denio testified in regard to the arrest of Springer, an account of which has been published in the POST.

Hector Larrington, a colored man who had informed the above gentlemen that Springer could tell them something about the killiing, testified that he knew nothing about the killing or attempted robbery.

Frank Carter, a colored, testified that he knew nothing of the killing, but saw Springer at Lavin's, at a dance on Wednesday night. Did not know whether he left there or not. Heard no shots.

Ulrich Schwartz, a brother of the man who was wounded, was summoned, and his statement was substantially the same as that published in the POST of Monday.

After hearing the above witnesses Justice Mackey continued the case until noon Monday, during which time Springer will secure some witnesses who are out of town. In default of $1000 bail Springer was remanded to jail.

RUHMAN & CO.,

Tailors and Importers,

WASHINGTON STREET.

A complete stock of Spring and Summer goods now on hand, including many

SPECIALTIES FOR THE SEASON.

FINE SUITS, all shades and grades, and latest styles. Spring Overcoats, to suit sudden changes of the weather.

BOYS' and CHILDREN'S CLOTHING In larger variety and more perfect workmanship than ever before. Special attention is asked to this department.

Unequaled stock of Hats and Gents' Furnishing Goods.

EULL LINE of PIECE GOODS. Trouserings, etc., and "the best cutter in the South." Fit and workmanship guaranteed. ap11-1w

How the Fire Originated.

In its report of the fire which destroyed Mrs. E. P. Jones's fine residence yesterday, the Commercial Herald this morning says:

"At the time the fire originated Mrs. Jones was in Scenty Grove home, having visited a friend, and only Mrs. Hoerner and a colored servant were on the place. The fire is supposed by them to have originated from some hot ashes which were carelessly thrown under the house by a negro woman who was employed by Mrs. Hoerner as cook."

The above is an incorrect statement, at least so far as Mrs. Hoerner is concerned. She does not suppose the fire originated from hot ashes thrown under the house by a negro woman in her employ as cook, from the fact that her employee left the house at 9 o'clock in the morning and the fire did not occur until 1 o'clock p.m, and from the further fact that her cook always carried ashes out into the street.

The colored servant who was on the place when the fire occurred was Mrs. Jones's cook, who was engaged in her culinary duties and had fire in the stove at the time the fire alarm was given.

Colored Knights Templar.

Constantine Commandery, (colored) Knights Templar will participate in the services at Bethel A. M. E. Church, corner of First East and Monroe streets, on Easter Sabbath. A selected choir will render some fine anthems and selections, and the affair will undoubtedly be highly creditable to the participants. Sir Wm. H. Green is Eminent Commander, Sir F. C. Moore is Generalissimo, and Sir W. D. Starks is Captain General of Constantine Commandery.

BOYS' CLOTHING.

New Boys' clothing just received at ARTHUR JACOB'S. ap11

CHEAPNESS of pig iron in the South has caused a falling among Pennsylvania manufacturers. The South's advantages are beginning to be realized. Competition between the North and South in the great productive industries will be stimulating and profitable to both.—Cincinnati Times of Monday, April 11th, 1884.

Postponed.

The reception to have been given to Miss Clara Barton, at Magnolia Hall, tonight, has been postponed on account of the weather. We are at present unable to state when the reception and lecture will take place. This will be a great disappointment to a large number of people who hoped to have heard Miss Barton to-night.

BRAND NEW

And cant-be-beaten styles of thoroughly first-rate Spring clothing now on the counters at our house. Men's suits, boy's suits, children's suits in all the latest shapes and colors. New furnishings and hats just in. The best styles we ever showed, and the lowest prices.

WARNER & SEARLES, The Leading Clothiers. ap9

PESACH WINE.

A fine article at close figures at W. E. BECK. ap4

Dr. W. T. Balfour.

We take pleasure in directing the attention of our citizens to the professional card of this eminent young medical practictioner.

We are pleased to know that Dr. Balfour will continue permanently in our midst, and that he will serve the public in the noble profession in which he has already gained an enviable reputation for skill and careful attention.

Dr. Balfour's administration of the onerous and complicated duties of Physician to the City Hospital—duties that require skill and competency of the highest order—have won for him the thanks and admiration of the community. The good Sisters of Mercy, who were thrown in daily contact with him, paid him a most eloquent and deserved tribute in publicly testifying to his valuable services, a tribute that was heartily endorsed by all who were cognizant of the management of the Hospital.

We can cheerfully and conscientiously commend Dr. Balfour to the public. Some writer says a good physician must first be a good man—we think Dr. Balfour fulfills this requirement.

Boys', youths' and men's clothing for Spring wear, at moderate prices, at ARTHUR JACOB'S. ap11

St. Francis Catholic Temperance Society.

The members of the St. Francis Temperance Society will meet in the parlor of the pastoral residence of St. Paul's Catholic Church, Easter Sunday morning, April 13th, at 6:30 o'clock for the purpose of attending communion in a body at 7 o'clock mass.

THOS. E. O'HERRIN, President.
FRANK O'NEIL, Secretary. 11-2t

TO CONSUMERS.

Remember, there are seven different styles and quality of "Commodore Parlso" Cigars. W. E. BECK, Sole Proprietor j16

Rainfall in the Cotton Region.

Statement showing the rainfall in inches and hundredths at stations of the Signal Service, U. S. A., in the cotton region, for the week ending April 4, 1884:

South Atlantic States—Atlanta, Ga., .22; Augusta, Ga., .00; Charleston, S. C., .00; Charlotte, N. C., .05; Jacksonville, Fla., .00; Sanford, Fla., .00; Savannah, Ga., .04.

Eastern Gulf States—New Orleans, .03; Vicksburg, .02.

Western Gulf States—Fort Smith, Ark., .06; Galveston, .73; Indianola, Texas, .05; Little Rock, .01; Palestine, Texas, .44; Shreveport, .50.

Ohio Valley and Tennessee—Chattanooga, .82; Cincinnati, .02; Indianapolis, .40; Knoxville, .29; Louisville, .18; Nashville, .15; Pittsburg, .77.

Save money and get your boys' clothing at ARTHUR JACOB'S. ap11

Gnat Oil.

Thirty barrels of first-class Gnat Oil at HARDAWAY & CASSELL'S ap2 Drugstore.

IF under the protective tariff system foreigners contribute nothing to the revenues of the government, as free traders contend, why is it that said foreigners are so earnest in their efforts to change said system substituted by that of free trade? Are they influenced by pure benevolence toward the people of the United States?—Macon Telegraph and Messenger.

BUTTER!

20 Small Tubs Choice, suitable for Families, received this day. [m12] WARE & NORTH.

SUITS TO ORDER,

Ranging from $15, $17.50, $21.50, $25, $30 up to $50. Any gentleman can be pleased in style and fit at 183 Washington street. E. D. Bickley is the man to fit the head, body and pocket of our New South.

W. NAMAKER & BROWN, E. D. BICKLEY, Agent. m26

THE funeral of the late Mrs. Louisa Quitman Lovell took place yesterday afternoon from Trinity church, in this city. It was largely attended by the numerous friends of her childhood and youth, among whom there is the deepest sorrow for this estimable lady. Her remains were laid in the quiet cemetery of this city close to the mound which covers all that was mortal of her beloved father, the pure, brave and chivalrous General John A. Quitman.—Natchez Democrat, 9th.

FUNERAL NOTICE.

Died, at the Convent of Mercy, on April 11th, at 7 o'clock, a.m., SISTER MARY BAPTISTA KEARNEY, in the forty-third year of her age.

Her funeral will take place from the Convent to-morrow (Saturday) at 10 o'clock a.m.

Friday, April 11th, 1884.

R. F. BECK, President,
JNO. F. HALPIN, Secretary.
THOS. MOUNT, Vice-President.
W. O. WORRELL, Treasurer.

VICKSBURG

Building Association

STOCK IN THIS SOLID HOME INSTITUTION

PAYS BETTER THAN A SAVINGS BANK,

AND ITS INVESTMENTS ARE

Fully Secured by Mortgages on Real Estate.

Now is the time to subscribe. You cannot lose, and you are certain to make a handsome profit.

The cost of Stock is $1 per month on each Share.

Ten shares of Stock in about eight years will be worth $1,000
The ten shares in eight years will have cost 600
Making a profit, on an investment averaging four years, of $400
Which is equal to 77 per cent. or 19¼ per cent. per annum.

The Association Cashes its Stock at any Time According to Equitable Rule

Persons having small amounts monthly to spare, say from $1 to $15, cannot do better than invest in this stock.

Capitalists will find it a profitable investment, realizing 18 to 20 per cent. per annum.

Property owners will increase the value of their property by subscribing to its stock, for it loans its funds to actual builders, and every new house built increases the value of property in its neighborhood.

Persons of moderate means who desire to build houses can borrow the money from the Association and pay it back in

MONTHLY PAYMENTS

Not Greater than the Usual Amounts Paid for Rent.

Books of Subscription to the Twelfth Series of Stock are now open at the office of the Secretary. ja18

BLANKS'

Southern Photographic Gallery,

CLAY STREET, OVER EXPRESS OFFICE, VICKSBURG, MISS.

STRICTLY FIRST-CLASS PHOTOGRAPHS of all sizes and styles. Old pictures copied and enlarged to any size desired.

INSTANTANEOUS PICTURES TAKEN AT THIS GALLERY

Post Office Box 191.

JOHN B. CLARK. D. S. WRIGHT.

CLARKE & CO.

WE invite your attention and solicit your inspection, as we feel assured that you will find it to your interest to do so before buying elsewhere. We buy direct from the manufacturers and first hands, consequently we will duplicate prices of North, South or West.

Our Line of Blank Books

Embraces Day Books, Journals, Ledgers, Cash Books, full and half bound; Draft, Note, Order and Receipt Books, Pass and Memorandum Books, Monthly and Weekly Time Books, Invoice and Bill Books, and all kinds and sizes of blank books.

Also Letter Paper, Bill and Account Paper, Envelopes, Inks, Pens, Pencils, etc.

Our Book Department.

We have a large assortment of School Books, Medical, Scientific, Law, and miscellaneous Books, also all the New Books as issued. Our

Fancy Goods Departm't

Offers an elegant variety goods. Birthday and Congratulation Cards in large assortment.

Ladies' Stationery.

Our assortment is always large, and in latest shades, shapes and kinds.

Artists' Materials.

Includes Oil, Water and China Painting Materials of every description, Brushes, Canvas, Plaques and Panels of all kinds. Also Art Novelties for Decoration.

Musical Instruments

Includes Pianos, Organs, Guitars, Banjos, Accordions, etc. Italian and German strings for different kinds of instruments. Agents for Decker Bros. Pianos and Mason & Hamlin Organs.

Headquarters for Wall Paper, Fixtures, Frames, Mouldings, &c. All the Quarterly Libraries, both old and new issues. Also all papers, Magazines, New Publications received daily.

All orders or communications per mail, boat or otherwise answered with promptness, and satisfaction guaranteed. Send for Price List and Catalogue.

CLARKE & CO.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

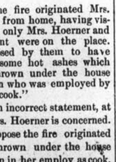
Booksellers, Stationers and Music Dealers

BLUE FRONT BOOK STORE, 149 WASHINGTON ST., VICKSBURG.

THE VICKSBURG POST wants S. J. Randall for President, and Allen G. Thurman for Vice-President. We could support such a ticket with great enthusiasm, though, somehow, we want to try Hancock again on a liberal tariff platform. That uncertain and indefinite term, "a tariff for revenue only," concocted by the wily Watterson and one or two other members of the platform committee over a bottle of mean whiskey, was stamped the Pennsylvania soldier and statesman in the first race.—Brookhaven Leader.

A TRIUMPH OF SKILL.

Dr. Price's SPECIAL



FLAVORING EXTRACTS

Prepared from Select Fruits that yield the finest Flavors. Have been used for years. Become The Standard Flavoring Extracts. None of Greater Strength. None of such Perfect Purity. Always certain to impart to Cakes, Puddings, Sauces, the natural Flavor of the Fruit.

MANUFACTURED BY

STEELE & PRICE,

Chicago, Ill., and Peoria, Ill.

PLANTATION LOANS

On the Installment Plan, Negotiated by

Francis Smith & Co.,

S. W. corner Washington and Crawford streets, VICKSBURG, MISS.

No Cotton Required

Planters should not make loans until they have investigated our plan and rates.

WE HAVE NO AGENTS.

dec10

FRUIT AND ORNAMENTAL TREES



ROSES of all Kinds, Green-House Plants by the MILLION

GREGORY NURSERY

Grove Street, Vicksburg.
322 THOMPSON'S. GREGORY'S.

WINCHESTER RIFLES

AT WHOLESALE

LOUIS HOFFMAN

The Vicksburg Evening Post.

VOLUME II. VICKSBURG, MISSISSIPPI, SATURDAY, APRIL 12, 1884. NUMBER 89.

VICKSBURG BANK.

EDWARD S. BUTTS, President. | Established Nov. 12, 1866.
C. KUTKENDALL, Vice-Pres. |
JAMES P. ROACH, Cashier. | Incorporated Mar. 4, 1878.

Transacts a General Banking Business.

CHARTER PERPETUAL.

New York Correspondent, - - - National Park Bank.
New Orleans Correspondent, - - - State National Bank.

may4

SPRING SPECIALTIES

For Age Cultivators,
Avery's Garden Plows,
Acme Harrows,
GERMAN MILLET SEED, SAPLING CLOVER SEED,

—AND—

LANDRETH'S GARDEN SEED,

FOR LOW LOW COTTON PLANTERS

Globe Cotton Planters, Washburn & Moen's Thick Set Galvanized Barb Wire, Philadelphia Lawn Mowers.

J. W. HANES. J. W. HANES.

HANES BROS.,

Successors to D. R. SMARR & CO.,

Auction and Commission Merchants,

206 WASHINGTON STREET, VICKSBURG.

Consignments solicited. Prompt returns and satisfaction guaranteed. feb22

EASTER!

We have now on exhibition at our store the finest and most extensive line of

EASTER CARDS

EVER BROUGHT TO THIS CITY,

—COMPRISING AN ELEGANT LINE OF—

Imported Satin Easter Cards.

Prang & Co.'s Easter Art Prints on Satin.

Sass, Plummer & Co.'s Easter Souvenirs in Silk, Satin and Plush.

Easter Cards from 5 cents to $15.00 each.

An elegant line of Birthday and Wedding Congratulation Cards.

J. F. BAUM & CO.,

—DEALERS IN—

Books, Stationery, Music and Fancy Goods,

171 WASHINGTON STREET, VICKSBURG.

C. REYNOLDS, E. A. NEELY.

C. C. REYNOLDS & CO.

Wholesale and Retail Druggists

AND DEALERS IN

White Lead, Mixed Paints, Linseed Oil, Lard Oil, Gnat Oil, Turpentine, Putty and Glassware, Patent Medicines, Sponges, Hair Brushes, Perfumery, Toilet Articles of Every Description. Garden and Flower Seeds.

AGENTS FOR HUMPHREY'S HOMŒOPATHIC MEDICINES. ja4

CATCHINGS & DABNEY, General Mississippi Agents.

CATCHINGS & DABNEY, late of Edwards, Miss.

CATCHINGS & DABNEY,

Attorneys-at-Law,

VICKSBURG, MISS.,

Will give special attention to the collection of business entrusted to them in the Hinds counties, and in the State and Federal Courts at Jackson.

J. S. MORRIS,

Attorney-at-Law

VICKSBURG, MISS.

Will practice in the Supreme Courts of the State, Chancery, Circuit and Federal Courts at Vicksburg. All orders promptly and carefully attended to. Send for catalogue. ja16

SLAUGHTERING PRICES!

IN

Boots and Shoes

AT

FOLEY'S SHOE STORE

English broad toe gaiters, $2.50; London toe, imitation buttoned gaiters, $2.75; Plain box gaiters, $3.00; imitation laced, London toe, sewed gaiter, $2.50; ladies' kid buttoned $3.35, cheap at $4.75; ladies' front laced kid, $2.75, cheap at $4.00; boys' buttoned gaiters, $2.50, cheap at $3.50; youths' buttoned gaiters, double tipped, $2.00, cheap at $3.35.

The chief pride of this house is the superior character of its custom-made work. All orders promptly and carefully attended to. Send for catalogue. ja16

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

[Special to THE EVENING POST.]

MARKET REPORTS.

LIVERPOOL, April 12.—Holiday until next Tuesday.

NEW YORK, April 12, noon.—Spots firm. Middling, 11¼. Futures, 12 points higher.

NEW ORLEANS, April 12, noon.—Cotton firm. Middling, 11 7-16.

Condition of the Rivers.

NEW ORLEANS, April 11.—The rivers will fall slowly except at Helena, where the Mississippi will remain nearly stationary.

Memphis River Report.

MEMPHIS, TENN., April 12.—The river is falling.

The Paris C.-Brown and City of Baton Rouge passed down at noon.

New Orleans River Report.

NEW ORLEANS, April 12.—The weather is clear and pleasant. There was a heavy rain last night.

Business is fairly active.

No arrivals.

Leaving this evening; City of Yazoo, for Vicksburg; Mary Houston, for Cincinnati; City of New Orleans, for St. Louis; Future City for St. Louis.

The Confederate Home.

BOSTON, April 11.—The Grand Army men have decided to call a public meeting of all soldiers and sailors and others interested at which addresses would be made and contributions received for building a home for ex-Confederates.

A Sick Game.

PRAGUE, April 11.—Robbers wearing policemen's uniforms visited a mill near Toplitz to-day, and under a pretended warrant accusing the proprietor of being a socialist and forging state papers, compelled him to deliver money and securities amounting to over 40,000 florins. After locking the inmates in the mill room the robbers decamped.

Arrival of Thoroughbred Stock.

MOBILE, April 11. — G. G. Duffie's large importation of Jersey cattle arrived here safely by train yesterday from New Orleans, and are now being delivered to the owners here and throughout the country above here. Most of these cattle will be exhibited here at the Spring Fair this month, and will greatly add to the attractions of this already noted exhibition of thoroughbreds.

No Compromise for Mr. Morrison.

WASHINGTON, April 11.—Mr. Morrison will stick to his purpose announced in the House a day or two ago, and will call up the Tariff Bill on Tuesday next. Should the House refuse to consider it he will make the motion—a privileged one—every day until it is called up. It may not be known that every effort before has been made to compromise the differences between the extreme tariff reformers and the mild protectionists, and to all overtures Mr. Morrison has been obdurately bull-headed. At a meeting of the men of less extreme views than Mr. Morrison, Mr. Eaton, of Connecticut, was chosen to see Morrison, and, if possible, harmonize the differences. Eaton believes in a reform of the tariff, but will not vote for the Morrison bill. He called upon Mr. Morrison, and said:

"I am in favor of tariff reform, Mr. Morrison, but I can not support your bill, because it does not reform. I am authorized, in behalf of a number of gentlemen who seek harmony, to say to you that they are ready to fix up a tariff bill which can be passed. I know their views. I am ready, if you are, to prepare a bill which I would be willing to let two experts, and you and we will draw a bill I know can be passed. I will not let it be known to a living soul that I had any thing to do with the bill, and you can take the credit of it. What I want is to get the Democracy united on a fair bill."

After Eaton had made the proposition Morrison waxed wroth. "I decline the proposition," he said indignantly. "I have already reported a tariff bill, and by — — I am going to stand or fall with it."

Good Men on Juries.

The lesson that should be derived from the Cincinnati riot is the necessity of securing good juries in the courts. The best citizens, as a rule, shirk this duty and the class of men who seek it, especially in large cities, are not the kind to whom the safety of the State can be intrusted. The point has been dwelt on time out of mind but still the evil does not abate. Some even go so far as to wish to discard the jury system altogether. More evils would doubtless result from this than benefits, and the question to consider is how to secure good men on juries. The one great objection to be urged against the United States, and in spite of the assertions to the contrary, we believe that it will apply to one section as well as to another, is the want of security to life. Property rights are in no danger and there seems to be no complaints against juries when deciding on them. Life is unquestionably above property and should be rigidly protected. In our own State the change in the jury law has had undoubtedly a good effect and while many slayers of their fellowmen have gone unwhipped of justice, a large proportion have within the last year received the verdict their offences deserved.—Yazoo City Herald.

THE Mississippi Central raises its freight rates, enjoins the Commission, and is at present monarch of all it surveys.—Corinth Herald.

HAZLEHURST.

Second Day of the Examination of the Penns, Charged With the Killing of Rial.

[Special to the Picayune.]

HAZLEHURST, April 10.—On the meeting of the court this morning to continue the examination of the Rial murder case J. B. Hughes was ordered to jail for tampering with and dissuading witness Rufus Coor from giving testimony against defendants.

W. P. Ware testified to slight circumstances and conversation tending to establish threats prior to the killing.

Rufus Coor heard a conversation last Saturday between Robert Penn and a stranger, in which the former said Rial wanted to make friends with Hance, and if his brother acceded to it he would not own him, and that he would then kill Rial himself.

City Marshal Ferguson identified the pistols used by both the Penns, with three empty barrels in that of Hance. Did not know how many were empty in Robert Penn's. Rial's pistol had two empty chambers. Did not see Yates present during any part of the shooting. Heard several shots prior to reaching the parties fighting. Rial fired two shots after he reached them.

T. D. Ware testified about the circumstances of the night before the killing, in which the Penn brothers followed Rial, who said to witness that he was afraid of being mobbed. Robert Penn assured the witness that Rial should not be mobbed, but that Hance and Rial must shoot it out. Rial sent word by me to Penn that he wanted to settle it peaceably, to which Dr. Penn did not agree, but said the only way it could be settled one of the two had to be killed.

Sheriff Hargrave said three or four chambers of Robert Penn's pistol were emptied at the time of the arest; did not see Yates for some time after the shooting; found a pocketknife on the person of the Penn brothers when put in jail.

Robert Stuart corroborated the other witnesses about Penn's urging a difficulty on Monday night.

Jim Sinclair combed Dr. Penn's head a few minutes before the killing; told the Doctor that Rial wanted an amicable settlement; Penn said death was the only way to settle it.

The State here closed.

Justice Lowe, for defense, said Yates was in his office the first part of the difficulty.

W. W. Gowan saw Yates at the time of the difficulty standing a short distance from the combatants; the testimony of witnesses who said Yates fired the last shot is untrue; saw Yates most of the time the shooting was going on; did not see him fire; thinks Dr. Penn fired the shot said by one witness to have been fired by Yates.

Defendant Yates says he left home ten days ago for Meridian, where he remained till Sunday night, reaching here Monday. No one was expecting him. He came to visit his sister, Mrs. Dr. Penn. Had a pistol for traveling purposes. Left it in his sister's room. After the shooting was over he stepped up to Penn, asking what was the matter. Knew nothing of difficulty; had nothing to do with it. Used no knife or pistol. Did not know until after the killing that Hance Penn had used his pistol.

Defense here closed. Yates was released on $500 bond. The others will be held till morning, when a final decision will be rendered, which will doubtless be to hold them without bail. Yates is a young man of Utica, Hinds county, where his father keeps a hotel.

THE one profession in which women are most needed is the medical profession, and the regulation hindrance of her admission to full fellowship in that important calling will only awaken deeper interest in the cause. There is not only no good reason why women should not make better physicians than men in some lines of practice, but there is an obvious necessity for the best possible aid and encouragement to her advancement. There are many ailments for which with equal intelligence and skill women physicians would be best fitted for successful practice than men, and the sooner the medical society appreciates the whole truth the better it will be for the profession and for the afflicted. —Philadelphia Times.

THE American Grocer estimates that in handling cotton seed, seed-cake and meal the United States annually consumes 1,400,000 jute sacks weighing three to three and one-half pounds each, and more than double that amount of light-weight gunnies. As a large part of these gunnies are now imported, southern planters can well afford to give more attention to the cultivation of jute. The industry is protected by an import duty and its production will no doubt prove highly profitable. It is said one firm in this country has ordered 15 tons of jute seed for the next season's planting.—Avalanche.

"THE last hat ever worn by Hon. Henry Clay" is exhibited in a show window on the Avenue. It is a large, tall, rusty beaver. Henry Clay's head is unluckily not transmitted. His Kentucky statesmanship and the Kentucky statesmanship of his successors may be said to differ in the same degree that inspiration differs from contortion in the prophet.—Washington correspondence Adjusta Chronicle and Constitution.

THE Democratic party is in great need of a great man, and the work of manufacturing one out of Mr. Flower goes on steadily. It is persevered in strenuously. Mr. Flower is of as much ability as an average millionaire, but his intellect has not a marked tendency to sharpen his features.—Cincinnati Commercial Gazette.

IN the hope of smoking out the Republicans, the Rhode Island Democrats have nominated Mr. Segar for Governor.—Brooklyn Chronicle. Perhaps they want to draw on him; or he may be an old soldier.—[Boston Commercial Bulletin.

Indebted to Randall.

The whisky bill which was recently defeated in the house was only part of a scheme devised by the whisky men. In addition to this bill "the whisky men," with Mr. Watterson as their leader, "were seeking to perpetuate the internal revenue tax, and to make the manufacture of whisky monopoly." Still the Courier-Journal is fighting monopolies. The country is indebted to the leadership of of Mr. Randall for the defeat of this scheme.—Birmingham Age.

Gnat Oil.

Save your stock by buying first-class Gnat Oil from HARDAWAY & CASSELL'S ap2 Drugstore.

THE privilege tax on railroads was increased by the Legislature 25 per cent., two thirds of which will hereafter be paid in to the county treasury through which the roads run, instead of one-half as heretofore.—Carroll Watchman.

THE SUN

NEW YORK, 1884.

About sixty million copies of THE SUN have gone out of our establishment during the past twelve months.

If you were to paste end to end all the columns of THE SUN printed and sold last year you would get a continuous trip of interesting information, common sense wisdom, sound doctrine, and sane wit long enough to reach from Printing House square, and then three-quarters of the way back to the moon again.

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If you know THE SUN, you like it already, and you will read it with acute sense diligence and profit during what is sure to be the most interesting year in its history. If you do not know THE SUN, it is high time to get into the sunshine.

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TO THE PUBLIC!

MR. JAMES H. KING has this day made an assignment of his property to me for the benefit of his creditors. I take pleasure in stating that the property and effects placed in my hands will be ample to pay all that he owes, and more. All persons holding claims against him will please leave a memoranda of the amount with me. R. V. BOOTH, Assignee. ap12-1w

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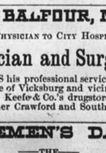
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THE EVENING POST

PUBLISHED BY
J. G. CASHMAN & CO.,
Washington St., Vicksburg, Miss.

The Evening Post.

VICKSBURG, MISS., APRIL 12, 1884.

POLITICS in Madison parish, La., are said to be pretty badly mixed, it being a scrub race "free for all."

THE Holly Springs Register has the name of Geh. E. C. Walthall on its Democratic ticket for Governor.

COPIAH has gone to work with creditable zeal to recover those "horns" "galliantly won by beat No. 3" in the last election, but recently lost to a Cincinnati jury.

THE Ohio platform is improved upon by the Pennsylvania Democrats. The Pennsylvania tariff platform is what the Democrats should adopt at Chicago. It is dangerous to try anything less.—Birmingham Age.

EVERY farmer should aim to sell more than he buys, and every laborer to earn more than he spends.—Corinth Herald.

And then they won't say the "tariff" keeps them poor, as is now sometimes said in regard to Mississippi farmers who occasionally pay $1.25 a bushel for corn which they might raise themselves.

A DISTINGUISHED physician says: "After a careful examination of Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder, I am satisfied that it is a wholesome and valuable preparation, with which bread and other articles may be prepared suitable to a weakened and disordered digestion. Invalids many indulge in warm biscuits made with it, and feel the better for it."

SPEAKING of Cogressional probabilities in the Second District, the Holly Springs Register says: "Marshall county will have a candidate, and perhaps two. LaFayette and Panola will add a couple of aspirants. It is said by some Manning will want the nomination again, while many Democrats in this and adjoining counties think that Pant is the only man that can be elected on the Democratic ticket."

THE Ripley narrow-gauge is the only road in the State that has made no motion or threats to enjoin the Railroad Commissioners, the Board of Control or the Governor while waiting for the decisions of the courts.—Corinth Herald.

Is it not rather expensive fun for the tax-payers of Mississippi to pay ten or twelve thousand dollars a year to a trio of gentlemen to "practice" supervision on one poor little narrow-gauge railroad?

THE Corinth (Miss.) Herald, in a sensible article on the tariff question, says a tariff cannot be for revenue only, as "it is impossible to levy it for revenue without its resulting in incidental protection." The Herald is right. Therefore, in levying tariff duties, Congress should carefully consider the effect of each particular duty, and exercise a wise discrimination in its adjustment so as "to present equal burdens, encourage active industries at home and afford just compensation to labor."

The Randall Resolution.

The Pennsylvania Democratic Convention adopted the following:

Resolved, That Samuel J. Randall is the choice of the Democracy of Pennsylvania as the candidate of their party for President. By long and faithful public service he has illustrated an unfaltering devotion to high political principle and fealty to the Democratic party. His honesty and honor, his capacity and statesmanship, his faithful labors and signal abilities have merited and won for him the confidence and support of the people of the United States.

Sectional Quarreling.

The slinging of mud, as it were, by the press of the South toward the North regarding the late Cincinnati riot, will not result in anything except the perpetuation of sectional feeling without which the country would be better off. It is true that numerous newspapers in the North, notably in Cincinnati, have established the precedent, and it is none the less true that dozens of papers all over the South have with alacrity accepted the challenge thus laid down and gone into the mud slinging business with a vim and energy worthy of a better cause. The manly, dignified course pursued by the Southern Senators in Congress, with reference to the much talked-of Copiah investigation, was in itself a rebuke to partisan feeling and ill-will both in the North and South. It was an example that might be emulated with profit by the ranting blatherskites of the North and the unreconstructed firebrands of the South. The source of sectional bickerings and dissensions are buried forever, the sooner will the South be endowed with new life, the sooner will the State don't amount to exceeding $150,000 a year. If this be so, where is the saving to be made to offset the salaries? Ninety-nine per cent. of the merchandise is shipped from other States and nearly all the produce shipped within, goes out of the State, and therefore the inter-State commerce is almost the sum total of the business of the roads.

Obscene Literature.

We received the following communication this morning:

Editor of the Post:

The last Legislature passed a law to prohibit obscene papers. Does the Illustrated Times and Police Gazette come under that law? 2d. Can restaurants, saloons and tonsorial establishments and other public places keep the above papers on file for their patrons to read without violation to the law as it now reads?

Yours,
WASHINGTON STREET.

We published some weeks ago the excellent law against the sale and circulation of the class of literature referred to by our correspondent. Our opinion is that the papers he refers to, cannot be sold except in violation of the law; and that the spirit of the law would also be violated if public establishments keep these abominable publications on file. We trust the officers of the law in this city and county, and those in every county in the State, will do their duty and see to it that the law is promptly and efficiently enforced.

The Randall Resolution.

The bad effect of legislative agitation in railroad matters can readily be seen by the following dispatch:

SAN FRANCISCO, April 10.—Chas. Crocker, President of the Southern Pacific, says that owing to legislative agitation in railroad matters and difficulties consequent thereon to obtain necessary funds for construction, he has ordered work on the California & Oregon railroad stopped.

We trust that the decision of the Courts may be such that the action of the Mississippi Legislature in attempting to supervise railroads will not have the effect of stopping work on any of the railroads now in progress nor deter the initiation of new railroad enterprises in this State.

IT is hoped the United States Court will at least solve some of the mysteries connected with this supervision business. If, incidentally to the main question, Judge Hill will explain why the Governor approved a bill the State Attorney repudiated as unconstitutional, why a commission was made up of men directly opposed to the spirit of the law, and why Judge Campbell's son, who did not desire the place, was appointed clerk of the Commission over half a hundred other applicants, he will confer a great favor on a patient and forbearing public.

We will suggest a definite form for the first question—did the Governor approve the bill out of respect for that majority in the Legislature, or because he desired to kill the policy with an unconstitutional law while pretending to favor it. A proper consideration of the second question may assist the Court in answering the first.

THERE is not a newspaper in the country, calling itself Democratic, yet leaning toward protection, which has not some connection with protected monopoly. It is either a cotton factory, or an iron foundry, or a coal mine, or something else which has its hook in the tariff.—Courier-Journal.

There is not a newspaper in the country calling itself Democratic yet leaning toward free trade that is not bribed with British gold. This is just as forcible as the argument and has a much better foundation in fact than the above.—Ed.

Sixth Pharmaceutical Association.

The Mississippi State Pharmaceutical Association, of which our fellow citizen, Dr. J. W. Ferguson, is President, will meet in Jackson, the United Tuesday of next month. Although this association was revived only last year after several years' suspension, it is expected that a number here will be largely attended, and our people should begin preparations now for the entertainment of their guests.

THE EDUCATIONAL BILL

The following is the material portion of the Educational Bill as it passed the Senate:

Be it enacted, etc., That for eight years next after the passage of this Act there shall be annually appropriated from the money in the Treasury the following sums, to-wit: The first year the sum of $7,000,000, the second year the sum of $10,000,000, the third year the sum of $10,000,000, the fourth year the sum of $13,000,000, the fifth year the sum of $11,000,000, the sixth year the sum of $9,000,000, the seventh year the sum of $7,000,000, the eighth year the sum of $5,000,000; which several sums shall be expended to secure the benefits of a common school education to all the children of the school age mentioned hereafter living in the United States.

2. That such money shall annually be divided among and paid out in the several States and Territories, in that proportion which the whole number of persons in each, who, being of the age of 10 years and over, cannot write, bears to the whole number of persons in the United States. Such computation shall be made according to the census of 1880.

3. That no State or Territory shall receive any of the benefits of this act until the governor thereof shall file with the Secretary of the interior a statement, certified by him, showing the character of the common school system in force in such State or Territory, the amount of money expended therein during the last preceding school year in the support of common schools, not including the expenditures for the rent, repair or erection of schoolhouses, whether any discrimination is made in the raising or distributing of the school revenue, or in the school facilities afforded by and between the white and colored children therein, and, so far as practicable, the sources from which such revenues were derived, the manner in which the same were apportioned to the use of the common schools, the number of colored schools, the average attendance in each class and the length of the school term; and no money shall be paid out under this act to any State or Territory that shall not have provided by law a system of free common schools for all of its children of school age, without distinction of race or color, either in the raising or distributing of school revenue, or in the school facilities afforded.

Provided, That separate schools for white and colored children shall not be considered a violation of this condition.

The Secretary of the interior shall thereupon certify to the secretary of the treasury the names of the States and Territories which he finds to be entitled to a share in the benefits of this act, and also the amount due to each.

4. That the amount so apportioned to each State and Territory shall be drawn from the treasury by warrant of the Secretary of the Treasury upon the Secretary of the Interior, at the time of making the requisitions and requisitions of the Secretary of the Interior, as the same may be needed, and shall be paid over to such officer as shall be authorized by the laws of the respective States and Territories to receive the same.

7. No greater part of the amount appropriated under this act shall be paid out to any State or Territory, in any one year, than the sum expended out of its own revenues in the preceding year, for the maintenance of common schools, not including the sums expended in the erection of school buildings.

8. That a part of the money apportioned to each State or Territory, not exceeding one-tenth thereof, may yearly be applied to the education of teachers for the common schools therein, which education may be expended in maintaining institutes or temporary training schools, or extending opportunities for normal or other instruction to competent and suitable persons of any color, who are without necessary means to qualify themselves for teaching, who shall agree in writing to devote themselves exclusively for at least one year after leaving such training schools for such compensation as may be paid other teachers therein.

11. Provides that the Governor of each State shall furnish all needed information to enable the bill to be carried out for his State, and make full report as to the use of money furnished.

FROM the fig-leaf to the nobby Prince Albert coat has been a development. So has the Sunday law from the time Pliny wrote to the Emperor Trajan his apology for the Christians, saying: "the whole of their guilt or error, was they met on a certain day, before it was light, and addressed themselves in the form of prayer to Christ as to some God, binding themselves by a sacrament, not for the purposes of any wicked design, but never to commit any theft, fraud or adultery; never to deny their word, nor deny a trust when they should be called upon to deliver it up; after which it was their custom to separate, and then reassemble to eat in common a harmless meal." From Pliny to Brother Daniel and the Emperor Trajan to Boss Hadden has been quite a stretch of both time and quantity.—Memphis Avalanche.

The Board of Health.

The appointments made by the Governor of members of the State Board of Health, Dr. Joseph Holt and ex-Mayor Shakspeare, are admirable, both of these gentlemen having the entire confidence of the community and having given much attention and consideration to matters affecting sanitation and hygiene. The new board, as now constituted, is one which, we feel sure, will work heartily for the benefit of the whole State. It will place it en rapport with the various health and sanitary associations of the county, and will protect us from danger of the invasion of epidemic diseases. They have an important duty on their hands. The preservation of the health of this city and State, always a matter of importance, is of even more vital interests now than ever. The good sanitary condition of the city must be preserved during the coming Summer, since the Exposition and all our plans depend upon absolute freedom from disease or even suspicion. The present Summer may be regarded as almost a turning point in the career of New Orleans, and if it can get through it successfully its future is assured. We have every confidence that the Board will steer both State and city through all dangers.—N. O. Times-Democrat.

SAMUEL J. RANDALL is one of the nation's great and good men.—Nashville Banner.

The Tariff Discussion.

It is remarkable with what plausibility each side of the question is presented to the people, and with what unanimity the arguments of one are accepted until the other is heard. For instance the freetraders tickle the ear of the people with the idea of buying cheap. Every argument they make is on the purchasing side, and they make the farmers, mechanics and laborers so happy with the future privilege of buying cheap goods, that they forget they are ever to have anything to sell for which they would like to receive a high price. The protectionist tells you that a high tariff makes higher wages, swells prices generally, therefore better for the farmer, the manufacturer and every one else having anything to sell from a cabbage head to an engine. While the free trader clamors for cheap blankets and wool hats, the protectionist declares that every sheep in the United States is enhanced by the tariff on woolens; that the sheep industry must be protected, wool growers must be built up—home interests protected. The farmers of Ohio, where sheep raising is made a business, are for a high tariff on wool. Other sections want protection for flax, hemp, jute, sugar and so on all through to the end of the chapter. Every one wants a tariff to advance his own interests. Alabama on account of her iron interests is likely to become as strong a protection State as Pennsylvania; Georgia is leaning to the high tariff side on account of her manufactures; Texas is willing to have protection for her wool and Louisiana for her sugar; and it is just as true now as it was a hundred years ago that circumstances alter cases, and that opinions are somewhat shaped by individual or local interests. It is hard to so reduce the tariff issue as to get a practical view of it. It has been the science of less in politics ever since the foundation of the Govornment. But by a tariff on imports the expenses of the Government must be met in some manner, and the people have scarcely known how it was done, To levy a tariff is a political right; a public good. And it can't be for revenue only, because IT IS IMPOSSIBLE TO LEVY IT FOR REVENUE WITHOUT ITS INCIDENTAL PROTECTION. The right theory is; Tariff reform—Tariff revision —or a just equalization of the tariff. Then, if outside of raising a necessary revenue it protects some home interests let it be so. The "tariff for revenue only" fellows have got a very awakward thing to carry, and it really appears are becoming a little tired of their burden.—Corinth Herald.

The Railroad Injunction.

The Railroad Supervision law enacted by the recent Legislature of Missisippi has made its debut into the courts in this city on Thursday and Friday, in the case of the Illinois Central vs. the Board of Commissioners being argued by counsel before Judge R. A. Hill, of the United States District Court. There was a petition for an order of court restaining the Commissioners from proceeding in the discharge and exercise of their duties under the Supervision law, and the counsel of the Illinois Central Railroad Company can be heard in the United States District Court at Jackson, Mississippi, at the May term, before Judge James Lawrence, on behalf of the corporation, opened the argument in a most exhaustive

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CITATION NOTICE.
STATE OF MISSISSIPPI, WARREN COUNTY,
CHANCERY COURT.
Chas. Hutcherson, Complainant, vs. Amanda Thomas Hutcherson, Defendant.
The State of Mississippi to Amanda Thomas Hutcherson, Defendant:
YOU are commanded to appear before the Chancery Court of the County of Warren in said State, on the
First Monday of May, 1884,
To defend the suit, in said Court of Chas. Hutcherson, wherein you are a defendant.
Witness my hand and seal of said Court, this the 21st day of March, A. D. 1884.
GEO. T. HARDY, Clerk.
WM. W. FOSTER, D. C.
SIMRALL & SIMRALL,
Solicitors for Complainant. Th-su27-41

MISS ADDIE FLETCHER,
Fashionable Dressmaker,
Orders from the country solicited. Satisfaction guaranteed.
TERMS MODERATE.
102 Washington Street.

PACIFIC HOUSE
VINCENT LAZZA, Proprietor
Washington St., Vicksburg, Miss.
CONVEYING TO AND FROM STEAMBOAT Landing, Post, Telegraph and Express Offices and to business parts of the city. House open at all hours. Tables supplied with the best the market affords. Patronage respectfully solicited. Polite and careful attention given to guests.

NEW CLOTHING & DRY GOODS STORE
L. MARKS AND L. WEINER
Have formed a copartnership, and
CLOTHING
Dry Goods
Business
Nos. 907 and 909 Washington Street

SIGNAL SERVICE REPORT.

LOCAL WEATHER REPORT.

Time.	Bar.	The	Hum	Wind	W'ther.
6:00 a. m.	30.97	47	07	E.	Cloudy.
2:00 p. m.	30.10	47	84	N. E.	Lt. rain.
6:00 p. m.	30.02	50	74	E.	Cloudy.
10:00 p. m.	29.96	54	68	N. E.	Cloudy.
Midnight.	29.86	51	78	E.	Cloudy.

	1883.	1884.
Maximum thermometer	81.5	66.6
Minimum thermometer	61.1	45.5
Mean temperature	71.7	49.7
Rainfall	.00	0.15

STAGE OF RIVERS.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER,
April 11, 2 p.m. Washington time.

The following observations were taken at the same moment of time at all the stations named:

STATIONS.	Above low water.		Change.	
	feet	In's	Rise	Fall In's
Cairo, Ill	40		...	6
Chattanooga	7		...	2
Davenport, Iowa	25		2	35
Davenport, Iowa	10		3	2
Dubuque, Iowa	12		...	2
Keokuk, Iowa	7		3	4
La Crosse	12		11	
Leavenworth	15		3	17
Little Rock	7		5	2
Louisville	45		6	2
Memphis	23		5	2
Nashville	8		5	8
New Orleans*	11		10	...
Pittsburg	11		8	14
Pittsburg	5		7	...
Rivergport	10		11	...
St. Louis	27		11	...
St. Paul	7		5	...
Shreveport	14		6	4
Vicksburg	12		2	...

*Below high water of 1874. *Frozen.

HIGH WATER AT VICKSBURG IN FORMER YEARS

High water '02, above zero, 51 1-10 feet.
High water '37, above zero, 47 feet.
High water '74, above zero, 45 ft. 8 inches
High water '75, above zero, 43 feet.
High water '79, above zero, 45 ft. 10 inches
High water '80, above zero, 43 ft. 2 inches
High water '81, above zero, 41 ft. 10 inches
High water '82, above zero, 45 ft. 10 inches
High water '83, above zero, 43 ft. 10 inches

HIGH WATER OF 1882.

Stations.	Date of Highest Point.	Highest point Reached.
Cairo	Feb. 20, 1882	51 ft. 9 inches
Cincinnati	Jan. 19, 1882	40 ft. 2 inches
Cincinnati	Feb. 21, 1882	58 ft. 6 inches
Dubuque	Dec. 3, 1881	10 ft. 1 inch
Dubuque	March 9, 1882	47 ft. 5 inches
Keokuk	Nov. 29, 1881	11 ft. 5 inches
Little Rock	Feb. 24, 1882	21 ft. 6 inches
Louisville	Jan. 22, 1882	37 ft. 6 inches
Memphis	March 6, 1882	36 ft. 0 inches
Nashville	Jan. 22, 1882	54 ft. 7 inches
New Orleans	March 27, 1882	20 ft. 3 inches
St. Louis	Feb. 22, 1882	28 ft. 3 inches
Vicksburg	March 20, 1882	48 ft. 9 inches

*Below high water of 1874.

THE RIVER.

ARRIVED

W. P. Thompson, from Grand Lake.
Golden Rule, from New Orleans.
John W. Cannon, from Greenville.
John A. Scudder, from New Orleans.
Boz and tow, from St. Louis.
Dew Drop, from Deer Creek.
Lumberman, from Baton Rouge.

DEPARTED.

Golden Rule, for Cincinnati.
John W. Cannon, for New Orleans.
John A. Scudder, for New Orleans.
Mattie Belle, for Hard Times.
Commonwealth, for St. Louis.
Lefore, for Green river.

BOATS DUE TO-DAY.

Issaquena, Greenville to Vicksburg.
John F. Halpin, Davis Bend to Vicksburg.

BOATS LEAVING TO-DAY.

For Land Lake—W. P. Thompson, 4 pm

BOATS DUE TO-MORROW.

For Tallahatchie—Lumberman, 10 a.m.

BOATS LEAVING TO-MORROW.

Arkansas City, St. Louis to Vicksburg.

BOATS DUE MONDAY.

U. P. Schenck, Cincinnati to N. Orleans.
Mary Houston, N. Orleans to Cincinnati.
E. C. Carroll, Sharkey's to Vicksburg.
City of Yazoo, New Orleans to Vicksburg.
Capt. Miller, Natchez to Vicksburg.
City of Baton Rouge, St. Louis to N. O.

BOATS LEAVING MONDAY.

For Davis Bend—John F. Halpin, 10 a.m
For Natchez—Miller, 10 a.m.
For Cincinnati—Mary Houston, 5 p.m.
For New Orleans—U. P. Schenck, 5 p.m.
For Big Deer Creek—Harry and barge, 2 p.m.
For New Orleans—City of Baton Rouge.

NOTES.

The Commonwealth left St. Louis this morning at 11 o'clock with a good passenger list.

The Dew Drop, Capt. J. J. Hays in command, arrived from Little Deer Creek last night with a big trip.

The steamer New Mary Houston is up for Cincinnati Monday at 5 p.m. W. O. O'Hara is her general passenger agent.

Capt. Jeff Hicks, formerly of the steamer Henry Frank, was a passenger in the Golden Rule this morning, for Cairo.

The Red Cross Association steamer, Lizzie, with Miss Clara Barton in charge, left for the overflowed districts below this morning.

The O. Line steamer U. P. Schenck, Capt. J. L. Carter in command, is due up from Cincinnati Monday en route to New Orleans.

The Lumberman arrived from Baton Rouge this morning, and leaves to-morrow evening on a cruise up the Yazoo and Tallahatchie rivers.

The through Anchor Line steamer, John A. Scudder, passed up for St. Louis at 6 o'clock this morning after a stop at the Elevator.

The W. P. Thompson arrived yesterday from Grand Lake. She is now loading and will return to Lake this evening at 4 p.m.

The steamer Boulder that arrived from New Orleans this morning, brought down a fine Jersey heifer which came from the Island Jersey.

The P. Line steamer E. C. Carroll, Jr., arrived from Tallahatchie river and leaves again for Sharkey's, Tuesday at 5 o'clock.

The Golden Rule passed up from New Orleans this morning at 10 o'clock en route to Cincinnati, with a big trip of freight and people. She added several people here and several tons of hides and junk from Joseph & Bros.

The Arkansas City, Capt. H. W. Braslaski in command, is due to-morrow evening from above, and is the next Anchor Line packet from Greenville, Arkansas City, Memphis, Cairo and St. Louis, leaving Tuesday next at 11 a.m.

The John W. Cannon, Capt. Wm. Campbell in command, arrived from Greenville at 12 o'clock last night, and departed for New Orleans this morning at 10 o'clock, with 1,000 bales of cotton, 3,200 sacks seed, 1,200 sacks of corn seed, 400 sacks meal, and 1,300 sacks oil cake.

The P. Line steamer Leflore, Capt. Marcy L. Johnson in command, left for Greenwood at 5 o'clock yesterday evening with a fine trip of freight and people. She also had a barge loaded with stock, part of which belonged to Mr. E. Cordwent of Belle Isle, and the rest for parties at McKee's.

An Investigation Suggested.

The Macon Beacon makes some very serious charges against the Railroad Commission and Judge Campbell of the Supreme Court, which, if true, places the parties participating in a very ugly attitude. The Beacon says:

"The Railroad Commission has made its first blunder in the selection of Secretary. It was an appointment eminently unfit to be made, and we do not make this assertion without valid reasons to back it. The appointee, or rather the clerk elect, is a son of Judge Campbell, of the Supreme Court Bench of the State. He holds, and we learn will continue to hold, the office of Deputy Clerk of this Court in which his father presides, which yields him at least $1,200 a year. In the second place, he is said to be not very temperate in his habits, which alone unfits him for the clerkship of a grave and responsible Commission. The election of Campbell was a surprise and not an agreeable one. It is said that Judge Campbell was the only man admitted to the deliberations of the Commission, after his interview with them, the announcement was made of the election of his son, who was not previously known as a candidate among the many applicants. It is mooted that an understanding existed between Judge Campbell and the Commission that he gave them assurance of treating the Board fairly in the courts in case of any litigation with the Railroads. This might seem a great deal, but even the fact that he is Judge of the Court before which the proceedings will be tried, in which the Commission is involved, and his son a clerk of that Commission, has an ugly look, and is much worse than accepting free passes on a railroad, because a man fills an official station. We regard the action of the Commission at the beginning of their labors, but we can guarantee that Mr. Augustus Conrad against the appointment of Campbell."

Why Mr. C. C. Campbell, who already held a good position, should have been preferred over the many well qualified applicants, is a mystery to the public. Why Judge Campbell, whose sympathy as shown by his past record, is with the corporations should have gone into the secret deliberations of the Board is another mystery. And if he gave any such assurance as stated by the Beacon, or any other assurances touching his action towards the Board, in case of litigation arising with the railroads, his conduct was even more reprehensible, than on a former occasion, when he made free use with the Canton & Vicksburg Railroad. An investigation would be in order.—Chickasaw Messenger.

What Becomes of the Murderers?

Since the Cincinnati affair an investigation has been going on as to murders and lynchings. Are they increasing? What finally becomes of the murderers? How and how can a better state of affairs be brought about?

This country has the bloodiest record in the world, being considerably ahead of Corsica even, including its vendettas, and this record is getting worse instead of improving. Take the last three years, for example, as given at the statistics of murders: 1881, 1,293; 1882, 1,486; 1883, 1696 murders, an increase of 16 per cent, over last year, and of 33½ per cent over 1881. This country is with its increasing more rapidly than the population, and one in 600 of the people of the United States who die, dies by violence. Of these are many criminals executed? What becomes of them?. An examination of hangmen's statistics show that very few of them hang, the average number of them judicially executed in the last few years being something under 100 a year, 121 in 1882, and 107 in 1883. Only one in 8 of the murderers tried are convicted, and only one in two of those convicted, hang.

Notwithstanding the protest of the people of Cincinnati, that city has not the worst record, New York City being entitled to pre-eminence as a safe place for murderers. For the past four years 185 murders have been committed there and only four of the criminals executed. For the whole Union 15 out of 16 murderers escape the death penalty. This ratio is increasing every year. Of old we hung them, but hanging, or rather judicial hanging, is going out of fashion. At the same time lynch law is taking its place.

Last year 1,468 murderers escaped hanging, 107 were hung by the law and 125 lynched by the mobs. The failure of justice to punish criminals is the cause not only of the increase in crime, but of lynch law and mob violence. On the matter of the sections, the South presents a more favorable showing as far as legal hangings are concerned, more criminals being punished here than in the Northern States.—N. O. Times-Democrat.

ALMOST anybody can pick flaws in the Blair educational bill, but can anybody suggest a better measure?—that's the real question. If the Blair bill isn't right, what is? Is the present Federal

National Aid to Education.

The long discussion by the Senate of the bill to aid to the establishment and temporary support of common schools, has terminated in the passage of that measure by the emphatic vote of 33 against 11—three-fourths. The Senate has availed itself of the opportunity offered by the debate to consider the tariff question extensively; this is an indication that the Senators either wished to influence the anticipated tariff contest in the House, or feared lest the House should fail to send them a bill on which they could more appropriately speak. The debate has also been characterized by ingenious and readable discussion of constitutional powers; Judge George, of Mississippi, delivered a magnificent oration on this phase of the subject Wednesday. One striking and unpleasant feature of the matter has been the pronounced opposition of several prominent Southern Senators to this liberal national gift to the South, which was practically tendered by the North. Both Senators from Texas, both from Delaware, Gen. Butler of South Carolina, Gen. Morgan of Alabama, Gov. Groome of Maryland, and others, opposed it. Senator Beck of Kentucky delivered a powerful philippic against it last Thursday. If it had not been for the earnest efforts of the Senators from Louisiana, Georgia, Florida and Missisippi, strongly aided by Garland of Arkansas, Hampton of South Carolina, Jackson of Tennessee, Ransom of North Carolina, Williams of Kentucky, and Voorhees of Indiana, the bill would have been defeated.

The bill is a very moderate one. It proposes to common schools only, not to normal or higher institutions. The amount donated the first year is $7,000,000, the second $10,000,000, the third $15,000,000, the fourth $13,000,000, the fifth $11,000,000, the sixth $9,000,000, the seventh $7,000,000, and the eighth $5,000,000. The extent of the assistance will be better understood from the proportion of it which will come to our own State. Louisiana will receive the first year $422,009 74, the second $603,741.50, the third $905,612.25. and afterward $120,900.65 less each year during the five succeeding years.

Our chief gratitude for the promise of aid thus extended to us is because of the establishment of an important precedent—the acknowledgment by distinguished Senators of both parties that the nation which reposes on universal suffrage must educate its whole people or perish. The duty of self-preservation rises higher than any obstacle, then surely we may be glad indeed that the Senate of the United States has decided by a majority of three against one that in performing the imperative duty of national self-preservation we shall not be compelled to violate the constitution.—N. O. Picayune.

Steam Fire Engine.

Fire engines are said to have been invented by Cteslibius, B. C. 250. They are mentioned by Pliny, A. D. 70; but the first record we have of a fire engine is that of one used in Nuremburg in 1657, and described by Caspar Schott: it required twenty-eight men to work it, and is said to have thrown a jet of water one inch in diameter to a height of eighty feet. The first steam fire engine of any description was constructed by Messrs. Braithwaite & Ericsson, in 1829, and was successfully used at a fire at the Argyle rooms on the 5th of February 1830. The first records of the invention of a fire escape are found in a patent granted in 1766 to one David Maire, and in a patent granted in 1773 to one Joachim Smith. His fire escape stations were established in 1843 in London.—Every Other Saturday.

Senator Beck.

—Senator Beck is in favor of free trade and the McGarrahan job and these are texts for his speeches against all other measures which the other day against the educational bill were decisively devoted to an illustration of the beauties of British free trade in America. Beck has gained a great reputation as a statesman by sticking to free trade and McGarrahan and not switching off on any side issue.—Memphis Avalanche.

WHILE an independent paper finds its opinions sustaind by a party, it is as good a party paper as any other. But its kicking propensities make it generally more dangerous to the party it professes to support than to the one it is supposed to sustain. How often have we seen the New York Herald for instance, begin a campaign with the lofty expression of the strongest democratic proclivities, but when the canvass needed its support it would take the advanced ground of the principles of the party to turn upon it, and do it more injury than if it had never professed friendship for the organization.—Natchez Democrat.

THE freshest political scheme is the nomination of Grant by the democrats. When Carlinte was elected speaker Mc Claude said Grant was the only man who could save the democratic party from disintegration and Randall the other day took possession of Grant and arranged a congressional reception. It is alleged that this was prearranged and meant something more than was visible on the surface.—Avalanche.

Uses of an Enemy.

Always keep a penny on hand—a brisk, hearty, active enemy."

The having one is proof that you are somebody. Wishy-washy, empty, worthless people never have enemies. Men who never move never run against anything; men who are thoroughly dead and buried utterly buried nothing ever runs against him. To be run against is proof of existence and position; to run against something is proof of motion.

The next best thing to having 100 real friends is to have one open enemy.—Rev. Dr. Deems.

THE Greenville Times indicates lively times for Congressional honors in the old Shoe-string! Judge Jeffords, Sheriff Beck, of Warren, and Messrs. Gales and Pierce are candidates. The two latter colored.

Cost of Feeding the Soldiers.

Quarter-master-General Michael Ryan yesterday made a report to Governor Hoadly. During the stay of the militia in this city he furnished twenty-six thousand meals at a cost of $4,800, which is at the rate of eighteen cents per meal. The soldiers were also provided with clothing and bedding to the amount of $2,600. Bills for labor and medicine swell the total to $9,300, which does not include the cost of transportation. The last item, together with the price of arms and equipments, will swell the total cost about nearly $15,000.—Cincinnati Commercial.

If free trade is to be established in this country it must be through a free trade party. The Democratic party has other objects to accomplish than to split itself over the question of free trade or protection.—N. Y. Sun.

STEAMBOATS.

ANCHOR LINE.
For Memphis, Cairo and St. Louis.
THE U. S. MAIL STEAMER
ARKANSAS CITY,
H W BRASLASKI.....Master.
C S QUESENEL.....Clerk
Leaves for St. Louis TUESDAY, the 15th of April at 11 a.m., connecting at Arkansas City with the Arkansas City Railroad for Pine Bluff, Little Rock, Hot Springs, upper Arkansas river, Fort Smith, and the Indian Territory. Careful attention to way and plantation business. For freight or passage apply on board or to
E. C. CARROLL,
Superintendent Elevator Company.
W. S. JONES,
Superintendent Wharfboat Company.
EUGENE PLATT,
Freight and Passenger Agent.

PARISOT LINE.
CARRYING THE U. S. MAILS.
For Yazoo River.
Steamers will leave as follows:
For Belzoni and Greenwood every FRIDAY at 5 p.m. For upper Yazoo and Tallahatchie every THURSDAY at 5 p.m., going through Tchula lake.
E. C. CARROLL, Superintendent.
W. S. JONES, Agent. ja19

SARGENT'S LINE.
Warrenton, Newton & Point Pleasant
Steamer JOHN F. HALPIN,
W. H. SARGENT.....Master
L. H. SARGENT, Jr.....Clerk
Will leave Vicksburg promptly every MONDAY and THURSDAY, at 10 o'clock for all Davis Bend landings. Also connecting with the Parisot and Line steamers, and with the Vicksburg & Meridian and L., N. O. & T. Railroad at Vicksburg. Patronage respectfully solicited from Vicksburg merchants.
W. S. JONES, Agent.
nov1

Regular Vicksburg, Natchez and New Orleans Packet,
The fast and magnificent steamer
CITY OF YAZOO,
(In place of the Natchez,)
T. P. LEATHERS.....Master
A. MCVAY.....Clerk.
Leaves Vicksburg every TUESDAY at 5 p.m.; New Orleans every SATURDAY at 5 p.m. Connects at Vicksburg with Anchor Line for St. Louis, and P. Line for Yazoo and Tallahatchie rivers, Steele Bayou and Deer Creek packets, and V. & M. Railroad.
This steamer reserves the right to pass all landings that the Captain may consider unsafe.
W. S. JONES,
Superintendent Vicksburg Wharfboat and Elevator Co.
W. C. O'HARA, Freight and Passenger Agent.

New Orleans and Greenville Packet.
The Swift and Reliable Steamer
JOHN W. CANNON,
WM. CAMPBELL, Master; WM. CANNON, Cl'k.
Will pass up for Greenville and the Bends every THURSDAY at 11 a.m., returning, will pass down every SATURDAY at 9 a.m., connecting at Vicksburg with the Parisot Line for Yazoo and Sunflower rivers, and with the V. & M. Railroad.
This steamer reserves the right to pass all landings the captain may deem unsafe.
For freight and passage apply to
W. S. JONES,
Superintendent Wharfboat.
W. C. O'HARA, General Ticket Agent, office basement LaMadrid House. ap9

Regular Vicksburg and Sunflower River Packet,
THE U. S. MAIL STEAMER,
HEADLIGHT,
J. W. SMITH.....Master.
GEO. H. and JOHN SMITH.....Clerks.
Leaves every WEDNESDAY at 4 p.m., going as high as the water will permit. Connects with the Anchor Line, P. Line, Vicksburg & Meridian Railroad, and L., N. O. & T. Railroad.
W. S. JONES,
Superintendent Wharfboat.
E. C. CARROLL,
Superintendent Elevator,
feb13

Regular Vicksburg and Mayersville Packet.
The large, fast and magnificent steamer
WILL S. HAYS,
ED. NOLAND.....Captain
G. WASH. FLOYD.....Clerk
Will leave Vicksburg every FRIDAY at 12 m. giving careful att

AMUSEMENTS.

GRAND
«Character × Concert»
—AND—
TABLEAUX!
Under the Auspices of the Ladies of the M. E. Church, at the
OPERA HOUSE
—ON—
Tuesday, April 15th, 1884,
FOR ONE NIGHT ONLY.

The best amateur talent of the city has kindly volunteered for the occasion.

The proceeds of the entertainment will be devoted to church repairs.

ADMISSION $1.00.

Reserved seats can be procured at Baum's and Clarke's bookstores. ap9

CHEAP COLUMN.

LOST.

LOST—On April 2d, on Cherry, Crawford or Walnut street, a point lace handkerchief. The finder will be liberally rewarded by returning it to this office. 4-5

WANTED.

WANTED.—SCHOOLS! TEACHERS!! Schools in need of competent teachers, and teachers in search of situations should address the Central Educational Bureau, R. K. JAYNE, Secretary, ap2 Jackson, Miss.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Brown, Leghorn Eggs for hatching. Fresh and pure. ap7-1w AT H. H. KAIN'S.

FOR SALE—New Cottage in good neighborhood, containing 3 rooms with hall and gallery, kitchen, stable and garden. Lot 190x150 feet, all under new fence. Apply at this office. m25

FOR SALE.—A cottage residence on East avenue, containing four rooms 18x20, hall 12 feet, kitchen, fine cistern and fine orchard; lot 64x132 feet. Apply to R. P. WILSON, on premises. m28

FOR SALE—The LOT on the northeast corner of Cherry and Grove sts. Apply to THOMAS MOUNT. mh19

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—A large airy, comfortably-furnished Room, opening on a gallery; 5 minutes walk from Washington street. Apply at this office. ap10

FOR RENT—Two large Rooms, kitchen, outhouses, good yard and cistern. Apply at this office. ap5-1w

FOR RENT—Nice house with three rooms, kitchen, good cistern and yard; possession given April 6th. Apply to JOS. SPENGLER, Cherry street crossing. m31-1w

FOR SALE OR RENT—60 Acres good land, one and a half miles from town, with plenty of wood and water. Apply at this office, or to R. P. WILSON, Vicksburg, Miss.

FOR RENT—Three rooms and a small kitchen. Large yard and good cistern. Ten dollars per month. Apply at this office. mh26

THE SATISFACTION

Of sitting under one's own vine and fig tree pays the largest dividend of any investment. It is the best kind of life insurance. It is the best medicine in existence. It enables a man to die easier, and robs death of one of the principal terrors to know that the loved ones we must leave behind us have a roof of their own over their heads which cannot be taken from them.

If you cannot buy a house and lot, you can at least make a commencement by investing $25 in a lot in Speed's Addition, and pay the balance in $5 monthly installments. No better opportunity to buy a home or to make a safe investment in Vicksburg is likely to occur than that now presented by the unprecedented terms upon which these lots are sold. sep1

LOCAL ITEMS.

MR. J. S. WILLIAMS, of St. Louis, is in the city.

MR. R. P. SPAULDING, of St. Louis, is in the city.

MAJ. J. L. WOFFORD of Jackson, is in town to-day.

MR. P. R. KENNEDY, of Galvesto n, is at the Lamadrid.

MR. SABIN ROBBINS, of Cincinnati, is at the Lamadrid.

WATER at Delta is falling at the rate of 3 inches in 24 hours.

GEN. C. A. REYNOLDS, of Atlanta, is a visitor to this city to-day.

MR. LOUIS BENTON, JR., of Cleveland, Ohio, is in the city.

THE Hook and Ladder Fire Company meets to-morrow at 3:30 p.m.

FOR Sunday reading go to Clarke & Co.'s, and Baum & Co.'s Bookstore.

THE river gauge at Vicksburg to-day reads 45 feet 8½ inches, a fall of 1½ inches.

MRS. JUDGE ROGERS, of Aberbeen, is the guest of Mrs. Amanda Butts in this city.

MRS. R. S. BELK, of Delta, who has been sick for several days, we are pleased to learn is much better.

MISS THORNTON, sister-in-law of Mr. H. H. Kain, came up on the steamer Golden Rule this morning.

THE entertainment at Mrs. Porterfield's next Thursday night is something that should not be missed.

LOOK out for the B. F. Q. in the grand Character Concert at the opera-house next Tuesday night.

JUDGE UPTON M. YOUNG is in the city. The Judge has hosts of friends, all of whom will be glad to see him.

AN important meeting of the Vicksburg Rifles will be held this evening, when all members should be present.

TO-DAY was motion day in the Circuit Court, and a number of motions were heard and decided by the Court.

DR. R. V. POWERS, of Palmetto, Yazoo river, arrived from New Orleans and leaves again by rail this evening for home.

THE Methodist ladies will, on the 22d and 23d insts., serve at Magnolia Hall a sumptuous lunch to all who may be hungry.

V. FLETCHER, Cincinnati; R. V. Manston, Corinth; W. D. Chapin, Cleveland; W. C. Fly, Jackson, Tenn.; are at the Pacific Hotel to-day.

EIGHT convicts passed through the city to-day en route to Glendale landing. They went up on the Anchor Line steamer Commonwealth.

EVERY lady should call and see the Wheeler & Wilson Silent No. 8 artistic new furniture at Mme. Ferguson's, 139 Washington street.

MR. THOS. MCLEAN, for many years clerk of the Delta Wharfboat, took his departure for "Elmonte," California, yesterday via New Orleans.

MR. MANSTON, of Corinth, who arrived in the city this morning, came for the purpose of adjusting the loss of Mr. Julius Hoerner by the recent fire.

SEE call for meeting of St. Francis Catholic Temperance Society to-morrow morning at the parlor of St. Paul's Church pastoral residence at 6:30 o'clock.

MR. BARNEY WALKER, General Passenger Agent of the Arkansas Valley Railroad, has been in the city for several days past. He goes up the river Monday.

THE fine Jersey heifer which arrived here this morning by the steamer John A. Scudder, belongs to Mr. James G. Ferguson of this county, and came direct from the Isle of Jersey.

MR. CHAS. W. FISHER, who has been confined to his home with sickness for about four weeks, is, we are pleased to see, out again. He was down to-day for the first time.

WHILE speculating about the 4-10s on the occasion of the Firemen's Parade, on April 23d, it would be well to keep the 4-8s in your minds eye, because they are going to get there, and don't you forget it.

CAPT. CLINTON B. SEARS, of the U. S. Engineer corps, vice Capt. W. L. Marshall transferred, will soon take charge of the 3d, the Vicksburg Division of river improvement work.

IF you delay sending an Easter card to your girl until to-morrow it will be to late. Drop in at Baum's at once, and make your selection, as they have some beautiful ones left.

MR. THOS. H. ARMSTRONG, of Delta, who recently went to Washington, D. C. on a visit to his parents, has returned to his old home. His many friends are glad to see him back safe and sound, and much pleased and improved by his journey.

THERE will be about fifty gypsies in the Gypsy tableau of the Grand Character Concert, and we have been informed and so state for the fact to be, that nearly half of the fifty, and especially the young lady portion thereof, have recently visited the Gypsey camp on the Warrenton road, and have learned from the Queen the patois, the arts and tricks of the sure-nough Gypsies for use at the Concert on the 15th.

Gnat Oil.

Thirty barrels of first-class Gnat Oil at HARDAWAY & CASSELL'S ap2 Drugstore.

The Bee-hive.

The ladies of the Catholic congregation will open an entertainment at Magnolia Hall next Monday night, with the above novel title. The Fairs and Festivals given by the ladies of this Church in the past, have always been among the most pleasant and enjoyable, and have been pre-eminently successful in raising funds for the worthy objects to which the ladies devoted their energy, time and patience. The coming festival, or Beehive, bids fair to eclipse former affairs of this kind in the pleasure, enjoyment and satisfaction it will afford to all who honor the Bee-hive with their presence.

As an indication of what may be expected, we will mention to day that one of the refreshment tables will be presided over by Mrs. Bruser, assisted by Mrs. Roesch, Mrs. Hoerner, and Mrs. David. The young ladies assisting at this table will be Misses Bruser, Quin and Smarr.

Another attractive and appropriate feature of the Beehive will be a constellation of "Honey Gatherers," composed of Misses Smarr, Theobold, Quin, Gannon and Horrigan. Now who can resist the temptation to visit a Beehive and partake of the sweets gathered by such fair hands.

We shall mention the other tables and special attractions in a subsequent issue.

SUITS TO ORDER,

Ranging from $15, $17.50, $21.50, $25, $30 up to $50. Any gentleman can be pleased in style and fit at 183 Washington street. E. D. Bickley is the man to fit the head, body and pocket of our New South.

WANAMAKER & BROWN,
m26 E. D. BICKLEY, Agent.

Mary Anderson is a true American. When admirers pop the question she simply replies, "I am not a candidate."—Philadelphia Call.

Harness Oil.

Fine Harness Oil Blacking, $1.50 per gallon. Preserves and saves your harness, leather, etc.; at HARDAWAY & CASSELL'S ap3 Drugstore.

The Grand Character Concert.

The programme for the concert has been arranged with great care and skill. It is to be a Character Concert and the nations Ireland, Germany and Scotland have been chosen to furnish the characters—those nations so rich in all that presents human nature in its highest and most attractive types.

There will be a "Half Hour in Ireland," when the national characteristics of this people, "so rich in story and in song," will be portrayed. The distinguishing features of the Irish will be set forth in song, in legend, in tale and tableaux.

Then a "Half Hour in Germany," when the astute German character, the scenes, and life of that people will be presented to the audience.

Lastly the land of romance, of adventure, of heroism, "the Heaths of McGregon," will be depicted in all its grandeur and daring bravery. Those Scotch songs, the most matchless of all songs, so full of soul-stirring sentiments of that brave people, will be rendered by one with few equals and no superiors.

It will be remembered that performers will all be dressed in costumes characteristic of the history they represent. There will also be a Gypsy scene and the "Pony Team" "in that quartette."

Sale of Jersey and Ayrshire Cattle by Haines Bros.

The initial sale of Jersey and grade cattle, that has been advertised in THE POST for a few weeks past, took place to-day, with the following satisfactory result:

Red Cross, Jersey and Ayrshire heifer, sold to E. Grimshaw, $72.50.
Jersey Lilly, Jersey heifer, sold to W. H. Nicholson, $67.50.
Strawberry, Jersey and Ayrshire heifer, sold to Maj. McDougal, $45.00.
Kate Browning, Jersey heifer, sold to Fred. Loyd, $55.00.
Lenora, Jersey and Ayrshire heifer, sold to Sid Hennisee, $41.00.

PESACH WINE.

A fine article at close figures at W. E. BECK.
ap4

Runaway.

About 2 o'clock this afternoon, a horse with the shafts and two front wheels of a baggage wagon attached to him, went down Washingtou street at the rate of a mile a minute; and although the street was crowded with pedestrians and vehicles, no damage was done, nor anybody injured. Who the baggage wagon belongs to, we were not reliably informed.

RUHMAN & CO.,
Tailors and Importers,
WASHINGTON STREET.

A complete stock of Spring and Summer goods now on hand, including many

SPECIALTIES FOR THE SEASON.

FINE SUITS, all shades and grades, and latest styles. Spring Overcoats, to suit sudden changes of the weather.

BOYS' and CHILDREN'S CLOTHING In larger variety and more perfect workmanship than ever before. Special attention is asked to this department.

Unequalled stock of Hats and Gents' Furnishing Goods.

FULL LINE of PIECE GOODS.

Trouserings, etc., and "the best cutter in the South." Fit and workmanship guaranteed. ap11-1w

The Ladies of Trinity.

The ladies of Trinity Church haveheen quietly preparing for their entertainment which is to take place on the evening of the 17th, at the residence of Mrs. Porterfiold. The "Fortune Tree"—whatever that is—will be an attraction, and will contain a number of prizes, one of which will be a fine gold ring. Another feature will be the "Spook's Auction," which will take place at 6 o'clock. Refreshments of the choicest kind will be served at "panic prices."

Admission to grown persons has been placed at the low price of 25 cents which in addition to admission pays for dancing during the evening. Admission for children 15 cents which also pays for candy. Any word we might say in praise of the estimable ladies of Trinity Church would be like trying to "gild refined gold," but we can promise all who are at Mrs. Porterfield's on next Thursday night a pleasant evening and their money's worth of fun.

BUTTER!

20 Small Tubs Choice, suitable for Families, received this day. [m12] WARE & NORTH.

Grand Larceny.

Officer Fred. Hopkins this morning swore out an affidavit before Squire Mackey against Aaron Towns and Peter Manning, charging them with Grand Larceny in having stolen a number of pigs. The parties will probably be arrested this evening.

Father Matthew C. T. A. and B. Society.

The member of the Father Mathew C. T. A. and B. Society will meet in their hall Easter Sunday morning, April 13th, at 6:30 o'clock for the purpose of attending Holy Communion in a body at 7:30 Mass.

J. M. A. BRENNAN, President.
M. F. BATTAILE, Recording Secretary.

PRINCE BISMARCK is no admirer of eloquence. "It is with these eloquent gentlemen," he says, "as with ladies who have small feet. They wear boots which are much too tight, and always try to show their feet. So, if anybody has the misfortune to be eloquent, his speeches are too long and too frequent."

Additional River.

The Anchor Line City of Baton Rouge will pass up on Monday for New Orleans.

Globe-Democrat, 8th: One item of the cargo of the New Orleans Anchor Line's City of Baton Rouge will be 75,000 rations for the flood sufferers on the lower Mississippi at points between Natchez and Red River landing. The Baton Rouge clears to-morrow at 5 p.m. for New Orleans.

The through Anchor Line steamer City of New Orleans, leaves New Orleans to-day and will pass up for St. Louis on Monday.

Times-Democrat April 11: Two good steamboats leave here to-morrow—the New Mary Houston for Cincinnati, the City of New Orleans for St. Louis. The Houston ranks high with Ohio river patrons, while the City of New Orleans is held by many to be almost without an equal in the St. Louis trade, as much on account of her clever officers as for speed, safety and elegant accommodation.

CAIRO, April 7.—It is rumored that the Anchor Line will soon run all boats through to New Orleans, making a daily line. The Vicksburg packets are all large enough, and it would be a great benefit to shippers.

Cincinnati News-Journal, April 8: Capt. Harry W. Stein has made application to the Southern Transportation Line for a "turn" in which to load the Charles Morgan for New Orleans, and is having her put in order for the trip. She will probably leave for the South at an early day, that she may be at St. Louis upon the opening of the excursion season. Capt. Stein will command her.

Music at the Holy Trinity To-morrow

The following are the ladies and gentlemen who will render the Easter music at the Holy Trinity Church to-morrow:

Mrs. Dr. O. S. Iglehart, soprano;
Miss Helen Marshall, soprano;
Miss Mary Marshall, soprano;
Mrs. R. V. Booth, alto;
Mr. John McQuaide, tenor;
Mr. A. W. Walker, bass;
Mr. H. R. Rockwood, bass;
Miss Florence Bowmar, organist.

The music to be rendered is mostly all new, and some of it specially beautiful.

Failed,

The boot and shoe house of James King made an assignment to the Vicksburg Bank this morning. The assets are about $10,000, and the liabilities about half that amount. Col. R. V. Booth is the assignee, and he stated that all debts will be paid in full. This was one of the oldest shoe houses in the South, having been established in 1837.

BRAND NEW

And cant-be-beaten styles of thoroughly first-rate Spring clothing now on the counters at our house. Men's suits, boy's suits, children's suits in all the latest shapes and colors. New furnishings and hats just in. The best styles we ever showed, and the lowest prices.

WARNER & SEARLES,
The Leading Clothiers.
ap9

Drowned.

Eddie Lacey, the 9 year old son of Mrs. E. D. Lacey living on Walnut Bayou, (La.,) was drowned yesterday in Walnut Bayou. Mr. J. Q. Arnold sent over a metallic casket this morning. If the body is found it will be brought here for burial to-morrow evening. Walnut Bayou is in Madison parish, three miles south of Mounds Station.

Unprecedented Success!

That is what people say about the career of MR. JOE FOX, the young dry goods merchants of Washington street. Only a few years ago, our young friend commenced business in a humble and unpretentious manner, but he gave strict attention to his customers, watched the markets and bought goods when they could be obtained on the best advantage, and has gradually increased his trade and facilities until now he has one of the largest establishments in the city. We now find him buying out the entire stocks of some of the largest houses in this section, and in turn giving his wholesale and retail customers the benefit of unparalleled inducements. Give MR. FOX a call, and you will be surprised at the extent of his store and stock, and at the very low prices at which he is enabled to sell goods.

TO CONSUMERS.

Remember, there are seven different styles and quality of "Commodore Parisot" Cigars.
W. E. BECK,
Sole Proprietor
j16

River Matters.

Under the head of boats due and leaving to-morrow, in our river column to-day, things got somewhat mixed.

They should read: Due to-morrow, the steamer Arkansas City from St. Louis. Leaving to-morrow: Steamer Lumberman for Yazoo and Tallahatchie rivers.

Also, the steamer Commonwealth left here for St. Louis—instead of left St. Louis.

St. Francis Catholic Temperance Society.

The members of the St. Francis Temperance Society will meet in the parlor of the pastoral residence of St. Paul's Catholic Church, Easter Sunday morning, April 13th, at 6:30 o'clock for the purpose of attending communion in a body at 7 o'clock mass.

THOS. E. O'HERRIN, President.
FRANK O'NEIL, Secretary. 11-2t

SENATOR BAYARD'S intimation to the Brooklyn free traders at the Saturday evening banquet that they may be beaten this year, but he adds "What matters that for a short time?" Not much, perhaps. After shivering outside in the cold for a quater of a century, the democrats can probably stand it until half a century is rounded out. They will be lucky if they can win on that in time for Mr. Bayard's great-grandchildren.—Philadelphia Times.

R. F. BECK, President, THOS. MOUNT, Vice-President.
JNO. F. HALPIN, Secretary. W. O. WORRELL, Treasurer.

VICKSBURG
Building Association
STOCK IN THIS SOLID HOME INSTITUTION
PAYS BETTER THAN A SAVINGS BANK,
AND ITS INVESTMENTS ARE
Fully Secured by Mortgages on Real Estate.

Now is the time to subscribe. You cannot lose anything and you are certain to make a handsome profit.

The cost of Stock is $1 per month on each Share.

Ten shares of Stock in about eight years will be worth $1,700
The ten shares in eight years will have cost 960
Making a profit, on an investment averaging four years, of $740
Which is equal to 77 per cent. or 19¼ per cent. per annum.

The Association Cashes its Stock at any Time According to Equitable Rules.

Persons having small amounts monthly to spare, say from $1 to $15, cannot do better than invest in this stock.

Capitalists will find it a profitable investment, realizing 18 to 20 per cent. per annum.

Property owners will increase the value of their property by subscribing to the stock, for it loans its funds to actual builders, and every new house built increases the value of property in its neighborhood.

Persons of moderate means who desire to build houses can borrow the money from the Association and pay it back in

MONTHLY PAYMENTS
Not Greater than the Usual Amounts Paid for Rent.

Books of Subscription to the Twelfth Series of Stock are now open at the office of the Secretary.

BLANKS'
Southern Photographic Gallery,
CLAY STREET, OVER EXPRESS OFFICE, VICKSBURG, MISS.

STRICTLY FIRST-CLASS PHOTOGRAPHS of all sizes and styles. Old pictures copied and enlarged to any size desired.

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Also Letter Paper, Bill and Account Paper, Envelopes, Inks, Pens, Pencils, etc.

We have a large assortment of School Books, Medical, Scientific, Law and Miscellaneous books, also all the New Books as issued. Our

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Offers an elegant variety goods. Birthday and Congratulation Cards in large assortment.

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Our assortment is always large and in latest shades, shapes and kinds.

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Includes Oil, Water and China Painting Materials of every description, Brushes, Canvas, Plaques and Panels of all kinds. Also Art Novelties for Decoration.

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Includes Pianos, Organs, Guitars, Banjos, Accordions, etc. Italian and German strings for different kinds of instruments. Agents for Decker Bros. Pianos and Mason & Hamlin Organs.

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WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
Booksellers, Stationers and Music Dealers
BLUE FRONT BOOK STORE, 149 WASHINGTON ST., VICKSBURG.

HEY, rose, just born,
Twin to a thorn;
Was't so with you, with Love and Scorn?

Sweet eyes that smiled,
Now woe and wild;
O Eye and Tear—mother and child.

Well, Love and Pain,
Be kinsfolk twain;
Yet would, oh, would I could love again!
—Sidney Lanier.

A TRIUMPH OF SKILL.
Dr. Price's SPECIAL
TRADE MARK
FLAVORING EXTRACTS
Prepared from Select Fruits that yield the finest Flavors. Have been used for years. Become The Standard Flavoring Extracts. None of Greater Strength. None of such Perfect Purity. Always certain to impart to Cakes, Puddings, Sauces, the natural Flavor of the Fruit.
MANUFACTURED BY
STEELE & PRICE,
Chicago, Ill., and St. Louis, Mo.
Principal Offices and Depots for Pacific States, Rocky Mountain Region and Territories, Utah, Montana, Idaho, Arizona, Nevada, etc.
WE MAKE NO SECOND GRADE GOODS.

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On the Installment Plan, Negotiated by
Francis Smith & Co.,
S. W. corner WASHINGTON and Crawford streets, VICKSBURG, MISS.

No Cotton Required.

Planters should not make loans until they have investigated our plan and rate.

WE HAVE NO AGENTS.
dec10

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ROSES and Green-House Plants by the MILLION for the
GREGORY NURSERY,
Grove Street, Vicksburg.
d22 THOMPSON S. GREGORY, Prop.

WINCHESTER RIFLES
AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
44.100, 38.100, and 32.10 kept in stock
BY
LOUIS HOFFMAN,
Gun Repairing Promptly Done.
Jan11

The Vicksburg Evening Post.
VOLUME II. VICKSBURG, MISSISSIPPI, MONDAY, APRIL 14, 1884. NUMBER 90.

VICKSBURG BANK.
EDWARD S. BUTTS, President. Established Nov. 12, 1866.
H. C. KUYKENDALL, Vice-Pres.
JAMES P. ROACH, Cashier. Incorporated Mar. 4, 1878.
Transacts a General Banking Business.
CHARTER PERPETUAL
New York Correspondent, - - - National Park Bank.
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may4

SPRING SPECIALTIES
Iron Age Cultivators,
Avery's Garden Plows,
Acme Harrows,
GERMAN MILLET SEED, SAPLING CLOVER SEED,
AND
LANDRETH'S GARDEN SEED,
LOW LOW COTTON PLANTERS
Globe Cotton Planters, Washburn & Moen's Thick Set Galvanized Barb Wire, Philadelphia Lawn Mowers.

LEE RICHARDSON & CO.

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HANES BROS.,
Successors to D. R. SMARR & CO.,
Auction and Commission Merchants,
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Consignments solicited. Prompt returns and satisfaction guaranteed. feb22

EASTER!
We have now on exhibition at our store the finest and most extensive line of
EASTER CARDS
EVER BROUGHT TO THIS CITY,
—COMPRISING AN ELEGANT LINE OF—
Imported Satin Easter Cards.
Prang & Co.'s Easter Art Prints on Satin.
Evans, Plummer & Co.'s Easter Souvenirs in Silk, Satin and Plush.
Easter Cards from 5 cents to $15.00 each.
An elegant line of Birthday and Wedding Congratulation Cards.

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White Lead, Mixed Paints, Linseed Oil, Lard Oil, Gnat Oil, Turpentine, Putty and Glassware, Patent Medicines, Sponges, Hair Brushes, Perfumery, Toilet Articles of Every Description, Garden and Flower Seeds.
AGENTS FOR HUMPHREY'S HOMŒOPATHIC MEDICINES. ja4

T. CATCHINGS, Attorney-General of Mississippi. MARYE DABNEY, late of Edwards, Miss.
CATCHINGS & DABNEY,
Attorneys-at-Law
VICKSBURG, MISS.
Special attention will be given to business entrusted to them in Warren and Hinds counties, and in the State and Federal Courts at Jackson.

J. S. MORRIS,
Attorney-at-Law
VICKSBURG, MISS.
Practices in the various Courts of Warren, Claiborne, Jefferson and Hinds counties, the Federal and State Courts at Jackson.

SLAUGHTERING PRICES!
IN
Boots and Shoes
AT
FOLEY'S SHOE STORE
English broad toe gaiters, $2.50; London toe, imitation buttoned gaiters, $2.75; Plain box gaiters, $3.00; imitation laced, London toe, extra quality gaiters, $3.50; kid buttoned $3.25, cheap at $4.75; ladies' front laced kid, $2.75, cheap at $4.00; boys' buttoned gaiters, $2.50, cheap at $3.50; youths' buttoned gaiters, double tipped, $2.00, cheap at $2.25.
The chief pride of this house is the superior character of its custom-made work. All orders promptly and carefully attended to. Send for catalogue. 6-15

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

[Special to THE EVENING POST.]

THE INJUNCTION SUIT

Of the Natchez Railroad Against the Mississippi Commissioners—Interesting Details.

JACKSON, April 14.—The Natchez, Jackson & Columbus Railroad Company, have appeared in the Chancery Court of the State, at Jackson, as opposed to the Railroad Supervision bill. They have not yet obtained the technical injunction, but Chancellor Peyton has made a restraining order, which will prevent the Commissioners from interfering with this road until the 28th day of April, when the formal application for a general injunction will come up.

Nugent & McWillie represent the Little J., and a full argument is expected at the day fixed.

This case will present the broad question of State control over home railroads directly, and bring under construction the clause in the United States Constitution upon vested constitutional rights more fully than any of the other cases. The case of course will finally get to the United States Supreme Court.

New Orleans River Report.

NEW ORLEANS, April 14.—The weather is cloudy, hot, windy and threatening. Rusiness is moderately fair.

Arrivals: John W. Cannon, from Greenville; Wyoming, from Cincinnati; City of Vicksburg, from St. Louis.

No departures.

Condition of the Rivers.

NEW ORLEANS, April 13.—The rivers will fall slowly.

ENJOINED.

Chancellor Peyton Issues an Injunction against the Rail Road Commission.

[Special to the Picayune.]

JACKSON, MISS., April 12.—Chancellor Peyton, of this Judicial District, has granted the request of the Natchez and Jackson Railrod for an injunction against the Railroad Commission, restraining them from interfering with the road. This is the only road that seeks redress in the State courts. The case will, of course, go to the Supreme Court, and cannot be decided before the October term.

Cold-Blooded Murder.

LAS VEGAS, N. M., April 14.—Juan B. Patron, an engineer and speaker of the territorial legislature, was murderd at Puerto de Luna last night by a Texas cowboy named Mitch Haney. The affray occurred in a saloon, and there was absolutely no provocation for the killing, which can only be attributed to whisky and sheer recklessness.

The murderer is being brought here in charge of no less than twenty sheriffs as his desperate character is so well known, and his friends are so numerous that an attempt at his rescue was considered more than probable. The excitement here is running high, and threats are rife of lynching the prisoner on his arrival. Patron was very popular, and leaves a wife and several children.

Tilden Not to be a Candidate—His Letter.

[Special to the Picayune.]

WASHINGTON, April 12.—A special dispatch to the Washington Evening Star, from New York, states that Mr. Tilden has absolutely refused to allow his name to go before the Democratic National Convention at Chicago, and that he has completed a letter which will be addressed to the Chairman of the New York Democratic State Convention, or possibly to the Chairman of the New York delegation, announcing his decision and expressing the belief that the Democratic nominee should be one who could enter upon the work of reformation as the head of the Government with an unvarying vigor. There is information in Democratic political circles sufficient to give color to this dispatch, independently of Mr. Tilden's known physical debility. Some months ago it was agreed among some of the leading friends of Mr. Tilden that it would be very unfortunate for the party interests to have the question of his candidacy remain unsettled up to the last moment, as was the case in 1880, and that if he felt that the condition of his health was such as to preclude his candidacy, he should formally announce the fact. No doubt was entertained by these men that Mr. Tilden would be nominated if he was willing to accept the trust. It was therefore arranged that a representation to this effect should be made to Mr. Tilden by some of these persons who had been nearest to him in the past, and whose position in the party naturally entitled them to make such suggestions.

It is stated that in accordance with this advice Mr. Tilden, a month or more ago, prepared a letter of some length, in which he formally announced the reasons why he could not accept the Presidential nomination. The publication of the letter was delayed for some reason or other, and some other persons, also near to Mr. Tilden, from motives which can easily be guessed at, advised him against publishing any letter at all.

It is known, however, that to all his visitors Mr. Tilden has frankly stated, in the fullest and most positive manner, that he could not accept the nomination if tendered to him, and it is believed that the recent numerous manifestations of support may have had the effect of hastening the publication of the letter of declination.

THE Connecticut legislature has passed a bill that a two-pound loaf of bread shall weigh two pounds, and the Connecticut bakers are denouncing it as the meanest and most oppressive sort of legislation.

The Philosophy of the Divorce Question.

The point upon which the Rev. S. W Dike lays most emphasis, in his paper upon the Divorce Question in the Princeton Review for April, is the importance of giving to the family its fundamental place in social and legal science. Mr. Dike remonstrates against the pronounced modern tendency to individualism, not as something to be repressed, but to be corrected and strengthened with its natural supports. The wider liberty for the individual, which was brought into religion by the Reformation, into politics and government by the spread of the republican idea, and into legislation by the movement for improving the condition of women, is a beneficent thing, but it has brought with it some evil as well as a great deal of good. It is reckoned by Mr. Dike as something more than a coincidence that where individualism is most pronounced there the tendency to an increase in the divorce rate is greatest. It is greater in the United States than in Europe; it is greater in New England than in other sections of the country; and in Ohio and other Western States it is greater in those counties which are largely populated by settlers from New England than in counties containing a different kind of population. These conclusions, if not absolutely demonstrated by Mr. Dike's statistics, are very clearly suggested by them. In New Hampshire, which has almost three-fold in twenty-two years, although there was no change in her divorce laws during that period.

These considerations point to a philosophy of the divorce question which is perhaps as important a subject of study as mere statistics. They make it tolerably clear that laws increasing the stringency of divorce regulations, although they may be important, are after all only a superficial and exterior treatment. We shall hardly get to the root of the matter until the family, as an institution, is more strongly intrenched, not in our laws merely, but in our habits of thought and feeling. It is not so generally recognized as it should be that it is the family which constitutes the corner-stone of our civilization, and that any assault upon that threatens the whole fabric. When the Courts of a State show that fifteen minutes is the average time which is devoted to hearing and deciding a divorce case, it is clear that the dependence of the stability of our civilization upon the stability of the family is not in the least appreciated. It is a long way from the theory of marriage which regards it as a contract only to that which treats it as a sacrament, but the more that the latter theory is grafted upon our ways of thinking the better will it be for us as a people. Mr. Dike does not exaggerate when he pronounces the family the fundamental element of the science of sociology, and the divorce question as the vital point in the problem of the family.—Boston Journal.

Grant at a "Camp Fire."

WASHINGTON, April 14.—The department of the Potomac, Grand Army of the Republic, held a camp fire at which the operations against Vicksburg were discussed. Senator Hawly presided and speeches were made by Gen. Logan, Gen. Raum, Gen. Williamson and others. Gen. Grant was present, and received an ovation.

THE presentation of Mr. Randall by the Pensylvania Democrats will have little effect on the choice of a candidate except so far as it brings out more clearly than before the singular want of available men in the party, and brings more prominently in view the one candidate whom nearly all Democrats consider an inevitable—the one for whom the New York Sun has been "booming" successive candidates into obscurity, the inscrutable and mysterious Mr. Tilden.—N. Y. Times.

TEXAS has a cattle queen beside her numerous cattle kings. She is the wife of an ex-Methodist preacher named Rogers, and lives in Nevices county, where she owns and manages a ranch of 40,000 head of cattle, while her husband attends to his duties as a member of the State Legislature.

MARY ANDERSON has made nearly $75,000 during her London engagement. If other girls would only follow her example and lay up something for their future husbands, during their engagements, there would be fewer matches broken off.—St. Louis Critic.

THE Presbyterian congregation of Vicksburg are making extensive arrangements to entertain the members of the general assembly of the Presbyterian church, which meets in that city in May next.—Natchez Democrat.

The Newton Free Press is for sale.—Kosciusko Star.

Yes, and we can name fifty more that will sell out lock, stock and barrel, if a cash purchaser is in sight.—Brookhaven Democrat.

PESACH WINE.

A fine article at close figures at W. E. BECK.
ap4

SENATOR GEORGE is one of the most faithful Senators Mississippi ever had.—Yazoo Sentinel.

And one of the brainiest.—Lexington Advertiser.

A JUST equalization and average reduction of the tariff is what the country needs, and is all that any man or party should want.—Corinth Herald.

Gnat Oil.

Save your stock by buying first-class Gnat Oil from HARDAWAY & CASSELL'S ap2 Drugstore.

It is estimated that Southern Georgia will this season produce a crop of watermelons double that of last year.

County School Warrants.

IN accordance with the provisions of an act of the Legislature entitled "An Act to refund the school debt of Warren county," approved March 10th, 1884, notice is hereby given to holders of ALL county school warrants, issued for services prior to the first day of January, 1884, to present the same to the Clerk of this Board, within six months from the passage of the Act, for AUTHENTICATION AND REGISTRATION, to entitle them to the benefit of the Act. When registered and presented to the County Treasurer, in sums of $50 or its multiple, bonds will be prepared in sums of not less than $50 nor more than $1,000, and delivered to holders, dated February 1st, 1885, and payable thirty years after date, or at the option of the Board, with three per cent. per annum interest, according to the terms of the Act. The Act provides for an annual special levy to pay interest, and to create a sinking fund equal to one-thirtieth of the bonds in circulation to pay the principal. A. H. ARTHUR,
President Board of Supervisors of Warren County, Miss. ap14-3t

THE SUN
NEW YORK, 1884.

About sixty million copies of THE SUN have gone out of our establishment during the past twelve months.

If you were to paste end to end all the columns of THE SUN printed and sold last year you would get a continuous trip of interesting information, common sense wisdom, sound doctrine, and sane wit long enough to reach from Printing House square to the top of Mount Copernicus in the moon, then back to Printing House square, and then three-quarters of the way back to the moon again.

But THE SUN is written for the inhabitants of the earth; this sober strip of intelligence would girdle the globe twenty-seven or twenty-eight times.

If every buyer of a copy of THE SUN during the past year has spent only one hour over it, and if his wife or his grandfather has spent another hour, this newspaper in 1882 has afforded the human race thirteen thousand years of steady reading, night and day.

It is only by little calculations like these that you can form any idea of the circulation of the most popular of American newspapers, or of its influence on the opinions and actions of American men and women.

THE SUN is, and will continue to be, a newspaper which tells the truth without fear of consequences, which gets at the facts no matter how much the process costs, which presents the news of all the world without waste of words and in the most readable shape, which is working with all its heart for the cause of honest government, and which therefore believes that the Republican party must go, and must go in this coming year of our Lord, 1884.

If you know THE SUN, you like it already, and you will read it with unwonted diligence and profit during what is sure to be the most interesting year in its history. If you do not yet know THE SUN, it is high time to get into the sunshine.

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THE SUN, N. Y. City.

TO THE PUBLIC!

MR. JAMES H. KING has this day made an assignment of his property to me for the benefit of his creditors. I take pleasure in stating that the property and effects placed in my hands will be ample to pay all that he owes, and more. All persons holding claims against him will please leave a memorandum of the amount with me. R. V. BOOTH, Assignee.
ap12-1w

W. T. BALFOUR, M. D.
LATE PHYSICIAN TO CITY HOSPITAL.
Physician and Surgeon
OFFERS his professional services to the people of Vicksburg and vicinity.
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FIREMEN'S DAY!
—THE—
BOMBARDMENT of VICKSBURG
Round Trip Tickets, One Fare.



ISSAQUENA
Will leave Greenville for Vicksburg on Tuesday evening April

THE EVENING POST

PUBLISHED BY
J. G. CASHMAN & CO.,
Washington St., Vicksburg, Miss.

The Evening Post.

VICKSBURG, MISS., APRIL 14, 1884.

FOR President of the United States:
S. J. Randall, of Pennsylvania.

THE Governor should give more heed to the Attorney General's "constitutional" opinions.

THE New York Star says it is convinced that Mr. McDonald's chances of carrying New York in the coming Presidential election would be extremely precarious.

RAILROAD supervision is not thriving as well as it did, and we safely conclude that Messrs. Inge, Lowry & Co. will soon find themselves with a large bundle of dead capital on their hands that wouldn't go at par at a screehead beat convention.

THE last time the Democrats elected a President (and it was a long time ago) Pennsylvania furnished the candidate, Hon. James Buchanan. It is altogether probably that Pennsylvania will furnish the next successful Democrat candidate for the Presidency—Hon. Samuel J. Randall.

GEN. GRANT is again talked of for the Presidential nomination. Congressman Belford of Colorado says "either Grant or Blaine will be the Republican nominee." The prospect of Randall's nomination by the Democrats will cause the Republicans to put forth their most popular man, and it is possible that Grant may be their candidate.

MR. INGE still leads Governor Lowry. When the bottom drops out of railroad supervision the Speaker has a prohibition raft ready to light upon, while if the Governor's staff is not present to catch him he must go down, down—oh, where? Indeed the advantage the Speaker's forethought in running two platforms at once has given him is not to be sneezed at by any of the ambitious members of his political household.

CHANCELLOR PEYTON has granted the injunction prayed for by the Natchez & Jackson Railroad restraining the Mississippi Railroad Commission from interfering with the road.

In a few days doubtless, Judge Hill will render his decision on a similar application by the Illinois Central. It is altogether probable that Judge Hill's decision will virtually settle the pretensions of this State to regulate interstate commerce, by affirming that the Mississippi law is unconstitutional.

And then what will the Commissioners do?

ANOTHER constitutional question is raised by a correspondent of THE POST. He affirms that the recent appointment of Mr. Cameron (a member of the Legislature) to be Swamp Land Commissioner, is in violation of plain provisions of the Constitution.

Mr. Cameron is from Lauderdale county, East Mississippi. This seems to be a favorite section of the State with "the powers that be," and if Mr. Cameron cannot hold the position of Swamp Land Commissioner, possibly some other favorite son of the East may be found willing to serve his State, against whom no constitutional objections can be raised.

THE recent riot at Cincinnati was another important suggestion to those who have in charge the enforcement of the law. The "lynch" who, with more sentimentalism than justice, cries out against capital punishment, and who, in a great measure, is responsible for much of the laxity in our judiciary system, should ponder over this occurrence. Murderers must be hanged, the same as mad dogs must be killed. It is very rude to speak of legalized barbarity and express pity for the condemned criminal, but a liberal use of the rope is the most effective means of securing the respect of the lives of a man at which the law aims. The civilization of Arkansaw is not regarded as the highest type of society, but in this State the criminal who comes near being enforced to meeting his fate than in any other commonwealth. Here it is understood that murderers must suffer the death grip of the law's mighty hand. Money and influence, important factors in any State, have failed here to rescue the justly condemned criminal. One dead murderer is of more good to a State than a dozen live ones, although this philosopher has said that the worst use to which you can put a man is to hang him.—Arkansas Traveler.

IT was reserved for a peer of the British realm to detect the secret connection of the Cincinnati riots with the question of suffrage and franchise in this country. Lord George Hamilton, Member for Middlesex, in opposing the motion to make the Magistracy elective by popular suffrage, declared in the House of Commons that the recent riots in Cincinnati were a sufficient warning against the system of popular election. We have failed heretofore to see such connection, and do not doubt that the discovery of that feature of the riots will be a surprise to most Americans. Of course everybody understands that the ludicrous misapprehension by the noble lord of the situation is due to the gross ignorance of the form of government of the United States. Such connection, and do not doubt that the discovery of that feature of the riots will be a surprise to most Americans. Of course everybody understands that the ludicrous misapprehension by the noble lord of the situation is due to the gross ignorance of the form of government of the United States. Such ignorance is to be expected in the case of a foreigner, but it is altogether probable that Judge Hill's decision will virtually settle the pretensions of this State to regulate interstate commerce, by affirming that the Mississippi law is unconstitutional.

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The Cause of Lawlessness.

Editor of the Post:

I desire to call attention to circumstances connected with the formation of our Judiciary, (and therefore, though at a casual glance remotely with the administration of our laws) which is more or less pertinent to the propositions I submitted recently. I do not desire to impugn the motives of any one, and wish to state at the outset that whatever my opinion may be as to the propriety of the action in question, I am perfectly willing to attribute perfect sincerity and honesty of intention to all concerned. I allude to the appointment of J. A. P. Campbell as Judge of the Supreme Court, the circumstances of which, I must contend, were most objectionable, and have a strong general tendency to create a certain degree of disrespect for the temple of justice that can be easily seen and comprehended. Judge Campbell was appointed to that elevated and responsible place by the Governor when the latter (if I am correctly informed) held the following indictment against the applicant, in the shape of a petition signed by a number of respectable and responsible citizens, repudiating his character in an implied charge that if pressed and sustained must involve political ruin and disgrace:

The petition of the undersigned, citizens of the State of Mississippi, respectfully represent that they learn that the Hon. J. A. P. Campbell is, or will be, an applicant for re-appointment as Judge of the Supreme Court of the State; that, as we believe and so represent, the said Campbell has forfeited and lost the confidence of the mass of the people of the State, if he ever had it on his own merits, and that we regard his appointment as one unfit to be made. We need not remind your Excellency that the stability and perpetuity of Republican institutions, the safety, prosperity and happiness of the people depend, as the last resort, upon the integrity of our judicial system, and upon the people's confidence therein.

As I have stated I do not question either the motives of the Governor, or the purity of Judge Campbell's character. I simply desire to discuss cold facts as they are presented. Considering the high and responsible position involved (if the character of the office should have any weight in such a matter) would it not have been more in accord with the elevated sentiments that should prompt our actions in shaping and directing the course of justice, for the Governor to have demanded a public vindication or an open and public denunciation so serious in its character, as a condition of appointment? The fact that he was satisfied as to the honesty and integrity of the applicant will not suffice to justify him for ignoring the arraignment of intelligent and responsible and deeply interested citizens. Every citizen is entitled to a voice in the direction of State affairs, and to deny him a full consideration of his demands and opinions, especially in an instance of the kind mentioned, not only lowers the standard of public morals, but approaches unpleasantly near oppression and infringement of personal political rights. Mr Campbell may be as pure as he is undoubtedly an able man. Personally I do not doubt that he is. But it must be presumed that the signers of this petition had grounds on which to base the serious charge they make, and a due respect on the part of the Governor for the wholesome sentiment in favor of an absolutely pure and unsullied Judiciary, and a due appreciation of the moral force of such, should have prompted him to demand, in the name of the people, and of the very position he was about to fill, to a complete public refutation and vindication by Judge Campbell before he could issue his commission, even though he was personally satisfied as to his honesty and integrity. As the matter stands at present, it must have a greater or less tendency towards creating a contempt for the judiciary and a disrespect for the laws and the judiciary exists to interpret and enforce. We have a Supreme Judge resting under the most disgraceful charge of unfitness. Whoever believes that charge, will not only have a disgust and contempt for the institution over which he presides, but also for the State Government, the head of which fills such places with such men. Few persons separate the position from the man, and even it the nature of the case did not make it next to impossible to do so, few will look beyond the circumstance to the fact that the laws are paramount to the minister. This disrespect and distrust of officials must naturally lead to a disposition strong in some and weak in others, to disregard the laws, and it is here that we find the dangerous germs of lawlessness. The effect is not so perceptible from the cause implied, as those of more direct and immediate origin, but are just as certain and just as dangerous. The source can be traced from the policeman sleeping his time away under the friendly shelter of a doorway, back to an unbroken chain to the head of our legal system. Because it seldom crops out in the interval is no sign that the connection is not perfect.

This question of the cause of lawlessness has yet a more direct bearing in the administration of local affairs, of which more hereafter. FARNSTOCK.

It is more than likely that some of our Natchez friends will notice the Southern country is almost overrun with negro preachers, who are multiplying by scores and hundreds. The colored people have a mania for titles or handles to their names, the latter being the favorite handle by a considerable majority.

Another Constitutional Question.

Editor Vicksburg Post:

It is announced that Mr. Cameron, Representative in the Legislature from Lauderdale county, has been appointed Commissioner of Swamp Lands, vice John M. Smylie, resigned.

The constitutionality of this appointment may well be questioned. Indeed it seems to have been made in violation of a plain provision of the Constitution expressly prohibiting such an appointment. The provision referred to is in these words:

"No Senator or Representative during the term for which he was elected, shall be appointed to any office of profit under this State which shall have been created or the emoluments of which have been increased during the time such Senator or Representative was in office, except such office as may be filled by an election of the people." Constitution of Mississippi, art. 4, sec. 38.

At the late session of the Legislature, which, though "regular," was very extraordinary, an Act was passed entitled "an Act in relation to fees and perquisites of the Swamp Land Commissioner of this State," the first section of which provides:

"That the Commissioner of Swamp Lands may charge all persons, as compensation for his services, (in addition to the salary now provided by law) who desire certified copies of any transcripts of any records in his office, the same fees as are now allowed the Chancery Clerks of this State for certified copies and transcripts of any records in their offices. And for each township map including land marks and field notes he shall be entitled to receive a sum not to exceed three dollars."

Mr. Cameron was a member of the Legislature when this Act was passed, and doubtless gave it his support. If the effect of the Act is to increase the emoluments of the office of Commissioner of Swamp Lands, which was evidently its purpose, it follows that Mr. Cameron's appointment was FORBIDDEN BY THE CONSTITUTION. What, then, are his rights and powers?

INQUIRER.

Senator Morgan's Speech.

A careful analysis of Senator Morgan's speech in opposition to the Blair educational bill shows that the following are his real objections, viz:

First, he opposes the Blair bill because he is in favor of free trade: second, he is opposed to negro suffrage, and, therefore, opposes their education by the Government; third, he is in favor of the colonization or transportation of the negroes, and, therefore, there is no need for their education. In view of the Senator's conscientious scruples as to the power of Congress to make the appropriation, his vagaries in regard to the franchise, colonization and transportation are truly refreshing, not to say ridiculous. While professing to revere the constitution, he consumes hours in the promulgation of ideas and theories which are squarely in the very teeth of the spirit and letter of the constitution.

The question of slavery was settled by the arbitrament of the sword, and is now prohibited by the thirteenth amendment to the Constitution. By the fourteenth amendment, "All persons born or naturalized in the United States, and subject to the jurisdiction thereof, are citizens of the United States and of the States wherein they reside," and by the fifteenth amendment the elective franchise is conferred upon the freedmen of the South. Now as these colored people "are citizens of the United States and of the States wherein they reside," they have a constitutional right to remain in the United States and in any State that they may select as a place of residence, and any scheme looking to the coerced colonization or transportation of these people would be in plain and palpable violation of these rights. The colored man has the same right of residence and pursuit of happiness here that Mr. Morgan or any other citizen has. His right of residence here is as clear and unequivocal as his right of suffrage.

It is certainly very indiscreet for a Southern Senator to make a speech in the Senate, or elsewhere, propounding theories in direct conflict with the constitutional right of the colored men of the South, and especially on the eve of the Presidential election. The Southern people have accepted the amendments in good faith, and they are not represented by any one upon that subject who is disposed to agitate any question thereby concluded and settled.

We cannot understand the ethics of the Senator when he opposes the Blair bill on constitutional grounds, which, if they exist all, are very vague and indefinite, and yet in the same breath flies in the face of the constitution in regard to a matter about which there can be no doubt whatever. Not only so, but such a speech from such a source is calculated to do the South great harm. But the truth of the matter is that Morgan, Beck and others opposed this bill, not on account of any real objectionable features contained in it, but that they might remove every obstacle out of the way of their free-trade policy, and indeed Mr. Beck made the discussion of the bill an opportunity to air his views on the tariff.

The country will not be slow to perceive the unfair and narrow-minded tactics, resorted to by the opposition to a measure intended to benefit the whole country. The speech of Mr. Morgan will make an effective campaign document for the Republicans in the coming contest.—Birmingham Age.

A DEMOCRATIC conference is to be held in Baltimore the last of this month, to take reckonings for the party. It is expected there will be present Sam'l J. Tilden, Henry B. Payne, Sam. Randall, Abram S. Hewitt, Joseph E. McDonald, John C. Gordon, Henry Watterson, Frank Hurd, Wm. R. Morrison, Chas. A. Dana, and Senators Gibson, Bayard, Voorhees, Vest, Gorman, Lamar, Morgan, Camden, Garland, Vance, and other distinguished Democrats.

PRESS OPINIONS.

Randall gets the Keystone. May not Democracy's sober second thought place it in the arch.—Philadelphia Times.

The wisdom, the self-reliant courage and the fidelity to conviction that have distinguished Mr. Randall's course for many years in Congress have never been more apparent than since last December. —New York Sun.

Mr. Bayard is the ideal free trader. He defines protection as "legalized communism." Mr. Bayard spoke with all his might and voted early and often to sustain the match monopoly, the most odious and indefensible that ever had an existence in America.—Avalanche.

Randall is the ablest leader of the party in the lower branch of Congress, and the most popular Democrat in Pennsylvania. His hands are clean and his record is good. Randall and Reform would make a good campaign cry.—New York Journal.

Most of the papers of the State have spoken for a tariff for revenue only. A few, claiming to be Democratic train with the Randall faction. The party will be compelled to decide this issue. What then will those do who have already committed themselves to a contrary policy? For ourselves, we are with those who are for tariff reduction, regardless of party name,—Kosciusko Star.

We presume the valuable time of the President of the Press Association is so much taken up with the affairs of the World's Cotton Centennial that such a small matter as the meeting of the Press Association has escaped his memory. However we would suppose that some of his "subs" in the home office at Vicksburg might issue the aforesaid proclamation.—Pascagoula Democrat.

The "mugwump" is a New England product. It is a little bird in a big place, who has not been found out. It is also a big man—in his mind, who labors under the impression that the place is a big one, and he the only big man in it. The mugwump because his father was, or by marrying a mugwumpess. They are said to feed on political pap and office pickings.—Chicago Herald.

Conway says the wool vote in Congress will cause the Democrats to lose Ohio by 50,000 majority, and will lose them California and Colorado. It may not be as bad as that. The country has already discounted the idiocy of this Congress, and is waiting to hear from the Democratic National Convention. With the Ohio platform and Hancock or Randall the Democratic party has a fighting chance. Watterson, Carlisle and Morrison have the Democratic end of Congress in their control, but the Convention will be a bigger thing than they can handle. —Avalanche.

In its simple party aspect, however, the Convention has served an important purpose. It has defined Mr. Randall's leadership more clearly and more specifically than it has ever been shown before. It has proclaimed him the foremost exponent of his party's faith and given him a vote of confidence which, while it may fall short of the object it aims at, cannot fail to make him a factor of almost dictatorial power in the councils which are to mould and direct the Democratic party in the contest for the Presidency.—Philadelphia Press.

The path of the "great criminal lawyer," who makes it a specialty to secure the acquittal of persons who are known to be guilty, will not be one of roses for a time. He is a moral leper, a disgrace to an honorable profession, a worse offender against society than the criminal he "defends." He must go.—[Indianapolis Journal.] But he will not go. The criminal lawyer is a great necessity, and when our son or our brother shall commit a crime we shall hasten to him and pour money into his lap, regardless of the guilt of our son or brother. The criminal lawyer will work so long as there is somebody to pay him.—Courier-Journal.

The time for waving the bloody shirt has certainly passed, and the great soldier who bore Robert E. Lee over the sword can subscribe his unqualified indorsement to a benediction for the disbanded veterans of Lee's army.—Washington Post.

No one has waved or intends to wave the bloody shirt, but there is a very decided sentiment on the part of Republicans that Copiah county outrages should cease, and a free election and honest count be adopted in the South. They think that such papers as the Vicksburg Herald should denounce the Southern Democratic leaders for declaring that those those who undertake to organize a party hostile to the Democracy in such States as Mississippi will be shot. There is no bloody shirt about this.—Boston Journal.

IT is going hard with Captain Schoonhoven in newspaper criticism and public estimate. More than these, the reports of his practical seafaring men acquainted with the coast are unfavorable to the commander of the Steinmann. While we acknowledge bravery we must sympathize with suffering. The gallantry of Schoonhoven when disaster occurred does not absolve him of the responsibilities due to recklessness more than to ignorance. He knew the dangers of the coast; he was without "observation" for days, and had to depend on dead-reckoning for his position and course; the storm was high and the sea was heavy, and no competent orer in his senses should have been misled by any light, when "lying to" or putting back was the only safe alternative.—N. Y. Star.

If theoretical politicians will close their wild clamor for just a little while the good plain Democratic people of this country can easily fashion a platform upon which a Northern man and a Southern man, a Protectionist and a free trader, a Sippian, can harmoniously stand, and we hail the Allentown movement as a step in that direction.

This much can be said for Mr. Randall, he is the warm friend of the Southern man, of spotless woman and a Democrat who can make a decided inroad in the Republican ranks. We do not wonder at the wild enthusiasm of the Pennsylvanians for their great hero.—State Ledger.

A COLORED couple convicted in the Circuit Court at Canton, of unlawful cohabitation, made things straight with the law by tieing the Judge to perform the marriage ceremony. The District Attorney paid for the license.—Lexington Advertiser.

H. B. BRUSER,
TIN, COPPER AND SHEET-IRON WORKER.
Hardware Tinware Stoves
Pumps, Grates Mantels, Etc. Etc
may5 159 Washington Street, Vicksburg.

Something the People Need!
FRESH
ROASTED COFFEE,
Roasted Daily in HYDE'S PATENT ROASTER, at my Store, Corner South and Washington Streets.
Price 20 Cts. per Pound!
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Cotton Factors,
AND WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
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Vicksburg, Miss.
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LEE RICHARDSON, JR
IS PREPARED TO SELL
DIMENSION LUMBER
FROM LANDING AT GLASS BAYOU, THIS CITY; also,
Sash, Doors, Blinds, Mouldings, T. and G. Flooring and Ceiling
Orders addressed to the undersigned will be promptly filled.
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WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN
Staple and Fancy Groceries
WINES, LIQUORS, CIGARS & TOBACCO,
Corner of South and Washington Streets, - - - - - VICKSBURG, MISS
I respectfully ask an examination of my stock, which I think will convince all that I have one of the largest and best assorted to be found.
Fine Teas, Coffee and Choice Butter are Among my Specialties
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And desire to give full satisfaction. J. PACE AND P. FREE

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I cordially invite a comparison of Work and Prices, believing mine to be the Best and Cheapest.
—ALSO DEALER IN—
WATCHES, DIAMONDS AND SILVERWARE
SPECIALTIES IN SPECTACLES.

CITATION NOTICE.
STATE OF MISSISSIPPI, WARREN COUNTY, } CHANCERY COURT.
Chas. Hutcherson, Complainant, vs. Amanda Thomas Hutcherson, Defendant.
YOU are commanded to appear before the Chancery Court of Warren in said State, on the
First Monday of May, 1884.
To defend the suit, in said Court of Chas. Hutcherson, wherein you are defendant.
Witness my hand and seal of said Court, this, the 27th day of March, A. D. 1884.
GEO. T. HARDY, Clerk.
WM. W. FOSTER, D. C.
SIMRALL & SIMRALL,
Solicitors for Complainant. Th-m27-4t

PACIFIC HOUSE,
VINCENT IAZZA, Proprietor
Washington St., Vicksburg, Miss.
CONVENIENT TO RAILROAD
Depot, Landing, Post, Telegraph and Express Offices and to Business Houses.
The House is open all Night.
The House has been renovated and refurnished throughout.
Tables supplied with the best the market affords. Patronage respectfully solicited. Polite and careful attention given to guests.

NEW CLOTHING & DRY GOODS HOUSE
L. MARKS AND L. WEINBERG
Have formed a copartnership, under the name and style of
CLOTHING
Dry Goods Business
Nos. 207 and 209 WASHINGTON STREET,
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MISS ADDIE FLETCHER,
Fashionable Dressmaker.
Orders from the country solicited. Satisfaction given.
PRICES MODERATE.
132 Washington Street,
Up Stairs.

SIGNAL SERVICE REPORT.
LOCAL WEATHER REPORT.

TIME.	BAR.	THR.	HUM	WIND	W'THR.
6:00 a. m.	29.94	62	93	S. E.	Cloudy.
2:00 p. m.	29.94	71	76	S. E.	Clear.
6:00 p. m.	29.86	81	54	S. W.	Clear.
10:00 p. m.	29.78	79	63	S. E.	Fair.
2:00 p. m.	29.78	78	76	S. E.	Clear.

	1883.	1884
Maximum thermometer	85.6	83.0
Minimum thermometer	69.5	56.5
Mean temperature	77.1	72.7
Rainfall	.00	.00

STAGE OF RIVERS.
WAR DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER,
April 13, 1 p.m. Washington time.
The following observations were taken at the same moment of time at all the stations named:

STATIONS.	Above low water. Feet	In's	Changes. Rise In's	Fall In's
Cairo, Ill	30	1	...	7
Cincinnati	6	6	...	4
Davenport, Iowa	21	10	...	13
Keokuk, Iowa	10	2	...	20
Leavenworth, Iowa	12	1	...	1
Nashville	12	3	...	...
Omaha, Iowa	6	9	...	4
Pittsburgh	14	2	...	...
Rock Island	7	4	...	6
St. Louis	9	3	...	6
St. Paul	22	2	...	2
Vicksburg	7	6	...	10
New Orleans	1	3	...	5
Memphis	10	5	...	2
Helena	5	7	...	7
Little Rock	16	7	...	3
Fort Smith	27	2	...	1
Galveston	6	10	...	3
Corpus Christi	45	7	...	1
Brownsville	...	...	...	...
Jackson, D. T.	...	...	...	...

Below high water of 1874. *Frozen.

RIVER WATER AT VICKSBURG IN FORMER YEARS.
Highest water '42, above zero, 51 1-10 feet.
Highest water '67, above zero, 49 feet.
Highest water '74, above zero, 49 ft. 8 inches
Highest water '75, above zero, 43 feet.
Highest water '76, above zero, 44 ft. 10 inches
Highest water '80, above zero, 45 ft. 2 inches
Highest water '81, above zero, 44 ft. 10 inches
Highest water '82, above zero, 48 ft. 9 ft.
Highest water '83, above zero, 43 ft. 10 inches

HIGH WATER OF 1884.

Stations.	Date of Highest Point.	Highest point Reached.
Cairo	Feb. 26, 1882...	51 ft. 9 inches
Chattanooga	Jan. 19, 1882...	40 ft. 2 inches
Cincinnati	Feb. 21, 1882...	58 ft. 6 inches
Davenport	Dec. 3, 1881...	10 ft. 1 inch
Helena, Ark.	March 9, 1882...	47 ft. 3 inches
Keokuk	Nov. 29, 1881...	11 ft. 6 inches
Little Rock	Feb. 24, 1882...	21 ft. 6 inches
Nashville	Feb. 22, 1882...	37 ft. 2 inches
Omaha	March 16, 1882...	36 ft. 6 inches
Pittsburgh	Jan. 22, 1882...	54 ft. 7 inches
New Orleans	March 27, 1882	5 inches
Memphis	March 16, 1882...	28 ft. 3 inches
Vicksburg	March 20, 1882	48 ft. 9 inches

Below high water of 1874.

THE RIVER.

ARRIVED.
Arkansas City, from St. Louis.
City of Baton Rouge, from St. Louis.
City of Natchez, from Cincinnati.
Duquesne, from Greenville.
E. C. Carroll, Jr., from Tallahatchie.
John F. Halpin, from Davis Bend.
Mary Houston, from Tallulah, La.
Capt. Miller, from Natchez.
Tom Duke and tow, from New Orleans.
Vicksburg Packet, from Lake Washington.
City of New Orleans, from New Orleans.
Tributary and barge, from Lake Washington.
W. P. Thompson, from Lake Washington.

DEPARTED.
City of Baton Rouge, for New Orleans.
T. P. Schenck, for New Orleans.
John F. Halpin, for Davis Bend.
Capt. Miller, for Natchez.
Harry and barge, for Big Deer Creek.
Tom Duke and tow, for Pittsburg.
City of New Orleans, for St. Louis.

BOATS DUE TO-DAY.
Big Deer Creek, Deer Creek to Vicksburg.
City of Yazoo, New Orleans to V'burg.
City of St. Louis, New Orleans to St. Louis.
Mary Houston, N. O. to Cincinnati.

BOATS LEAVING TO-DAY.
For Little Deer Cree—Ike Bonham, 5 p.m
For Greenville—Issaquena, 5 p.m.
For Tallahatchie—Lumberman, 5 p.m.
For St. Louis—City of New Orleans.
For Cincinnati—New Mary Houston, 5 p.m.
For Deer Creek—Dew Drop, 5 p.m.

BOATS DUE TO-MORROW.
From Memphis, St. Louis to New Orleans
BOATS LEAVING TO-MORROW.
For St. Louis—Vicksburg City, 11 a.m.
For New Orleans—City of Yazoo, 5 p.m.
For Tallahatchie—E. C. Carroll, 5 p.m.
For Tallulah—J. R. Williams, 1 p.m.

NOTES.
Fred. Hartman is Steward of the City of Yazoo.
The R. R. Springer is the next Ohio steamer due down.
All passenger locomotives on the Bee line are to have steamboat whistles.
Issaquena has a dozen electric lights on the levee. Memphis has four gas ones.
The Chas. Morgan has been given a run in the Southern Transportation line.
It is to leave Cincinnati next Saturday.
The P. Line steamer Deer Creek, Capt Pare, is due to-day from Deer Creek with a fine trip.
It costs the Government $187,000 a year to maintain lights and buoys on the Ohio, Mississippi and Missouri rivers.
The City of New Orleans is the next Anchor Line passing here for Cincinnati during the day from below.
The Tom Duke and tow, from New Orleans passed to Pittsburg yesterday afternoon after adding 4 empty barges to her tow.
The U. S. mail boat Capt. Miller left here from below this morning, and for Natchez and all mail landings at 10 o'clock.
Capt. John F. Halpin (Capt Quackenbush) got away at 10 o'clock this morning from Davis Bend with a good trip. She left Wednesday.
The City of Yazoo, Capt. B. S. Leatherbury, will arrive from New Orleans this evening and return to-morrow at 5 p.m. with a good trip in sight.
The through Anchor Line steamer City of Vicksburg, from St. Louis for New Orleans, early last night passed Delta.

The Tributary and barge, Capt. Jno. Mulholland, arrived from Lake Washington last night with a good trip. She will receive at the Wharfboat and returns again Wednesday.

The new Anchor Line steamer City of Bayou Sara, now building at Jeffersonville, will arrive at St. Louis June 1st. Capt. W. W. Baker, now on the John A. Scudder, will command her.

The O. Line steamer U. P. Schenk Capt. J. L. Carter, arrived from Cincinnati early yesterday morning, and after discharging a good freight on the wharfboat left for New Orleans at noon.

The New Mary Houston left New Orleans with 60 cabin passengers and a big through freight. She is advertised to pass here for Cincinnati this evening at 5 o'clock. For freight or passage see Capt. W. S. Jones.

The U. S. mail boat Capt. Miller will make daylight trips between here and Natchez, both ways, leaving here at 8 a.m. sharp, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, and Natchez Tuesdays Thursdays and Saturdays, at same hours.

The favorite Vicksburg and Greenville packet Issaquena, Cap. H. C. Marionneaux, Frank Steigleman clerk, is receiving at the wharfboat to-day, and leaves at 5 p.m. for all way and plantation landings in the Bends as high as Greenville.

The Tributary and barges arrived at 10 o'clock last night from Lake Washington with 84 bales of cotton and 1,348 cotton seed for New Orleans. She will leave again for Lake Washington Wednesday. Notice of the hour will be given to-morrow.

The artistic Arkansas City from St. Louis, Capt. H. W. Brolaski, arrived last night with 5,738 packages and several people, and is the Tuesday Anchor Liner leaving the Elevator at 11 a.m. for Memphis, Cairo, St. Louis, and all mail landings.

The J. H. Williams, Capt. R. H. Bowman, arrived from Tallulah yesterday evening with 411 sacks of cotton seed for Warren Oil Mills, 100 coon skins and 3 packages of freight. She will receive at the foot of China street, and probably get away at noon to-morrow.

The City of New Orleans, besides the big freight mentioned in yesterday's T. D., had 55 passengers from here. Messrs. J. W. Henry, H. C. Ewing and J. F. Phillips, Justices of the Supreme Court of the State of Missouri, who came down with their families on the New Orleans, left yesterday by rail for St. Louis.

The E. C. Carroll, Jr., Capt. Tom Smith, arrived from the Tallahatchie this morning with 178 bales of cotton and 11 sacks of seed. for New Orleans. She will receive at the Wharfboat and is the regular Tuesday P. Line packet for the Yazoo and Tallahatchie rivers, as high as Sharkey's, going through Tchula Lake, leaving at 5 p.m.

The light-draft steamer Headlight, Capt. Geo. W. Bookout, arrived from Sunflower river early this morning with 27 bales of cotton, 2,843 staves for New Orleans, 11 bales of cotton for town. 1 bale of cotton and 695 sacks of cotton seed and sundries for Memphis. She returns again Wednesday to Sunflower river going as high as Clarksdale and leaving at 4 p.m.

The steamer W. P. Thompson arrived from Grand Lake at 12:30 last night and leaves for St. Joseph (La.) at 7 or 8 o'clock this evening, to take a big lot of lumber to that place. This is a special trip. The lumber is from Spengler's mill and is about 55,000 feet. The boat will be back in time to leave here for Grand Lake on her regular time Wednesday evening at 4 o'clock. We understand most of this lumber is for a plank road back of St. Josephs.

CLIPPINGS.

On receiving the sad news of the death of Capt. B. F. Littrell, Capt. Leathers said: "Littrell was one of the best men I ever had in my employ. A skillful and safe pilot, a sober, even tempered man, and knowing his many other good traits of character as I do, I can appreciate the loss to his family, with whom I most sincerely sympathize."

The Times-Democrat: The Patrol is still in sight from the levee, lying on the lower side of the Davis' crevasse near the woods. It is three and a half miles through the woods from where she lays to Lake Salvador, where there is 15 feet of water. But the task of cutting a road through is about as serious as would be the attempt to get her back through the crevasse.

FOURTEEN Southern Senators voted for the educational bill, to-wit: Garland of Arkansas, George of Mississippi, Ransom of Tennessee, Eustis of Louisiana, Jones and Call of Florida, Hampton of South Carolina, Kenna of West Virginia, Colquitt and Brown of Georgia, Riddleberger of Virginia, Williams of Kentucky and Pugh of Alabama. Lamar of Mississippi and Gibson of Louisiana were not present when the final vote was taken but they delivered able speeches for the measure. It is probable we shall hear no more of "States-rights" lunacy.—Memphis Avalanche.

UNCLE SIMON CAMERON is a shrewd man. Speaking of Blaine's efforts to get the Chicago nomination, he said: "When the people have anything to give, they'll give it, and without any person's persistent seeking." Let every politician read this and paste it in his hat.—Boston Herald.

As things now look an adjournment in August is fully as probable as one in June. The Democrats of the House have wasted valuable time over the Fitz John Porter bill and other bills, and have given a pretext.—Atlanta (Ga.) Constitution.

STEAMBOATS.
ANCHOR LINE.
For Memphis, Cairo and St. Louis.
THE U. S. MAIL STEAMER
ARKANSAS CITY,
H. W. BROLASKI.....Master
C. S. QUESNEL.....Clerk
Leaves for St. Louis TUESDAY, the 15th of April at 11 a.m., connecting at Arkansas City with the Arkansas City Railroad for Pine Bluff, Little Rock, Hot Springs, upper Arkansas river, Fort Smith, and the Indian Territory. Careful attention to way and plantation business. For freight or passage apply on board or to
E. C. CARROLL,
Superintendent Elevator Company.
W. S. JONES,
Superintendent Wharfboat Company.
EUGENE PLATT,
my4 Freight and Passenger Agent.

For Memphis, Cairo, Louisville and Cincinnati.
NEW MAY HOUSTON,
ELLIOTT MILLER.....Master
FRANK MILLER.....Clerk
Will leave MONDAY, April 14th, at 5 p.m. For freight and or passage apply to W. S. JONES, Superintendent of the Wharfboat and Elevator Company.
ap14

PARISOT LINE.
CARRYING THE U. S. MAILS.
For Yazoo River.
Steamers will leave as follows:
For Belzoni and Greenwood every FRIDAY at 5 p.m.
For upper Yazoo and Tallahatchie every TUESDAY at 5 p.m., going through Tchula lake.
E. C. CARROLL, Superintendent.
W. S. JONES, Agent. ja19

SARGENT'S LINE.
Warrenton, Newton & Point Pleasant
Steamer JOHN F. HALPIN,
W. H. Sargent.....Master
A. H. Sargent, Jr.....Clerk
Will leave Vicksburg promptly every MONDAY and THURSDAY, at 10 o'clock, for all Davis Bend landings. Also connecting with the Parisot and Anchor Line steamers, and with the Vicksburg & Meridian and L., N. O. & T. Railroad at Vicksburg. Patronage respectfully solicited from the Vicksburg merchants. W. S. JONES, Agent.
nov1

Regular Vicksburg, Natchez and New Orleans Packet,
The f

The Vicksburg Evening Post.

VOLUME II. VICKSBURG, MISSISSIPPI, TUESDAY, APRIL 15, 1884. NUMBER 91.

AMUSEMENTS.

GRAND
Character × Concert
—AND—
TABLEAUX!
Under the Auspices of the Ladies of the M. E. Church, at the
OPERA HOUSE
—ON—
Tuesday, April 15th, 1884,
FOR ONE NIGHT ONLY.

The best amateur talent of the city has kindly volunteered for the occasion.

The proceeds of the entertainment will be devoted to church repairs.

ADMISSION $1.00.

Reserved seats can be procured at Baum's and Clarke's bookstores. ap9

CHEAP COLUMN.

LOST.

LOST—On April 2d, on Cherry, Crawford or Walnut street, a point lace handkerchief. The finder will be liberally rewarded by returning it to this office. 4-5

WANTED.

WANTED.—SCHOOLS! TEACHERS!! Schools in need of competent teachers, and teachers in search of situations should address the Central Educational Bureau, R. K. JAYNE, Secretary, Jackson, Miss. ap2

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE CHEAP—One vacant lot corner Third North and Jackson streets, and two small houses and lots fronting Second North street. Also for sale or rent one dwelling fronting on Jackson street, between lots above named. Apply at this office, or on premises to ap14-1w MRS. JANE E. BROWN.

FOR SALE—Brown, Leghorn Eggs for hatching. Fresh and pure. ap7-1w At H. H. KAIN'S.

FOR SALE—New Cottage in good neighborhood, containing 3 rooms with hall and gallery, kitchen, stable and garden. Lot 150x150 feet, all under new fence. Apply at this office. m25

FOR SALE—A cottage residence on East street, containing four rooms 18x20, hall 12 feet, kitchen, fine cistern and fine orchard; lot 64x132 feet. Apply to R. P. WILSON, on premises. m28

FOR SALE—The LOT on the north-east corner of Cherry and Grove sts. Apply to THOMAS MOUNT. mh19

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—A large airy, comfortably-furnished Room, opening on a gallery; 5 minutes walk from Washington street. Apply at this office. ap10

FOR RENT—Two large Rooms, kitchen, outhouses, good yard and cistern. Apply at this office. ap5-1w

FOR RENT—Nice house with three rooms, kitchen, good cistern and yard; possession given April 6th Apply to JOS. SPENGLER, Cherry street crossing. m31-1w

FOR SALE OR RENT—60 Acres good land, one and a half miles from town, with plenty of wood and water. Apply at this office, or to R. P. WILSON, Vicksburg, Miss. m24-2w

FOR RENT—Three rooms and a small kitchen. Large yard and good cistern. Ten dollars per month. Apply at this office. mh26

THE SATISFACTION

Of sitting under one's own vine and fig tree pays the largest dividend of any investment. It is the best kind of life insurance. It is the best medicine in sickness. It enables a man to die easier, and robs death of one of the principal terrors to linger on the loved ones we must leave behind us have a roof of their own over their heads which cannot be taken from them.

If you cannot buy a house and lot, you can at least make a commencement by investing $25 in a lot in Speed's Addition, and pay the balance in $5 monthly installments. No better opportunity to buy a home or to make a safe investment in Vicksburg is likely to occur than that now presented by the unprecedented terms upon which these lots are sold. sept

LOCAL ITEMS.

"BEE-HIVE" to-night.

THERE will be dancing at the Beehive to-night.

NEW residences are going up in all parts of the city.

THE "Magazine" will be in full blast to-night, and the 4-10s in session.

MR. JULIUS PIAZZA is at home after a week's sojourn at Crystal Springs.

MR. WM. GILLESPIE, the insurance man, of Jackson, is at the Pacific to-day.

CAPT. W. S. FARISH, the able District Attorney of the river district, is in town.

GYPSEY Tableaux and Big Four quartette to-morrow night at the Opera-House.

AT the "Bee-Hive" an elegant cake is to be voted to the most popular fire company.

MR. WILSON BELL, the boss merchant of the flourishing town of Bovina, is in the city to-day.

PROCEEDS of the Concert to-morrow night go to the repair fund of the Methodist Church.

RESERVED seats for the Grand Concert at Baum & Co.'s, and Clarke & Co.'s Bookstores.

THE losses of Mr. Julius Horner, occasioned by the recent fire, were adjusted and paid on Saturday.

MR. SAM KORY, of the firm of A. Kory, leaves for New Orleans to-night to purchase his Spring stock.

THE Mozart Orchestra will hold a meeting to-night, when the date for their concert will be fixed.

THE painting of the Constitution engine has been completed. It will make an excellent appearance on Parade Day.

CONSTANTINE COMMANDERY of Colored Knights Templar paraded the streets of Natchez on Sunday in elegant uniform.

WM. OWENS, who shot David Martin, was committed to jail by 'Squire Lowenberg to await the action of the Grand Jury.

AN ELEGANTLY executed lithograph of the Cincinnat riot is for sale at Baum's at the extremely low price of ten cents.

THE B. F. Q. alias The "Pony Team" alias The Big Four, represent the "Federland" at the Tuesday night character concert.

A HORSE ran away with a buck-wagon belonging to Mr. Henry David, this morning on Washington street, injuring the vehicle somewhat. Nobody hurt.

MANUEL LOWENBURG, a son of Mr. Marx Lowenburg, was thrown from a frightened horse on Cherry street yesterday, and received some severe bruises.

THE steamer J. H. Williams, leaves at noon to-morrow for Tallulah and way landings. Shippers will please take notice and have their freight down early.

ATTENTION of boatmen navigating the Yazoo river is called to the notice in regard to the L., N. O. & T. draw bridge, published elsewhere.

AN entertainment will be given for the benifit of Christ Church to-morrow night at the residence of Miss Dewy, opposite the Presbyterian Church. Admission 10 cents.

THE steamer Mary Houston due up, telegraphs from Natchez that she will be here en route to Cincinnati at 9 o'clock this evening. W. C. O'Hara is her passenger agent.

MESSRS. SANFORD A. BURNEY, of New York, and P. G. Bartlett, of Washington, two artists who are touring the South, were in the city yesterday, and took in the National Cemetery.

WM. CURLETT and John Bradley, New Orleans; W. H. Shelton and J. M. McCaleb, Rolling Fork; Chas. Weiss, man, Duncansby; J. A. Cannon, and A. J. Sterriey, Greenville, are at the LaMadrid.

MRS. DR. O. S. IGLEHART, Mrs. J. H. Gray, Miss Lelia McCutchen, Miss Annie Wright, Miss Asher, Miss Bowmar, Miss Andrews, are among those that will take part in grand Character Concert Tuesday night.

J. M. QUIN, Arcola; W. H. Teat, Meridian; A. R. Nichols, Brunswick; Simpson Williams, agent for Zern Semon; Max Mock, La.; M. Levy, Miss.; Colin Selph, Va.; W. P. Wade, St. Louis; and J. A. Craft, Loudon, Ky., were among the names registered at the Pacific this morning.

OFFICER HENDERSON yesterday arrested a colored boy for stealing a hat from another boy, and was proceeding with him to the lock-up, when at Baum's corner the prisoner made a bold dash for liberty. He was pursued by the officer, but in his hurry the boy didn't observe another officer at the other end of square, into whose arms he ran, and was re-arrested.

EASTER.

AT THE HOLY TRINITY.

The Holy Trinity, though a very large church, had its seating capacity taxed to the utmost on yesterday. The congregation turned out in full force, and there were also a great number of people there from the other churches, the latter no doubt attracted by the fine music rendered by the choir of that church on such occasions. The altar and chancel were beautifully adorned and decorated with flowers and rare plants, which, with the beautiful memorial windows and the large and magnificent organ, made the church look lovely. The music was even finer than had been anticipated by those who went there to hear something fine. The fact that Mrs. Dr. Iglehurt had drilled the choir in its rehearsals and sang with it is all that need be said as to how the choir acquitted itself. Mrs. Iglehart's solo, "The Resurrection," at the offertory, was simply grand.

The same music will be repeated on next Sunday, with the exception that a venite, an unusually fine specie of music, will be sung that was not yesterday.

Bishop Adams delivered an eloquent sermon, appropriate to the occasion. A beautiful and impressive speaker at all times, he even surpassed himself on yesterday.

On next Sunday Bishop Thompson will be in the city, and will hold services at Holy Trinity Church at 11 o'clock in the morning.

AT CHRIST CHURCH

yesterday the following programme was rendered:

Anthem—"Christ our Passover"—Chapel.
Gloria No. 1—Mozart.
Glorias No. 2 and 3—Sieboth.
Te Deum in B—Millard.
Festival Jubilate—Shuey.
Hymn—Goodrich.
Kyrie—Rogers.
Gloria Tibi—Fairbanks.
"He is Risen"—Dressler.
Offertory "Christ the Lord is Risen today"—Lloyd.

The choir consisted of the following well-known vocalists: Sopranos—Misses Wright, Allen and Royal; altos—Mrs. Clack and Misses Mosby and Bowen; tenor—Mr. Julius Lohman; bassos—A. L. Jordan and J. V. R. Cramer.

AT ST. PAUL'S.

The choir yesterday contained the following members:

Sopranos—Miss Lizzie Bruser, Miss Mary Darlignac, Miss Mollie Rodge, Mrs. Ulm.

Altos—Miss Tinie Theobald, Miss Minnie Henry.

Tenors—Dr. R. O'Leary, Mr. Tom Geary.

Bass—Mr. W. H. Bruser, Mr. Jas. Botto.

Organist—Mrs. J. Spengler.

"Farmer's Mass" with Gounod's "Sanctus" was rendered in beautiful style.

Christ Church Vestrymen.

At an election held to-day by the congregation of Christ Church, for nine Vestrymen, the following gentlemen were elected to serve during the ensuing year: E. D. Farrar, Frederic Speed, J. F. Baum, A. Warner, J. B. Browne, A. M. Lea, W. O. Worrell, H. Wright, Jr., L. Hoffman.

Police Court.

The fines imposed in the Mayor's Court this morning amounted to $225. Geo. Perkins, the irrepressible chicken thief, was fined $100. He was arrested last night by Capt. Newt Stevenson, with two stolen chickens in his possession. There was a goodly number of sinners before the court for minor offences.

Coming in State.

The Yazoo City Hook and Ladder Fire Company has chartered the steamer Alert and barges, and will "excurt" to our town in regal style. We shall be glad to have them with us, and they will be a feature of the Parade.

RUHMAN & CO.,
Tailors and Importers,
WASHINGTON STREET.

A complete stock of Spring and Summer goods now on hand, including many SPECIALTIES FOR THE SEASON.

FINE SUITS, all shades and grades, and latest styles. Spring Overcoats, to suit sudden changes of the weather.

BOYS' and CHILDREN'S CLOTHING In larger variety and more perfect workmanship than ever before. Special attention is asked to this department.

Unequalled stock of Hats and Gents' Furnishing Goods.

FULL LINE of PIECE GOODS. Trouserings, etc., and "the best cutter in the South." Fit and workmanship guaranteed. ap11-1w

For Tallulah and Way Landings.

The steamer J. H. Williams leaves at 12 o'clock to-morrow for Tallulah, via Davis' Bend and Brushy and Roundaway Bayous.
a14 CAPT. ROBT. BOWMAN, Master.

Gnat Oil.

Thirty barrels of first-class Gnat Oil at HARDAWAY & CASSELL'S
ap2 Drugstore.

The Concert To-morrow Night.

The following programme will be rendered at the Character Concert to-morrow night at the Opera-house:

IRELAND.

Solo and Chorus—Claribel—Mr. Barnett and chorus.
Comic Solo—Apples and Praties—Mr. A. A. Edwards.
Piano Solo—Irish Diamonds—Pope—Miss Andrews.
Vocal Solo—Rory O'More—Mrs. Iglehart.
Tableau—The Gypsies.

GERMANY.

Quartette—The Knight's Farewell—Kinkel—Messrs. Reeves, Mount, Rockwood and Cowan.
Vocal Solo—Ninetta—Stiyelli—Miss Lelia McCutchen.
Duet—Piano and Violin—Minuet Sonata, Schubert—Mr. and Miss Bowmar.
Vocal Solo—Sleep Well, Sweet Angel—Abt—Mr. Barnett.
Vocal Solo—Prayer from Der Freischutz—Mrs. Grey.
Piano Solo—Schubert's Serenade—Arranged by Lizt—Miss Asher.
Vocal Solo—Perplexity—Abt—Mrs. Iglehart.

SCOTLAND.

Vocal Solo—Better Bide a' Wee—Miss Annie Wright.
Vocal Solo—John Anderson, My Jo, John—Mrs. Grey.
Vocal Solo—Comin' Thro' the Rye—Mrs. Iglehart.

Doors open at 7, curtain rises 8 o'clock.

R. F. BECK, President, THOS. MOUNT, Vice-Pres.
JNO. F. HALPIN, Secretary, W. O. WORRELL, Treas.

VICKSBURG
Building Association
STOCK IN THIS SOLID HOME INSTITUTION
PAYS BETTER THAN A SAVINGS BANK
AND ITS INVESTMENTS ARE
Fully Secured by Mortgages on Real Estate

Now is the time to subscribe. You cannot lose anything and you are certain to make a handsome profit.

The cost of Stock is $1 per month on each Share.

Ten shares of Stock in about eight years will be worth..... $1,000
The ten shares in eight years will have cost..... 960
Making a profit, on an investment averaging four years, of..... $40
Which is equal to 77 per cent. or 19¼ per cent. per annum.

The Association Cashes its Stock at any Time According to Equitable Rule

Persons having small amounts monthly to spare, say from $1 to $15, cannot do better than invest in this stock.

Capitalists will find it a profitable investment, realizing 18 to 20 per cent. per annum.

Property owners will increase the value of their property by subscribing to its stock, for it loans its funds to actual builders, and every new house built increases the value of property in its neighborhood.

Persons of moderate means who desire to build houses can borrow the money from the Association and pay it back in

MONTHLY PAYMENTS

Not Greater than the Usual Amounts Paid for Rent.

Books of Subscription to the Twelfth Series of Stock are now open at the office of the Secretary.

BLANKS'
Southern Photographic Gallery,
CLAY STREET, OVER EXPRESS OFFICE, VICKSBURG, MISS.

STRICTLY FIRST-CLASS PHOTOGRAPHS of all sizes and styles. Old pictures copied and enlarged to any size desired.

INSTANTANEOUS PICTURES TAKEN AT THIS GALLERY
Post Office Box 191.

JOHN B. CLARK. D. S. WRIGHT.
CLARKE & CO
WE invite your attention and solicit your inspection, as we feel assured that you will find it to your interest to do so before buying elsewhere. We buy direct from the manufacturers and first hands, consequently we will duplicate prices of North, South or West.

Our Line of Blank Books
Embraces Day Books, Journals, Ledgers, Cash Books, full and half bound; Draft, Note, Order and Receipt Books, Pass and Memorandum Books, Monthly and Weekly Time Books, Invoice and Bill Books, and all kinds and sizes of blank books.

Also Letter Paper, Bill and Account Paper, Envelopes, Inks, Pens, Pencils, etc.

Ladies' Stationery.
Our assortment is always large and the latest shades, shapes and kinds.

Artists' Materials.
Includes Oil, Water and China Painting Materials of every description, Brushes, Canvass, Plaques and Panels of all kinds. Also Art Novelties for Decoration.

Our Book Department.
We have a large assortment of School Books, Medical, Scientific, Law and Miscellaneous Books, also all the New Books as issued. Our

Musical Instruments
Includes Pianos, Organs, Guitars, Banjos, Accordions, etc. Italian and German strings for different kinds of instruments. Agents for Decker Bros. Pianos and Mason & Hamlin Organs.

Fancy Goods Department
Offers an elegant variety goods. Birthday and Congratulation Cards in large assortment.

Headquarters for Wall Paper, Picture Frames, Mouldings, &c. All the Choice Libraries, both old and new issues. Newspapers, Magazines, New Publications received daily.

All orders or communications per mail, boat or otherwise answered with promptness, and satisfaction guaranteed. Send for Price List and Catalogue.

CLARKE & CO.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
Booksellers, Stationers and Music Dealers
BLUE FRONT BOOK STORE, 149 WASHINGTON ST., VICKSBURG.

The Grand Character Concert.

The grandest musical and dramatic entertainment ever given in Vicksburg, will be the Character Concert Tuesday night.

Scenes in story song and verse, from three great nations will be presented, besides a "Gypsey Tableau." Of course it will be a grand affair and an eminent success, in proof of which we have only to refer to the matchless talent of the beautiful ladies who will participate.

There will be "character acting" and national songs from the German, Scotch and Irish.

Old Ireland with all her woes, her wit and humor, will be placed before us. For instance take one item from the programme: Vocal solo, Rory O'Moore, by Mrs. Iglehart. Here alone is a feast fit for the gods! A splendid opportunity in the hands, or rather voice of one of the sweetest and most artistic singers in the South.

Then the transcendentally philosophical Germans as known to history in THEIR highest musical productions will be rendered by OUR musical talent. And the brave Scots will be depicted in their moral ballads, their soft soul stirring, sweet music—those old Scotch songs that seem to mellow by age and that never fail to thrill the music-loving everywhere. Finally, the grand panorama of the "Gypsey Tableau" completes a programme at once brilliant and charming.

BRAND NEW
And cant-be-beaten styles of thoroughly first-rate Spring clothing now on the counters at our house. Men's suits, boy's suits, children's suits in all the latest shapes and colors. New furnishings and hats just in. The best styles we ever showed, and the lowest prices.

WARNER & SEARLES,
ap9 The Leading Clothiers.

Severe Storm.

A heavy shower, accompanied by a severe wind, struck this city about 2:45 o'clock this afternoon. Rain fell in torrents, and considerable damage was caused by the wind. The sheet-iron roofing of the Hunt building was blown loose and rolled up as if so much paper. During the heaviest wind a plank fifteen feet long was blown from the roof of H. B. Bruser's store with great force, and lacked but a few inches of striking a passing cab. As we go to press we are unable to compute the damage caused in various parts of the city, though it will foot up considerable. Signs were blown down, windows broken, and things generally shaken up.

LATER.—The brick warehouse of Joseph Joseph & Bro., just below the wharfboat, was completely wrecked. The foundation was probably undermined by the flood.

The roof of Lee Richardson's hardware store was considerably injured.

The residence of Mr. G. P. Theobold was considerably damaged.

A number of negro shanties in various parts of the city were almost demolished.

TO CONSUMERS.
Remember, there are seven different styles and quality of "Commodore Paris 64" Cigars.
W. E. BECK.
Sole Proprietor

Col. Wm. French.

We regret to state that this respected and popular citizen of Vicksburg is now very sick at the residence of Mr. John W. Clingan, in Jackson. Col. French went to Cooper's Well a few weeks since with the hope that its famous waters would benefit his malady, but the severe weather was not favorable to his improvement.

Col. French's wife and family are with him, and he is also surrounded by kind friends, who give him the kindest and most careful attention. His physician, Dr. Boyd, entertains some hopes of his recovery, and the Colonel, with the fortitude and courage that characterized him during the war, is obeying the Doctor's orders and is as cheerful and hopeful as possible for a man to be in his condition. We sincerely hope he will soon get better, and finally be restored to his former health and usefulness.

Hospital Trustees

A meeting of the Board of Hospital Trustees was held to-day, and the contract for placing baths and water-closets in the Hospital building was let to Mr. H. B. Bruser, for $477.66. No other business of importance was transacted.

SUITS TO ORDER,
Ranging from $15, $17.50, $21.50, $25, $30 up to $50. Any gentleman can be pleased in style and fit at 183 Washington street. E. D. Bickley is the man to fit the head, body and pocket of our New South.
WANAMAKER & BROWN,
m26 E. D. BICKLEY, Agent.

Notice to Steamboat Pilots.

Masters and Pilots of all boats on the Yazoo river are hereby notified that the drawbridge of the Memphis and Vicksburg Railroad, at Anthony's Ferry, will be always closed, and only opened when proper signals are given and answered. A watchman will always be on hand. Boats are requested to give two long blasts of the whistle as a signal to open the draw, and are warned not attempt to pass the draw until signaled by the watchman from the center of the draw that everything is clear.
JAS. M. EDWARDS, V. P. & G. M.
ap14-30d

Gnat Oil.
Save your stock by buying first-class Gnat Oil from
HARDAWAY & CASSELL'S
ap2 Druggists.

R. F. BECK, President, THOS. MOUNT, Vice-Pres.
JNO. F. HALPIN, Secretary, W. O. WORRELL, Treas.

VICKSBURG
Building Association
STOCK IN THIS SOLID HOME INSTITUTION
PAYS BETTER THAN A SAVINGS BANK
AND ITS INVESTMENTS ARE
Fully Secured by Mortgages on Real Estate

Now is the time to subscribe. You cannot lose anything and you are certain to make a handsome profit.

The cost of Stock is $1 per month on each Share.

Ten shares of Stock in about eight years will be worth..... $1,000
The ten shares in eight years will have cost..... 960
Making a profit, on an investment averaging four years, of..... $40
Which is equal to 77 per cent. or 19¼ per cent. per annum.

The Association Cashes its Stock at any Time According to Equitable Rule

Persons having small amounts monthly to spare, say from $1 to $15, cannot do better than invest in this stock.

Capitalists will find it a profitable investment, realizing 18 to 20 per cent. per annum.

Property owners will increase the value of their property by subscribing to its stock, for it loans its funds to actual builders, and every new house built increases the value of property in its neighborhood.

Persons of moderate means who desire to build houses can borrow the money from the Association and pay it back in

MONTHLY PAYMENTS

Not Greater than the Usual Amounts Paid for Rent.

Books of Subscription to the Twelfth Series of Stock are now open at the office of the Secretary.

MR. PENDLETON very solemnly said the passage of the educational bill was the death knell of the republic. It was centralization in its most centralized form, or words to that effect. Nevertheless, the Republic will pull through. —Avalanche.

IT is stated that ex-Judge and ex-Senator David Davis of Illinois will act with the Republican party this year.

CHEMISTS HAVE ALWAYS FOUND
DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER
The Most Perfect Made.
A PURE FRUIT ACID BAKING POWDER.
There is none stronger. None so pure and wholesome. Contains no Alum or Ammonia.
Has been used for years in a million homes. Its great strength makes it the cheapest. Its perfect purity the healthiest. In the family last most delicious. Prove it by the only true test.
THE TEST OF THE OVEN.
MANUFACTURED BY
STEELE & PRICE,
Chicago, Ill.

PLANTATION LOANS
On the Installment Plan, Negotiated by
Francis Smith & Co.,
S. W. corner Washington and Crawford streets, Vicksburg, Miss.

No Cotton Required
Planters should not make loans until they have investigated our plan and rates.
WE HAVE NO AGENTS.
dec10

FRUIT AND ORNAMENTAL TREES
ROSES
Green-House Plants by the
MILLION
the
GREGORY NURSERY
Grove Street, Vicksburg.
d22 THOMPSON S. GREGORY, Prop.

WINCHESTER RIFLES
AT WHOLESALE and RETAIL
44-100, 38-100, and 32-10 kept in stock
BY
LOUIS HOFFMAN
Gun Dealer and Repairer

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.
[Special to THE EVENING POST.]

Condition of the Rivers.

NEW ORLEANS, April 14.—The Arkansas, Red and Savannah rivers will rise. The Mississippi will fall, except at Helena, where it will remain nearly stationary.

New Orleans River Report.

NEW ORLEANS, April 15.—The weather is clear, cool and pleasant,
Business is moderate.
No arrivals.
Leaving this evening: John W. Cannon for Greenville.

Home for Disabled Confederates.

WASHINGTON, April 15.—The Washington association in aid of the movement to establish a home at Richmond for disabled Confederate soldiers starts off with encouraging prospects. Among the contributors are some well-known army officers. The association will hold its second meeting Wednesday.

Going to See Tilden.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 13.—Representative Cassidy, of Nevada, and some of the Democratic members of the House from California left this afternoon for New York, for the purpose of visiting Mr. Tilden, and ascertaining from him whether he means to permit his name to be used at Chicago. It is supposed this mission will result in assuring the people that he has no idea of being a candidate for the Presidency.—Picayune special.

Supreme Court Decisions.

JACKSON, MISS., April 14, 1884.

The following cases were affirmed:
4596—Lou Bird vs. V. & M. R. R. Co.
4552—W. L. Roberts vs. Anna M. Odeneal.
4564—M. Gensberger et al. vs. Lehman, Abraham & Co.
4579—Columbus Insurance and Banking Company vs. S. Lehman & Sons; reversed and remanded.
4584—Robt. Wilson vs. N. T. Pugh, administrator; motion to dismiss appeal sustained.

The Tariff Bill.

WASHINGTON, April 13.—It is safe to say that on Tuesday when Mr. Morrison moves to go into Committee of the Whole to consider his tariff bill the entire vote of the House will be present on accounted for. He must therefore get the equivalent of 162 votes and cannot win if 31 Democratic members vote against reconsideration. There are only three Republicans who will vote with him, Anderson, of Kansas, and Nelson and Strait, of Minnesota.—Picayune special.

President Elliot on Base Ball.

BOSTON, April 15.—Before the Association of High-School Teachers, President Elliot, in referring to remarks by another concerning base ball, said: "I think it is a wretched game; but as an object of ambition for youth to go to college, really it's a little weak. There are only nine men who play the game, and there are 900 men in the college, and out of the nine there are only two desirable positions, I understand—pitcher and catcher—so there is but little chance for a youth to gratify his ambition. I call it one of the worst games, although I know it's called the 'American national game.'"

A Floating Hospital at New Orleans.

[Special to the Picayune.]

WASHINGTON, April 13.—Mr. Barksdale, of Mississippi, has prepared a report from the Committee on Commerce recommending the passage of a bill for the construction of a floating hospital in connection with the Marine Hospital at New Orleans. It was officially recommended by the Board of Health or the State of Louisiana and had the indorsement of the Surgeon General of the Marine Hospital Service. Its object is to provide for the isolation and treatment of cases of contagious and infectious diseases arriving on foreign and domestic vessels in the harbor of New Orleans. The measure is regarded as an essential part of the system devised by the United States Government for repressing and preventing the spread of such diseases.

The Randall Boom in Pennsylvania —Its Effect on the Old Ticket.

NEW YORK, April 15.—The remarkable Randall outpouring which occurred at Allentown, Pa., the other day, is cited in some circles here as a settler on the question of Tilden's candidacy. Some of the gossipers have it this way: The relationship between Mr. Tilden and Mr. Randall is of the most intimate and cordial character. Mr. Randall, under no combination of circumstances, could be a candidate against Mr. Tilden. If Mr. Randall had supposed or believed that the "old ticket" was to be named in Chicago he would certainly have seen to it that his Allentown meeting would, at least, have said something to indicate that they believed Mr. Tilden was in existence. But not a word. On the other hand, some of the "old ticket" advocates say now that it is Mr. Tilden's ambition to die as President, and that to this end a bureau has been established and the work is to go forward making his nomination and election sure. In which event the second place becomes a question of as much importance as the first.

The Democratic enthusiasm for Mr. Randall in Pennsylvania is giving Republicans some concern. This is not because of a belief that any Democratic candidate can be elected who is generally strong throughout the country, but who will have great strength in Pennsylvania.

VICKSBURG BANK.
EDWARD S. BUTTS, President. Established Nov. 12, 1866.
C. C. KUYKENDALL, Vice-Pres.
JAMES P. ROACH, Cashier. Incorporated Mar. 4, 1878.
Transacts a General Banking Business.
CHARTER PERPETUAL.
New York Correspondent, - - - National Park Bank.
New Orleans Correspondent, - - - State National Bank.
may4

SPRING SPECIALTIES
From Age Cultivators,
Avery's Garden Plows,
Acme Harrows,
GERMAN MILLET SEED, SAPLING CLOVER SEED,
—AND—
LANDRETH'S GARDEN SEED,
LOW LOW COTTON PLANTERS
Globe Cotton Planters, Washburn & Moen's Thick Set Galvanized Barb Wire, Philadelphia Lawn Mowers.

LEE RICHARDSON & CO.
J. HANES, J. W. HANES.
HANES BROS.,
Successors to D. R. SMARR & CO.,
Auction and Commission Merchants,
206 WASHINGTON STREET, VICKSBURG.
Consignments solicited. Prompt returns and satisfaction guaranteed. feb22

EASTER!
We have now on exhibition at our store the finest and most extensive line of
EASTER CARDS
EVER BROUGHT TO THIS CITY,
—COMPRISING AN ELEGANT LINE OF—
Imported Satin Easter Cards.
Prang & Co.'s Easter Art Prints on Satin.
Evans, Plummer & Co.'s Easter Souvenirs in Silk, Satin and Plush.
Easter Cards from 5 cents to $15.00 each.
An elegant line of Birthday and Wedding Congratulation Cards.
J. F. BAUM & CO.,
—DEALERS IN—
Books, Stationery, Music and Fancy Goods,
171 WASHINGTON STREET, VICKSBURG.

C. REYNOLDS, E. A. NEELY,
C. C. REYNOLDS & CO.
Wholesale and Retail Druggists
AND DEALERS IN
White Lead, Mixed Paints, Linseed Oil, Lard Oil, Gnat Oil, Turpentine, Putty and Glassware, Patent Medicines, Sponges, Hair Brushes, Perfumery, Toilet Articles of Every Description, Garden and Flower Seeds.
AGENTS FOR HUMPHREY'S HOMŒOPATHIC MEDICINES. ja4

H. G. CATCHINGS, Attorney-General of Mississippi. MARYE DABNEY, late of Edwards, Miss.
CATCHINGS & DABNEY,
Attorneys-at-Law,
VICKSBURG, MISS.
PERSONAL attention will be given to all business entrusted to them in Warren and Hinds counties, and in the State and Federal Courts at Jackson.

J. S. MORRIS,
Attorney-at-Law
VICKSBURG, MISS.
Practices in the various Courts of Warren county, and in the Federal and State Courts at Jackson. mch9

SLAUGHTERING PRICES!
—IN—
Boots and Shoes
—AT—
FOLEY'S SHOE STORE
English broad toe gaiters, $2.50; London toe, imitation button gaiters, $2.75; Plain box gaiters, $3.00; imitation laced, London toe, sewed gaiter, $3.50; ladies' kid buttoned $3.25, cheap at $4.75; ladies' front laced kid, $2.75, cheap at $4.00; boys' buttoned gaiters, $2.50, cheap at $3.50; youths' buttoned gaiters, double tipped, $2.00, cheap at $3.25.

This is the chief pride of this house is the superior character of its custom-made work. All orders promptly and carefully attended to. Send for catalogue. 3-16

Busy Bees.

Last night was the first night of the "Bee-hive" at Magnolia Hall, and there were a large number of visitors. Everything that makes church fairs agreeable is to be found there, and we predict that by Saturday night the treasury will be filled to overflowing. The array of beautiful cakes form a museum well worth seeing, and there are plenty of things to interest the visitors. The fine cake presented to the Hive by the Anchor Line steamer City of Cairo has been selected as the one to be given to the most popular fire company.

Col. Wm. French.

The members of the old Tenth Mississippi, scattered far and wide throughout the Southwest, will feel pained when they hear of the severe illness of Col. Wm. French. Col. French went out, at the commencement of the war, with Col. Smith's company, the Jackson Rifles. This was in March 1861. At Fort McRee he was Sergeant; at Camp Phillips he was bugler of the regiment; later he was its adjutant. He was a good soldier, conscientious and ever true. We hope the waters of the Wells he is now visiting will restore him to health. Our best wishes at all events attend him.—Columbus (Miss.) Index.

Notice.

VICKSBURG, April 14th, 1884.

Know all persons by these presents, That Mrs. Mary M. Fry, of the city of Vicksburg, does hereby revoke all powers of attorney of every nature or condition whatsoever, and specially the power of attorney given to Wm. H. Andrews & Bros., in regard to the business of my late brother's will, Geo. W. Marsh, of the city aforesaid,
It MRS. MARY M. FRY.

A BUFFALO physician lays the large increase in the number of midgets and dwarfs in the past fifty years to the consumption of nicotine by fathers who smoke excessively.

CYCLONES! CYCLONES!
INSURE YOUR PROPERTY AGAINST
Cyclones & Tornadoes
You can get a policy by calling at the office of
J. M KLEIN
County School Warrants.

IN accordance with the provisions of an act of the Legislature entitled "An Act to refund the school debt of Warren county," approved March 10th, 1884, notice is hereby given to holders of ALL county school warrants, issued for services prior to the first day of January, 1884, to present the same to the Clerk of this Board, within six months from the passage of the Act, FOR AUTHENTICATION AND REGISTRATION, to entitle them to the benefit of the Act. When registered and presented to the County Treasurer, in sums of $50 or its multiple, bonds will be prepared in sums of not less than $50 nor more than $1,000, and delivered to holders, dated February 1st, 1885, and payable thirty years after date, or at the option of the Board, with three per cent. per annum interest, according to the terms of the Act. The Act provides for an annual special levy to pay interest, and to create a sinking fund equal to one-thirtieth of the bonds in circulation to pay the principal. A. H. ARTHUR,
President Board of Supervisors of Warren County, Miss. ap14-30f

DEALERS and CONSUMERS
AT THE FOLLOWING RATES:

Ten Ton Lots	80 cents per 100
One Ton Lots	90 " " "
Less than One Ton	100 " " "
Less than 1000 lbs	75 " " "
Less than 500 lbs	85 " " "
Packed for Shippers	81 " " "

ap8

IMPORTANT NOTICE
To the ladies of Vicksburg and vicinity.
THURSDAY, APRIL 10th,
Mme. FERGUSON'S
GRAND
Spring Millinery Opening
Entire new stock of Flowers, Ostrich Feathers, Plumes, and Imported Hats and Bonnets.
Mme. FERGUSON,
ap7-1w 139 Washington Street.

VICKSBURG
Soap Works,
—ON—
GLASS BAYOU AND CHERRY ST.
VICKSBURG, MISS.
Highest Cash Price paid for Tallow and Grease.
Address all orders to
ap3 W. O. WORRELL.

TO CONTRACTORS.

THE bids for building of the bridges on the Yazoo Valley road at Crockett, near Spout Spring, and over Chickasaw Bayou, not having been accepted, sealed proposals will be received by the Board of Supervisors on the

Fourth Monday of April, 1884,

for building said bridges according to plans and specifications filed in the Clerk's office, at cash prices. Bond with approved security will be required according to law.
A. H. ARTHUR,
APRIL 9, 1884. President.

PROPOSALS.

SEALED proposals will be received for the sale of Mississippi & Shiloh Bland Railroad bonds, issued by Warren county, to be opened before the Board of Supervisors, on the

Fourth Monday of April, 1884.

The holders of said bonds will give the numbers and denominations, and the forms and privileges which they wish the bonds to have. Proposals directed to Judge Arthur, President of the Board, or myself, will be received.
C. EDWARDS,
Clerk Board of Supervisors.

SWITZER, NEWWITTER & CO.;
133 WASHINGTON STREET.
Spring & Summer Stock Immense.
DRESS GOODS.
A line of extra rich, soft finish, black cashmere Armenian silks, in nine different qualities, from $1 per yard up.
Ten styles of black satin and silk brocades, fully 25 per cent. below any competition.
Eight shades colored satin brocades—something entirely new—marked down to $1.15 per yard, would be reasonable at $1.50
A line of evening shades satin surah, 27 inches wide, worth $1.50, reduced to $1.15
Colored silks in all shades.
Black gre nadines in handsome and cheap qualities.
BUTTONS.
Handsomest line of Spring importations in fancy pearl, metal, jet and crochet, plain and beaded buttons, to match dress goods, in the city.
LACES and EMBROIDERIES
Immense assortment of Escurial, Spanish, Guipure, Oriental and cream laces, in all qualities and prices.
Cheapest line of Hamburg embroideries, edges and insertings, flouncings, Mull embroideries and swiss muslins ever shown here. Large and handsome line of "all over" lace nett and embroidery at correct prices.
HOSIERY and HANDKERCHIEFS
We have too large and varied a stock of fine hosiery for ladies and children, embracing Balbriggan, Lisle, brilliant and silk hose, to enumerate them separately.
Our Handkerchief Department is very large and varied, and speaks for itself.
GLOVES & PARASOLS
We are displaying an elegant stock of ladies silk and Lisle brilliant gloves, in all lengths, and at very popular prices.
Large line of parasols in satin and satin brocades, black and colored, with Spanish Guipure trimmings, very low.
CORSETS.
The best $1 corset ever shown in Vicksburg. Ask for our "Style D." corset. It will pay you to try it. Dr. Warner's celebrated health corsets, world renowned, and to be had ONLY at SWITZER, NEWWITTER & CO'S. Patent Clara and patent medical corsets to be had only at our store. We have corsets from 50 cents.
MATTINGS,
Carpets, rugs, oil cloths, damasks, and house furnishing goods in every variety.
WE HAVE TWO STORES,
Our Clothing and gents' furnishing goods store is at our old stand,
195 Washington Street.
SWITZER, NEWWITTER & CO.
ICE! ICE!
—THE—
D. W. Flowerree Ice Company
—WILL DELIVER ICE TO—
DEALERS and CONSUMERS
AT THE FOLLOWING RATES:

Ten Ton

THE EVENING POST

PUBLISHED BY
J. G. CASHMAN & CO.,
Washington St., Vicksburg, Miss.

The Evening Post.

VICKSBURG, MISS., APRIL 15, 1884.

It is about time that a plain "Mr." somebody was elected President. The "Generals" have been honored sufficiently.

THE Democratic Mecca just now is "Greystone," Mr. Tilden's residence, and this trustworthy old gentleman seems to be the "Mahomet" of the party to whom all the faithful turn for inspiration and advice.

WE print to-day an exceedingly interesting article on the subject of levees, written by Mr. T. G. Dabney. The utility of levees, especially for this State, is clearly demonstrated.

IT is conceded by both Democrats and Republicans of Madison parish, La., that Wm. M. Kelly, Independent candidate for Sheriff, will be elected over both Democratic and Fusion tickets.

IT is now said the Republicans are getting uneasy about carrying Pennsylvania if Randall should receive the Democratic nomination for President. Pennsylvania may again become the political "keystone" State.

ITS quite possible that the inevitable death of the railroad bill will strangle one or two nice little Congressional booms over in Northeast Mississippi. Indeed this whole supervision business is full of thorns and thistles.

IT is reported that Mr. Tilden is about to formally decline the Chicago nomination. This will make twice the Sage of Gramercy has declined nominations he couldn't get. Its about time the farce was closed, and the dead lion taken altogether out of the door to National Conventions.

ROBERT LINCOLN, the Secretary of War, is talked of for the second place on the Republican ticket in connection with all the prominent Presidential candidates except Logan. Mr. Lincoln is a son of the great Abraham Lincoln, and this seems to be his chief recommendation.

THE VICKSBURG POST has already nominated Randall for President on paper. After all the POST may not be far wrong.—The Mighty East.

The Pennsylvania Democratic Convention has already imitated the example of the POST, and we expect to see the Chicago Convention follow suit. And, after all, they will "not be far wrong."

THE approval by the Governor of an unconstitutional railroad bill and the unconstitutional appointment of a Swamp Land Commissioner brings constitutional questions prominently before the people. Some "strict constructionists" may be mean enough to inquire whether or not our Executive had any right to make a pet staff officer out of a traveling solicitor of a New Orleans show.

PRIMARY elections and county conventions will be in order in a short time, and our people had better commence preparations to send a full representative delegation to Jackson on June 11th. If the formation of this delegation it will be an act of wisdom for our citizens and political leaders and managers to keep constantly in their minds the solemn fact that a free trade candidate for the Presidency means absolute defeat, and to send representatives to the National Convention with this free trade bias is simply courting the humiliation of a complete rout. Mississippi should send to Chicago a delegation of her ablest and most progressive and conservative citizens, free from the taint of dead dogmas, and fully identified with the progressive spirit of the age. A protective tariff is the embodiment of that spirit and S. J. Randall its most rational exponent.

MR. JOSEPH AGATE, a millionaire of Yonkers, N. Y., committed suicide at a hotel in New York City on the 11th inst., by shooting himself through the head. He was 62 years old, had accumulated a fortune by keeping a gentlemen's furnishing store on Broadway, N. Y., and retired from active business 15 years ago. He invested his means in real estate which rapidly increased in value, and at the time of his death was supposed to be worth from $1,000,000 to $3,000,000. He left the following note in his room:

I have not done this from the want of money or from any crime. I am rich in this world's goods and have everything that I desire; but I suffer from nervous prostration and have not had an hour's natural sleep in the last four months, and it must end in madness or loss of mind and imbecility. You will be paid for the damage done. Telegraph to 93 Buena Vista avenue, Yonkers, to my son, Z. K. Agate, and to 1700 Broadway, before 8 o'clock. Yours,

JOSEPH AGATE.

To my relatives and friends: I have determined to end my life in preference to the sad losses. God have mercy on me!

Presidential Candidates.

A special from Washington says "the opponents of Mr. Blaine are making a strong effort to work up a Grant-Lincoln boom. Gen. Grant does not discourage it." This ticket would be Grant of New York, and Lincoln of Illinois. Although Gen. Grant is from Illinois, he is now a citizen of New York, and it cannot be urged that both the candidates are from one State. As the National feeling is growing in this country, State lines will not be considered to a great extent in regard to Gen. Grant's candidacy. Those who support him will do so without reference to his place of residence, and those who oppose him will not make it a ground of opposition. Gen. Grant is popular with the masses in the North and West, and the historical names of Grant and Lincoln would certainly bring out the full Republican vote of the South. If these gentlemen should receive the Republican nomination, their strength before the people is not to be disguised. The fact that Hancock received such a large popular vote, for the sole reason that he was a gallant Union General, would seem to indicate that Gen. Grant is not to be sneezed at as a military candidate.

But this ticket would not be invulnerable. It would be too much of a "personal" ticket, and principles would occupy a place in the extreme background. Mr. Robert Lincoln may be a very good and able man, but his chief strength or claim for the nomination for Vice President lies in the fact that he is Abraham Lincoln's son.

As we have remarked in a former issue, the prospect of Randall's nomination by the Democrats will cause the Republicans to put forward a ticket composed of the two best and most popular men of their party, and now it is among the possibilities, and perhaps probabilities, that Grant and Lincoln will be the men.

No matter whom the Republicans nominate, it is no easy task to defeat them. The Republican party is strong and well-organized, and has the advantage of being in power. Therefore it behooves the Democrats to be very circumspect and prudent in their nominations, and to put forward a ticket in which both personal popularity and unassailable principles are combined. Such a ticket would be Mr. Randall of Pennsylvania, and Mr. Thurman of Ohio.

Randall and Thurman need not fear to enter the lists against Grant and Lincoln, or Edmunds and Lincoln, or Blaine and Lincoln, or Arthur and Lincoln, or Logan and an Eastern candidate, or any ticket the Republicans can put forward.

THE following table contains a nice little political lesson that should be studied and reflected upon by our bitter "Yankee" haters" and "strict constructionists." These figures are of themselves the harshest rebuke that could be offered to the Southern opponents of the educational bill, as also to the narrow sectionalism that yet frequently mars crops out from the public press and public men. It will be noted as a curious fact that the bill was introduced and ably and zealously pressed and defended by Senator Blair of New Hampshire—a regular "Down Easter"—whose State gets only $160,000 of the appropriation, and met its bitterest opposition in Senator Morgan of Alabama, whose State gets $5,201,000. The principal opposition to the measure was from this section, while the States composing the "Solid South" get the magnificent portion of $55,000,000 of the $70,000,000 appropriation, distributed (according to illiteracy of the population) as follows:

Alabama	$5,201,000
Arkansas	2,424,000
Florida	960,000
Georgia	6,240,000
Kentucky	4,480,000
Louisiana	3,820,000
Maryland	1,080,000
Mississippi	4,500,000
Missouri	1,496,000
North Carolina	5,600,000
South Carolina	4,428,000
Tennessee	4,920,000
Texas	3,800,000
Virginia	5,160,000
West Virginia	1,000,000

It is a questionable patriotism that prompts a public man to choose the illiteracy of these figures as a preference to the elimination by the aid of the Federal Government. We cannot imagine concentrated intelligence much worse than so much "self-governing" ignorance.

MR. E. V. SMALLEY writes: "Some days there will come to the White House a man of strong will and of a lofty, patriotic purpose, with no relish for wielding personal power in the distribution or refusal of official favors, and he, revolutionizing the customs of the executive office, which are stronger than law, will resolutely shut his door upon all place hunters and their advocates in Congress, and be President of the people, and not the President of the office-seekers and office-holders." He must have Randall in view.

THERE was a riot in Cincinnati thirty-six years ago, similar in its beginning to the one that has caused so much excitement and bloodshed. The mob desired to take a man from jail and hang him. To oppose them the military power of the State was not invoked, but a single company of United States troops marched through from Newport barracks and quelled the riot at once.

Levee Building.

Editor Vicksburg Post:

Several articles have recently appeared in the daily press on the above subject, the tone of them being generally to impugn the efficacy of levees to protect the lands subject to overflow by the waters of the Mississippi river. The object of this communication is to demonstrate that the country HAS BEEN protected by levees and can be so protected again.

Up to the breaking out of the war the organizations for building levees had barely reached the dignity of SYSTEMS, and imperfect systems at that, the gradual development from individual efforts, which were first inaugurated to protect isolated plantations.

Notwithstanding the imperfections in the then existing systems of levees, look at the immense development of the alluvial lands, the enormous expenditure of capital, in opening extensive tracts, in building costly improvements, the distribution of a large population over the alluvial regions, and the annual production of enormous wealth throughout those regions, in which lands attained a value of one hundred dollars per acre.

These developments were made possible only by the levees, and were absolutely dependent upon the protection which they afforded, for existence.

Since the war the State of Louisiana (I speak of Louisiana, as being more familiar with her levee history), has been making a continued struggle, with more or less success, generally less, to protect her lands by building levees. Two great difficulties have lain in her way. One is the fact that she is dependent upon levees in the State of Arkansas to protect a large part of her territory, and no efforts she can make on her own front can afford this protection. Arkansas, until very recently, has not felt herself able to make any effort at levee building, and much of Louisiana's most valuable territory has been annually at the mercy of Arkansas' water. Louisiana's other great difficulty has been want of means. Her front lands, generally, have had to bear nearly all the burden of her very long lines of levees, as those lands which are subject to inundation by the Arkansas water are now, for the most part, in a wilderness state, and afford no revenue.

The system for a long time pursued by the Louisiana levee authorities was to make their inadequate means go as far as possible by building what was called "low grade" levees, the idea being to afford protection against ORDINARY high water, though they were not able to do more. Hence the wholesale giving way of levees when the water rose to extraordinary height.

Mississippi has nothing like Louisiana's difficulties to contend with. She is certainly susceptible of being thoroughly protected by a line of levees properly built. She is not dependent upon any other State for the protection of any part of her territory, nor the integrity of her levee system. She has the Tennessee hills as a firm base to start from above, and the Yazoo river as a terminal point below. Better facilities for both protection and drainage, so far as geography goes, could not have been devised by human ingenuity.

Although there has not been heretofore any organized system for building levees in Mississippi's upper territory, and her lower levee district has consequently been at great disadvantage, yet the lands protected by her levees have commanded high values, and could scarcely be bought, while other lands have gone abegging, as it were.

There are two fundamental principles to be observed in building levees if they are to do any good. One is to locate the levee far enough from caving banks to insure it against caving into the river for an indefinite period, the longer the better. The other is to make it high enough and strong enough to resist any water that will come against it.

These two propositions would seem to be so obvious as to need no argument, and yet it is exactly a disregard of them which is at the bottom of most of the overflow troubles. What these distances should be, and these dimensions, is of course matter for careful consideration in each individual case. In ante bellum days, when Louisiana was comparatively well protected, the rule was to build levees threefeet above the highest known water, and with a base of seven on one plus crown.

It is a retched policy to build levees that are incapable of performing the service that is expected of them. If we cannot afford to build levees that will successfully resist the water, we cannot afford to build levees at all, as anything less than that is simply money thrown away.

T. G. DABNEY.

WE are very much pleased to learn that the name of Hon. Robt. Powell, of our county, is so favorably mentioned as a suitable nominee of the Democratic party in Congress. It is claimed for him, that apart from his unquestionable ability to fill the place worthy, that HE COULD WIN THE ELECTION FAIRLY. On the election many of our sister counties would "shake hands" with us. We certainly believe him the right man.—Canton Citizen.

So Mr. Powell can "win the election fairly." Well cannot the other candidates win the election fairly? Or does the Citizen mean to intimate that none candidate, in the race, has not carried an election fairly?

Southern Sentiment.

Several weeks ago we published an editorial, commenting on the recent speech made by the Honorable Jefferson Davis. The article mildly advised the retirement of Mr. Davis, claiming that his speeches, nearly always delivered at the beginning of a presidential campaign, have much to do with the waving of the "bloody shirt." Quite a number of people who look at the dry corn-stalk of the past instead of the vigorous sprout of the present, have, we regret to say, become offended. The following, from the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, is a fair sample—as an editor always says of a complimentary notice—of the uncogenital wave:

In your issue of to-day is a pragraph full of malice and hatred towards Mr. Jefferson Davis, quoted from The Arkansaw Traveler and headed by you "Southern Sentiment." Permit me to say this is a mistake. Opie Read, the editor of the Arkansaw Traveler, is a northerner, and when he wrote the lines you quote, as I hungering to hear of Mr. Davis' death, it was some of his very worst northern blood cropping out. As much as the world is given to worshipping success, the South has never yet turned against her ex-Chief and leader because of his and her failure; and when you style as "Southern" such petty, spiteful sentiments as Mr. Opie Read, from Cleveland, Ohio, gives voice to, you can just set it down, Mr. Editor, that you have made a mistake, and a mistake with the very biggest kind of an M.

M. L. MERIWETHER.

Our impression is that Mr. Read was born in Southern Kentucky. At any rate, it is hardly worth discussing whether a certain sentiment is Southern or not. It will be a great gain to this country when people quit speaking of themselves as "Southerners" in any exclusive or invidious sense.—Editor Dispatch.

"Northerner" and "Southerner" constitute a liberal idea of a country's progress. The "crank" is apparent to every mind, whether a "Northern Birdy" or "Southerner." Mr. Davis is a "crank." Mr. Meriwether seems to speak with authority, when he says that the writer of the "malicious paragraph" is a "Northerner." No one should for a moment hesitate to acknowledge Cleveland, Ohio, as the place of his nativity, for it is a beautiful city with a Euclid avenue, and contains plot enough for several more volumes of "Bread Winners;" but, hang it, Mr. Meriwether, the malicious man was not born there. He was born in Nashville, and "raised entirely" in Tennessee. His blood is not particularly bad, for you are a Tennesseean, Mr. Meriwether, and know that the blood of Andrew Jackson's State is of very fair quality. The sentiments expressed in the "malicious paragraph" are shared by the leading men of Arkansaw, and the Post-Dispatch, whose head is pretty level, was not far wrong in heading the objectionable lines as "Southern Sentiment." The press generally throughout the country, a man for whom we have a high regard.—Arkansaw Traveler.

The Railroad Commissioners Entitled to Draw their Salaries

Several of our exchanges are discussing the question of the Railroad Commissioners drawing their salaries during the pendency of the litigation incident to testing the constitutionality of the supervision bill. In our opinion these gentlemen are clearly entitled to pay for every day they hold their Commissions, even in fact while the litigation in the suits brought by the Railroads, and are, in one sense, the State itself, in the litigation; and are expected to remain engaged disengaged from other business, and ready to do each and everything that the supervision bill enjoins, whenever permitted to do so by the Courts.

There is another view of this case which sustains the r claim to draw the salaries prescribed by statute during the pendency of the litigation: They are regarded by the law makers which they hold to regulate the tariffs of the various railroads in the State, and to equalize the charges of hauling freights in accordance with length of haul, etc. Now, that is a business that has puzzled the ol'est, wisest and most experienced transportation men, all over the world, ever since Robert Stephenson suggested the swapping of oxen and mules for locomotives; and any Board of Supervisors summoned from other avocations to supervise railroad companies' tables of freight rates should be given at least three years on good pay and findings, for quiet study of the problem before being called upon for a decree, if the Commissioners take advantage of the pending Court proceedings to give the matter of getting up a freight schedule that shall be fair, plain, practicable and equitable, for any one of the roads, and shall complete the job by the time that the railroads and Courts get through with their wrangle—for we have no doubt that the railroad will pay them more for a copy of the valuable document—regardless of the decision of the Courts—than the State has promised them in the way of salaries for the next two years. The fact is that every railroad in the country is hunting a man who can get up just such a document for them; our late Legislature expected the commissioners to supply by inspiration, as it were; and any and every railroad is ready to pay handsomely for it, whether supervision be constitutional or otherwise.

The commissioners are clearly entitled to draw their salaries during their entire term of service, whether the Courts tie their hands or turn them loose.—Aberdeen Examiner.

IT will be remembered that Henry Watterson, of the Courier-Journal, went to Washington City as the paid lobbyist of the whisky ring; that he went on the floor of the House because he could go there by reason of the fact that the people of his District were tolerant enough of his frailty to let him go for a very short unexpired term to Congress; that he was driven out by attention being called to the fact that he was there lobbying for the bill then under consideration. * * No man that knows Watterson will ever call any paper he has control of a free lance. He was a cowardly dodger during the war, hanging in the rear of the army ready to fly to the side for a consideration. He never carried a free lance then, and there was no a man in either army so afraid of a lance as this man Watterson. We have neither space nor time to dandy abuse with this blackguard.—Atlanta Constitution.

MARY JANE BALDWIN, a Long Island girl, who became one of the rejected admirers of Grant, "never marry all the days of her life," was married at midnight on election fairly.

H. B. BRUSER,
TIN, COPPER AND SHEET-IRON WORKER
Hardware Tinware Stoves
Pumps, Grates Mantels. Etc. Etc
may5 159 Washington Street, Vicksburg.

Something the People Need!
FRESH
ROASTED COFFEE,
Roasted Daily in HYDE'S PATENT ROASTER, at my Store, Corner South and Washington Streets.
Price 20 Cts. per Pound!
E. F. SIMRALL, JR.
se17

W. M. CHAMBERLIN,
General Insurance Agent,
FIRE, MARINE, ACCIDENT AND LIFE.
Office—Up-stairs, cor. Washington and Crawford Sts., Vicksburg
se14

W. O. WORRELL
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
AND DEALER IN
Hay & Grain
LIME, CEMENT, PLASTER, Etc.,
58 Washington Street, - - - Vicksburg, Miss
may

FULTON M. M'RAE,
Wholesale and Retail Druggist
IMPORTER AND DEALER IN
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRUGS
White Lead, Linseed Oil, Turpentine, Window Glass, Mixed Paints, Dry and in Oil; Albastine Whitening and Putty; and the largest and most complete assortment of Patent Medicines and Surgical Instruments in the State. Agent for the celebrated Waukesha Bathesda Water.
Toilet Articles, Perfumery and Hair Brushes—all imported.
No. 125 Washington Street, Vicksburg, Miss.

GEO. W. HUTCHESON, CHAS. ALLEN.
G. W. HUTCHESON & CO.,
Cotton Factors,
AND WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
Groceries, Liquors and Tobacco
110 and 112 Washington Street,
Vicksburg, Miss
may4

THE SAW-MILL BOAT
LEE RICHARDSON, JR
IS PREPARED TO SELL
DIMENSION LUMBER
FROM LANDING AT GLASS BAYOU, THIS CITY; also,
Sash, Doors, Blinds, Mouldings, T. and G. Flooring and Ceiling
Orders addressed to the undersigned will be promptly filled.
may4 WM. CURPHEY, Proprietor.

GEO. S. IRVING,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN
Staple and Fancy Groceries,
WINES, LIQUORS, CIGARS & TOBACCO,
Corner of South and Washington Streets, - - - - VICKSBURG, MISS.
I respectfully ask an examination of my stock, which I think will convince all of the fact that I have one of the largest and best assorted to be found.
Fine Teas, Coffee and Choice Butter are Among my Specialties
I GUARANTEE EVERY ARTICLE TO BE AS REPRESENTED,
And desire to give full satisfaction. 1 PACK AND P FREE [illegible]

HENRY YOSTE,
Watchmaker and Jeweler
I cordially invite a comparison of WORK and PRICES, believing me to be the Best and Cheapest.
—ALSO DEALER IN—
WATCHES, DIAMONDS AND SILVERWARE
SPECIALTIES IN SPECTACLES.

CITATION NOTICE.

STATE OF MISSISSIPPI, WARREN COUNTY, } CHANCERY COURT.

Chas. Hutcherson, Complainant, vs. Amanda Thomas Hutcherson, Defendant.

The State of Mississippi to Amanda Thomas Hutcherson, Defendant:

YOU are commanded to appear before the Chancery Court of the county of Warren in said State, on the

First Monday of May, 1884,

To defend the suit, in said Court of Chas. Hutcherson, wherein you are defendant. Witness my hand and seal of said Court, this the 26th day of March, A. D. 1884.

GEO. T. HARDY, Clerk.

WM. W. FOSTER, D. C.
SIMRALL & SIMRALL,
Solicitors for Complainant. Th-m27-4t

MISS ADDIE FLETCHER,
Fashionable Dressmaker.
Orders from the country solicited. Satisfaction given.
PRICES MODERATE.
169 Washington Street.

PACIFIC HOUSE.
VINCENT IAZZA, Proprietor
Washington St., Vicksburg
CONVENIENT TO RAILROAD Depot, Landing, Post, Telegraph and Express Offices and to business men at all times for all trains. House open all night. House is renovated and refurnished. Tables supplied with the best the market affords. Patronage respectfully solicited. Polite and careful attention given to guests.

NEW CLOTHING & DRY GOODS FIRM
L. MARKS AND L. WEINSTEIN
Have formed a copartnership, and will continue the
CLOTHING
AND
Dry Goods Business
At the Old Stand
Nos. 207 and 209 WASHINGTON STREET.

SIGNAL SERVICE REPORT.

LOCAL WEATHER REPORT.

TIME.	BAR.	THER.	HUM	WIND	WTHER.
6:05 a. m.	29.74	72	...	0	Cloudy.
2:00 p. m.	29.71	73	...	S. E.	Cloudy.
6:00 p. m.	29.66	68	...	S. W.	Lt. rain.
10:05 p. m.	29.57	60	...	S. W.	Cloudy.

	1883.	1884
Maximum thermometer	85.4	76.0
Minimum thermometer	62.4	59.0
Mean temperature	76.5	68.2
Rainfall	.00	1.80

STAGE OF RIVERS.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER,
April 14, 2 p.m. Washington time.

The following observations were taken at the same moment of time at all the stations named:

STATIONS.	Above low water.		Change s.	
	feet	In's	Rise In's	Fall In's
Cairo, Ill	...	...	1	...
Chattanooga	...	...	...	...
Cincinnati	...	...	...	...
Davenport, Iowa	9	10	...	4
Dubuque, Iowa	11	11	...	1
Keokuk, Iowa	12	1	...	2
La Crosse	...	...	...	...
Leavenworth	...	...	...	...
Little Rock	8	6	8	...
Louisville	8	9	...	6
Memphis	23	1	...	1
Nashville	7	2	...	...
New Orleans	2	2	...	...
Pittsburg	10	3	...	...
Shreveport	5	3	...	...
St. Louis	17	4	...	2
St. Paul	...	...	...	...
Vicksburg	15	6	...	...
Yankton, D. T	9	4	...	...

†Below high water of 1874. *Frozen.

HIGH WATER AT VICKSBURG IN FORMER YEARS

High water '62, above zero, 51 1-10 feet.
High water '67, above zero, 48 feet.
High water '74, above zero, 45 ft. 8 inches
High water '75, above zero, 43 feet.
High water '79, above zero, 45 ft. 10 inches
High water '80, above zero, 43 ft. 2 inches
High water '81, above zero, 47 ft. 10 inches
High water '82, above zero, 48 ft. 9 inches
High water '83, above zero, 43 ft. 10 inches

HIGH WATER OF 1882.

Stations.	Date of Highest Point.	Highest point Reached.
[illegible]	Feb. 26, 1882	51 ft. 9 inches
Cincinnati	Jan. 19, 1882	40 ft. 2 inches
Cincinnati	Feb. 21, 1882	58 ft. 6 inches
Dubuque	Dec. 3, 1881	19 ft. 1 inch
Keokuk	March 9, 1882	47 ft. 3 inches
Keokuk	Nov. 29, 1881	11 ft. 5 inches
Little Rock	Feb. 24, 1882	21 ft. 5 inches
Louisville	Feb. 22, 1882	37 ft. 2 inches
Memphis	March 6, 1882	36 ft. 0 inches
Nashville	March 22, 1882	54 ft. 0 inches
New Orleans	March 27, 1882	5 inches
St. Louis	Feb. 22, 1882	28 ft. 3 inches
Vicksburg	March 29, 1882	48 ft. 9 inches

†Below high water of 1874.

THE RIVER.

ARRIVED.

New Mary Houston, from New Orleans.
City of Yazoo, from New Orleans.
City of St. Louis, from New Orleans.
Lebrec, from Greenwood.

DEPARTED.

New Mary Houston, for Cincinnati.
Iosquena, for Greenville.
Arkansas City, for St. Louis.
Lebrec, from Greenwood.

Monday, April 14, 1884.

The Arkansas City, Capt. H. W. Brolaski, left at 11 a.m. for Memphis, Cairo and St. Louis, carrying the mail and the following trip: 500 barrels oil from Refuge Mills, and 700 sacks cotton seed for Memphis and a number of people.

The C. Line steamer New Mary Houston, passed up for Cincinnati last night after discharging 400 packages of freight here and adding lightly. She had a big through freight and her cabin was full of people.

The W. P. Thompson, Capt. M. D. Nelon, left at noon to-day for St. Joseph, (La.) with 55,000 feet of lumber. She will return in time to leave here to-morrow evening at 4 o'clock for Grand Lake, going through Bunche's Bend.

The fine City of Yazoo in place of the Natchez, Capt. B. S. Leathers, A. McVay clerk, arrived from New Orleans last night with a fine town and reshipping freight. She is receiving at the wharfboat, and leaves at 5 p.m. for New Orleans and all lower coast landings with the following trip: 1,900 sacks cotton seed meal, 1,700 sacks cotton seed, 1,000 bales cotton, 3,000 staves, and a number of people.

Not Always Just.

It has often been asserted that a conscientious soldier was always a just master and that no influence could throw him out of duty's direct line. There have been many incidents to prove the opposite of such an attempt at reasoning, but the most convincing, in fact the most soul-moving example has just been told to us by a prominent gentleman of Pine Bluff. Of course this is not what is termed a live issue, and stands in no need of discussion, only so far as it shows that "Christian gentlemen" sometimes did not stop at the mere fact of being bad masters, but were sometimes heathenish.

In Jefferson county there once lived a man who was known as Major Pattle. He was a man of considerable wealth and was possessed of more than ordinary education. Just before the war he purchased a fine looking mulatto, known as Dan, the blacksmith. He was one of the cleverest mechanics in the entire country and was looked on as a piece of most valuable property. He was gentlemanly and polished, and Major Pattle often said that he could not be induced to part from him. The major spent much of his time in reading theological books, and eventually took up the idea that he had been called upon to preach. He became an active revivalist, and through his eloquent instrumentality, many a hallelujah shout arose to the Lord. Just before the federal troops reached Arkansas the major, collecting his negroes, took them to Texas. He returned after peace was declared and continued to hand the lint of the gospel around the sin-running sores of the people.

One day recently, while the military divine was sitting in the office of a well known Pine Bluff lawyer, the Attorney asked:

"By the way, major, what ever became of Dan, the blacksmith?"

"On several occasions," replied the minister, "I have intended to speak to you about Dan and to ask you if I acted rightly in a certain transaction. You know that there is nothing in the world that would cause me to commit a sin, and that if I am ever in error it is not the out-cropping of evil intention. After we left Texas, people who still had faith in the ultimate success of the Confederacy, offered me time and again large prices for Dan, but aside from his actual value I had become much attached to him and in answer to every inquiry, declared that nothing could induce me to part with him. He was so gentle and kind, so considerate, that every one was attracted towards him. One night a report that the Union forces were within a few miles created great excitement, and during this time Dan ran away. I pursued and captured him and brought him back to where my other negroes were staying. I knew that Dan had committed a great crime, one meriting the greatest punishment, yet, so keenly was I attached to him, that I hesitated. I went out into the woods and prayed for counsel, and at last the necessity of the situation forced me to decide upon me. I summoned a jury, and I myself was Judge. I listened anxiously to the testimony, hoping to find even a technicality by which the poor fellow might be cleared; but I found none. My charge to the jury, composed of my own slaves, could not be mistaken. A verdict of guilty was rendered and then it became my duty to pass sentence. I deeply felt the responsibility of my position, and again I went into the woods and prayed for guidance. My duty became plain, and I passed the death sentence on the poor man. We constructed a scaffold, and the officers I had appointed led Dan to death. It was a trying time for me, and on the scaffold I prayed for the wretched fellow, imploring God to forgive him. Now, what I want to ask you is, if I acted rightly?"

During the latter part of the recital, the lawyer had sat, gazing fixedly at the preacher. When asked his opinion, he sprang from his chair, and exclaimed: "No, you are a murderer, and under the law, should be hanged. Great God, I never heard a story of such a damnable crime! You, a highly intelligent man, a man who professed to be a Christian, and who, without the slightest symptoms of insanity, are a murderer, and I hope that your soul, if you have one, may roast in hell if there is such a place."

If any one should doubt the truthfulness of this story, let him address an inquiry to any prominent lawyer of Pine Bluff. No, the conscientious master was not always just, nor was religion a safeguard against cruelty.—Arkansaw Traveller.

Judge Hill's Opinion Received.

The argument of counsel before Hon. R. A. Hill, of the United States District Court, in the injunction suit of the Louisville, New Orleans Packet Company against the Mississippi Railroad Commissioners, was concluded at a late hour on Friday night, but as a similar case will be argued this week on behalf of the Mobile & Ohio Road, Judge Hill reserved his opinion until the hearing of both cases is concluded, which will be next week. The Packet Company's case will be argued on Wednesday.

Beautiful Things.

Beautiful faces are those that wear—
It matters little if dark or fair—
Whole-souled honesty printed there.

Beautiful eyes are those that show,
Like crystal panes, where heart-fires glow,
Beautiful thoughts that burn below.

Beautiful lips are those whose words
Leap from the heart like songs of birds,
Yet whose utterance prudence girds.

Beautiful hands are those that do
Work that is earnest, and brave and true,
Moment by moment the long day through.

Beautiful feet are those that go
On kindly ministries to and fro—
Down dustiest ways, if God wills it so.

Beautiful shoulders are those that bear
Ceaseless burdens of homely care
With patient grace and daily prayer.

Beautiful lives are those that bless—
Silent rivers of happiness,
Whose hidden fountains few may guess.
—Littell's Living Age.

Shall Cuba Be Ours?

The subject of the annexation of Cuba to the United States was first mooted just after the French Republic was proclaimed, in 1848. The American Government, while willing it should remain a Spanish colo , declared that no other foreign Government should ever possess it. In 1825 Spain had proposes to cede Cuba to the United States in consideration of certain commercial concessions, but this was declined. In 1848 President Polk offered to buy the island for $1,000,000 but to this Spain would not listen. In 1849 a filibustering expedition under Lopez was prevented by the United States Government. A second expedition got away successfully, but Lopez was defeated and himself garroted, and other leaders publicly shot. Since 1852 the question of the acquisition of Cuba has entered freely into American politics. In 1854 Buchanan, Mason and Soule, American Ministers at London, Paris and Madrid, drew up the celebrated Ostend manifesto, urging that Cuba should belong to the United States, and declaring that if Spain would not sell it it should be taken, under certain contingencies, by force.

In 1858-9 the United States Senate considered a proposition to pay $30,000,000 for the island. This was the plan of Slidell, of Louisiana. It was finally withdrawn. The sum named in the bill, which was reported favorably by both the Committees of the Senate and House, was proposed to be appropriated for no secret or disguised purpose, but to enable the President to make a payment to the Spanish Government, on the full satisfaction of the treaty by Spain, without waiting for the ratification by the Senate and the appropriation of the money by Congress.

A minority report was presented by the House Committee which opposed the bill on the ground that Cuba would be an unprofitable acquisition, owing to the necessity of preventing internal disorders which would be sure to arise, and that it would be a dangerous precedent to allow the President to have the disposal of $30,000,000 for the settlement of a treaty before its ratification by the Senate.—New York Herald.

The Liquor Question in Ohio.

A special dispatch from Columbus, Ohio, says:

The Legislature adjourns next Monday. For over three months the Democracy, who are in the majority, have been trying to do something on the temperance question. They have never had any trouble before, but the Republican Legislature got the Scott liquor-tax law on the statute books, and it has given the Democrats as much trouble as the other side ever had. In the Democratic platform they were pledged against sumptuary laws, and the Scott law was denounced on every stump as unconstitutional. There were pledges made by the campaign managers to the liquor traffic, and lobbyists have been here all Winter demanding the fulfillment of these pledges, but the country members said their constituents wanted the tax of $200 on each dealer, and they would not vote to wipe out a law that yields over $2,000,000 into the State and was a great relief to the localities, and it has more than supported the State's public funds. The Democratic members have made a final rally, and got every Democratic member possible to be present. A motion to grade the Scott law failed, then a motion to amend the Scott law failed, and finally a motion to repeal the Scott law failed and the conference broke up in a row, and settled the question that nothing will be done. The Democratic members from the country say it will hurt them very materially in the coming campaign. The liquor dealers who have been here are swearing vengeance; that they were soothed at the late Spring elections, and that now they know what to expect.

Laying the Steel Rails.

The work of laying the new and heavy steel rails on the Alabama Great Southern Railroad from Chattanooga to Meridian and Queen and Crescent Road is progressing very well and will be completed within two week's time. The equipments of the road throughout are superb, and the new Mogul engines of the road said to be the finest locomotives in the world. As soon as all is ready a reduction of several hours in the time between New Orleans and Cincinnati can be made.—N. O. Picayune.

Track Laying North of Baton Rouge.

Track laying on the Mississippi Valley Railroad north of Baton Rouge is progressing very rapidly, and on Friday last 5,900 feet of track over a mile, was laid during the ten working hours. The road is now constructed and in running order 42 miles north of Baton Rouge, leaving a gap of 49½ miles still to be completed to the Jones working south from Vicksburg will be met. Should the latter be making as good progress southward as the gangs at this end are making it is said, the two forces should meet in about 24 days. At the past week the track has been laid at the rate of a mile a day.—N. O. Picayune.

THE Democracy of Pennsylvania have just been holding a State Convention. The outcome is a demonstration of the fact that the post-office address of the organization continues to be Sam. Randall's breeches pocket. The convention pointed with pride to Randall and wore a gaudy chaplet for Randall, and entered enthusiastically into the interests of the same Randall and declared that its first choice for the Presidency was Randall. It was a big day for Randall and his breeches pocket.

STEAMBOATS.

ANCHOR LINE.
For Memphis, Cairo and St. Louis.
THE U. S. MAIL STEAMER
BELLE MEMPHIS,
I. H. MCKEE, Master; H. C. COBEYN, Clerk.
Leaves for St. Louis THURSDAY, the 17th of April at 11 a.m., connecting at Arkansas City with the Arkansas City Railroad for Pine Bluff, Little Rock, Hot Springs, upper Arkansas river, Fort Smith, and the Indian Territory. Careful attention to way and plantation business. For freight or passage apply on board or to
E. C. CARROLL,
Superintendent Elevator Company.
W. S. JONES,
Superintendent Wharfboat Company.
EUGENE PLATT,
Freight and Passenger Agent.
my4

For Steele's Bayou, Lake Washington and Lake La Fayette.
Steamer TRIBUTARY,
J. K. ANDERSON.....Master
Will leave Vicksburg for the above points on WEDNESDAY, April 9th, at 11 o'clock a.m. For freight or passage apply at
H. DENIO, Agent.
ap15

PARISOT LINE.
CARRYING THE U. S. MAILS
For Yazoo River.
Steamers will leave as follows:
Leave Vicksburg every FRIDAY at 5 p.m. For upper Yazoo and Tallahatchie every TUESDAY at 5 p.m., going through Tchula lake.
E. C. CARROLL, Superintendent.
W. S. JONES, Agent.
ja19

SARGENT'S LINE.
Warrenton, Newton & Point Pleasant
Steamer JOHN F. HALPIN,
W. H. Sargent.....Master
L. H. Sargent, Jr.....Clerk
Will leave Vicksburg promptly every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 10 o'clock for all Davis Bend landings. Also connecting with the Parisot and Anchor Line steamers, and with the Vicksburg & Meridian and L. N. O. & T. Railroad at Vicksburg. Patronage respectfully solicited from the Vicksburg merchants. W. S. JONES, Agent.
nov1

Regular Vicksburg, Natchez and New Orleans Packet,
The fast and magnificent steamer
CITY OF YAZOO,
(In place of the Natchez,)
T. P. LEATHERS.....Master
A. MCVAY.....Clerk.
Leaves Vicksburg every TUESDAY at 5 p. m.; New Orleans every SATURDAY at 5 p. m.
Connects at Vicksburg with Anchor Line for St. Louis, and T. P. Line for Yazoo and Tallahatchie rivers, Sunflower and Deer Creek packets, and V. & M. Railroad.
This steamer reserves the right to pass all landings that the Captain may consider unsafe.
W. S. JONES,
Superintendent Vicksburg Wharfboat and Elevator Co.
W. C. O'HARA, Freight and Passenger Agent.
New Orleans and Greenville Packet.
The Swift and Reliable Steamer
JOHN W. CANNON,
WM. CAMPBELL, Master; WM. CANNON, Cl'k.
Will pass up for Greenville and the Bends every THURSDAY at 12 m., returning will pass down every SATURDAY at 9 a.m., connecting at Vicksburg with the Parisot Line for Yazoo and S

AMUSEMENTS.

GRAND
Character × Concert
—AND—
TABLEAUX!
Under the Auspices of the Ladies of the M. E. Church, at the
OPERA HOUSE
—ON—
Tuesday, April 15th, 1884,
FOR ONE NIGHT ONLY.
The best amateur talent of the city has kindly volunteered for the occasion.
The proceeds of the entertainment will be devoted to church repairs.
ADMISSION $1.00.
Reserved seats can be procured at Baum's and Clarke's bookstores. a9

CHEAP COLUMN.

LOST.

LOST—Two plain gold rings, one with name Chas. to Eugie, July 25, 1877. The other had the initial of S. P. W., and the word "to" inside. A liberal reward will be given. Apply at this office. ap15-tf

LOST—On April 2d, on Cherry, Crawford or Walnut street, a point lace handkerchief. The finder will be liberally rewarded by returning it to this office. 4-5

WANTED.

WANTED—A situation as collector. Best of reference given. Address P. O. Box, 563. apr15-1w

WANTED.—SCHOOLS! TEACHERS!! Schools in need of competent teachers, and teachers in search of situations should address the Central Educational Bureau, R. K. JAYNE, Secretary, Jackson, Miss. ap2

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE CHEAP—One vacant lot corner Third North and Jackson streets, and two small houses and lots fronting Second North street. Also for sale or rent one dwelling fronting on Jackson street, between lots above named. Apply at this office, or on premises to MRS. JANE E. BROWN. ap14-1w

FOR SALE—Brown, Leghorn Eggs for hatching. Fresh and pure. At H. H. KAIN'S. apr7-1w

FOR SALE—New Cottage in good neighborhood, containing 3 rooms with hall and gallery, kitchen, stable and garden. Lot 150x150 feet, all under new fence. Apply at this office. m25

FOR SALE.—A cottage residence on East avenue, containing four rooms 18x20, hall 12 feet, kitchen, fine cistern and fine orchard; lot 64x132 feet. Apply to R. P. WILSON. m28

FOR SALE—The LOT on the northeast corner of Cherry and Grove sts. Apply to THOMAS MOUNT. mh19

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Nice house with eight rooms, kitchen, good water, and surrounded by a half square of land, situated on the National Cemetery road, and known as the Miller House. Cheap rent. ap15-1w E. & B. C. BONELLI.

FOR RENT—Nice house with three rooms, kitchen, good cistern and yard; possession given April 6th. Apply to JOS. SPENGLER, Cherry street crossing. m31-1w

FOR SALE OR RENT—60 Acres good land, one and a half miles from town, with plenty of wood and water. Apply at this office, or to R. P. WILSON, Vicksburg, Miss. m24-2w

THE SATISFACTION
Of sitting under one's own vine and fig tree pays the largest dividend of any investment. It is the best kind of life insurance. It is the best medicine in sickness. It enables a man to die easier, and robs death of one of the principal terrors to know that the loved ones we must leave behind us have a roof of their own over their heads which cannot be taken from them.

If you cannot buy a house and lot, you can at least make a commencement by investing $25 in a lot in Speed's Addition, and pay the balance in $5 monthly installments. No better opportunity to buy a home or to make a safe investment in Vicksburg is likely to occur than that now presented by the unprecedented terms upon which these lots are sold. sep1

LOCAL ITEMS.

CHARACTER Concert to-night.

THE water is on a stand at Delta.

DANCING at the "Bee-hive" to-night.

MR. C. A. RAY, of Boston, is in the city.

DISTRICT ATTORNEY WINCHESTER, of Natchez, is in the city.

THE B. F. Q. will blow everything before it away to-night.

DR. C. A. RICE is now on duty as State Hospital Inspector.

BE sure to see the King of the Gypsies to-night at the Concert.

DURING the severe showers yesterday 1.77 inches of rain fell.

CAPT. I. S. JOOR, of Sharkey county was in the city yesterday.

THE B. F. Q. will take the cake tonight, and don't you forget it.

THE Board of Mayor and Aldermen will meet at 4 o'clock this evening.

MRS. A. B. PITTMAN and daughter departed last night for New Orleans.

MESSRS. W. H. LUCKETT and G. M. Scott, of St. Louis, are at the Pacific.

COL. J. H. WOOLFORK, of Lexington, Ky., arrived in the city by the morning train.

HAND-CARS have been resumed between Delta and Tallulah, La., on the V., S. & P. railroad.

MISS DORA ASHER, the artistic pianist, will give some excellent music to-night at the opera-house.

MISS LELIA MCCUTCHEN, Mrs. GUY and Miss Annie Wright will sing to-night at the Opera-house.

HON. H. F. SIMRALL is in the city. The Judge rests the water leaving his system rapidly.

THE well be no concert Monsieur Simrall forgot to have after a visit at St. Paul's Catholic Church this morning.—Commodore Perry's Cigar.

SUPERINTENDENT JACKSON, of the Telephone Exchange, arrived this morning from New Orleans.

A GREAT amount of damage was done to Smith's station, on the V. & M. road, by yesterday's storm.

A NUMBER of late magazines and other periodicals received to-day at J. F. Baum & Co's.

MR. T. W. HAMMOND and daughter, Mamie, of Meridian, are visiting Mrs. Fred Loyd on Washington street.

SOME very fine music will be rendered at the concert to-night by Mr. and Miss Bowmar upon the violin and piano.

MR. ROBT. HAZLEHURST, Assistant Treasurer of the L., N. O. & T. R. R., left this city last night for Memphis.

THERE will be dancing at the Bee-hive to-night. Those fond of "tripping the light fantastic" should not fail to attend.

THE body of little Eddie Lacy, who was drowned in Walnut bayou, in Madison parish, La., last Saturday, has not been found.

THE Leflore arrived from Greenwood at 1 o'clock with a good trip. She will return to Greenwood Friday evening at 5 o'clock.

THE beautifully sweet voice of Mrs. Iglehart, will be heard at the Opera House to-night. This alone will be a rare treat.

THE Fusion ticket of Madison parish, La., gives the Republicans two Representatives, seven Justices of the Peace and seven Constables.

THE steamer Tributary leaves at 11 a.m. to-morrow for Steele's Bayou, Lake Washington and LaFayette. Heman Denio is her agent.

ON Friday evening an entertainment will be given at Mr. Jas. Newman's, near Bovina, for the benefit of the M. E. Church at that place.

MRS. JOHN HANNA, who has been visiting her daughter, Mrs. Julius Herner, returned last night, accompanied by Mrs. Herner, to New Orleans.

COL. C. J. GRAVES, Engineer of the 7th Division of the L., N. O. & T. Railroad, who has been in the city several days, left last night for Memphis.

ESPECIAL attention is directed to Mr. Julius Klein's locals in regard to "cyclone" and "storm" insurance. This is the season for devasting storms.

JUDGE NORTH is dispatching business in the Circuit Court much to the satisfaction of attorneys and litigants, and making hosts of friends in our city.

MRS. SOL. BLUM, of Delhi, La., who has been on a visit to New Orleans, arrived in this city this morning, and is the guest of her mother, Mrs. Rosa Bloom.

THOSE who brought their stock to the hills out of the overflow are taking the stock back daily, the water having receded sufficiently already to allow them to do so.

IKE MAYER'S GROTTO, on the National Cemetery road, is now open. Refreshments of various kinds are served, and it is a nice place to stop and rest when on a visit to the cemetery.

J. G. GREGORY, Geo. P. Kaufman, Chas. Marlon, New Orleans; L. Krower, L. Frank, New York; Laurence Jones, Atlanta; and Thomas O'Leary, Cincinnati, are at the LaMadrid.

MRS. JULIUS CULBERTSON, of Maysville, Ky., arrived here Sunday morning, and is visiting her mother, Mrs. C. R. Searles. This is Mrs. Culbertson's first visit to Vicksburg for six teen years.

OUR talented young friends and bright lawyers, Hon. Jas. M. Gibson, Jr. and W. B. Banks, Esq., were at Warrenton yesterday attending Judge Simrall's Court. They did not encounter the "storm," however.

THE generous ladies of the Bee-hive have placed us under special obligations for a liberal supply of good things which they sent us this morning. We are under special obligations to Mrs. Hutcheson, Mrs. Bruser and Mrs. David.

THE renowned Zera Seman will be here next Monday. His agent, Mr. Simpson Williams, is in the city arranging for the appearance of the renowned wonderworker and prestidigitator. He will exhibit at the Opera-house.

ALDERMAN FRED LOYD left last night for New Orleans, where he will remain a week. He will stop at Seigler's, on Royal street, and will look after any matters for the Firemen if they will notify him during his stay in that city.

THE many friends of Miss Jennie O'Herrin, and also of her family, will regret exceedingly to learn of her illness. She has been indisposed since Friday last. Her illness, however, is not of a dangerous character, and it is hoped she will be restored to her usual good health in a few days.

MAJOR NEWCOMB, who has been supervising the construction of the railroad bridge over the Yazoo river at Anthony's Ferry, departed with his family last night for Knoxville, Tenn. A large number of friends made during their stay in the city were at the depot to see them off.

Cottage Blossoms.

TO CONSUMERS.
Remember, there are seven different styles and quality of
—Commodore Perry's Cigar.

A TRIP TO TALLULAH

On the Steamer J. H. Williams—Planting Operations—Navigable Bayous—Incidents, Etc.

A POST reporter made the round trip by water from Vicksburg to Tallulah, La., on the steamer J. H. Williams, which left here on Friday at 2 p.m., and returned Sunday evening at 6. The Williams carried five hundred and four packages of freight for Tallulah, and brought back four hundred and eleven sacks of seed, one hundred coon skins, a lot of miscellaneous freight and a number of passengers. This is the first boat that has landed at Tallulah since the flood of 1882, and was therefore an object of interest, and almost curiosity, to the people. On the out trip landings were made at various points in Roundaway bayou, and a number of passengers taken aboard at each, so that upon arrival at Tallulah the boat was crowded with people. The route lay through Davis Bend lake, up Bayou Vidal to Eb Smith's place, where we laid up Friday night. The POST'S representative was very hospitably entertained at Mr. Smith's house. In the morning we proceeded up Roundaway to within 2 miles of Tallulah, thence up Brushy bayou to the town. All along Roundaway bayou the west side is half planted, there being but one break in the line of levee which was constructed in 1844. This crevasse is at the Tallulah place. The east side is all flooded, but all the planters seem to think that the water would go down in ample time to make a good crop. They were without exception hopeful and cheerful. The losses by flood were comparatively insignificant, thanks to the warning given by THE POST before the water came; and little damage was done to stock by buffalo grants, because all the stock is kept corralled and surrounded by fires, which are kept burning day and night. Very few cases of destitution were reported. In fact, in all Madison parish there are only about one hundred people in actual need of assistance. So Mr. Scott, editor of the Madison Journal, stated to the POST reporter, and he added: "These few are both white and black and do not belong to a class who depend on others for support, but were overtaken by the present disaster and only ask help till the water subsides and they can go to work again."

Capt. Bob Bowman, the genial and accommodating master of the J. H. Williams, is making many friends along this route, in which his boat is now making two trips a week, and if navigation could be maintained long enough a profitable trade could be built up as the planters are all anxious for a boat and promised Capt. Bowman their patronage and support. Knowing ones say that $2000 would clean these Bayous out so as to make the route from here to Tallulah navigable five months during the year, and a careful survey shows that for $20,000 the route can be kept open all the year round. Hopes are expressed that Congressman King will lay the appropriation of this amount from Congress, as the railroad has to suspend operations so often that the country in question is for several months every year practically cut off from the outside world.

The only unpleasant incident of the trip was caused by a white woman attempting to cross the bayou in a skiff in the wake of the Williams, but the waves were so strong that the skiff was capsized, and the woman drowned.

As we reached the mouth of Davis Bend lake on our return we met the U. P. Schenck, and what was remarkable, passed her in a jiffy. The Vicksburg and Tallulah packet, J. H. Williams, is a success, and though she has not exactly the style and accommodations of the J. M. White, or some other large boats, the fare is tip-top, and her officers are clever and courteous gentlemen, and make things lively and pleasant for every body as long as they are on the boat.

RUHMAN & CO.,
Tailors and Importers,
WASHINGTON STREET.
A complete stock of Spring and Summer goods now on hand, including many
SPECIALTIES FOR THE SEASON.
FINE SUITS, all shades and grades, and latest styles. Spring Overcoats, to suit sudden changes of the weather.
BOYS' and CHILDREN'S CLOTHING
in larger variety and more perfect workmanship than ever before. Special attention is asked to this department.
Unequalled stock of Hats and Gents' Furnishing Goods.
EULL LINE of PIECE GOODS.
Trouserings, etc., and "the best cutter in the South." Fit and workmanship guaranteed. ap11-1w

The Circuit Court.

The Circuit Court met this morning pursuant to adjournment, Hon. Ralph North presiding.

The case of Ryan against the N. O., B. R., V. & M. R. R. was on trial to-day.

BUTTER!
20 Small Tubs Choice, suitable for Families, received this day. [m12] WARE & NORTH.

Service.

At the Temple, for the celebration of Passover, concluding this evening at 7 o'clock and to-morrow morning at 10 o'clock. English sermon in the evening service by Rabbi H. M. Bien.

The River at Vicksburg.

The water is 45 feet 6 inches above low water mark at this point, and is at a stand.

TO CONSUMERS.
Remember, there are seven different styles and quality of
—Commodore Perry's Cigar.

The Bee-hive.

When you enter Magnolia Hall your attention is first attracted to the "Magic Well." It is in charge of Misses Ella Sheehan, Mamie Shaw and Tina Theobold.

Misses Kate Swalthy and Kate Link are the "Post-mistresses."

The fancy table is in charge of Mrs. Formowski, Mrs. Garrity, Mrs. Ryan, Mrs. Hall and Miss Brady. The fine picture of the church is in charge of these ladies and will be raffled at 50 cents a chance.

The dinner table is in charge of Mrs. Bruser, Mrs. Smarr, Mrs. Blanc, Mrs. David and Misses Mollie O'Brien and Lizzie Bruser. These ladies also dispose of chances in a fine stove and a bridal trousseau.

The punch stand is in charge of Mrs. John Rodge.

The Ice Cream Parlor is on the stage, and is admirably presided over by Mrs. G. W. Hutcheson, Mrs. Jaquith, Mrs. Henry Schuler, Jr., Mrs. Leppich, Mrs. Rine, and Misses Mary Hutcheson, Kate Harrison, Rose Walker and Lena Ammons.

The cake table is next in order. Besides the cakes previously mentioned, beautiful ones have been donated by Messrs. Harrison, Johnston and Bradford. All the ladies keep their eyes on the cake table.

Next we come to the "Honey Gatherers." This is a table filled with unique fancy articles, and is presided over by Misses Mary Gannon, Anna Smarr, Josie Harrigan and Laura Theobold.

BRAND NEW
And cant-be-beaten styles of thoroughly first-rate Spring clothing now on the counters at our house. Men's suits, boy's suits, children's suits in all the latest shapes and colors. New furnishings and hats just in. The best styles we ever showed, and the lowest prices.
WARNER & SEARLES,
The Leading Clothiers.

The Fancy Table.

At the "Bee-hive," is one of the most attractive tables at the interesting and busy place. It is the depository of a number of articles that required the greatest skill and taste in their production—articles that will be better defined by the term "artistic work." Many of the articles are beautiful specimens of exquisite taste and skillful handiwork, and will bear the most critical inspection. Among them are included works of Embroidery, Painting, Waxwork, Zephyr-work, handsome Scarfs, and fancy work of all descriptions.

But to the majority of male visitors at the Bee-hive, the "presiding geniuses" of the Fancy-work table, are more attractive than the beautiful wares which they have in charge. The following bevy of beautiful and busy "bees" belong to this table, and are "beseech" the public to "besiege" the table and buy of the bees: Misses Smarr, Gannon, Theobold and Horrigan.

Smith—Murphy.

A brilliant wedding came off at St. Paul's Catholic Church yesterday evening, Mr. Moses Smith, a well-known river pilot, and Miss Maggie Murphy, a daughter of Mr. Michael Murphy, being the high contracting parties, and Rev. Father Huber officiating. The following gentlemen and ladies acted as groomsmen and bridesmaids:

Mr. James R. Marlett and Miss Eugenia Rodge, Mr. George Shaw and Miss Mollie Rodge, Mr. John Rodge and Miss Minnie Henry, Mr. Thomas Havlin and Miss Mollie Casey.

The toilets were all elegant and tasty. The bride looked beautiful in a costume of cream brocaded satin entrain, handsomely trimmed in lace and flowers with diamond ornaments.

Miss Eugenia Rodge wore pale blue satin Spanish lace trimming, flowers and diamonds.

Miss Mollie Rodge wore a costume of sea-shell pink, trimmed in lace and flowers, with diamonds and rubies.

Miss Henry wore a costume of pale blue satin, with trimmings of lace and flowers, diamonds and pearl ornaments.

Miss Casey wore shrimp pink satin, with lace trimmings and diamonds.

Dr. O'Leary sang an artistic tenor solo, and Miss Josephine Spengler played Mendelssohn's Wedding March from Mid summer night's dream.

After the ceremony the friends of the newly married couple accompanied them to the residence of the bride's parents, where they had refreshments and a general merry-making.

The presents were numerous and beautiful. The happy pair have the good wishes of an innumerable host of friends.

SUITS TO ORDER,
Ranging from $15, $17.50, $21.50, $25, $30 up to $50. Any gentleman can be pleased in style and fit at 183 Washington street. E. D. Bickley is the man to fit the head, body and pocket of our New South.
WANAMAKER & BROWN,
m26 E. D. BICKLEY, Agent.

CYCLONES
INSURE YOUR PROPERTY AGAINST
Cyclones & Tornadoes.
You can get a policy by calling at the office of
J. M. KLEIN.
Fire Alarm.
An alarm of fire was sounded just as we went to press. Splengler's mill caught fire, but it was put out before doing any damage.

R. F. BECK, President, THOS. MOUNT, Vice-President.
JNO. F. HALPIN, Secretary. W. O. WORRELL, Treasurer.
VICKSBURG
Building Association
STOCK IN THIS SOLID HOME INSTITUTION
PAYS BETTER THAN A SAVINGS BANK,
AND ITS INVESTMENTS ARE
Fully Secured by Mortgages on Real Estate
Now is the time to subscribe. You cannot lose anything and you are certain to make a handsome profit.
The cost of Stock is $1 per month on each Share.
Ten shares of Stock in about eight years will be worth $1,000
The ten shares in eight years will have cost 960
Making a profit, on an investment averaging four years, of $40
Which is equal to 77 per cent. or 19¼ per cent. per annum.
The Association Cashes its Stock at any Time According to Equitable Rules
Persons having small amounts monthly to spare, say from $1 to $15, cannot do better than invest in this stock.
Capitalists will find it a profitable investment, realizing 18 to 20 per cent. per annum.
Property owners will increase the value of their property by subscribing to the stock, for it loans its funds to actual builders, and every new house built increases the value of property in its neighborhood.
Persons of moderate means who desire to build houses can borrow the money from the Association and pay it back in
MONTHLY PAYMENTS
Not Greater than the Usual Amounts Paid for Rent.
Books of Subscription to the Twelfth Series of Stock are now open at the office of the Secretary. jan1

BLANKS'
Southern Photographic Gallery,
CLAY STREET, OVER EXPRESS OFFICE, VICKSBURG, MISS.
STRICTLY FIRST-CLASS PHOTOGRAPHS of all sizes and styles. Old pictures copied and enlarged to any size desired.
INSTANTANEOUS PICTURES TAKEN AT THIS GALLERY
Post Office Box 191.

JOHN B. CLARK. D. S. WRIGHT
CLARKE & CO.
WE invite your attention and solicit your inspection, as we feel assured that you will find it to your interest to do so before buying elsewhere. We buy direct from the manufacturers and first hands, consequently we will duplicate prices of North, South or West.
Our Line of Blank Books
Embraces Day Books, Journals, Ledgers, Cash Books, full and half bound; Draft, Note, Order and Receipt Books, Pass and Memorandum Books, Monthly and Weekly Time Books, Invoice and Bill Books, and all kinds and sizes of blank books.
Also Letter Paper, Bill and Account Paper, Envelopes, Inks, Pens, Pencils, etc.
Our Book Department.
We have a large assortment of School Books, Medical, Scientific, Law and Miscellaneous Books, also all the New Books as issued. Our
Fancy Goods Departm't
Offers an elegant variety goods. Birthday and Congratulation Cards in large assortment.
Ladies' Stationery
Our assortment is always large and in the latest shades, shapes and kinds.
Artists' Materials.
Includes Oil, Water and China Paints. Materials of every description, Brushes, Canvas, Plaques and Panels of all kinds. Also Art Novelties for Decoration.
Musical Instruments
Includes Pianos, Organs, Guitars, Banjos, Accordions, etc. Italian and German strings for different kinds of instruments. Agents for Decker Bros. Pianos and Mason & Hamlin Organs.
Headquarters for Wall Paper, Picture Frames, Mouldings, &c. All the Standard Libraries, both old and new issues. Newspapers, Magazines, New Publications received daily.
All orders or communications per mail, boat or otherwise answered with promptness, and satisfaction guaranteed. Send for Price List and Catalogue.
CLARKE & CO.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
Booksellers, Stationers and Music Dealers
BLUE FRONT BOOK STORE, 149 WASHINGTON ST., VICKSBURG.

Fortitude.

Mr. Editor: It requires a "Piano-forte-dude" to advertise "big concert" followed by "small play and pay," but—a philosopher can stand such nuisances with a "Piano-fortitude." C.

A MAN'S body must be considered and preserved as well as his soul.

A TRIUMPH OF SKILL.
Dr. Price's
SPECIAL
FLAVORING
EXTRACTS
Prepared from Select Fruits that yield the finest Flavors. Have been used for years. Become The Standard Flavoring Extracts. None of Greater Strength, None of such Perfect Purity. Always certain to impart to Cakes, Puddings, Sauces, the natural Flavor of the Fruit.
MANUFACTURED BY
STEELE & PRICE,
Chicago, Ill., and St. Louis, Mo.

PLANTATION LOANS
On the Installment Plan, Negotiated by
Francis Smith & Co.
8. W. corner Washington and Crawford streets, Vicksburg, Miss.
No Cotton Required
Planters should not make loans until they have investigated our plan and terms.
WE HAVE NO AGENTS.
dec10

FRUIT AND ORNAMENTAL
TREES
ROSES and Green-House Plants by the MILLION at the
GREGORY NURSERY,
Grove Street, Vicksburg.
422 THOMPSON S. GREGORY, P.
WINCHESTER RIFLE
AT WHOLESALE
44.100, 38.100, and 32.10 kept by
LOUIS HOFFMAN
Gun Repairing Promptly Done.

The Vicksburg Evening Post.
VOLUME II. VICKSBURG, MISSISSIPPI. WEDNESDAY, APRIL 16, 1884. NUMBER 92.

VICKSBURG BANK.
EDWARD S. BUTTS, President. H. C. KUYKENDALL, Vice-Pres. JAMES P. ROACH, Cashier.
Established Nov. 12, 1868.
Incorporated Mar. 4, 1878.
Transacts a General Banking Business.
CHARTER PERPETUAL.
New York Correspondent, - - - National Park Bank.
New Orleans Correspondent, - - - State National Bank.
may4

SPRING SPECIALTIES
From Age Cultivators,
Avery's Garden Plows,
Acme Harrows,
GERMAN MILLET SEED, SAPLING CLOVER SEED,
AND
LANDRETH'S GARDEN SEED,
DOW LOW COTTON PLANTERS
Globe Cotton Planters, Washburn & Moen's Thick Set Galvanized Barb Wire, Philadelphia Lawn Mowers.
LEE RICHARDSON & CO.

BLANKS'
Southern Photographic Gallery,
CLAY STREET, OVER EXPRESS OFFICE, VICKSBURG, MISS.
STRICTLY FIRST-CLASS PHOTOGRAPHS of all sizes and styles. Old pictures copied and enlarged to any size desired.
INSTANTANEOUS PICTURES TAKEN AT THIS GALLERY
Post Office Box 191.

EASTER!
We have now on exhibition at our store the finest and most extensive line of
EASTER CARDS
EVER BROUGHT TO THIS CITY,
—COMPRISING AN ELEGANT LINE OF—
Imported Satin Easter Cards.
Prang & Co.'s Easter Art Prints on Satin.
Hans, Plummer & Co.'s Easter Souvenirs in Silk, Satin and Plush.
Easter Cards from 5 cents to $15.00 each.
An elegant line of Birthday and Wedding Congratulation Cards.
J. F. BAUM & CO.,
—DEALERS IN—
Books, Stationery, Music and Fancy Goods,
171 WASHINGTON STREET, VICKSBURG.

C. REYNOLDS, E. A. NEELY.
C. C. REYNOLDS & CO.
Wholesale and Retail Druggists
AND DEALERS IN
White Lead, Mixed Paints, Linseed Oil, Lard Oil, Gnat Oil, Turpentine, Putty and Glassware, Patent Medicines, Sponges, Hair Brushes, Perfumery, Toilet Articles of Every Description. Garden and Flower Seeds.
AGENTS FOR HUMPHREY'S HOMŒOPATHIC MEDICINES. ja4

CATCHINGS, Attorney-General of Mississippi.
MARYE DABNEY, late of Edwards, Miss.
CATCHINGS & DABNEY,
Attorneys-at-Law,
VICKSBURG, MISS.
GENERAL attention will be given to business entrusted to them in the Hinds counties, and in the State and Federal Courts at Jackson.

J. S. MORRIS,
Attorney-at-Law
VICKSBURG, MISS.
Practice in the various Courts of Warren, Jefferson and Claiborne, and in the Federal Courts at Jackson.

SLAUGHTERING PRICES!
IN
Boots and Shoes
AT
FOLEY'S SHOE STORE
English broad toe gaiters, $2.50; London toe, imitation buttoned gaiters, $2.75; Plain box gaiters, $3.00; imitation lasted, London toe, sewed gaiter, $3.50; ladies' kid buttoned $3.25, cheap at $4.75; ladies' front laced kid, $2.75, cheap at $4.00; boys' buttoned gaiters, $2.50, cheap at $3.50; youths' buttoned gaiters, double tipped, $2.00, cheap at $2.25.
The chief pride of this house is the superior character of its custom-made work. All orders promptly and carefully attended to. Send for catalogue. 3-15

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

[Special to THE EVENING POST.]

Condition of the Rivers.

NEW ORLEANS, April 16.—The flood wave in the lower Mississippi will probably cause a slight rise at Helena. The river will fall at all other stations. The Tennessee, Cumberland, Arkansas and Savannah rivers will continue to rise.

MARKET REPORTS.

LIVERPOOL, April 16.—Spots 1-16 higher.

NEW YORK, April 16, noon.—Spots firm. Middling, 11 15-16. Futures 12 points higher.

NEW ORLEANS, April 16, noon.—Cotton firm. Middling, 11¾.

Memphis River Report.

MEMPHIS, TENN., April 16.—The river is falling. The Reuben R. Springer passed down at noon.

New Orleans River Report.

NEW ORLEANS, April 16.—The weather is clear and warm.

Business is dull.

Arrivals: U. P. Schenck, from Cincinnati; Horner, from Pittsburg.

Leaving this evening; Wyoming for Cincinnati; City of Vicksburg, for St. Louis.

Ex-Senator Bruce on His Native Heath—The Expected Railway Decision, etc.

[Special to the Picayune.]

JACKSON, April 14.—Register Bruce is expected by his friends in the morning. It is understood he will be the recepient of a reception at their hands.

Mr. Bruce will doubtless remain here until after the Republican Convention, April 22. He will be the guest of his friend Jas. Hill.

Col. W. T. Nugent, attorney for the Vicksburg and Meridian and Northeastern Railroads, leaves for Aberdeen to-night to argue and injunction against the Railroad Commission.

Judge Harris, counsel for the Illinois Central, has returned. Judge Hill did not deliver an opinion in the injunction cases. He will deliver the same after hearing of the Mobile and Ohio case, which is similar. It is generally believed by members of the bar that the decision will be adverse to the commission.

THE CINCINNATI RIOT.

Judge Avery's Charge to the Grand Jury.

CINCINNATI, April 15.—Judge Avery in his charge to the special Grand Jury made plain to them that they had been summoned after due consideration by the court upon the suggestion of the prosecuting attorney, to "inquire and a true presentment make" concerning the riot, its occasion and causes, and the destruction of life and property; not to recount the events and make connection between the causes and consequences, but to declare in regard to the crimes.

He charged them their first duty was to inquire if a bribery had been committed in connection with the jury that tried Wm. Berner. Then to inquire if the crime of riot had been committed by whose hands the court-house had been fired, and lastly, if life had been unlawfully taken. He explained with great force and clearness the law of bribery, riot, treason, and of killing in furtherance of an unlawful act. He said he made charges to the city of the sheriff in protecting the prisoners from insult or unlawful accusations. He impressed upon the jury the importance of a thorough investigation of the whole subject, saying that they would have the assistance and advice of the prosecuting attorney, and could also have any witnesses they might want.

The entire bench of the Common Pleas was present during the delivery of the charge. The jury, as stated when impaneled, is composed of seven citizens, intelligent gentlemen. The result will be awaited with great interest. They are charged to strictest secrecy not being even permitted to tell what witnesses appear before them.

THE BLAIR EDUCATION BILL.

An Amendment which Bars Maryland from its Benefits.

WASHINGTON, April 15.—Under the Blair Educational bill, which passed the Senate Tuesday, the State of Maryland would be entitled to $1,680,000 but for an amendment which was adopted before the bill was passed. This amendment is: "No money shall be paid out under this act to any State or Territory that shall not have provided by law a system of free common schools for all children of school age, without distinction of race or color, either in the raising or distributing of school revenue or in the school facilities afford." Under the law of Maryland a State tax of 10 cents on $100 is levied for school purposes, and this levy brings in from $400,000 to $500,000. Of this sum, by an express provision of law, $100,000 must go for the support exclusively of colored schools. In addition to that there is in the school law of the State an express provision that all taxes raised for school purposes from the property of colored persons must be applied exclusively to the education of colored persons. Although the laws of Maryland discriminate in favor of rather than against the colored school children, the State will not be entitled to a share of the $77,000,000 unless the Legislature shall see fit to change the existing school law. As the Legislature has just adjourned, and does not meet again for over two years, it seems that the State has little chance for a share, unless the bill shall be amended in the House.

MR. BLANE would unquestionably be defeated in the State of New York if he should become the Republican candidate for President. Two powerful elements in his own party would be arrayed against him, and it is doubtful if he would command even their votes, not to speak of their active sympathy and assistance during the campaign.—Rochester Herald, Ind.

THE TARIFF BROKE LOOSE.

The Morrison Bill Under Consideration in the House.

Speeches of Morrison and Kelly—The Sad Condition of Labor in England.

WASHINGTON, April 15.—Morrison, of Illinois, at 12:50 moved that the House go into Committee of the whole for the consideration of the tariff bill. There was no division, and the motion was agreed to, Cox, of New York, being called to the chair.

Immediately upon the Committee assembling Eaton, of Connecticut, objected to the consideration of the bill, and the objection was reported to the House.

By a vote of 140 to 138 the Committee decided to consider the tariff measure.

There was intense interest manifested in the roll call. At the conclusion of the first call there appeared a majority of one in favor of the measure. Then went on the second call. Members crowded around any one of their colleagues who was keeping tally, especially listening for each response. The result was so close that until the final announcement nobody was quite sure how the vote stood, but upon the announcement there was rounds of applause from the Democratic side.

The Committee then resumed its sitting and Morrison opened debate in support of the bill. He described the financial condition of the country, stated the annual surplus of revenues over expenditures, and dwelt upon the necessity of reducing taxation. To fail to reduce taxation and to relieve the people would be a flagrant disregard of public duty. The pending bill might not be all that is required, but it was an advance towards the promise of a more complete tariff reform. Such reform and adjustment of the tariff was not believed to be attainable at the present session. It would create no surprise that in the opinion of the minority of the Ways and Means Committee the measure was not sufficiently meritorious to secure their approval. They found in it no merit because it proposed to reduce all duties alike. A horizontal reduction might not be best, but none other was practicable. Protectionists opposed it, not because it was a horizontal reduction, but because it was a reduction at all.

Kelly, of Pennsylvania, made the opening speech in opposition to the bill. He did not believe that any cheapening of goods could relieve any of the American industries. The evil was not that goods were not cheap enough, or that America could not produce them. The truth to be considered of all men was that the power of production the world over had outrun the power of consumption, and all markets were overstocked. He then proceeded to give chapters from the terrible lives of the industrial classes of England, learned by him in a three months visit to England, in order to show the fearful condition of the laboring people in that country, and he said that the proposition now made was that the United States enter the race with the world for cheapness, which had led to such terrible results in England. There was nothing of so little value in England as a working men or women, with a reasonably good appetite. In one town he had seen women making trace chains, and yet the gentleman from Kentucky, Turner, was returned to Congress every year because he advocated placing trace chains on the free list.

Turner said that was a good proposition, which he hoped would be adopted.

Kelly replied that women could realize 55 to 60 cents a week for making trace chains. God forbid that any Kentucky woman must ever work at such employment for such starvation wages. I will admit free trade is best for you, at least for those of you who can afford to consume anything that is produced, but I claim that protection is best for me. You think a great deal more for a cheap shoe than you do for a prosperous shoemaker, while in America we think more of the artizan than of his work. [Applause on the Republican side.]

The Drunkard's Act.

The drunkard's act, past by the last Legislature, provides that the Chancellor may in term time or vacation, appoint guardians for habitual drunkards on application of the relatives in this State, then on the application of friends. The Chancellor if he deems best may order the confinement of any habitual drunkard in the Lunatic Asylum and order his release upon such terms when it is shown that his reformation is completed. —State Ledger.

ICE!
I AM now prepared to furnish Ice at wholesale or retail. Ice delivered to any part of the city, or furnished ready for shipment at 1 cent per pound, on short notice.
THOS. TALEN,
4-16 . South Street Ice House.

JOHN BOGIE.....President.
JOS. BILLITZ.....Business Manager.
RIVERVIEW
Manufacturing Company,
ARE NOW MANUFACTURING
CIDER
Which they guarantee equal to the best made in the United States or elsewhere. Competition defied. City orders delivered free.
Office at Rauschuber, Warrenton road. Orders can be left with S. Feld & Co.'s, 178 Washington. ap16

Notice of Removal.
JOHN HASZINGER has removed his SHOE SHOP from Jas. King's old stand, to the commodious room over Julius Ruhman's Tobacco House, on Washington St.
Prompt attention given as usual, to new work and repairing. Satisfaction guaranteed. ap16

The FORTY-SEVENTH ANNIVERSARY
—OF THE—
Vicksburg Fire Department
WEDNESDAY, APRIL 23, 1884.
ORDER OF PROCESSION.
1 Platoon of Police on foot.
2 Grand Marshal, Richard G. Groome.
3 Aids to Grand Marshal: Constitution No. 1, F. W. Little; Hook and Ladder No. 1, H. H. Kain; Phœnix No. 2, H. Denio; Washington No. 3, Eugene Platt.
4 Firemen's Silver Cornet Band.
5 Officers of the Vicksburg Firemen's Charitable Association.
6 Chief Engineer, James C. Gill; First Assistant, Geo. P. Preil; Second Assistant, Wm. H. Phelan.
7 Marshal of Jackson Steam Fire Company No. 1; Jackson Steam Fire Company No. 1.
8 Marshal Constitution Fire Company No. 1, James W. Hays; Constitution Fire Company No. 1.
9 Marshal Washington Fire Company No. 3, H. C. David; Washington Fire Company No. 3.
10 Hill City Cornet Band.
11. Marshal Hook and Ladder Company No. 1, Sam N. Richardson; Hook and Ladder Company No. 1.
12. Vicksburg Field Band.
13. Marshal Phœnix Fire Company No. 2, W. C. Kain; Phœnix Fire Company No. 2.
LINE OF MARCH.
The procession will form on Washington street at 12 o'clock, the right resting on Clay street, and will proceed as follows: Up Washington to Belmont, out Belmont to Cherry, down Cherry to Grove, out Grove to First North, up First North to Main, down Main to Washington, up Washington to South, out South to Cherry, thence to the Court-house, when the companies will disband, and under charge of their respective officers, with the guests of the Department, will repair to the grounds of the Brothers' School, where the banquet kindly furnished by the citizens will be spread.
The companies will form promptly at their engine houses under their respective officers at 11 a.m, and be prepared to move upon orders from me through my Aids. It is hoped and confidently expected that each and every company will promptly comply with the above, so that the moving of the procession may not be delayed.
By order RICHARD G. GROOME, Grand Marshal.
Since writing the above I have been informed there will be several other companies from different portions of our State, who will participate with us on this occasion, in which event the above order of procession will be changed.
RICHARD G. GROOME, Grand Marshal.
ap16.
W. T. BALFOUR, M. D.
LATE PHYSICIAN TO CITY HOSPITAL,
Physician and Surgeon
OFFERS his professional services to the people of Vicksburg and vicinity.
Office at Keefe & Co.'s drugstore. Residence corner Crawford and South streets. ap10

County School Warrants.
IN accordance with the provisions of an act of the Legislature entitled "An Act to refund the school debt of Warren county," approved March 10th, 1884, notice is hereby given to holders of ALL county school warrants, issued for services prior to the first day of January, 1884, to present the same to the Clerk of this Board, within six months from the passage of the Act, FOR AUTHENTICATION AND REGISTRATION, to entitle them to the benefit of the Act. When registered and presented to the County Treasurer, in sums of $50 or its multiple, bonds will be prepared in sums of not less than $50 nor more than $1,000, and delivered to holders, dated February 1st, 1883, and payable thirty years after date, or at the option of the Board, with three per cent. per annum interest, according to the terms of the Act. The Act provides for an annual special levy to pay interest and to create a sinking fund equal to one-thirtieth of the bonds in circulation to pay the principal. A. H. ARTHU

THE EVENING POST

PUBLISHED BY
J. G. CASHMAN & CO.,
Washington St., Vicksburg, Miss.

The Evening Post.

VICKSBURG, MISS., APRIL 16, 1884.

THE State election takes place in Louisiana next Tuesday. It is conceded that the Louisiana Lottery Company will be elected by a large majority.

THE Governor of Texas has said substantially to the Governor of Louisiana: "Its a long time since I saw such a fool as you." The cause of the speech was the refusal of the latter to return a Texas criminal to the authorities of that State.

FROM the similarity in the course of the free traders to that of the supervisionists in the Mississippi Legislature one would think that the former also came from our "coon counties." Their actions are tempered with just about as much prudence and conservatism.

THERE is a "snoestring" District in Texas, and "high tariff" is popular there. A Texas correspondent of the Picayune says "the sheepmen of Texas are down on reciprocity in any form," and that the Ohio tariff plank is a sound piece of timber in that section.

THE tariff fight has begun in the House, a motion for the consideration of Morrison's bill having been adopted in the House yesterday by a majority of one vote. The Republicans will be likly to obtain more campaign capital from the discussion of the bill than will the Democrats.

THE most egotistical of the United States, "Me."—Lowell Courier. The most religious, "Miss."—The Hatchet. The poorest in health, "Ill."—Pretzel's Weekly. The father of all the States, "Pa."—Holly Hock. The prettiest, "Miss."—Belfast Journal. Always scratching, "Penn."

The most astounded (especially since the Cincinnati outbreak), "O."

WE do not believe it possible that Mr. Randall, a man without action, can ever will advocate, or countenance the success of that which he clearly understands to be calamitous to the public and ruinous to the prosperity of the nation.—Greenville Review.

Of course not. Mr. Randall is conscientiously advocating that which he believes will redound to the best interests of the people and the nation. And experience has already demonstrated his views to be correct.

If the "free trade" policy should obtain the ascendancy in the National Democratic Convention, the great State of New York may be forthwith handed over "body and boots" to the Republicans. The Irish element of the democracy in that State will not vote for the English free trade policy. Many of them have had sad personal experience of the miseries and injustice of English policy and English rule, and they will not care about establishing and perpetuating it in this country.

CORN sold in our town last Saturday at one dollar per bushel, and meal ditto. —Houston (Miss.) Free South.

And yet some of the Mississippi politicians will tell the people of that section that "railroad supervision" and "free trade" is all that is needed to make them prosperous. But we tell them that no matter how high or low the tariff, no matter if there never be railroad supervision, the people of that section will not be prosperous as long as they pay a dollar per bushel for corn which they should produce themselves.

SENATOR GEORGE says he "surrenders his old-time opinions, however unwillingly." And he might have added, unnecessarily. Time changes, but truth and principle—never change, and never surrender. What was gained by one revolution was not lost in another. No truth, no principle was blotted out.—Port Gibson Reveille.

No doubt Senator George agrees with the Reveille that "no truth, no principle was blotted out." The Senator has probably concluded that some "truths" and "principles" are made clearer than ever before, and that he had mistaken "opinions" in regard to some of them. A wise man changes his opinions sometimes.

SOME of the free-trade theorists cite England as an example for the United States to follow in establishing free-trade. In England the laws and policy of the country are for the benefit of the few—the nobility and aristocracy. In America, the laws and policy of the Government are now and should continue to be for the benefit of the masses of the people. Our Government is rapidly paying of its National debt; England is not doing this. Free-trade in England has not benefited, and does not now benefit, the laboring people of that country. Their condition is the most miserable of that of any of the civilised nations, and yet Democratic so-called statesmen want the United States to follow England's example. Just what Mr. Kelly of Pennsylvania does when he is the cause of labor.

Railroad Regulation.

The Mississippi Railroad Commission held a meeting at Jackson yesterday. Three railroad companies submitted their tariff rates, as follows: "Ship Island, Ripley & Kentucky;" "Mississippi & Tennessee," and "New Orleans, Baton Rouge, Vicksburg & Memphis." The Ripley road is an unimportant little narrow-guage road, the Mississippi & Tennessee has probably never paid one cent dividend on the money invested in it, and the New Orleans, Baton Rouge, Vicksburg & Memphis is yet uncompleted.

Section 6 of the Mississippi supervision law says:

"In revising or establishing any and every tariff of charges, it shall be the duty of said Commission to take into consideration the character and nature of the service to be performed and the entire business of such railroad, together with its earnings from the passengers and other traffic, and shall so revise such tariffs as to allow a fair and just return on the value of such railroad, its appurtenances and equipments."

This section authorizes the Commission to take into consideration the ENTIRE BUSINESS of a railroad, even if it extends from Maine to Mexico. The Legislature passed a supplemental Act to the effect that the Commission should not be required "to investigate or call upon any railroad company for rates of charges in transportation or travel from any point outside of this State to points outside of the State, or in any way interfere with such rates of charges."

Now the question arises whether the Commission will take into consideration "the entire business" of a railroad when regulating its tariff; on the contrary the Commission is required to take into consideration the service and success of a railroad in adjusting its tariff charges in this State.

We believe all the railroads in the State can raise their present tariff rates without violating section 6 of the law which is intended to allow them a fair return on the value of the roads, provided only the business transacted by the roads in the State is taken into consideration. We further believe the Mississippi Commission cannot take into consideration "the entire business of a road" —the business transacted in other States—when adjusting the tariff of rates in this State. This would certainly be an attempt to regulate inter-State commerce, which the Federal Constitution does not permit.

The Commission at its session yesterday did one wise thing—it adjourned until May 7th, to see what the courts are going to do with the "unconstitutional" supervision law.

River Problems.

We publish elsewhere an article on the subject of the river and levees which deserves to be read by all. It is written by a gentleman for years a resident of Tensas parish, and a careful student of the Mississippi and all its problems. It is not saying too much to assert that, with possibly the exception of Capt. Eads, he is the best writer on this subject of any we know. He meets all the problems and questions in a simple manner, comprehensive and convincing to all; detects and exposes all the many errors that prevail about the river; shows conclusively that there are no deep mysteries about it, but that it is governed by the same rule as other streams of a like character, and, finally, demonstrates by the experience of ages, and by a careful study of all the data about the Mississippi itself, that the only mode of improving the river, increasing its navigation, deepening its channel and preventing overflows, lies in levees. The article is a full and thorough answer to the many publications that have been lately made in certain Western papers on this subject. It meets every point in these articles, and demonstrates, by science, by facts and by experience, that the outlet theory is without foundation, and that the lower Mississippi Valley must depend on levees to prevent it from overflow.

The recent overflows in the Ohio River and the high water in the Mississippi are attributed to increased rainfall, due to the destruction of the forests near the sources of the Ohio and to the better drainage of the country along its banks. Forest destruction has a different effect on the rainfall in different sections of country. If in a mountainous region, it increases the rainfall; while in a prairie it decreases it; but in both sections the forests have a regulating effect, and when destroyed, although the rainfall may be no greater during the year, it is apt to fall less often but in greater quantities when it does fall. As to the proposition to prevent the high water in the Ohio by the preservation of forests, it is open to the objection that the owners of the woodlands might not consent to this, and that even if they did, another cause of high water, the improved system of drainage of the farmlands lying along the river, cannot be prevented. The only plan, therefore, he can see to prevent floods in the Ohio is the improvement and deepening of the channel so as increase its discharging capacities—a work which properly belongs to the general government.

On the subject of levees, Mr. Smyth meets the various objections to them and corrects many popular errors.

As to the theory that levees are the cause of cut-offs, he calls attention to the facts that for centuries before a levee of any size was constructed on the Mississippi it was making cut-offs nearly annually. All through Northern Louisiana and Mississippi are to be seen hundreds of lakes, which are nothing but old beds of the river, which it deserted to make a cut-off.

In reply to the argument that with the levees down the river would deposit on its banks, and thus make its own levees, he shows that this work would be very slowly done, it having taken the Nile a century to raise its banks six inches, and even if the river did raise its banks, it would cause it to fall at the same time, and thus overcome any advantage from this deposit.

Again, on the proposition that there is some connection between high water and levees, he cites from the records of the stage of the river kept at Tensas, the most complete known. This record showed that, with the levees down, Tensas was flooded ninety times out of a century. In other words, before levees were built, that portion of country was under water ninety years out of ten. Its overflow, therefore, can scarcely be attributed to levee building.

Another popular error is the belief that the high water of 1882 was unprecedented, and never had been or would be equaled. As a matter of fact, in nine floods out of fifty, the water was above 1882.

A careful review of levee building in this State proves, Mr. Smyth shows, that with proper levees the entire flood can be retained within banks. A great deal of money has been wasted on the levees; they have been too near the river bank, and caved in; too low, and been washed away. In fine, their value has never been properly tested. Wherever tested they have been a success. In 1858, the greatest flood year known, the Tensas levee enabled the flood to pass within its banks. The same volume was kept in the channel from the Yazoo to Red river, and a considerable distance below. This year, also, thanks to the better condition of the levees, although the river was higher than in 1882, the back water was in many places lower. Levees and jetties differ only in name. And they will have the same effect on the channel of the river as the jetties have had at the mouth.

Mr. Smyth shows how utterly illogical is the outlet theory. It is an old theory, and was tried with the Rhine, Arno, Tiber and Adige years ago. In every instance it heightened the bed of the streams, and instead of preventing floods, rendered them more dangerous. As to the support that Cowden pretends to draw from Gen. Humphreys, a citation from his works is confessed to the effect that "outlets would produce consequences disastrous to Louisiana and the navigation of the river be seriously impaired."—N. O. Times-Democrat.

FOUR out of five of Louisiana's delegation voted in caucus, for the Morrison bill. How can these men stand up and ask for protection for sugar, an article of universal consumption, while aiming a blow at every other protected American industry. The answer is plain. As representatives of Louisiana they were recreant to their trust, and as Congressmen their votes, aimed a blow at the industrial prosperity of the people, is the Mobile Register declares that it would have been a great thing for the Democratic party if Mr. Watterson had spent the past six months

The Barefoot Boy.

[Written for The Boston Journal.]

You hear the laughter rippling down
From out the high, old orchard tree,
And all the old, gray past looms up
A sainted, hallowed ground to thee;
While thoughtless there on fruited limb,
In rapturous, soul-song full of joy,
A bare-legged urchin sits and sings
And owns the right of Barefoot Boy.

You see the barn now covered o'er
With grayest moss from eaves to eaves,
The rotted boards and shingles old,
Where fledgling swallow faintly grieves;
And clamberin there a venturous youth,
To see the birds so shy and coy;
We know him by his rolled-up pants
As our young friend, the Barefoot Boy.

You see the cows come lowing down
From out the pasture rich with grass,
And Brindle, Jane and meek-eyed Bess,
Adown the lane now slowly pass;
While loitering there with whistled tune,
In freedom which his cares annoy,
You see him wading thro' the stream,
Our rapturous lad, the Barefoot Boy.

You see the forest fat with game,
The grand old trees so hard to climb;
And here and there a squirrel gray,
With all the woods in cadenced rhyme;
And here, if ever, perfect peace,
Tho' treacherous gun would there destroy
For hunting game with fatal aim
Was sport for him, the Barefoot Boy.

A mimic ship upon the wave,
With sails as white as winter's snow,
Goes dandling up and down afloat,
As knowing not which way to go;
And there, alone, knee-deep in mud,
With sailor's hail of "ship ahoy!"
You see a bright-eyed urchin stand,
And find him still the Barefoot Boy.

You see the school house by the hill,
The mud-balls sticking here and there,
And careless urchins playing ball,
With shock of red or tumbled hair;
You hear the bell, and in a row,
Their faces smut with earth's alloy,
You see a dozen lads or so,
And know them each a Barefoot Boy.

You see the barrels stained with juice
From reddest apples on the farm,
And in your prime you pass them by,
And know not half their subtle charm;
But there alone in highest glee,
And consummated at his joy,
You see him sucking at the straw,
Our cider-loving Barefoot Boy.

You hear the jewsharp on the air,
As natural, sweet, as babbling brook,
And all our childhood, page on page,
You reverent scan with hallowed look.
While all unconscious and at ease,
In music's sweetest, soft employ,
A great musician yet to be
Lies buried in the Barefoot Boy.

You hear the drum in ponderous tone,
That gives old "rumbum" such a fright,
And memory paints a battlefield
Where urchin heroes won the fight;
And up and down in joyful noise,
In native sports that could not cloy,
You see a dozen youngsters march,
Each mad that he's the Barefoot Boy.

You see the grand old patriarch,
A holy calmness on his brow,
A sweetness in his placid look
That seems to live beyond the Now!
His hair is whiter than the snow!
"All hail, old man!" we give you joy,
For in your wrinkled, white-haired self,
We recognize our Barefoot Boy!

HORACE EATON WALKER.

Claremont, N. H.

A once Wealthy Planter Condemned to Die on the Gallows.

The Supreme Court of Georgia has affirmed the sentence of death against Alfred Inman, of Emanuel county, who was convicted of the murder of his wife about a year ago. When Mr. and Mrs. Inman were married, about twenty-five years ago, by Burke county, they were both wealthy and belonged to the first class of Southern society which found its annual pleasure at the springs. The husband contracted habits of dissipation, from which his fortune suffered, and soon the proud couple found themselves forced to seek humbler quarters. At last, when Inman's means were thoroughly dissipated, he attempted the similar work of his wife's fortune. Under advice of friends she refused to place her legacy in danger. This aroused her husband's bitterness, and he plunged more desperately than ever in dissipation, and subjected his wife to cruel personal treatment. Mrs. Inman carefully looked after the plantation, and deposited her money with a country dealer six miles distant from her home. One evening, at the close of the cotton season a year ago, Mrs. Inman mounted on her horse with several hundred dollars on her person. She did not return home that night, and searching parties were dispatched to look for her, and on the roadside her lifeless body was found, two deep indentations having been made in her head, from which the blood flowed. Near by a light pass within its banks. The will have the same effect on the channel of the river as the jetties have had at the mouth.

H. B. BRUSER,

TIN, COPPER AND SHEET-IRON WORKER

Hardware Tinware Stoves

Pumps, Grates Mantels, Etc. Etc.

may5 159 Washington Street, Vicksburg.

Something the People Need!

FRESH

ROASTED COFFEE,

Roasted Daily in HYDE'S PATENT ROASTER, at my Store Corner South and Washington Streets.

Price 20 Cts. per Pound.

H. F. SIMRALL, Jr.

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W. M. CHAMBERLIN,

General Insurance Agent,

FIRE, MARINE, ACCIDENT AND LIFE.

Office—Up-stairs, cor. Washington and Crawford Sts., Vicksburg.

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W. O. WORRELL,

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

AND DEALER IN

Hay & Grain

LIME, CEMENT, PLASTER Etc.,

58 Washington Street, Vicksburg, Miss.

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FULTON M. M'RAE,

Wholesale and Retail Druggist

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRUGS

White Lead, Linseed Oil, Turpentine, Window Glass, Mixed Paints, Dry and in Oil; Albastine Whitening and Putty; and the largest and most complete assortment of Patent Medicines and Surgical Instruments in the State. Agent for the celebrated Waukesha Bathesda Water.

Toilet Articles, Perfumery and Hair Brushes—all importéa.

No. 125 Washington Street, - Vicksburg, Miss.

GEO. W. HUTCHESON, CHAS. ALEX.

G. W. HUTCHESON & CO.,

Cotton Factors,

AND WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

Groceries, Liquors and Tobacco

Vicksburg, Miss

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THE SAW-MILL BOAT

LEE RICHARDSON, JR.

IS PREPARED TO SELL

DIMENSION LUMBER

FROM LANDING AT GLASS BAYOU, THIS CITY; also,

Sash, Doors, Blinds, Mouldings, T. and G. Flooring and Ceiling.

Orders addressed to the undersigned will be promptly filled.

may4 WM. CURPHEY, Proprietor.

GEO. S. IRVING,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

Staple and Fancy Groceries

WINES, LIQUORS, CIGARS & TOBACCO,

Corner of South and Washington Streets, - - - - - VICKSBURG, MISS.

I respectfully ask an examination of my stock, which I think will convince all that I have one of the largest and best assorted to be found.

Fine Teas, Coffee and Choice Butter are Among my Specialties.

I GUARANTEE EVERY ARTICLE TO BE AS REPRESENTED,

And desire to give full satisfaction. 1 PACK AND P FREE

HENRY YOSTE,

Watchmaker and Jeweler

I cordially invite a comparison of Work and Prices, believing mine to be the Best and Cheapest.

ALSO DEALER IN

WATCHES, DIAMONDS AND SILVERWARE

SPECIALTIES IN SPECTACLES.

CITATION NOTICE.

STATE OF MISSISSIPPI, WARREN COUNTY, } CHANCERY COURT.

Chas. Hutcherson, Complainant, vs. Amanda Thomas Hutcherson, Defendant.

The State of Mississippi to Amanda Thomas Hutcherson, Defendant:

YOU are commanded to appear before the Chancery Court of the county of Warren in said State, on the

First Monday of May, 1884,

To defend the suit in said Court of Chas. Hutcherson, wherein you are a defendant.

Witness my hand and seal of said Court, this, the 27th day of March A. D. 1884.

GEO. T. HARDY, Clerk.

WM. W. FOSTER, D. C.

SIMRALL & SIMRALL,
Solicitors for Complainant. Th-m27-4t

MISS ADDIE FLETCHER,

Fashionable Dressmaker,

Orders from the country solicited. Satisfaction given.

TERMS MODERATE.

122 Washington Street, Vicksburg, Miss.

PACIFIC HOUSE

VINCENT LAZZA, Proprietor

Washington St., Vicksburg.

CONVENIENT TO RAILROAD

Depot, Landing, Post, Telegraph and Express Offices and to business generally.

Time for all trains. House open all night.

Has been renovated and refurnished.

Tables supplied with the best the market affords. Patronage respectfully solicited. Polite and careful attention given to guests.

NEW CLOTHING & DRY GOODS STORE.

L. MARKS AND L. WEINSTEIN

Have formed a copartnership, and will carry on the

CLOTHING

AND

Dry Goods Business

at Nos. 807 and 808 WASHINGTON STREET, VICKSBURG, MISS.

A Once Wealthy Planter Condemned to Die on the Gallows.

The Supreme Court of Georgia has affirmed the sentence of death against Alfred Inman, of Emanuel county, who was convicted of the murder of his wife about a year ago. When Mr. and Mrs. Inman were married, about twenty-five years ago, by Burke county, they were both wealthy and belonged to the first class of Southern society which found its annual pleasure at the springs. The husband contracted habits of dissipation, from which his fortune suffered, and soon the proud couple found themselves forced to seek humbler quarters. At last, when Inman's means were thoroughly dissipated, he attempted the similar work of his wife's fortune. Under advice of friends she refused to place her legacy in danger. This aroused her husband's bitterness, and he plunged more desperately than ever in dissipation, and subjected his wife to cruel personal treatment. Mrs. Inman carefully looked after the plantation, and deposited her money with a country dealer six miles distant from her home. One evening, at the close of the cotton season a year ago, Mrs. Inman mounted on her horse with several hundred dollars on her person. She did not return home that night, and searching parties were dispatched to look for her, and on the roadside her lifeless body was found, two deep indentations having been made in her head, from which the blood flowed. Near by a light pass within its banks. The will have the same effect on the channel of the river as the jetties have had at the mouth.

SIGNAL SERVICE REPORT.

LOCAL WEATHER REPORT.

TIME.	BAR.	THE'M	HUM	WIND	WTHER.
5:05 a. m.	29.78	56	93	S.	Clear.
9:05 a. m.	29.82	75	62	S. W.	Clear.
2:05 p. m.	29.76	79	44	S.	Clear.
5:05 p. m.	29.75	76	41	S.	Clear.
9:05 p. m.	29.79	70	53	S.	Clear.
				1883.	1884
Maximum thermometer				85.6	80.0
Minimum thermometer				65.9	54.0
Mean temperature				64.0	68.3
Rainfall				0.15	.02

STAGE OF RIVERS.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER,
April 15, 2 p.m. Washington time.

The following observations were taken at the same moment of time at all the stations named:

STATIONS.	Above low water.		Changes.	
	feet	In's	Rise In's	Fall In's
Cairo, Ill	38	0	...	...
Chattanooga	9	9	38	...
Cincinnati	18	4	...	...
Davenport, Iowa	9	2	...	2
Dubuque, Iowa	11	9	...	2
Keokuk, Iowa	11	11	...	2
La Crosse	6	1	...	...
Leavenworth	13	1	...	...
Little Rock	9	11	17	...
Louisville	8	6	...	3
Memphis	22	11	...	3
Nashville	11	1	47	...
New Orleans	1	2	0	...
Omaha	9	7	...	4
Pittsburg	4	11	...	...
Davenport	17	9	8	...
St. Louis	25	10	...	...
St. Paul	6	7	...	...
Vicksburg	45	6	0	...
Yankton, D. T.	6	0	...	...

*Below high water of 1874. *Frozen.

HIGH WATER AT VICKSBURG IN FORMER YEARS

High water '62, above zero,	51 1-10 feet.
High water '67, above zero,	49 feet.
High water '73, above zero,	45 ft. 6 inches
High water '75, above zero,	43 feet.
High water '76, above zero,	44 ft. 10 inches
High water '80, above zero,	48 ft. 4 inches
High water '81, above zero,	41 ft. 10 inches
High water '82, above zero,	48 ft. 9 inches
High water '83, above zero,	43 ft. 10 inches

HIGH WATER OF 1882.

Stations.	Date of Highest Point.	Highest point Reached.
Cairo	Feb. 26, 1882	51 ft. 9 inches
Chattanooga	Jan. 19, 1882	40 ft. 2 inches
Cincinnati	Feb. 21, 1882	58 ft. 6 inches
Dubuque	Dec. 3, 1881	10 ft. 1 inch
Helena, Ark.	March 9, 1882	47 ft. 3 inches
Keokuk	Nov. 29, 1881	11 ft. 3 inches
Little Rock	Feb. 24, 1882	21 ft. 6 inches
Louisville	Feb. 22, 1882	37 ft. 2 inches
Memphis	Feb. 28, 1882	50 ft. 9 inches
Nashville	Jan. 22, 1882	54 ft. 7 inches
New Orleans	March 27, 1882	8 ft. 6 inches
Omaha	April 5, 1882	28 ft. 3 inches
Pittsburg	March 20, 1882	48 ft. 9 inches

Below high water of 1874.

THE RIVER.

ARRIVED.

Belle Memphis, from St Louis
City of New Orleans, from New Orleans
John F Halpin, from Davis Bend
W F Thompson, from St Joe, La
Future City and tow, from St Louis
Capt Miller, from Natchez

DEPARTED.

Capt Miller, for Natchez
City of Yazoo, for New Orleans
T C Carroll, Jr, for Tallahatchie
City of New Orleans, for St Louis

BOATS DUE TO-DAY.

Issaquena, Greenville to Vicksburg.
Gen. Canby, Natchez to Vicksburg.
Harry Brown and tow, St. Louis to N. O.

BOATS LEAVING TO-DAY.

For Sunflower—Headlight, 4 p.m.
For Grand Lake—W. P. Thompson, 4 pm

BOATS DUE TO-MORROW.

Capt. Miller, Natchez to Vicksburg.
John W Cannon, N O to Greenville
Belle H Hays, Memphis to Vicksburg
City of Providence, St Louis to Vburg

BOATS LEAVING TO-MORROW.

For Davis Bend—John F Halpin, 10 am
For St Louis—Belle Memphis, 11 am
For Greenville—John W Cannon, 2 pm
For Greenville—Issaquena, 5 pm

NOTES.

Business fair.

River stationary.

Bright and pleasant.

Two boats leaving to-day.

There were four arrivals and ten departures yesterday.

The Arkansas City had 40 cabin passengers leaving here yesterday morning.

The tow boat Future City, with a lot of empty barges, passed up to St. Louis last dark last night.

The City of Yazoo, Capt. B. S. Sellers, left at 5 p.m. yesterday evening for New Orleans with a good trip of freight and people.

The Issaquena, the Belle of the Bends, Capt. R. C. Marionneaux, is due this evening from Greenville and the Bends.

The Lee returns to-morrow evening at 5 o'clock.

The E. C. Carroll, Jr., Capt. Tom Nash, got away on time yesterday evening for the Tallahatchie river, loaded to the guards with freight and several people.

The electric-light and fire-proof steamer Will S. Hays, Capt. Ed. Nowland pilot, G. Wash Floyd clerk, is due from Memphis to-morrow, returning day at noon.

The Tributary and barges, Capt. J. I. Woolland, left at noon to-day for Lake Washington, Steele's Bayou and Lake Chicot with a good freight. She leaves Sunday evening.

The W. P. Thompson, Capt. M. D. Nelos, arrived from St. Joe, La., this evening and is receiving to-day, and will leave at 4 p.m. for Grand Lake go through Bunche's Bend.

The U. S. mail boat Capt. Miller, arrived last night, and left for Natchez this morning at eight o'clock. She is making the trips both ways between Natchez and Vicksburg in daylight.

The Palace steamer City of Providence, Capt. Geo. Carrel, is due to-day evening from St. Louis, and is the regular Anchor Liner, leaving the wharf at 11 a.m. sharp.

The Headlight, Capt. Geo. W. Bookout master, is receiving at the Wharfboat to-day, and is the regular Sunflower river packet leaving at 4 p.m. for all points en route as high as Williams' landing.

The fine steamer John W. Cannon, in place of the Ed. Richardson, Capt. Wm. Campbell, is due to-morrow at noon en route to Greenville and all Bend landings. W. C. O'Hara is her passenger agent.

The Jno. F. Halpin, Capt. Quacken-boss, arrived from below this morning, and will leave the Wharfboat leaving to-morrow at ten o'clock for Warrenton, Point Pleasant, Newton and all landings in Davis Bend lake.

The Belle Memphis, Capt. I. H. McKee, arrived from St. Louis last night with 3,117 packages of freight weighing 243 tons, and several people. She is receiving at the Elevator and is Thursday's Anchor Liner leaving at 11 a.m. for Memphis, Cairo and St. Louis.

The through Anchor Liner City of New Orleans, from New Orleans, passed to St. Louis yesterday without landing, with a big through freight, including 1,000 hogsheads of sugar, 12 blocks marble and 65 cabin passengers. The Times-Democrat says: A fine boat is the City of New Orleans, a fact pretty generally understood and appreciated.

Diphtheria—A Certain Cure.

The following is said to be an almost certain cure for that terrible scourge, "diphtheria." If it should save some dear child, or even one of larger growth and more mature years, I shall be more than compensated for the little trouble to which I have been subjected in preparing for publication a course of very widely extended practice:

"Should you or any of your family be attacked with diphtheria, be not alarmed, as it is easily and speedily cured without a doctor. When it was raging in England, I accompanied Dr. Field on his rounds to witness the so-called 'wonderful' cures he performed, while the patients of others were dropping on all sides. The remedy to be rapid must be simple. All he took with him was powder of sulphur and a quill, and with these he cured every patient without exception. He put a spoonful of flour of brimstone into a wine glass full of water, and stirred it with his finger instead of a spoon, as the sulphur does not readily amalgamate with water. When ready sulphur must be gave it as a gargle, and in ten minutes the patient was out of danger. He never kills in every specie of fungus in man, beast, and plant, in a few minutes. In extreme cases, in which he had been called just in the nick of time, when the fungus was too nearly closed to allow the gargling, he blew the sulphur through a quill into the throat, and after the fungus had shrunk to allow it, then the gargling. He never lost a patient of diphtheria. If a patient cannot gargle, take a tea cup full, put in a shovel and sprinkle a spoonful or two of flour of brimstone at a time upon it, let the sufferer inhale it, and the fungus will die. If plentifully used, the whole room may be filled to suffocation; the patient can walk about in it, inhaling the fumes, with doors and windows shut. The mode of fumigating a room with sulphur has often cured many violent attacks of colds in the head, chest, etc., at any time, and is recommended in cases of consumption and asthma."—Correspondence Baltimorean.

Not an American Disease.

The prevalent impression in regard to nervous diseases is that they are peculiarly American, caused by our tendency to overwork and by the effect of our exciting political and social life. When, a year ago, a distinguished English visitor spoke of the nervousness in American manners, of the marks of rush and hurry on the American countenance, every one agreed with the acute observation and assented to the truth of the charge. Of late, however, there has arisen a suspicion among the public that diseases of the nerves—known and especially "nervous prostration," are not caused only by overwork, but by over-idling. Dr. De Beer, who has been lecturing in the Hanover Square rooms, spoke emphatically of the nerve-failure which comes not from mental exertion, but from mental relaxation. The idlers who from luxurious habits of life become disgusted and incapable, are those destined to complete nervious decay and premature old age. The same view of nervous prostration was given by a lecturer before the Philadelphia County Medical Society. He said: "It is the ease and luxury of our American life that cause misery. The indulgence of eating and drinking, the abuse of alcohol and tobacco, excesses, sedentary habits, and too luxurious lives generally induce that state of the system called nervous exhaustion." But the direct cause of nervous prostration is certainy fatigue, which may be produced in many ways, by too much worry, by too little sleep, by sewer air, or by any kind of unhealthy mental workers can be encouraged by this doctrine and the idlers can take warning. It is good for the brain to be active, and the fathers of families injured by severe labor carried on under normal conditions, the brain is improved. It is the abnormal conditions of excitement and dissipation that injure and produce nervous prostration, which is much more French than American.

THE lunatic asylum at Meridian was conceived in lunacy, and has not lost the characteristic of its origin. Instead of adding a few buildings to the asylum at Jackson, for which an appropriation for a new asylum at Meridian, and that was the limit of its cost. When that sum was expended, and the work only half completed, this is followed by an additional appropriation of $60,000 to finish the work, or lose all.—Mississippi exchange

THE latest novelty in New York city is paper soap, which is mainly for the use of travelers. The sheets of paper, which are put up in the form of a small book of about three inches square, are coated with soap, and are said to be just as good as the regulation article, in addition to being much handier. There are fifty soap sheets in each book, costing in the aggregate about as much as an ordinary cake of soap.

Spare that Tree.

It is a pity to raise such a question, but is "Woodman, spare that tree," the poem upon which the reputation of George P. Morris largely depends a plagiarism? Did Mr. Morrison know any more Chinese than he found on tea-chests? Did he know the lovely ode "Kan-kang"? This ode can be found among the odes and songs collected by Wan Wang and Duke Chan at the beginning of the Chan dynasty (B.C. 1120). The dates of this collection, says Dr. Wells Williams, in his great book on The Middle Kingdom, extend from B.C. 1719 to not later than B.C. 585. There is no telling how a Chinese compiler could include in his collection in B.C. 1120 a poem not perhaps composed till centuries after, but it is enough to say that Mr. Williams refers the ode "Kan-tang," or "The Sweet Pear-Tree," to the time of Wan Wang, a contemporary of Saul. Here it is:

1. Oh, fell not that sweet pear-tree!
See how its branches spread.
Spoil not its shade,
For Shao's chief laid
Beneath it his weary head.

2. Oh, clip not that sweet pear-tree!
Each twig and leaf is spar—
'Tis sacred now,
Since the lord of Shao,
When weary, rested there.

3. Oh, touch not that sweet pear-tree!
Bend not a twig of it now;
There long ago,
As the stories show,
Oft halted the chief of Shao.

What is this but the Chinese way of saying:

Woodman, spare that tree;
Touch not a single bough.
In youth it sheltered me,
And I'll protect it now.

—Ella Wheeler.

Plantation Philosophy.

De season blushes when de peach-trees bloom.

Ter whup a man is painful ter de man, but ter go 'roun' an' talk about it arter wards is awful. De splinter hurts wus wen it's pulled out den wen it's stuck in.

I'se 'spicious o' people whut perten' ter be so ten'er, hearted. I once know'd a man whut had so much feelin' dat he wouldn't step on a spider, an' he was arter terwards hung for murderin' his wife.

De easiest touch w' de baby's fingers aire soft ez natur. Nobody makes no difference how gen'le, ken shove de ten'er cotton sproud in de dirt widout mashin' it, but natur can shove it through a hard clod.

The Best Wool in the World.

The Mississippi Mills, at Wesson, in Copiah County, consumes about 750,000 pounds of wool annually—about 300,000 of this is grade Merino, from Texas, and the remainder, 450,000 lbs., is purchased in the vicinity of the mills and in the coast counties. Capt. Oliver, Superintendent and Treasurer of these mills, says that the finest wool in the world is grown in South Mississippi, and that the specimen on exhibit at the Centennial and at Atlanta and all over the Fairs is due as much to the superiority of wool used as to the skill displayed in manufacturing it. In corroboration of this, we remind our readers that at the famous Fair in Manchester, England, where all other exhibits as the best wool in the world.—Aberdeen Examiner.

THE chief merit of the following story in the Wall Street News is that it is true. The Courier-Journal reporter came down south to see the political pulse of the people. When he reached Birmingham, Ala., he met a politician for the whereabouts of a free trader "who will be apt to 'pan out' on an interview. The officer walked him about half a mile and turned him over to a second, and the second passed him to a third. The third was walking down the city limits, when the reporter inquired:

"Does he live far from here?"

"Live? Why, the man is dead!"

"Dead?"

"Certainly. I thought you wanted to see the free man which he hung himself. He got so lonesome here that he even spoiled a good harness to get rope to choke himself with."

Mockery.

Why do we grudge our sweets to the living,
Who, God knows, find at best too much to gall,
And then, with generous, open hands, kneel, giving
Unto the dead our all?

Why do we pierce the warm heart's sin or sorrow
With idle jests, or scorn, or cruel sneers,
And when it cannot know, on some to-morrow
Speak of its woe through tears?

What do the dead care for the tender token,
The love, the praise, the floral offerings?
But palpitating, living hearts are broken
For want of just these things.

—Ella Wheeler.

EVEN if the free traders carry the day in the Chicago Convention the Hon. Thomas F. Bayard is much more likely to be the nominee than Mr. McDonald. At present Mr. Bayard may be described as the most striking upholder of free trade as a question of principle before the public. As we understand his recent speech before the Young Men's Democratic Club in Brooklyn, he has defined protection as "legalized Communism." Compared with this denunciation of protection, all Mr. McDonald's protests or those of any other free trader in the country are soulless trivialities.—N. Y. Sun.

THE country has gravited further and further from the State rights views of the fathers. The Republican party advances from one captured stronghold to another, and still another; whilst the Democratic party camps each night on the ground from which its opponent has just marched to a more advanced position. Senator Bayard warned the country that Congress had substituted its own unbridled law in place of the constitution. This undoubtedly is true. But where is the remedy? Mr. Bayard finds it in an amendment to the constitution. He fails to tell us, however, in what way and when that addition will be amended by those who do not wish to amend it. —Mobile Register.

Too Many High Schools.

This State comes within the limits of Blair's educational bill to the full extent of the 33 per cent. to loan. This shows that the State has too many high schools—so high the pupils can't reach them.—The Mighty East.

THE buffalo gnat is not as large as animal as the elephant, but he is killing a great many mules and horses in the northern part of the State. The Coffeeville Times says the gnat has killed seven hundred mules and destroyed more property up to the present.—The Mighty East.

"I DON'T care two cents about the question of a nominee, as between men who are fitted for the executive office;" says Congressman Frank Hurd, of Ohio. "It is the platform I am anxious about. The thing to be done is to get the Democratic party with its face towards free trade. The platform I want is tariff for revenue only, with the Morrison bill as the first step in the direction of free trade."

STEAMBOATS.

ANCHOR LINE.

For Memphis, Cairo and St. Louis.

THE U. S. MAIL STEAMER

BELLE MEMPHIS,

I. H. McKEE, Master; H. C. CORBYN, Clerk.

Leaves for St. Louis THURSDAY, the 17th of April at 11 a.m., connecting at Arkansas City with the Arkansas City Railroad for Pine Bluff, Little Rock, Hot Springs, upper Arkansas river, Fort Smith, and the Indian Territory. Careful attention to way and plantation business. For freight or passage apply on board or to

E. C. CARROLL,
Superintendent Memphis Packet Company.

W. S. JONES,
Superintendent Wharfboat Company.

EUGENE PLATT,
Freight and Passenger Agent.

my4

PARISOT LINE.

CARRYING THE U. S. MAILS.

For Yazoo River.

Steamers will leave as follows:

For Belzoni and Greenwood every FRIDAY at 5 p.m. For upper Yazoo and Tallahatchie every TUESDAY at 5 p.m., going through Tchula lake.

E. C. CARROLL, Superintendent.
W. S. JONES, Agent. ja19

SARGENT'S LINE.

Warrenton, Newton & Point Pleasant

Steamer JOHN F. HALPIN.

W. H. Sargent.....Master
L. H. Sargent, Jr.....Clerk

Will leave Vicksburg promptly every MONDAY and THURSDAY, at 10 o'clock for all Davis Bend landings. Will be found on the Parisot and Anch

The Vicksburg Evening Post.

VOLUME II. VICKSBURG, MISSISSIPPI. THURSDAY, APRIL 17, 1884. NUMBER 93.

AMUSEMENTS.

COMING AGAIN.

OPERA HOUSE

FOR ONE WEEK; COMMENCING

Monday, April 21, 1884

And Saturday Matinee, at 2:30 p.m.

ZERA S. SEMON!



Wonder-Worker!

100 Presents given away at each performance. 100

RATES OF ADMISSION:

Reserved seats, 50 cents, with 3 envelopes given you. Family circle, 35 cents, with 2 envelopes given you. Gallery, 25 cents, with 1 envelope given you. ap16

CHEAP COLUMN.

STOLEN.

STOLEN—Two plain gold rings, one with name Lucas, to Eagle, July 25, 1877. The other had the initial of S. P. W., and the word "to" inside. A liberal reward will be given. Apply at this office. ap15-tf

WANTED.

WANTED—A situation as collector. Best of reference given. Address P. O. Box, 563. apr15-1w

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE CHEAP—One vacant lot corner Third North and Jackson streets, and two small houses and lots fronting Second North street. Also for sale or rent one dwelling fronting on Jackson street, between lots above named. Apply at this office, or on premises to apl4-1w MRS. JANE E. BROWN.

FOR SALE—Brown, Leghorn Eggs for hatching. Fresh and pure. apr16-1w A. H. HAMAIN'S.

FOR SALE—New Cottage in good neighborhood, containing 3 rooms with hall and gallery, kitchen, stable and garden lot 150x150 feet, all under new fence. Apply at this office. m25

FOR SALE—A cottage residence on East avenue, containing four rooms 18x20, hall 12 feet, kitchen, fine cistern and fine orchard; lot 64x132 feet. Apply to R. P. WILSON, on premises. m28

FOR SALE—The LOT on the northeast corner of Cherry and Grove sts. Apply to THOMAS MOUNT. mh19

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—A House on Cherry street, between China and Grove. Apply to ap16-2w MRS. E. FRANCIS.

FOR RENT—Nice house with eight rooms, kitchen, good water, and surrounded by a half square of land, situated on the National Cemetery road, and known as the Miller House. Cheap rent. ap15-tf E. & E. C. BONELLI.

FOR RENT—Nice house with three rooms, kitchen, good cistern and yard; possession given April 6th Apply to JOS. ENGLER, Cherry street crossing. m31-1w

FOR SALE OR RENT—60 Acres good land, one and a half miles from town, with plenty of wood and water. Apply at this office, or to R. P. WILSON, Vicksburg, Miss. m24-2w

THE SATISFACTION

Of sitting under one's own vine and fig tree pays the largest dividend of any investment. It is the best kind of life insurance. It is the best medicine in sickness. It enables a man to die easier, and robs death of one of the principal terrors to know that the loved ones we must leave behind will have a roof of their own over their heads which cannot be taken from them.

If you cannot buy a house and lot, you can at least make a commencement by investing $25 in a lot in Speed's Addition, and pay the balance in $5 monthly installments. No better opportunity to buy a home or to make a safe investment in Vicksburg is likely to occur than that now presented by the unprecedented terms upon which these lots are sold. sep1

LOCAL ITEMS.

THE 4-10s to-night.

THE 4-10s will open people's eyes next Wednesday.

NICE pure cider delivered in all parts of the city free.

THE Phœnix Fire Company meets to-night.

THE L., N. O. & T. road received another new engine yesterday.

MISS KATIE MCKUSKY is quite ill at her residence in this city.

MR. L. K. BARBER, JR., of New Orleans La., is in the city to-day.

CURIOSITY as to who, what and where the 4-10s are, is up to the boiling point.

MRS. GARVY is quite ill at her residence, corner of First North and South streets.

JIM BINGAM was fined $15 by the Mayor this morning for fighting down on the levees.

R. E. LEE No. 1 K. of P. meets to-night at 8 o'clock for work in the second and third ranks.

THE 4-10s will hold solemn council to-night. The various integral parts of the "10s" will please remember where they are to meet.

MR. GUS. MAYER, one of the most popular gentlemen in the State, formerly with Mayer Bros., is now with Arthur Leach, where he will be glad to see his friends.

VICKSBURG now can boast of a first-class cider manufactory.

SOUTH STREET, from Washington to Walnut, is in a very bad conditon.

MR. DAVE WINSTIN, of the Garden, is in New Orleans, where he will remain a week or ten days.

THE line of march and order of procession on Parade Day may be found elsewhere in this edition.

FINE pure cider furnished by the cask, barrel or keg by the Riverview Manufacturing Company of this city.

"HONEY in the comb" cannot be compared to the sweets and sweetness that is dispensed at the popular "Bee-hive."

THE Riverview Manufacturing Company is now in full operation making the best and purest of cider right at our doors.

ATTENTION is called to the new card of Louis Hoffman, the agent for the Champion reaping and mowing machines manufactured at Springfield, Ohio.

CAPT. JOHN A STEVENSON, who was master of the ill-fated steamer S. H. Porisot, is now engaged by the management of the New Orleans Exposition

THE Young Men's Pleasure Party, an organization composed of young colored men, will be entertained to-morrow evening at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Banks, on Farmer street.

GIVE the Riverview Manufacturing Company's splendid cider a trial.

REGULAR trains on the L., N. O. & T. R. R. between this city and Harriston, the present lower terminus of the road, were resumed to-day, a train having left this city at 1:30 o'clock this afternoon.

SEE Jos. Billitz, business manager of the Riverview Manufacturing Company, for nice, pure cider.

W. J STEWART, Milliken's Bend; John Greiner, Madison, Ind.; J. J. Hayes, city; S. H. Ray, Jackson; J. P. Culleny, Bolivar, county; J. M. Weighan, G. H. Coffa, Cole's Creek; registered at the Pacific House this morning.

BROCKY BILL had been frost-bitten about two weeks ago, and couldn't carry on his profession of steamboating. As no one else was uncomfortably cool about two weeks ago, Mr. Bill was invited by the Mayor to donate $5 to the city treasury.

MRS. GRAY, widow of the late Jas. Gray, of Raymond, mother of Mrs. S. M. Shelton, of this city, died yesterday at the residence of Mr. Shelton in this city. The remains were taken to Edwards for interment.

THOS. TALEN is now prepared to furnish ice from his South street ice-house. Ice delivered in any part of the city or furnished ready for shipment at one cent per pound. All orders promptly attended to. See card elsewhere on this page.

THE following are the officers of the Hebrew Ladies' Benevolent Society: Mrs. M. Wolf, President; Mrs. Jacob Gusdoffer, Vice-President; Mrs. F. Baer, Treasurer; and Mrs. Laz. Hirsh, Secretary. The Society is in a flourishing condition, and has done much good.

THE base-ball season is upon us, and it now behooves the ambitious youth who's anxious to belong to the "Boston's" or "St. Louis's" or some other equally important nine, to go to Baum's and purchase his equipments, of which Baum carries a complete and standard stock.

JUDGE WARREN COWAN and wife returned yesterday from Virginia where they were called by the serious illness of their daughter, Miss Mary, who is there at school. Miss Mary is a favorite in the Vicksburg, and her many friends will be glad to know that her parents left her almost entirely recovered.

THE Constitution engine was not painted in imitation of the New Orleans machines, as the Commercial-herald erroneously stated, but the designs used were gotten up at Hugo's shop, where the work was done. The Phœnix engine is now being painted and will look too sweet on Parade Day.

FOR the best cider made leave your orders for the Riverview Manufacturing Company at S. Feld & Co., 178 Washington street, or at their office Raumville, Warrenton road.

WE learn that J. Columbus Gill, Chief Engineer of the V. F. D., not having secured a sufficient amount of milk to whitewash Shoe Fly, better known as the Orphan Boy of the Phœnix fire company, will not ride on the occasion of the annual parade of the V. F. D., but will, as has been customary, walk, notwithstanding the arduous duties imposed upon him in drilling the aids to the Grand Marshal in the mysteries of equestrianism.

CIDER delivered free in all parts of the city by the Riverview Manufacturing Company.

WE learn that the committee of the Vicksburg Firemen's Association for the purpose of economy have decided to furnish carriages for the accommodation of the visiting guests only. This is a move in the right direction. While it has been customary heretofore to furnish carriages for our own citizens to ride in, we are satisfied that they will readily understand and appreciate the motives of the firemen.

The May Festival

Will be given at the Opera-house on Monday and Tuesday evenings, April 28 and 29. A varied and popular programme is being arranged, and it is intended that it shall eclipse everything else in the line of music that has been given in Vicksburg for many a day.

The music will consist of orchestra selections and overtures, instrumental solos, vocal solos and quartettes, horn sextette's, etc., and will be selected to suit all tastes, at same time rendering nothing that cannot be considered standard. The finest vocalists in the city will assist and contribute greatly to the certain success of the concert.

The Mozart Orchestra, composed of the picked instrumental musicians of the city under the excellent conductorship of Prof. Talen, have been practicing for some months at their hall and thro the city for several days, and I would like to have planters who have in use, and those who contemplate purchasing machines, to call while he is here. He will be found at my store for the next three or four days. Respectfully,

LOUIS HOFFMAN.

Too Busy to Write.

Mr. Joe Fox expected to have something to say to the people to-day, but has been so busy selling goods to customers, that he did not have time to write his local.

To-morrow we will have something to say about this prominent young merchant.

To be Voted For.

At the "Bee-hive," a magnificent Bar-room silver Sugar-bowl is to be voted to the most popular Bar-room. As there are several popular establishments in the city, it is difficult to tell which one will be awarded the bowl.

Bodies Recovered.

The body of one of the negroes drowned last night a week ago was found floating in the lake yesterday afternoon, and two others were found early this morning.

Zera Semon.

Attention is called to the advertisement of the man with a hundred voices, the wonderful Zera Semon. The following we clip from one of our best exchanges, the Natchez Democrat and Courier, April 6th:

Prof. Zera Seamon closed his engagement in this city last night to a crowded house. All the available sitting room was occupied, and many persons were compelled to stand. The Professor has made a most favorable impression on our people, and we are quite sure that he will receive, when he visits us again, crowded houses. He has carried out all the promises he has made, and has given us first class exhibitions. All the presents that he has distributed have been of an excellent character, and will always be a remember to those winners of the Professor. We take pleasure in recommending Prof. Semon and his accomplished lady to our brethren of the press, and bespeak for them kindly consideration wherever they may go.

The following are the owners of the principal prizes:

Frank Petagna, gold watch; Susie Fulton, silver watch; G. H. Odumchina tea set; Willie Conti, chamber set; Annie Turnipseed, large album.

The Concert Last Night.

The Grand Character Concert last night, given under the auspices of the ladies of the Methodist Church, was a great success. A large and brilliant audience assembled to do honor to the charming singers. The stage was a bower of beauty, with its handsome tapestries, and gorgeous floral decorations.

Mrs. Igleheart, Miss McCutchen and Miss Wright severally delighted and charmed the audience by their brilliant, sweet melodious music.

To Miss Asher, who so skillfully rendered the accompaniments, great credit is due. Her piano solos, and that of Miss Andrews, were charming features of the entertainment.

Mr. Barnett's vocal renditions, and Mr. Bowmar's violin solo gave universal satisfaction.

It was very much regretted that Mrs. Gray was prevented from being present. The Gypsey Tableaux was simply splendid and those lovely Gypsey girls were just too sweet and lovely. Of course the "Big Four" were raging in all their splendor. Altogether the Concert was a highly creditable and meritorious entertainment, and a success pecuniarily and otherwise.

MR. GUS. MAYER,

Of the late firm of Mayer Bros. & Co. can now be found at the large Dry Goods house of ARTHUR JACOB, where he invites his many friends and patrons to come and see him. ap16-1w

Body of Eddie Lacey Found.

The remains of Eddie Lacey, who was drowned a few days ago at Mound Station, La., have been recovered, and were brought to this city to-day from Delta in a skiff. He was buried this afternoon. The funeral took place at 3 o'clock from Arnold's Undertaking Establishment.

RUHMAN & CO.,

Tailors and Importers,

WASHINGTON STREET.

A complete stock of Spring and Summer goods now on hand, including many SPECIALTIES FOR THE SEASON.

FINE SUITS, all shades and grades, and latest styles. Spring Overcoats, to suit sudden changes of the weather.

BOYS' and CHILDREN'S CLOTHING in larger variety and more perfect workmanship than ever before. Special attention is asked to this department.

Unequalled stock of Hats and Gents' Furnishing Goods.

FULL LINE of PIECE GOODS.

Trouserings, etc., and "the latest out in the South." Fit and workmanship guaranteed. ap11-1w

One Week from To-day

Our gallant firemen will cover themselves with perspiration and glory, and produce a mastodon pageant, the like of which may not be seen in Vicksburg for many days. The crowd that will visit Vicksburg on that day will certainly be a big one, and it is equally certain that they will be entertained in regal splendor. We reiterate that those who are not in Vicksburg next Wednesday will miss an opportunity offered perhaps but once in a lifetime.

TO CONSUMERS.

Remember, there are seven different styles and quality of "Commodore Parisot" Cigars.

W. E. BECK,
Sole Proprietor

j16

Capt. Sears.

Capt. W. L. Marshall, who has been transfered to Milwaukee, Wis., will be succeeded to-day in command of the Second District by United States Engineer Clint Sears. Capt. Sears was a private soldier in a regiment from the Buckeye State during the siege, and afterwards was educated at West Point.

SUITS TO ORDER,

Ranging from $15, $17.50, $21.50, $25, $30 up to $50. Any gentleman can be pleased in style and fit at 183 Washington street. E. D. Bickley is the man to fit the head, body and pocket of our New South.

WANAMAKER & BROWN,
m26 E. D. BICKLEY, Agent.

A Big Shop.

Mr. S. H. Ray, representing the Champion Machine Works of Springfield, O., is in the city. The Champion shops are second in size only to the Krupp Gun Works of Germany, having about 75 acres under roof. Its magnitude has already absorbed Springfield, which is known as the Champion City. Mr. Louis Hoffman is the agent for the Champion in this city.

NOTICE.

I take pleasure in informing my many friends and patrons that I can now be found at the large Dry Goods house of ARTHUR JACOBS, where I shall be pleased to meet them. Any orders entrusted to me will receive careful attention.

GUS. MAYER,
ap16-1w of Mayer Bros. & Co.

The Bee-hive.

The second night of the Bee-hive was, if possible, a bigger success than the first. A large crowd was in attendance, and dancing was indulged in by the young folks. Chances in the various articles to be raffled are being sold rapidly, and each article will be raffled for as soon as all the chances upon it are taken. You cannot find a nicer place to take supper this evening, and your patronage will be appreciated by the ladies.

LOUIS HOFFMAN

AGENT FOR THE



"CHAMPION"

Reaping and Mowing Machine

THE BEST MACHINE MADE.

LOUIS HOFFMAN

ap14

T. J. HANES, J. W. HANES.

HANES BROS.,

Successors to D. R. SMARR & CO.,

Auction and Commission Merchants,

206 WASHINGTON STREET, VICKSBURG.

Consignments solicited. Prompt returns and satisfaction guaranteed. feb13

JOHN B. CLARK. D. S. WRIGHT.

CLARKE & CO.

WE invite your attention and solicit your inspection, as we feel assured that we will find it to your interest to do so before buying elsewhere. We buy direct from the manufacturers and first hands, consequently we will duplicate prices of North, South or West.

Our Line of Blank Books

Embraces Day Books, Journals, Ledgers, Cash Books, full and half bound; Draft, Note, Order and Receipt Books, Pass and Memorandum Books, Monthly and Weekly Time Books, Invoice and Bill Books, and all kinds and sizes of blank books.

Also Letter Paper, Bill and Account Paper, Envelopes, Inks, Pens, Pencils, etc.

Our Book Department.

We have a large assortment of School Books, Medical, Scientific, Law and Miscellaneous Books, also all the New Books as issued. Our

Fancy Goods Departm't

Offers an elegant variety goods. Birthday and Congratulation Cards in large assortment.

Ladies' Stationery.

Our assortment is always large and of latest shades, shapes and kinds.

Artists' Materials.

Includes Oil, Water and China Painting Materials of every description, Brushes, Canvass, Plaques and Panels of all kinds. Also Art Novelties for decoration.

Musical Instruments

Includes Pianos, Organs, Guitars, Banjos, Accordions, etc. Italian and German strings for different kinds of instruments. Agents for Decker Bros. Pianos and Mason & Hamlin Organs.

Headquarters for Wall Paper, Fixtures, Frames, Mouldings, &c. All the Current Libraries, both old and new issues. Newspapers, Magazines, New Publications received daily.

All orders or communications per mail, boat or otherwise answered with promptness, and satisfaction guaranteed. Send for Price List and Catalogue.

CLARKE & CO.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Booksellers, Stationers and Music Dealers

BLUE FRONT BOOK STORE, 149 WASHINGTON ST., VICKSBURG.

Notice to Steamboat Pilots.

Masters and Pilots of all boats on the Yazoo river are hereby notified that the drawbridge of the Memphis and Vicksburg Railroad, at Anthony's Ferry, will be always closed, and only opened when proper signals are given and answered. A watchman will always be on hand. Boats are requested to give two long blasts of the whistle as a signal to open the draw, and are warned not attempt to pass the draw until signaled by the watchman from the center of the draw that everything is clear.

JAS. M. EDWARDS, V. P. & G. M.

ap14 30d

The Tax Ordinance.

The Board of Mayor and Aldermen held a special meeting at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon to receive the report of the Ordinance Committee regarding the petitions for a readjustment of the license taxes.

The tax license upon commercial drummers was rescinded. Tailor, furniture, cabinet and blacksmith shops were put on the free list.

The license tax on drays and hotel porters was reduced to $5, on baggage wagons to $10, and hacks to $15. The license tax of cotton factors was reduced from $50 to $25.

No other business was transacted, and the Board adjourned.

BUTTER!

20 Small Tubs Choice, suitable for Families, received this day. [m12] WARE & NORTH.

Rainfall in the Cotton Region.

Statement showing the rainfall in inches and hundredths at stations of the Signal Service, U. S. A., in the cotton region, for the week ending April 11, 1884:

South Atlantic States—Atlanta, Ga., .14; Augusta, Ga., .08; Charleston, S. C., .37; Jacksonville, Fla., .93; Savannah, Ga., .56; Smithville, N. C., .04.

Eastern Gulf States—Montgomery, Ala., .28; New Orleans, 2.98; Pensacola, 2.24; Vicksburg, .02.

Western Gulf States—Fort Smith, Ark., .65; Galveston, 3.98; Indianola, Texas, 1.10; Little Rock, .77; Palestine, Texas, 2.25; Shreveport, .41.

Ohio Valley and Tennessee—Cairo, .18; Chattanooga, .17; Cincinnati, .05; Indianapolis, .23; Knoxville, .19; Louisville, .05; Memphis, .38; Pittsburg, .13.

PEACH WINE.

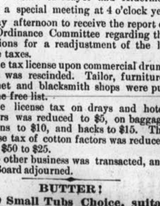
A fine article at close figures by the W. E. BECK.

ap4 ap4

The Estate of Sim Coates.

Dr. Birchett has been made administrator or the estate of the late Sim Coates, the railroad engineer lost in the accident at the Bayou Pierre bridge. He has received $2,000 from the Knights of Honor and will soon secure $3000 more from the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers. He will also institute suit against the L., N. O. & T. Railroad for $25,000 damages.

CHEMISTS HAVE ALWAYS FOUND



The Most Perfect Made.

A PURE FRUIT ACID BAKING POWDER.

There is none stronger. None so pure and wholesome. Contains no Alum or Ammonia.

Has been used for years in a million homes.

Its great strength makes it the cheapest.

Its perfect purity the healthiest. In the family last most delicious. Prove it by its use.

only true test.

THE TEST OF THE OVEN

MANUFACTURED BY

STEELE & PRICE

Chicago, Ill., and St. Louis, Mo.

Successors to Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder Co.

MAKE NO SECOND GRADE GOODS

TO THE PUBLIC.

MR. JAMES H. KING has this day made an assignment of his property to me for the benefit of his creditors. I take pleasure in stating that the property and effects placed in my hands will be sufficient to pay all that he owes, and more. The present holding creditor realized from the sale of a few seconds of the stock with which he started in business.

R. V. BOOTH, Assignee.

ap16

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

[Special to THE EVENING POST.]

MARKET REPORTS.

LIVERPOOL, April 17.—Spots 1-16 higher.

NEW YORK, April 17, noon.—Spots firm. Middling, 11¼d. Futures 5 points lower.

NEW ORLEANS, April 17, noon.—Cotton firm. Middling, 11⅛.

A MATE MURDERED.

The Second Mate of the Will S. Hays Killed by a Roustabout.

GREENVILLE, Miss., April 17.—Last night, while the steamer Will S. Hays was loading cotton here, a difficulty arose between the second mate and a roustabout. The former drew a pistol, and the negro simultaneously procured a large pocket-knife, and stabbed him in the breast. The mate walked slowly up stairs, and before medical assistance could be procured the unfortunate man expired. The murderer made his escape.

Issaquena County Republicans.

MAYERSVILLE, April 17.—The Republican Convention called to elect delegates to represent Issaquena county in the Republican State Convention which meets on the 21st instant met here yesterday. The following persons were selected as delegates: Hon. H. R. Jeffords, R. P. Paul; alternates—W. E. Mollison, Hon. Lem. Moore. The utmost harmony prevailed.

Condition of the Rivers.

NEW ORLEANS, April 16.—The Mississippi will fall slowly at all stations. The upper Tennessee, Cumberland and Savannah rivers will fall.

New Orleans River Report.

NEW ORLEANS, April 17.—The weather is clear and warm.

Business is dull.

Arrivals: City of Baton Rouge, from St. Louis.

Leaving this evening: Horner, for Pittsburg.

Memphis River Report.

MEMPHIS, TENN., April 17.—The river is falling.

Nothing passed down.

Charles Reade's Funeral.

LONDON, April 16.—The remains of Charles Read were interred to-day at Willesden. The funeral was private. George Augustus Sala, Edwin Arnold and a few other literary friends of the deceased were present.

Coming to the States.

MONTREAL, April 16.—The exodus to the States continues, and large numbers are leaving from all parts of the country districts, principally for the New England manufacturing centers. Rev. Father Malo leaves with a large party for Turtle Mountain, Dakota, to-morrow, where a considerable French-Canadian settlement has already been formed. It is said that the Catholic Bishops will shortly issue a pastoral urging their flocks to stay at home.

Kentucky Lynching.

MOUNT STERLING, Ky., April 16.—News has just been received here of a highly sensational double lynching which occurred at Jackson, Breathitt county, Wednesday night. Fifty masked men repaired thither at midnight, took from the jail Henry Kilburn, white, and Ben Strong, colored, and hung them. Kilburn was charged with the murder of Wm. Thorp last January., Strong was suspected of being concerned in the same murder. A notice was pinned on the victims' bodies stating that all perpetrators of such crimes would receive a like punishment. Kilburn had killed eight men.

Voted for the Porter Bill.

WASHINGTON CITY, April 17.—"I see that A. Herr Smith has already received his punishment for voting for the Fitz John Porter bill," said a Pennsylvania Republican Congressman. He continued: "He was sure of a renomination until he voted for that bill, but when he did that the Grand army of the Republic organized in his District set to work to defeat him, and they have succeeded in doing it by a majority of more than 3,000 in the primaries. That ought to be a lesson to other Republican Congressmen who voted for Fitz John Porter." Mr. Smith has been in Congress twelve years, and there seemed to be no opposition to his renomination until within the last two months.

The Silver Coinage.

WASHINGTON CITY, April 17.—A meeting of the representatives of the various boards of trade of the country was held at Wilard's hotel, to urge upon Congress the policy of the discontinuance, for two years at least, of the coinage of the silver dollars.

Brief addresses were made by a number of gentlemen present, setting forth that the thoughtful men of the country are viewing with alarm the present and prospective effects of the silver issue, and also that a very decided coinage is taking place in various localities in the West and South.

The representatives of the boards of trade now here will have an immediate hearing before the house committee on coinage.

PENNSYLVANIA has made up her mind. If she must have a Republican President give her Blaine; if a Democrat, she prefers Randall. Complesonity the voice of the people in both instances—Birmingham Age.

Judge Fitzgerald Sworn in and Takes his Seat on the Bench.

This morning at 10 o'clock Judge Fitzgerald accompanied by a party of friends appeared before Justice Meyer and took the oath of office. He at once entered the court room and directed Deputy Sheriff Cordis to open court. Acting District Attorney Campbell stated to the Court that Joseph Casey had been convicted and sentenced to death for the murder of Jailor Holbrook at a former term of court; that the case had been appealed to the Supreme Court, and that the decision of the latter affirmed the decision of the lower Court. He now asked this Court to name the day of execution. Judge Fitzgerald directed an order to the Sheriff to bring Casey into Court to-morrow morning at 10 o'clock, at which time the date of the execution will be designated.

He announced that the law calendar would be called to-morrow morning at 10 o'clock sharp, and stated that he wished attorneys to be ready and that no delay in matters would be tolerated. * * * This morning a number of prominent ladies of the city called upon Mrs. Fitzgerald at the hotel, and were accorded a most cordial welcome.

Judge Fitzgerald is a man somewhat below the medium height, and rather portly. His face is smoothly shaven, and expresses a kindly nature. He is about 40 years of age, and appears to have the elements of a man of much determination. He stated to the reporter that he had come to Arizona to stay, and whether Judge or private citizen he should make this his permanent home. —Tucson Daily Citizen.

Letter From Commissioner McWillie.

CANTON, MISS., April 8th, 1883.

Editors Mercury and Observer, Meridian, Miss.

Dear Sirs—A recent issue of your paper, the "Mercury and Observer," publishes me as being opposed to railroad supervision. This is a mistake, and I shall feel obliged if you will correct it. While a strong believer in the great need of railroads, and an advocate of their encouragement, I always held they should be the subject of close Governmental scrutiny to prevent oppression.

The same paper mentions the selection of the present secretary of the Commission as a "fixed up job." If this is designed to convey the impression of prearrangement, I beg to say for myself that the same is unwarranted by any act of my life, and is without support in fact; and, undoubtedly, the same may be said of both my associates and our Governor. Respectfully,

WM. MCWILLIE.

The Standard Time.

The introduction of standard time was accomplished so quietly and unobtrusively that few realized how great the revolution was. Before that every city had its own standard of time, and, while people who staid at home were satisfied, all others were confused for when they stirred abroad no dependence could be placed on their own timepieces. Railway operations were complicated and entangled because of the variances between the standard of time used by connecting roads.

The now time has now been in use long enough to show its usefulness and superiority to the former method, and although a few towns still cling to the old system, it is only because of obstinate prejudice.

Time is, after all, in its methods of being reckoned arbitrary. To a man who goes to work at sunrise, it is immaterial whether he calls it 7 or 10 o'clock. And dinner in the middle of the day would probably taste as good if the hands of the clock indicated 1 o'clock as it would if the dial showed 12 o'clock exact.

Even where the change was greatest it simply involved a change of hours rather than of habits, and so was unimportant. As the years pass we will wonder that the new standard time was not adopted sooner.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

FUNERAL NOTICE.

The friends and acquaintances of Mrs. PATRICK CUMMINGS are respectfully requested to attend the funeral of his late wife, Mrs. BRIDGET CUMMINGS, which will take place from the residence on Castle Hill, at 8:30 o'clock a.m., Saturday, April 19th, 1884, and from St. Paul's Catholic Church at 10 a.m. There will be a Requiem High Mass at 9 a.m.

The members of the Altar Society of St. Paul's Catholic Church are also respectfully invited to attend the funeral.

The FORTY-SEVENTH ANNIVERSARY

—OF THE—

Vicksburg Fire Department

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 23, 1884.

ORDER OF PROCESSION.

1 Platoon of Police on foot.
2 Grand Marshal, Richard G. Groome.
3 Aids to Grand Marshal: Constitution No. 1, F. W. Little; Hook and Ladder No. 1, H. H. Kain; Phœnix No. 2, H. Denio; Washington No. 3, Eugene Platt.
4 Firemen's Silver Cornet Band.
5 Officers of the Vicksburg Firemen's Charitable Association.
6 Chief Engineer, James C. Gill; First Assistant, Geo. P. Preil; Second Assistant, Wm. H. Phelan.
7 Marshal of Jackson Steam Fire Company No. 1: Jackson Steam Fire Company No. 1.
8 Marshal Constitution Fire Company No. 1, James W. Hays: Constitution Fire Company No. 1.
9 Marshal Washington Fire Company No. 3, H. C. David; Washington Fire Company No. 3.
10. Hill City Cornet Band.
11. Marshal Hook and Ladder Company No. 1, Sam'l. Richelson: Hook and Ladder Company No. 1.
12. Vicksburg Field Band.
13. Marshal Phœnix Fire Company No. 2, W. C. Kain; Phœnix Fire Company No. 2.

LINE OF MARCH.

The procession will form on Washington street at 12 o'clock, the right resting on Clay street, and will proceed as follows: Up Washington to Belmont, out Belmont to Cherry, down Cherry to Grove, out Grove to First North, up First North to Main, down Main to Washington, up Washington to South, out South to Cherry, thence to the Courthouse, when the companies will disband, and under charge of their respective officers, with the guests of the Department, will repair to the grounds of the Brothers' School, where the banquet kindly furnished by the citizens will be spread.

The companies will form promptly at their engine houses under their respective officers at 11 a.m., and be prepared to move upon orders from me through my Aids. It is hoped and confidently expected that each and every company will promptly comply with the above, so that the moving of the procession may not be delayed.

By order RICHARD G. GROOME,
Grand Marshal.

Since writing the above I have been informed there will be several other companies from different portions of our State, who will participate with us on this occasion, in which event the above order of procession will be changed.

RICHARD G. GROOME,
ap16. Grand Marshal.

W. T. BALFOUR, M. D.

LATE PHYSICIAN TO CITY HOSPITAL

Physician and Surgeon

OFFERS his professional services to the people of Vicksburg and vicinity.

Office at Keefe & Co.'s drugstore. Residence corner Crawford and South streets. ap10

County School Warrants.

IN accordance with the provisions of an act of the Legislature entitled "An Act to refund the school debt of Warren county," approved March 10th, 1884, notice is hereby given to holders of ALL county school warrants, issued for services prior to the first day of January, 1883, to present the same to the Clerk of this Board, within six months from the passage of the Act, for authentication and registration, to entitle them to the benefit of the Act. When registered and presented to the County Treasurer, in sums of $50 or its multiple, bonds will be prepared in sums of not less than $50 nor more than $1,000, and delivered to holders, dated February 1st, 1885, and payable thirty years after date, or at the option of the Board, with three per cent. per annum interest, according to the terms of the Act. The Act provides for an annual special levy to pay interest, and to create a sinking fund equal to one-thirtieth of the bonds in circulation to pay the principal. A. H. ARTHUR,
President Board of Supervisors of Warren County, Miss. ap14-30t

FIREMEN'S DAY!

—THE—

BOMBARDMENT of VICKSBURG

Round Trip Tickets, One Fare.



ISSAQUENA

Will leave Greenville for Vicksburg on Tuesday evening April 22d, at 4 p.m.,

Leave Longwood.....6 p.m.
" Leota.....7 "
" Skipwith's.....9 "
" Mayersville.....10 "
" Providence.....12 m.
" Hays Landing (Wednesday)..2 a.m.
" Wilton.....3 "
" Chotard.....5 "
" Milliken's Bend.....9 "
Arrive at Vicksburg.....9 "

In time to witness one of the

Grandest Displays!

Ever before given by the Vicksburg Fire Department. ap10

FRUIT AND ORNAMENTAL

TREES

ROSES and Green-House Plants by the MILLION at the

GREGORY NURSERY,

Grove Street, Vicksburg.

323 THOMPSON S. GREGORY, Prop

SWITZER, NEWWITTER & CO.;

133 WASHINGTON STREET.

Spring & Summer Stock Immense

DRESS GOODS.

A line of extra rich, soft finish, black cashmere Armenian silks, in nine different qualities, from $1 per yard up.

Ten styles of black satin and silk brocades, fully 25 per cent. below any competition.

Eight shades colored satin brocades—something entirely new—marked down to $1.15 per yard, would be reasonable at $1.50

A line of evening shades satin surah, 27 inches wide, worth $1.50, reduced to $1.15

Colored silks in all shades.

Black grenadines in handsome and cheap qualities.

BUTTONS.

Handsomest line of Spring importations in fancy pearl, metal, jet and crochet, plain and beaded buttons, to match dress goods, in the city.

LACES and EMBROIDERIES

Immense assortment of Escurial, Spanish, Guipure, Oriental and cream laces, in all qualities and prices.

Cheapest line of Hamburg embroideries, edges and insertings, flouncings, Mull embroideries and Swiss trimmings ever shown here. Large and handsome line of "all over" lace net and embroidery at correct prices.

HOSIERY and HANDKERCHIEFS

We have too large and varied a stock of fine hosiery for ladies and children, embracing Balbriggan, Lisle, brilliant and silk hose, to enumerate them separately.

Our Handkerchief Department is very large and varied, and speaks for itself.

GLOVES & PARASOLS

We are displaying an elegant stock of ladies silk and Lisle brilliant gloves, in all lengths, and in evening shades, at popular prices.

Large line of parasols in satin and satin brocades, black and colored, with Spanish Guipure trimmings, very low.

CORSETS.

The best $1 corset ever shown in Vicksburg. Ask for our "Style D." corset. It will pay you to try it. Dr. Warner's celebrated health corsets, world renowned, and to be had ONLY at SWITZER, NEWWITTER & CO'S. Parent Hygienic and patent medical corsets to be had only at our store. We have corsets from 50 cents up.

MATTINGS,

Carpets, rugs, oil cloths, damasks, and house furnishing goods in every variety.

WE HAVE TWO STORES,

Our Clothing and gents' furnishing goods store is at our old stand,

195 Washington Street.

SWITZER, NEWWITTER & CO.

PROPOSALS.

SEALED proposals will be received for the sale of Bonds of Ship Island Railroad bonds, issued by Warren county, to be opened before the Board of Supervisors on the

Fourth Monday of April, 1884.

The holders of said bonds will give the numbers and denominations, and the lowest price at which they will sell the same. Proposals directed to Judge Arthur, President of the Board, or myself, will receive attention. HENRY MAYER,
ap9 County Treasurer.

ICE! ICE!

—THE—

D. W. Flowerree Ice Company

—WILL DELIVER ICE TO—

DEALERS and CONSUMERS

AT THE FOLLOWING RATES:

Ten Ton Lots.....60 cents per 100
One Ton Lots.....50 " "
Less than One Ton.....60 " "
Less than 1000 lbs.....50 " "
Less than 500 lbs.....81 " "
Packed for shippers.....81 " "
ap8

IMPORTANT NOTICE

To the ladies of Vicksburg and vicinity.

THURSDAY, APRIL 10th,

Mme. FERGUSON'S

GRAND

Spring Millinery Opening

Entire new stock of Flowers, Ostrich Feathers, Plumes, and Imported Hats and Bonnets.

Mme. FERGUSON,
ap7-1w 139 Washington Street

VICKSBURG

Soap Works,

—ON—

GLASS BAYOU AND CHERRY ST.

VICKSBURG, MISS.

Highest Cash Price paid for Tallow and Grease.

Address all orders to

ap3 W. O. WORRELL.

Wheeler & Wilson Silent No. 8

SEWING MACHINE.

THE VERY ACME OF PERFECTION

The Ladies Favorite.

PURCHASERS are requested to call, examine, and see for themselves.

Sold on monthly or weekly payments, and cheap for cash, at M.E. FERGUSON'S, 139 Washington street.

oct23 C. EDWARDS.

ICE!

I AM now prepared to furnish Ice at wholesale or retail. Ice delivered to any part of the city, or furnished ready for shipment at 1 cent per pound, on short notice.

THOS. TALEN,
4-16 South Street Ice House.

Notice of Removal.

JOHN HASZINGER has removed his SHOE SHOP from Gus. King's old stand, to the commodious one over Julius Rothman's Tobacco Store, on Washington St.

Prompt attention given, as usual, to new work and repairing. Satisfaction guaranteed. ap16-1w

T. C. CATCHINGS, Attorney-General of Mississippi. | MARYE DABNEY, late of Edwards, Miss.

CATCHINGS & DABNEY,

Attorneys-at-Law,

VICKSBURG, MISS.

PERSONAL attention will be given to all business entrusted to them in Warren and Hinds counties, and in the Supreme and Federal Courts at Jackson. m14-1m

J. S. MORRIS,

Attorney-at-Law

VICKSBURG, MISS.

WILL practice in the various Courts of Warren, Claiborne, Jefferson and Adams counties, and in the Federal and Supreme Courts at Jackson. m20

JOB PRINTING—The best in the South POST JOB OFFICE.

L. F. BAUM & CO.

171 WASHINGTON STREET, VICKSBURG.

JOHN BOGIE, President, JOS. BILLITZ, Business Manager.

RIVERVIEW

Manufacturi'g Company

ARE NOW MANUFACTURING

CIDER!

which they guarantee equal to the best made in the United States or elsewhere. Commencing July 1st. City orders delivered free.

Factory at Raumville, Warrenton road. Orders can be left at S. Feld & Co.'s, 178 Washington street. ap16

E. REYNOLDS, E. A. NEELY.

C. C. REYNOLDS & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail Druggists

AND DEALERS IN

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THE EVENING POST

PUBLISHED BY
J. G. CASHMAN & CO.,
Washington St., Vicksburg, Miss.

The Evening Post.

VICKSBURG, MISS., APRIL 17, 1884.

HON. H. D. MONEY has our thanks for interesting public documents.

THE Government steamer Patrol succeeded in getting out of the Davis crevasse without injury, and has arrived safe at New Orleans.

THE Pennsylvania Republican Convention met yesterday, and passed a resolution naming Blaine and Lincoln as its choice for a Presidential ticket.

THE railroad injunction suits against the Mississippi Supervision Commission will be decided at the May term of the Federal Court at Jackson. Temporary restraining orders only have yet been granted.

IN Louisiana Judges are elected by the people and some of them take part in Ward meetings, and talk to "the boys" just as any common politician does.—Clarion.

We believe the Clarion wants the Judges to be made elective officers in Mississippi also.

JUDGE HILL has granted a temporary injuction restraining the Railroad Commission. It would look like the most outrages extravagance to repudiate the result of two months' busy labor on the part of the Legislature, but it is feared a "strict construction" will have that result.

GEN. JACKSON was denounced and bulldozed in his fight against the banks just as the free traders are now denouncing and attempting to bulldoze Randall. A short season will prove that the latter has the courage and determination of his famous prototype, and history will place together in the same line the victories of the Tennessee hero and the Pennsylvania statesman.

WHAT has become of Henri Watterson? He hasn't been heard from in a week or two, not since Mr. Randall killed his little bonded whisky scheme. Is it possible that he has deserted on the first shock of battle? He is hereby reminded that his protege, Mr. Carlisle, stands in desperate need of his presence just now to help him hold two or three Tartars he caught in Pennsylvania.

IF the Northern Republicans could only witness one county Republican Convention in this State, it would give them a better idea of the true inwardness of the thing which calls itself the Southern Republican party than they could gain in the North in a life time.—Commercial-herald.

Yes; a convention to nominate a State Senator, for instance.

THE tariff agitation is progressing beautifully, to suit the Republicans. In a speech on the Morrison bill yesterday, Representative Russell, of Massachusetts, said: "This bill was brought in as the challenge to a fight in the coming presidential campaign. The Republican party, the protective party, accepts the challenge. It stands ready to go to the people standing by the policy of a tariff law, so adjusted as to give revenue to the Government and protection to all American industries."

JUST think of it. Murderers below par everywhere. Who would have believed it?—Clarion.

FOR condemning some of the most horrible murders in this State, THE POST has been subjected to a great deal of adverse criticism from some of the Mississippi newspapers. We are glad to believe the Clarion will be with us here after in keeping "murderers below bar," and at the same time share some of the burdens we have been compelled to bear almost singly and alone.

JUDGE J. M. HOWRY, one of the oldest and most respected citizens of Mississippi, died at Oxford day before yesterday. Judge Howry was a prominent Mason, had written a great deal in regard to that Order, and was considered an authority in Masonic matters. During the late session of the Legislature he was editor of the Jackson Clarion, but the incessant demands of a daily paper did not seem to be congenial to his age or habits. In his long life he had held several offices of honor and trust, and always maintained the love and respect of his fellow-citizens.

YELLOW FEVER is now reported at Vera Cruz, a number of deaths from the dread disease having recently occurred there. Nearly a month ago, a few cases of fever were reported there, and we suppose it will become epidemic in that city early in the Summer.

Our neighbor city, New Orleans, is said to be in a fearfully filthy condition, and if the season should be propitious, so to speak, the Crescent City will be able to develop a first-class article of home yellow fever in the event an accident quarantine keeps out the imported article. The Democratic Executive Committee of New Orleans, in its recent address to the people, says: "Our streets are a mass of reeking filth."

Another Able Ally.

It is the right and duty of Democrats, and Republicans, too, for that matter, in considering its details (the Morrison bill) TO SO ADJUST THE DUTIES LAID as that the material interests of labor and property shall not be seriously injured. SOME INDUSTRIES REQUIRE PROTECTION AND SHOULD BE PROTECTED.

The above is taken from a long editorial in the last Clarion, on the tariff question. Although it does not say so directly, it is evident that that journal is not in favor of reading Mr. Randall or any one else out of the Democratic party for views entertained on this great economic question. In fact, and we are very glad to see it, the Clarion is coming squarely over to the platform occupied by Mr. Randall and advocated by THE POST. A short time ago the Clarion asserted that there should be no protection, and that duties should be levied without regard to their effect upon any of the industries or interests. Of course this was before Mr. Clifton assumed the editorship.

Now, the Clarion says it is the duty of Congress "to so adjust the duties laid as that the material interest, of labor and property, shall not be SERIOUSLY INJURED." We say, and Mr. Randall says, the duties should be so levied and adjusted as not to "seriously injure," nor to injure at all, the labor and industries and manufacturing interests of the country; but, on the contrary, to "encourage productive industries at home and afford just compensation to labor." The Clarion certainly cannot mean that it is willing for the material interests of labor and property to be slightly injured, as might be inferred from its paragraph which we have copied. If it will amend this part of its platform, as no doubt it will in order to be logical and consistent, the Clarion will be squarely with the POST on the tariff question.

The last sentence of the Clarion's new platform, which we have copied, viz: "Some industries require protection, and should be protected," is all that the most advanced "protectionist" could ask. Even Pig Iron Kelly (as Mr. Kelly of Pennsylvania is sometimes called); and Morrill of Vermont, the "Father of Protection;" and Randall of Pennsylvania, the champion of sensible revenue reform and proper protection to American interests and industries, are not straighter or more emphatic in their "protective" ideas than is our good friend of the Clarion as evidenced by the sentence we have quoted.

Now if the Clarion will assist us in putting Mr. Randall at the head of the Democratic cohorts for the coming Presidential battle, it will complete the good work it has so auspiciously begun.

THE killing of R. B. Rials by the Penn brother—Dr. Robt. G. and Lavee B.—at Hazlehurst on the 8th inst., has an ugly look. The circumstance that there were two against one is bad enough; but when we add to this the brutal manner in which the slaughter was completed the act is stamped with an impress which gives it a fiendish aspect. We may recur to this killing after it has been disposed of by the courts. Departing from our custom we have alluded to it now, because we desire to be put on record as being opposed to the kind of homicide disclosed by the terrible event to which we have referred.—Clarion.

There was another killing with an "ugly look" in Hazlehurst some time ago, which was also "stamped with an impress" giving it a "fiendish aspect," but as the Clarion has never yet "departed from its custom" to put itself "on record" in regard to it, it is fair to conclude that it was not the "kind of homicide" that journal is opposed to.

CHANCELLOR PEYTON has set the 28th of April as the day for hearing the injunction motion of the Natchez, Jackson & Columbus Railroad. The State Ledger says of this matter:

The complainant in this case is a home railroad company, and is represented by Messrs. Regent & McWillie. The case will ultimately make its way to the Supreme Court of the State of Mississippi, and join its brother, the Illinois Central Railroad Company, in the Supreme Court of the United States, and then we will learn whether the Dartmouth College case is or is not law, and whether it fits the present case. We join our neighbor the Clarion, in the suggestion that Judge Watson should receive additional counsel in these cases. We believe there is a provision in the State Constitution which prevents any member of the Legislature from receiving the fees or emoluments of an office created during his legislative term. But of course this does not apply to railroad supervision lawyers who were members of the last Legislature, and we hope to see that great band of legal brothers who banded together in the passage of the bill, feed and employed by the Commissioners as counsel in these causes. While we are dancing let's have a merry time. Who cares for expenses? The State foots the bill.

THE beauty of the Randall boom lies in the fact that, like Topsy, it "just growed." The wide spontaneous expression in his favor is simply an outburst of enthusiam on the part of the great masses who favor protection to their interests and recognize in him the leading advocate of that doctrine. His boom was not manufactured by a machine at a midnight conference of bosses and sent on its devious way to be sustained by secret bureaus established to lobby it through the mazes to the convention. It sprung up naturally, and is sustained and strengthened by an inherent principle that will not let it die.

BLAINE has captured Pennsylvania, which will no doubt give considerable impetus to the guano statesman's boom. A big book and the "keystone" make no mean weapon to enter a Presidential fight with.

EX-GOV. THOS. A. HENDRICKS, of Indiana, has just returned from a four months' trip to Europe. He is back just at the right time to be read out of the party. Mr. Hendricks, in an interview, said:

"Of course it is plain the revenue should be reduced, and that in the reduction the greatest care should be taken that burdens are not placed upon some and special advantages given to others. To do both requires the exercise of the highest judgment."

Mr. Hendricks thus gets on Randall's platform. Mr. Randall favors this sort of reform, and this manner of making the reforms. But Morrison and Carlisle seem bent on making a reduction of the tariff, without exercising any care or judgment—they go in for a horizontal reduction, hit or miss, right or wrong.

A STUDENT in the medical department of the University of Kharkoff, Russia, has recently returned to his studies after a somewhat protracted vacation. He left college twenty-one years ago, having been committed by the Russian Government to "rusticate" in Siberia during that period for participation in a hazing scrape of some magnitude, known to history as the polish insurrection. His present age is 60 years, and by the time he graduates is likely to have reached that age which will give the community confidence in his steadiness and respectability as a medical practitioner.—Exchange.

The old fellow will probably learn the science of medicine after awhile. We have a few editors in Mississippi, that have been constantly engaged in the study of politics for the last half a century, who have not yet learned that the Secession dogma (which they call a "principle") was effectually killed about 20 years ago. The old Russian will complete his medical studies long before these editors catch up with the times.

PIG IRON KELLEY grows pathetic about women in England making trace chains, and offers it as evidence that our laborers ought to be protected. Women in many of the Southern States work in the cotton and corn fields, and it is a question for Congress to tax the cotton they produce five dollars a bale for the benefit of rich manufacturers.—Commercial-herald.

Mr. Kelley, in his speech, stated that the work-women in England received only fifty-five to sixty cents PER WEEK for making trace chains. The colored women who work in the cotton fields of the South receive that much PER DAY, and in the picking season make from $1 to $1.50 per day. Mr. Kelley don't want English wages to prevail in the South.

IT is quite noticable that a number of Republican papers in New England, while they are not generally advocating the nomination of President Arthur, are now calling attention to the good qualities of his administration. It can be said for him that he has fulfilled the various factions of 1882 and has won the confidence of conservative business men in all parts of the country. These are no small achievements.—Ex.

It is quite probable the Mississippi Republican Convention which meets at Jackson on the 21st inst., will instruct its delegates for Arthur.

Unwarranted Charges.

Ed. Beacon.—In your arraignment of the Railroad Commission in issue of March 29th, you make charges against the commission, Judge Campbell our esteemed chief Justice, and C. C. Campbell, who was elected clerk of commission, which are unwarranted, unjust and untrue. You assert that Judge Campbell was admitted and attended the meeting of the commissioners at their organization, which is untrue. Your insinuation that C. C. Campbell was elected clerk for the commission, on account of an understanding made between the Judge and the Commission, that he would favor them in case of litigation, is false in every particular and too ridiculous to be entertained for a moment.

Your charge that C. C. Campbell is unfit for the position of clerk of commission on account of intemperate habits is probably in contradiction of statements of some of the best citizens of Jackson."

I know you would not, knowingly, misrepresent or injure any one, and suppose you have been misled. I believe you will make the amende honorable when you know the true state of facts.

WM. B. AUGUSTUS.

From the card of Mr. Augustus in this issue, and from other sources of information, we are glad to learn that the newly appointed Clerk of the Railroad Commission is not, as we thought we had good authority to remark, an intemperate man. We say we are pleased to make this announcement, though from authority we had no right to question, we made the statement referred to. The card of Mr. Augustus also shows that Judge Campbell was not with the Commission for all during the session, but after its adjournment, and as our intimation of collusion was a reflection upon the Commission and the Chief Justice, we are glad to say, and feel assured, that nothing whatever occurred to justify such a suspicion.

Mr. C. C. Campbell is said to be a fine business man, and as a matter of justice to him, we cheerfully correct the errors into which we have fallen, and regret that in criticising this appointment we have said anything to injure him personally.—Macon Beacon.

GOV. LOWRY has appointed Capt. H. D. Cameron of this county as swamp land Commissioner. Mr. Cameron made a good representative of the people in the last Legislature, and as swamp land Commissioner he will be the man for the place.—Mighty East.

All which we endorse; but then a correspondent of the VICKSBURG POST has discovered that his appointment is "unconstitutional!"—Clarion.

The owners of the poor old Mobile theater want to raise its rent. Clarion should try to raise some good companies to play in it.

DOOMED TO DIE.

Joe Casey Sentenced to be Hanged on Tuesday next.

This morning long before the hour for the opening of the District Court a large crowd collected in the Courthouse to hear sentence passed upon Joe Casey for the murder of Luther Holbrook. When the Court-room doors were opened there was a general rush and in a very short time every seat in the room and all available standing room was occupied. At 10:30 o'clock Judge Fitzgerald entered the room and directed the Sheriff to open Court. After some consultation with the Attorneys he ordered the Sheriff to bring Casey into Court. The prisoner walked erect and after taking a seat leisurely patted his left foot and looking upon those he knew smiled as cheerfully as though the occasion was one to mark his liberation. He was guarded by Deputy Sheriff Cordias and Appel and jailors Boyle and McClarty. The moment he appeared the crowd in the corridors began to press forward and the entrance to the Court-room was soon completely blocked. When the prisoner had taken his seat Judge Fitzgerald asked Judge Anderson, who had been the defendant's Attorney, if he had anything further to offer in the case. Mr. Anderson arose and remarked: "Your honor, I find nothing, in view of the decision of the Supreme Court."

Judge Fitzgerald then said: "Joseph Casey, at the last adjourned March term of this Court you were tried and convicted of the murder of Andrew W. Holbrook, and sentenced by the Court to be hung. The judgment was superceded by an appeal to the Supreme Court of the Territory. That Court having affirmed the judgment of this Court it now becomes my duty under the law to enquire if you know of the existence of any legal reason, or if you have anything to say why sentence of death should not be passed upon you."

Casey answered that he had not had a fair trial.

Have you anything further to say, asked the Court.

"I have not, I don't think it would be of any use."

"As you have but a very short time to live," said the Judge "it behooves you to seriously consider and reflect upon that future state into which within the next few days you will be ushered. You are a young man cut off by crime on the very threshold of your earthly career. Your sun has scarcely risen above the horizon before it will go down, not I pray to everlasting darkness, but that on the day of resurrection, you may shine in robes of innocence purchased by the blood of the lamb. Now to the infinity mercy of the goodness of God I commend you. Upon your return to prison I earnestly request that you send for some pious clergyman to assist you in preparing for the awful doom that soon awaits you. The sentence which the law prescribes for murder in the first degree and the court awards is, that you be taken before to the county jail of this county to be safely kept in close confinement until Tuesday, the 15th of April 1884, and the said 15th day of April, 1884, you be taken from said jail by the Sheriff of Pima county, and within the yard or inclosure around said jail there be such, and if not to the place of execution there between the hours of 10 o'clock a.m. and 4 o'clock p.m., be hanged by the neck until you are dead. And may God have mercy upon your soul."

Casey at the close of these remarks said, "Thank you sir, for what you have said."

"Mr. Sheriff, remand the prisoner," said the Judge, and Casey was conducted from the room, a smile wreathing his face.

When Casey had been conducted back to his cell he remarked to the guards, "That Judge is pretty much of a gentleman, he don't abuse a man when he is down."

This afternoon, at 3:30, the Citizen reporter called upon the prisoner in the jail. He saw the man of news before he had entered, and called out: "See here, if you dont stay out of here I'll have you arrested," and then he broke out in a hearty laugh. He was seated on the edge of the bunk in cell No 6, his legs doubled under him, and was enjoying a cigar. When asked if he had anything to say, he remarked: "Not a d—d word; I don't propose to talk to amuse these strangers here in Tucson."

"What do you think of the order of the court?" asked the reporter.

"Well," said he, with a careless toss of the head, "the time is rather short, but then I suppose they were afraid I would make my escape."

"You have not succeeded very well in the escaping business," remarked the reporter.

"Well, no; d—n it, I have had hard luck in that line, and I guess I will now have to give up to these d—d stranglers here in Tucson."

When the reporter turned to leave Casey called out: "You fellows might donate a copy of your paper to the jail; you couldn't expect us fellows to put up for it."

When the reporter remarked that the gratuitous copy of the Citizen would be forthcoming, Casey said, "Well, now, ——, that's what you do."—Tucson Daily Citizen, April 8th.

The Crescent City.

The address of the Democratic Executive Committee of New Orleans contains the following advice to the voters of that city:

"Murder runs riot in our midst, and the hand of justice is paralyzed by political influence and corruption. Our streets are a mass of reeking filth, and our public school system, which a former years was pointed to with pride as best of any city in the union, retains but a shadow of its former excellence.

"After years of gloom and dreary days the State is again rejoicing in the dawn of prosperity, and capitalists of all nations are investigating her resources and prospects with a view to investments. Where can they find a grander field for profitable venture than in our city."

Evidently the Crescent City wants a change. It is a most unpolitical document which says murder runs riot in the community and yet it offers an inviting field for capital. Does it mean capital can find profitable investment in criminal juries?—Birmingham Age.

H. B. BRUSER,
TIN, COPPER AND SHEET-IRON WORKER
Hardware Tinware Stoves
Pumps, Grates Mantels, Etc. Etc.
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Something the People Need!
FRESH
ROASTED COFFEE,
Roasted Daily in HYDE'S PATENT ROASTER, at my Store,
Corner South and Washington Streets,
Price 20 Cts. per Pound!
E. F. SIMRALL, JR.
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W. M. CHAMBERLIN
General Insurance Agent,
FIRE, MARINE, ACCIDENT AND LIFE.
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White Lead, Linseed Oil, Turpentine, Window Glass, Mixed Paints, Dry and in Oil; Albastine Whitening and Putty; and the largest and most complete assortment of Patent Medicines and Surgical Instruments in the State. Agent for the celebrated Wuckesha Bathesda Water.
Toilet Articles, Perfumery and Hair Brushes—all imported.
No. 125 Washington Street, Vicksburg, Miss.

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Cotton Factors,
AND WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
Groceries, Liquors and Tobacco
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Vicksburg, Miss.
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LEE RICHARDSON, JR
IS PREPARED TO SELL
DIMENSION LUMBER
FROM LANDING AT GLASS BAYOU, THIS CITY.
Sash, Doors, Blinds, Mouldings, T. and G. Flooring and Ceiling
Orders addressed to the undersigned will be promptly filled.
WM. CURPHEY, Proprietor.

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WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN
Staple and Fancy Groceries,
WINES, LIQUORS, CIGARS & TOBACCO,
Corner of South and Washington Streets, - - - - VICKSBURG, MISS.
I respectfully ask an examination of my stock, which I think will convince all that
Fine Teas, Coffee and Choice Butter are Among my Specialties.
I GUARANTEE EVERY ARTICLE TO BE AS REPRESENTED.
And desire to give full satisfaction. PACK AND EXPRESS

HENRY YOSTE,
Watchmaker and Jeweler
I cordially invite a comparison of WORK and PRICES, believing
mine to be the Best and Cheapest.
ALSO DEALER IN
WATCHES, DIAMONDS AND SILVERWARE
SPECIALTIES IN SPECTACLES.

CITATION NOTICE.
STATE OF MISSISSIPPI, WARREN COUNTY,
Chas. Hutcherson, Complainat, vs. Amanda Thomas Hutcherson, Defendant.
The State of Mississippi to Amanda Thomas Hutcherson, Defendant:
YOU are commanded to appear before the Chancery Court of the county of Warren in said State, on the
First Monday of May, 1884,
To defend the suit, in said Court of Chas. Hutcherson, wherein you are a defendant.
Witness my hand and seal of said Court this, the 27th day of March A. D. 1884.
GEO. T. HARDY, Clerk.
WM. W. PORTER, D. C.
SIMRALL & SIMRALL,
Solicitors for Complainant. Th-m27-41

MISS ADDIE FLETCHER,
Fashionable Dressmaker,
Orders from the country solicit'd. Satisfaction given.
PRICES MODERATE.
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VINCENT PIAZZA, Proprietor.
Washington St., Vicksburg.
CONVENIENT TO RAILROAD
Depot, Landing, Post, Telegraph and Express Offices and to business generally.
This old stand has become again all that it has been renovated and refurnished. Tables supplied with the best the market affords. Attorneys respectfully solicited. Polite and liberal attention to every business.

CLOTHING & DRY GOODS FIRM
MARKS AND SIMRALL
Have formed a copartnership, and will carry on the
CLOTHING
AND
Dry Goods Business
Nos. 207 and 235 WASHINGTON ST.
VICKSBURG, MISS.

SIGNAL SERVICE REPORT.
LOCAL WEATHER REPORT.

TIME.	BAR.	THER.	HUM	WIND	WTHR.
8:05 a. m.	29.96	62	90	N.	Clear.
2:05 a. m.	30.02	76	37	N.	Clear.
8:05 p. m.	30.05	70	32	W.	Clear.
2:05 p. m.	29.94	72	50	W.	Clear.
8:05 p. m.	30.02	67	45	W.	Clear.

	1883.	1884
Maximum thermometer	77.0	80.0
Minimum thermometer	59.6	60.0
Mean temperature	64.0	68.5
Rainfall	.00	.00

STAGE OF RIVERS.
WAR DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER,
April 16, 2 p.m. Washington time.
The following observations were taken at the same moment of time at all the stations named:

STATIONS.	Above low water.		Changes.	
	feet	In's	Rise In's	Fall In's
Cairo, Ill	37	10		2
Memphis	14	6	6	57
Vicksburg	16	11		17
Red River Landing	9	6	4	
Helena, Ark	11	6		4
Arkansas City, Iowa				
Napoleon, Ark	11	6		4
Greenville, Miss	6	3		1
Duckport, La	13	0		1
Bayou Sara	12	4	29	
Baton Rouge	8	3	3	
Carrollton	22	7		3
Port Eads	16	9	2	
New Orleans	1	3		1
Pilot Town	9	3		4
Shreveport	4	11	7	10
Fort Smith	18	7		9
Little Rock	25	1		
Fulton	45	5		1
Jackson, D. T	8	5*		8

Below high water of 1874. *Frozen.

THE WATER AT VICKSBURG IN FORMER YEARS
On water '62, above zero, 51 1-10 feet.
On water '67, above zero, 49 feet.
On water '74, above zero, 45 ft. 8 inches
On water '75, above zero, 43 ft. 6 inches
On water '76, above zero, 44 ft. 10 inches
On water '80, above zero, 43 ft. 2 inches
On water '81, above zero, 43 ft. 10 inches
On water '82, above zero, 48 ft. 9 inches
On water '83, above zero, 43 ft. 10 inches

Stations.	Date of Highest Point.	Highest point Reached.
Cairo	Feb. 20, 1882	51 ft. 9 inches
Memphis	Jan. 19, 1882	40 ft. 2 inches
Vicksburg	Feb. 21, 1882	50 ft. 6 inches
Red River Landing	Dec. 3, 1881	10 ft. 1 inch
Helena, Ark	March 9, 1882	47 ft. 3 inches
Arkansas City	Feb. 20, 1881	51 ft. 5 inches
Greenville	Feb. 24, 1882	21 ft. 6 inches
Duckport	Feb. 22, 1882	37 ft. 2 inches
Bayou Sara	Feb. 23, 1882	51 ft. 6 inches
Baton Rouge	Jan. 22, 1882	54 ft. 7 inches
New Orleans	March 27, 1882	5 inches
Carrollton	Feb. 26, 1882	28 ft. 3 inches
Vicksburg	March 20, 1882	48 ft. 9 inches

Below high water of 1874.

THE RIVER.

ARRIVED.
Iaquena, from Greenville.
Centennial, from St. Louis.
Robert Eads and tow, from St. Louis.
Harry Brown and tow, from Pittsburg.
Jno. W. Cannon, from New Orleans.
R. Springer, from Cincinnati.

DEPARTED.
Gaslight, for Sunflower river.
Jno. W. Thompson, for Grand Lake.
Belle Cairney, for Yazoo City.
Harry Brown and tow, for New Orleans.
Robert Eads and tow, for New Orleans.
Centennial, for Cincinnati via New Orleans.
Belle Memphis, for St. Louis.
Belle Memphis, for Davis Bend.
Jno. W. Cannon, for Greenville.
R. Springer, for New Orleans.

BOATS DUE TO-DAY.
Ed. Terry, of Providence, St. Louis to V'burg.
Capt. D. Hays, raised with sail to V'burg.
Jno. Miller, Natchez to Vicksburg.
Bayou Creek, Deer Creek to Vicksburg.

BOATS LEAVING TO-DAY.
Iaquena—Greenville—Issaquena, 5 p.m.

BOATS DUE TO-MORROW.
Jno. W. Cannon, N. O. to Greenville.
Jno. W. Thompson, Grand Lake to V'burg
Capt. D. Hays, V'burg, N. O. to St. Louis.

BOATS LEAVING TO-MORROW.
Belle Memphis—Will S. Hays, 12 m.
St. Louis—City of Vicksburg, 12 m.
Greenwood—Leflore, 5 p.m.

NOTES.
Rear and cool.
Three boats leaving to-day.
Port Eads and tow passed to New Orleans yesterday after dropping one of its here.
The through Anchor Liner Centennial, left for New Orleans at 8 o'clock this morning without landing.
Steamer Killed the second mate and Capt. S. Hays at Greenville, last night. Particulars in telegraph column.
Capt. Harry Brown and tow arrived above yesterday, and leaving two of coal, proceeded to New Orleans.
Capt. W. P. Thompson left yesterday evening for all points as high as Grand Gulf with a big tulp of freight and passengers.
The Memphis, Capt. I. H. Mc——, left at 11 o'clock this morning for Cairo and St. Louis with the usual fair trip.
The Lina steamer Jno. F. Halpin left Quachenbos, left at 10 a.m. Tuesday for below as far as Davis Bend with usual good trip.
The through Anchor Line steamer Vicksburg from New Orleans left up during the day Friday for Grand Gulf. Henry Keith master.
The Belle Deer Creek is due this evening from Deer Creek as does this the left Rolling Fork this morning at 10 o'clock with 5,000 sacks of cotton, and a cabin full of passengers.
Capt. Marcy L. Johnson, of the P. Line packet leaving to-morrow at 5 o'clock for Yazoo City, is high as Greenwood.
The steamer City of Providence, Capt. Gen. Carvell, is due this evening from St. Louis, and in the Saturday Lisner, leaving the Eldorator at 11 a.m. sharp. Eugene Platt is her passenger agent.
The swift and reliable steamer Issaquena, Capt. H. C. Marionneaux, is receiving freight and booking passengers at the Wharfboat to-day and leaves at 5 p.m., for all landings in the bends, as high as Greenville.
The U. S. mail steamer Capt. Miller is due from Natchez to-night, and will return to-morrow morning at 8 o'clock for all points as far as Natchez, making the trip in daylight.
The beautiful Jno. W. Cannon, Capt. Wm. Campbell, will pass up at noon today en route to Greenville. Her accomodations as first-class and rates reasonable. See Capt. W. C. O'Hara in regard to business. She will return Saturday morning.
The fast and famous steamer Will S Hays is due this evening for above. She will receive at the Wharfboat and leave Friday at noon for all landings as high as Memphis. Her officers are clever and courteous gentlemen, fare the best the markets of Vicksburg and Memphis can afford, and she runs like a railroad train.
The Patrol was got out of Davis crevasse and arrived at Carrollton Tuesday. She was taken through the woods into Lake Salvador, thence to the Bayou Lafourche to the Mississippi river and down to Carrollton. The Patrol is the fourth boat to be drawn into a crevasse within the last ten years, none of which sustained damage.—Times-Democrat.

Bad Management.

Corn sold in our town last Saturday at one dollar per bushel and meal ditto.

Suppose a man from the North, or West, or another country, were to approach a farmer in this county, and make inquiry:

"What are the principal products of this county?"

The farmer would answer: "Corn, cotton, oats and potatoes; also wheat, grasses and stock."

"What is corn selling at?"

"It is selling for one dollar per bushel and scarce."

"What is cotton worth?"

"Cotton is worth from 7 to 10 cents."

"Potatoes, what are they worth?"

"They sell for three dollars a bushel, and oats at 50 cents."

"How do hogs thrive in this section?"

"They are the most prolific and easily raised of any other stock."

"How do these crops average per acre?"

"Corn, 20 bushels, and in many cases, 40; cotton, 250 pounds, or one bale to two acres; oats, 25 bushels; potatoes, I can't say. I have only planted a small patch, but they are very prolific."

"How are these crops raised?"

"It takes thirteen months' work in a year to make a cotton crop; about three months' work to make corn; oats and other grain at old times;

"Do you raise flour, corn and meat for home consumption?"

"No, sir; we buy all these things from our merchant and pay him in cotton."

Then, your country is hardly self-sustaining?"

"Well, no, not exactly. Somehow or other, we don't manage right, yet we are never idle."

"Well, I tell you, this is strange. You say this is a corn country; can raise all the grains, grasses, stock, etc., and yet you buy your main staple corn—the staff of life, and raised with so little work and trouble—from abroad. I am looking out for a home in the beautiful South, but this is not the place I'm hunting. Good-day.—Houston Free South.

ORDINARILY railroad building goes on chiefly in new States and Territories, but the work done last year seems to show that having opened up all parts of the country the railroad men are now devoting their attention to filling up certain blank spaces in States already occupied. Over 7,000 miles of track were laid in 1883, the largest number in any one State being 469 in Michigan; Pennsylvania followed with 417 and New York with 405. These three, says the Philadelphia Ledger, States already well supplied with railroads. Pennsylvania, however, is getting the benefit of rivalry between its two great corporations, each of which has abandoned the defensive and is advancing into the territory of the other. The present year will probably send Pennsylvania to the head of the list in railroad construction.

A Kind-Hearted Negro.

A travel stained tramp called at the house of a negro cabin.

"Have you got some wood I can chop?"

"Oh, yas. Dar's de pile and yander's de axe. Kin he'p yerself."

The tramp, after chopping for about half an hour, went to the old negro and said:

"Well, I'm done."

"Done chopped as much as you wants ter, is yer?"

"I've chopped enough, I think."

"Doan' be no ways back'ard 'bout it. Jes help yerself, an' recollect dat when yer wants ter limber up yer jints, here's de place whar yer ken fin' 'commodation."

"But I want something to eat. That's why I chopped wood."

"Yer didn'n say nuthin' 'bout dat. Said yer wanted ter chop wood. I ken go out any time an' git wood fer cash. Good day, sah. Recollect dars allus a axe heah at yer' sposal, sah."—Arkansas Traveler.

MR. TILDEN shows the way to comparative safety. Around him and his friends is the party—without a principle it dare fight for—can rally, and he has an inspiring spectacle to see this old man, whose long and active life entitles him to the peace of the evening of life, dragged from his retirement to do service for a party that is without a conviction or an honest aspiration. This man, whose prudence at any time in the last six years would not have caused the slightest surprise, will be produced, and an instructive spectacle will thus be seen. It will appropriately typify the condition of his party hard to find the centre of gravity. But the average man who cares not for a hobby will hardly ever discern the difference, as every one is both a seller and buyer.—Cornith Herald.

FAYETTE also wants the State Female College. It is understood that the Fayette Female Academy building and property, valued at $40,000, will be donated for the purpose.

The Hennepin Canal.

WASHINGTON, April 15.—The House Committee on Railways and Canals has agreed to report favorably the Hennepin canal bill, which was introduced at the beginning of the session by Mr. Cullom, of Illinois. It approves the route surveyed by the Secretary of War from Hennepin to Rock Island, and designated in Benyuard's report as the Rock Island route, together with the branch canal, or feeder from the Rock Island river, to the Hennepin canal. It provides that the canal shall be eighty-five feet wide at the water line, and navigable for vessels of at least 280 tons burden. It directs the Secretary of War to secure the right of way by agreement, purchase or voluntary conveyance of the owners, if it can be done on reasonable terms, but if not the Secretary is to institute proceedings to condemn such lands as may be necessary for the right of way. The Secretary of War is also directed to commence work as soon as practicable, and within six months after the passage of the act. The sum of $1,000,000 is appropriated as a fund to commence the work.

THE New York Evening Post considers Mr. Blaine's reappearance as a candidate for President "an audacious proceeding, which can only be accounted for by supposing him to have an extraordinary and unwarrantable confidence in the popular forgetfulness." To refresh the popular memory the Post recites in detail the Little Rock and Mulligan transactions and brings out the Fisher letter that bears in every line the evidence of corruption. Blaine is woefully mistaken if he thinks those things have been forgotten or can be smoothed over even at this late day by any of the political arts of which he is a master. They form a part of written history and cannot be blotted out. In the event of Blaine's nomination at Chicago, what could the Republican party say in reply to the disgraceful facts taken from his public record?—Cincinnati Times-Star.

THE Mayor of New Orleans, elected by Democrats, but now the candidate of the citizens and Independent Democrats, refuses to meet his competitors, the Regulars, and discuss matters. Instead, he has proposed, in order to check the fraudulent vote and to insure a fair election and honest count, that a joint conference committee of three from the two parties be selected; to secure from all candidates and their representatives pledges that they will not carry concealed weapons; that all violence at the polls be discouraged, and that three representatives of each ticket be present when the votes are counted. The Mayor declares there is a deep-seated apprehension that the election will be carried by fraud and violence on the part of the Regular Democrats.

THE mortality reports for the past few weeks show the weather to have been most favorable to fatal diseases of the lungs. Of all the deaths reported more than 25 per cent. were from pulmonary diseases of some sort. Consumption claimed the highest number, but pneumonia, inflammation of the lungs and congestion were fearfully prevalent. All of which goes to prove that too great care against exposure cannot be taken at this season.—N. Y. Star.

PENNSYLVANIA Republicans, while adhering to their own party nominees, should feel gratified equally with their party opponents that the Pennsylvania Democrats have put forward a fellow citizen of such well deserved national renown and great ability. That the Republicans will put forward a man of equal ability and merit is what they and the country should wish to bring about.—Philadelphia Ledger, Ind. Rep.

GEN. SHERMAN, it is said, smokes quite as constantly as Gen. Grant, but uses five cigars to Grant's one, and he isn't particular about the quality. He smokes as if it was a disagreeable duty to be performed as rapidly as possible, chews the end that is in his mouth, and bites it off in chunks, so that his cigar is consumed at one end at fast as it is at the other. Grant always talks with a cigar in his mouth; Sherman never does. Gen. Sheridan is a quiet smoker, and can't do anything else when at it.

A Call at Pitcairn Island.

BOSTON, April 15.—The ship Mercury, from Port Townsend, reports having passed Pitcairn Island on Jan. 11. The inhabitants came aboard and reported that there were 105 persons on the Island—52 males and 53 females. The whole population, consisting of some 25 letters for different parts of the world

THE late Charles Delmonico, according to a correspondent, was in the habit of recommending the "hot-water cure" in cases of toothache, etc, and said of it: "Few people know how to cook water. The secret is in putting good, fresh water into a neat kettle, already quite warm, and setting the water to boiling quickly, and then taking it right off for use in tea, coffee or other drinks, before it is spoiled. To let it steam and simmer and evaporate until the good water was all in the atmosphere, and the lime and iron and magnesia only left in the kettle—bah! that is what makes a great many people sick, and is worse than no water at all.

THE citizens of Jackson are sweating under the forth-coming Democratic assembly meeting, and what to do with the men of the stovepipe-hats and red cravats. Men of reason, and the people from a business stand point. Send a committee to ascertain how much they'll take to go back home and stay there. No town in this State can afford to entertain a battallion of dead-heads, for a week, and it is an impossibility to be astonished and surprised at trip, and pay as you go.—Reveille.

THE appearance of Gladstone as he left the British commons, pale, worn, and physically feeble Thursday night, after he had delivered his great speech, recalls to Henry Grattan's appearance in the Irish parliment before the passage of the union when he astonished and horrified the enemies of his country by his magnificent eloquence against the iniquitous scheme of Pitt and Castlereagh to rob Ireland of its legislature.

BETWEEN free trade and cheap purchases, and a high tariff and high wages and sales, the country hard to find the centre of gravity. But the average man who cares not for a hobby will hardly ever discern the difference, as every one is both a seller and buyer.—Cornith Herald.

STEAMBOATS.

ANCHOR LINE.
For Memphis, Cairo and St. Louis.
THE U. S. MAIL STEAMER
CITY OF PROVIDENCE

AMUSEMENTS.

COMING AGAIN.

OPERA HOUSE

FOR ONE WEEK; COMMENCING

Monday, April 21, 1884

And Saturday Matinee, at 2:30 p.m.

ZERA SEMON

THE ORIGINAL

ZERA

Wonder-Worker!

100 Presents given away at each performance. 100

RATES OF ADMISSION:

Reserved seats, 50 cents, with 3 envelopes given. Family circle, 25 cents, with 2 envelopes given you. Gallery, 25 cents, with 1 envelope given you. ap16

CHEAP COLUMN.

STOLEN.

STOLEN—Two plain gold rings, one with the name Chas. to Emma, July 25, 1877. The other had the initial of S. P. W., and the word "to" inside. A liberal reward will be given. Apply at this office. ap15-tf

WANTED.

WANTED—A situation as collector. Best of reference given. Address P. O. Box, 563. apr15-1w

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Gin-house with 20-horse power Engine, 70-saw Gullet Gin Stand, Steam Press, 24-inch Straub Mill; all in good order. Cheap. Engine. W. J. KATZENMIER. ap17-tf

FOR SALE CHEAP—One vacant lot corner Third North and Jackson streets, and two small houses and lots fronting Second North street. Also for sale or rent one dwelling fronting on Jackson street, between lots above named. Apply at this office, or on premises to ap14-1w MRS. JANE E. BROWN.

FOR SALE—Brown, Leghorn Eggs for hatching. Fresh and pure. ap7-1w AT H. H. KAIN'S.

FOR SALE—New Cottage in good neighborhood, containing 3 rooms with hall and gallery, kitchen, stable and garden. Lot 150x150 feet, all under new fence. Apply at this office. m25

FOR SALE.—A cottage residence on East avenue, containing four rooms 18x20, hall 12 feet, kitchen, fine cistern and fine orchard; lot 64x132 feet. Apply to R. P. WILSON, on premises. m28

FOR SALE—The LOT on the northeast corner of Cherry and Grove sts. Apply to THOMAS MOUNT. mh19

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—A House on Cherry street, between China and Jackson. Apply to ap16-tw MRS. E. FRANCIS.

FOR RENT—Nice house with eight rooms, kitchen, good water, and surrounded by a half square of land, situated on the National Cemetery road, and known as the Miller House. Cheap rent. ap15-1w E. & B. C. BONELLI.

FOL SALE OR RENT—60 Acres good land, one and a half miles from town, with plenty of wood and water. Apply at this office, or to R. P. WILSON, Vicksburg, Miss. m24-2w

THE SATISFACTION

Of stting under one's own vine and fig tree pays the largest dividend of any investment. It is the best kind of life insurance. It is best medicine in sickness. It enables a man to die easier, and robs death of one of the principal terrors to know that the loved ones we must leave behind us have a roof of their own over their heads which cannot be taken from them.

If you cannot buy a house and lot, you can at least make a commencement by investing $25 in a lot in Speed's Addition, and pay the balance in $5 monthly installments. No better opportunity to buy a home or to make a safe investment in Vicksburg is likely to occur than that now presented by the unprecedented terms upon which these lots are sold. sep1

LOCAL ITEMS.

DANCING this evening at the "Beehive."

SPOOR'S auction to-night at Mrs. Porterfield's.

MR. S. E. THEUS, of New York, is at the LaMadrid.

The Mozarts' Concert will be the event of the season.

SEE Mr. W. J. Katzenmier's advertisement of "Gin-house for Sale."

REMEMBER the Trinity Church entertainment at Mrs. Porterfield's to-night.

The 4-10s met last night, but only the initiated were admitted to the solemn conclave.

THERE will be more dancing to-night at the Bee-hive. Take your girl and have a whirl in "the giddy mazes."

CHILDREN'S reception at the "Beehive" this afternoon. Everybody should look in to see how happy the children are.

The Signal Department has decided that it cannot at present establish a station at Helena. One is certainly badly needed there.

CAPT. HENRY U. HART, of the steamer R. R. Springer, says the water is rising at Helena and Greenville, but falling at all points further up.

OUR country friends should not miss seeing the handsomest of Vicksburg girls at the Bee-hive. It will be crowded to-night.

THE John W. Cannon arrived from New Orleans, en route to Greenville, at 1 o'clock with a fine freight and many passengers for the bends.

THE steamer Leflore will take a barge up with her to-morrow evening containing sixty mules belonging to E. Cordwent's Belle Isle place, Yazoo river.

NOTICE Baum & Co's. new advertisement in to-day's paper. Their stock of books, music and base ball club equipments is not surpassed in the South.

THE "Big Six"—a branch of the 4-10s, was established, and its members appointed last night. Only men of well-known temperance proclivities were put on the "six."

ALL persons having parts in the cantata are requested to meet this Thursday evening at 7:30 o'clock, at the residence of Dr. J. M. Hunt on Grove street, for rehearsal.

MRS. HAYES, an old lady who keeps a bakery on the levee, opposite the Wharfboat, was stricken with apoplexy, about noon to-day, and is now lying in a critical condition.

A. CRAFT, R. G. Memory, New Orleans; Daniel Boyle, Chicago; R. B. Watkins, Washington; J. D. Marion and D. A. McNine, Bolton, are at the Pacific to-day.

MR. R. C. WEIGHTMAN, editor of the Madison (La.) Times, is in the city today. He reports the water falling in his locality, and the outlook altogether favorable for planting operations."

ZERA SEMON, the great magician, will open at the Opera-house next Monday night, April 21st. Prices of admission 50, 35 and 25 cents. 100 splendid presents given away at each performance.

THE R. R. Springer, from Cincinnati, en route to New Orleans, arrived about 1 o'clock. She had 1,600 tons freight, including 8,000 sacks corn and 3,500 barrels potatoes. She had about 50 cabin passengers.

The City Marshal has promulgated an order prohibiting the throwing of trash on the sidewalks of streets. Hereafter a trash box must be kept and placed where it can be taken by the garbage carts before 8 o'clock in the morning.

CAPT. W. C. O'HARA, the popular steamboat agent, was suddenly attacked with a meningeal stroke this morning, and had to be removed to his residence, where he is improving. His many friends will be glad to see him on the streets again.

The entertainment which the ladies of Holy Trinity have been long preparing for comes off to-night at the residence of Mrs. Porterfield. Dancing and other amusements will be indulged in, and an excellent opportunity is offered to lovers of refined fun.

The inventory of the stock of boots, shoes, etc., of Mr. James King, shows its value to be over $50,000. His assets will be much larger than his liabilities, and his bad health was really the prime cause of bringing about his failure.

HENRY CLAY,—not the Kentuckian—was arrested yesterday on a charge of vagrancy. As it appeared that he had visible means of support, and was only stopping in the city on account of a broken arm, he was discharged by the Mayor this morning.

THE POST is again under obligations to Mrs. Hutcheson, the efficient manager of one of the tables at the "popular" Beehive, for an elegant lunch. From the specimens of good things sent to us, we can conscientiously advise the public to go to the Bee-hive for an extra nice lunch or supper.

We are informed by Mr. Jackson, the efficient Superintendent of our Exchange, that the connecting tables now in use in his office will be replaced by others of different and much superior style, being of the same pattern as those used by the New Orleans Exchange. Mr. Jackson was busily engaged to-day in repairing the damage done by the recent storm.

BRAND NEW

And cant-be-beaten styles of thoroughly first-rate Spring clothing now on the counters at our house. Men's suits, boy's suits, children's suits in all the latest shapes and colors. New furnishings and hats just in. The best styles we ever showed, and the lowest prices. WARNER & SEARLES, ap9 The Leading Clothiers.

Lawrence Barrett.

Barrett is scoring a great triumph in London. He has created a furore there almost equal to that of Mary Anderson. Although Lawrence Barrett has not been regarded by the people of this country as the equal of Booth and some others, we have always regarded him as being second to none of them.

SUITS TO ORDER,

Ranging from $15, $17.50, $21.50, $25, $30 up to $50. Any gentleman can be pleased in style and fit at 183 Washington street. E. D. BICKLEY is the man to fit the head, body and pocket of our New South. WANAMAKER & BROWN, m26 E. D. BICKLEY, Agent.

COL. WILLIAM FRENCH was brought from Coopers' Well last week, and has since been at the residence of Capt. J. W. Clingan. The disease which has afflicted him for the past ten months, has greatly shattered his hitherto robust constitution, and his many friends have reason to be anxious about his condition. To-day, 16th, Bond is attending Memphis Court.

The Trinity Church Entertainment To-night.

If you would have a specially delightful time don't fail to attend the entertainment to be given by the ladies of "Trinity Church" at Mrs. Porterfield's tonight. There will be dancing, music, every imaginable good thing and delicacies to eat and drink, and to crown all there will be a Spook Auction. This is the richest thing out, with oceans of fun in it. It is also a new feature in entertainments and it is on that account the more interesting. Mrs. Porterfield's residence is decidedly the best in the city to have an entertainment at, as it is both large and elegant. We would suggest to our young gentlemen to avail themselves of the Spook's Auction to get a sweetheart cheap. A better opportunity may not again be presented.

MR. GUS. MAYER,

Of the late firm of Mayer Bros. & Co. can now be found at the large Dry Goods house of ARTHUR JACOB, where he invites his many friends and patrons to come and see him.

ap16-1w

The Mozarts

Are working up their Grand Concert, which is to be given at the Opera-house on the evenings of Monday and Tuesday, April 28th and 29th, and at Port Gibson on the 30th, and it is going to lay over any entertainment yet given at the Opera-house. The horn sextette, consisting of Messrs. Knox, Lawenhaupt, Foster, Moser, Shade, and Kette, held another rehearsal last night, and at the concert they will render some selections that will "bring down the house." The horn sextette is a novelty to a Vicksburg audience, and rendered in the inimitable style of the Mozarts cannot fail to please immensely.

RUHMAN & CO.,

Tailors and Importers,

WASHINGTON STREET.

A complete stock of Spring and Summer goods now on hand, including many

SPECIALTIES FOR THE SEASON.

FINE SUITS, all shades and grades, and latest styles. Spring Overcoats, to suit sudden changes of the weather.

BOYS' and CHILDREN'S CLOTHING In larger variety and more perfect workmanship than ever before. Special attention is asked to this department.

Unequalled stock of Hats and Gents' Furnishing Goods.

EULL LINE of PIECE GOODS. Trouserings, etc., and "the best cutter in the South." Fit and workmanship guaranteed. ap11-1w

Sudden Death of Mrs Cummings.

The sudden death of Mrs. Cummings, the wife of Mr. Patrick Cummings, was announced on the streets this morning. Mrs. Cummings had reached quite an advanced age, being nearly 70 years old, and her death was caused by rheumatism of the heart. The remains will be embalmed and the funeral will not take place until 8:30 o'clock Saturday morning. She leaves a husband and several children to mourn her decease. In common with many friends, we offer our sincerest sympathy.

MR. RAY, General Southern Agent, representing the Champion Machine Co., of Springfield, Ohio, will remain in the city for several days, and I would like to have planters who have in use, and those who contemplate purchasing machines, to call while he is here. He will be found at my store for the next three or four days. Respectfully, LOUIS HOFFMAN.

Fire on the Island.

A house located on Centennial Island and belonging to Mr. Mulvey, of Mattingly & Son's coal fleet, and which was occupied by a negro family, burned to the water's edge this morning about half-past seven o'clock. Being situated as it was the Fire Department could not reach it, and no alarm was turned in. No lives lost and no insurance.

NOTICE.

I take pleasure in informing my many friends and patrons that I can now be found at the large Dry Goods house of ARTHUR JACOB, where I shall be pleased to meet them. Any orders entrusted to me will receive careful attention.

GUS. MAYER, ap16-1w of Mayer Bros. & Co.

CYCLONES! CYCLONES!

INSURE YOUR PROPERTY AGAINST

Cyclones & Tornadoes

You can get a policy by calling at the office of

J. M. KLEIN.

Photographing Bridesmaids.

The New York Mail says that six bridesmaids who are to "assist" at a fashionable wedding in that city at Eastertide were photographed "in costume" together a few days ago. Several large pictures are to be made, one of which, elegantly framed, is to be presented to the bride.

If people in this section should desire to follow this interesting new custom, Blanks is the man who can "do justice to the subject" and take the pictures in the highest and best style of the photographic art.

PESACH WINE.

A fine article at close figures at W. E. BECK. ap4

[For The Post.]

A Reverie.

I walked last night by the lake-side
When the stars o'er the wild water shone,
And I walked in a reverie, darling,
Because—I was walking alone.
The lake breezes moaned o'er the water,
And my thoughts, love, were lonely and grave
As I gazed on the sails in the distance
Or the foam on the crest of the wave.

Yes! Last night I stood by the lake-side
Where the beacon light shone bright and strong,
And I thought: "What am I but a fragment,
On life's billows drifting along?"
But, like beacon-light shining around me,
Thoughts of you, darling, guide me and save;
And I heard only whispers of hope, love,
In the moans of the wild, restless wave.

What e'er may in future befall me—
Though the wave-moans but mingle with mine,
And I've nothing to make life look cheerful
But this memory—Still there will shine
Thoughts of what made me once, love, so happy
Where the lake-beach in foaming spray laves,
Hopes—that made words of joy and gladness
Of the moans of the deep, restless waves.

The Natchez Firemen.

Capt. Groome received a letter to-day from Natchez, stating that Phœnix Fire Company No. 7, of that city, would be here on the 23d, twenty-five strong. This will make another big addition to the procession, and we will cordially shake with the boys of Natchez.

TO CONSUMERS.

Remember, there are seven different styles and quality of "Commodore Paris ol" Cigars. W. E. BECK, Sole Proprietor j16

Lunch.

The Methodist ladies will serve on Wednesday 23d inst.,—Firemen's day—at Magnolia Hall a cold lunch, with Crab gumbo and other hot soups. In fact everything to soothe the fastidious palate and satiate the hungry appetite, at moderate prices.

There will be many visitors in our city on that day who will wish an elegant, substantial lunch, and they will find it par excellence at Magnolia Hall.

Dialogue.

CHARLES—Bob, you said the other day fine clothes don't make "the man;" well, course ones neither, but a "fit par excellence" is one of the greatest achievements in andropometry.

BOB—Charles, you talk too high voluting language; please talk plain, so every simple-minded man can understand you.

CHARLES—Well, Bob, "simplicity of mind" has a duplex meaning, so has "andropometry;" but I'll let you off this time if you'll admit that Mr. M., in his new Spring suit, is thereby eventually transformed into a "garçon de façon de la saison."

BOB—I throw up the sponge, Charles, and I shall give, undoubtedly, and soon, a call at the "leading merchant tailoring establishment" of Warner & Searles.

Zera Semon.

Two big loads of goods were carried up into the Opera-house to-day by Mr. Simpson Williams, the agent of the celebrated Zera Semon. The packages are said to contain the many gifts that will be given away next week to our citizens.

CYCLONES

INSURE YOUR PROPERTY AGAINST

Cyclones & Tornadoes

You can get a policy by calling at the office of

J. M. KLEIN.

Notice to Steamboat Pilots.

Masters and Pilots of all boats on the Yazoo river are hereby notified that the drawbridge of the Memphis and Vicksburg Railroad, at Anthony's Ferry, will be always closed, and only opened when proper signals are given and answered. A watchman will always be on hand. Boats are requested to give two long blasts of the whistle as a signal to open the draw, and are warned not attempt to pass the draw until signaled by the watchman from the center of the draw that everything is clear.

JAS. M. EDWARDS, V. P. & G. M. ap14 30d

Hazlehurst.

Hazlehurst the place made famous by the killing of Mathews was passed about the middle of the afternoon. The building where the election was being held at the time of the killing was pointed out, and the exact spot where the fatal bullet not only killed Matthews but severely wounded freedom of thought and freedom of action in the management and control of political affairs in the State. Diligent enquiry was made by the party as to the immediate cause of the shooting. As is usual different theories were advanced and it becomes evident from a comparison of the views entertained and theories advanced that political differences was the cause of the mischief. Without advancing an opinion as to whether this particular act was justifiable or not, we are more fully confirmed in the efficacy of the shotgun policy in Southern politics.—One of the "Iowa Editors."

BUTTER!

20 Small Tubs Choice, suitable for Families, received this day. [m12] WARE & NORTH.

LOUIS HOFFMAN

AGENT FOR THE



"CHAMPION"

Reaping and Mowing Machine

THE BEST MACHINE MADE.

LOUIS HOFFMAN.

ap14

T. J. HANES, J. W. HANES.

HANES BROS.,

Successors to D. R. SMARR & CO.,

Auction and Commission Merchants,

206 WASHINGTON STREET, VICKSBURG.

Consignments solicited. Prompt returns and satisfaction guaranted. feb27

JOHN B. CLARK. D. S. WRIGHT.

CLARKE & CO.

We invite your attention and solicit your inspection, as we feel assured that you will find it to your interest to do so before buying elsewhere. We buy direct from the manufacturers and first hands, consequently we will duplicate prices of North, South or West.

Our Line of Blank Books

Embraces Day Books, Journals, Ledgers, Cash Books, full and half bound; Draft, Note, Order and Receipt Books, Pass and Memorandum Books, Monthly and Weekly Time Books, Invoice and Bill Books, and all kinds and sizes of blank books.

Also Letter Paper, Bill and Account Paper, Envelopes, Inks, Pens, Pencils, etc.

Our Book Department.

We have a large assortment of School Books, Medical, Scientific, Law and Miscellaneous Books, also all the New Books as issued. Our

Fancy Goods Departm't

Offers an elegant variety goods. Birthday and Congratulation Cards in large assortment.

Ladies' Stationery.

Our assortment is always large and in latest shades, shapes and kinds.

Artists' Materials.

Includes Oil, Water and China Painting Materials of every description, Brushes, Canvass, Plaques and Panels of all kinds. Also Art Novelties for Decoration.

Musical Instruments.

Includes Pianos, Organs, Guitars, Banjos, Accordions, etc. Italian and German strings for different kinds of instruments. Agents for Decker Bros. Pianos and Mason & Hamlin Organs.

Headquarters for Wall Paper, Picture Frames, Mouldings, &c. All the Cheap Libraries, ten cts old and new issues. Newspapers, Magazines, New Publications received daily.

All orders or communications per mail, boat or otherwise answered with promptness, and satisfaction guaranteed. Send for Price List and Catalogue.

CLARKE & CO.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Booksellers, Stationers and Music Dealers

BLUE FRONT BOOK STORE, 149 WASHINGTON ST., VICKSBURG.

SLAUGHTERING PRICES!

IN

Boots and Shoes

AT

FOLEY'S SHOE STORE

English broad toe gaiters, $2.50; London toe, imitation buttoned gaiters, $2.75; Plain box gaiters; $3.00; imitation laced, London toe, sewed gaiter, $3.50; ladies' kid, buttoned, $3.25, cheap at $4.75; ladies' front laced kid, $2.75, cheap at $4.00; boys' buttoned gaiters, $2.50, cheap at $3.50; youths' buttoned gaiters, double tipped, $2.00, cheap at $3.25.

The chief pride of this house is the superior character of its custom-made work. All orders promptly and carefully attended to. Send for catalogue. 3-15

A TRIUMPH OF SKILL.

Dr. Price's SPECIAL



FLAVORING EXTRACTS

Prepared from Select Fruits that yield the finest Flavors. Have been used for years. Become The Standard Flavoring Extracts. None of greater Strength. None of such Perfect Purity. Always certain to produce Puddings, Sauces, the natural Flavor of the Fruit.

MANUFACTURED BY

STEELE & PRICE,

Chicago, Ill., and St. Louis, Mo.,

Makers of Lupulin Yeast Gems, Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder, Lupulin Yeast Cakes.

WE MAKE NO SECOND GRADE GOODS.

TO THE PUBLIC

MR. JAMES H. KING of this city has made an assignment of his property to me for the benefit of his creditors. I take pleasure in stating that the stock, notes and effects placed in my hands are ample to pay off all claims, and such is the confidence reposed in me by the assignor that I promise leave a unanimous list of creditors.

E. H. BOOTH. ap13-1w

The peculiarly unfortunate attitude of the Democratic party upon the tariff issue, has breathed new life into the Republican organization, and now anticipating a favorable result to the party nominee, Blaine seems to have closed his books for awhile, Arthur returned from fishing, and the fiery Logan to have gathered his martial host for a great contest over this coveted prize.—State Ledger.

The Vicksburg Evening Post.

VOLUME II. VICKSBURG, MISSISSIPPI. FRIDAY, APRIL 18, 1884. NUMBER 94.

VICKSBURG BANK.

EDWARD S. BUTTS, President. H. C. KUYKENDALL, Vice-Pres. JAMES P. ROACH, Cashier.

Established Nov. 12, 1868.

Incorporated Mar. 4, 1878.

Transacts a General Banking Business.

CHARTER PERPETUAL.

New York Correspondent, - - - National Park Bank.
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may4

SPRING SPECIALTIES

Iron Age Cultivators,
Avery's Garden Plows,
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GERMAN MILLET SEED, SAPLING CLOVER SEED,

AND

LANDRETH'S GARDEN SEED,

DOW LOW COTTON PLANTERS

Globe Cotton Planters, Washburn & Moen's Thick Set Galvanized Barb Wire, Philadelphia Lawn Mowers.

LEE RICHARDSON & CO.

BLANKS'

Southern Photographic Gallery,

CLAY STREET, OVER EXPRESS OFFICE. VICKSBURG, MISS.

STRICTLY FIRST-CLASS PHOTOGRAPHS of all sizes and styles. Old pictures copied and enlarged to any size desired.

INSTANTANEOUS PICTURES TAKEN AT THIS GALLERY

Post Office Box 191.

BASE BALL BATS, ETC.

The season has commenced, and, as usual, we have the largest stock of

Base Ball Bats, Croquet Sets, Hammocks, MARBLES, TOPS, ETC.

Base Balls, - - - - - - - - 5 cents and up.
Four Ball Croquet Sets - - - - - 1.00
Eight Ball Croquet Sets - - - - - 1.50 and upwards.

HEADQUARTERS FOR EVERYTHING IN THE

Book & Stationery Line, Pocket Cutlery, Music, Musical Instruments,

FANCY GOODS, ETC.

Leading Newspapers and Magazines received daily.

J. F. BAUM & CO.

171 WASHINGTON STREET, VICKSBURG.

JOHN BOGIE, President, JOS. BILLITZ, Business Manager.

RIVERVIEW

Manufacturi'g Company

ARE NOW MANUFACTURING

CIDER!

Which they guarantee equal to the best made in the United States or elsewhere. Competition defied. City orders delivered free.

Factory at Razmyville, Warrenton road. Orders can be left at S. Feld & Co.'s, 178 Washington street. ap16

C. C. REYNOLDS, E. A. NEELY,

C. C. REYNOLDS & CO.

Wholesale and Retail Druggists

AND DEALERS IN

White Lead, Mixed Paints, Linseed Oil, Lard Oil, Gnat Oil, Turpentine, Putty and Glassware, Patent Medicines, Sponges, Hair Brushes, Perfumery, Toilet Articles of Every Description, Garden and Flower Seeds.

AGENTS FOR HUMPHREYS' HOMŒOPATHIC MEDICINES. jan

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

[Special to The Evening Post.]

VICKSBURG HARBOR

And Other River Matters—The House Committee Will Recommend Appropriations

To Restore Vicksburg Harbor, to Preserve Greenville Harbor, Etc.

WASHINGTON, April 18, 1884.

Capt. E. C. Carroll, Chairman of Citizens' Committee:

Col. Percy, Gen. Ferguson, and the Senators and Representatives from Mississippi, have had a two days' hearing before the House Committee on Rivers and Harbors.

The Committee will recommend an appropriation for the preservation and protection of the harbor of Greenville, and also for the restoration of the harbor of Vicksburg—the work to be done under the supervision of the River Commission.

An appropriation will be recommended for the improvement of Steele's Bayou, and a survey of Deer Creek will be ordered.

An appropriation would be made to Deer Creek this session, but there has never been a Government survey of this stream, the survey being a pre-requisite to any consideration of any appropriation. E. JEFFORDS.

MARKET REPORTS.

LIVERPOOL, April 18.—Uplands 6 1/16 Orleans 6 1/4.

NEW YORK, April 18, noon.—Spots firm. Middling, 11 1/4d.

NEW ORLEANS, April 18, noon.—Cotton firm. Middling, 11 1/8.

A Bruce Banquet at Jackson.

JACKSON, MISS., April 18.—The banquet given here last night in honor of Register of the Treasury, B. K. Bruce, was kept up till 2 o'clock this morning. It was pronounced a grand affair by all participating.

Messrs. McLeod, Bryant and others gave replies to toasts. Collector James Hill responded to the toast, "Our President."

Frank James' Trial in Alabama.

HUNTSVILLE, ALA., April 18.—Frank James' trial is progressing in the U. S. Court. Very little damaging testimony has been produced, and there is hardly a doubt of his acquittal.

New Orleans River Report.

NEW ORLEANS, April 18.—The weather is cloudy, warm and threatening. Business is fair.

Arrivals: City of Yazoo, from Vicksburg; Smoky City, from Pittsburg; Port Eads, from St. Louis.

Leaving this evening: Smoky City, for Pittsburg; Port Eads, for St. Louis.

Memphis River Report.

MEMPHIS, TENN., April 18.—The river is falling.

Passed down: City of Cairo, from St. Louis, at noon; Guiding Star, from Cincinnati, this afternoon.

Condition of the Rivers.

NEW ORLEANS, April 17.—The rivers will fall slowly.

A Hitch in the Tariff Discussion.

WASHINGTON, April 16.—After much beating of drums to announce that the tariff is the only issue left to divide politics, the tariff doctrinaires have today run out of stock arguments, and have begged Mr. Randall to bring up an appropriation bill to-morrow, saying they are ready with their speeches. The issue is so very critical that these gentlemen require some days more to get ready their mock thunder and heroics for the Congressional Record.

Mr. Randall will bring up one of his bills, but will say enough to show who is responsible for the hitch in what it is the fashion to call tariff reform.—Picayune Special.

An Indiana Statesman.

CHICAGO, April 18.—Congressman Calkins, of Indiana, passed through this city on his way to Washington. Referring to the Morrison bill he said:

"I will give you my opinions in regard to it. I think it will be called up and a general discussion of it had, and then the enacting clause will be stricken out. The bill itself will not pass."

"How about the Fitz John Porter bill?"

"It is in the lower House at present, and has not yet reached the hands of the President. It is hard to say what action he will take upon the bill, but it is very certain about the result of his chances in the Presidential race, should he sign the bill. If he does not veto it he never need think of being a candidate."

"Will Indiana present any candidate in the Republican Convention for President?"

"Yes, sir; she has two—Gresham or Harrison."

"But Gresham claims to be no candidate?"

"I know that he claims to belong to the Arthur constituency, but Indiana has a right to support him."

"What are Harrison's chances for the second place should he fail in obtaining the first?"

"Harrison would be a foolish man to allow his name to be used for the Vice-Presidency. He is too able a man, and can be of more service in the Senate than in that position."

The Alleged Grant Movement.

WASHINGTON, April 17.—The Washington correspondent of the Boston Herald telegraphs his paper: An organized movement is on foot looking to the nomination of Grant and Lincoln at Chicago. A perfect understanding exists, it is understood, between Logan and Grant. The former is fighting as much for prestige as for the Presidency. He wants to succeed himself in the Senate. Lincoln will be his principal competitor. It would be a good thing for him at once to break Blaine and nominate Grant, and remove Lincoln from his path.

A leader of Ohio Republicans in the House, who did not wish to be quoted by name, said: "I believe Grant is stronger to-day with the people of this country than ever before. If he should be brought out as a dark horse at Chicago I should not be surprised to see him sweep everything before him. If he should be nominated he will be elected, too. I don't believe any power on earth could prevent it. Now, I am not saying that he is my first choice, for he is not, nor that I believe he will be nominated, for it doesn't look that way now; but I am telling you what I think about the result if there should be a dead-lock between the now prominent candidates, and Grant's name be tossed in at the right moment. Just paste that in your hat."

Just before he left the Arlington on his departure for New York, Gen. Grant was asked if there was any possibility that his name would go before the Chicago Convention. "None whatever," answered the General. "I regard my candidacy as having been permanently settled four years ago. Since that time I have never contemplated any office so far as my occupancy of it was concerned. No man can refuse to serve his country, but I cannot imagine any emergency which would again call me into public life. I am for Gen. Logan, and no one else. I see no good reason why he could not be nominated. It is not the man who goes into the convention with the most votes who gets the nomination."

The Mexican Reciprocity Treaty.

[Special to the Picayune.]

WASHINGTON, April 16.—There seems to be considerable ignorance even among members of Congress as to the real status of the Mexican reciprocity treaty. There is authority for stating that the United States Government is now waiting the action of the Mexican Congress on the ratification of the treaty. If the treaty shall be ratified, as is altogether probable, considering the power of the railroads to address the usual persuasive arguments to Mexican statesmen, the next step will be an exchange of ratification by the two Governments. The President of the United States will then issue his formal proclamation announcing this fact, and he will also address a message to Congress stating the text of the treaty, and recommending the legislation required to give effect to the clauses which change the rates of duties on imports. It will be for the House of Representatives to take the initiative, if it is to be taken at all, in the work of legislation. All the resources of corruption will be employed in Mexico to secure ratification, and the railroads will pay out freely there if need be for the purpose of ratification.

The Governor of Louisiana can now have something to say to the Governor of Texas. Let it be straight.—Picayune.

FUNERAL NOTICE.

The friends and acquaintances of MR. PATRICK CUMMINGS are respectfully requested to attend the funeral of his late wife, MRS. BRIDGET CUMMINGS, which will take place from the residence on Castle Hill, at 8:30 o'clock a.m., Saturday, April 19th, 1884, and from St. Paul's Catholic Church at 10 a.m. There will be a Requiem High Mass at 9 a.m.

The members of the Altar Society of St. Paul's Catholic Church are also respectfully invited to attend the funeral.

FUNERAL NOTICE.

Died, at his residence in this city this (Friday) morning, at 10 o'clock, CHAS. H. SEYMOUR.

Friends and acquaintances are respectfully requested to attend his funeral, to proceed from his late residence corner of First North and Jackson streets, Saturday, April 19th, 1884, at 3 o'clock p.m.

Notice.

The officers and members of George Washington Lodge No. 4, K. of P., are requested to assemble at their Castle Hall to-morrow (Saturday) April 19th, 1884, at 2:30 o'clock p.m., to attend the funeral of their late brother, C. H. SEYMOUR. The officers and members of R. E. Lee Lodge No. 5, K. of P., are respectfully invited to participate. E. BROWN, C. C.

JOS. W. SHORT, K. of R. and S.

ICE!

I AM now prepared to furnish Ice at wholesale or retail. Ice delivered to any part of the city, or furnished ready for shipment at 1 cent per pound, on short notice.

THOS. TALEN,

4-16 South Street Ice House.

Notice of Removal.

JOHN HASZINGER has removed his SHOE SHOP from Jas. King's old stand, to the commodious room over Julius Rohman's Tobacco Store, on Washington St.

Prompt attention given, as usual, to new work and repairing. Satisfaction guaranteed. ap16-1w

J. S. MORRIS,

Attorney-at-Law

VICKSBURG, MISS.

Will practice in the various Courts of Warren, Claiborne, Jefferson and Adams counties, and in the Federal and Supreme Courts at Jackson. ap16

The FORTY-SEVENTH ANNIVERSARY

OF THE

Vicksburg Fire Department

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 23, 1884.

ORDER OF PROCESSION.

1 Platoon of Police on foot.
2 Grand Marshal, Richard G. Groome.
3 Aids to Grand Marshal: Constitution No. 1, F. W. Little; Hook and Ladder No. 1, H. H. Kain; Phœnix No. 2, H. Denio; Washington No. 3, Eugene Platt.
4 Firemen's Silver Cornet Band.
5 Officers of the Vicksburg Firemen's Charitable Association.
6 Chief Engineer, James C. Gill; First Assistant, Geo. P. Freil; Second Assistant, Wm. H. Phelan.
7 Marshal of Jackson Steam Fire Company No. 1; Jackson Steam Fire Company No. 1.
8 Marshal Constitution Fire Company No. 1, James W. Hays; Constitution Fire Company No. 1.
9 Marshal Washington Fire Company No. 3, H. C. David; Washington Fire Company No. 3.
10 Hill City Cornet Band.
11 Marshal Hook and Ladder Company No. 1, Sam N. Richardson; Hook and Ladder Company No. 1.
12 Vicksburg Field Band.
13 Marshal Phœnix Fire Company No. 2, W. C. Kain; Phœnix Fire Company, No. 2.

LINE OF MARCH.

The procession will form on Washington street, its right resting on Clay street, and will proceed as follows: Up Washington to Belmont, out Belmont to Cherry, down Cherry to Grove, out Grove to First North, up First North to Main, down Main to Washington, up Washington to South, out South to Cherry, thence to the Court-house, when the companies will disband, and under charge of their respective officers, with the guests of the Department, will repair to the grounds of the Brothers' School, where the banquet kindly furnished by the citizens will be spread.

The companies will form promptly at their engine houses under their respective officers at 11 a.m, and be prepared to move upon orders from me through my Aids. It is hoped and confidently expected that each and every company will promptly comply with the above, so that the moving of the procession may not be delayed.

By order RICHARD G. GROOME, Grand Marshal.

Since writing the above I have been informed there will be several other companies from different portions of our State, who will participate with us on this occasion, in which event the above order of procession will be changed.

RICHARD G. GROOME, Grand Marshal.

ap16.

W. T. BALFOUR, M. D.

LATE PHYSICIAN TO CITY HOSPITAL.

Physician and Surgeon

OFFERS his professional services to the people of Vicksburg and vicinity.

Office at Keefe & Co.'s drugstore. Residence corner Crawford and South streets. ap10

County School Warrants.

IN accordance with the provisions of an act of the Legislature entitled "An Act to refund the school debt of Warren county," approved March 10th, 1884, notice is hereby given to holders of ALL county school warrants, issued for services prior to the first day of January, 1884, to present the same to the Clerk of this Board, within six months from the passage of the Act, FOR AUTHENTICATION AND REGISTRATION, to entitle them to the benefit of the Act. When registered and presented to the County Treasurer, in sums of $50 or its multiple, bonds will be prepared in sums of not less than $50 nor more than $1,000, and delivered to holders, dated February 1st, 1884, and payable thirty years after date, or at the option of the Board, with three per cent. per annum interest, according to the terms of the Act. The Act provides for an annual special levy to pay interest, and to create a sinking fund equal to one-thirtieth of the bonds in circulation to pay the principal. A. H. ARTHUR, President Board of Supervisors of Warren County, Miss. ap14-30d

FIREMEN'S DAY!

THE

BOMBARDMENT of VICKSBURG

Round Trip Tickets, One Fare.



ISSAQUENA

Will leave Greenville for Vicksburg on Tuesday evening April 22d, at 4 p.m.,

Leave Longwood..... 6 p.m.
" Leota..... 7 p.m.
" Skipwith's..... 9 "
" Mayersville..... 10 "
" Providence..... 12 m.
" Hays Landing (Wednesday).. 2 a.m.
" Wilton..... 5 "
" Chotard..... 5 "
" Milliken's Bend..... 7 "
Arrive at Vicksburg..... 9 "

In time to witness one of the

Grandest Displays!

Ever before given by the Vicksburg Fire Department. ap10

FRUIT AND ORNAMENTAL

TREES

ROSES and Green-House Plants by the MILLION at the

GREGORY NURSERY,

Grove Street, Vicksburg.

23 THOMPSON & GREGORY, Prop.

SWITZER, NEWWITTER & CO.,

133 WASHINGTON STREET.

Spring & Summer Stock Immense

DRESS GOODS.

A line of extra rich, soft finish, black cashmere Armenian silks, in nine different qualities, from $1 per yard up.

Ten styles of black satin and silk brocades, fully 25 per cent. below any competition.

Eight shades colored satin brocades—something entirely new—marked down to $1.15 per yard, would be reasonable at $1.50.

A line of evening shades satin surah, 27 inches wide, worth $1.50, reduced to $1.15

Colored silks in all shades.

Black grenadines in handsome and cheap qualities.

BUTTONS.

Handsomest line of Spring importations in fancy pearl, metal, jet and crochet, plain and beaded buttons, to match dress goods, in the city.

LACES and EMBROIDERIES

Immense assortment of Escurial, Spanish, Guipure, Oriental and cream laces, in all qualities and prices.

Choicest line of Hamburg embroideries, edges and insertings, flouncings, Mull embroideries and Swiss trimmings ever shown here. Large and handsome line of "all over" lace nets and embroidery at correct prices.

HOSIERY and HANDKERCHIEFS

We have too large and varied a stock of fine hosiery for ladies and children, embracing Balbriggan, Lisle, brilliant and silk lose, to enumerate them separately.

Our Handkerchief Department is very large and varied, and speaks for itself.

GLOVES & PARASOLS

We are displaying an elegant stock of ladies silk and Lisle brilliant gloves, in all lengths, and at very popular prices.

Large line of parasols in satin and satin de chene, black and colored, with Spanish Guipure trimmings, very low.

CORSETS.

The best $1 corset ever shown in Vicksburg. Ask for our "Style D," corset. It will pay you to try it. Dr. Warner's celebrated health corsets, world renowned, and to be had ONLY AT SWITZER, NEWWITTER & CO'S. Patent Clara and patent medical corsets to be had only at our store. We have corsets from 50 cents up.

MATTINGS,

Carpets, rugs, oil cloths, damasks, and house furnishing goods in every variety.

WE HAVE TWO STORES,

Our Clothing and gents' furnishing goods store is at our old stand.

195 Washington Street.

SWITZER, NEWWITTER & CO.

THE VICKSBURG EVENING POST: FRIDAY, APRIL 18, 1884.

THE EVENING POST

PUBLISHED BY
J. G. CASHMAN & CO.,
Washington St., Vicksburg, Miss.

The Evening Post.

VICKSBURG, MISS., APRIL 18, 1884.

ARTHUR is the choice of the Nebraska Republican Convention for President.

THE Chicago Inter-Ocean favors the nomination of some man for President by the Republicans who will give greater assurance of success than Gen. Logan can.

SENATOR SABIN, Chairman of the Republican National Committee, believes that there is every prospect that the Republicans may carry Florida, North Carolina, Tennessee and West Virginia.

GEN. GRANT expresses the opinion that Randall, as the Democratic nominee, would run well in New York. Gen. Grant is right, but he might have added that Randall would run well in all of the States.

IF the friends of the "sage of Gramercy" do not have the opportunity of supporting their own "Samuel J." for the Presidential nomination, there is another "Samuel J." (of Pennsylvania) equally capable and probably more worthy of their hearty support.

MR. BRIGHT, the great English statesman, says, "Mr. Henry George's theories about the land are as absurd as those of a well-known Scotchman, who said to me during the anti-slavery agitation that there would be no real prosperity until all laborers were slaves."

THE Memphis Avalanche now thinks Dr. Hancock or Dr. Randall can bring the Democratic patient around to health and strength. The party tried Dr. Hancock once, and it took a long time to recover from the effects of the deleterious physic he administered. Dr. Randall, however, in our opinion, can now be relied upon to successfully "pull the patient through."

THE Democratic State Convention of West Virginia passed a resolution declaring Samuel J. Tilden its first choice for the Democratic nomination for President. As Mr. Tilden will not be a candidate, and as he is bound to favor Randall if he has the ability and shrewdness his friends give him credit for, we are inclined to think the latter will ultimately receive the West Virginia vote.

THE National Bankrupt bill was up for discussion in the Senate yesterday. Among the amendments agreed to was one proposed by George giving debts due to the laboring men and domestic servants priority over debts due States or United States. George expressed the belief that it was time to do away with the practice hitherto prevailing in all countries of giving debts due the Government priority over those due to hard-working day laborers and domestic servants in the employ of bankrupts.

It is clear that the party must look beyond "the old ticket" for a candidate. Mr. Samuel J. Randall comes nearer being in accord with the Sage of Gramercy Park than any other man in the party, and we have an idea that Mr. Tilden would rather see him nominated than any other Democrat. He and Mr. Tilden are in perfect harmony on the tariff and there should be no objection to his candidacy on this score. Aside from his soundness on this great question he is one of the safest, wisest and best men in the party.—Birmingham (Ala.) Age.

WHAT is the use of running for Congress in a district where the man that was fairly elected, is not allowed to take his seat?—Vicksburg Post.

S. S. Prentiss of your city proved the utility on a former occasion by running and winning representation for Mississippi. If Chalmers was elected, it was not fairly, but unfairly. If Manning, that is to be ascertained by ascertaining the true voluntary vote of the people. If he did not get majority as actually cast and counted at the ballot boxes. Between such cases Congress alone can decide.—Holly Springs South.

The South acknowledges that Manning DID NOT get the majority of votes as actually cast and counted. We think that is a pretty fair way of defeating a man. If Federal officials made contributions to assist Chalmers in conducting his campaign, it has also been demonstrated that Democratic Congressmen contributed funds to assist Mr. Manning. Probably the investigation by the Committee on Elections, if it ever reaches the case, will show who induced Ham Carter to run for Congress in that district, and if it does so show Gen. Chalmers need not fear any "unfairness" being proved on his part. His opponent, however, may find it necessary to make some explanations.

We have heard "rumors" to the effect that citizens of this State have been "bulldozed" and kept from voting, but the South intimates that some of the votes cast for Chalmers were not voluntary. It is absurd to suppose that an Independent candidate in Mississippi could bulldoze people into voting for him.

A Statistical Bureau.

In Mississippi to-day almost every crop to which her soil and climate are adapted is being made, and industries that she has not the credit of possessing or fostering would exhibit enormous aggregates if we had a bureau of statistics that could present these aggregates to the world.—Aberdeen Examiner.

Our friend of the Examiner has been for a long time ably advocating the establishment of a Bureau of Statistics in this State, but his wise words in this respect, as in many others, were wasted on the Mississippi Legislature. Massachusetts has a statistical bureau, which the Philadelphia Times commends as worthy of imitation, and thus mentions: "Under the control of Col. Carroll D. Wright, who has held his place through all the mutations of politics, the population, industry, crime, and all the varied interests of the State have been spread out each year with a fullness and reliability absolutely unique in this country."

We are inclined to believe that a Bureau of Statistics, as advocated by the Examiner and commended by the Times, would be a pretty good thing for this State—in fact, a much better thing than the New Orleans Cotton Exposition for instance. There would be no risks or chances about a statistical bureau—it would have an important work to perform every year. There is a risk that the yellow fever will interfere with the New Orleans Cotton Exposition, and a chance (or strong probability) that it will be a financial benefit to Mississippi even if it should be held.

Now, we are selfish enough to desire that appropriations made by our State should inure almost exclusively to its benefit—and as we are afraid the $12,500 appropriated for the Cotton Exposition will help the city of New Orleans much more than it will help the State of Mississippi, we would have preferred to see that sum appropriated to encourage the production of the biggest pumpkin or beet, or best bull or mule in Mississippi; or, probably better still, to the establishment of a Bureau of Statistics.

And we will ask our friend of the Examiner in all candor if he does not think the $12,500 would have been much better invested in the establishment of a Bureau of Statistics—if it would not redound more to the lasting benefit of the State—than it is in the New Orleans Cotton Exposition?

Railroad Commission Salaries.

The Mississippi Railroad Supervision law, provides, in section 4, for three Commissioners, whose term of office shall be two years. Section 5 provides that that "the salary of each Commissioner shall be $2,500 per annum." The same section provides that the Commission "may employ a Clerk at a salary not to exceed $1500."

The law does not specify the term of office of the Clerk, nor whether his salary shall be $1500 per annum or for his whole term of service. If the Federal Court should declare the law unconstitutional, and the services of the Commission be thus dispensed with, probably the Clerk is the only one who can claim his full salary under the law, as it provides that his salary shall be $1500 apparently without reference to term of service. The Board of Railroad Commission should be allowed to continue its "arduous duties," possibly the Clerk, under the law, could only claim $1500 for his entire term of service.

The Commissioners, however, are to be paid so much per year for their services, and if they are restrained by the Courts from performing their duties, we do not see how they can rightfully claim or receive compensation after the time the Court renders its decision.

Altogether, the Supervision law is a beautiful piece of crude legislation.

Grant and Lincoln.

Dick Merrick, one of Tilden's steadiest friends, says: "The nominees of the Republican convention will be Grant and Lincoln, and that ticket we can't beat." The Washington Capital says: "There is an organized movement looking to the nomination of Grant and Lincoln at Chicago. Its managers, recognizing Blaine as at present the most formidable candidate, hope to concentrate all the opposition in support of their candidates. They have an understanding already with Logan. As soon as he is satisfied that he cannot get the nomination he will turn his strength over to Grant. One of the features of the Grant-Lincoln canvass will be G. A. R. meetings all over the country, such as was held here Friday night. Grant will attend as many as possible and will be represented at the rest. He will be represented at ex-Confederate meetings, too. He is a candidate."

Gen. Grant's Views on Public Questions.

Gen. Grant, before leaving Washington, talked freely to his friends. From a statement of one of them it appears that he regards the tariff as a question of vital national concern. He believes that the tariff interests have become so dominant that any Republican can defeat a Democratic free trade candidate. He considers that the movement in the direction of a horizontal reduction proposed by the Morrison bill would result in a reduction of 20 per cent. in the price of labor. Grant expressed the opinion that Randall as the Democratic nominee would run well in New York, and added: "As for the Republicans, I wish to see a person nominated at Chicago who can carry New York and New Jersey."

COL. J. L. POWER.—This veteran editor of the Clarion, is visiting Oxford, to attend the funeral obsequies of his old friend Judge J. M. Howry.—Oxford Eagle.

A Reply to "Engineer."

Editor Vicksburg Evening Post:

Sir—An article was published in your paper of March, the 21st, which purported to be a fair criticism of a pamphlet containing a speech of the Hon. Robert S. Taylor, of Indiana, a member of the River Commission.

It seems that my remarks do not suit some one who signs himself "Engineer." The gentleman that uses that cognomen affects to turn the whole into ridicule by assuming that "Riverman's" argument is in a vein of grand contempt for the River Commission.

He says that "Riverman" starts out in the role of a demolisher, but that he has mercifully substituted the cut-off theory. He says that "Riverman" starts out with a puzzle which is, "What use is a lawyer on a commission to improve the river," and he then refers me to the first school-boy I meet for a solution. It might be that the Government has already all the legal talent it needed in the U. S. Attorney and his assistants without creating another office not known to the law, and adding another to the already long list of pensioners. But perhaps, like the hydraulic graders, his appointment is intended to increase the expense.

"Engineer" is gratified that I am opposed to outlets, and in that, at least, the Commission escapes my scorn. It may be well to enlighten "Engineer" a little on the subject of outlets and the change of opinions that has taken place in the minds of his heroes.

The first outlet that was brought forward was the Fort St. Phillip canal, which was warmly supported by the U. S. Engineers; and when Mr. Eads took the winds out of their sails by undertaking to give us a free river, he met no more bitter opponent than the U. S. Engineers; and when Mr. Cowden—no doubt honestly—believing that Mr. Eads would fail, and encouraged in this belief by the opposition exhibited by the U. S. Engineers, began proposing his outlet into Lake Borgne, they (the Engineers) gave their tacit assent. Whether this assent was caused by ignorance of the effect, or ill-will against Mr. Eads, I cannot say, but many think it was a little of both. It may be said that it was not their duty to show its absurdity, and so I claim that it was not their duty to so bitterly oppose Mr. Eads.

The first clear protest against, and exposition of the outlet theory, was a paper read before the Academy of Science, of St. Louis, a few years ago, but to-day the River Commission, through their orator, gives it to the public as the result of their measurements.

It seems by "Engineer's" statement that the same plan tried at their Sevastapol, where the bend is hardly 30 feet deep at low water, is to be tried where the depth is over 100 feet; and if so, we may not only expect a still harder Sevastapol, but an impregnable Gibraltar.

"Engineer" makes himself merry over what "Riverman" says about the dredging of the Vicksburg harbor, and in so doing he clearly shows that he has no idea that it is possible to bring the main channel down the bluffs above town and keep it there, or else Engineer is in league with the contractors. For the information of "Engineer," I will state that Vicksburg is, in her present condition, solely dependent on the Government Engineers, and if the past is an example of the future, as long as she relies on them nothing practical will be done. And for the further enlightenment of "Engineer," I can assure him that bringing the river to the bluffs above town, and to make it as permanent as if it were walled with stone, would not cost as much if done by practical men as it would cost to keep a 10-foot low water channel 60 feet wide for 10 years into the harbor.

"Engineer" claims that our largest trees that cave into the river, do not extend their influence anywhere near the bottom. In this one paragraph he clearly shows that his knowledge of our caving banks is, to say the least of it, very superficial. I shall cite him to three places, that although different in their character, yet exhibit nearly all the characters of timber-protected banks:

The first is the head of Prairie Bend. The cave, when it first made, (over 40 years ago) extended about two miles down to Gayoso landing, and it has remained intact ever since, affording protection to the banks behind it. During that time the point opposite, (having been cleared off and the old shore-snags pulled out) has cut away and allows the current to strike near the lower end of the cave.

The next is Island 36—The shore was covered with a dense growth of saplings of about an average of one foot thickness; a space of nearly 100 feet wide caved in along the whole front of the island exposed to the current (over two miles), yet although it is over 36 years since the cave took place, and they are exposed to the full force of the current, yet they appear as strong as ever, remaining as a monument erected by nature for man to learn by.

The same is true of Old Town bend that has stood still longer, and bids fair to stand until the point opposite washes away and allows the current to strike below the cave.

What "Engineer" says about the bank covering on the surface behind the revetments, is only true where the revetments have sunk and slid off from the shore, allowing the current to get behind it, as on the Missouri shore above the head of Liberty Island, where their piling and wickerwork loaded with stone began to sink and slide and necessitated a further revetment of stone outside to prevent a slide, and a filling with fascines and stone to prevent the scour between the revetment and the main bank. And since it was protected to low water mark, there has been no need of hydraulic graders to prevent the wash. Another place was Kaskaskia Bend. It is not necessary to recapitulate their ignominious failure there, and the whole length of the Missouri below Omaha records their want of success.

"Engineer" makes Judge Taylor say: "That in view of the large planting interests he suggests that the resources of both (what is both?) be combined so as to restrain both (ordinary and extraordinary floods) by sufficient levees." Such a statement would lead those exposed to the inundations to believe the Commission is their friends and as a consequence support them. The fact is Judge Taylor makes no such statement, on the contrary he says "It is doubtful whether it would be advantageous to confine the latter (extraordinary) class of floods within the channel even if no question of cost were involved." How Engineer can torture the above language into an admission of even the idea of restraining the extraordinary floods, "River-man" is unable to see.

I would respectfully ask Engineer to procure one of the pamphlets published by the Merchants' Exchange containing the Judge's speech, and turn to page 21 for further information on that subject.

As to what Engineer calls "Riverman's" mouse, "River-man" can only say at present that as "Engineer" in his paper clearly shows that what he knows about the Mississippi is learned secondhand, and also shows that his teachers know but little more than he does himself, it would be absolute folly to try to enlighten him. RIVER-MAN.

Letter from Louisiana—More Relief Needed.

BUCK RIDGE, LA., April 11, 1884.

Editor Vicksburg Post:

After a period of three weeks siege, being water-bound and housed up with colored folks, dogs, cats and chickens, we have been blessed with the appearance of some little dry land, which is beginning to show in the more elevated portions of our locality. The impression is now that the arrival of the dove with the olive branch will be again greeted with delight, and Noah and his family will once more rest in peace and happiness.

Our parish has suffered very much from the effects of the overflow, and scarcely any portion has escaped with a narrow strip along Lake St. Joseph, which was protected along the front by private levees. It is to be hoped, however, that the gradual decline in the waters will enable the planters to commence operations in another week.

Some few days ago a skiff containing three negroes living on the Point Pleasant place, while going through the crevasse on that place, was carried by the current with such force against some timber as to upset it, drowning one of the occupants, Beverly Gaino.

As to the condition of the sufferers in this vicinity we refer you to the enclosed petition gotten up by the citizens and forwarded to the relief committee in New Orleans, asking for assistance. Our district has been in receipt of one shipment of provisions since the flood set in, but this was insufficient for the demand. Trusting that Providence will again smile upon us in this our time of distress, we very truly subscribe ourselves, SUFFERER.

POINT PLEASANT, LA., April 10, 1884.

Messrs. Shields & Whitehead, Relief Committee, New Orleans:

Gents—We, the undersigned, planters and other workmen living in the inundated portions of Tensas parish, near Point Pleasant, having tenants and lessees who are solely dependent upon charity for a living during the flood, and being in immediate need of aid must ask your assistance in the way of furnishing necessary subsistence for about 1,200 persons for two weeks. The same consigned to the care of James G. Rolling, this place, we can assure you will be gratefully received and issued to the most needy ones. Trusting your earliest attention to the matter, we remain very truly, etc.,

W. H. WILSON,	L. BLAND,
A. ROLLINS,	A. BLAND,
W. D. ROLLINS,	STRAUSS & MARKS,
R. L. THOMPSON,	JAMES S. FRAZIER,
S. G. WILSON,	JAMES G. ROLLINS,
C. F. WILSON,	E. TURNER,
	A. TURNER.

A Boom for Logan.

BALTIMORE, April 17.—The National Union League of Baltimore, in session, adopted the following:

WHEREAS, This body desiring the success of the Republican party in November next, because it is a representative of the principles original and exact justice to all mankind; and

WHEREAS, Such success can only be had by making nominations at Chicago which will command the confidence and arouse enthusiasm; therefore be it

Resolved, That we heartily recommend to our brothers throughout the land the nomination for the Presidency of the only soldier named as a candidate, Gen. John A. Logan, the soldier and the statesman, the man of the people and for the people, believing that it would restore harmony, sweep unity and produce victory.

H. B. BRUSER,
TIN, COPPER AND SHEET-IRON WORKER
Hardware Tinware Stoves
Pumps, Grates Mantels. Etc. Etc
may5 159 Washington Street, Vicksburg.

Something the People Need!
FRESH
ROASTED COFFEE,
Roasted Daily in HYDE'S PATENT ROASTER, at my Store, Corner South and Washington Streets.
Price 20 Cts. per Pound!
H. F. SIMRALL, JR.
ap8c17

W. M. CHAMBERLIN,
General Insurance Agent,
FIRE, MARINE, ACCIDENT AND LIFE.
Office—Up-stairs, cor. Washington and Crawford Sts., Vicksburg.
may4

W. O. WORRELL,
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
AND DEALER IN
Hay & Grain
LIME, CEMENT, PLASTER, Etc.,
58 Washington Street, - - - - - Vicksburg, Miss.
may

FULTON M. M'RAE,
Wholesale and Retail Druggist
IMPORTER AND DEALER IN
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRUGS
White Lead, Linseed Oil, Turpentine, Window Glass, Mixed Paints, Dry and in Oil; Alabastine Whitening and Putty; and the largest and most complete assortment of Patent Medicines and Surgical Instruments in the State. Agent for the celebrated Waukesha Ballsdam Water.
Toilet Articles, Perfumery and Hair Brushes—all imported.
No. 135 Washington Street, - - Vicksburg, Miss.

GEO. W. HUTCHESON, CHAS. ALLEN.
G. W. HUTCHESON & CO.,
Cotton Factors,
AND WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
Groceries, Liquors and Tobacco.
110 and 112 Washington Street,
Vicksburg, - - - - - Miss.
may4

THE SAW-MILL BOAT
LEE RICHARDSON, JR
IS PREPARED TO SELL
DIMENSION LUMBER
FROM LANDING AT GLASS BAYOU, THIS CITY; also,
Sash, Doors, Blinds, Mouldings, T. and G. Flooring and Ceiling
Orders addressed to the undersigned will be promptly filled.
may4 WM. CURPHEY, Proprietor.

GEO. S. IRVING,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN
Staple and Fancy Groceries,
WINES, LIQUORS, CIGARS & TOBACCO,
Corner of South and Washington Streets, - - - - - VICKSBURG, MISS.

I respectfully ask an examination of my stock, which I think will convince all that I have one of the largest and most assorted to be found.
Fine Teas, Coffee and Choice Butter are Among my Specialties.
I GUARANTEE EVERY ARTICLE TO BE AS REPRESENTED,
And desire to give full satisfaction. 1 PACK AND 2 FREE [illegible] may

HENRY YOSTE,
Watchmaker and Jeweler
I cordially invite a comparison of Work and Prices, believing me to be the Best and Cheapest.
ALSO DEALER IN
WATCHES, DIAMONDS AND SILVERWARE
SPECIALTIES IN SPECTACLES.

CITATION NOTICE.

STATE OF MISSISSIPPI, WARREN COUNTY, } CHANCERY COURT.

Chas. Hutcherson, Complainat, vs. Amanda Thomas Hutcherson, Defendant.

The State of Mississippi to Amanda Thomas Hutcherson, Defendant:

YOU are commanded to appear before the Chancery Court of the county of Warren in said State, on the

First Monday of May, 1884,

To defend the suit, in said Court of Chas. Hutcherson, wherein you are a defendant.

Witness my hand and seal of said Court, this, the 27th day of March A. D. 1884.

GEO. T. HARDY, Clerk.
WM. W. FOSTER, D. C.
SIMRALL & SIMRALL,
Solicitors for Complainant. Th-m27-4t

MISS ADDIE FLETCHER,

Fashionable Dressmaker.

Orders from the country solicited. Satisfaction given.

PRICES MODERATE.
163 Washington Street,
ja26 VICKSBURG, MISS.

PACIFIC HOUSE.
VINCENT PIAZZA, Proprietor.
Washington St., Vicksburg.
CONVENIENT TO RAILROAD DEPOT, Landing, Post, Telegraph and Express Offices and Business Marts in time for all trains. House open all night. Has been renovated and refurnished throughout. Tables supplied with the best the market affords. Patronage respectfully solicited. Polite and careful attention given to guests.

NEW CLOTHING & DRY GOODS FIRM.
L. MARKS AND L. WEINSTEIN
Have formed a copartnership, and will open a
CLOTHING
Dry Goods Business
No. 207 and 2150 WASHINGTON ST.
VICKSBURG, MISS.

SIGNAL SERVICE REPORT.

LOCAL WEATHER REPORT.

TIME.	BAR.	THER.	HUM.	WIND.	W'THER.
8 a. m.	30.04	59	54	E.	Clear.
2 p. m.	30.07	74	43	E.	Clear.
8 p. m.	30.01	81	33	N. E.	Fair.
2 p. m.	29.98	77	44	0	Cloudy.
8 p. m.	30.03	69	68	E.	Cloudy.

	1883.	1884
Maximum thermometer.....	81.5	82.5
Minimum thermometer.....	53.2	56.5
Mean temperature.....	66.6	69.9
Rainfall.....	.00	0.08

STAGE OF RIVERS.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER,
April 17, 7 p.m.—Washington time.

The following observations were taken at the same moment of time at all the stations named:

STATIONS.	Above low water.		Changes.	
	feet	In's	Rise In's	Fall In's
Cairo, Ill.....	38	2	4	...
Chattanooga.....	16	11	20	...
Cincinnati.....	17	9	10	...
Davenport, Iowa..	9	5	...	1
Dubuque, Iowa....	11	4	...	2
Keokuk, Iowa.....	11	1	...	4
Nashville.....	6	1	...	2
New Orleans.....	13	9	9	...
Pittsburgh.....	12	0	...	4
Little Rock.....	8	1	...	2
Memphis.....	22	9	...	5
Mt. Carmel.....	18	11	20	...
Nashville.....	1	4	...	1
New Orleans*.....	9	5	3	...
Omaha.....	5	3	4	...
Pittsburg.....	17	7	...	12
St. Louis.....	24	3	...	10
St. Paul.....	6	9	1	...
Shreveport.....	45	4	...	1
Vicksburg, D. T....	8	2	...	3

*Below high water of 1874. †Frozen.

HIGH WATER AT VICKSBURG IN FORMER YEARS.

High water '62, above zero, 51 1-10 feet.
High water '67, above zero, 49 feet.
High water '74, above zero, 45 ft. 8 inches
High water '75, above zero, 43 feet.
High water '76, above zero, 44 ft. 10 inches
High water '80, above zero, 47 ft. 5 inches
High water '81, above zero, 41 ft. 10 inches
High water '82, above zero, 48 ft. 9 inches
High water '83, above zero, 43 ft. 10 inches

HIGH WATER OF 1882.

Stations.	Date of Highest Point.	Highest point Reached.
Chattanooga..	Feb. 26, 1882...	51 ft. 9 inches
Cincinnati....	Jan. 10, 1882...	40 ft. 2 inches
Davenport....	Feb. 21, 1882..	58 ft. 6 inches
Keokuk.....	Dec. 3, 1881....	10 ft. 1 inch
Vicksburg, Ark..	March 9, 1882.	47 ft. 3 inches
Nashville.....	Nov. 28, 1881...	11 ft. 9 inches
Little Rock....	Feb. 24, 1882...	21 ft. 6 inches
Memphis.....	Feb. 22, 1882...	37 ft. 2 inches
Mt. Carmel....	March 6, 1882..	36 ft. 3 inches
Nashville.....	Jan. 22, 1882...	54 ft. 7 inches
New Orleans..	March 27, 1882	17 ft. 5 inches
Pittsburg.....	Jan. 22, 1882...	28 ft. 3 inches
Vicksburg.....	March 20, 1882	48 ft. 9 inches

*Below high water of 1874.

THE RIVER.

ARRIVED.

Will S. Hays, from Memphis.
City of Providence, from St. Louis.
Jas. Miller, from Natchez.
J. H. Williams, from Tallulah, La.
City of Vicksburg, from New Orleans.

DEPARTED.

Iatagnea, for Greenville.
Will S. Hays, for Memphis.
Jas. Miller, for Natchez.
City of Vicksburg, for St. Louis.

BOATS DUE TO-DAY.

J. L. Wood and tow, Pittsburg to V'burg
Wyoming, New Orleans to Cincinnati.
John W. Cannon, N. O. to Greenville.
H. F. Thompson, Grand Lake to V'burg
Deer Creek, Deer Creek to Vicksburg.

BOATS LEAVING TO-DAY.

For Greenwood—Leflore, 5 p.m.

BOATS DUE TO-MORROW.

Iatagnea, Greenville to Vicksburg.
W. H. Halpin, Red Bend to V'burg.

BOATS LEAVING TO-MORROW.

For St. Louis—City of Providence, 11 a.m.
For Grand Lake—W. P. Thompson, 4 pm

NOTES.

Bright.
Business fair.
River stationary.
Two boats leaving to-day.
The towboat S. L. Wood and barges due to-day from Pittsburg.
The U. S. mail-boat Captain Miller arrived last night from Natchez and returned this morning at 8 o'clock.
O. Line steamer Wyoming, is due today from New Orleans en route to Cincinnati. See Capt. W. S. Jones in regard to business.
The Grand Wheeler is the second clerk, of Willis Stockdale the third clerk of the City of Providence, now in place of Mr. McHeen and Gus Block.
The Sargent Line steamer John F. Odlin is due from Davis' Bend this evening, and returns to that point and will leave landings Monday morning at 10 o'clock.
The Leflore, Capt. Marcy Johnson, is arriving to leave at 5 p.m., for all points in Yazoo River as high as Greenwood, carrying the mails. She has a full load freight.
The magnificent John W. Cannon is down from Greenville to-night, en route New Orleans. She will not be until sometime to-morrow morning for a big lot of cotton and seed is awaiting.
The through New Orleans and St. Louis Anchor Line steamer City of Vicksburg, Capt. Henry Keith is coming, passed up for St. Louis at 12 m. She will have a big trip, principally sugar.
The steamer W. P. Thompson, Capt. D. Nelon, is due to-day from Grand Lake. She will receive to-morrow at the wharfboat, leaving promptly at 4 p. m. going through Bunche's Bend as usual.
The P. Line steamer Deer Creek is due to-day from Deer Creek with 5,500 bales of cotton and 200 sacks of seed, and will come in full of passengers. Most of the cotton and cotton seed goes forward to Memphis on the Cannon.
Jas. McMeen, late clerk of the City of Providence, has resigned and gone to Chicago to live. He ranks second to none as a steamboat clerk.
The Tallulah railroad is about three miles, where he knew of an opening in the woods; steering for this point, and then taking this opening, he run for about three miles through, when he discovered a prairie covered with a mass of grass. The United States Engineer in charge exclaimed: "You cannot pass over the prairie." Capt. S., answered that he would pass through this prairie, and if unswerable for all damages in case of failure. So keeping on his course, he passed the prairie, and in a short time entered Lake Salvador, from this into Lafourcha Bay, and landed at Grand Isle in eight hours after leaving the crevasse. The next morning they got under way, and crossing Barataria entered the Orleans Canal, passing from this into the lower end of Bayou Lafourche, from this to the Mississippi.—Times-Democrat.

The Au Large Farmers.

Does the Northern man ask if white men can stand field labor in the Summer months in this climate? Let us see. The Au Large Prairie extends from New Iberia along the west bank of the Teche about twelve miles down to Cypremort Point, and has an average width of about five miles between the Teche and the sea marsh that extends to the Gulf of Mexico, or the bays that are on the Louisiana coast. There are over six hundred white farmers in this prairie who work their own farms, and whose boys work. The doctors say that they are in all respects as healthy as the townsmen, many consider them more healthy. There are more old white people than old negroes among the laboring class, and also among those who do not labor. In a colony of 100 souls, 21 field hands, all white, Dr. Maguire's bill against all of them for 12 months for medical attendance and he was their only physician, living several miles distant), amounted to about $100, or $1 a head.

White farmers in this prairie who work in the field the year round, who do not drink whisky, who live well, and take proper care of themselves, are as healthy and live as long as in any portion of the great West or New England. I have for more than 20 years maintained this position, and have never yet found the man who could prove my statements incorrect. I now challenge investigation.

The white farmers in the country, who are industrious, and who are good farmers, and do not drink whisky, can make money faster, and lay up more money in ten years, than in any portion of the United States I have ever seen, especially when they live in the neighborhood of a sugar refinery, and can sell cane at $4 a ton. Some of these farmers have made good homes, and from $5,000 to $15,000 besides, since the war, amidst all of the difficulties and bad government with which they have had to contend. There ought to be thousands of such farmers back of Jeannerette and New Iberia, and in such parts of Iberia and St. Martins parishes, west of the Teche, all of which is above the great overflows, and here no levees are needed.—Daniel Dennett, in N. O. Picayune.

BOSTON, April 16.—A majority of the Republican delegates from Cambridge to the District and State Conventions favor

Easter Bloom.

[Written for The Boston Journal.]

Our long dark night of sorrow,
Of tears, has passed away,
Bright o'er the Indian hill tops
Breaks the glad Easter day.

After the Lenten shadows,
The weariness and gloom,
The sack-cloth and the ashes,
We hail the Easter bloom.

O! the red rose of Sharon,
The lilies, white and fair;
Sweet Easter emblems springing,
Like joy, from long despair.

Forever bringing nearer,
That first glad Easter day,
When from the heart of sorrow,
The stone was rolled away.

And from the holy silence,
There came a voice of cheer:
"Behold our Lord hath risen,
No dead Christ lieth here."

Part of that grand rejoicing
You keep your watch and ward,
Waited with sweet adoring,
The coming of the Lord.

Then all your tender verdure,
Burst from the trembling sod,
Where'er His risen footsteps,
In glad new beauty trod.

MRS. CATHIE JEWETT.

Morrison's Bill Impracticable.

The Hon. Henry A. Brown, of Saxonville, Mass., ex-Special Agent of the United States Treasury, and thoroughly competent to speak on the subject, has written a letter to the Hon. John G. Carlisle, Speaker of the House of Representatives, touching the practical operation of the Morrison tariff bill if enacted. He maintains that an intelligent and satisfactory execution of the law would be impossible. The new tariff of 1883 is, he points out, still tentative in execution, and to supplement it with the proposed horizontal reduction, varied by free list projections and radical exemptions, and afterwards complicated by "translucent treasury decisions" (Mr. Brown is irresistibly witty), would be to "turn a large part of the tariff into chaotic enigmas and multiply frauds and litigations beyond measure, especially as regards specific duties and classifications in schedules B (glass), C (metals), E (sugars), K (wool and woolen goods) and N (sundries)."

This criticism is incisive, and even if it did not come from an authoritative source, would compel instant attention. Every expert will see its force. The endless troubles connected with the administration of compound duties ought to cause their entire abandonment. Simple ad valorem duties are not always avoidable, but they open so many doors to fraud and corruption that they ought to be levied in no case where a specific equivalent can possibly be substituted, and indeed it would be an advantage if the Secretary of the Treasury were required to make such substitution as a ministerial act, wherever calculation based upon past published Custom-House statistics are plainly possible. The Morrison bill would exaggerate all the evils of administration which are now encountered. Considering the ease with which a Ways and Means committee could have evolved a systematic revenue law from the material ready in abundance to its hand, utilizing the magnificent work of the Tariff Commission and adapting it to free trade views without marring its symmetry, its coherency, or its consideration for existing conditions of specific industries, the Morrison Committee is more open to the charge of laziness than to any other accusation. The members of the majority might be foolish enough to believe in their bill, but they had no right to be so lazy to put it into shape.—N. O. Picayune.

Henry Watterson's Little Inconsistencies.

It is suspectible of proof before a court of justice that Henry Watterson left the Confederate army before the war was over; that he went within the Federal lines at Memphis; from there he went North and wrote editorials for the most bitter and ferocious of all the radical papers; that he returned to the South after the war, denounced the Democratic party as "dead and rotting above ground;" that he advocated soft money, and then denounced those who followed him; that he voted for and spoke for the electoral commission and then abused others who likewise supported it, declaring that "the wind-instrument" knew all the time of the "conspiracy" and that "the dice were loaded;" that he advocated free trade and then solemnly asserted that he had never done so in private or in public; that in less than two weeks he again advocated free trade and ordered everybody who did not agree with him to leave the party, and that during the two months preceding the Cincinnati Democratic Convention both he and Haldeman pledged themselves and their paper to support for first a third term, should Tilden not be nominated at Cincinnati and Grant secure the nomination of the Republicans at Chicago.—Louisville Post.

The Pennsylvania Democratic Platform.

The tariff utterances are the most conservative that have emanated from a State Convention of either party in Pennsylvania for many years, and practically reiterate the declarations of the Ohio platform, giving the best possible assurance of such a compromise on this vexed question as will enable the Democratic party in the coming campaign to present a solid front to the common enemy, and rally all of the elements of the organization to the standard of its nominees.

In the matter of labor, it takes a manly stand in opposition to the policy now so prevalent in various parts of the country of terrorizing and controlling the home elements of labor, and made by the constant importations of pauper labor from abroad; a system that through indiscriminate tariff protection under the delusive plea of "fair wages for labor," creates vast profits for employers and at the same time cheapens labor by drawing upon the crowded Districts of the countries for men to underwork the very people for whose benefit it insists upon taxing the whole country.—Aberdeen Examiner.

RICE planters from South Carolina and Georgia are in Washington protesting against the passage of the Morrison bill. They can't stand any reduction and if the Democratic party reduces the tariff on rice they will abandon both the Industry and the Democratic party.—Avalanche.

SENATOR PENDLETON says that the passage of the Educational bill was the death knell of the Republic. That it was centralization in its most centralized form. He confess that we cannot see where education has any tendency towards centralizing the government, but on the contrary to promote a great cause of education strengthens the Republic.—Oxford Eagle.

STEAMBOATS.

ANCHOR LINE.
For Memphis, Cairo and St. Louis.
THE U. S. MAIL STEAMER
CITY OF PROVIDENCE,
GEO. CARRELL, Master; FRANK PERKINS Clerk;
Leaves for St. Louis SATURDAY, the 19th of April at 11 a.m., connecting at Arkansas City with the Arkansas City Railroad for Pine Bluff, Little Rock, Hot Springs, upper Arkansas river, Fort Smith, and the Indian Territory. Careful attention to way and plantation business. For freight or passage apply on board or to
E. C. CARROLL,
Superintendent Elevator Company.
W. S. JONES,
Superintendent Wharfboat Company.
EUGENE PLATT,
my4 Freight and Passenger Agent.

PARISOT LINE.
CARRYING THE U. S. MAILS.
For Yazoo River.
Steamers will leave as follows:
For Belzoni and Greenwood every FRIDAY at 5 p.m. For upper Yazoo and Tallahatchie every TUESDAY at 5 p.m., going through Tchula lake.
E. C. CARROLL, Superintendent.
W. S. JONES, Agent. ja19

SARGENT'S LINE.
Warrenton, Newton & Point Pleasant
Steamer JOHN F. HALPIN,
W. H. Sargent.....Master
L. H. Sargent, Jr.....Clerk
Will leave Vicksburg promptly every MONDAY and THURSDAY, at 10 o'clock for all Davis Bend landings. Also connecting with the Parisot and Anchor Line steamers, and with the Vicksburg & Meridian Railroad at No. 0. & T. Railroad at Vicksburg. Patronage respectfully solicited from the Vicksburg merchants. W. S. JONES, Agent.
nov1

Regular Vicksburg, Natchez and New Orleans Packet,
The fast and magnificent steamer
CITY OF YAZOO,
(In place of the Natchez,)
T. P. LEATHERS.....Master
A. MCVAY.....Clerk
Leaves Vicksburg every TUESDAY at 5 p. m.; New Orleans every SATURDAY at 5 p.m.
Connects at Vicksburg with Anchor Line for St. Louis and P. Line for Yazoo and Tallahatchie rivers, Sunflower and Deer Creek packets, and V. & M. Railroad.
The steamer reserves the right to pass all landings that the Captain may consider unsafe.
For freight and passage apply on board or to W. S. JONES,
Superintendent Wharfboat, Vicksburg.
W. C. O'HARA,
Gen. Ticket and Pass. Agent.
GEO. W. PLATT,
Superintendent Wharfboat, Greenville
may4

Regular Vicksburg and Grand Lake Semi-Weekly Packet.
Steamer W. P. THOMPSON,
M. D. NELON.....Master.
CAPT. DAVIDSON.....Clerk
Leaves Vicksburg WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS, at 5 p.m. For freight or passage apply on board or to
W. S. JONES,
Supt. Wharfboat, Vicksburg.

SENATOR BLAIR'S

Educational bill was the death knell of the Republic. That it was centralization in its most centralized form. He confess that we cannot see where education has any tendency towards centralizing the government, but on the contrary to promote a great cause of education strengthens the Republic.—Oxford Eagle.

The Vicksburg Evening Post.

VOLUME II. VICKSBURG, MISSISSIPPI, SATURDAY, APRIL 19, 1884. NUMBER 95.

AMUSEMENTS.

COMING AGAIN.

OPERA HOUSE

FOR ONE WEEK; COMMENCING

Monday, April 21, 1884

And Saturday Matinee, at 2:30 p.m.



Wonder - Worker!

100 Presents given away 100 at each performance.

RATES OF ADMISSION:

Reserved seats, 50 cents, with 3 envelopes given you. Family circle, 35 cents, with 2 envelopes given you. Gallery, 25 cents, with 1 envelope given you. ap16

CHEAP COLUMN.

STOLEN.

STOLEN—Two plain gold rings, one with name Chas. to Eugie, July 25, 1877. The other had the initial of S. P. W., and the word "to" inside. A liberal reward will be given. Apply at this office. ap15-tf

WANTED.

WANTED.—A turner on table legs. Steady work and good wages. Address HEARD, Superintendent of the Home Furniture Compa.y, Jackson, Miss. ap18

WANTED.—SCHOOLS! TEACHERS!! Schools in need of competent teachers, and teachers in search of situations should address the Central Educational Bureau, R. K. JAYNE, Secretary, ap2 Jackson, Miss.

WANTED—A situation as collector, Best of reference given. Address P. O. Box, 863. ap15-1w

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Gin-house with 20-horse power Engine, 70-saw Gullet Gin Stand, Steam Press. 2-inch Straub Mill; all in good order. Cheap Engine. ap17-tf W. J. KATZENMIER.

FOR SALE CHEAP—One vacant lot on the third North and Jackson streets, and two small houses and lots fronting Second North street. Also for sale or rent one dwelling fronting on Jackson street, between lots above named. Apply at this office, or on premises to ap14-1w MRS. JANE E. BROWN.

FOR SALE—Brown, Leghorn Eggs for hatching. Fresh and pure. ap7-1w At H. H. KAIN'S.

FOR SALE—New Cottage in good neighborhood, containing 3 rooms with hall and gallery, kitchen, stable and garden. Lot 150x150 feet, all under new fence. Apply at this office. m25

FOR SALE.—A cottage residence on East avenue, containing nine rooms 18x20, hall 12 feet, kitchen, fine cistern and fine orchard; lot 64x132 feet. Apply to R. P. WILSON, on premises. m28

FOR SALE—The LOT on the northeast corner of Cherry and Grove sts. Apply to THOMAS MOUNT. mh19

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—A House on Cherry street, between China and Grove. Apply to ap16-2w MRS. E. FRANCIS.

FOR RENT.—Nice house with eight rooms, kitchen, good water, and surrounded by half square of land, situated on the National Cemetery road, and known as the Miller House. Cheap rent. ap15-1w R. E. BONELLI.

FOR SALE OR RENT.—60 Acres good land, one and a half miles from town, with plenty of wood and water. Apply at this office, or to R. P. WILSON, Vicksburg, Miss. m24-2w

THE SATISFACTION

Of sitting under one's own vine and fig tree pays the largest dividend of any investment. It is the best kind of life insurance. It is the best medicine in sickness. It enables a man to die easier, and robs death of one of its terrors. It enables one to know that the loved ones we must leave behind us have a roof of their own over their heads which cannot be taken from them.

If you cannot buy a house and lot, you can lease one, and make a commencement by investing $25 is a lot in Speed's Addition, and pay the balance in $8 monthly installments. No better opportunity to buy a home or to make a safe investment in Vicksburg is likely to occur than that now presented by the unprecedented terms upon which these lots are sold. sep1

LOCAL ITEMS.

DANCING to-night at the Bee-Hive.

WATER fell at Delta 1 inch in 24 hours.

THE "Beehive" continues to be one of the most popular attractions.

THE Trinity Entertainment will be repeated at Mrs. Porterfield's to-night.

WHISKY is "flung" right and left in Madison parish by the various candidates.

SEE notice of the departure of the steamer J. H. Williams, in another column.

THE steamer Will. S. Hays yesterday presented the fire department with an elegant cake.

MATERIALS for the fire-works display on parade day to the value of $600 arrived yesterday.

LOOK OUT—4-10s—for the Big Six. Arrangements all O. K. Keep your eyes open and be ready when called for.

DR. WM. KELLY, independent candidate for sheriff of this county, pardons Taylor, Tom Ellis, Jim Ellis, Jim Ellis, Jr., Jim Ellis, Jr., Jr., Jim Ellis, Jr., Jr., Jr., Jim Ellis, Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jim Ellis, Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jim Ellis, Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jim Ellis, Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jim Ellis, Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jim Ellis, Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jim Ellis, Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jim Ellis, Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jim Ellis, Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jim Ellis, Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jim Ellis, Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jim Ellis, Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jim Ellis, Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jim Ellis, Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jim Ellis, Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jim Ellis, Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jim Ellis, Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jim Ellis, Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jim Ellis, Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jim Ellis, Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jim Ellis, Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jr., Jim Ellis, Jr.,

THE EVENING POST

PUBLISHED BY
J. G. CASHMAN & CO.,
Washington St., Vicksburg, Miss.

The Evening Post.

VICKSBURG, MISS., APRIL 19, 1884.

CHILDREN cry for Tilden, dead or alive.—Avalanche.

Yes, the talk about the "old ticket" is rather childish.

THE publication of the Meridian Sun has been resumed by Mr. Chas. P. Dement. The Sun has our best wishes for its uninterrupted rising.

PITTSBURG had a little riot, a la Cincinnati Thursday evening. The fight was between the Polish and Hungarian employees of one of the great iron mills.

HON. JOHN M. ALLEN, of Lee county, is already announced as a candidate for the Democratic nomination for Congress from the First Mississippi District. He will have about seventeen competitors.

THE Tennessee Republican Convention nominated Judge F. T. Reid, of Davidson county, for Governor. The nominee was a Confederate soldier, serving through the war as a private in Forest's cavalry.

A GREAT deal has been said about the celebrated Congressional "back salary grab." Does not the Mississippi Railroad Supervision law provide for a "front salary grab?" We do not think, however, that the Commissioners will compromise themselves in the matter.

GRESHAM and Hawley, or Hawley and Gresham, is a Presidential ticket that is just now attracting considerable attention in Republican circles. The East and West would be represented in it—Gresham of Indiana, and Hawley of Connecticut. They are both able and progressive men.

THE Postmaster-General is Indiana's Republican candidate for the Presidency. He will probably enter Chicago with a verbatim copy of his order against the Star Delivery Company inscribed upon his banner. If nominated the country might as well keep quiet awhile he and the Lottery fight it out.

HON. E. JEFFORDS, the efficient Congressman from this District, sent a very encouraging dispatch yesterday to Capt. E. C. Carroll, in regard to the House Appropriations Committee giving a hearing to our Senators and Representatives on the subject of river and harbor improvements in this section. The dispatch we published yesterday indicates that the Committee will make the needed appropriation for continuing the work on Vicksburg harbor, as well as for other important work in this State. Our people did not make a mistake when they elected Jeffords over the combined Waddill and Clarke opposition.

THERE is a remote probability that both National conventions will discard all the favorites and take up new men. This is a transition era in politics and fresh blood will tell.—Avalanche.

The probability is that none of the old candidates will be nominated. For instance, the Democrats would do an unwise thing to nominate Seymour, or Tilden, or Hancock. Randall would afford all the fresh blood necessary to success, and at the same time he is one of the favorites.

The Republicans will be likely to nominate new men, but they will be taken from "the favorites."

THE best work yet done by the Legislature has been the passage, by both houses, of the bill to suppress the sale of the Police Gazette and other obscene publications. This form more than that enforcement of the law will be made easier by the fact that the traffic in these vile prints has ever gained a foothold to any extent of the State.—Louisville Commercial.

Is it not about time the law to prevent the circulation of obscene literature was being enforced in this State?

THE House Committee on Manufactures has reported that the laws of several States in regard to commercial travelers are not only unconstitutional, but interrupt free trade between the States. The "drummers' tax" will soon be a thing of the past.

IT is stated that over one hundred members of the House have given Mr. Carlisle to understand that they intend to make speeches on the Morrison bill. The Speaker will also make a speech in support of the bill. The Picayune's special correspondent says that but for the desire to fire off buncombe speeches it is doubtful if the bill could have been called up.

THE seldom mention of the name of Roscoe Conkling is a little singular just now when the campaign is growing so interesting. It is sanguinely repeated by his enemies that the haughty leader of the faithful 306 is dead, but mark the prediction that he arouses in time to spoil two or three healthy Presidential booms before the campaign closes. He will not likely go into permanent retirement until he gathers a few prominent scalps with which to decorate his wigwam.

Legal Investigation of Railroad Supervision.

It is fortunate for the people of the State, and especially for the Democratic party, that railroad supervision will have a thorough legal investigation. We say it is fortunate for the people, because they will know in future what are the true legal aspects and bearings of this question, and will not be led astray by the wild ravings of the demagogues. And the party can be relieved from any further injurious and hurtful legislation upon that subject. We are informed that the railroad companies have retained the eminent jurist, the Hon. John A. Campbell of New Orleans, probably the ablest lawyer that ever pressed Southern soil, and the Hon. Wiley P. Harris, the Nestor of the Bar of our own State. This guarantees no ordinary investigation and presentation of this question; and when it comes finally before the highest judicial tribunal of the Nation, the judicial minds of that Court will be assisted by the arguments of the profoundest minds of this country.

MR. TILDEN has written his long-looked for letter. It is principally devoted to the subject of reform. As we have suggested, the "reform question" will not form a very prominent issue in the coming canvass, if the Carlisle-Morrison element of the party continues in control. The great tariff question will overshadow all other issues, and the Republicans now have hold of the strong and popular and right end of it. We would have preferred to hear Mr. Tilden's views on this important topic. Although we believe the page of Democracy is in accord with Mr. Randall, a decided expression from him on the tariff would have a powerful good effect just now. Mr. Tilden's letter will come in for a good share of criticism from the Republican press, the following paragraph offering a particularly fine opportunity to assert that the Democratic party is responsible for the attempt to break up the Union:

"When an attempt was made to break up the Union and to dismember the territory of the country, the people were compelled to make a terrible choice between these calamities and the dangerous influences of civil war upon the character of the Government. They patriotically and wisely resolved to save the Union first, and to repair the damage which our political system might sustain when the imminent dangers had been provided against."

A Letter from Tilden.

The third annual banquet of the Iriquois Club was held at the Palmer House, in Chicago, Tuesday evening last. The banquet was largely attended by National and local celebrities. A very interesting feature of the evening's exercises was the reading of a letter from Samuel J. Tilden to the club, in response to the toast: "The Federal Constitution."

Mr. Tilden give as his reason for non-attendance his engrossment with business which can neither be deferred or abandoned. He quotes the reply of Gouveneur Morris, who had been a conspicuous member of the convention that framed the constitution, "That depends upon how it is construed," and then continues:

"The Democratic party originated in a resistance by more advanced patriots of the revolution to the efforts which were made to change the character of our government by a false construction of the constitution, impressing on the new system a monarchical bias. * * * Not only have the best traditions of patriots who won independence and established freedom, lost their authority, but our cherished political system is slowly losing its hold upon the under fungus growth of false constructions and corrupt practices. Government itself has become a menacing factor in elections. As long ago as 1874 I expressed the opinion that the opposition must embrace at the beginning of the canvass two-thirds of the voters to maintain a majority at an election. In this, history repeats itself. * * * Our government, instead of standing as an impartial arbiter amid the conflicts of maturing opinion and contending interests, has descended into the arena equipped with all the weapons of partizanship. Its myriad officeholders, its alliance with or against vast pecuniary interests, its unlimited command of money levied from its dependents and contractors, have sufficed to determine a majority in every case but one. In case it collected military forces around the capitol, and by this and other menaces, intimidated Congressional representatives of a majority of the people to relinquish the fruits of their victory, and to surrender the Government to the control of a minority. No reform of administration is possible so long as the Government is directed by a party which is under the dominion of false doctrines, animated by enormous pecuniary interests in the perpetuation of existing abuses. The first essential step to the reform of our Government must be a fundamental change in the policy of its administration. The work of reform will be difficult enough, with the whole power of the Government well organized to accomplish it. I have such faith in the judgment of Providence which presided over the destiny of our country in the days of great trial heretofore, that I do not despair of our ultimate deliverance. Though I can no longer aspire to be one of the leaders in this great work, I bold those upon whom this august mission may fall, God speed."

THE Illinois Republican Convention passed resolutions indorsing Arthur's administration and declaring in favor of Logan for President.

Through to New York by Pullman.

Arrangements have recently been effected whereby through Pullman palace coaches are run from New Orleans via Chattanooga by the Northeastern railroad with but one change of cars. The East Tennessee, Virginia & Georgia Railroad and the Shenandoah Valley routes make close connection with the Queen & Crescent at Chattanooga, thus forming the shortest and most direct route from New Orleans to the Eastern cities. Chattanooga has the finest union depot in the South, where the transfers are made, and is one of the most prosperous of all the railroad centers in the South. —N. O. Picayune.

THE importance and force of our representative, Hon. A. J. Baker's amendment to the Railroad Commission Bill—providing for the suspension of the Commissioners' salaries during the pendency of injunctions—can now be fully understood and appreciated. His intention was to stop the salaries of the Commissioners and save the State expense while the injunctions were pending and the functions of its officers necessarily in suspense. But Baker's amendment was voted down, and now the State will have the satisfaction of paying out $25,000 for services that cannot possibly be performed.—Oxford Falcon.

The Same Hawkins.

Since Sheriff Hawkins has been identified to us as the officer of that name who served in the Kanawha Division during the war, we have no hesitation in saying that any theory of the Cincinnati affair which rests upon the suspicion of cowardice on his part must be a mistaken one. It is not possible that the daring and discreet soldier in war should have developed into a cowardly Sheriff in peace. It is much easier to believe that, in the absence of command and between those inside the barricades, both parties may have been somewhat mistaken in regard to the feelings of each other, respectively. As matters stood at outset, may have intended only a frolic—the Sheriff and those with him may have supposed they intended a violent and overwhelming attempt to capture the jail and lynch the prisoners. Against any such attempt, if he made up his mind that it was his duty to protect the prisoners, Hawkins would have fought the whole State of Ohio and part of Kentucky. That's the sort of a Hawkins he was in the army.—Toledo (O.,) Telegram.

THAT the Democracy can carry the Presidential election this year on a Jeffersonian platform, provided it abandons the free trade heresy, and nominates national statesmen of known and tried opinions and judgment, is so plainly to be deduced from the current of political events that any person less blind than a closet doctrinaire will immediately grant it. Let it be remembered that the Democratic party this year does not succeed, the people will have defeated, not the Democratic party, but the free traders.—New Orleans Picayune.

Never Hit a Man When Down.

The Vicksburg Herald article of last week in reply to the MESSENGER is begging to be answered. Never hit a man when he's down. never strike a man when he is down.—Chickasaw Messenger.

"Who is W. I. Gibson?"

Mr. W. I. Gibson, of Alcorn county, has announced himself a candidate for Congress in this District.—Columbus Dispatch.

Who is Mr. W. I. Gibson, of Alcorn? Vicksburg Post.

Respectfully referred to our Corinth exchanges for investigation and report.—Columbus Dispatch.

Hon. W. I. Gibson was born and reared within the present limits of the county of Alcorn. He is about 37 years of age; graduated with high honors at the University of Virginia; afterward studied law and was licensed to practice; this he soon abandoned for the school room, and as an educator has attained a high eminence. He is a profound thinker and ranks one of the best educated men in the State. As floater representative of the counties of Alcorn and Prentiss, he served two terms in the State Legislature, from 1876 to 1879 inclusive; was Chairman of the Committee on Education and drafted the public school law contained in the Code of 1880. For several years past he has held the office of County Superintendent of Education, filling it with efficiency and distinction. He is a gentleman of the highest integrity, and of unblemished reputation. As a moral and hightoned christian gentleman he has no superior in the State. All his ideas run on a high moral plane of progressive character, and he has the worth, merit and intelligence to fill a seat in Congress with distinction for himself and honor to his State. He is more distinguished for good sense and refined style than oratory; yet by the freshness and originality of his ideas and the commanding force of his logic, he never fails to enchain his hearers when he speaks. In short, though comparatively unknown, he possesses, in a marked degree, the elements of true greatness, needing only opportunities for fuller development, to make his excellent qualities of head and heart widely recognized and appreciated.—Corinth Herald.

The Railroad Cases.

The argument of counsel in the injunction cases of the Mobile & Ohio Railroad, in the District Court in this city, was concluded at a late hour on Wednesday evening, the 16th inst., which was a finale of all the railroad cases before that tribunal, the case of the Illinois Central having been heard several days previous. Judge Hill's opinion in the two suits will be promulgated probably on Monday or Tuesday of next week.

These cases have probably been of greater magnitude and importance than any that have been in the Mississippi Courts for years, and the decisions and opinions of Supreme Courts of nearly every State in the Union have been quoted, and ably and learnedly read and consulted by the able counsel representing the cause of the State and the interest of the railroad companies. The speeches and arguments of Hon. Percy P. Harris and Judge James Fentress, for the Illinois Central, and of Maj. E. L. Russell and Hon. Peter Hamilton, for the Mobile & Ohio, were masterpieces of logic, force of eloquence and legal learning, and the fallacy and injustice of supervision were made so plain to them that even the unlettered were bound to sympathize with their cause. Hon. John W. C. Watson, an able and distinguished member of the Lowndes county bar, and the gentleman to whom the paternity of the supervision law belongs, represented the State or the Board of Commissioners, and, although his side of the question had few sympathizers a few days since at the beginning of this region, he made a most gallant fight and yielded not an inch of ground without a stubborn contest.

Of course we have no opportunity of ascertaining what will be Judge Hill's decision in the matter until he delivers it in Court, but it is the opinion of a majority of the attorneys in attendance that he will grant the injunction.—Aberdeen Examiner.

Another Death-Dealing Weapon.

At Fort Hamilton on Saturday further experiments were made with the new air gun for throwing dynamite missiles. The terrible weapon is thus decided: "Located under that shed is a small engine, used to condense air. Here, attached to the gun, are two connected reservoirs to receive the compressed air. This indicator gives us the pressure. The reservoirs are 40 inches long and 24 inches in diameter. Each holds 30 cubic feet of 28,000 pounds to the square foot. The gun can be discharged by this motor 14 times without replenishing the force. In former experiments we used a hand crank that permitted the air to escape. Now we have an improved valve. The gun is to be turned in the 17th part of a second, and there is no waste. Now we can charge the reservoirs and fire the gun every 30 seconds for an indefinite period. The projectiles are from 4 to 6 feet in length, and will carry from 25 to 100 pounds of dynamite. They are of various diameters, as the dimensions make no difference in the projective force. With a gun 6 inches in diameter, we calculate upon sending a missile about three miles. The missile bridges are made of brass, with a conical shaped ball, and at the base is a wooden section that act as the tail of a kite in directing the course of the projectile. Just imagine 100 pounds of dynamite being thrown against the side of a vessel. It would blow it to atoms. Our experiments heretofore have more than realized our expectations. We are gradually increasing the air power, and to-day will not go above 500 pounds. The reservoirs will stand 2000 pounds, and we shall soon reach that pressure." Different sized cartridge were used and in no case did they go over four feet from the point aimed at, reaching a distance of nearly 3100 yards.

Shallow Planting of Corn.

There are two weighty reasons, says a writer in the Evening World, for shallow cultur. First, corn hilled up will blow down more readily; it checks the spreading of the roots, which naturally run far out near the surface of the ground. I am speaking of the top roots, not the deep running ones, now, the bill tending to confine the surface roots weakens the hold of the stalk upon the ground. When the surface roots have their own way they grasp the ground, anchoring the corn. Hilling confines many of the roots to small feeding grounds. Let nature have her course in this particular.

THE best paid hotel clerk in New York receives $6,000 a year.

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TIN, COPPER AND SHEET-IRON WORKER
Hardware Tinware Stoves
Pumps, Grates Mantels, Etc. Etc
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Something the People Need!
FRESH
ROASTED COFFEE,
Roasted Daily in HYDE'S PATENT ROASTER, at my Store
Corner South and Washington Streets.
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AND DEALER IN
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LIME, CEMENT, PLASTER, Etc.,
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FULTON M. M'RAE,
Wholesale and Retail Druggist
IMPORTER AND DEALER IN
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRUGS
White Lead, Linseed Oil, Turpentine, Window Glass, Mixed Paints, Dry and in Oil; Albastine Whitening and Putty; and the largest and most complete assortment of Patent Medicines and Surgical Instruments in the State. Agent for celebrated Waukesha Bathesda Water.
Toilet Articles, Perfumery and Hair Brushes—all imported.
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G. W. HUTCHESON & CO.
Cotton Factors,
AND WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
Groceries, Liquors and Tobacco
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Vicksburg, - - - - Miss.
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THE SAW-MILL BOAT
LEE RICHARDSON, JR
IS PREPARED TO SELL
DIMENSION LUMBER
FROM LANDING AT GLASS BAYOU, THIS CITY; also,
Sash, Doors, Blinds, Mouldings, T. and G. Flooring and Ceiling
Orders addressed to the undersigned will be promptly filled.
may4 WM. CURPHEY, Proprietor.

GEO. S. IRVING,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN
Staple and Fancy Groceries,
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I respectfully ask an examination of my stock, which I think will convince all that I have one of the largest and best assorted to be found.
Fine Teas, Coffee and Choice Butter are Among my Specialties.
I GUARANTEE EVERY ARTICLE TO BE AS REPRESENTED,
And desire to give full satisfaction. PACE AND PEASE Agent

HENRY YOSTE,
Watchmaker and Jeweler
I cordially invite a comparison of Work and Prices, believing mine to be the Best and Cheapest.
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SPECIALTIES IN SPECTACLES.

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Saw Mills!
—MANUFACTURER OF—
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LATHS AND SHINGLES.
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SEASONED FLOORING AND CEILING.
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Attorney-at-Law
WILL practice in the various Courts of Warren, Claiborne, Jefferson and Adams counties, the Supreme Court and Supreme Court at Jackson.
MISS ADDIE FLETCHER,
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Orders from the country solicited. Satisfaction given.
THE MOST MODERATE
1032 Washington Street, Vicksburg

SIGNAL SERVICE REPORT.

LOCAL WEATHER REPORT.

TIME.	BAR.	THE	HUM	WIND	WEATHER.
6:05 a. m.	29.96	68	70	S.	Cloudy.
8:05 a. m.	29.98	75	79	E.	Cloudy.
2:05 p. m.	29.91	79	69	S. W.	Cloudy.
5:05 p. m.	29.90	72	68	0	Lt. rain.
8:05 p. m.	29.91	66	91	E.	Cloudy.

	1883.	1884
Maximum thermometer	78.6	83.0
Minimum thermometer	54.5	65.3
Mean temperature	67.5	74.0
Rainfall	.00	0.61

STAGE OF RIVERS.
WAR DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER,
April 18, 2 p.m. Washington time.
The following observations were taken at the same moment of time at all the stations named:

STATIONS.	Above low water.		Changes.	
	Feet	In's	Rise In's	Fall In's
Cairo, Ill	38	7	5	...
Chattanooga	15	1	...	22
Cincinnati	18	4	...	7
Davenport, Iowa	9	1	...	4
Dubuque, Iowa	11	0	...	4
Keokuk, Iowa	...	...	...	...
La Crosse	10	11	...	5
Leavenworth	12	6	...	15
Little Rock	11	3	...	9
Louisville	8	0	...	1
Memphis	22	0	25	...
Nashville	21	0	25	...
New Orleans	1	5	...	2
Omaha	8	7	...	5
Pittsburg	6	3	12	...
Shreveport	16	10	...	9
St. Louis	23	3	...	12
St. Paul	7	3	...	0
Vicksburg	45	4	0	...
Yankton, D. T	8	0	...	2

†Below high water of 1874. *Frozen.

HIGH WATER AT VICKSBURG IN FORMER YEARS

High water '67, above zero, 51 f-10 feet.
High water '68, above zero, 49 feet.
High water '74, above zero, 45 ft. 8 inches
High water '75, above zero, 45 feet.
High water '76, above zero, 44 ft. 10 inches
High water '80, above zero, 45 ft. 2 inches
High water '81, above zero, 44 ft. 10 inches
High water '82, above zero, 48 ft. 9 inches
High water '83, above zero, 43 ft. 10 inches

HIGH WATER OF 1882.

Stations.	Date of High-est Point.	Highest point Reached.
Cairo	Feb. 26, 1882	51 ft. 9 inches
Chattanooga	Jan. 19, 1882	40 ft. 2 inches
Cincinnati	Feb. 21, 1882	58 ft. 6 inches
Dubuque	Dec. 3, 1881	10 ft. 3 inches
Helena, Ark	March 9, 1882	47 ft. 3 inches
Keokuk	Nov. 29, 1881	11 ft. 5 inches
La Crosse	Dec. 24, 1881	21 ft. 6 inches
Louisville	Feb. 22, 1882	37 ft. 2 inches
Memphis	March 6, 1882	36 ft. 0 inches
Nashville	March 27, 1882	54 ft. 7 inches
New Orleans	March 27, 1882	5 inches
St. Louis	Feb. 22, 1882	28 ft. 3 inches
Vicksburg	March 20, 1882	48 ft. 9 inches

*Below high water of 1874.

THE RIVER.

ARRIVED.

J. L. Wood and tow, from Pittsburg.
John F. Halpin, from Davis Bend.
Deer Creek, from Deer Creek.
Wyoming, from New Orleans.
John W. Cannon, from Greenville.
W. P. Thompson, from Greenville.

DEPARTED.

Lefore, for Greenwood.
J. H. Williams, for Tallulah.
City of Providence, for St. Louis.
John W. Cannon, for New Orleans.
Wyoming, for Cincinnati.
J. L. Wood, for New Orleans.

BOATS DUE TO-DAY.

Issaquena, Greenville to Vicksburg.
Edward Horner and tow, New Orleans to Pittsburg.
Boaz and tow, New Orleans to Pittsburg

BOATS LEAVING TO-DAY.

For Greenville—W. P. Thompson, 4 p.m.

BOATS DUE TO-MORROW.

E. C. Carroll, C. Tallahatchie to V'burg
City of Cairo, St. Louis to Vicksburg.
Tributary and barge, Lake Washington to Vicksburg.
Guiding Star, Cincinnati to New Orleans
City of St. Louis, St. Louis to N. Orleans
Capt. Miller, Natchez to Vicksburg.

BOATS LEAVING TO-MORROW.

For New Orleans—Guiding Star.
For St. Louis—City of St. Louis.

BOATS DUE MONDAY.

City of Yazoo, New Orleans to Vicksb'g.
W. P. Thompson, Greenville to V'burg
J. H. Williams, Tallulah to Vicksburg.

BOATS LEAVING MONDAY.

For Natchez—Capt. Miller, 8 a.m.
For David Bradley, J. F. Halpin, 10 a.m.
For Greenville—Issaquena, 5 p.m.

NOTES.

River rising.
Clear and warm.
Four boats leaving to-day.
There were 5 arrivals and 4 departures yesterday.
The Deer Creek, was delayed two nights in Yazoo river by bad weather and her very heavy load.
The O. Line steamer Guiding Star, Capt. Hegler, will probably pass down for New Orleans to-morrow morning.
The City of Providence, Capt. George Carvell, left at 11 a.m. for Memphis, Cairo and St. Louis with a good trip of freight and people.
The through Ancnor Line steamer City of St. Louis, will pass down from St. Louis to New Orleans to-morrow evening.
The City of Cairo, Capt. Shep. Lightner, is the next Anchor Line packet due Sunday evening. She left Memphis Friday morning with a good trip.
The Wood and barges arrived yesterday evening from Pittsburg with a big tow of coal, after leaving 6 barges here, left for New Orleans.
The John F. Halpin, Capt. John Quackenbos, arrived from Davis Bend yesterday evening. She will return Sunday morning at 10 o'clock.
The U. S. mailboat Captain Miller will be found at the landing early Monday morning, and leaves promptly at 8 a.m. for Snyder's coal points en route.
The Deer Creek and barge arrived from Deer Creek this morning with all they could carry of cotton and seed. She will return to Deer Creek Monday evening.
The G. Line steamer Wyoming, Capt. Bowman, left for Cincinnati this morning with 1,700 tons of freight and 45 cabin passengers, after adding a big lot of junk and 50 barrels oil here.
The J. H. Williams, Capt. R. H. Bowman, Warren C. Kain in the office, left at noon for all points in Davis Bend lake and Roundaway Bayou as high as Tallulah, with a fair trip. She returns Monday evening.
The Tributary and barge will arrive from Lake Washington and Steele's bayou to-morrow, and will return to those points on Wednesday. Due notice of the time of leaving will be given.
The fine passenger and freight steamer City of Yazoo, Capt. B. S. Leathers, A. McVay clerk, will be found at the Wharfboat Monday evening receiving to leave Tuesday at 5 o'clock for New Orleans and all points en route.
The swift and beautiful steamer John W. Cannon, Capt. Wm. Campbell, left at noon for New Orleans and all lower coast landings, with 500 bales cotton, and 5,000 sacks cotton seed meal and a number of passengers.
The W. P. Thompson arrived last night with a big trip of freight and people. She is receiving to-day at the wharfboat to leave this evening at 4 p.m. for all way landings as high as Greenville. She is a fine initial trip in the Greenville and bends trade.
The W. P. Thompson, commencing this evening, will extend her trips to Greenville. For particulars see advertisement. She leaves Greenville Tuesday morning at 10 o'clock, arriving here at 10 o'clock at night, and will leave for Greenville at 12 o'clock Wednesday night after the Firemen's celebration.
The little giant of the P. Line, the E. C. Carroll, Jr., is due to-morrow from Sharkey's, Tallahatchie river. She is the P. Line packet with U. S. Mails leaving here Tuesday evening at 5 o'clock. Capt. Tom Smith will be in command, and Frank Beck, Jr. in the office. She goes through Tehula lake as usual.
The splendid and never-failing Issaquena is due this evening from above. She is more prompt and reliable than a railroad train. She will receive Monday at the wharfboat as usual, and leaves promptly for Greenville and all bends landing at 5 p.m. She will leave Greenville for Vicksburg Tuesday evening, April 22d, arriving here the next morning at 9 o'clock, in ample time to witness the Firemen's Annual Parade, which will start at 12 m. on Wednesday, the 23d.

Our Bereavement.

On the morning of the 15th inst, at 3 o'clock, to our great sorrow the life blood of Judge J. M. Howry, ceased to ebb and flow, and the soul of the good and great man, pinged its flight to that spirit land where a long life of purity and holiness has prepared it to go. There is no event that has ever occurred within our community which has been productive of so much heartfelt sadness and bereavement as the sudden demise of the Hon. J. M. Howry. It has only been a few short days since he seemed so buoyant, cheerful and full of life, and little did we think that the Reaper death would so soon visit him at his old home, and take him from our midst. This great sorrow is participated in and felt by every one, for truly it can be said that Judge Howry was the friend to the old and the young, the rich and the poor, and on all occasions he would meet you with a happy greeting smile, that would throw rays of sunlight into your very soul and make you feel as if your pathway through life was filled with pleasantness and sociability. He was of a warm, generous and social nature, and was a very religious man, and no one that has been more highly esteemed and appreciated throughout the land, than Judge Howry. He had held many high positions of honor and trust both in private and public life, and always to the great satisfaction and esteem of those whom he represented. Judge Howry, also, is one of the leading lights in the secret band of brotherhood, united under the common tie of Masonry, having taken nearly all the degrees known to that time honored Christian order. It will be remembered that during the recent term of the late Mississippi Legislature that he spent his time in Jackson faithfully and ably editing that interesting sheet, the Clarion, and it is supposed that whilst there he contracted a certain amount of malaria into his system that brought on about the disease which resulted in his death. The funeral services of this good man were performed at his residence in Oxford, at 3:30 o'clock p.m., on the 16th instant, by Rev. Dr. Wheat, in an imposing and earnest manner, after which his remains were followed to their last resting place by a large concourse of mourning relatives and friends and there deposited within the silent grave with high Masonic honors. It is hard indeed for us to realize that never more on earth will we meet Judge Howry, who did enjoy those happy smiles and cheerful conversations with which he greeted and met every one. Yet it is too true, for all that was mortal of Judge Howry has put on immortality and his noble and christian soul has passed over the river and sleeps under the willows. He left behind him a loving and devoted family whose hearts are filled to overflowing with grief at the loss of their dead parent. The Eagle tenders its deep, heartfelt sympathies to the bereaved family and friends, and sincerely trust that the good Saviour of all mankind will graciously console and cheer up their hearts and minds, and let them realize that "their loss is his eternal gain."—Oxford Eagle.

ARE you having much practice now? asked a old Judge of a young lawyer "Yes sir, a great deal, thank you." "Ah, I'm glad to hear it. In what line is your practice particularly?" "Well, sir, particularly in economy."

A THOUSAND women attended a recent execution at Columbia, Ky., and one of them has since become crazy.

The Cotton Industry.

Mr. Robert P. Porter, one of the members of the Tariff Commission, and the writer of a series of articles which appeared in the New York Tribune last year regarding the condition, wages, etc., of labor in manufacturing industries in Europe, has just visited Lowell, and written an article giving some of the results of his observations. It is not Mr. Porter's first visit to Lowell, so that his statements are not based upon a single inspection. Speaking of the boarding houses of the employees Mr. Porter says:

"Accompanied by Mr. Dalton, I visited a number of the operatives' boarding houses and found they contained every comfort, not to say luxury, for many boasted pianos, organs or harmoniums. The bed rooms were clean, neat and cosy. Chromos and engravings decorated the walls, and shelves of well-read books caught the eye. The table in the dining room was covered with a red cloth and meals served in good style on white crockery. And substantial meals they were: Roast beef or mutton, three or four vegetables, sauce, New England pie, the best of coffee, cheese, and such delicate light brown doughnuts. The quality of the food and the quantity in these New England boarding-houses would astonish a manchester (England) operative."

Mr. Porter was informed by Mr. Dalton, Treasurer, of the Merrimack Manufacturing Company, that the girls employed "come from most respectable families and have fair education and good manners, and are ambitious, looking forward to marriage with respectable men." In regard to the difference in the social condition between the operatives in Lowell and England Mr. Porter says:

"It was impossible during my stay here to avoid comparing the social condition of the operatives in this, the Manchester of America, with their condition in the working quarters of the British cotton metropolis. The miles of narrow streets that I traversed with my friend, Shaw, our Consul, and the hundreds of houses visited came to mind. Some of those dwelling places had bare wooden floors; some had red brick floors, had bare flagstone some floors. Hardly one had a vestige of carpet. By far the largest proportion of the operatives live from hand to mouth, generally in one room, in which a few chairs, a deal table, a bedstead, four or five cups and saucers, a few dishes and plates, a wash tub, a saucepan and a kettle comprise the chief articles of furniture. Everything, in many cases, including the sleeping and family washing, is done in the general room. Cheap as clothing is said to be in England, the Manchester girls wear no hats. An old shawl and a dirty print gown and wooden shoes, which clatter on the stone sidewalk, form their street toilet."

Very few people are aware of the progress which has been made in the manufacture of cotton goods in Lowell and other New England towns during the past fifteen years. Ten years ago the Merrimack Mills produced nothing but common calicos. Now they are making about twenty varieties of cotton goods, including what are called lace stripes, plaids, checks and a variety of sateens and cretons. These are, in most cases, the finest cotton goods made, having over two hundred threads to the square inch. Of course, the proportion of labor necessary to produce such goods is very much greater than on the common grades. As the labor is much better paid here than in England and France, the reduction of duty made by the Morrison bill would check, if it did not entirely stop, the production of fine goods, as the present rate is barely sufficient to permit the production of the goods with profit. Two years ago the managers of the Merrimack Mills were experimenting on the French sateens, which are now among their staples in large quantities and of a quality as good as if not superior to the French goods. As the result, the fancy prices at which these goods were held several years ago have been destroyed, the cost of the goods to consumer having been reduced from 25 to 30 per cent. This is due to the fact that the mills in the United States making the goods are now able to do so at a reduction of from 33 to 50 per cent. compared with the cost of production two years ago. Therefore, when the Transcript a few days since assumed that the American manufacturer cannot make cotton threads, yarns, cotton velvets, cotton sateens, cotton gimps, trimmings, fringes, laces, etc., it was not aware that Yankee enterprise and skill had entered this field of production and was being successful. The journals that listen to importers and to the Golden Calf tracts only are in danger of being grossly ignorant respecting the progress of American manufacturers.—Boston Journal.

An Augusta Romance in Real Life.

Several years ago, says the Maine Farmer, a couple living in Augusta were separated on account of the dissipated habits of the husband, and three years ago a divorce was granted the wife. But the flame of affection was not extinguished on one side, and he lived largely on the alter of the heart's devotion. The husband and father went to a Western State, determined to reform, which he did, and took mighty strides toward recovering his lost manhood. He recently returned to Boston, where his former wife is now living, and entered into a prosperous business there. He called upon his "first love," a courtship sprang up, or the old one was revived, they became again betrothed, and are soon to be reunited in marriage—an event which will be hailed with joy by their five children and their many friends.

One of the Possible Effects of the Recent Riot in Cincinnati.

A Cincinnati man was arrested for stealing chickens and was tried by a jury of his peers.

"Gentlemen of the jury," said the Judge on their return from the jury-room, "are you agreed upon a verdict?"

"We are," replied the foreman solemnly.

"What say you? Do you find the prisoner at the bar guilty or not guilty?"

"Guilty of murder in the first degree."

"Guilty of murder in the first degree!" exclaimed the Judge in the utmost astonishment. "Why, the prisoner is only charged with stealing chickens. What earthly reason have you for bringing such an outrageous verdict as that?"

"Because," replied the foreman of the jury, looking timidly over the crowded court-room, "we plead self-defense."—Philadelphia Call.

THE Hartford Courant is surprised that Representative Eaton of Connecticut "should bring forward a bill in regard to counting the Presidential vote, which in effect wipes out State influence and power."

THE latest use devised for paper is the making of carpets. A Connecticut man is reported to have taken out patents for processes by which beautiful and substantial carpets can be made of paper at very low prices.

VICKSBURG
Soap Works,
—ON—
GLASS BAYOU AND CHERRY ST.
VICKSBURG, MISS.
Highest Cash Price paid for Tallow and Grease.
Address all orders to
ap3 W. O. WORRELL.

Wheeler & Wilson Silent No. 8
SEWING MACHINE.
THE VERY ACME OF PERFECTION
The Ladies Favorite.
PURCHASERS are requested to call, examine, and see for themselves.
Sold on monthly or weekly payments; and cheap for cash, at 316 E. FERGUSON, 139 Washington street.
oc23 C. EDWARDS.

FRUIT AND ORNAMENTAL
TREES
ROSES and
Green-House
Plants by the
MILLION at
the
GREGORY NURSERY,
Grove Street, Vicksburg.
d22 THOMPSON S. GREGORY, Prop

County School Warrants.

IN accordance with the provisions of an act of the Legislature entitled "An Act to refund the school warrants of Warren county," approved March 10th, 1884, notice is hereby given to holders of all county school warrants, issued for services prior to the first day of January, 1884, to present the same to the Clerk of this Board, within six months from the passage of the Act, FOR AUTHENTICATION AND REGISTRATION, to entitle them to the benefit of the Act. When registered and presented to the County Treasurer, in sums of $50 or its multiple, bonds will be prepared in sums of not less than $50 nor more than $1,000, and delivered to holders, dated February 1st, 1884, and payable thirty years after date, or at the option of the Board, with three per cent. per annum interest, according to the terms of the Act. The Act provides for an annual special levy to pay interest, and to create a sinking fund equal to one-thirtieth of the bonds in circulation to pay the principal. A. H. ARTHUR, President Board of Supervisors of Warren County, Miss. apl4-30t

PROPOSALS.

SEALED proposals will be received for the sale of Mississippi & Ship Island Railroad bonds, issued by Warren county, and deposited before the Board of Supervisors, on the

Fourth Monday of April, 1884,

The holders of said bonds will give the numbers and denominations, and state the best price at which they will sell the same. Proposals directed to Judge Arthur, President of the Board, or myself, will receive attention. HENRY MAYER, apl9 County Treasurer.

TO CONTRACTORS.

THE bids for building of the bridges on the Yazoo Valley road will be received, near Spout Spring, and over Chickasaw Bayou, not having been accepted, sealed proposals will be received by the Board of Supervisors on the

Fourth Monday of April, 1884,

for building said bridges according to plans and specifications filed in the Clerk's office, at said prices. Bond with approved security will be required according to law.
A. H. ARTHUR,
APRIL 9, 1884. President.

WINCHESTER RIFLES



AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
44.100, 38.100, and 3.10 kept in stock
—BY—
LOUIS HOFFMAN.
Gun Repairing Prom

AMUSEMENTS.

COMING AGAIN.

OPERA HOUSE
FOR ONE WEEK; COMMENCING
Monday, April 21, 1884
And Saturday Matinee, at 2:30 p.m.

ZERA SEMON
THE ORIGINAL
ZERA
Wonder-Worker!
100 Presents given away 100
at each performance.

RATES OF ADMISSION:
Reserved seats, 50 cents, with 3 envelopes given you. Family circle, 35 cents, with 2 envelopes given you. Gallery, 25 cents, with 1 envelope given you. ap16

CHEAP COLUMN.

LOST.

LOST.—Heavy set bay mare, pony-built, 14 hh; white mark in forehead resembling the figure 1. Was branded on the left shoulder with "M. O.," and "A. M." on top of the "M. O." A liberal reward will be paid for her return to me.
ap19-1w MRS. A. M. MEEHAN.

WANTED.

WANTED.—A turner, on table legs. Steady work and good wages. Address W. B. BEARD, Superintendent of the Home Furniture Company, Jackson, Miss. ap18

WANTED.—SCHOOLS! TEACHERS!! Schools in need of competent teachers, and teachers in search of situations should address the Central Educational Bureau, R. K. JAYNE, Secretary. ap2 Jackson, Miss.

WANTED.—A situation as collector. Best of reference given. Address P. O. Box, 563. apr15-1w

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—Good wood-stove No. 7, with utensils, grocer's scales, measures, and other furniture, cheap, at the Gunsmith Boat, foot Glass Bayou. ap19-1t

FOR SALE.—Gin-house with 20-horse power Engine, 70-saw Gullet Gin Stand, Steam Press, 24-inch Straub Mill; all in good order. Cheap. Engine.
ap17-tf W. J. KATZENMIER.

FOR SALE CHEAP.—One vacant lot corner Third North and Jackson streets, and two small houses and lots fronting Second North street. Also for sale or rent one dwelling fronting on Jackson street, between lots above named. Apply at this office, or on premises to
ap14-1w MRS. JANE E. BROWN.

FOR SALE.—Brown, Leghorn Eggs for hatching. Fresh and pure.
ap7-1w At H. H. KAIN'S.

FOR SALE.—New Cottage in good neighborhood, containing 3 rooms with hall and gallery, kitchen, stable and garden. Lot 100x150 feet, all under new fence. Apply at this office. m25

FOR SALE.—A cottage residence on East avenue, containing four rooms 18x20, hall 12 feet, kitchen, fine cistern and fine orchard; lot 64x132 feet. Apply to R. F. WILSON, on premises. m28

FOR SALE.—The LOT on the northeast corner of Cherry and Grove sts. Apply to THOMAS MOUNT. mh19

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT.—A HOUSE on Cherry street, between China and Grove. Apply to
ap16-2w MRS. E. FRANCIS.

FOR RENT.—Nice house with eight rooms, kitchen, good water, and surrounded by a half square of land, situated on the National Cemetery road, and known as the Miller House. Cheap rent.
ap15-1w E. & D. C. BONELLI.

FOR SALE OR RENT.—60 Acres good land, one and a half miles from town, with plenty of wood and water. Apply at this office, or to R. P. WILSON, Vicksburg, Miss. m24-2w

THE SATISFACTION

Of sitting under one's own vine and fig tree pays the largest dividend of any investment. It is the best kind of life insurance. It is the best medicine in sickness. It enables a man to die easier, and robs death of one of the principal terrors to know that the loved ones we must leave behind us have a roof of their own over their heads which cannot be taken from them.

If you cannot buy a house and lot, you can at least make a commencement by investing $25 is a lot in Speed's Addition, and pay the balance in $5 monthly installments. No better opportunity to buy a home or to make a safe investment in Vicksburg is likely to occur than that now presented by the unprecedented terms upon which these lots are sold. sep1

LOCAL ITEMS.

ZERA SEMON next week.

COL. ED. RICHARDSON is in the city to-day.

THE river is on a stand here at 45 feet 4 inches.

THE post-office at Aubrey has been discontinued.

THE condition of Col. Wm. French is very critical.

THE Board of Mayor and Aldermen meets Monday night.

BISHOP THOMPSON arrived in the city on the 9:45 train this morning.

THE cider of the Riverview Manufacturing Company is on the boom.

THE world's greatest detective, Allan Pinkerton, passed through this city yesterday.

For pure, fresh cider, patronize the Riverview Manufacturing Company.

THE "Big Six" want to see the 4-10s at the City Hall at 3 o'clock to-morrow, on important business.

TRY a barrel or keg of the Riverview Manufacturing Company's cider.

THIS is the last night of the Bee-hive. Bear this in mind, and don't miss your last opportunity.

THE postponed children's Easter festival of Christ Church will take place at 4:30 to-morrow evening.

EVERYBODY is getting interested in the Riverview Manufacturing Company's cider.

MR. SILAS PITTMAN and his mother, of this city, are on a visit to Houston, Texas.

FOR Sunday reading remember Clarke & Co., who always have a fresh and full supply.

LOOK out for the great original Zera next week, commencing Monday at the Opera-house.

AMONG the guests present at the Bruce banquet at Jackson was Alderman Crayton, of Vicksburg.

ARE our military companies going to turn out on Parade Day? Come forward, boys, and let us hear from you.

TICKETS for the Mai Fest of the Mozart Orchestra will be placed on sale at Baum's and Clarke's next Wednesday.

MRS. BEN. HARDAWAY left for Little Rock, Ark., by last night's train, called there by the death of her sister's husband.

THE post-office heretofore known as Halpino will hereafter be known as Butler, in accordance with an edict from the Post-office Department.

THE condition of Capt. O'Hara was somewhat improved this morning, and his many friends are entertaining hopes that he may pull through.

S. GWIN, Jackson; W. P. Hay, L., N. O. & T. R. R.; J. T. Hibbler, West Point; Frank Smythe, Augusta, Ga., are at the Pacific House to-day.

ON Monday evening the 21st a concert and entertainment will be given at Klein's Hall by the G. U. O. of O. F., commencing at 8 o'clock.

NOW abideth with us the Presidential election, the Cotton Exposition, and the Fire Parade; but the greatest of these is the Fire Parade. Selah!

MEMBERS of the Constitution Fire Company can secure buttons and numbers by applying to Mr. Felix Hoerner, Treasurer of the company.

THE funeral of the late Chas. H. Seymour took place at 3 o'clock this afternoon, and was attended by Washington Lodge Knights of Pythias.

ICE-BOXES, cooking stoves, stove ware, glassware, and 2000 other things too numerous to mention at Jno. R. McRae's Auction house, 207 Mulberry street.

SEND your orders for cider to the office of the Riverview Manufacturing Company, Baumville, Warrenton road, or to S. Feld & Co., 178 Washington street.

SOME of the most beautiful specimens of shoe work ever seen in this section, can be seen in Tvargosky's show-cases. They are elegant, artistic and substantial.

HARPER'S MAGAZINE for April, Leslie's Weekly, and all metropolitan dailies—anything you want for Sunday reading—just arrived this morning at Baum's.

SEE A. Tvargosky's local ads in regard to his Summer goods in Boots and Shoes. He has all the latest styles, and says he defies competition in either price or quality.

LIEUT. R. B. WATKINS, of the Signal Department, U. S. A., arrived in this city yesterday, and inspected the Signal Station. He departed this morning for Memphis.

MELLIE STEWART, Ky.; E. Frank, Phila.; C. W. Huff, Va.; Hart G. Puicus, New York; L. M. Long and wife, La.; O. C. White, I. Freidman, Memphis, are at the LaMadrid.

IT will be seen by her advertisement that the steamer W. P. Thompson will hereafter extend her trips to Greenville, leaving here every Wednesday and Saturday evenings at 4 o'clock.

MRS. MAYES, wife of the former night clerk of the Pacific House, left with her children on the John W. Cannon this morning for New Orleans, where Mr. Mayes has a position in a hotel.

THE Riverview Manufacturing Company is prepared to fill orders for cider in any quantity.

THE crew of the John A. Klein, Jr., Boat Club will have a scull on the lake to-morrow evening, near Barry's Lake House. If the weather permits, a large crowd will no doubt be present.

THE funeral of the late Mrs. Bridget Cummings took place at 3:30 o'clock this morning from her late residence, on Bridge street, and was largely attended. The services were held at St. Paul's Catholic Church.

THE Riverview Manufacturing Company is now making the finest cider made.

AN election for Directors of the Vicksburg Bank will be held Thursday, May 1st. This staunch institution has been noted for its excellent management in the past, and the election of directors soon to be held, will confirm this character.

THE entertainment at Mrs. Porterfield's last night had more bad weather to contend with, but nevertheless a goodly number were present. The mere fact that the ladies of the Trinity Church have charge of any affair is an assurance of success.

THE Riverview Manufacturing Company is delivering pure, fresh cider in all parts of the city free.

RT. REV. BISHOP HUGH MILLER THOMPSON will deliver a sermon to-morrow morning at the usual hour at the Church of the Holy Trinity, corner of Walnut and South streets. The choir will render some of the same music given last Sunday, and these two facts will no doubt draw a large congregation.

THE place that Dr. Price's Flavoring Extracts have won in public estimation sustains us in the assertion that for standard excellence they have no equal in the market. Every housewife who has had occasion to use Dr. Price's Flavoring, will endorse the above statement. They are as natural as the fruit from which they are extracted.

BRAND NEW

And cant-be-beaten styles of thoroughly first-rate Spring clothing now on the counters at our house. Men's suits, boy's suits, children's suits in all the latest shapes and colors. New furnishings and hats just in. The best styles we ever showed, and the lowest prices.
WARNER & SEARLES,
ap9 The Leading Clothiers.

New Firm.

The stock of boots and shoes belonging to the late firm of James King has been purchased by Messrs. Thomas and Prentiss Lewis, who will open the house for business in a few days. They are two of the most thorough-going young business men in Vicksburg. By strict attention to the interests of their employers, and by their courteous and urbane manners, they have won the respect and esteem of the entire community, and now that they have gone into business on their own account they are bound to succeed, as they have already laid the foundation for success in a lasting manner.

JUST RECEIVED.
Summer Goods—Boots and Shoes for men and boys.
1t A. TVARGOSKY.

Services at the Holy Trinity To-morrow.

The services at Holy Trinity Church to-morrow (Sunday) morning, will be of an unusually interesting character. Rt. Rev. Hugh Miller Thompson, the assistant Bishop of the Diocese, will administer the rite of confirmation, and will preach the sermon. Bishop Thompson is universally recognized as one of the ablest divines in this country and always preaches suggestive and interesting sermons. The choir will be composed of some persons as last Sunday, and will render the following beautiful selections:

Easter Anthem	Thomas
Venite	Flaxgell
Te Deum	Tours
Jubilate	Shelley
Two hymns	* * *
Resurrection (Offertory)	Holden

RUHMAN & CO.,
Tailors and Importers,
WASHINGTON STREET.
A complete stock of Spring and Summer goods now on hand, including many
SPECIALITIES FOR THE SEASON.
FINE SUITS, all shades and grades, and latest styles. Spring Overcoats, to suit sudden changes of the weather.
BOYS' and CHILDREN'S CLOTHING
In larger variety and more perfect workmanship than ever before. Special attention is asked to this department.
Unequalled stock of Hats and Gents' Furnishing Goods.
FULL LINE of PIECE GOODS.
Trimmings, etc., and "the best cutter in the South." Fit and workmanship guaranteed. ap11-1w

MR. GUS. MAYER,
Of the late firm of Mayer Bros. & Co. can now be found at the large Dry Goods house of ARTHUR JACOB, where he invites his many friends and patrons to come and see him.
ap16-1w

The Mozart Boys

Should cut this out and paste it in their hats. Aside from showing the public how diligently the Mozarts are practicing for the concert they are going to give in this city on the 28th and 29th, and in Port Gibson the 30th, it shows the members when and where rehearsals will be held between this and the date of the concert: To-night the horn sextette and the vocal quartette will meet at the residence of Prof. Talen. On Monday night the usual orchestra rehearsal will be held at their Hall. On Tuesday the sextette and quartette meet at Prof. Talen's again. On account of the Firemen's parade no meeting will be held on Wednesday evening, but on Thursday the whole orchestra will meet at their Hall. On Friday the sextette and quartette will meet once again at Prof. Talen's, and on Saturday night a general rehearsal by the full orchestra will be held at their Hall.

The boys are not idle, and we may look for something great.

TO CONSUMERS.

Remember, there are seven different styles and quality of "Commodore Paris ot" Cigars.
W. E. BECK,
116 Sole Proprietor

Lunch.

On next Wednesday the glorious and gala Firemen's day, the Methodist ladies will spread a lunch at Magnolia Hall and will be prepared to serve everything in the way of edibles from 9 a.m. until 12 o'clock that night, at moderate prices.

A Grand "Opening"

Of new Spring and Summer goods will take place at Joe Fox's big store on Washington street next Monday, and will continue every day thereafter during the season.

The stock comprises all the staple and fancy articles in the Dry Goods line, including many novelties never before exhibited in Vicksburg.

Special bargains will be given in many lines, and our people, who have been somewhat accustomed to high prices, will be agreably surprised at the low figures which Mr. Fox puts upon his standard goods.

Enterprise, industry, energy and capital enable Mr. Fox to offer inducements such as cannot be duplicated by any other house in the city. Remember the "grand opening" Monday. 19

Notice.

The buttons and numbers for the Constitution Fire Company have arrived. Members of the Company can secure them of Felix Hoerner. 19-1t.

Damages Allowed.

In the suit of Ernest Ellman against the V. & M. R. R. for $20,000 damages caused by having received a broken leg, the jury in the Civil Court on Thursday awarded the plaintiff $2,500.

NOTICE.

I take pleasure in informing my many friends and patrons that I can now be found at the large Dry Goods house of ARTHUR JACOB, where I shall be pleased to meet them. Any orders entrusted to me will receive careful attention.
GUS. MAYER,
ap16-1w of Mayer Bros. & Co.

Vicksburg as a Market for Agricultural Implements.

Gen. W. L. McMillen, of Louisiana, on his way from his plantation in East Carroll Parish to New Orleans, to-day dropped in at the large hardware store of Louis Hoffman and purchased one of the Champion mowing machines, and a Thomas hay rake. This is quite a compliment to our friend Mr. Hoffman, as Gen. McMillen has been doing all his purchasing in New Orleans heretofore.

CYCLONES! CYCLONES!

ISSURE YOUR PROPERTY AGAINST

Cyclones & Tornadoes

You can get a policy by calling at the office of
J. M. KLEIN.

Zera Semon.

Remember the Burmese Box Mystery at the Opera-house Monday night—the greatest trick of the age, having astonished both the old and new world.

Happy homes are made nightly by Zera's presents of Superb China gold band (44 pieces) Tea Setts, unique Chamber Setts, and hundreds of other valuable presents.

Zera Semon has been here before, and, as is always the case on his return to any city he has previously visited, he will draw big houses.

The best and cheapest place to get the very latest styles of Boots and Shoes. Competition Defied.
1t A. TVARGOSKY.

For Sale.

Two good building lots on Jackson road. Title good. Apply to JOHN R. MCRAE, No. 207 Mulberry street, or DR. J. H. D. BOWMAR, real estate agent.

No. 1 Soda Fountain; all fixtures complete. Apply to JOHN R. MCRAE.

Two pair Store Scales, at MCRAE'S, in good order.

One fine Parlor Set Furniture, nine pieces, at JOHN R. MCRAE'S STORE.

Four full Marble Bedroom Sets Furniture, at JOHN R. MCRAE'S, 207 Mulberry street, next to McCutchen's. Must be sold inside of ten days. ap19

PESACH WINE.

A fine article at close figures at
W. E. BECK.
ap4

John Haszinger's Shoe-shop.

By reference to our advertising columns it will be seen that Mr. John Haszinger has removed his shoe-shop from the store lately occupied by James King to the very convenient location over Julius Ruhman's tobacco store. Mr. Haszinger is one of the best workmen in the South, and has secured a patent for a shoe that is said to be the easiest and most comfortable worn. The best of work and moderate prices are characteristics of Mr. Haszinger's establishment.

Notice to Steamboat Pilots.

Masters and Pilots of all boats on the Yazoo river are hereby notified that the drawbridge of the Memphis and Vicksburg Railroad, at Anthony's Ferry, will be always closed, and only opened when proper signals are given and answered. A watchman will always be on hand. Boats are requested to give two long blasts of the whistle as a signal to open the draw, and are warned not attempt to pass the draw until signaled by the watchman from the center of the draw that everything is clear.
JAS. M. EDWARDS, V. P. & G. M.
ap14 20d

LOUIS HOFFMAN

AGENT FOR THE



"CHAMPION"

Reaping and Mowing Machine

THE BEST MACHINE MADE.

LOUIS HOFFMAN
ap14

T. J. HANES, J. W. HANES
HANES BROS.,
Successors to D. R. SMARR & CO.,
Auction and Commission Merchants,
206 WASHINGTON STREET, VICKSBURG.
Consignments solicited. Prompt returns and satisfaction guaranteed. feb6

JOHN B. CLARK. D. S. WRIGHT
CLARKE & CO
WE invite your attention and solicit your inspection, as we feel assured that you will find it to your interest to do so before buying elsewhere. We buy direct from the manufacturers and first hands, consequently we will duplicate prices of North, South or West.

Our Line of Blank Books
Embraces Day Books, Journals, Ledgers, Cash Books, full and half bound; Draft, Note, Order and Receipt Books, Pass and Memorandum Books, Monthly and Weekly Time Book, Invoice and Bill Books, and all kinds and sizes of blank books.
Also Letter Paper, Bill and Account Paper, Envelopes, Inks, Pens, Pencils, etc.

Our Book Department.
We have a large assortment of School Books, Medical, Scientific, Law and Miscellaneous Books, also all the New Books as issued. Our

Fancy Goods Departm't
Offers an elegant variety goods. Birthday and Congratulation Cards in large assortment.

Ladies' Stationery.
Our assortment is always large and latest shades, shapes and kinds.

Artists' Materials.
Includes Oil, Water and China Paints, Materials of every description, Brushes, Canvass, Plaques and Panels of all kinds. Also Art Novelties for Decoration.

Musical Instruments
Includes Pianos, Organs, Guitars, Banjos, Accordions, etc. Italian and German strings for different kinds of instruments. Agents for Decker Bros. Pianos and Mason & Hamlin Organs.
Headquarters for Wall Paper, Picture Frames, Mouldings, &c. All the Current Libraries, both old and new issues. New papers, Magazines, New Publications received daily.

All orders or communications per mail, boat or otherwise answered with promptness, and satisfaction guaranteed. Send for Price List and Catalogue.

CLARKE & CO.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
Booksellers, Stationers and Music Dealers
BLUE FRONT BOOK STORE, 149 WASHINGTON ST., VICKSBURG.

The City School Board.

The School Board held a meeting at the office of Capt. Chamberlin yesterday evening. Present: W. M. Chamberlin, President; Lee Richardson, T. J. Hanes, A. A. Edwards, Jos. W. Short, Trustees; H. J. Trowbridge, Clerk.

The Board established a school for colored children at the old Pleasant Green Church, the use of the building having been tendered the Board free of charge. Mr. E. M. Woods was made principal, and Miss Mary McAllister assistant teacher.

The usual monthly bills were allowed, and the Board adjourned.

SLAUGHTERING PRICES!
IN
Boots and Shoes
AT
FOLEY'S SHOE STORE

English broad toe gaiters, $2.50; London toe, imitation buttoned gaiters, $2.75; Plain box gaiters, $3.00; imitation laced, London toe, sewed gaiter, $3.50; ladies' kid buttoned $3.25, cheap at $4.75; ladies' front laced kid, $2.75, cheap at $4.00; boys' buttoned gaiters, $2.50, cheap at $3.50; youths' buttoned gaiters, double tipped, $2.00, cheap at $3.25.

The chief pride of this house is the superior character of its custom-made work. All orders promptly and carefully attended to. Send for catalogue. 3-15

A SAN FRANCISCO letter says: "Senator Fair and his wife have effected a reconciliation and the long separated couple will be married again in a short time." This will be gratifying to the many friends of the Bonanza Senator who it will be remembered acted so handsomely in the matter of separation, taking upon himself all of the odium and not only declining to contest her application for divorce, but giving her the title to their magnificent residence and settling $4,250,000 upon her.

SUITS TO ORDER,
Ranging from $15, $17.50, $21.50, $25, $30 up to $50. Any gentleman can be pleased in style and fit at 168 Washington street. E. D. HIGGINS is able to suit the head, body and pocket of our New South.
WINNAMAKER & BROWN,
m26 E. D. HIGGINS, Agent.

We were gratified yesterday to note that competent and courteous railroad man, Mr. Wm. Murray, General Southern Passenger agent of the Illinois Central, ("Big 4") Railroad, who is in the city on business for his road. Mr. Murray was formerly connected in a similar capacity with the great Louisville, New Orleans railroad, and did much toward working up the immense passenger business of that corporation. Mr. Murray leaves this morning on the flyer for Vicksburg.—Natchez Democrat.

A TRIUMPH OF SKILL
Dr. Price's SPECIAL

FLAVORING EXTRACTS
Prepared from Select Fruits that yield the finest Flavors. Have been used for years. become The Standard Flavoring Extracts. None of Greater Strength. None of such Purity. Always certain to part to Cakes, Puddings, Sauces the natural Flavor of the Fruit.
MANUFACTURED BY
STEELE & PRICE
Chicago, Ill., and St. Louis, Mo.
Factory at St. Louis, Mo.
WE MAKE NO SECOND GRADE GOODS.

TO THE PUBLIC
MR. JAMES H. KING has this day made an assignment of his stock to me for the benefit of his creditors. I take pleasure in stating that the business will be continued as heretofore, and hope to pay all that he owes, and solicit the patronage of the friends and former patrons of the house. Those holding claims against the house will please present same to me for settlement.
E. V. BOOTH.

The Vicksburg Evening Post.

VOLUME II. VICKSBURG, MISSISSIPPI. MONDAY, APRIL 21, 1884. NUMBER 96.

VICKSBURG BANK.
EDWARD S. BUTTS, President. | Established Nov. 12, 1866.
H. C. KUYKENDALL, Vice-Pres.
JAMES P. ROACH, Cashier. | Incorporated Mar. 4, 1878.
Transacts a General Banking Business.
CHARTER PERPETUAL.
New York Correspondent, - - - National Park Bank.
New Orleans Correspondent, - - - State National Bank.
may4

SPRING SPECIALTIES
Iron Age Cultivators,
Avery's Garden Plows,
Acme Harrows,
GERMAN MILLET SEED, SAPLING CLOVER SEED,
—AND—
LANDRETH'S GARDEN SEED,
DOW LOW COTTON PLANTERS
Globe Cotton Planters, Washburn & Moen's Thick Set Galvanized Barb Wire, Philadelphia Lawn Mowers.
LEE RICHARDSON & CO.

BLANKS'
Southern Photographic Gallery,
CLAY STREET, OVER EXPRESS OFFICE. VICKSBURG, MISS.
STRICTLY FIRST-CLASS PHOTOGRAPHS of all sizes and styles. Old pictures copied and enlarged to any size desired.
INSTANTANEOUS PICTURES TAKEN AT THIS GALLERY
Post Office Box 191.

BASE BALL BATS, ETC.
The season has commenced, and, as usual, we have the largest stock of
Base Ball Bats, Croquet Sets, Hammocks,
MARBLES, TOPS, ETC.
Base Balls, - - - - - - - - 5 cents and up.
Four Ball Croquet Sets - - - - - - 1.00
Eight Ball Croquet Sets - - - - - - 1.50 and upwards.
HEADQUARTERS FOR EVERYTHING IN THE
Book & Stationery Line, Pocket Cutlery, Music, Musical Instruments,
FANCY GOODS, ETC.
Leading Newspapers and Magazines received daily.
J. F. BAUM & CO.
171 WASHINGTON STREET, VICKSBURG.

JOHN BOGIE, President, JOS. BILLITZ, Business Manager.
RIVERVIEW
Manufacturi'g Company
ARE NOW MANUFACTURING
CIDER!
Which they guarantee equal to the best made in the United States or elsewhere. Competition defied. City orders delivered free.
Office at Baumville, Warrenton road. Orders can be left at S. Feld & Co.'s, 178 Washington street. ap16

C. C. REYNOLDS. E. A. NEELY.
C. C. REYNOLDS & CO.
Wholesale and Retail Druggists
AND DEALERS IN
White Lead, Mixed Paints, Linseed Oil, Lard Oil, Coal Oil, Turpentine, Putty and Glassware, Patent Medicines, Sponges, Hair Brushes, Perfumery, Toilet Articles, Fancy Description, Garden seeds, &c.
AGENTS FOR HUMPHREY'S HOMŒOPATHIC MEDICINES. jan

OPERA AT CINCINNATI.

Miss Corinne Moore's Debut.

CINCINNATI, April 18, 1884.

Editor Vicksburg Post:

Yesterday evening Robinson's Opera-house was crowded with an audience composed of the best people in Cincinnati, to hear the first production of the opera "Harvest Home." It was the occasion of the debut of Miss Corinne Moore, of Vicksburg, who is attending the College of Music, and she fairly carried her auditors by storm, and competent judges predict a great musical future for her. "Harvest Home," as a home product, merited encouragement, and, given as it was by local talent, the performance was highly creditable. The first requisite in a successful opera is the libretto. In "Harvest Home" Mr. L. Roescher has furnished a pretty story, with a sufficient number of characters to make the proper juxtapositions and a variety of situations; but there is a slowness of action that is detrimental. Those minor details of coming and going, of doing this and that unimportant little nothing, add wonderfully to the vivacity of the movement of a play, and cannot be omitted with good results. Prof. Nembach, working upon Mr. Roescher's text, has shown himself a capable composer. His choruses are the best part of his composition, and these are pretty, well balanced, and as smooth as a master might write.

That Prpfessor Nembach is a skilled contrapantist is apparent from all his work. His melodic ideas in the solos are not so felicitous. The later school of composers—which is really a heavy school fit chiefly for great dramatic works—seems to have dominated his ideas, and made his songs less bright and airy than they might otherwise have been made. Yet his solo writing shows an easy flow of melody and a care for the capacities of the voices that is highly commendable. He has not strained after effect, at all, and no one could say his opera is amateurish—a charge that has been brought against some respectable composers. Professor Nembach has a good command of instruments, and though no novel combinations were made, there was a pleasing variety in the orchestra that was refreshing.

As to musical form all the numbers were clear-cut and symmetrical, and had the thread of originality run continuously from the charming opening chorus through the connecting recitations, to the grand finale, there is good reason to believe "Harvest Home" would have been pronounced a great popular success, and its prospective fame a certainty. As to the cast which essayed the performance a great many words of praise are in order. Miss Clara Bernstein as "Anna" quite fulfilled the expectations of her many friends. She is a good singer and a good actress, and was given a hearty welcome. Miss Corine Moore was very happy in her part of "Gertrude." She has a charming fresh voice, and sang with effect. Her first solo afforded her an opportunity to display the substantial qualities of her voice; and in richness, power, flexibility, and a certain liquid sweetness, she proved herself unusually gifted. She has had excellent training, and her technique in florid passages showed to great advantage. Her acting was easy and graceful, and barring a slight stage nervousness, was highly creditable to an amateur. Miss Moore received more floral pieces than she could carry away, and had to call upon a super for assistance.

PHŒNIX NO. 2,
Call at LEWIS BROS'. for your Parade Shoes.

PRESENTATION.

Chief Gill Made the Recipient of a Tin Trumpet and Belt and a Gold Badge.

The firemen and citizens of the city have for some time been working up a scheme to present Chief Gill with an elegant badge, and last evening he was inveigled into the unused club room over the Woodbine, where a large crowd was waiting to receive him. The meeting—which was "large and enthusiastic"—was organized by making Mr. Heman Denio Chairman.

Mr. Denio called the meeting to order, and with a neat speech running over with wit and eloquence, presented to Capt. Gill an elaborate tin trumpet, properly inscribed, and a tin belt. The recipient looked somewhat embarrassed, but he did not make a speech returning thanks. He merely remarked that it was "good enough." Maj. Magruder then came forward and presented to Capt. Gill an elegant gold badge that cost $130. Mr. James Gibson then spoke on behalf of Capt. Gill, after which a general congratulation and hand-shaking took place.

TO CONSUMERS.

Remember, there are seven different styles and quality of "Commodore Paris ot" Cigars.
W. E. BECK,
116 Sole Proprietor

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

[Special to THE EVENING POST.]

New Orleans River Report.

NEW ORLEANS, April 21.—The weather is cloudy, cool and threatening.

Business is moderate.

Arrivals: John W. Cannon, from Greenville; Centennial, from St. Louis.

Leaving this evening: Mattie Bell, for St. Louis.

Capt. E. C. Carroll is here safely.

THE REVOLT IN CUBA.

A Lively Session of the Spanish Cabinet—A Protest Forwarded to Washington.

MADRID, April 19.—The Cabinet council yesterday was a lively one. The King, who has each Spring a recurrence of the malaria contracted by him at the English school in Sandhurst, was suffering from a violent attack and was in a nervous condition. He expressed his fears that the United States might refuse to take cognizance of the protestation forwarded by the Spanish Government on account of Aguero's escape, and at first opposed the presentation by Senor Valera of the protest to the Washington Government. Senor Canovas del Castillo, however, carried his point, and the instuctions were forwarded to Senor Valera immediately after the council broke up.

Although the Spanish Ministerial papers accuse the American authorities of a want of proper vigilance, they very severely blame Senor Valera for not keeping the Government properly advised of the gravity and real condition of the Cuban revolutionary movements.

A Short Triumph for Morrison.

A New York Democrat who voted against the consideration of the Morrison Tariff bill said to-night that there are at least seventeen Democrats who voted with Morrison to-day who have stated that they thus voted only because they desired to support the committee, and that upon the question of passage they will vote "No." This gentleman said further Judge Kelley's speech had done more damage to Democratic prospects this fall than could be counterbalanced by all the talk of the advocates of the bill if they speak until September, and that speech in all manufacturing districts will, as a campaign document, cost the Democratic party thousands of votes. One of the Democratic plans for giving the Morrison bill strength is to have mass meetings held in different portions of the country indorsing it, similar to the recent Brooklyn meeting.

Organization of the Upper Mississippi Levee Board.

[Special to the Picayune.]

JACKSON, Miss., April 19.—Gen. B. S. Ricks, member of the Upper Mississippi Levee Board, is in the city. He reports the organization as follows: President, T. M. White, of DeSoto; Secretary, T. M. Page, of Copiah; Treasurer, W. T. Hemingway, of Jackson; Engineer, Tomas E. Dabney, Vicksburg.

Committees were appointed to wait on Mississippi River Commission and negotiate the sale of bonds. This is the levee district created by the Legislature and protects the river front from the Mississippi line just below Memphis to its connection with the Bolivar, Washington and Issaquena board. It will effect a perfect levee system from Vicksburg to Memphis for the first time since the war.

Petitions for Passage of the Educational Bill.

Prof. H. T. Moore, the County Superintendent of Education, had in circulation to-day, a petition asking the House, for good reasons set forth therein, to pass the Blair educational bill, which was recently adopted by the Senate. By the provisions of the bill, the amount to be distributed among the States of the Union, on the basis of illiteracy, is $77,000,000. As there is a great deal of illiteracy in Mississippi, and as our people are heavily taxed in the endeavor to give school facilities to all, we cannot understand how any one can oppose the proffered and needed assistance provided for in the Blair bill. We, believe, however, there is nearly a unanimous sentiment in favor of it in this section, and that the petition will receive the signatures of a great number of our good citizens. Those who desire to sign the petition will find a copy at Clarke & Co's and Baum & Co's.

Zera Semon To-night.

Don't forget that the great Zera Semon holds forth to-night at the Opera-house. He comes not with a great flourish of trumpets or with the big bass drum, but he will gladden the hearts of the many after all with hundreds of magnificent presents he gives away at each and every performance. He simply pays you to come and witness his wonder performances.

After being delightfully entertained for a couple of hours or with his wonderful and startling tricks, you are made additionally happy by receiving a beautiful present. See his advertisement under the head of amusements.

Queen Victoria Ill.

LONDON, April 19.—It is reported from Darmstadt that Queen Victoria is suffering from lumbago. She is confined to the Palace, and receives daily visits from her physician.

ATTENTION, HOOKS!
Don't forget LEWIS BROS. for your Parade Shoes.

SOME keeper of penal statistics has found that there were more lynchings than legal executions in this country last year. If this sort of thing continues, a jury will be defined as a time-honored contrivance for shielding crime and encouraging murder.

CONSTITUTION FIRE CO.,
Go to LEWIS BROS'. for your Parade Shoes.

Col. Wm. French.

The news from Jackson to-day is to the effect that Col. Wm. French is in a very critical condition, and probably growing worse. His physician and friends were apprehensive that he could not live through last night, but up to the hour of our going to press, to-day, he was still lingering. We very much fear there is no hope for the recovery of this patriotic and public-spirited citizen, and his many friends may make up their minds to hear the sad news of his death at any moment in the near future.

A Thing of Beauty is a Joy Forever.

We were reminded of the above beautiful passage when our attention was called to-day to a lovely cake—a present from the popular steamer Issaquena to the Vicksburg Fire Department. The cake is beautifully and artistically decorated, with the figure of a deer on its top, emblematic of the word or name "Issaquena." This delicious piece of work was gotten up for the firemen under the direction of Mr. Lee, the artistic and popular steward of the Issaquena.

Millinery, Etc.

See the local advertisement of Mme. Greffoz. She is just in receipt of the very largest and most beautiful styles of ladies bonnets and hats. A large assortment of lace caps. The very latest and most fashionable changes in hair goods, and the prices are very low. The ladies are specially invited to call and examine. Those contemplating visiting the city down here. Large and handsome line of "all over" lace nett and embroidery at correct prices.

For Boots and Shoes go to the Big Shoe Store of LEWIS BROS, formerly Jas. H. King's.

Volunteer Southrons Attention.

Extra drill this Monday at 7:30 p.m., to prepare for Dress Parade Wednesday evening. By order of the Captain,
W. O. SMITH, O. S.

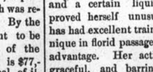
Notice to Steamboat Pilots.

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JAS. M. EDWARDS, V. P. & G. M.
ap14 20d

LEWIS BROS.

Open to-morrow at the Big Shoe Store on Washington street formerly occupied by Jas. H. King.

Vicksburg Bank.
AN election of five Directors to serve for the ensuing year will be held at the banking house Thursday, May 1st, 1884, from 10 a.m. to 12 m.
E. S. BUTTS, President.
JAMES P. ROACH, Cashier.
April 10th.—10t.

FIREMEN'S DAY!
—THE—
BOMBARDMENT of VICKSBURG
Round Trip Tickets, One Fare.

ISSAQUENA
Will leave Greenville for Vicksburg on Tuesday evening April 22d, at 4 p.m.,
Leave Longwood, ... 6 p.m.
" Leota, ... 7 "
" Skipwith's, ... 9 "
" Mayersville, ... 10 "
" Providence, ... 12 m.
" Hays Landing (Wednesday), 2 a.m.
" Wilton, ... 3 "
" Chotard, ... 5 "
" Milliken's Bend, ... 7 "
Arrive at Vicksburg, ... 9 "
In time to witness one of the
Grandest Displays!
Ever before given by the Vicksburg Fire Department. ap10

W. T. BALFOUR, M. D.
LATE PHYSICIAN TO CITY HOSPITAL.
Physician and Surgeon
OFFERS his professional services to the people of Vicksburg and vicinity.
Office at Keefe & Co.'s drugstore. Residence corner Crawford and South streets. ap10

ICE! ICE!
—THE—
D. W. Flowerree Ice Company
—WILL DELIVER ICE TO—
DEALERS and CONSUMERS
AT THE FOLLOWING RATES:

Ten Ton Lots	40 cents per 100
One Ton Lots	50 " " "
Less than One Ton	60 " " "
Less than 1000 lbs	75 " " "
Less than 500 lbs	$1 " " "
Packed for Shippers	$1 " " "

ap8

ICE!
I AM now prepared to furnish Ice at wholesale or retail. Ice delivered to any part of the city, or furnished ready for shipment at 1 cent per pound, on short notice.
THOS. TALBIN,
4-16 South Street, Ice House.

SWITZER, NEWWITTER & CO.;
133 WASHINGTON STREET.
Spring & Summer Stock Immense.

DRESS GOODS.
A line of extra rich, soft finish, black cashmere Armenian silks, in nine different qualities, from $1 per yard up.
Ten styles of black satin and silk brocades, fully 25 per cent. below any competition.
Eight shades colored satin brocades—something entirely new—marked down to $1.15 per yard, would be reasonable at $1.50
A line of evening shades satin surah, 27 inches wide, worth $1.50, reduced to $1.15
Colored silks in all shades.
Black grenadines in handsome and cheap qualities.

BUTTONS.
Handsomest line of Spring importations in fancy pearl, metal, jet and crochet, plain and beaded buttons, to match dress goods, in the city.

LACES and EMBROIDERIES
Immense assortment of Escurial, Spanish, Guipure, Oriental and cream laces, in all qualities and prices.
Cheapest line of Ham

THE EVENING POST

PUBLISHED BY
J. G. CASHMAN & CO.,
Washington St., Vicksburg, Miss.

The Evening Post.

VICKSBURG, MISS., APRIL 21, 1884.

It is not probable that Mr. Watterson will write the next National Democratic platform.

SUPPOSE Randall was nominated for the Presidency by the Democrats and the Republican party slaughters Blaine again, seriously would not Randall carry Pennsylvania?—State Ledger.

Although the question is not propounded particularly to us, we cannot refrain from answering that Randall would almost certainly carry Pennsylvania.

THE Democracy of Pennsylvania has instructed for Samuel J. Randall for President, and set him upon a platform favoring a tariff for revenue limited to the necessities of the Government." Doesn't THE VICKSBURG POST now admit that Mohamet has gone to the mountain?—Carroll Watchman.

If the Watchman will publish the entire resolution from which the above tariff declaration was taken, and then repeat its question we will answer it. It is hardly fair to take only part of a sentence in a tariff resolution and call it a "platform." Here is the section of the protective platform of the Pennsylvania Democrats from which the Watchman takes the above sentence:

"We favor a tariff for revenue limited to the necessities of the Government economically collected, and so adjusted as to present equal burdens, encouraging active industries at home, but not to create or foster monopolies; and to this end we favor the abolition of the internal revenue system and taxes, and favor such adjustment of the existing tariff duties as will be consistent with these principles.

We have never yet heard of anybody demanding on aggregate of tariff duties greater than the necessities of the Government, or opposed to regulating the tariff to that standard. But it is demanded that the tariff shall be so adjusted, by making the duty on some articles greater than others, as to protect home industries.

The Tariff Bill.

Mr. Morrison and his low tariff followers are welcome to all the comfort they can extract from yesterday's vote on the proposal to begin discussion of the Ways and Means Committee's bill. The House decided—140 to 138—to take up the measure. The majority in favor of consideration was, therefore, only 2. This is a ridiculous margin of support at the outset for a bill which has been made a Democratic party measure, in a House which has a Democratic majority of 60 or 65. Such a victory is little better than a defeat. The failure of this Morrison-Watterson scheme to overthrow the existing tariff now appears to be assured.

One ground for coming to this conclusion is the following: The vote yesterday showed 138 Democrats to be heartily opposed to the Morrison bill, but it did not prove that 140 seriously advocated it. The count, in other words, gauged the positive strength of the opposition accurately, but exaggerated that of the friends of the measure. The question at stake was this: Will the House of Representatives consider the Morrison tariff bill? No member went against consideration unless he was hostile to the act from top to bottom. But there is reason to believe that not a few members voted against consideration who would have voted against enactment, if enactment, instead of debate had been the issue before them. Debate is natural to suppose, would result in amendment, if not improvement. A few members believe that the Morrison bill may be amended into a shape which they can indorse, although they do not favor it as it stands. These voted for consideration. But it will be found that no two members can agree on the list of amendments that should be adopted. A great clash of interests is about to be heard, and a loud hurrah for changes. But a change that will command the approval of one man is sure to alienate another, so that ultimately, while the 138 are bound to stick, the 140 are pretty certain to fall apart. Mr. Morrison's hobby-horse, in other words, needs several more legs to stand on, and yet is likely to lose some which it now seems to have.

The Democratic leaders must be sadly humiliated by the defection of thirty-five members from their ranks. No party ever made a finer show on dress parade than this one when the roll of Representatives was drawn up after the election of 1882. Where are the banners which were then thrown to the breeze? where is that "good working majority"? Where are the forces which made Mr. Carlisle Speaker and Mr. Morrison Chairman of Ways and Means? Demoralized in the first contest waged by the party, and reduced to a feeble command of two pairy votes! Our political history hardly affords a parallel for this inglorious fall.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

A SUBMARINE boat which ought to be able to destroy the navies of the world has been made at Stockholm. It was tried on the Malar lake, and will shortly be brought over to France. The boat has the shape of a cigar, is sixty-four feet long, six feet wide, and has an engine of thirty horse power. It is said that it can be navigated under water, goes at the speed of ten nautical miles the hour, and that four persons can, without any danger, remain in it for six hours running. The funnel-shaped cylinder is the only part of the boat which is visible. A winding stair leads to the boat, which is steered from the top of the cylinder, where a glass roof enables the man at the wheel to see the surface of the water and direct the course of his strange submarine craft.

GEN. GRANT talks so glibly for proposed Chicago speech that Chicago Democrats are beginning to feel uneasy.

"In Every Case but One."

In our own county the Government instead of standing an impartial arbiter between the conflicts of maturing opinion and contending interests, has itself descending into the arena, equipped with all the weapons of partisanship. Its myriads of office-holders; its alliances with or against vast pecuniary interests; its unlimited command of money levied from its dependents and contractors, have sufficed to determine a majority IN EVERY CASE BUT ONE. In that case, it collected military forces around the capital, and by this and other menaces intimidated the Congressional Representatives of a majority of the people to relinquish the fruits of their victory and to surrender the Government to the control of a minority.—Mr. Tilden's letter.

The above is from Mr. Tilden's letter to the Iroquois club. Mr. Tilden is a shrewd politician, but his hand has apparently "lost its cunning." Mr. Tilden won considerable reputation as a "reformer" in New York politics, but has never been credited with statesmanship of a high order by those competent to judge.

In the foregoing paragraph Mr. Tilden arraigns the Government (the party in power) for interfering with and determining elections IN EVERY CASE BUT ONE. Of course, the exception he makes is the occasion when the Hon. Samuel J. himself was alleged to have been entitled to a majority of the electoral votes. Can it be possible that Mr. Tilden's statement is true in regard to the rest of the elections? We suppose Mr. Tilden refers to the time since the war, in his sweeping allegations, but let us begin with the election of Abe Lincoln and see if the facts bear out his charges:

Abraham Lincln's fair and constitutional election in 1860 has never been questioned or disputed. His election was made possible by the dissensions and splits in the Democratic party of that day. But because the people of the North and West in the exercise of their constitutional rights, succeeded in electing Abraham Lincoln, the people of the South, instigated by the Democratic politicans of both sections, severed their relations with the Union. Abraham Lincln was re-elected during the progress of the war. Now can Mr. Tilden question his fair election? The Government was in the hands of the Democratic party when Lincoln was first elected, and of course Mr. Tilden will hardly claim that it interfered in any manner to promote his success. He was re-elected by the States that remained in the Union, in recognition and appreciation of his eminent statesmanship.

In 1868, Gen. Grant, the Union hero of the war, was triumphantly and almost unanimously elected President, as a tribute to his great military services during the war for the perpetuation of the Union. His election was an overwhelming expression of the esteem and affection of the people, which he fairly won by his ability and services. Will Mr. Tilden dare assert that any undue influences were used at this election, or that the true wishes of the people did not find proper expression?

When Grant was re-elected he defeated Horace Greeley—a pure patriot, an able statesman, and a staunch Republican. Does Mr. Tilden mean to assert that the people of the United States preferred Mr. Greeley to Gen. Grant? We fully believe the people were well pleased with Gen. Grant's first administration, and gave it an emphatic endorsement by fairly and honestly re-electing him.

In 1876 Mr. Tilden was himself a candidate for the Presidency. He was Governor of New York, and was popular in that State. His fertile mind conceived a scheme to carry the Presidential election for the Democrats—and that scheme was based upon the belief that he could carry New York, and that the "Solid South" would vote for anybody the Democratic party nominated. His scheme worked pretty well, but it was the scheme of a thorough "politician," and it turned out that there was just as able and shrewd politicians on the Republican side as Mr. Morton, Zach Chandler, and others—who checkmated Mr. Tildens's schemes, and beat him at his own game. Mr. Tilden certainly cannot honestly believe that a fair and unintimidated expression of the CITIZENS of the United States elected him in 1872. If he does so believe he is possessed of a great deal more credulity and ignorance than we give him credit for. And then, too, the people will remember what an unsavory odor was attached to the Cronin business in connection with the electoral vote of Oregon, and the cypher dispatches to Florida, all of which was in Mr. Tilden's interest.

In 1880, Gen. Garfield defeated Gen. Hancock for the Presidency. The Democratic campaign managers conducted a campaign of slander and vituperation against Gen. Garfield that disgusted the best citizens of the country. There was no end to DeGolyer and other stories derogatory to Gen. Garfield, and finally the National Committee fixed up a letter on the Chinese question—attributed this forged letter to Garfield, and put it into circulation by the hundreds of thousands with a view to injuring his prospects. Mr. Tilden contributed $50,000 to the Democratic campaign fund, and the amounts thus contributed for such party purposes probably reached nearly the same. We don't believe Mr. Tilden had any hand in the party in power (the Government) used any undue influence or means to secure Mr. Garfield's election.

And what will the Congressional representatives of the people say to Mr. Tilden's charge that they allowed themselves to be terrorized from the performance of THEIR duties? We imagine that each and all of them will indignantly repudiate this charge of Mr. Tilden's.

We mention these details to show that it is time for the Democratic party to cut loose from Mr. Tilden. The people can no longer be deceived by his assertions, or by cries of "reform"—they want the "proof," and demand cold facts and undisputed figures. The party will now have to go before the country, with well-defined principles, to battle for live, present issues, and under the leadership of some man like Randall, of Pennsylvania, if there is to be any hope of success.

The Educational Bill.

The seeds of opposition to the Blair educational bill based upon discontent with negro suffrage, sown by Senator Morgan in his speech in the Senate, are germinating and producing some fruit in this State.

The Herald and Times, (Union Springs, Ala.,) under the head of "Millions for the Public Schools," says:

The leaders of the Republican party have ever been fertile in resources to perpetuate their control of this government. Whenever they have discovered the waning of their power. Conspicuous among these Machiavellian expedients were the despotic reconstruction measures and the enfranchisement of the negro. For the enactment of these laws the consent of the South was not needed, and the mere asking her for a vote on them was the veriest mockery. The evil results of these measures to the whole country, but to the South in particular, have been disastrously realized by a long-suffering people and should make them watchful for the future.

Now comes Senator John Sherman, the arch-conspirator in forcing the above mentioned iniquitous legislation on the people, and proposes to lavish millions on the public schools of the States on the basis of illiteracy.

We do not care to enter into a discussion of the wisdom or unwisdom of negro suffrage, as such a discussion is utterly useless. This matter has been settled by the amendments to the Constitution, and the people of Alabama, as well as the whole South, have accepted the amendments in good faith, and the attempt of Senator Morgan and the Herald and Times to reopen these issues is the consummation of folly. The questions of negro slavery and citizenship were the causes of a long and bloody struggle between the two sections of the country in which the flower of the land was sacrificed. That conflict ended nearly twenty years ago. Subsequently the results of the war were embodied in the Federal Constitution, and the Southern States resumed their places in the Union under that Constitution, accepting the results.

During the years that have followed, the enemies of the South have falsely assumed that her people were hostile to the colored people, and wherever their assumptions were believed they have proved a great obstacle to Southern peace and progress. And now comes Southern Senators and Southern newspapers, assuming a position that will serve as a foundation for the truth of the misrepresentations of the people on this subject. It may be that Senator Morgan has raised a storm that he cannot quell. Having stirred up the bitter memories of the war and reconstruction, and virtually assailed negro suffrage, it may be that indiscreet people will continue to agitate it until, like Banquo's ghost, it will not down at his bidding. Is the presidential campaign to be fought on that issue?

Our Union Springs contemporary presents this bill as an enterprise of Senator John Sherman. That is not the fact. The bill was reported by the Committee on education and labor, and three out of four Democrats of the Committee, Senators Pugh, George and Call, all from the South, concurred in the report. Though Sherman did not vote on the bill, and although he professed to approve its purpose, his speeches showed he did not favor the bill in the shape Mr. Blair introduced it, and he even went so far as to assert he was not willing, on account of their official prejudices, to trust the Southern States with so much money. Indeed, one of the most striking evolved in the discussion of the bill was that Sherman was not its friend.

The Herald and Times further says: "The people of this State are opposed to Federal school Superintendents being put over them. They shudder at the thought of mixed schools of whites and blacks. Bloodshed would ensue from a compulsory education law under these circumstances."

That sort of stuff cannot be born of passion because there is nothing that has provoked it. The suggestion of bloodshed ensuing from compulsory education is an entirely uncalled-for reflection upon the people of Alabama. It is of a kind with the old Radical attempt to fasten the negro's vote by telling him the Democrats wanted to put him back into slavery. It seems that like its protege Senator Morgan, it is hard for the Herald and Times to believe that there is anything of to-day bearing upon the welfare of the South with which the war of the rebellion and reconstruction wrongs have not something to do.

The Blair bill charges the State with the duty of disbursing the money, and expressly provides that mixed schools shall not be made a condition to the reception of the money. The bill does not create a Federal scheme of education, but simply gives to the State schools the amount of money therein named on the basis of illiteracy. "Federal school superintendents," "mixed schools," and "bloodshed" are merely monsters of fancy.

In view of the intimation that this bill will lead to a denial of "our political rights as sovereign States," we give an extract from Senator Voorhees's reply to the constitutional objection made by Senator Morgan and others. Senator Voorhees, who has always been a valiant friend of the South, said: "I am amazed it fills me with wonder when I hear some of the arguments which have been addressed on this floor. There is not a State in the Union that does not have on its statute books a law for the compulsory education of children. Why, sir, in the State of Indiana, which I have the honor in part to represent, we have had a law of that character for more than twenty years. Under the operation of that law the illiteracy of the State has been reduced from 11 per cent. to 5 per cent. Is it to be said that the Federal Government, which has the power to raise money by taxation, cannot appropriate it for the purpose of education, because the States have the power to do it? Why, sir, the Government of the United States has the power to establish a uniform system of bankruptcy throughout the country, although the States have the power to establish bankrupt laws. The Government of the United States has the power to establish a uniform system of naturalization, although the States have the power to establish naturalization laws. The Government of the United States has the power to establish a uniform system of weights and measures, although the States have the power to establish weights and measures. The Government of the United States has the power to establish a uniform system of coinage, although the States have the power to establish coinage. And now comes the proposition that the Government of the United States has not the power to appropriate money for the purpose of education, because the States have the power to establish systems of education. Sir, I am amazed at the argument."

Since 1879 to the present hour in the authority in this bill in one shape or another has not been the active policy of this Government for our own people as well as for other races. This policy fills our history with its precedents, and the whole land with its blessings."—Birmingham (Ala.) Age.

Railway Legislation in California.

A bill has been passed by the California Assembly which contains very rigorous provisions against discriminating charges by the railroads. The bill provides that all railroads shall transport freight and passengers without discrimination; that freight shall be transported in the order of its receipt; that freight schedules shall be conspicuously posted at all the stations; that there shall be no special rates or discounts other than uniform discounts for prompt or advance payment; that no California railroad corporation shall accept a charter from any other State; that no railroad organized outside of the State shall enter it; that in case of forfeiture the road, appurtenances and right of way shall vest in the people of the State, and that the corporeperty shall be sold for the benefit of the stockholders; that violations of the provisions of the law relating to discriminating rates shall work a forfeiture; and that any agent of a railroad who shall attempt to perform any act in violation of the law shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, punishable by imprisonment for not less than thirty days. This stringent piece of legislation passed the Assembly by a vote of 72 to 2 out of 80 members. The San Francisco Bulletin questions the constitutionality of some of the provisions of the bill, and urges that those features of the proposed measure which strike the average citizen as just and fair are already incorporated in the organic law of the State, and nothing is gained by repeating them, while other portions of the law are so expressed that they can lead to nothing more profitable than litigation. The fact that the bill was passed by so large a majority is in itself discrediting to the Bulletin, an indication that the railroads do not dread it much.

The Illinois State Convention Indorses Arthur's Administration and Declars for Logan.

PEORIA, ILL., April 17.—The Republican State Convention met here at noon yesterday. A State ticket was nominated, and among the resolutions adopted was the following:

Resolved, That taking just pride in the integrity and patriotism, purity, character and political sagacity of the soldier-statesman of Illinois, Gen. John A. Logan, whose record, both in peace and in war, has reflected honor and dignity upon the State, promoted the welfare and prosperity of the nation, and illuminated our history, whose glorious services in crushing armed treason and rebellion gains added lustre from the recent ringing denunciation of the more cowardly and skulking treason in the army of the Union, we present his name to the National Convention of the Republican party, to assemble at Chicago on the 3d day of June next, as that of a fit person to receive the nomination of the Republican party for President and to receive the suffrages of the people of the United States in November next, and that we instruct the delegates appointed by this convention from the State at large and request those from the several districts to give him their individual and earnest support, relying upon his consistency, fidelity and patriotism.

The Wool Tariff.

Mr. Chace of Rhode Island, in his speech, especially antagonized that portion of the Morrison bill which reduces the duty on wool. The woolen industry was already burdened, and a further reduction of twenty per cent. was made a very large proportion of all the mills in the country would be stopped. A reduction of twenty per cent. on the present tariff list would throw out of employment, 1,700,000 persons, who, with their families, consumed 53,000,000 bushels of wheat. They would be forced to cultivation of the soil, and the production of wheat would be increased to the extent of 153,000,000 bushels. The producers of cereals were already in danger owing to the growing competition from the wheat fields of Russia and India. The only safe market for wheat was the home market.

DR. J. M. BYRUM, one of the leading Republicans in this part of the official precincts, to trust the Southern States with so much money. Indeed, one of the most striking evolved in the discussion of the bill was that Sherman was not its friend.

The Herald and Times further says: "The people of this State are opposed to Federal school Superintendents being put over them. They shudder at the thought of mixed schools of whites and blacks. Bloodshed would ensue from a compulsory education law under these circumstances."

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In view of the intimation that this bill will lead to a denial of "our political rights as sovereign States," we give an extract from Senator Voorhees's reply to the constitutional objection made by Senator Morgan and others. Senator Voorhees, who has always been a valiant friend of the South, said: "I am amazed it fills me with wonder when I hear some of the arguments which have been addressed on this floor. There is not a State in the Union that does not have on its statute books a law for the compulsory education of children. Why, sir, in the State of Indiana, which I have the honor in part to represent, we have had a law of that character for more than twenty years. Under the operation of that law the illiteracy of the State has been reduced from 11 per cent. to 5 per cent. Is it to be said that the Federal Government, which has the power to raise money by taxation, cannot appropriate it for the purpose of education, because the States have the power to do it? Why, sir, the Government of the United States has the power to establish a uniform system of bankruptcy throughout the country, although the States have the power to establish bankrupt laws. The Government of the United States has the power to establish a uniform system of naturalization, although the States have the power to establish naturalization laws. The Government of the United States has the power to establish a uniform system of weights and measures, although the States have the power to establish weights and measures. The Government of the United States has the power to establish a uniform system of coinage, although the States have the power to establish coinage. And now comes the proposition that the Government of the United States has not the power to appropriate money for the purpose of education, because the States have the power to establish systems of education. Sir, I am amazed at the argument."

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Sash, Doors, Blinds, Mouldings, T. and G. Flooring and Ceiling
Orders addressed to the undersigned will be promptly filled.
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I cordially invite a comparison of Work and Prices, believing mine to be the Best and Cheapest.
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Special attention given to collections.
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Fashionable Dressmaker,
Orders from the country promptly attended to.

SIGNAL SERVICE REPORT.

LOCAL WEATHER REPORT.

Hour.	Bar.	Tem.	Hum.	Wind	Weather.
7 a. m.	29.89	63	93	N.	Cloudy.
2 p. m.	29.90	72	84	N.	Fair.
7 p. m.	29.88	73	71	N.	Fair.
11 p. m.	29.89	68	80	N.	Cloudy.
7 a. m.	29.89	63	76	N.	Cloudy.

	1883.	1884.
Maximum thermometer	79.6	75.5
Minimum thermometer	58.0	62.0
Mean temperature	68.1	68.9
Rainfall	.00	0.10

STAGE OF RIVERS.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER,
April 18, 2 p.m. Washington time.

The following observations were taken at the same moment of time at all the stations named:

Stations.	Above low water: Feet	In's	Changes. Rise	In's	Fall	In's
Fort Ellis	38	5	...		...	
Bismarck	11	6	...		...	2
Fort Lewis	18	6	...		...	4
Keokuk, Iowa	9	6	...		...	
Dubuque, Iowa	10	6	...		...	
Davenport	12	6	...		...	
Rock Island	12	6	...		...	
Rock Island	10	11	...		...	3
Quincy	10	11	02		...	
Hannibal	21	8	...		...	2
St. Louis	21	8	...		...	2
Evansville	11	8	...		...	0
Fort Orleans	8	1	...		...	4
Memphis	5	5	...		...	5
Vicksburg	7	9	...		...	3
Davenport	22	9	...		...	1
Baton Rouge	6	9	...		...	3
Red River Landing	45	4	10		...	

Below high water of 1874. *Frozen.

RISE OF WATER AT VICKSBURG IN FORMER YEARS.

In 1862 water 62, above zero, 51 1-10 feet.
In 1863 water 67, above zero, 49 feet.
In 1864 water 72, above zero, 45 ft. 8 inches
In 1865 water 75, above zero, 43 feet.
In 1866 water 78, above zero, 41 ft. 10 inches
In 1867 water 80, above zero, 43 ft. 2 inches
In 1868 water 81, above zero, 41 ft. 10 inches
In 1869 water 80, above zero, 42 ft. 9 inches
In 1870 water 83, above zero, 43 ft. 10 inches

HIGH WATER OF 1882.

Stations.	Date of Highest Point.	Highest point Reached.
Bismarck	Feb. 20, 1882	51 ft. 9 inches
Fort Yates	Jan. 19, 1882	40 ft. 2 inches
Fort Lewis	Feb. 21, 1882	58 ft. 6 inches
La Crosse	Dec. 3, 1881	10 ft. 1 inch
Prairie du Chien	March 8, 1882	47 ft. 5 inches
Dubuque	Nov. 29, 1881	11 ft. 5 inches
Clinton Rock Island	Feb. 24, 1882	21 ft. 6 inches
Quincy	Feb. 22, 1882	21 ft. 6 inches
Hannibal	March 6, 1882	36 ft. 0 inches
Evansville	Jan. 22, 1882	54 ft. 7 inches
Cairo	March 27, 1882	53 ft. 3 inches
St. Louis	Feb. 22, 1882	28 ft. 3 inches
Vicksburg	March 20, 1882	48 ft. 9 inches
Below high water of 1874.		

THE RIVER.

ARRIVED.

City of Cairo, from St. Louis.
Gen. Carroll, Jr., from Tallahatchie.
Golding Star, from Cincinnati.
Issaquena, from Greenville.
Tributary and tow, from Lake Washington.

DEPARTED.

Capt. Miller, from Natchez.
Merry and barge, from Deer Creek.

DEPARTED.

John F. Halpin, for Rodney.
Capt. Miller, for Natchez.
Golding Star, for New Orleans.

BOATS DUE TO-DAY.

City of Baton Rouge, N. O. to St. Louis.
City of Vaxoo, New Orleans to Vicksb'g.
J. H. Williams, Tallulah to Vicksburg.
City of St. Louis, St. Louis to N. O.

BOATS DUE LEAVING TO-DAY.

For Greenville—Issaquena, 5 p.m.
For Deer Creek—Harry and barge, 4 p.m.

BOATS DUE TO-MORROW.

W. P. Thompson, Greenville to Vicksburg.
C. P. Schenck, N. O. to Cincinnati.
City of Helena, St. Louis to Vicksburg.

BOATS LEAVING TO-MORROW.

For Cincinnati—U. P. Schenck, 7 a.m.
For New Orleans—City of Yazoo, 9 a.m.
For St. Louis—City of Saint, 11 a.m.
For Big Deer Creek—Deer Creek, 4 p.m.
For Tallahatchie—E. C. Carroll, 4 p.m.

NOTES.

Cloudy and cool.
Tallahatchie river rising.
River rose one inch in the last 24 hours, and now stands 45 feet 5½ inches on the gauge.
The City of Helena, Capt. Jno. T. McCord, is the next Anchor Line packet to leave Tuesday evening.
The Ike Bonham has deferred her trip to Deer Creek till Thursday at 5 p.m., instead of this evening.
Charlie Bachino is one of the clerks on the City of Yazoo. Val Entriken the second clerk of this boat next trip.
The Tributary and barge, Capt. J. L. Rutland, arrived from Lake Washington yesterday evening with a good trip.
The Rodney will be leaving will be given.
The J. H. Williams, Capt. R. H. Bowman, Warren C. Kain in the office, is due this evening from Talulah, La. Notice of her leaving will be advertised.
The Deer Creek, Capt. Chas. Parent, will receive to-morrow and is the regular packet leaving for Deer Creek at 5 p.m.
The Issaquena has engagements for a big return trip.
The U. S. mail-boat Captain Miller arrived from below last night and left this evening at 8 o'clock for Natchez. Capt. Randlett master, H. E. Snow clerk.
The through Anchor Liner City of Baton Rouge is due up to-day en route to St. Louis. She had 800 hogsheads of sugar and several people leaving New Orleans.
The City of St. Louis, Capt. Dan Rhea master, is the through Anchor Liner for New Orleans, passing during the day. She left Memphis Saturday with a full cargo of cotton and 75 bales of cotton seed for New Orleans.
The New Orleans Democrat says twelve hundred and nine hogsheads of sugar are the entire shipment to St. Louis from the yesterday's receipts, and another cargo of 2000 hogsheads is expected to-day.

"The Railway and State"

Is the title of a paper by Gerrit L. Lansing in the May number of the North American Review. He contends that the rates are the product of competition and are determined by the natural law of all commercial transactions which constantly tends to reduce profits to a minimum. The natural forces which regulate rates are classified thus: 1. Competition of capital. 2. Competition of parallel roads and water routes. 3. Competition of markets. 4. Efforts of the railroads to increase their traffic and net income by decreasing their rates. After illustrating these points at considerable length, the writer reaches the conclusion that "it is safer and better to leave the regulation, classification and establishment of rates with the proprietors under the control of these natural forces, than to delegate it to a legislature or commission, whose interests in its proper execution are slight, and whose information at the best can not be compared to that of those who make it the business of their lives. This leaves great power with the corporation, it is true, but the power is in the property. To shift the control from the owners to commissioners, only shifts it from the responsible and interested to the irresponsible and uninterested. It does not remove it; that can only be done by removing the road. The interests of the community and of the railway equally requires the greatest possible movement and exchange of commodities. The control of trade by the State, through directing the management and fixing the rates of railways must result, as similar efforts have resulted in the past, in interference; in an injury instead of a benefit. The best possible results will follow where there is the freest operation of the natural forces of competition. The result, which is recognized by the railway commissioners of Iowa, is seen elsewhere. "Our people" they say "are directly the beneficiaries of a steadily and continually falling rate. This reduction of rates is not confined to the through traffic; it applies—in a somewhat smaller ratio, it is true—to the local traffic as well, which is demonstrated in tables further on, prepared from reliable data by the commissioners. What it is that has produced these reductions in charges is a question rather for the economist; it suffices to be able to point them out and to know that they are welcome tidings alike to producer and consumers."

EMIL TRUMPETER is a prisoner in the county jail, and has pleaded guilty to the charge of manslaughter. He was asked if he was scared that Friday night when the mob broke into the jail. He replied that he was at first, but when he saw so many of them who had been prisoners like himself in the same place he braced up and said to himself, "This gang hasn't the sand to hang any body."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

MR. BEECHER see no reason why a free-trade Republican should abandon that party and go over to the Democrats because the former is blinded with protection. Mr. Beecher remembers that the Democratic party has coquetted with almost every evil which the war swept away, and that it does not appear to have learned a single lesson from the grand struggle of the past twenty-five years.—Boston Journal.

Scorn Not Little Things.

Scorn not the slightest word or deed,
Nor deem it void of power;
There's fruit in each wind-wafted seed
Waiting his natal hour.

A whispering word may touch the heart,
And call it back to life;
A look of love bid sin depart,
And all unholy strife.

No act falls fruitless; none can tell
How vast his power may be,
Nor what results unfolded dwell
Within it silently.

Work and despair not; give thy mite,
Nor count the pittance lent;
God is with all that serve the right,
The holy, true and free.

The Delaware Delegation for Blaine

DOVER, April 19.—The Republican State Convention met yesterday. A platform was adopted, and delegates to Chicago were then chosen. All are for Blaine except one, who is an Arthur man.

THE star of Russian empire is taking its way East in a manner very unpleasant to England. According to a paper lately read before the Royal Asiatic Society the Russians are displaying remarkable activity on the Caspian and Black Seas, and have so managed matters that a corps d'armee might be well on the road to India before the movement attracted much attention, England having no country means of rapid communication. The control of trade by the Russians transport the corps d'armee to Michaelovsk, on the eastern shore of the Caspian. From this port there is already a railroad, a distance of 147 miles; and from the latter place to Askabad, 135 miles, there is a road, and a railway is proposed. Thence to Sarakhs is 185 miles, and from the last-named place to Herat is 302 miles, and a Russian surveyor has already surveyed the entire distance and proved that a line can be easily made.

The Revival of the Fruit Industry.

Gen. Greene of North Carolina, from the Committee on Agriculture of the House, was directed on Saturday to favorably report a bill to allow fruit growers to manufacture brandy from the products of their orchards without the payment of tax. This bill was referred to the Committee of the whole and probably acted upon. In fact we cannot very well see how it can fail to pass as the protectionists favor the general repeal of internal revenue duties, and the Democratic House cancels a few weeks ago pronounced in favor of taking off all imposts from distillation of fruit.

With this embargo removed the making of fruit brandies will become as general as it was years in the past when it was before the war, and there will be a general revival in the orchard interest throughout our country that will speedily overcome the present depression. Full facilities for shipment the fruit business cannot help becoming as important as the cotton, particularly to the people of East Mississippi, if the growers are assured of the same facilities for shipment which already obtain.

JOHN M. SKYLIE has resigned as Commissioner of Swamp Lands, and H. D. Cameron, of Meridian, has been appointed in his stead. Mr. Skylie's term has not yet expired, it occurs to us Mississippi would be better off to-day if she had never enjoyed the luxury of such an office.—Raymond Gazette.

THE Penn brothers who killed Rials in Hinds county, Miss., have been acquitted on the ground of self-defense. Rials had threatened their lives.

STEAMBOATS.

ANCHOR LINE.
For Memphis, Cairo and St. Louis.
THE U. S. MAIL STEAMER
CITY OF CAIRO,
A S LIGHTNER.....Master
J H WHITE.....Clerk.
Leaves for St. Louis TUESDAY, the 22d of April at 11 a.m., connecting at Arkansas City with the Arkansas City Railroad for Pine Bluff, Little Rock, Hot Springs, upper Arkansas river, Fort Smith, and the Indian Territory. Careful attention to way and plantation business. For freight or passage apply on board or to
E. C. CARROLL,
Superintendent Elevator Company.
W. S. JONES,
Superintendent Wharfboat Company.
EUGENE PLATT,
Freight and Passenger Agent.

For Memphis, Cairo, Louisville and Cincinnati.
Steamer U. P. SCHENCK.
J. L. CARTER.....Master.
R. C. BURNS.....Clerk.
Will leave TUESDAY, April 22d, at 7 a.m. For freight or passage apply to W. S. JONES, Superintendent Wharfboat and Elevator Company. ap11

PARISOT LINE.
CARRYING THE U. S. MAILS.
For Yazoo River.
Steamers will leave as follows:
For Belzoni and Greenwood every FRIDAY at 5 p.m. For upper Yazoo and Tallahatchie every TUESDAY at 5 p.m., going through Tchula Lake.
E. C. CARROLL, Superintendent.
W. S. JONES, Agent. ja19

SARGENT'S LINE.
Warrenton, Newton & Point Pleasant
Steamer JOHN F. HALPIN,
W. H. SARGENT.....Master.
L. H. SARGENT.....Clerk
Will leave Vicksburg promptly every MONDAY and THURSDAY, at 10 o'clock for all Davis Bend landings. Also connecting with the Parisot and Lake Washington packets, with the Vicksburg & Meridian and L., N. O. & T. Railroad at Vicksburg. Patronage respectfully solicited from the Vicksburg merchants.
W. S. JONES, Agent.
nov1

Regular Vicksburg, Natchez and New Orleans Packet,
The fast and magnificent steamer
CITY OF YAZOO,
(In place of the Natchez,)
T. P. LEATHERS.....Master
A. MCVAY.....Clerk.
Leaves Vicksburg every TUESDAY at 5 p. m.; New Orleans every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 5 p.m., arriving at Greenville every TUESDAY and FRIDAY at 6 p.m. Returning, leaves Greenville every TUESDAY and FRIDAY at 9 p.m., arriving at Vicksburg every WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY. Makes connection with the Vicksburg & Meridian Railroad for all points East, North and South. Special attention to way and plantation business.
For freight or passage apply on board or to
W. S. JONES,
Superintendent Wharfboat, Vicksburg.
W. C. O'HARA,
Gen. Ticket and Pass. Agent.
GEO. W. PLATT,
Superintendent Wharfboat, Greenville
may4

Regular Vicksburg and Greenville and All Bends Packet.
Steamer W. P. THOMPSON.
M. D. NELON.....Master.
CHAS. DAVIDSON.....Clerk.

AMUSEMENTS.

COMING AGAIN.

TO-NIGHT

AND ALL THIS WEEK,

And Saturday Matinee at 2:30 p.m. for Ladies and Children.



ZERO

Wonder-Worker!

100 Presents given away at each performance. 100

RATES OF ADMISSION:

Reserved seats, 50 cents, with 3 envelopes given you. Family circle, 35 cents, with 2 envelopes given you. Gallery, 25 cents, with 1 envelope given you. ap16

The SECOND GRAND MAI FEST

WILL BE GIVEN BY THE

MOZART ORCHESTRA

—AT THE—

OPERA HOUSE

VICKSBURG, MISS.

—ON—

April 28th and 29th, 1884.

Assisted by the Best Vocal Talent in the City.

Change of Programme Each Evening

Reserved Seats $1. Tickets for sale at Clarke & Co.'s and Baum & Co.'s Book stores. ap21-3t

LOCAL ITEMS.

R. P. Beck, Esq., left for Jackson by last night's train.

S. C. Ragan returned this morning from a business trip to Alabama.

Tickets for admission to Zera Semon's entertainments are for sale at Clark's bookstore.

Let Washington street have a thorough cleaning, gentlemen of the Street Committee.

Take a look at Lewis Bros. shoe store to-morrow. They will open at James King's old stand.

A most sumptuous lunch will be served at Magnolia Hall on the gala 23d; the grand parade day.

The Rifles will hold a meeting to-night, when they will decide whether they will take part in the festivities on Wednesday or not.

See call for drill of Volunteer Southrons at 7:30 this evening, to practice for dress parade Wednesday evening, the 23d inst.

All merchants will oblige the firemen by keeping drays and other vehicles off of that portion of Washington street to be traversed by the procession Wednesday.

Capt. J. D. Hegler, of the Guiding Star, says when they landed at Evansville, Ind., the town was full of country wagons selling fine Irish potatoes at ten cents per bushel, or 50 cents per barrel.

The O. Line steamer Guiding Star, arrived at 12:30 to-day from Cincinnati with 1,700 tons of freight and 75 cabin passengers. 120 tons of freight will be put off here. She will leave for New Orleans at 4 p.m.

L. M. Long and lady, living on Walnut bayou, Madison parish, La., are in the city. Mr. Long recently removed there from Weldon, N. C. He likes the country very much, and thinks the land very fertile. Most of the planters are half planted, and the water going off the land slowly, but will be down in ample time to make a crop.

Miss Mary Maganos was awarded the first prize in the Christ Church Sunday School for excellence in recitations. This young lady has been very successful in taking prizes at schools, having carried off the "honors" on several occasions. A friend having suggested that it was due to her diligence and application, Mr. Jos Maganos, the father of the young lady, modestly claims some of the credit for himself on the ground that "blood will tell."

"March along, march along away!" is the refrain of the "Mulligan Guards" song. Our firemen intend to "march along" next Wednesday, but we wish to remind these heroes of many a hard-fought battle with the fire-fiend, that they cannot march well without good foot-gear. And this reminds us, to suggest to the firemen that a good place to get shoes of the best quality and most comfortable makes, is at Lewis Bros. store when special bargains are now to be obtained.

Mme. A. CREFFOZ

Has just received the latest styles in Hats and Bonnets. A large assortment of Lace Caps. Everything new in Hair Goods, at the lowest prices. ap21-1w

Gents' Fine Shoes,
Ladies' Walking Shoes,
Misses' Promenade Shoes,
Boys' School Shoes,
Infants' Pretty Shoes,
at LEWIS BROS.'
Big Shoe Store.

Miss Corinne Moore's Debut in Opera.

In order to get a fair, impartial and unquestionably correct account of Miss Corinne Moore's performance as "Gertrude" in the Opera of "Harvest Home" in Cincinnati on the evening of the 17th inst., some time previous to the date the Opera was to be performed we made arrangements with the Times-Star to have a competent critic at the performance and to write us a full and detailed account of Miss Moore's singing in particular. In another column appears the letter, which may be depended upon as being correct, coming as it does from high and competent authority, and influenced in no manner whatever, as the members of the Times-Star Editorial Staff are utter strangers to our little singer.

"BIG BROGAN"

Is the sign of LEWIS BROS'. Shoe Store, Washington street.

The Lunch at Magnolia Hall.

The Ladies of the Methodist Church offer to visitors to Vicksburg on the occasion of the Firemen's Parade an elegantly prepared Lunch at Magnolia Hall, opposite the post-office, from 10 a.m. to 11 p.m., at the following very reasonable prices:

Hot crab gumbo, with bread and butter	.35c
Hot pea soup, with bread and butter	.20c
Hot vegetable soup, bread and butter	.10c
Cold ham	.10c
Cold tongue	.10c
Cold mutton	.10c
Salmon salad	.15c
Potato salad	.10c
Sandwich	.10c
Hot coffee	.10c
Tea	.15c
Cake	.10c
Lemonade	.5c

BRAND NEW

And cant-be-beaten styles of thoroughly first-rate Spring clothing now on the counters at our house. Men's suits, boy's suits, children's suits in all the latest shapes and colors. New furnishings and hats just in. The best styles we ever showed, and the lowest prices.

WARNER & SEARLES,
ap9 The Leading Clothiers,

"BIG SIX"

At LEWIS BROS.' Washington Street Shoe Store, formerly Jas. H. King's.

NOTICE TO ORDER.

Pigeon Tournament At Dave Carr's Shooting Gallery, Tuesday, April 22d, at 2 p.m. Everybody invited. ap21-1w

BISHOP THOMPSON.

Services at the Episcopal Churhces Yesterday.

AT TRINITY CHURCH.

The exercises at the two Episcopal churches yesterday were of unusual beauty and interest, and attracted large congregations to both churches to witness the services and hear sermons by the Assistant Bishop of the Diocese, Rev. Hugh Miller Thompson. At the morning service Holy Trinity was filled to its utmost seating capacity, not a single pew remaining empty.

Bishop Adams officiated in the opening exercises.

After the most exquisite and appropriate music by the choir at Trinity Church yesterday, Bishop Thompson delivered a sermon which will be long remembered by the large and intelligent congregation who heard it. The subject was the "Duty of To-day;" the danger of procrastination in all the affairs of life and death. The great preacher was powerfully eloquent, pleading, persuasive, argumentative; often poetic; often carrying away his hearers with sudden outbursts of apt figures and imagery; presenting his convincing reasoning with irresistible skill. It was a sermon worthy of the day, the place, the music and the congregation.

After the sermon the following class were confirmed by the Bishop, who closed the ceremony with a short, pleasing and appropriate address to the new communicants:

Misses Agnes Terrell, Jennie Read and Laura B. Colyer, and Messrs. Harvey Bockwood, John Birchett, Lomax Pittman and Alfred Pittman.

The following programme was rendered by the choir with exceptional artistic effect. The Trinity choir forms in itself no small portion of the attraction to that Church, containing as it does, the richest voice—both in natural force and purity and training—in our city, while all of its members are artists far above the mediocre:

Easter Anthem	Thomas
Venite	Flaxgell
Te Gloriam	Suboth
Te Deum	Sherwin
Jubilate	Shuey
Two hymns	* * *
Resurrection (Offertory)	Holden

The services throughout were exceedingly interesting, and since the fact remains that such occasions bring out a full attendance at the churches it is to be regretted that at least one church of the city does not offer such a programme each Sabbath.

CHRIST CHURCH SUNDAY SCHOOL CELEBRATION.

The church was most beautifully decorated with natural flowers. Judge Fredgric Speed had charge of the school to whose most excellent management was the discipline order and nicety of arrangement so noticeable and conspicuous.

The various classes led by their teachers, with beautiful and appropriate banners filed into the church from the Sunday school room, while the organ discoursed its prettiest music. After the different classes had deposited their Easter offerings, amounting to $675, which amount was collected since the first of January 1884, then followed the choral service by the classes, which was very beautiful and interesting, eliciting encomiums of admiration and praise from all who had the pleasure of listening to it. Bishop Thompson is reported as being specially pleased with the high degree of excellence and efficiency displayed by the Sunday School, pronouncing the same to be as high as any he has ever seen.

Prizes were awarded as follows:

First prize: Miss Mary Maganos, for reciting catechism and answering all questions in prayer book and church discipline.

Second prize: Miss Bertie Lindsey and Miss Mary Bigelow.

Third prize: Misses Janie Bowen, Irene King and Rena Martin.

At the evening service there was a very large attendance notwithstanding the threatening weather.

Bishop Thompson delivered a magnificent sermon—a genuine intellectual treat; but then the Rev. Hugh Miller Thompson has been known for many years—while presiding elder of the Trinity church in the city of New Orleans—as one of the foremost and ablest speakers in the distinguished army of eminent divines of that city.

The selections of music rendered by the choir were very pretty indeed, and were highly praised by those who heard them.

Lewis Brothers' Shoe Store.

We take pleasure in calling attention to the advertisement of this new firm; we like to see young men "branch out" and go into business for themselves, and we know of none that start with better prospects than the Lewis brothers. They have purchased the extensive stock and business of Mr. James King—a business that has been in uninterrupted and successful progress since the year 1836, probably the oldest business house in this city. Mr. Tom Lewis will have personal charge and management of the store, and that he is thoroughly qualified to conduct the every necessary affair is inferred from the fact that he has been with Mr. P. H. Gilbert, in his large shoe establishment (the celebrated Parlor Shoe Store on Washington street) for the last sixteen years. This uninterrupted service means that he gave satisfaction to his employer and to customers, and that he acquired a thorough knowledge of the shoe business, especially as it pertains to Vicksburg and this section.

We may confidently look for this young and enterprising firm to put forth every necessary effort to build up and increase their business. This means, on their part, care and discrimination in buying stock, close personal attention to customers, economical conduct of business—all of which will certainly inure to the benefit of customers. The Lewis Brothers are now in the field, they are well equipped with capital, with experience, and with a fine stock of goods, and they are ready to meet, and successfully too, any competition.

FIREMEN'S GUESTS,

While in our city don't fail to visit the Mammoth Shoe Store of LEWIS BROS., sign of the Big Brogan, Washington street, Big Shoe, Corner Jackson, and good shoes.

Solid, Substantial, and Reliable.

Mercantile houses, like individuals, build for themselves characters and reputations that correctly indicate either their excellencies or peculiarities. Some are noted for dash and short-lived enterprise, some for ephemeral success, and some for success obtained by perhaps questionable means. There is no firm, however, that would not be proud of success based on the merits of solid, financial standing, substantial and clear business judgment, and a reputation for thorough reliability in every respect. There may be a number of firms in this city that have achieved this sort of success, but we with to mention one in particular to-day, whose claim to this sort of desirable success is recognized by all and disputed by none. We allude to the old and reliable house of Jacob Shlenker, No. 137 Washington street. When Jacob Shlenker advertises special bargains or unusual inducements, the people know that he means what he says, and his ample capital and long-establishment in the business give him frequent opportunity to offer such bargains and inducements. In to-day's Post, Mr. Shlenker advertises extraordinary bargains in an immense quantity of dry goods and plantation supplies—the first choice of the stock—which he purchased from Mayer Bros. & Co's. closing out sale.

In addition to this, we might mention that Mr. Shlenker's regular stock is unexcelled in this section in extent, variety and quality, and that his wholesale grocery department is one of the largest in the South. Here bargains are to be had all the year round, but just now Mr. Shlenker proposes to give special bargains in the goods mentioned, and, as we have already stated, our people know he means what he says, for he is bound to sustain his reputation for solidity and reliability.

Attention Washingt'n Fire Company No. 3.

You are hereby notified to attend an adjourned meeting of your company this (Monday) evening at 7:30 o'clock. A full attendance is solicited as business of importance will be transacted.

By order H. JACKSON, President.
Ed. Hille, Secretary. 1t

For Sale.

Two good building lots on Jackson road. Title good. Apply to John R. McRae, No. 207 Mulberry street, or Dr. J. H. D. Bowmar, real estate agent.

No. 1 Soda Fountain; all fixtures complete. Apply to John R. McRae.

Two pair Store Scales, at McRae's, in good order.

One fine Parlor Set Furniture, nine pieces, at John R. McRae's Store.

Four full Marble Bedroom Sets Furniture, at John R. McRae's, 207 Mulberry street, next to McCutchen's. Must be sold inside of ten days. ap19

See notice of pistol tournament at Dave Carr's "shooting gallery, commencing (Tuesday), the 22d.

WASHINGTON NO. 3,
Remember LEWIS BROS. for Parade Shoes, at "Big Six."

Death of W. C. O'Hara.

The many friends of this gentleman, and our citizens generally, were startled last Thursday upon learning that he had been fatally stricken with cerebro spinal menengitis. Up to the very moment he was stricken he had been apparently in the best and most robust health. There were no hopes entertained for his recovery from the beginning. He expired at 10:30 o'clock Saturday night, the 19th, and was buried from his residence and St. Paul's Catholic church at 5 o'clock yesterday (Sunday) evening. He was a member of the Catholic Knights of America, in which association his life was insured for $2,000.

Mr. O'Hara has been a resident of Vicksburg since the close of the war, and was for many years in the boat store business, of which he was a greater part of the time a partner and did a large and flourishing business. For the last few years he has iu the steamboat agency business—was agent for the Pool Line, the steamers Will S. Hays, Issaquena, the O. Line steamers and several other boats, and was building up a very good business in that line at the time he was so unfortunately stricken down. He leaves a wife and two children to mourn his loss, one of whom a boy, has been very ill for the last four weeks with typhoid fever and is very ill yet. Mr. O'Hara was a warm hearted, social, and clever man; had a good word and wish for every one, and was liked and admired by one and all. His case reminds only the more forcibly: "In the midst of life we are in death."

CHEMISTS HAVE ALWAYS FOUND

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

The Most Perfect Made.

A PURE FRUIT ACID BAKING POWDER.

There is none stronger. None so pure and wholesome. Contains no Alum or Ammonia.

Has been used for years in a million homes. Its great strength makes it the cheapest. Its perfect purity the healthiest. In the family last most delicious. Prove it by the only true test.

THE TEST OF THE OVEN.

STEELE & PRICE.

LOUIS HOFFMAN

AGENT FOR THE



"CHAMPION"

Reaping and Mowing Machine

THE BEST MACHINE MADE.

LOUIS HOFFMAN

ap14

Dry Goods & Plantation Supplies

—AT—

REDUCED PRICES

A short time since I purchased from the closing out sale of Messrs. August, Bernheim & Bauer, (late Mayer Bros. & Co.,)

A Large Quantity of Dry Goods and Plantation Supplies

These goods are now on my second floor, and will be sold to wholesale as well as retail purchasers at bargains that cannot be duplicated elsewhere. Attention is called to a full line of

PLANTATION BOOTS AND SHOES

—AND THE—

LARGEST WHOLESALE GROCERY STOCK IN VICKSBURG.

Purchasers in any of these lines of goods will find it to their interest to call and examine my stock.

JACOB SHLENKER

137 WASHINGTON STREET, VICKSBURG.

THOS. E. LEWIS, PRENTISS LEWIS

LEWIS BROS.

Will open the Shoe Store formerly occupied by Mr. Jas. H. King on the 22d April with a large and well-selected stock of

MEN'S, BOY'S LADIES' SHOES! MISSES' AND CHILDREN'

The stock was bought for cash at a low figure, and LEWIS BROS. propose to give their customers the benefit of the purchase in

RARE BARGAINS

The stock will always be kept new and replete with all the latest novelties in Shoes. The finest

Custom Hand-Made Work

For Gents' Ladies, Misses and Children a specialty. The former patrons and customers are respectfully requested to call before purchasing elsewhere.

LEWIS BROS.

THOS. E. LEWIS, Formerly with P. H. Gilbert. PRENTISS LEWIS, With Mattingly, Son & Co.

135 WASHINGTON STREET.

T. J. HANES, J. W. HANES

HANES BROS.,

Successors to D. R. SMARR & CO.,

Auction and Commission Merchants,

206 WASHINGTON STREET, VICKSBURG.

Consignments solicited. Prompt returns and satisfaction guaranteed. feb5

JOHN B. CLARK. D. S. WRIGHT

CLARKE & CO

We invite your attention and solicit your inspection, as we feel assured that you will find it to your interest to do so before buying elsewhere. We buy direct from the manufacturers and first hands, consequently we will duplicate prices of houses South or West.

Our Line of Blank Books

Embraces Day Books, Journals, Ledgers, Cash Books, full and half bound; Draft, Note, Order and Receipt Books, Pass and Memorandum Books, Monthly and Weekly Time Books, Invoice and Bill Books, and all kinds and sizes of blank books.

Also Letter Paper, Bill and Account Paper, Envelopes, Inks, Pens, Pencils, etc.

Our Book Department.

We have a large assortment of School Books, Medical, Scientific, Law and Miscellaneous Books, also all the New Books as issued. Our

Fancy Goods Department

Offers an elegant variety goods. Birthday and Congratulation Cards in large assortment.

Ladies' Stationery.

Our assortment is always large and of the latest shades, shapes and kinds.

Artists' Materials.

Includes Oil, Water and China Paints. Materials of every description, Brushes, Canvass, Plaques and Panels of all kinds. Also Art Novelties for Decoration.

Musical Instruments.

Includes Pianos, Organs, Guitars, Banjos, Accordions, etc. Italian and German strings for different kinds of instruments. Agents for Decker Bros. Pianos and Mason & Hamlin Organs.

Headquarters for Wall Paper. Fine French Frames, Mouldings, etc. All the Standard Libraries, both old and new publications, papers, Magazines, New Publications received daily.

All orders or communications per mail, boat or otherwise answered with promptness, and satisfaction guaranteed. Send for Price List and Catalogue.

CLARKE & CO

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Booksellers, Stationers and Music Dealers

VOLUME II. VICKSBURG, MISSISSIPPI, TUESDAY, APRIL 22, 1884. NUMBER 97.

VICKSBURG BANK.

EDWARD S. BUTTS, President. | Established Nov. 12, 1866.
C. KUYKENDALL, Vice-Pres.
JAMES P. ROACH, Cashier. | Incorporated Mar. 4, 1878.

Transacts a General Banking Business.

CHARTER PERPETUAL.

New York Correspondent, - - - National Bank.
New Orleans Correspondent, - - - State National Bank.

SPRING SPECIALTIES

From Age Cultivators,
Avery's Garden Plows,
Acme Harrows,
GERMAN MILLET SEED, SAPLING CLOVER SEED,

—AND—

LANDRETH'S GARDEN SEED,

LOW LOW COTTON PLANTERS

Barbe Cotton Planters, Washburn & Moen's Thick Set Galvanized Barb Wire, Philadelphia Lawn Mowers.

LEE RICHARDSON & CO.

BLANKS'

Southern Photographic Gallery,

CLAY STREET, OVER EXPRESS OFFICE, VICKSBURG, MISS.

STRICTLY FIRST-CLASS PHOTOGRAPHS of all sizes and styles. Old pictures copied and enlarged to any size desired.

INSTANTANEOUS PICTURES TAKEN AT THIS GALLERY

Post Office Box 191.

BASE BALL BATS, ETC.

The season has commenced, and, as usual, we have the largest stock of

Base Ball Bats, Croquet Sets, Hammocks,

MARBLES, TOPS, ETC.

Base Balls, - - - - - - - - - - 5 cents and up.
Lawn Ball Croquet Sets - - - - - - - 1.00
Parlor Ball Croquet Sets - - - - - - - 1.50 and upwards.

HEADQUARTERS FOR EVERYTHING IN THE

Book & Stationery Line, Pocket Cutlery, Music, Musical Instruments,

FANCY GOODS, ETC.

Leading Newspapers and Magazines received daily.

J. F. BAUM & CO.

171 WASHINGTON STREET, VICKSBURG.

JOHN BOGIE, President, JOS. BILLITZ, Business Manager.

RIVERVIEW

Manufacturi'g Company

ARE NOW MANUFACTURING

CIDER!

Which they guarantee equal to the best made in the United States or elsewhere. Commission solicited. City orders delivered free.

Factory on Glenwood Cemetery, Warrenton road. Orders can be left at S. Feld & Co.'s, 178 Washington street. ap16

E. REYNOLDS, E. A. NEELY,

C. C. REYNOLDS & CO.

Wholesale and Retail Druggists

AND DEALERS IN

White Lead, Mixed Paints, Linseed Oil, Lard Oil, Coal Oil, Turpentine, Putty and Glassware, Patent Medicines, Sponges, Hair Brushes, Perfumery, Toilet Articles and Soaps.

AGENTS FOR BOERICKE & TAFEL'S HOMŒOPATHIC MEDICINES.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

[Special to The Evening Post.]

MISSISSIPPI REPUBLICANS.

The Republican State Convention at Jackson—Preliminary Action.

The McKee Faction Routed by the Hill-Gibbs Wing.

A Madison County Greenbacker Admitted to the Feast in Preference to a Straight Republican.

Arthur Preferences Already Indicated.

Jackson, Miss., April 22.—The Republican State Executive Committee was in session till a late hour last night, deciding the prima facie rights to seats. The McKee faction was badly routed on the first vote, seating the Hill and Gibbs delegation by a vote of ten to two.

Col. Yellowly's delegation is seated from Madison, defeating Pratt who acts with McKee.

District conventions are now in session. In the Van Eaton District, John R. Lynch and C. A. Simpson go to Chicago, both for Arthur.

Yellowly is presiding over the Barksdale District. Two Arthur men are certain from it; last night's contest, seating the Hill and Yellowly delegation, decided that.

LATER—DELEGATES TO CHICAGO.

Additional Chicago delegates are: William Allen of Coahoma, and Wesley Crayton of Warren, with J. D. Webster and William Mollison as alternates, from the Third District;

J. W. Longstreet and W. H. Harrington, from the Fourth District;

J. S. Burton and Dr. T. J. Matthews, from the Second District;

Judge Hancock and F. A. Granberry, from the Fifth District.

The Seventh District sends J. A. Galbreath and Tom Richardson as delegates, with McLeod and G. F. Matthews, a brother of Print Matthews, as alternates.

Supreme Court Decisions.

Jackson, April 22.—The following cases were affirmed:

4,417—James Chestnut, et al, vs. Eliza Elliott.

4,557—Louisiana National Bank, et al, vs. Belle Knapp.

4,561—Z. T. Lee vs. Town of Kosciusko.

4,565—C. F. Carradine, et al, vs. G. A. Wilson.

4,580—Lucinda Jackson vs. State of Mississippi.

The following cases were reversed and remanded:

4,372—Geo. C. Granberry vs. State of Mississippi.

4,392—Chas. S. McKenzie vs. N. E. Donald, administrator.

4,551—Alexander Tyler vs. Illinois Central Railroad Co.

4,563, Geo. W. Chambers, et al, vs. R. A. Merrick.

4,554—N., J. & C. Railroad Co. vs. Virginia McNeil.

4,556—Francis A. Jeffries et al vs. Wm. M. Dowdle et al.

4,562—N., J. & C. Railroad Co. vs. Jane E. Currie.

4,566—D. Callahan & Co. vs. James A. Newel et al.

4,574—J. E. Noble vs. M. McCarty, trustee.

4,588—S. S. Hoffman et al vs. Geo. H. Smith et al.

4,578—Cornelia West vs. East and West Railroad Co., motion for certiorari sustained.

ANOTHER TERRIBLE DISASTER

Caused by a Panic in a Circus Building.

Vienna, April 22.—At a circus last night the roofing caught fire and created a panic. Five people were killed and one hundred wounded. Many others are missing.

MARKET REPORTS.

Liverpool, April 22.—Uplands 6½; Orleans 6¾.

New York, April 22, noon.—Spots firm. Middling, 11¼d.

New Orleans, April 22, noon.—Cotton firm. Middling, 11¾.

St. Louis, April 22.—Markets firm. Meal, $2.90; clear ribs, 8.40; lard, 8.15.

New Orleans River Report.

New Orleans, April 22.—The weather is cloudy and cold.

Business is dull.

Arrivals: St L. Wood, from Pittsburg.

Leaving this evening: John W. Cannon, for Greenville.

Memphis River Report.

Memphis, Tenn., April 22.—The river is falling. Passed down: Commodore and Scudder at noon. The Will S. Hays and Paris C. Brown will go down this afternoon.

Condition of the Rivers.

New Orleans, April 22.—The Mississippi river will fall slowly, and the Tennessee and Cumberland rivers will fall.

FIREMEN'S GUESTS,

While in our city don't fail to visit the Mammoth Shoe Store of LEWIS BROS., sign of the Big Brogan, Washington street, Big Shoe, Corner Jackson, and good shoes.

Speculations as to the Strength of the Candidates.

[Special to the Picayune.]

Washington, April 20.—The New York Herald prints a long account of the delegates chosen to the Republican National Convention. It foots up 217 votes for Arthur, 94 for Blaine, 46 for Logan, 15 for Edmunds and 76 scattering.

These figures contradict the judgment of nearly all intelligent observers. The common remark is that the movement for Blaine is too stong to be resisted. Some of his opponents claim that a number of delegates elected as Blaine men will betray him, but this is far more likely to be the case with Arthur's Southern delegates. The excitement in regard to the Republican nomination is on the increase.

President Arthur has just been interviewed. He says that he has not lifted a finger to secure the nomination; that all that has been done has been the act of his friends; that he stands on three things—his restoring harmony to his party, his veto of the river and harbor bill and his Southern American policy.

The interview is really a bid for the nomination, which he will not get.

A Call from Arkansas for Aid.

Arkansas City, April 20.—The water has been rising here steadily for the past two weeks and is now rising at the rate of 2 inches per day. It is rising continually and the floors of many houses are again under water. The following telegram has been sent to Hon. Poindexter Dun, member of Congress from this District by the citizens here:

Five hundred people are still in a destitute condition. The overflow is still raging. Help must come. Present prospects are certainly gloomy and much suffering among the poorer classes will occur unless prompt relief is extended.

Virginia Democratic Preferences.

Richmond, Va., April 22.—The Dispatch (Dem.) of this city, publishes an interview with forty-nine county Chairmen of the Democratic party in this State as to Presidential preference and their views on the tariff question. Fourteen expressed a preference for Tilden, eleven for Bayard, and ten for Randall. Thirteen declined to name a preference, but are for the nominee of the convention. Only nine expressed a desire to raise the tariff and forty opposed it. In favor of tariff for revenue only, there are twelve against twenty-nine. The views of the local Chairmen are no doubt in a great measure the sentiments of a great number of the Democratic voters in their sections of the State. Tilden is very strong in Virginia, and although no effort has been made to work up a boom for him, he will no doubt get a majority of delegates from this State to Chicago.

ATTENTION, HOOKS!

Don't forget LEWIS BROS. for your Parade Shoes.

Rainfall in the Cotton Region.

Statements showing the rainfall in inches and hundredths at stations of Signal Service, U. S. A., in the cotton region, for the week ending April 18, 1884:

South Atlantic States—Atlanta, Ga., 3.92; Augusta, S. C., 1.95; Charleston, S. C., 1.01; Charlotte, N. C., 2.03; Jacksonville, Fla., .73; Sunford, Fla., *—; Savannah, Ga., 1.48; Smithsville, N. C., 1.15; Wilmington, N. C., *—.	
Western Gulf States—Fort Smith, Ark., .35; Galveston, Tex., .08; Indianola, Tex., .07; Little Rock, Ark., 5.91; Palestine, Tex., 1.31; Shreveport, La., 2.29.	
Eastern Gulf States—Ceader Keys, Fla., .98; Montgomery, Ala., .70; New Orleans, La., 1.20; Pensacola, Fla., 1.29; Vicksburg, Miss., 2.64.	
Ohio Valley and Tennessee—Cairo, Ill., 2.71; Chattanoogs, Tenn., 2.93; Cincinnati, Ohio, .77; Indianapolis, Ind., .95; Knoxville, Tenn., 2.26; Louisville, Ky., .83; Memphis, Tenn., 5.10; Nashville, Tenn., 1.89; Pittsburg, Pa., .21.	

* indicates that the rainfall was inappreciable.

TO CONSUMERS.

Remember, there are seven different styles and quality of "Commodore Parisot" Cigars.

W. E. BECK,
Sole Proprietor

j16

The truth is—and it cannot be disguised by any sort of shuffling or evasion—that the tariff reform proposed in the Morrison bill is simply what the members of the whisky ring think is needed to keep the present monopoly on whisky. Carlisle was elected on this kind of tariff reform, and he shaped the Committee on Ways and Means in that interest. That committee reported the whisky bill in the hope that it would meet favor in the House, and the Democrats who fought for it did so under the guise of tariff reformers. Such a bill could not have come to the house with an honest committee to handle it.—Atlanta Constitution.

PHŒNIX NO. 2,

Call at LEWIS BROS'. for your Parade Shoes.

Notice to Steamboat Pilots.

Masters and Pilots of all boats on the Yazoo river are hereby notified that the drawbridge of the Memphis and Vicksburg Railroad, at Anthony's Ferry, will be always closed, and only opened when proper signals are given and answered. A watchman will always be on hand. Boats are requested to give two long blasts of the whistle as a signal to open the draw, and are warned not attempt to pass the draw until signaled by the watchman from the center of the draw that everything is clear.

JAS. M. EDWARDS, V. P. & G. M.
ap14 900

Men Boots and Shoes go to the Big Shoe Store of LEWIS BROS., formerly Jas. H. King's.

THE NORTHEASTERN.

Run From Cincinnati to New Orleans in 23 Hours and 20 Minutes.

The fast train of the Queen and Crescent route, called the Pythian Special, which left Cincinnati at 10 o'clock yesterday morning, steamed into the depot of the New Orleans and Northeastern division of the road at 9:20 o'clock this morning.

The run over the Queen and Crescent route from Cincinnati to New Orleans is 825 miles, which distance was made in 23 hours and 20 minutes, the fastest time ever made between the Queen City and the Crescent City.

The subject of fast time is being discussed around all the railway offices, and a great deal of praise is being rightly conferred upon the new line, which is quite a feather in their cap.

The race was to beat the fast time of the ducal train on the L. and N. for a wager of $1500, and

Has Created much excitement

in railway circles along the line of the road. The L. and N. time being 28 hours and 15 minutes.

Extensive preparations were made by the Queen and Crescent. Engines were selected with great care and coaled with hand-picked coal, section hands were placed at every bridge and every curve, and all regular trains ordered to give way to the special.

The actual running time has not been summed up yet, and when it is, it is said that it will be surprising in what quick time the run was made.—N. O. States, 20th.

A New Steamboat Agency.

Mr. J. L. Sherrard, who has been connected with steamboat interests for the last seven or eight years, and who is very familiar with and thoroughly posted in regard to river matters, we are pleased to learn has opened a general steamboat agency in this city.

The death of the lamented Capt. W. C. O'Hara, leaves a good opening for beginning this business, and we believe Mr. Sherrard will commence with a big business from the start, which he will most assuredly increase for he has all the qualities of reliability, energy, politeness and accommodation, to make him a most successful and valuable steamboat agent.

Lundy Sherrard was raised in this community, and has hosts of friends who wish for him all the success we now predict for him.

SUITS TO ORDER,

Ranging from $15, $17.50, $21.50, $25, $30 up to $50. Any gentleman can be pleased in style and fit at 183 Washington street. E. D. Bickley is the man to fit the head, body and pocket of our New South.

WANAMAKER & BROWN,
m26 E. D. BICKLEY, Agent.

Vicksburg Bank.

An election of five Directors to serve for the ensuing year will be held at the banking house Thursday, May 1st, 1884, from 10 a.m. to 12 m.

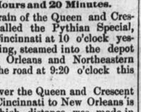
E. S. BUTTS, President.
James P. Roach, Cashier.
April 19th.—10t.

FIREMEN'S DAY!

—THE—

BOMBARDMENT of VICKSBURG

Round Trip Tickets, One Fare.



ISSAQUENA

Will leave Greenville for Vicksburg on Tuesday evening April 22d, at 4 p.m.,

Leave Longwood	6 p.m.
" Rolling Fork	7 "
" Skipwith's	9 "
" Mayersville	10 "
" Providence	12 m.
" Hays Landing (Wednesday)	2 a.m.
" Wilton	3 "
" Orchard	6 "
" Milliken's Bend	7 "
Arrive at Vicksburg	9 "

In time to witness one of the

Grandest Displays!

Ever before given by the Vicksburg Fire Department. ap10

W. T. BALFOUR, M. D.

Late Physician to City Hospital.

Physician and Surgeon

Offers his professional services to the people of Vicksburg and vicinity.

Office at Keefe & Co.'s drugstore. Residence corner Crawford and South streets. ap10

ICE! ICE!

—THE—

D. W. Flowerree Ice Company

—WILL DELIVER ICE TO—

DEALERS and CONSUMERS

AT THE FOLLOWING RATES:

Ten Ton Lots	40 cents per 100
One Ton Lots	50 " "
Less than One Ton	60 " "
Less than 1000 lbs	75 " "
Less than 500 lbs	$1 " "
Packed for Shippers	$1 " "

ap8

ICE!

I AM now prepared to furnish Ice at wholesale or retail. Ice delivered to any part of the city. Orders solicited promptly for shipment at 1 cent per pound, on short notice.

THOS. TALEN.

The Vicksburg Evening Post.

SWITZER, NEWWITTER & CO.,

133 WASHINGTON STREET.

Spring & Summer Stock Immense

DRESS GOODS.

A line of extra rich, soft finish, black cashmere Armenian silks, in nine different qualities, from $1 per yard up.

Ten styles of black satin and silk brocades, fully 25 per cent. below any competition.

Eight shades colored satin brocades—something entirely new—marked down to $1.15 per yard, would be reasonable at $1.50

A line of evening shades satin surah, 27 inches wide, worth $1.50, reduced to $1.15

Colored silks in all shades.

Black grenadines in handsome and cheap qualities.

BUTTONS.

Handsomest line of Spring importations in fancy pearl, metal, jet and crochet, plain and beaded buttons, to match dress goods, in the city.

LACES and EMBROID'RIES

Immense assortment of Escurial, Spanish, Guipure, Oriental and cream laces, in all qualities and prices.

Cheapest line of Hamburg embroideries, edges and insertings, flouncings, full embroideries and Swiss muslins ever shown here. Large and handsome line of "all over" lace nett and embroidery at correct prices.

HOSIERY and HANDKERCHIEFS

We have too large and varied a stock of fine hosiery for ladies and children, embracing Balbriggan, Lisle, brilliant and silk lace, to enumerate them separately.

Our Handkerchief Department is very large and varied, and speaks for itself.

GLOVES & PARASOLS

We are displaying an elegant stock of ladies silk and Lisle brilliant gloves, in all lengths, and at very popular prices.

A fine line of parasols in satin and satin brocades, black and colored, with Spanish Guipure trimmings, very low.

CORSETS.

The best $1 corset ever shown in Vicksburg. Ask for our "every day" corset. It will pay you to try it. Dr. Warner's celebrated health corsets, the most renowned, and only CURAY at SWITZER, NEWWITTER & CO'S. Patent Clara and patent medical corsets to be had only at our store. We have corsets from 50 cents up.

MATTINGS,

Carpets, rugs, oil cloths, damasks, and house furnishing goods in every variety.

WE HAVE TWO STORES,

Our Clothing and gents' furnishing goods store is at our old stand,

195 Washington Street.

SWITZER, NEWWITTER & CO.

The FORTY-SEVENTH ANNIVERSARY

—OF THE—

Vicksburg Fire Department

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 23, 1884.

ORDER OF PROCESSION.

1 Platoon of Police on foot.
2 Grand Marshal, Richard G. Groome.
Aids to Grand Marshal: Constitution No. 1, F. W. Little; Hook and Ladder No. 1, H. H. Kain; Phœnix No. 2, M. Denio; Washington No. 3, Eugene Platt.
4 Firemen's Silver Cornet Band.
3 Officers of the Vicksburg Firemen's Charitable Association.
6 Chief Engineer, James C. Gill; First Assistant, Geo. T. Prell; Second Assistant, Wm. H. Phelan.
7 Marshal of Jackson Steam Fire Company No. 1, Jackson Steam Fire Company No. 1.
8 Marshal Constitution Fire Company No. 1, James W. Hays; Constitution Fire Company No. 1.
9 Marshal Washington Fire Company No. 3, R. H. Dodd.
Marshal Phœnix Fire Company No. 7, of Natchez.
Washington Fire Company No. 3.
Phœnix Fire Company No. 7, of Natchez.
10. Hill City Cornet Band.
11. Marshal Hook and Ladder Company No. 1, Sam N. Richardson; Hook and Ladder Company No. 1.
12. Vicksburg Field Band.
13. Marshal Phœnix Fire Company No. 2, W. C. Kain; Phœnix Fire Company No. 2.

LINE OF MARCH.

The procession will form on Washington street at 12 o'clock, the right resting on Clay street, and will proceed as follows: Up Washington to Belmont, out Belmont to Cherry, down Cherry to Main, down Grove to First North, up First North to Main, down Main to Washington, up Washington to the Court-house, countermarch thence to the Court-house, when the companies will disband, and under charge of their respective officers will report at quarters of the Department, will repair to the grounds of the Brothers' School, where the banquet kindly furnished by

THE EVENING POST

PUBLISHED BY
J. G. CASHMAN & CO.,
Washington St., Vicksburg, Miss.

The Evening Post.

VICKSBURG, MISS., APRIL 22, 1884.

THE Mississippi Republican Convention is in session at Jackson to-day. It will probably send an Arthur delegation to Chicago.

THE Brooklyn Union (Ind. Rep.) says that "any pretence that Mr. Blaine can carry New York is too ridiculous to decive anybody."

IT is stated by Mr. Blaine's friends that Senator Harrison's friends in Indiana stole the march on the supporters of the former and committed the delegation to the latter. It was given out that if he is unanimously elected as a delegate he would be an active candidate at Chicago. He got a unanimous election.

IN the Senate yesterday, Mr. Logan reported favorably from the Judiciary Committee the joint resolution introduced in the Senate by Mr. Lapham, proposing such an amendment of the constitution of the United States as would empower the President to veto one or more items of an appropriation or of a special or general legislation bill, while approving of the remainder of the bill.

NOTWITHSTANDING the big boom that now attends the movement in favor of Mr. Blaine, we do not believe he will secure the Republican nomination for President. That party wishes to make sure of the State of New York, hence it will probably nominate for President, Mr. Arthur, and with him carry the State of New York, or it will nominate Mr. Gresham and carry the State of Indiana. Pennsylvania and Ohio will support either of these gentlemen over any man in the Democratic party except Mr. Randall, and we believe Mr. Randall can carry New York over Mr. Arthur if it is possible for any Democrat to do it.

A Tariff Plank for Mississippi.

The Democratic State Convention meets in Jackson on the 11th of June. We hope THE VICKSBURG POST will insist on the adoption of a tariff plank by that body, and see if it represents the sentiment of the State on that question. —Kosciusko Star.

Although the tariff question has as yet been very little discussed in this State, (discussion means hearing both sides) we hope the coming State Convention will give some sort of expression to what it considers the sentiment of the people of Mississippi on this important subject. One of the best suggestions THE POST made to the Mississippi Legislature was that it should invite Senator Frye, when he was in this section, to deliver an address upon the tariff question, a matter upon which he is thoroughly posted, and thus the Representatives of the people might have heard an elaborate presentation of the "protective" side of the question. But our suggestion was unheeded.

We can claim, however, that the people of this State, through their Legislatures, have put themselves on record in favor of the policy of "protection," by exempting a number of manufactories and industrial enterprises from taxation for a term of years.

We can, and do, also claim that there is a strong and growing sentiment in this State in favor of "so adjusting the tariff as to encourage home industries and afford fair compensation to labor"—in favor of the exercise of a wise discrimination, and careful consideration of every item of the tariff. A large sum of money has to be annually paid the Government annually to pay expenses, and this money must be derived either by direct taxation or by levying taxes on foreign imports. Mr. Randall and his followers are opposed to direct taxation, and in favor of raising revenue sufficient to meet the expenses of the Government economically administered by tariff duties, so levied as not to injure any interest or industry in this country, but to promote the growth and prosperity of all the interests and industries which are necessary to the greatness and prosperity and independence of our Nation.

We do not think the Mississippi Democratic Convention should oppose a tariff platform of this sort. This is the platform of the Democratic party in the great States of New York, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Kentucky and Virginia, and no doubt will be the platform of every Northern and Western State in which there is any possibility of Democratic success. And we still believe the National Convention at Chicago will adopt the Ohio or Pennsylvania tariff plank. Now, why should not the Democrats of Mississippi be in harmony with their brethren in Ohio, New York, Pennsylvania and Virginia? Our infant industries, which we expect will assume vast proportions in the near future; our wool production, which we hope will also be a thousand fold, should not be sacrificed to say the ox or disasters or retrenchment from all former days of prosperity. Let us not make political capital from the misfortunes of our people.

A Case of Heart Sickness.

"Hope deferred maketh the heart sick," and an illustration of this practically well-known proposition comes home with great force to the Southern people in the stale old calculation again coming to the front in the newspaper speculations of the present.

A Solid South and New York and Indiana will certainly elect a Democratic President. So be it; but was not this the calculation of Mr. Greeley's friends, and Mr. Seymour's friends, and Mr. Tilden's friends? And now in what way is this oft repeated proposition to be worked to a different solution? Admit that Mr. Tilden was fairly elected; suppose him elected again in a race against President Arthur; in what respect, we would frankly ask, has human nature in this Government changed since the days of Hayes and of Garfield? Will the vote of the Southern States be counted? Will the vote of Danville, Virginia, or of Copiah county, in this State, be permitted to turn the scales and unseat Mr. Arthur and install a Democratic nominee?

But again, with Mr. Arthur against Tilden, the Presidential race presents features favorable to the Republican party which neither Hayes or Garfield possessed.

Arthur is from New York. He has the entire possession of the Federal patronage of that State, and is personally popular in the city beyond any New Yorker. Would Mr. John Kelly give a very enthusiastic support to Mr. Tilden? To us it does not seem very probable. Tammany Democracy is by no means National Democracy. Tammany Hall is not so wonderfully impressed with Mr. Tilden's favorite little cry of "Reform."

Reform means change, and change means an unloosening of the hold of Tammany upon the fat things of the city; and the history of Tammany is that of an organization which dearly loves practical results, and which hates a coward. That, politically, Mr. Tilden certainly is. When matters failed to please the South in the time of Buchanan, the South tried the perilous edge of battle. But Mr. Tilden, we all know, will submit with the same quietude to be counted out that braver men than he have done.

All that will be left the Solid South as the result will be the poor privilege of eulogizing the theoretical beauties of Jeffersonian Democracy, and the pious exclamation, "the great fraud has been again repeated."

THE POST has earnestly labored to turn the political thought of the Southern States in another direction. It has labored to present the claims of Mr. Randall as an element of fresh and vigorous thought in the party; to dispel the sad dreams of the visionary, and to unify and solidify in the Democratic column the State of Pennsylvania and the State of Ohio, lately snatched from the victorious columns of Republicanism by the Democratic cohorts of Patterson and of Hoadly. This new element, seeking recognition at the hands of the Democratic party, simply asks protection from free trade heresies, and this the Democracy of Ohio, Pennsylvania, and New Jersey substantially embody in the Allentown resolutions.

We are tired of the poetic idea of leading a forlorn hope. Give us "fresh fields and pastures new." Let us mass the new leaders and a fresh attacking column and push with new hopes aggressively to victory.

The Educational Bill.

Gen. Smith, our State Superintendent of Education, has issued the following circular:

OFFICE OF STATE SUPT. PUBLIC EDUCATION, }
JACKSON, MISS., April 21st, 1884. }

The Education Bill which has been before the United States Senate for some time, and which has been so ably and thoroughly discussed, has passed that body. By the provisions of the bill, the amount to be distributed among the several States of the Union on the score of illiteracy is $77,000,000. The amount to be distributed for the first year is $7,000,000; second, $10,000,000; the third, $15,000,000. The sums then diminish at the rate of $2,000,000, annually, to $5,000,000 on the eighth year, when the appropriation shall cease. The bill must now go to the House of Representatives for its action and it is of the utmost importance that all possible pressure be brought to bear upon that body to secure its passage. No inconsiderable weight will be given by our Representatives in Congress to petitions from their constituency. I therefore urge you with all possible dispatch to procure as many signatures as possible to the accompanying petition, and forward it, without delay, to your immediate representative in Congress. The importance of this matter is too patent to need any argument in favor of prompt and earnest action on our part. Should the bill become a law our public school fund of Mississippi will be nearly doubled.

Yours truly,
J. A. SMITH,
State Superintendent.

Our County Superintendent of Education, Prof. H. T. Moore, now has the following petition in circulation, and we trust it will receive the signatures of all our thoughtful and progressive citizens:

To the House of Representative of the Forty-Eighth Congress:

The undersigned citizens of Mississippi, deeply impressed with the danger to our institutions arising from the spread illiteracy, confident with universal suffrage, and believing that the only feasible remedy is to be found in the general government, do hereby petition your honorable body to favor of the passage of a bill which shall be adequate in the amount appropriated, which shall provide for distribution among the States on the basis of illiteracy, and which shall turn over the money to the States to be applied to the support of common schools under State laws and by the regularly constituted State authorities, and having understood that the Senate bill is just such a bill as is herein described, we would most earnestly ask the passage of that bill.

THE unanimous action of the joint committee on library in reporting against Watterson's news copyright bill is considered by members of that committee to be conclusive. Senator Voorhees, a member of the committee, says the matter is buried. It was on his motion that the adverse report was made. This is the measure that was recently indorsed and recommended by the "great" Southern Press Association, one of the smallest would-be monopolies.

The Presidency.

Some time ago in discussing the Presidential question, the New York Herald coupled together as proper nominees for President and Vice-President on one ticket James G. Blaine and Samuel J. Randall, and professed to see no difference in the leading political views of these two statesman. It is true that upon one great leading economic question, which would-be-statesmen have carelessly thrust into the mire of politics, namely the tariff problem, there is something of similarity; but at the basis of their political creed there is a wide and marked difference, as broadly marked as was the difference between Alexander Hamilton and Thomas Jefferson; between the Federal party and Jeffersonian Democracy.

Mr. Tilden has just written a most able letter to the Iroquois Club. He makes it plain that he cannot become the Presidential nominee, and brings in to prominence the idea that for the purpose of saving the Union, there was science for awhile as to many of the constitutional principles of our government. "Amid the clangor of arms laws are silent." At the same time he points to acts of democratic and high-handed imperialism now continued through twenty years of peace which call for reform and a return to the true theory of our government, as outlined by Mr. Jefferson.

We believe that the most difficult foe in the Republican party, with whom Mr. Randall would have to contend in case he should be nominated for the Presidency, would be Mr. Blaine.

Mr. Blaine would probably carry against him the States of Pennsylvania and Ohio, and leave Mr. Randall's fate to turn upon the precarious battle-field of New York. But if Mr. Blaine is not nominated Mr. Randall, it seems to us, would give very decided strength to the party, and in a new and unlooked-for quarter. He would certainly carry Pennsylvania, and this ought to satisfy every course of political reasoning to carry the State of Ohio. The vacillating course of both the Republican and Democratic party relative to the great wool interest of that State would turn the scale in favor of a particular leader who could give a party assurance that this interest should receive fair protection. The Democratic party promised this protection, so says Mr. McKinley, of that State, and relying upon that, the State was turned in favor of Mr. Hoadly. But since this election the free-trade element in Congress have refused to redeem their pledge.

With Randall against Blaine the political issue would be Democracy against Federalism: a proper regard for the constitution interest of the States as against the centralization theory of Mr. Hamilton now embodied in Mr. Blaine's political creed. With Mr. Randall against any other nominee of the Republican party he would have all the strength of this same political position and would carry the good-will of Pennsylvania and Ohio towards him as an exponent of the same theory of that judicious conservative, constitutional and proper in the adjustment of the national taxing-power. Assuming that the Southern States will support the nominee, whoever he may be, the grave question will be in the next Democratic Convention to weigh well the relative strength of Mr. Randall in Ohio and Pennsylvania as against the unquestioned strong following which Mr. Bayard could bring forth in New York and Pennsylvania.—State Ledger.

A Touching Incident.

A correspondent writes to us as follows: "While standing at the window of the office in the Tremont House in Nashua, N. H., my attention was drawn to a lady who was passing up Pearl street. The day was very stormy, rain and snow alternating. As she rounded the corner of another street directly in front of me, she met face to face with a woman with a baby in her arms. Poverty was there, and the thin, miserable apology for a shawl that covered the mother also covered the child. The lady stopped, and speaking a few words to the other, unclasped her own large, warm shawl from her slender shoulders, wrapped it around the mother, and tucking its warm folds over the baby, touched her own lips to the little face and passed on. My heart and lips both said 'Amen,' for such true charity is seldom seen. I questioned a by-stander, who said, as he gave me her name, 'She is not rich in this world's goods, but her heart is as large as the world.' That day gave me a truer faith in the whole world, and here was a two-fold act, relieving the suffering and making one man better. The memory of that noble act of charity will always be mine."—Boston Journal.

CHESTER A. ARTHUR makes a good President. He is the first President who has had the courage to recommend an appropriation of public money to build our levees and protect our people. He is our friend. It now remains to be seen whether the politicians from this State who go to the Chicago Convention will stand by Arthur, or fly off on some one whose feelings toward us are unknown. All the leading newspapers should at once declare for Arthur's renomination. Delay will be dangerous.—Natchez Democrat.

The Nominee for Governor of Illinois.

Richard James Oglesby, "the Republican nominee for Governor, was born in Oldham county, Kentucky, July 25, 1824. He was left an orphan at the age of 8, and four years afterwards he found his way to Decatur, Ill., where he learned the carpenter's trade, which, with farming, occupied his time until 1844. Meanwhile he had studied law, and in 1845 was admitted and opened an office at Sullivan, in this State. He 1846 he returned to Decatur and was commissioned First Lieutenant in the 4th Illinois Regiment (Col. E. D. Baker's), with which he participated in the battles of Vera Cruz and Cerro Gordo during the Mexican war. He resumed his practice in Decatur in 1847. He then pursued a course of study at the Louisville law school, and in 1849 journeyed overland to California, where he engaged in mining until 1851, when he returned again to Decatur and resumed the practice of law. In 1858 he was defeated for Congress, but was elected to the State Senate in 1860. He resigned his seat to accept the Colonelcy of the 8th Illinois Regiment of volunteers. He commanded a brigade at the capture of Forts Henry and Donelson, and March 21, 1862, he was made Brigadier-General. He remained in command of his brigade until the battle of Corinth, where he was severely wounded, and disabled until April, 1863, when he returned to duty, having in the meantime (November, 1862,) been promoted to be Major-General. He was assigned to the command of the Sixteenth Corps. In May, 1864, he resigned from the army, and November of that year was elected Governor of Illinois. He was re-elected in 1872, but resigned to take his seat in the United States Senate, to which he was elected in January, 1873. His term expired March 4, 1879.

Total Abstinence.

To the Editor of The Boston Journal:

Many thanks to Dr. Isaac P. Nichols of Haverhill, Mass., for his article in The Boston Journal. He is the first physician that, to my knowledge, has openly fearlessly advocated total abstinence from all intoxicating drinks in this country. He is the Wm. Lloyd Garrison of the cause, and whatever his opponents may say about him while living, coming generations will "rise up and call him blessed." He will be called most truly a benefactor of the age. It has been my prayer for a long time that the physicians in this country might realize the responsibility resting upon them in regard to the question of alcoholic drink. When the attention of the people is once turned to a thorough investigation of the subject the battle will be half fought. Thousands and tens of thousands have the idea, ingrained from education or otherwise, that some kind of alcoholic liquor is indispensable in sickness, and no class in the community have it in their power to do as much toward rooting out this mistaken notion as physicians. It is not so much intentional wrong as it is a mistake to suppose that alcohol contains any nourishment for human system. Science has wrought wonders during the present century, and in no particular has more light been thrown broadcast than in the use of intoxicating drinks. I speak from experience when I say that alcoholic liquor is not indispensable in sickness. As an instance of the change that has taken place, ten years since it was thought by the most physicians in London that alcoholic liquor of some kind was a prescription upon which hung to a great extent the hopes of the physician of success or failure with his patient in case of typhoid fever; now that idea is exploded. Not a day in the seventy years of age I was attacked with typhoid fever, with a pulse 140 for several days; I used no drink whatever but cold water, and was off the bed in two weeks. I did not even take lager beer to "build me up."

Let the people look at the matter calmly, dispassionately, and in the light of science, and the days for liquor saloons will soon be numbered.

J. P. BOYCE.

LYNN, MASS., 1884.

Fable for Politicians.

A lion, who had retired from active life and was busying himself with writing his political recollections, was entertaining a number of his active and useful friends of the hoyena tribe, whose occupation for some time previous had been to bring to their hero the bones of his political opponents for his daily sustenance.

Having learned from them that his last enemy was now disposed of, the king of beasts winked at the foremost hyena, and, with a gentle sally, threw upon the whole tribe raised their voices and chanted in unison:

"The people murmur and will not be content
Unless you consent to be their President."

"Oh," said the lion, "if all the other good men are dead, and I must save my country by the sacrifice of my lettered ease, why, so be it."

And, nerving himself for the ordeal, he suffered, them to lead him to the convention.

Moral:—Heed not a lion tongue.—Boston Courier.

SENATOR MORGAN, of Alabama, opposed the educational bill, and we are inclined to do the Senator the justice to believe that the true ground of his opposition to the measure was that he feared an increase in the number, and backing of the illiterate character, and tended towards centralization. Some of his pronounced reasons of opposition, however, were that he was opposed to negro suffrage, favored free trade, and desired colonization of the negroes instead of educating them. The Senator ought to reflect seriously whether or not he has carried his hobby colonization scheme; when it comes to that, practically the Kansas exodus showed the views of the people of this State upon such a measure, and in Alabama it is a dangerous job for a Mississippian to entice, as it is called, the laborers of that State into our borders.—State Ledger.

JUDGE WATSON has been retained to defend the injunction suit brought by the Illinois Central Railroad Company against the Railroad Commission. He is a profound lawyer, and will represent the State most ably. We suggest, however, that the importance of the matters to be determined justifies the employment of additional counsel, and we think that Judge Watson ought at least to be assisted by Attorney-General Miles.—Water Valley Sentinel.

H. B. BRUSER,
TIN, COPPER AND SHEET-IRON WORKER
Hardware Tinware Stoves
Pumps, Grates Mantels, Etc. Etc
may5 159 Washington Street, Vicksburg.

Something the People Need!
FRESH
ROASTED COFFEE,
Roasted Daily in HYDE'S PATENT ROASTER, at my Store
Corner South and Washington Streets.
Price 20 Cts. per Pound!
H. F. SIMRALL, JR.
ap17

W. M. CHAMBERLIN,
General Insurance Agent
FIRE, MARINE, ACCIDENT AND LIFE.
Office—Up-stairs, cor. Washington and Crawford Sts., Vicksburg

W. O. WORRELL
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
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Hay & Grain
LIME, CEMENT, PLASTER, Etc.,
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FULTON M. M'RAE,
Wholesale and Retail Druggist
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White Lead, Linseed Oil, Turpentine, Window Glass, Mixed Paints, Dry and in Oil; Alabastine Whitening etc. Putty; and the largest and most complete assortment of Patent Medicines and Surgical Instruments in the State. Agent for celebrated Waukesha Bathesda Water.
Toilet Articles, Perfumery and Hair Brushes—all imported.
No. 125 Washington Street, Vicksburg, Miss.

GEO. W. HUTCHESON, CHAS. ALLEN.
G. W. HUTCHESON & CO.,
Cotton Factors,
AND WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
Groceries, Liquors and Tobacco.
110 and 112 Washington Street,
Vicksburg, Miss.
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THE SAW-MILL BOAT
LEE RICHARDSON, JR
IS PREPARED TO SELL
DIMENSION LUMBER
FROM LANDING AT GLASS BAYOU, THIS CITY; also,
Sash, Doors, Blinds, Mouldings, T. and G. Flooring and Ceiling
Orders addressed to the undersigned will be promptly filled.
may4 WM. CURPHEY, Proprietor.

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WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN
Staple and Fancy Groceries,
WINES, LIQUORS, CIGARS & TOBACCO,
Corner of South and Washington Streets, - - - - - VICKSBURG, MISS.

I respectfully ask an examination of my stock, which I think will convince all that I have one of the largest and best assorted to be found.
Fine Teas, Coffee and Choice Butter are Among my Specialties
I GUARANTEE EVERY ARTICLE TO BE AS REPRESENTED, and
And desire to give full satisfaction. 1 PACE AND FREE

HENRY YOSTE,
Watchmaker and Jeweler
I cordially invite a comparison of Work and Prices, believing mine to be the Best and Cheapest.
ALSO DEALER IN
WATCHES, DIAMONDS AND SILVERWARE

FRUIT AND ORNAMENTAL
TREES
ROSES and
Green-House
Plants by the
MILLION
J. S. MORRIS,
Attorney-at-Law
VICKSBURG, MISS.
Will practice in the various Courts of Warren, Claiborne, Jefferson and Adams counties, and in the Supreme Courts of Mississippi.
MISS ADDIE FLETCHER,
Fashionable Millinery,
Ostrich Feathers Dyed and Curled.

SIGNAL SERVICE REPORT.

LOCAL WEATHER REPORT.

TIME.	BAR.	THE.	HUM.	WIND	WEATHER.
8:05 a. m.	29.87	58	83	N.	Cloudy.
10:35 a. m.	29.93	60	72	N. W.	Cloudy.
4:35 p. m.	29.92	62	68	N. W.	Cloudy.
8:05 p. m.	29.95	61	72	N. W.	Cloudy.
10 p. m.	29.97	57	77	N. W.	Cloudy.

	1883.	1884
Maximum thermometer	77.5	64.0
Minimum thermometer	64.2	54.0
Mean temperature	71.2	59.6
Rainfall	.02	0.65

STAGE OF RIVERS.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER,
April 21, 2 p.m. Washington time.

The following observations were taken at the same moment of time at all the stations named:

STATIONS.	Above water.	low water.	Changes.	
	feet	In's	Rise In's	Fall In's
Cairo, Ill	37	11	...	6
Chattanooga	10	0	...	1
Davenport, Iowa	17	9	...	9
Dubuque, Iowa	8	8	...	4
Keokuk, Iowa	...	...	...	...
La Crosse	10	4	...	3
Leavenworth	6	6	0	0
Memphis	12	6	0	0
Little Rock	10	11	0	0
Louisville	8	3	0	1
Nashville	21	7	...	1
Nashville	17	0	...	51
New Orleans	1	6	.1	0
Omaha	8	2	...	1
Pittsburg	5	1	...	4
Rosebud	18	1	13	7
Shreveport	22	1	...	7
St. Louis	...	...	...	...
St. Paul	48	4	.0	0
Vicksburg	7	2	...	...
Yankton, D. T.	...	...	...	...

*Below high water of 1874. *Frozen.

HIGH WATER AT VICKSBURG IN FORMER YEARS

High water '62, above zero, 51 1-10 feet.
High water '67, above zero, 49 feet.
High water '73, above zero, 45 ft. 8 inches
High water '75, above zero, 43 feet.
High water '79, above zero, 43 ft. 10 inches
High water '80, above zero, 43 ft. 2 inches
High water '81, above zero, 41 ft. 10 inches
High water '82, above zero, 48 ft. 5 inches
High water '83, above zero, 43 ft. 10 inches

HIGH WATER OF 1882.

Stations.	Date of Highest Point.	Highest point Reached.
Cairo	Feb. 20, 1882	51 ft. 9 inches
Chattanooga	Jan. 10, 1882	60 ft. 3 inches
Cincinnati	Feb. 21, 1882	68 ft. 6 inches
Dubuque	Dec. 3, 1881	10 ft. 1 inch
Keokuk, Ark	March 9, 1882	47 ft. 8 inches
Keokuk	Nov. 29, 1881	11 ft. 5 inches
Little Rock	Feb. 24, 1882	21 ft. 6 inches
Louisville	Feb. 27, 1882	38 ft. 3 inches
Memphis	March 6, 1882	36 ft. 0 inches
Nashville	Jan. 22, 1882	54 ft. 7 inches
New Orleans	March 27, 1882	17 feet.
St. Louis	Feb. 22, 1882	28 ft. 3 inches
Vicksburg	March 20, 1882	48 ft. 9 inches

*Below high water of 1874.

THE RIVER.

ARRIVED.

U. P. Schenck, from New Orleans.
Ledore, from Greenwood.
City of Baton Rouge, from New Orleans.
City of St. Louis, from St. Louis.
City of Yazoo, from New Orleans.
J. H. Williams, from Tallulah.
Headlight, from Sunflower.
Dew Drop, from Deer Creek.
Patrol, from New Orleans.

DEPARTED.

City of Cairo, for St. Louis.
City of St. Louis, for New Orleans.
City of Baton Rouge, for St. Louis.
P. Schenck, for Cincinnati.
Patrol, for Memphis.
Deer Creek, for Deer Creek.

BOATS DUE TO-DAY.

City of Helena, St. Louis to Vicksburg.
W. P. Thompson, Greenville to Vburg.
Capt. Miller, Natchez to Vicksburg.

BOATS LEAVING TO-DAY.

For New Orleans—City of Yazoo, 5 p.m.
For Tallahatchie—E. C. Carroll, 5 p.m.

BOATS DUE TO-MORROW.

Issaquena, Greenville to Vicksburg.
John F. Halpin, Davis Bend to Vburg.

BOATS LEAVING TO-MORROW.

For Sunflower—Headlight, 4 p.m.
For Greenville—W. P. Thompson, midnight.
For Natchez—Capt. Miller, 8 a.m.

NOTES.

Business good along the river front.
Weather cloudy, cold and threatening.
The Yazoo and Tallahatchie rivers rising.
There were 5 arrivals and 5 departures yesterday.
The river rose 1 inch in the last 24 hours.
The Dew Drop arrived yesterday evening from Deer creek. Due notice of her leaving will be advertised.
The City of Cairo brought the largest up on Sunday that has been brought to this point by any Anchor Line steamer this season.
The U. S. steamer Patrol arrived from below this morning, and after a short stop for coal went up the river to Lake Providence.
The City of Cairo, Capt. Shepp, lightaer, left at 11 a.m. for Memphis, Cairo, St. Louis and all mail landings with a good trip of freight and people.
The P. Line steamer Deer Creek, Capt. Charles Pare, got away at noon for Big Deer Creek with a big freight and a good list of people. She has engagements for all the cotton and cotton seed she can bring back.
The through Anchor Liners City of St. Louis passed to New Orleans at 1:30 a.m. yesterday followed at 3:30 p.m. by City of Baton Rouge for St. Louis. Both boats had a good trip of freight and people.
The W. P. Thompson, Capt. M. D. Nolen, is due to-night from Greenville with a good trip of people to witness the annual Fireman's Parade to-morrow, and will leave for Greenville to-morrow night at 10 o'clock.
The ledore, Capt. Marcy Johnson, arrived from Greenwood early this morning with 68 bales of cotton and 373 sacks of seed, most of it for New Orleans and some of it for Vicksburg. She will leave this evening for Yazoo river.
The Headlight, Capt. Wm. Hall, arrived from Sunflower this morning with a small trip of freight and people. She has engagements for all the cotton and cotton seed she can bring back.
The Dew Drop arrived from Deer creek this morning with a small trip of freight and people. She has engagements for all the cotton and cotton seed she can bring back.
The Patrol arrived from New Orleans this morning and left for Memphis at 10 o'clock.
The Issaquena, Capt. H. C. Marionneaux, is due from Greenville at nine o'clock to-morrow with a big lot of people from all along the river who are making the round trip on her and propose to witness the Firemen's Parade.
The Sunflower river packet Headlight, Capt. Geo. W. Bookout, arrived yesterday with a good trip of cotton and seed. She will receive at the Wharfboat to-morrow, returning to all points on Sunflower river as high as water will permit and leaving at 4 p.m. promptly.
The City of Yazoo, Capt. B. S. Leathers, arrived from New Orleans early this morning, being detained by the wind and water. She is receiving at the Wharfboat to leave at 5 p.m. this evening for New Orleans and all points en route with all she can carry in sight, including a lot of lumber for Waterproof, La.
The City of Helena, Capt. Jno. T. McCord, is due from St. Louis this evening with a big trip. She will receive at the Elevator and is the Thursday Anchor Liner leaving at 11 a.m. for Memphis, Cairo and St. Louis. Eugene Platt is her passenger agent.
The J. H. Williams, Capt. R. H. Bowman, arrived from Tallulah, La., yesterday evening with a light trip but plenty of orders. She will return Thursday at noon with 600 packages of freight and people. Warren C. Kain can always be seen in the office.
The E. C. Carroll, Jr., Capt. T. R. Smith, is receiving at the Wharf boat to-day, and is the regular P. Liner leaving at 5 p.m. sharp, carrying the mail for all points on the Yazoo and Tallahatchie rivers, as high as Sharkey. She has a big trip in sight.
The coal towboat Smoky City met with an accident on last Saturday night when near Baton Rouge by the breaking of her steel main shaft, steamboat pitman, both cylinder heads and one T head. The damage is a serious one and will disable her from service for some time to come. The damages are estimated at about $5000, as she will have to be towed to Pittsburg, Pa., for repairs.
In the U. S. Circuit Court at New Orleans on last Saturday Judge Pardee rendered a decision in admiralty which occupies two columns of the Picayune, by reason of its importance to steamboat owners and employes in their relation to each other. Briefly stated, it is to the effect that in a suit for damages—both parties being guilty of negligence, they are the common authors of what immediately flowed from it. The measure of damages awarded the employee was what he would have earned at his usual wages during the time that he was confined to the hospital. He was out of his proper place when injured, but the machinery by which he was injured was not properly covered.

ONE of the Springer's passengers, Mr. Thos. W. Silloway, of Boston, Mass., gave the following expression of his feelings on the trip:

Majestic is your splendid march,
Great river to the sea,
Rounding into solemn beauty as you sweep,
Sublime, unhinderedly.

What care you that on either side
Man piles his low levee?
For oft beyond his poor-built works
You at stronger work we see.

Borne on your vast and heaving breast,
Adown we softly glide,
Delighted with these changing scenes
That come on every side.

With Brooks, Purcell or Royal Hart,
Good fellowship at the wheel,
In spite of flood or treacherous bar,
A confidence we feel.

From stem to stern; from deck to keel,
Throughout beats one great heart of (Hart),
At once our captain and our friend,
Of all he seems a part.

And finally comes joy anew,
As Jones our clerky friend,
With countenance beaming as both oft
His charming influence lend.

Then march, grand river, on your course,
Persistent to the sea,
Emblem of our life, moving life,
On to eternity.

SPEAKING of tariffs "for revenue only," this country has had some experience with that sort of thing. The tariff act of 1833 and that of 1846 were both based upon the theory of the Morrison bill; and in both cases the imports immediately and enormously increased, making the revenue larger instead of smaller, while home industries were crippled and destroyed, the prices of labor went down, and the severest financial panics in our history followed. Common sense teaches that similar results would succeed a similar experiment at this time. An ounce of practical experience in such matters is more convincing than several pounds of "star-eyed goddess" theory and sentiment.—Globe-Democrat.

A NEW YORK Judge decides that a valid contract cannot be made between corporations where the same men are directors in both, because a director or a corporation cannot be a party to both sides of a compact.

THE New York Sun, noting that the Democrats in the House from that State voted 9 for consolidation and 4 opposed, says it is evident that New York cannot stand on the Morrison tariff platform.

CAPT. FRANK JOHNSON, one of the brainiest men in the State, as well as a lawyer of ability, has been appointed by Governor Lowry to the position of Adjutant-General, vice Col. Wm. Calhoun, resigned. Capt. Johnson will make a splendid officer.

A CORRESPONDENT of the VICKSBURG POST raises the question of the constitutionality of Mr. Cameron as Swamp Commissioner. The Constitution says:

"No Senator or Representative during the term of which he was elected, shall be appointed to any office of profit under this State which shall have been created or the emoluments of which have been increased during the time such Senator or Representative was in office, except such office as may be filled by an election of the people."—Constitution of Mississippi, art. 4, sec. 38.

Mr. Cameron was a member of the Legislature which raised the pay of the Swamp Land Commissioner. The point made by the correspondent of the POST seems to be well taken.—New Mississippian.

IT is said that the Mexicans who occupy the Mesilla Valley in New Mexico cultivate the earth in the same crude manner as did the ancient Egyptians. They plow their lands with the forked stick, yoke their oxen by the horns, reap their grain with the sickle and thrash it with goats; pound the grain between two stones, cook it on earthen ovens, and eat it with their fingers, all of which they do sitting on the ground. They have no furniture of any kind; they need none; they live out of doors most of the time, sitting in the shade of their adobe built houses. Their houses are all built of mud, the floors and roofs being of the same material; few of them have any windows, and many no doors. If a horse, cow or hog dies of any disease they will take the carcass, dry and eat it.

The Death of Henry Muller.

The death of this estimable citizen took place in Jackson Thursday. Mr. Muller has been for some time in a very feeble state of health, and great uneasiness was felt as to his condition for may weeks prior to his decease.

Mr. Muller was by birth a native of Germany, but was identified with Jackson for very many years prior to the war, and was universally esteemed as a man of strict business integrity, warm and generous disposition, and unusually interesting conversational powers. He leaves a large family and a host of warm friends behind to mourn his loss.—Jackson Ledger.

Judge Davis on Divorce.

Many members of the Nineteenth Century Club assembled last evening in the parlors of Mr. Courtland Palmer's residence, No. 117 East Twenty-first street, to listen to a lecture on "Marriage and Divorce," delivered by Chief Justice Davis. While speaking of divorce the Judge said:

"A restriction should be put upon the marriages of infants. The common law rule of 12 years for females and 14 years for males is not a fit or decent one for this climate. I would have the eligible ages for the married state changed to 15 years for females and 18 years for males."—New York Star.

Southern Manufacturer: Some interesting and extraordinary data have just been compiled respecting the Mississippi. It appears that it boasts tributary streams with a total length of navigation of 16,571 miles, or about two-fifths of the distance round the world. Even this, however, represents but a small amount of the navigation which will follow when the Federal Government has made the contemplated improvement in the upper Mississippi, in the Minnesota, Wisconsin and other rivers, in which it is now engaged. But while the Mississippi has 16,571 miles navigable to steamboats, it has 20,231 navigable to barges. This navigation is divided between 22 States and Territories.

COMMODORE VANDERBILT'S recipe for making millions with certainty and celerity was never to sign a note; William H. Vanderbilt would not hold any pecuniary interest in an enterprise that was at all active on Sunday, and he firmly believed that his wealth was a reward for conscientiously observing the Sabbath day; the first John Jacob Astor's voudoo charm lay in investing nothing aside from his regular business except in real estate, and Alexander T. Stewart would have anticipated misfortune if he had broken only the smallest personal engagement.

"A LEADVILLE preacher who didn't hesitate to rake the most of his parishioners over the coals for their sins in a Sunday sermon always fought shy enough of doing so with the richest man in the congregation until the latter notified him that he paid the biggest sum of anyone toward the minister's salary and he didn't want his future welfare to be slighted, and he would kick up a row if it was."—Boston Post.

MR. GEORGE AUGUSTUS SALA thinks that black stockings for the small gentle sex are overdone. He says: "When a little girl has shapely lower limbs, the 'showy pantaloon leg' look symmetrical enough; but a little girl in a narrow many kilted 'yoke' dress, very short, and a pair of supports resembling two sticks of black sealing wax, is to me the reverse of a lovely spectacle."

THE Democrats voting with Mr. Randall, 39 in all, in opposition to the Morrison bill, are as follows: New York, 8; Pensylvania, 11; Virginia, 2; California, 4; Ohio, 5; New Jersey, 3; Maryland, 11; Connecticut, Illinois, Alabama, Louisiana and Indiana, one each. —State Ledger.

THERE is a probability that the House will fail to pass the Blair educational bill owing to the want of time over the tariff discussion. The Blair bill is the most important measure of the day. It is not designed to change the tariff this year. This discussion is simply a part of the canvass for the election of President and Congressmen and the politicians think this vastly more important than a law which will directly benefit millions of ignorant people.—Avalanche.

EX-SENATOR BAYARD, perhaps the ablest and most scholarly man of his race in America, passed down the Illinois Central on the night of the 16th. He is proudly looking to the Democratic race succeeding all, and especially the Virginia Democracy.

JOHN E. CURPHEY, JAMES MUNDY.
CURPHEY & MUNDY,
CONTRACTORS AND MANUFACTURERS OF
SASH, DOORS, BLINDS and MOULDINGS
Of which we keep a full supply, and will sell at prices to c[illegible] are favorably with other points. Orders by mail or otherwise promptly attended to. Depot

STEAMBOATS.

ANCHOR LINE.
For Memphis, Cairo and St. Louis.
THE U. S. MAIL STEAMER
CITY OF HELENA,
JNO. T. MCCORD.....Master
ROLLA PORTER.....Clerk
Leaves for St. Louis THURSDAY, the 24th of April at 11 a.m., connecting at Arkansas City with the Arkansas City Railroad for Pine Bluff, Little Rock, Hot Springs, upper Arkansas river, Fort Smith, and the Indian Territory. Careful attention to way and plantation business. For freight or passage apply on board or to
E. C. CARROLL,
Superintendent Elevator Company.
W. S. JONES,
Superintendent Wharfboat Company.
EUGENE PLATT,
Freight and Passenger Agent.

PARISOT LINE.
CARRYING THE U. S. MAILS.
For Yazoo River.
Steamers will leave as follows:
For Belzoni and Greenwood every FRIDAY at 5 p.m. For upper Yazoo and Tallahatchie every TUESDAY at 5 p.m., going through Tchula lake.
W. S. JONES, Agent. E. C. CARROLL, Superintendent.

SARGENT'S LINE.
Warrenton, Newton & Point Pleasant
Steamer JOHN F.

The Vicksburg Evening Post.

VOLUME II. VICKSBURG, MISSISSIPPI, WEDNESDAY, APRIL 23, 1884. NUMBER 98.

AMUSEMENTS.

COMING AGAIN.

TO-NIGHT

AND ALL THIS WEEK,

And Saturday Matinee at 2:30 p.m. for Ladies and Children.

ZE SEMON

THE ORIGINAL

Wonder-Worker!

100 Presents given away at each performance. 100

RATES OF ADMISSION:

Reserved seats, 50 cents, with 3 envelopes given you. Family circle, 35 cents, with 2 envelopes given you. Gallery, 25 cents, with 1 envelope given you. ap16

The SECOND GRAND MAI FEST

WILL BE GIVEN BY THE

MOZART ORCHESTRA

—AT THE—

OPERA HOUSE

VICKSBURG, MISS.

—ON—

April 28th and 29th, 1884.

Assisted by the Best Vocal Talent in the City.

Change of Programme Each Evening

Reserved Seats $1. Tickets for sale at Clarke & Co.'s and Baum & Co.'s Book-stores. ap21-8t

CHEAP COLUMN.

WANTED.

WANTED.—A turner on table legs. Steady work and good wages. Address W. B. BRADLEY, Superintendent of the Home Furniture Company, Jackson, Miss. ap18

WANTED.—SCHOOLS! TEACHERS!! Schools in need of competent teachers, and teachers in search of situations should address the Central Educational Bureau, R. K. JAYNE, Secretary, ap2 Jackson, Miss.

WANTED—A situation as collector. Best of reference given. Address P. O. Box 563. ap15-1w

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—An upright 7⅓ octave piano, good as new. Will be sold at W. H. Woodruff's store to highest bidder, Thursday, April 24, 1884. 22-10t CHAS. O'CONNOR, Constable.

FOR SALE—Gin-house with 20-horse power Engine, 70-saw Gullet Gin Stand, Steam Press, 24-inch Straub Mill; all in good order. Cheap Engine. ap17-tf W. J. KATZENMIER.

FOR SALE—New Cottage in good neighborhood, containing 3 rooms with hall and gallery, kitchen, stable and garden. Lot 150x150 feet, all under new fence. Apply at this office. m25

FOR SALE.—A cottage residence on East Clay street, containing four rooms with hall 12 feet, kitchen, fine cistern and fine orchard; lot 64x122 feet. Apply to R. P. WILSON, on premises. m28

FOR SALE.—The LOT on the north-east corner of Cherry and Grove sts. Apply to THOMAS MOUNT. mh19

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT.—A House on Cherry street, between China and Grove. Apply to ap16-2w MRS. E. FRANCIS.

FOR RENT.—Nice house with eight rooms, kitchen, good water, and surroundings; half square of land, situated on the National Cemetery road, and known as the Miller House. Cheap rent. ap15-1w R. B. C. HOWELL.

FOR SALE OR RENT.—60 acres good land, one and a half miles from town, with plenty of wood and water. Apply at this office, or to R. P. WILSON, Vicksburg. Miss. ap4-2tw

Mme. A. CREFFOZ

Has just received the latest styles in Hats and Bonnets. A large assortment of Lace Caps. Everything new in Hair Goods, at the lowest prices. ap21-1w

THE SATISFACTION

Of sitting under one's own vine and fig tree pays the largest dividend of any investment. It is the best kind of life insurance. It is the best medicine in sickness. It enables a man to die easier, and robs death of one of the principal terrors to know that the loved ones we must leave behind us have a roof of their own over their heads which cannot be taken from them.

If you cannot buy a house and lot, you can at least make a commencement by investing $25 in a lot in Speed's Addition, and pay the balance in $5 monthly instalments. No better opportunity to buy a home or to make a safe investment in Vicksburg is likely to occur than that now presented by the unprecedented terms upon which these lots are sold. sep1

LOCAL ITEMS.

PARADE to-morrow.

TO-MORROW is our Mardi Gras.

HON. H. F. SIMRALL is in the city.

THE mail was six hours late this morning.

SUMPTUOUS lunch at Magnolia Hall to-morrow.

TO-MORROW, the grand and gala Firemen's Day.

MAGNIFICENT display of fire works to-morrow night.

TICKETS for Zera Semon's at Clarke & Co.'s bookstore.

FINE piano of Piano for sale in cheap for a bargain.

TICKETS for the Mozart Orchestra Mai Fest will be placed on sale to-morrow.

RESERVED seats for Zera Semon's entertainment may be procured at Clarke's.

THE fireworks to-morrow evening will take place at 8 o'clock, above Glass bayou.

THE darkness of to-morrow night will add to the grandeur and beauty of the fireworks.

DON'T forget the lunch to be spread by the Methodist ladies at Magnolia Hall to-morrow.

MR. JOHN J. RAMEY, of the Yazoo City Hook and Ladder Company, is in the city.

THE new hotel to be erected at Cooper's Well, will be built under the supervision of Mr. John Aiken, of this city.

TO-MORROW you should "hang your banners on the outer walls," and aid in the general decoration of the city.

MR. JAS. COMPTON, the efficient Superentendent of the Western Union Telegraph Company, is in the city.

THE Briarfield Band arrived in the city to-day, having been engaged by the Phoenix Company for to-morrow's parade.

THE committees appointed by the 4-10s will please report at 7 o'clock sharp, across Glass bayou. By order of the Big Six.

Two elegant Decker Grand pianos arrived at Clarke's yesterday. One was sold to Mr. Samuel Feld, and the other will be used at the Mozart Orchestra's Mai Fest.

THE colored Odd Fellows paraded the streets yesterday, headed by the Vicksburg Field Band, and their appearance was quite creditable. At night they celebrated the 5th Anniversary of Beauty of Life Lodge at Klein's Hall by giving a big concert.

THE Greenville Times gives the following description of the negro who recently murdered the second mate of the steamer Will S. Hays: "A negro, tall and slim, no whiskers or mustache, had on a blue 'jumper' overshirt, white undershirt with black stripes, and wearing a cap."

MR. REIGART formerly of Madison parish, (La.,) was a passenger by the City of Yazoo this morning. He is just from Florida in which State he has been for some time. He regards Florida as the boss State, and speaks in glowing terms of its magnificent climate, and its many great natural advantages.

IF any visitor to Vicksburg should want a first-class sewing machine, in fact, the best machine in the world, they should not fail to call on Mr. C. Edwards, at Madame Ferguson's, 139 Washington street, and buy one of the new improved Wheeler & Wilson No. 8, the handsomest most satisfactory machine now made.

JOHN W. BALDWIN, M. Tuckerman, New Orleans; J. M. Reigart, Madison parish; A. L. Melton, Jefferson county; Hazen Steadman, Aurora, Ind.; Jos. Reade, T. Sanguinette, A. J. Tudaree, J.Q.O. Burreall, J. H. Tuttle, P. L. Murray, Wm. Rettringham, F. H. Stair, J. W. Hatcox, Jos. Hatcox, J. P. Stokes, J. R. Yarmal and J. J. Barradell, Natchez, are at the Pacific to-day.

Bicycling.

Master Lee Richardson, the 6-year old bicyclist, gave an exhibition at the Cavalry Armory Saturday evening, showing wonderful speed for his age. The band struck up a fast gallop, and Master Lee sped away on his little silver-plated wheel, dressed in a very pretty Jocky costume. The crowd cheered the efforts of the midget, and the ladies declared him as sweet for any use. The time for the mile was 6 minutes 1 second.—Mirror of American Sports.

Six years old is probably an error. If it was intended for the old man it should be between 45 and 50, but if the young man it should have been 16.

Chicken Thief Caught.

At 5 o'clock this morning Squire S. H. Mackey and officer F. W. Stevenson arrested Elijah Washington for roost-robbing. They ran him into a house near Glass Bayou bridge, surrounded it and made him come out and get a sack that had been seen in his possession. In the sack was a fine turkey gobbler and some chickens that had been stolen from Anderson Griffin. He was fined $100 and sent to the workhouse. The turkeys over in that part of town will rest easier till he gets out.

The Rifles

Will be out at half past four to-morrow evening, and give a dress parade and exhibition drill. We are glad to see the boys willing to contribute to the pageantry of to-morrow, and the Rifles will make another good feature of the day.

A Word to Strangers and Others.

As there will be a number of strangers in our city to-morrow, we think we cannot do better than to call their attention to one of the leading dry goods establishments of Vicksburg, and a comparatively new house at that. It is said that "a new broom sweeps clean" and this seems to be the case in the dry goods business, for we find the new house of Joe Fox sweeping up business right and left and all around, and making new customers daily. This can be accounted for by the fact, that new houses are more ambitious and enterprising than their old-settled neighbors.

The attention of Jobbers is particularly directed to Mr. Fox's store. He can offer them the greatest bargains and inducements to be found in this city, and we doubt if New Orleans can afford anything better than is now offered by Mr. Fox. He means business from the word go.

Remember the great dry goods emporium 184 Washington street; drop in to-morrow and examine goods and prices. 22

Pistol Tournament At Dave Larr's Shooting Gallery,

Levee street opposite Wharfboat, with the old fashioned Dueling Pistols. The prize is a fine Walking Stick for the best three shots.

Tournament commences Tuesday.

The Wonder-worker

Held forth at the Opera-house last night, and entertained a goodly audience. Mr. L. Reese drew the "capital prize," and Mr. John Watt, irrepressible "pirate," drew the chamber set. The performance, as Zera's performances always do, gave the best of satisfaction. The wonder-worker will exhibit here the remainder of the week.

A Mammoth Pelican.

The steamer Leflore brought down from Greenwood, Yazoo river, an immense pelican. It measures 8 feet 2 inches from tip to tip of wing. From tip of bill to tip of tail, 5 feet 4 inches. The bill is 12 inches long. The pelican is for the Phœnix No 2, and was killed near Greenwood.

Natchez Firemen.

Phœnix Fire Company No. 7, of Natchez, arrived in the city this morning over the L., N. O. & T. R. R., via Port Gibson. As the Company was not looked for until to-morrow, the reception Committee failed to meet them at the train. To make up for the omission of that, the Department will do their best to entertain our Natchez visitors on to-morrow, and we hope to see them enjoy themselves and make themselves at home while in the city.

Weather Indications.

The present cold changes in the weather has been caused by heavy snow storms in the Northwest. At Dodge City Kansas, there was a heavy snow storm on the 21st and one at Leavenworth Kansas at 3 o'clock yesterday with the temperature at 36. The probability is that we will have a fair day to-morrow, a little warmer, but with clearing weather. Signal Bureau reports do not indicate heavy rain, although it has looked somewhat cloudy and threatening during the day.

CONSTITUTION FIRE CO., Go to LEWIS BROS'. for your Parade Shoes.

The River at Helena.

The stage of the river at Helena is watched by people in this section closer than any other point, because when there is danger at Helena there is danger at most all points below from a coming rise. Therefore our people will be glad to know that hereafter there will be a daily report received at the Vicksburg Signal Office from the Signal Observer at Helena. By instructions from Washington, the Observer at Helena will daily send a river report, by special message, to the Signal Office here.

The stage of the river at Helena at 12 o'clock to-day was 43 feet 7 inches; the wind was from the northwest and the weather cloudy.

The Election at New Orleans.

The election to-morrow promises to be conducted under great excitement, growing out of the superities with which the canvass has been characterized on both sides. Apprehensions have been expressed that frauds would be perpetrated, and every unfair means used to influence the result. We trust that no attempt at fraud on either side will be attempted, and if all good citizens turn out no such effort can be successful. We deprecate all violence, and shall denounce any fraud, by whichever party they may be perpetrated. Let us have a fair election, and the result will be satisfactory to all parties.

Results of the "Bee-hive."

Judging from the excellent financial result, there could certainly have been no drones among the busy bees in the enjoyable entertainment that was in progress all last week at the Magnolia Hall.

To the Ladies, who gave their time, unremitting attention, arduous service, and careful forethought (which means weeks of preliminary work before the "Bee-hive" was thrown open to the public), of course the principal credit is due for the extraordinary success of the entertainment. But our citizens, the generous steamboatmen and others, who contributed articles and so generously patronized the "Bee-hive" are entitled to the gratitude of the busy workers, for the success which attended their efforts.

The Pastor of St. Paul's Church, Rev. Father Picherit, expresses himself as highly gratified with the result, and is thankful to the ladies who managed and conducted the entertainment, and to the generous public which manifested such appreciation of their efforts.

The following are the net amounts realized from the several tables, etc.—the stralled honey it might be called—and they aggregate a very handsome sum:

Mrs. Bruser	$700 00
Mrs. Formoski	676 55
Mrs. Hutcheson	450 30
Young Ladies Solality	397 75
Mrs. Rodge	180 20
Magic Well	60 00
Miss Katie Swalthy (post-office)	58 00
Mrs. Ferguson	31 00
Total	$2,462 50

The Mai Fest.

All the while the Mozart Orchestra is working energetically, and their Mai Fest on next Monday and Tuesday nights will be the acme of Vicksburg's musical occasions. We can advise everybody to go and hear it, for beside getting your money's worth in first-class music you will encourage the boys by patronizing the concert. We predict for them the biggest houses of the season.

"BIG BROGAN"

Is the sign of LEWIS BROS'. Shoe Store, Washington street.

The Southrons

Have decided to turn out and give an exhibition drill at 5 o'clock to-morrow evening. This will be another nice feature of the Firemen's Day festivities.

BRAND NEW

And cant-be-beaten styles of thoroughly first-rate Spring clothing now on the counters at our house. Men's suits, boy's suits, children's suits in all the latest shapes and colors. New furnishings and hats just in. The best styles we ever showed, and the lowest prices.

WARNER & SEARLES, The Leading Clothiers.

For Sale.

Two good building lots on Jackson road. Title good. Apply to JOHN R. MCRAE, No. 207 Mulberry street, or DR. J. H. D. BOWMAR, real estate agent.

No. 1 Soda Fountain; all fixtures complete. Apply to JOHN R. MCRAE.

Two pair Store Scales, at MCRAE'S, in good order.

One fine Parlor Set Furniture, nine pieces, at JOHN R. MCRAE'S STORE.

Four full Marble Bedroom Sets Furniture, at JOHN R. MCRAE'S, 207 Mulberry street, next to McCutchen's. Must be sold inside of ten days. ap19

WASHINGTON NO. 3,

Remember LEWIS BROS. for Parade Shoes, at "Big Six."

Col. French Improving.

Mr. E. Bonelli this morning received the following telegram, which is good news to the many friends of Col. French:

JACKSON, April 22, 1884.

Col. French is some better this morning. He rested well last night.

F. W. CLINGAN.

We trust the change for the better may be permanent, and that Col. French may soon be with us again.

"BIG SIX"

At LEWIS BROS.' Washington Street Shoe Store, formerly Jas. H. King's.

The Republican Convention.

The following telegram was received by a gentleman of this city this morning: Crayton and Allen are delegates to Chicago; Beck was left. The Hill faction is running the Convention.

A TRIUMPH OF SKILL.

Dr. Price's SPECIAL

TRADE MARK

FLAVORING EXTRACTS

Prepared from Select Fruits that yield the finest Flavors. Have been used for years. Become The Standard Flavoring Extracts. None of Greater Strength. None of such Perfect Purity. Always Sustain to impart to Cakes, Puddings, Sauces, the natural Flavor of the Fruits.

STERLE & PRICE,

CHICAGO.

LOUIS HOFFMAN

AGENT FOR THE



"CHAMPION"

Reaping and Mowing Machine

THE BEST MACHINE MADE.

LOUIS HOFFMAN.

ap14

Dry Goods & Plantation Supplies

AT

REDUCED PRICES!

A short time since I purchased from the closing out sale of Messrs. August, Bernheim & Bauer, (late Mayer Bros. & Co.,)

A Large Quantity of Dry Goods and Plantation Supplies

These goods are now on my second floor, and will be sold to wholesale as well as retail purchasers at bargains that cannot be duplicated elsewhere. Attention is also called to a full line of

PLANTATION BOOTS AND SHOES

—AND THE—

LARGEST WHOLESALE GROCERY STOCK IN VICKSBURG.

Purchasers in any of these lines of goods will find it to their interest to call and examine my stock.

JACOB SHLENKER,

137 WASHINGTON STREET, VICKSBURG. ap21

THOS. E. LEWIS, PRENTISS LEWIS.

LEWIS BROS.,

Will open the Shoe Store formerly occupied by Mr. Jas. H. King on the 22d of April with a large and well-selected stock of

MEN'S, BOY'S LADIES', SHOES! MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S

The stock was bought for cash at a low figure, and LEWIS BROS. propose to give their customers the benefit of the purchase in

RARE BARGAINS

The stock will always be kept new and replete with all the latest novelties in Shoes. The finest

Custom Hand-Made Work

For Gents' Ladies, Misses and Children a specialty. The former patrons and customers are respectfully requested to call before purchasing elsewhere.

LEWIS BROS.,

THOS. E. LEWIS, Formerly with P. H. Gilbert. | PRENTISS LEWIS, With Mattingly, Son & Co.

135 WASHINGTON STREET.

T. J. HANES, J. W. HANES.

HANES BROS.,

Successors to D. R. SMARR & CO.,

Auction and Commission Merchants,

206 WASHINGTON STREET, VICKSBURG.

Consignments solicited. Prompt returns and satisfaction guaranteed. feb22

JOHN B. CLARK. D. S. WRIGHT.

CLARKE & CO.

WE invite your attention and solicit your inspection, as we feel assured that you will find it to your interest to do so before buying elsewhere. We buy direct from the manufacturers and first hands, consequently we will duplicate prices of North, South or West.

Our Line of Blank Books

Embraces Day Books, Journals, Ledgers, Cash Books, full and half bound; Draft, Note, Order and Receipt Books, Pass and Memorandum Books, Monthly and Weekly Time Books, Invoice and Bill Books, and all kinds and sizes of blank books.

Also Letter Paper, Bill and Account Paper, Envelopes, Inks, Pens, Pencils, etc.

Our Book Department.

We have a large assortment of School Books, Medical, Scientific, Law and Miscellaneous Books, also all the New Books as issued. Our

Fancy Goods Department

Offers an elegant variety goods. Birthday and Congratulation Cards in large assortment.

Ladies' Stationery.

Our assortment is always large and in latest shades, sizes and kinds.

Artists' Materials.

Includes Oil, Water and China Painting Materials of every description. Brushes, Canvass, Plaques and Panels of all kinds. Also Art Novelties for Decoration.

Musical Instruments.

Includes Pianos, Organs, Guitars, Banjos, Accordions, etc. Italian and German strings for different kinds of Instruments. Agents for Decker Bros. Pianos and Mason & Hamlin Organs.

Headquarters for Wall Paper, Fixtures, Frames, Mouldings, etc. All the Cheap Libraries, both old and new issues. Newspapers, Magazines, New Publications received daily.

All orders or communications per mail, post or otherwise answered with prompt-ness, and satisfaction guaranteed. Send for Price List and Catalogue.

CLARKE & CO.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Booksellers, Stationers and Music Dealers

STEREOTYPERS AND ELECTROTYPERS.

BLANKS!

Southern Photographic Gallery,

CLAY STREET, OVER EXPRESS OFFICE. VICKSBURG, MISS.

STRICTLY FIRST-CLASS PHOTOGRAPHS of all sizes and styles. Old pictures copied and enlarged to any size desired.

INSTANTANEOUS PICTURES TAKEN AT THIS GALLERY

Post Office Box 191.

VICKSBURG BANK.

EDWARD S. BUTTS, President. | Established Nov. 12, 1868.

C. E. KUYKENDALL, Vice-Pres.

JAMES P. ROACH, Cashier. | Incorporated Mar. 4, 1878.

Transacts a General Banking Business.

CHARTER PERPETUAL.

New York Correspondent, - - - National Park Bank.

New Orleans Correspondent, - - - State National Bank.

SPRING SPECIALTIES

From Age Cultivators,

Avery's Garden Plows,

Acme Harrows,

GERMAN MILLET SEED, SAPLING CLOVER SEED,

—AND—

LANDRETH'S GARDEN SEED,

LOW LOW COTTON PLANTERS

Globe Cotton Planters, Washburn & Moen's Thick Set Galvanized Barb Wire, Philadelphia Lawn Mowers.

LEE RICHARDSON & CO.

BASE BALL BATS, ETC.

The season has commenced, and, as usual, we have the largest stock of

Base Ball Bats, Croquet Sets, Hammocks,

MARBLES, TOPS, ETC.

Base Balls, - - - - - - - - - - 5 cents and up.

Best Ball Croquet Sets - - - - - - - - 1.00 and upwards.

Best Croquet Sets - - - - - - - - - 1.50 and upwards.

HEADQUARTERS FOR EVERYTHING IN THE

Book & Stationery Line, Pocket Cutlery, Music, Musical Instruments,

FANCY GOODS, ETC.

Leading Newspapers and Magazines received daily.

J. F. BAUM & CO.

171 WASHINGTON STREET, VICKSBURG.

JOHN BOGIE, President, JOS. BILLITZ, Business Manager.

RIVERVIEW

Manufacturing Company

ARE NOW MANUFACTURING

CIDER!

Which they guarantee equal to the best made in the United States or elsewhere. Commence delivering Oct. 1st. City orders delivered free.

Factory on Washington road. Orders can be left at S. Feld & Co.'s, 173 Washington street. ap16

E. A. NEELY.

C. REYNOLDS. VICTORIA

C. C. REYNOLDS & CO.

Wholesale and Retail Druggists

AND DEALERS IN

Red Lead, Mixed Paints, Linseed Oil, Lard Oil, Coal Oil, Gasoline, Turpentine, Varnish, Glass, Putty, Brushes, Dye Stuffs, Patent Medicines, Perfumery, Soaps, Toilet Articles, Etc.

Physicians' Prescriptions Carefully Compounded at All Hours.

Cor. Washington and Crawford Sts., Vicksburg, Miss.

FIREMEN'S FESTIVITIES.

A Little Mardi Gras of Our Own.

A Long Procession and a Sumptuous Banquet.

Descriptions of the Machines—Watch Presentations—That Badge—Fire News Generally.

The Visiting Firemen—John Barry's Incomparable Engine.

Look Out for the Bombardment To-night.

The weather this morning was rather unseasonable and "too cold for comfort," but about 9 o'clock the sun shone out bright and beautiful, as if to encourage the firemen in their holiday, and the rest of the day was suitable for marching, the air being exhilarating and inspiring. Washington street was decorated with flags and banners—everybody hung their banners "on the outward wall"—and some time before the procession was formed, the streets, balconies, windows and sheds were filled with ladies, children and men,—strangers, visitors and citizens, who turned out in larger numbers than ever before in Vicksburg, and awaited in happy expectancy the gorgeous pageant that was soon to greet them.

At the appointed hour, the companies assembled at the appointed place, and the programme was carried out by starting the procession "on time," something unusual with parades. We do not exaggerate when we say the display and decorations presented by the firemen to-day, were the best, most complete and artistic that Vicksburg ever gave. And it is but reasonable that they should be so. Each year the several companies strive to excel their past displays, and it is only the truth when we say that each one of them made a decided improvement this year.

The music furnished by the Firemen's Silver Cornet Band was most acceptable, and added greatly to the interest of the occasion—the handsome uniforms, excellent marching, and inspiring music of the Band forming a decided feature of procession. The Brierfield Brass Band and a field band also furnished fine music. The "decorations" of the engines and other apparatus, however, was the "great" attraction to the people, and numerous were the expressions of gratification, surprise and commendation as succeeding features and points and characteristics of the several displays were discovered and pointed out. Various opinions were expressed as to which one was the handsomest and best, but as all of them had so much merit and and so many features of special beauty and excellence, we shall not pretend to express an opinion in the matter, but will give a description of the several machines and let people judge for themselves:

JACKSON FIRE COMPANY NO. 1.

This excellent company was given the place of honor in the procession, being the first company that followed the Band and Marshals. This Company has well earned the "place of honor," by reason of long, continuous, and meritorious service, as we believe it is the oldest fire company in the State. The Company has about 25 men in line, dressed in the regulation uniform, red shirts, black pants, and black fire-hats. The fine appearance of this company, was the subject of universal comment, and much regret was expressed that they did not bring their beautiful steamer along, when they might have carried off the honors of the day in every respect.

CONSTITUTION NO. 1.

The decorations of the engine of the Constitution Company were elaborate and beautiful. Upon the smoke stack was erected a magnificent dome, constructed of blue satin and silver bullion fringe. Surmounting the apex of the dome was a white dove with out spread wings, and encircling the dove was a ring entwined with a wreath. Swinging under the dome was an elegant wax figure in blue satin "Mother Hubbard" and "Peek-a-boo," and by each of the pillars supporting the dome were other wax figures of ladies clad in beautiful costumes of blue satin. Over the cylinder stood a large wax figure representing a queen. Her majesty wore an elegant white satin costume and regal crown. Upon the coal-box was a representation of flowing water made with the help of blue satin and silver fringe. The hose brackets were ornamented with wax figures in domes of blue satin and silver fringe. The engine of the Constitution is a LaFrance nickel plated, with white wheels and red trimmings, and elegantly striped. The officers of this company are as follows: Wm. Price, Foreman; John Tironi, First Assistant; C. Barber, Second Assistant; R. G. Groome, President; Wm. Foster, Secretary; Felix Hoerner Teasurer. The uniform worn was a red shirt, blue hats and black pants, and the Company turned out about fifty men. The engine was drawn by four white horses, and the horses "Fred" and "Bob" had the places of honor in the Company and were led by grooms in black velvet waists, white pants and caps. Their saddles were elaborately constructed of blue satin, with the name of each in silver bullion on the sides. "Dan," the hose reel horse, had a saddle of white satin, trimmed with bells. The hose reel itself was beautifully ornamented. On the front was a correct miniature of the steamer Monagenha, the same that used to hang in the cabin of that steamer. Back of this was the life size figure of a female dressed in flesh colored tights, and with a white satin dress and with hands clasped as if imploring aid from her hands were streamers inscribed "Monagenha," "Firemen's Friend," "Excelsior," "Victoria," "Pioneer," "Constitution," "Phœnix," "Vicksburg," "Natchez," "Yazoo," "Delta," "Rescue," "Hook and Ladder," "Yazoo City," "Brierfield," "Briarfield," "Rifles," "Southrons," "Mozart Orchestra," "Field Band," "Silver Cornet Band," "Mai Fest," "Zera Semon," "Wonder-Worker," "Mardi Gras," "Bee-hive," "Big Six," "Big Brogan," "Pistol Tournament," "Dueling Pistols," "Shooting Gallery," "Dave Larr," "Ladies' Walking Shoes," "Misses' Promenade Shoes," "Boys' School Shoes," "Infants' Pretty Shoes," "Lewis Bros.," "Big Shoe Store," "Clarke & Co.," "Booksellers, Stationers and Music Dealers," "Steam Printers and Binders," "Blank Book Manufacturers," "Lithographers and Engravers," "Stereotypers and Electrotypers," "Louis Hoffman," "Champion Reaping and Mowing Machine," "Dry Goods and Plantation Supplies," "Jacob Shlenker," "Lewis Bros.," "Lee Richardson & Co.," "Base Ball Bats, Etc.," "Jacob Baum & Co.," "Riverview Manufacturing Company," "Cider," "C. C. Reynolds & Co.," "Wholesale and Retail Druggists," "Dr. Price's Special Flavoring Extracts," "Sterle & Price," "Hanes Bros.," "Auction and Commission Merchants," "Clay Street," "Over Express Office," "Vicksburg, Miss.," "Southern Photographic Gallery," "Instantaneous Pictures Taken at This Gallery," "Vicksburg Bank," "Spring Specialties," "Low Low Cotton Planters," "Lee Richardson & Co.," "Base Ball Bats, Etc.," "Jacob Baum & Co.," "Riverview Manufacturing Company," "Cider," "C. C. Reynolds & Co.," "Wholesale and Retail Druggists," "Dr. Price's Special Flavoring Extracts," "Sterle & Price," "Hanes Bros.," "Auction and Commission Merchants," "Clay Street," "Over Express Office," "Vicksburg, Miss." Over the cylinder was a large wax figure representing a queen. Her majesty wore an elegant white satin costume and regal crown. Upon the coal-box was a representation of flowing water made with the help of blue satin and silver fringe. 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C. Reynolds & Co.," "Wholesale and Retail Druggists," "Dr. Price's Special Flavoring Extracts," "Sterle & Price," "Hanes Bros.," "Auction and Commission Merchants," "Clay Street," "Over Express Office," "Vicksburg, Miss." Over the cylinder stood a large wax figure representing a queen. Her majesty wore an elegant white satin costume and regal crown. Upon the coal-box was a representation of flowing water made with the help of blue satin and silver fringe. The hose brackets were ornamented with wax figures in domes of blue satin and silver fringe. The engine of the Constitution is a LaFrance nickel plated, with white wheels and red trimmings, and elegantly striped. The officers of this company are as follows: Wm. Price, Foreman; John Tironi, First Assistant; C. Barber, Second Assistant; R. G. Groome, President; Wm. Foster, Secretary; Felix Hoerner Teasurer. The uniform worn was a red shirt, blue hats and black pants, and the Company turned out about fifty men. 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C. Reynolds & Co.," "Wholesale and Retail Druggists," "Dr. Price's Special Flavoring Extracts," "Sterle & Price," "Hanes Bros.," "Auction and Commission Merchants," "Clay Street," "Over Express Office," "Vicksburg, Miss."

PHŒNIX NO. 7, OF NATCHEZ.

This Company attracted attention, not only because strangers are always looked at with more interest than those we know, but also because of their exceptionally fine appearance and gallant bearing. They did not have their engine with them, but the lack of this did not prevent them from making a most creditable display, nor from receiving unstinted praise and showers of bouquets. The uniform of this fine-looking Company was red shirts, black pants, fire hats, and large white cravats. The following is a list of the members who came to Vicksburg and participated in the parade:

J. J. O'Ferrall, President.
T. R. Quarterman, Secretary.
Jos. Reale, Foreman.
J. J. Barradel, Assistant Foreman.
John Gorman, 2d Assistant Foreman.
F. Reene, Jr., Hose Director.
Wm. Ketteringham, Jr., F. Petagna, Peter Murray. John D. Earhart, Jos. Kaiser. Jos. Hathcock, Jessie Hathcock. Peter McKenna, A. Fettalano. Jos. Tuttle, Chas. Schlect. Herman Stier, John Stokes. P. Sanguinaeti, John Crimmins. A. J. Tudoree, Master G. Quarterman, Walter McClure. David McClure.

WASHINGTON NO. 3.

The engine of Washington Company No. 3 was also decorated in a splendid manner. Upon the smoke-stack was a large glistening imitation of a sea-shell. Standing therein was a representation of a cherub driving a large white swan, which was above the cylinder. The hose brackets bore a fan-shaped ornament made of swan-down, gold trimmings, and decorated with birds. Upon the coal-box was a representation of Niagara, made of rocks, blue satin and silver bullion fringe, while the owl sat on a stump by the bank. The entire decoration was rich and beautiful and was admired by all. "Nigger," the black horse, wore a fine satin saddle with his name thereon in gold bullion

THE EVENING POST

PUBLISHED BY
J. G. CASHMAN & CO.
Washington St., Vicksburg, Miss.

The Evening Post.

VICKSBURG, MISS., APRIL 23, 1884.

THE bankrupt bill, known as Lowell bill, has passed the Senate. There were fifteen votes against it, all Democrats except one.

ANOTHER BIG STRAW.—The Democratic Committee ot North Carolina have adopted a resolution calling for the repeal of the internal revenue and let the tariff question severely alone.

The Firemen.

This is FIREMAN'S DAY. You will not be likely to forget it. It is written on the house-tops and the hill-tops, in the windows and on the balconies, on the curb-stones and the door-ways, and the by-ways, in the faces of the strangers you meet and the friends you greet. It's in the air; and everywhere and anywhere you'll see it and feel it and know it. Its the fireman's carnival, and he reigns an undisputed sovereign; and the cheerful allegiance is being accorded him that will make his reign glorious and its memory sweet. Such loyalty belongs to him; he has won it fairly in an ever prompt and manly response to the call of duty, and he deserves it. He's the hero by the right of achievement, and his title is written in many a noble and unselfish deed. Our people are creating for future contemplation a pleasant legend of gratitude and proper appreciation by their hearty support and encouragement.

The fireman stands full abreast with the soldier in our estimate of the noble callings of life. His path of duty often leads him to the bravest of deeds, and not unfrequently a priceless life lost in pursuing its rugged path marks a noble sacrifice. All honor to him, and may he "and his family"—and his sweetheart —"live long and prosper," in the full enjoyment and glory of his laurels.

Cotton Exposition vs. River Improvements.

Senator Jonas and Representative Ellis each to-day introduced into their respective bodies bills to advance one million of dollars to the New Orleans World's Fair and Centennial Cotton Exposition. It provides that before any dividends or percentage shall be paid the stockholders the Government is to be reimbursed out of the amount remaining in the treasury at the close of the exposition.—Picayune special.

Louisiana is probably more deeply interested in river improvement than any other State in the Union. A large extent of her territory is almost annually overflowed, and great loss and damage inflicted upon her people.

Gen. Ferguson, of the River Commission, appeared before the River and Harbor Committee a few days since, and the highest amount he could get the Committee to recommend for the use of the River Commission was $2,000,000.

Now we find a Louisiana Senator and Representative asking $1,000,000 from the Government for the New Orleans Cotton Exposition—a scheme that was concocted for the personal benefit of a few individuals in the first place, and the city of New Orleans as a matter of secondary consideration; a scheme about which more humbug and bosh has been written than about anything which the American people were ever before gulled.

Until our Congressmen and people become more practical the Southern States will make slow advance in material prosperity. We think the Louisiana Congressmen would conserve the interests of the people of their State, and of the other Valley States, by urging a larger appropriation for river improvement—a work of National importance, which at the same time will particularly benefit the people of the river States. The Cotton Exposition is a purely private enterprise, and nothing else can be made out of it. River improvement is of vastly more importance to the Southern people, but if the Government is persuaded to loan $1,000,000 to the Exposition, the loan will no doubt have the effect to decrease the amount of the river improvement appropriation, or to keep the latter from being increased.

MAHONE AS A PROPHET.

He Says that Grant and Blaine Have Made an Alliance.

Mahone is wiser than his fellows. At least he thinks so. He says Grant and Blaine have made a close alliance. These are his details: If Blaine cannot be nominated he will throw his strength to Grant with the understanding that he is to have the portfolio of the Secretary of State, and realize on his guano venture. Warner Miller and ex-Governor Cornell have set up the New York delegation with this object in view. The stalwarts of the Empire State are in the game. "Me for" that kind of a throne forward by the imperious Conkling to voice the sentiments of the New York stalwarts, and he has declared himself for Blaine.

Warner Miller and ex-Governor Cornell have set up the New York delegation with this object in view. The stalwarts of the Empire State are in the game. "Me for" that kind of a throne forward by the imperious Conkling to voice the sentiments of the New York stalwarts, and he has declared himself for Blaine.

Mahone said to a friend a few days ago at the dinner table between the beef and the beauty that "that either Blaine or Grant would be the nominee, and it was all the same." There is boat room in the ship of the former for Mahone, and for business men generally.

Mahone is a prophet to both Grant and Blaine men. He is what is known in political circles as a "wise man." He is a prophet to both Grant and Blaine men. He is what is known in political circles as a "wise man."

Mississippi Sentiment.

We confess to a feeling of great satisfaction in reference to the growth of a National sentiment in this State on the tariff question. We will call the attention of the Kosciusko Star to the fact that the Clarion—the great organ of the Mississippi Democracy for many years—now favors protection. The Clarion in its last issue said: "Some industries require protection and should be protected."

We are also glad to note that the New Mississippian is opposed to the Morrison bill; and that the State Ledger, which clune to Tilden so tenaciously and faithfully for years, is now squarely on the Randall line.

Then there is the Aberdeen Examiner, and the Corinth Herald, two of the ablest papers in North Mississippi, that can safely be put down in favor of Mr. Randall and his principles.

The Natchez Democrat and the Port Gibson Reveille, if we are not mistaken in our recollection, are friendly to Mr. Randall and his ideas.

The Mighty East at Meridian and The Leader at Brookhaven, will no doubt cheerfully support the principles of protection to home industries and a wise discrimination in levying the tariff.

The Greenville Review is an out-and-out protection paper; and the Greenville Times, while avowing its unswerving adherence to Democracy, in its last issue thus indicates its preference:

"We confess to a leaning toward the Randall rather than the Carlisle-Morrison position upon the tariff; and the Ohio platform of a year since came, fully, up to our opinion of tariff revision."

The Mayersville Spectator is in favor of protection, and believes that Randall is the man best fitted to lead the Democratic party to National success.

It will thus be seen that a number of papers in the State—papers that have positive opinions upon public questions —are now with THE POST on this issue. In some of the State papers we can find no expression on the tariff question, and it is probable they have no opinions upon it. But we would not be surprised now to see a number of them follow in the wake of the Clarion, and affirm that "some industries need protection and should be protected."

WHILE Jonas and Ellis, of Louisiana, are asking for one million dollars for the New Orleans Cotton Exposition, Representative King, of that State, is urging liberal appropriations for the rivers in his District, namely: the Ouachita, Bayou Bartholomew, the Tensas and Macon, Boeuf, Black river and Bayou D'Arbonne.

Fulsome Flattery.

That Samuel J. Tilden is a statesman of wide experience and sagacious views, nobody doubts. That he is physically weighed down and enfeebled with ailments incident to his advanced age, is a source of regret to his millions of admirers who would gladly again see him the Presidential nominee of his party. Honored in his seclusion as in public life, he certainly deserves better treatment than is accorded to him by the New York Sun.

Praise, to be acceptable to any sensible man, must be discriminating and just. When it degenerates into servile adulation and fulsome flattery, it merely serves to bring its subject into ridicule. If Mr. Tilden were capable of being pleased with the extravagant praises bestowed upon him by the Sun, the inference would be unfavorable that he had entered into his dotage.

If we are to accept Mr. Dana's dictum, Samuel J. Tilden is not merely our greatest, but our only, Democratic statesman—the one illustrious example of all his party and the whole people out of bondage into the promised land of honest laws and a purer administration. If this be so, and Mr. Tilden flatly refuses the "august mission" of leadership, then, indeed, our lot is a lamentable one and the day of our relief hopelessly distant. Mr. Tilden's letter to the Chicago Reform Club is an able and inspiring document; but the reader of average intelligence will be puzzled to find in it any justification for his unnecessarily extravagant encomiums of Mr. Dana. The Star would loyally support Mr. Tilden if nominated, and is confident that he would be elected. Hence, without depreciating his ability or patriotism, we may frankly say that the sycophancy which portrays him as a Solomon, a Napoleon and a Washington—we all rolled into one—must be as offensive to him as it is distasteful to every man gifted with common sense.

If the perpetuation of Democracy and good governments in this country depends upon one inspired "leader," who happens to be a delicate old man, rather than on the intelligence and patriotism of the people generally, we had better put up the shutter at once and admit that the experiment inaugurated by our grandsires is a dismal failure. Let Mr. Dana take heart and abandon his fetich-worship. This Republic survived the death of even a George Washington.—N. Y. Star.

Tammany's Tariff Plank.

The New York Tammany Hall General Committee has, by resolution, taken position on the tariff, as follows:

Resolved, That we favor a tariff so adjusted as to derive our revenue, whenever possible, from luxuries rather than necessaries, and which will discriminate judiciously in favor of our home industries and manufactures.

This resolution contrasts favorably with the dogmas of the high protectionists and touches a tariff basis approved by the great mass of the American people. Differences of opinion may arise in adjusting details under the resolution but the principle inserted will have the effect of making all parties stand by it when a tariff bill is framed in the House.

H. B. BRUSER,
TIN, COPPER AND SHEET-IRON WORKER
Hardware Tinware Stoves
Pumps, Grates Mantels, Etc. Etc.
may5 159 Washington Street, Vicksburg.

Something the People Need!
FRESH
ROASTED COFFEE,
Roasted Daily in HYDE'S PATENT ROASTER, at my Store
Corner South and Washington Streets.
Price 20 Cts. per Pound!
H. F. SIMRALL, JR.
ap17

W. M. CHAMBERLIN,
General Insurance Agent
FIRE, MARINE, ACCIDENT AND LIFE.
Office—Up-stairs, cor. Washington and Crawford Sts., Vicksburg
may4

W. O. WORRELL
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
AND DEALER IN
Hay & Grain
LIME, CEMENT, PLASTER, Etc.,
58 Washington Street, Vicksburg, Miss.
may

FULTON M. M'RAE,
Wholesale and Retail Druggist
IMPORTER AND DEALER IN
PATENT AND DOMESTIC DRUGS
White Lead, Linseed Oil, Turpentine, Window Glass, Mixed Paints, Dry and in Oil; Albastine Whitening and Putty; and the largest and most complete assortment of Patent Medicines and Surgical Instruments in the State. Agent for the celebrated Waukesha Bathesda Water.
Toilet Articles, Perfumery and Hair Brushes—all imported.
No. 125 Washington Street, - - - Vicksburg, Miss.

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G. W. HUTCHESON & CO.
Cotton Factors,
AND WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
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Vicksburg, Miss.
may4

THE SAW-MILL BOAT
LEE RICHARDSON, JR
IS PREPARED TO SELL
DIMENSION LUMBER
FROM LANDING AT GLASS BAYOU, THIS CITY; ALSO,
Sash, Doors, Blinds, Mouldings, T. and G. Flooring and Ceiling
Orders addressed to the undersigned will be promptly filled.
may4 WM. CURPHEY, Proprietor.

GEO. S. IRVING,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN
Staple and Fancy Groceries,
WINES, LIQUORS, CIGARS & TOBACCO,
Corner of South and Washington Streets, - - - - - VICKSBURG, MISS.
I respectfully ask an examination of my stock, which I think will convince all that I have one of the largest and best assorted to be found.
Fine Teas, Coffee and Choice Butter are Among my Specialties.
I GUARANTEE EVERY ARTICLE TO BE AS REPRESENTED,
And desire to give full satisfaction. 1 PACK AND 2 FREE may

HENRY YOSTE,
Watchmaker and Jeweler
I cordially invite a comparison of Work and Prices, believing me to be the Best and Cheapest.
—ALSO DEALER IN—
WATCHES, DIAMONDS AND SILVERWARE
SPECIALTIES IN SPECTACLES.

FRUIT AND ORNAMENTAL
TREES
ROSES and Green-House Plants by the MILLION at
J. S. MORRIS,
Attorney-at-Law
VICKSBURG, MISS.
Will practice in the various Courts of Warren, Claiborne, Jefferson, Adams counties, and in the Federal and State Courts at Jackson.
MISS ADDIE FLETCHER

MISSISSIPPI REPUBLICANS.

How the Contested Delegations were Disposed Of—Material of the State Convention.

The "Independents" Squelched—Arthur the Choice for President.

[Special Correspondence Vicksburg Post.]

JACKSON, MISS., April 22, 1884.

The Republican Convention has been in session all day, and your correspondent is writing these few lines in the very midst of the organization. Yesterday the delegates, the chief men, wire-pullers and organizers began to put in their appearance in very great force—prominent among these the Executive Committee of the party. This Committee consisted of sixteen members, and shortly after it had assembled the vacancy created by the death of Richard Griggs, of Issaquena, was filled by the appointment of Mr. W. E. Mollison, lately the colored editor of the Mayersville Spectator, and present Chancery Clerk of Issaquena county. The Executive Committee was in session until a very late hour of the night of the 21st, and was engaged in hearing the several contests with the view of determining the prima facie right of the contesting delegations.

From Bolivar, Buford headed one delegation and Gales another. This was a continuation of the old Scott and Melchoir contest in the make up of the two factions. This contest had very little significance in its ultimate bearing upon the Convention, and the committee seated temporarily both contesting delegations.

The great feature of yesterday, however, was the contest from Hinds county. Here was M. M. McLeod, James Hill, and W. H. Gibbs and others on the one side, and opposed to them a few Independents and what-nots, under the leadership of Geo. C. McKee, R. C. Kerr, and John T. Hull. A very lengthy and patient hearing of this matter was had, and the result was an overwhelming defeat to McKee and Hull. The complete records in the case carried the proof of the matter.

A strong effort was made to discard facts and give temporary recognition to both sets of delegates, but on final vote on the case only two of the committee had the hardihood to vote with the McKee insurgentiers, ten voting to seat the Gibbs and Hill delegation.

The case of Madison county then followed, and in a very short time, for Pratt and his handful of contestants were pushed aside and Col. Yellowly and King Lewis and their allies seated.

Capt. George M. Buchanan was selected as temporary Chairman and J. J. Spellman Secretary, with W. H. Kennon, J. D. Webster and R. D. Leak as assistants.

When Tuesday morning came the great crowd of delegates and lookers on thronged about the Capitol at an early hour, and the several Congressional delegations repaired to their designated posts about the Capitol and set to work to settle their various district affairs. These several districts choose two delegates each to Chicago, and then four are selected from the State at large, giving to Mississippi eighteen votes in the National Convention. It is conceded that the delegation which is now selected is overwhelmingly in favor of the renomination of President Arthur.

The material of which this Convention was composed is by long odds of a more quiet bearing and general make-up of intelligence than is rarely seen in such bodies, and had in it a considerable admixture of prominent white citizens. Gen. Reuben Davis is here from Aberdeen, Sheriff R. F. Beck from Warren, Judge G. S. McMillan from Brookhaven, Green C. Chandler, Esq., C. I. Yellowly of Madison county, and many others of prominence in the State, evidently at home and with much influence in the body. There is a rumor floating about that Capt. Buchanan will be the Republican candidate for Congress in the Chalmers-Manning District. The Convention exhibited no wrangling, and did its work mostly through committees, and to the apparent satisfaction of the large majority of the body. Nearly every county in the State is represented, and the Hall of Representatives is fully packed with delegates. A host of the prominent colored men of the State is here; among them I note Lynch, Mollison, Crayton, Coates, Edwards, Hill, McLeod, Spellman and Dr. Bryant, prominent in the routine business of the Convention. In the Singleton District, I. D. Smith is selected as a candidate for Congress, and Judge Green C. Chandler will run in the Muldrow District. The other delegations pretermit a nomination until after the Chicago Convention. The evening up to 8 p.m. was occupied by an attempt to seat the contesting delegations from Madison and Hinds. The Executive Committee decided against Hull and McKee. The Committee on Credentials patiently heard them in committee, and decided against them, and finally, as I close, Mr. John T. Hull has just finished his speech, and the vote of the Convention is just taken, finally disposing of the matter—they get no seat, and have nothing upon which to base a contest.

The Convention is now engaged in the selection of delegates at large to Chicago, and the indications are that Arthur will be the choice for President.

The following is a full list of delegates to the Chicago Convention:

For the State-at-large—B. K. Bruce, James Hill, J. M. Bynum, and R. F. Beck.

First District—H. C. Powers, W. H. Kennon.

Second District—John S. Benton, D. J. Mathews.

Third District—W. H. Allen, Wesley Crayton.

Fourth District—J. W. Longstreet, H. C. Harrington.

Fifth District—Judge Wm. Hancock, F. F. Granberry.

Sixth District—John R. Lynch, C. A. Simpson.

Seventh District—John A. Galbreath, Thos. Richardson.

LONDON'S LIGHTS AND SHADOWS.

Democratic Principles Asserting Themselves in Various Ways.

"The Lights and Shadows of London" was the subject of a lecture delivered by Mr. John Swinton before the McAdam Political Science Club last evening. The hall was crowded, and among those present were Mr. John Alley, who presided. "One's impression," said Mr. Swinton, "upon his arrival at Liverpool is that of solidity, permanence, wealth, enterprise and ingenuity. The fee-hunters in their various forms soon force themselves upon the attention of the stranger, and the victuals, like many of the people, are found to be solid and plain."

Then followed a vivid picture of a factory, its hands and its industries. Westminster Abbey and its impressive services were scanned with a bold but faithful hand. The Albert Monument, Ratcliffe Highway and Whitechapel and their associations were given in strange contrasts. The palace of the Duke of Bucclengh, at Dalkeith, "whose owner," said the lecturer, "went down to the bottomless pit only last Sunday," was also visited and described in terms strong and scathing.

In England, he said, young Democracy were beginning to show signs of life in various ways, as in the new outbreak of the land question; in the press; in the large increase of workingmen's clubs, where strong but rough sense was apparent. From these signs he believed that hope is not dead yet, when the spirit of true Democracy would manifest itself and topple over the cloud-capped towers of a dead feudalism.—N. Y. Star.

Railroad in Education.

Prof. Alexander Hogg, M. A., Superintendent of Public Schools of Fort Worth, Texas, delivered last Summer before the Normal Association of Texas an address on the railroad element in education, which is worthy of especial notice for one or two points deserving consideration. The turn of his mind is practical. Observing that Galveston lacks deep water, he suggested that a railroad embankment should be built right out to deep water. This, coming from a pedagogue, sounds odd enough, but it is perfectly practicable, and is very much more certain to effect a permanent improvement than the idle and foolish scheme to build jetties and depend on the tide to scour out the channel between them. A depth of twenty-five feet can be reached by building a mole two miles and a half long, and Prof. Hogg thinks that a mole wide enough for a double track would require only 100,000 cubic yards of stone.

Another instance of practical turn: Observing that what wheat Texas raises for market is sent to Kansas mills and pays three tolls, one to the mills and two to the railroads, he insists that Texas should raise 100,000,000 bushels of wheat, grind, bolt and barrel it at home, and ship it to South America, etc.

As an element in education, he showed the importance of the railroad. The questions solved by railroad accountants, demanding the exercise of high mathematical faculties, the skill and science used in bridging, in tunneling and in all engineering problems are brought forward to illustrate the exalted intellectual attainments requisite in the construction and operation of railroads. "To be an engineer, in the full and complete sense of the term," the Professor contends, "embraces all sciences, pure and applied." Let our youth remember and ponder it well. The highest reward which our practical age offers to enterprising youth are to be found in the domain of practical science, and this is the domain wherein they will find education thrusting itself on their minds and action and profit combined.—N. O. Picayune.

THE Philadelphia Times says that the delegation of Pennsylvania to the Chicago Convention taken as a whole, "will be about one-half earnestly and unqualifiedly for Mr. Blaine, one quarter nominally for Mr. Blaine but ready to stampede on the shadow of an opportunity, and one-quarter squarely and aggressively against Mr. Blaine. He will start with from two-thirds to three-fourths of the delegation."

Gossip at the Capital.

WASHINGTON, April 20.—The friends of President Arthur are in some better spirits to-night than they were in the middle of the week. The primary result of the election in New York City last night were highly satisfactory as the delegation will be nearly, if not quite, unanimous for Mr. Arthur. It is stated here that should the President not be able to control a majority of the New York delegation at Chicago, in June, he will decline to have his name used as a candidate for the nomination.

Secretary of War Lincoln and Senator John A. Logan still speak to each other, but their greetings are hot as cordial as they were.

A $500 wager was made in a fashionable restaurant in this city to-night between two Republicans. The bet was that the next Republican ticket would be Edmunds and Lincoln. Warm friend of Blaine, of course, was the taker.

GOVERNOR GEICE, in reply to the questions of the editor of the New York World, who is industriously seeking support in his fight on the Pendleton battle out of the ordinary, says: "I believe the change in the administration of the Government on the most liberal basis is the conviction of the people, and I am for Hancock."

SIGNAL SERVICE REPORT.

LOCAL WEATHER REPORT.

TIME.	BAR.	THR.	HUM.	WIND	WTHER.
6:05 a. m.	30.01	53	71	W.	Cloudy.
8:05 a. m.	30.05	53	71	W.	Cloudy.
2:45 p. m.	30.03	66	67	W.	Cloudy.
4:05 p. m.	30.75	53	71	W.	Cloudy.
8:05 p. m.	30.10	53	67	W.	Cloudy.

	1883.	1884
Maximum thermometer	81.5	69.6
Minimum thermometer	68.7	50.8
Mean temperature	70.9	54.4
Rainfall	1.08	.00

STAGE OF RIVERS.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER,
April 22 2 p.m. Washington time.

The following observations were taken at the same moment of time at all the stations named:

STATIONS.	Above low water.		Changes.	
	feet	In's	Rise In's	Fall In's
Cairo, Ill	38	2	3	...
Chattanooga	11	5	17	...
Cincinnati	17	8	...	1
Davenport, Iowa	8	4	...	4
Dubuque, Iowa	10	5	...	1
Keokuk	43	7	...	...
Keokuk, Iowa	10	3	...	1
La Crosse	6	0	0	0
Leavenworth	12	6	0	0
Little Rock	10	9	0	2
Louisville	8	3	0	0
Memphis	21	5	...	6
Nashville	16	6	...	6
New Orleans*	1	6	0	3
Omaha	7	11	...	3
Pittsburg	4	8	...	5
Shreveport	21	5	1	...
St. Louis	21	11	...	2
St. Paul	6	8	...	...
Vicksburg	45	5	1	2
Yankton, D. T	7	0	...	2

*Below high water of 1874. †Frozen.

HIGH WATER AT VICKSBURG IN FORMER YEARS

High water '02, above zero, 51 1-10 feet.
High water '66, above zero, 48 feet.
High water '74, above zero, 45 ft. 8 inches
High water '75, above zero, 43 feet.
High water '79, above zero, 44 ft. 10 inches
High water '80, above zero, 43 ft. 2 inches
High water '81, above zero, 41 ft. 10 inches
High water '82, above zero, 44 ft. 2 inches
High water '83, above zero, 43 ft. 10 inches

HIGH WATER OF 1882.

Stations.	Date of Highest Point.	Highest point Reached.
Cairo	Feb. 20, 1882	51 ft. 9 inches
Chattanooga	Jan. 19, 1882	40 ft. 2 inches
Cincinnati	Feb. 21, 1882	58 ft. 6 inches
Dubuque	Dec. 3, 1881	10 ft. 1 inch
Helena, Ark.	March 9, 1882	47 ft. 3 inches
Keokuk	Nov. 29, 1881	11 ft. 5 inches
Little Rock	Feb. 24, 1882	21 ft. 6 inches
Louisville	Feb. 22, 1882	37 ft. 7 inches
Memphis	March 6, 1882	36 ft. 0 inches
Nashville	Jan. 22, 1882	54 ft. 7 inches
New Orleans	March 27, 1882	20 ft. 3 inches
St. Louis	Feb. 22, 1882	28 ft. 3 inches
Vicksburg	March 20, 1882	48 ft. 9 inches

*Below high water of 1874.

THE RIVER.

ARRIVED.

City of Helena, from St. Louis.
John F. Halpin, from Davis Bend.
W. P. Thompson, from Greenville.
Issaquena, from Greenville.
Capt. Miller, from Natchez.

DEPARTED.

Capt. Miller, for Natchez.
E. C. Carroll, Jr., for Tallahatchie.
City of Yazoo, for New Orleans.

BOATS LEAVING TO-DAY.

For Natchez—Headlight, 11 p.m.
For Greenville—W. P. Thompson. midnight.

BOATS DUE TO-MORROW.

John W. Cannon, N. O. to Greenville.
Will S. Hays, Memphis to Vicksburg.

BOATS LEAVING TO-MORROW.

For Davis Bend—John F. Halpin, 10 am
For St. Louis—City of Helena, 11 a.m.
For Greenville—John W. Cannon, 12 m.
For Tallulah—J. H. Williams, 12 m.
For Little Deer Creek—Ike Bonham, 12 m

NOTES.

Business lively.
Weather cloudy and cold.
Only two boats leaving to-day.
There were nine arrivals and six departures yesterday.
The gauge reads 45 feet 3½ inches to-day, a fall of 1½ inches in 24 hours.
The U. S. mail-boat Captain Miller arrived last night and left for Natchez at noon.
The river at Helena to-day is 43 feet 5 inches, a fall of 2 inches in the last 24 hours.
The City of Helena brought down 8 very large and fat beef cattle from St. Louis for Fred Loyd, the butcher.
Ben Miles, late assistant to W. C. O'Hara, deceased, is now the passenger and freight agent of the W. P. Thompson.
The Sunflower river packet Headlight, Capt. Geo. W. Bookout, will not leave until 11 o'clock to-night in order to let the people witness the fire-works.
Mr. D. S. Barmore, of Jeffersonville, Ind., has contracted with Capt. S. H. Parlsot for two new boats and barges for the P. Line, to be ready for the fall business.
The John W. Cannon will pass up for Greenville to-morrow at noon. She will return Friday night, and leave here for New Orleans Saturday morning at 9 o'clock.
The E. C. Carroll, Jr., for the Tallahatchie river, left yesterday evening with all she could carry; in fact, she left freight behind for the Leflore Friday.
Some planters think the present rise in the Yazoo and Tallahatchie rivers will be higher than the last. There is no occasion for alarm, as the rivers are all falling here.
The John F. Halpin, Capt. Quachenbush, arrived from Davis Bend last night on a big trip. She returns to all points on the river and to Davis Bend at 10 o'clock to-morrow morning.
The Ike Bonham, Capt. W. H. Sargent, arrived at the levee and at the customhouse last night, leaving at noon to-day for Little Deer Creek, at which point she will remain for the present.
M. D.

at midnight after the parade and fireworks for all points on the river as high as Greenville.

The dandy Issaquena, Capt. H. C. Marrionneaux, Frank Steigleman clerk, arrived at nine o'clock this morning firing her little cannon on her entrance into the lake, with 125 cabin passengers, a big freight and several orders. She returns to Greenville to-morrow evening at 5 o'clock.

The City of Helena, Capt. John T. McCord, Rolla Porter clerk, arrived from St. Louis at 8 o'clock last night with 2,800 packages of freight and several people. She is receiving to-day and is the Thursday Anchor Liner leaving the Elevator at 11 a.m. for Memphis, Cairo and St. Louis. Eugene Platt is her passenger agent.

Recollect that the steamer J. H. Williams, Capt. R. H. Bowman master, Warren C. Kain in the office, receives in the morning at the foot of Crawford street, and leaves at noon for all points in Davis Bend lake and Roundaway bayou, as high as Tallulah. She has a big trip in sight.

Natural Conditions the Conditions of Health.

The study of biology is largely a study of hereditary influences. In the form and structures, in all the peculiar life-habits of each organic being, we can trace the outcome of ancestral transmissions, and, as a general rule, the persistence of such peculiarities corresponds to the length of time during which the influence of their causes was impressed upon the character of the species. The period of artificial civilization, even if considered as coeval with the era of recorded history, is but a moment compared with the age during which man-like creatures, the ancesters of our domestic animals and the prototypes of our cultivated plants, existed in the warmer zones of our planet. After six thousand years of cultivation on comparatively hill-sides, the vine is still by preference a tree-shade plant. After many thousand generations of cats have been fed and petted in daytime and neglected after dark, puss is still a night-prowler. Barn-yard fowl have still a predilection for thorny jungles, and in the plains of Russia the descendants of the mountain-goat climb wood-piles and cottage-roofs. In the constitution of all organic beings there is a tendency to revert to the original life-habits of the species. Biologists have long recognized the significances of this law, but its hygienic importance has hardly begun to be understand. For it implies not less than this: That the vital functions of every living being are performed more easily and more vigorously under the conditions to which the constitution of its organism was originally adapted. A swamp-boa may live for years in a dry board cage; eagles have been chained to a post for a quarter of a century, and lost the gloss of their feathers, their vigor, their courage, though not their lives. No drugs would cure the ailments of such captives; but restore them to their native haunts and see how fast they will regain their native vigor! Their infirmities could not have been traced to any single cause, but were due to the combined influence of numerous unnatural conditions.—From "The Remedies of Nature," in Popular Science Monthly.

The Labor Bureau Bill.

WASHINGTON, April 20.—This bill was considered in Committee of the Whole yesterday, and numerous amendments acted upon. Finally the bill was reported to the House and passed—yeas 182 nays 19.

It provides for the establishment of a bureau of labor statistics, in charge of a commissioner, at a salary of $3,500, who shall acquire all useful information upon the subject of labor, its relation to capital and the means of promoting the material, social, intellectual and moral prosperity of laboring men and women. He is authorized to emply such employes as he may deem necessary for the successful working the bureau, provided the total expense shall not exceed $25,000 per annum.

The Kaiser and the Chancellor.

"Look hier, young man," the Kaiser said,
"Are you der king or I?"
Prince Bismarck humbly bowed his head,
"You vas der king. I vas I."

"Den if I vas der king vat for
You put on all der airs,
' Und get der coundry into war
Und run der whole affairs?

"Vat for you write dot letters 'bout
Der Leader Lasker plasses, eh?
You bedder look a leedle out—
I snatch you bald some day."
—Chicago News.

HON. HENRY L. MULDROW of the first district has written a letter declining to be candidate for re-election to congress. He declined before his last nomination, but was taken up and nominated as a compromise candidate, probably with the understanding that he would not be an aspirant this time. There are a number of gentlemen ready to take the place, in fact willing and waiting.—Enterprise Courier.

THE decision to take up the tariff bill has caused the flood-gates of oratory, and the Congressional Record and the public will soon groan with ponderous speeches on the tariff question.—Chicago Times.

MR. HENDRICKS has returned home in time to dodge all the issues of the impending campaign. The political fence would not look natural during the canvass without the familiar figure of Mr. Hendricks astride it.—Chicago Times.

THE old gentleman of the Reveille has discovered a winning horse, mare's nest, radical campaign trick, and midnight robbery in the the passage of the Blair Educational bill. We think the country can stand it.—Mayersville Spectator.

THE Atlanta (Ga.) Constitution says that the Democrats can beat the solid North any more than the Republicans can the solid South. That may be so; but in the latter case Democrats are permitted to and then votes are fairly counted and returned.—Boston Journal.

SIR F. ABEL, the chief chemical expert that smokeless powder can be made to

Patriotism.

Insensible to high, heroic deeds,
Is there a spirit clothed in mortal weeds,
Who at the patriot moving story,
Devoted to his country's glory,
Shedding for freeman's rights his generous blood,
Listeneth not with deep-heaved sigh,
Quivering nerve and glistening eye,
Feeling within a spark of heavenly flame,
That with the hero's worth may humble kindred claim? —Joanne Baillie.

Attempt to Wreck a Train.

Some miscreant placed a log on the "Little J." Railroad track, at McRaven's, Wednesday night. It was evidently put there for the purpose of wrecking the train, but the fiend did not succeed. The engineer did not see it in time to stop, but the engine knocked it off without doing any damage to the train. This is the third time that obstructions have been placed on this portion of the track within the past few months.—State Ledger.

The Commission Fund.

Sixteen dollars and twenty cents has been drawn for postage and stationery by Mr. Campbell, clerk of the commission.

Mr. Augustus drew $22.80 for traveling expenses and $120.96 on account of salary. Thus far no salary warrant has been issued to ex-Governor Stone, Mr. McWillie and Mr. Campbell.—State Ledger.

Weather and Crops.

The weather has been favorable during the past week, there having been a fine and much needed rain on Thursday night. But turning loose the whole reservoir system last night and this morning was too previous. Planting would have generally been completed but for the annoyance of the grass, which pest still prevails. Although they have been unusually numerous and long abiding, there has not been much stock killed; fewer indeed in this and adjourning counties than during the last two years. Planters are better informed than heretofore as to how to treat stock to prevent the poison. But they cause a most serious delay.—Greenville Times, 19th.

THE report of the State survey contains some facts about rainfalls, streams and forests which are of interest at this time. A series of accurate observations for the Occhitunk basin shows that the average per cent. of the rainfall lost by percolation and evaporation from that watershed has increased 55 per cent. in 22 years. Partial statistics of other watersheds are equally significant, and they all contribute to show how much damage has resulted from the reckless destruction of the forests in the past and the danger that impends in future. The Adirondacks must be protected from the lumberman—in the Legislature as well as out of it.—N. Y. Star.

THE Legislature appropriated $30,000, at least placed that amount at the disposal of the Governor, to be used in cases of emergency, where a portion of the people of the State may have suffered from cyclones, etc. It would have been wise to have placed under control of the Governor a fund sufficient to relieve distress in the overflowed districts of the State, should high water occasion suffering, such as we have seen formerly. We feel assured that not any of our people compelled to apply to the charity of the National Government for food and other necessaries of life while the State is perfectly able to relieve destitution whenever it be found within her borders.—Woodville Republican.

MR. TILDEN was never better. He has never feeling worse in the whole course of his life. He is a living skeleton. He is an uncommonly stout party.

His sands of life have nearly run out. He has just renewed his youth—laid in a new barrel of sand. He cannot speak above a whisper. He has the voice of a fog-horn. He cannot see across his bed-room. He has the keen, long-range eyesight of an Indian. He moves with bating pace, dragging his feet. His step is the step of the lusty bounding ibex. His vital spark is well-nigh quenched. He has vitality enough in him for 20 ordinary men. He is a candidate for the Presidency. He isn't. He would accept the nomination. He wouldn't. [And so on, and so on, for half an hour.]—New York Tribune.

IF Mr. Morrison's purpose is indeed to destroy the Democratic party or to render it impotent in the coming election, he has started in the most effective way. He has but to carry the House with him for a few weeks in the proposed sacrifice of the public business to his free trade amp speeches to make a Democratic convention quite unnecessary.—Philadelphia Times.

THE religious reporter of a Western newspaper wished to take his girl on a picnic, and he engaged the services of the base ball reporter to report Rev. Mr. Jones. This is the way he opened his report on Monday following: "Rev. Mr. Jones scored another immense hit yesterday, and the oldest members of the congregation testified that his shots were straight from the shoulder. His metaphors came hot from the bat, and the sinners ducked their heads to escape the effect of his powerful runs."

WE regret to learn that while driving out St. Catharine street last evening, going home, Gen. Will T. Martin undertook to guide his horse to one side to avoid a passing buggy, when the animal shied, bringing the buggy to which he was attached in contact with a tree, throwing the general out and injuring him quite painfully.—Natchez Democrat, 22th.

THE Brooklyn Union does not fancy Senator Hawley as a candidate for President because at his recent speech at the Union League he declared that "voting for a farm in fifteen States of the Union," and would make this fact an issue in the campaign.

IN addition to voting for Presidential electors the coming fall we will be called upon to choose representatives in Congress. Mal. Barksdale, we presume, will be a candidate for re-election. No other name have we heard mentioned in connection with the place.—Raymond

JOHN E. CURPHEY, JAMES MUNDY.
CURPHEY & MUNDY,
CONTRACTORS AND MANUFACTURERS OF
SASH, DOORS, BLINDS and MOULDINGS,
Of which we keep a full supply, and will sell as prices to suit, are favorably with other points. Orders by mail or otherwise promptly attended to. may4

STEAMBOATS.

ANCHOR LINE.
For Memphis, Cairo and St. Louis.
THE U. S. MAIL STEAMER
CITY OF HELENA,
JNO. T. MCCORD.....Master
ROLLA PORTER.....Clerk
Leaves for St. Louis THURSDAY, the 24th of April at 11 a.m., connecting at Arkansas City with the Arkansas City Railroad for Pine Bluff, Little Rock, Hot Springs, upper Arkansas river, Fort Smith, and the Indian Territory. Careful attention to way and plantation business. For freight or passage apply on board or to
E. C. CARROLL,
Superintendent Elevator Company.
W. S. JONES,
Superintendent Wharfboat Company.
EUGENE PLATT,
Freight and Passenger Agent.
my4

PARISOT LINE.
CARRYING THE U. S. MAILS.
For Yazoo River.
Steamers will leave as follows:
For Belzoni and Greenwood every FRIDAY at 5 p.m. For upper Yazoo and Talahatchie every TUESDAY at 5 p.m., going through Tchula lake.
E. C. CARROLL, Superintendent.
W. S. JONES, Agent.
ap19

SARGENTS LINE.
Warrenton, Newton & Point Pleasant
Steamer JOHN F. HALPIN,
W. H. Sargent.....Master
L. H. Sargent,

AMUSEMENTS.

COMING AGAIN.

TO-NIGHT AND ALL THIS WEEK,

And Saturday Matinee at 2:30 p.m. for Ladies and Children.



Wonder Worker!

100 Presents given away 100 at each performance.

RATES OF ADMISSION:

Reserved seats, 50 cents, with 3 envelopes given you. Family circle, 35 cents, with 2 envelopes given you. Gallery, 25 cents, with 1 envelope given you. ap26-1

Reserved seats on sale at Clarke & Co.'s Bookstore.

The SECOND GRAND MAI FEST

WILL BE GIVEN BY THE

MOZART ORCHESTRA AT THE OPERAHOUSE VICKSBURG, MISS.

—ON—

April 28th and 29th, 1884,

Assisted by the Best Vocal Talent in the City.

Change of Programme Each Evening

Reserved Seats $1. Tickets for sale at Clarke & Co.'s and Baum & Co.'s Bookstores. ap21-8t

CHEAP COLUMN.

WANTED.

WANTED.—A turner on table legs. Steady work and good wages. Address W. B. BEARD, Superintendent of the Home Furniture Company, Jackson, Miss. ap18

WANTED.—SCHOOLS! TEACHERS!! Schools in need of competent teachers, and teachers in search of situations should address the Central Educational Bureau, R. K. JAYNE, Secretary, ap2 Jackson, Miss.

WANTED—A situation as collector. Best of reference given. Address P. O. Box, 563. apr15-1w

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—An upright 7⅓ octave piano, good as new. Will be sold at V. H. Wright's store for a bargain. Bidder, Thursday, May 1st, 1884. 22-10t CHAS. O'CONNOR, Constable.

FOR SALE—Gin-house with 20-horse power Engine, Separator and Gin Stand; Steam Press, 24-inch Straub Mill; all in good order. Cheap. Engine. ap21-tf W. J. KATZENMIER.

FOR SALE—New Cottage in good neighborhood, containing 3 rooms with hall and gallery, kitchen, stable and garden. Lot 50x150 feet, all under good fence. Apply at this office. m25

FOR SALE.—A cottage residence on East avenue, containing four rooms 18x20, hall 12 feet, kitchen, fine cistern and fine orchard; lot 64x132 feet. Apply to R. P. WILSON, on premises. m28

FOR SALE—The LOT on the northeast corner of Cherry and Grove sts. A pply to THOMAS MOUNT. mh19

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT.—A House on Cherry street, between China and Grove. Apply to ap16-2w MRS. E. FRANCIS.

FOR RENT.—Nice house with eight rooms, kitchen, good water, and surrounded by a half square of land, situated on the National Cemetery road, and known as the Miller House. Cheap rent. E. & B.C. BONELLI.

FOL SALE OR RENT.—60 Acres good land, one and a half miles from town, with plenty of wood and water. Apply at this office, or to R. J. WILSON, Vicksburg, Miss. m24-2w

THE SATISFACTION

Of sitting under one's own vine and fig tree pays the largest dividend of any investment. It is the best kind of life insurance. It is the best medicine in sickness. It enables a man to die easier and robs death of one of the principal terrors to Reason that the loved one we must leave behind us have a roof of their own over their heads which cannot be taken from them.

If you cannot buy a house and lot, you can at least make a commencement by investing $25 in a lot in Speed's Addition, and pay the balance in $5 monthly installments. No better opportunity to buy a home, or to make a safe investment in Vicksburg is likely to occur than that now presented by the unprecedented terms upon which these lots are sold. sep1

Mme. A. CREFOZ

Has just received the latest styles in Hats and Bonnets. A large assortment of Lace Caps. Everything new in Hair Goods, at the lowest prices. ap21-1w

The Bombardment To-night

Takes place to-night at the lake, just above Glass bayou. The lower part of Washington street and the National Cemetery road will be good points of view.

THERE will be a good piano at John McRae's store next week. It is secondhand. ap26

For Steele's Bayou and Little Deer Creek.

The steamer Dr. Bohlen, W. H. Bowman, master, will leave at the usual hour for the above landings, and Mary, chief clerk, will receive freight and passengers.

Geo. C. Miles
Agent.

Fine Lunch at Magnolia Hall.

SEE what John R. McRae has to say to you in our local columns to-day.

IF YOU want a square meal, well cooked, elegantly served, at reasonable rates, go to Magnolia Hall.

SEE notice of steamer Ike Bonham. She leaves for Little Deer Creek, going through Steele's bayou, and as high as Leighton to-morrow at 12 m.

THE steamer J. H. Williams leaves tomorrow at 12 o'clock for Tallulah (La.) going by way of Davis Bend and Roundaway Bayou. See local advertisement.

A NUMBER of handsome cakes were presented to the firemen for their banquet to-day, one of the most elegant and artistic being that contributed by Mrs. Dr. Beall.

WE had the pleasure of meeting Mr. Bankston, of Hinds county, to-day. He was a member of the famous Company A., Withers' Artillery, and went through a little heavier bombardment at Vicksburg, than that which our firemen will give to-night.

WE take pleasure in calling the attention of visitors and strangers to Warner & Searles' notice. Our own people know all about this fine clothing establishment, but to the "strangers within our gates" we would say that it is unexcelled anywhere and equalled in but few places. The finest and most reliable as well as moderate-priced goods can always be found at Warner & Searles.

WHEN we consider the little attention which is paid to the laws of health, we cannot be surprised at the indifference manifested in relation to the purity of the articles that are used in daily food. If all articles put on the market were as perfect as Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder, this indifference might answer.

The Concert of the Mozart's.

We have spoken heretofore of the Mai Fest of the Mozart Orchestra, which takes place at the Opera-house next Monday and Tuesday evenings, and a glance at the following tasty programme ought to satisfy any person that our most sanguine expectations will be fulfilled:

PART I

1. Overture, Le Dinleme.....Herman—Orchestra.
2. Vocal Solo, Molly Bawn.....Lover—Mr. Julian Barnett.
3. Violin Solo, Air Varie.....Dancla—Mr. J. C. Bowmar.
4. Sextette for Horns.....Mendelssohn—Messrs. Knox, Lowenhaupt, Shade, Kette, Moser and Foster.
5. Duet, Miserere from Il Trovatore. Verdi—Miss Lelia McCutchen and Mr. J. Barnett.
6. Piano Solo, Mai Fest Overture....Talen—Prof. F. G. Talen.
7. Cornet Solo, Minnie Polka.....Spence—Mr. J. R. Knox.
8. Trio for Violin, Flute and Piano. Verdi—Messrs. Lowenhaupt, Shade and Ernst.
9. Witch Waltzes.....Rosenfeld—Orchestra.

PART II

Overture, Chevalier Breton...Herman—Orchestra.

2. Vocal Solo, My Sweetheart When a Boy—Morgan.....Mr. John McQuaide.
3. Flute Solo, "Der Rattenfanger Von Hameln" with Variations...Neuendorff—Mr. Will H. Shade.
4. Recitative and Aria from Der Freischutz.....Von Weber.—Mrs. J. H. Gray.
5. Fantasie, Solitude (by request) Mercadante.....Orchestra.
6. Vocal Quartette, "Wer Hat Dich Du Schoner Wald?".....Mendelssohn. Messrs. McQuaide, Ernst, Kette and Moser.
7. Trombone Solo from Faust.....Berloiz—Mr. Fred. Moser.
8. Joly Mozart's March.....Air by Talen. Orchestra.

Such an excellent programme cannot fail to please the most fastidious. On the second night the programme will be varied by a violin solo by Mr. E. Lowenhaupt, a piano solo by Miss Sallie Isaacs, a piccolo solo by Mr. Will H. Shade, etc. Nothing further need be said, as the above programme speaks for itself.

OUR APRIL OFFERINGS

Consist of a choice assortmens of the best-fitting stock of Men's and Boys' Clothing, and most attractive display of Furnishing Goods ever offered by us. Our rapidly increasing business justifies us in making this statement. People buy where they can get the BEST VALUE for their money. Our MATCHLESS STOCK is meeting with a reception that is indeed satisfactory. WARNER & SEARLES. ap23

Steam Fire Engine Trial.

At half past five o'clock this evening, the Washington Fire Company No. 3, with their Ahrens steamer propose to throw 6 streams of water at one time over the Louis Hoffman building. This feat is a very big one, but as the Washington boys generally accomplish what they undertake it is most likely they are going to get there.

The Lunch at Magnolia Hall.

The Ladies of the Methodist Church offer to visitors to Vicksburg on the occasion of the Firemen's Parade an elegantly prepared lunch at Magnolia Hall, opposite the post-office, from 10 a.m. to 11 p.m., at the following very reasonable prices:

Hot crab gumbo, with bread and butter..35c
Hot pea soup, with bread and butter...25c
Hot vegetable soup, bread and butter...20c
Cold ham.....10c
Cold beef.....10c
Cold mutton.....10c
Salmon salad.....15c
Potato salad.....15c
Sandwich.....10c
Hot coffee.....10c
Tea.....10c
Cake.....10c
Lemonade.....5c

SECOND-HAND furniture, glass and tin ware, 2,000 different articles, at John McRae's variety store. ap23

Rev. C. Miles

A Great Steamboat Builder.

D. S. Barmore, the famous boat-builder of Jeffersonville, Ind., spent the day here yesterday interviewing Capt. S. H. Parisot upon the subject of building some new boats and barges for the P. Line Company. Capt. Parisot contracted with him for two new boats and two new barges; one of the boats will be almost a duplicate of the Carroll and the other of the Sunflower, one hull being 165 feet long and 30 feet wide, and the other 135 feet long and 27 feet wide, and the barges will be such as the P. Line usually use, and which insure the same as the boats, all to be completed in time for the Fall business. Mr. Barmore left for home on the train last night. With the boats contracted for yesterday, it makes twelve boats he has built for the P. Line Company, as follows: Belle of Yazoo, Lucy Kerin, Yazoo, Sunflower Belle, Tallahatchie, Carrie Hogan, E. C. Carroll, Jr., Sunflower, Ledlore, and Deer Creek. Mr. Barmore says he hopes to build twelve more boats for the staunch and reliable P. Line. He is a brother-in-law of the famous Howards, of Jeffersonville, who also built two boats for the P. Line—the City of Yazoo and Yazoo Valley—both regarded splendid boats and well adapted for the purpose intended.

Just Received.

Do you want a writing desk, good as new?

Do you want an iron safe, good as new?

Do you want sprinkling pots, good as new?

Do you want a cooking stove, almost new?

Do you want a good ice-box, almost new?

Do you want a dressing case with desk attached?

Do you want a good book-case?

Do you want a good trunk with zinc coverings?

If so call at J. McRae's, 207 Mulberry street, opposite W. H. Smith's. a23

The great cheap furniture and variety store of John R. McRae sold yesterday two of those elegant bed-room sets. He has only two left. Call at 207 Mulberry street, where you can find almost anything you want. J. R. McRae has been in the business 23 years, and understands the wants of the people. ap23

The Issaquena's Excursion Trip.

The splendid little Issaquena arrived from Greenville this morning promptly on time, 9 o'clock. She left Greenville at 6 o'clock last evening, and laid two hours at Duckport waiting for time. She was crowded with people from Greenville and all the way down, who came to witness the Firemen's annual celebration:

Warren County was not Left.

Sheriff Beck did not get "left" as intimated by a private dispatch from Jackson yesterday. He goes to the Republican National Convention, as a delegate from the State-at-large, and was also appointed on the State Executive Committee. Warren county had no "hill" to climb, as stated in the Herald this morning. The Warren delegates were in accord with the Convention, and Warren county came away with a fair share of the honors.

For Boots and Shoes go to the Big Shoe Store of LEWIS BROS, formerly Jas. H. King's.

Zera.

The wonder-worker, Zera Semon, was well-attended. Miss Rachel Kory drew the silver watch, George Busby, the tea set; and Georgia Edwards the barrel of flour. The "Box Mystery" mystified everybody and the audience was highly entertained. In order to give the public a chance to see the fireworks, Zera will not begin his entertainment until 9 o'clock to-night.

Col. French's Condition.

From a telegram received from Jackson we learn that Mr. Wm. French is much weaker to-day.

For Sale.

Two good building lots on Jackson road. Title good. Apply to JOHN R. McRAE. No. 207 Mulberry street, or Dr. J. H. D. BOWMAN, real estate agent.

No. 1 Soda Fountain; all fixtures complete. Apply to JOHN R. McRAE.

Two pair Store Scales, at McRAE'S, in good order.

One fine Parlor Set Furniture, nine pieces, at JOHN R. McRAE'S STORE.

Four full Marble Bedroom Sets Furniture, at JOHN R. McRAE'S, 207 Mulberry street, next to McCutchen's. Must be sold inside of ten days. ap19

Notice to Steamboat Pilots.

Masters and Pilots of all boats on the Yazoo river are hereby notified that the drawbridge of the Memphis and Vicksburg Railroad, at Anthony's Ferry, will be always closed, and only opened when proper signals are given and answered. A watchman will always be on hand. Boats are requested to give two long blasts of the whistle as a signal to open the draw, and are warned not attempt to pass the draw until signal is given by watchman from the center of the draw that everything is clear.

JAS. M. EDWARDS, V. P. & G. M. ap-1430d

The Natchez Firemen.

[Natchez Democrat.]

The members of Phœnix No. 7, who go to Vicksburg in response to an invitation of the Firemen of that city, expect to leave this city at five o'clock this morning on the freight train, making a connection at Harrison junction with the train on the L., N. O. & T. Railroad, and arriving at their destination at half-past eleven a.m. A place has been assigned the visitors in the procession, and we have no doubt but that courtesies of every description will be showered upon them during their stay in Vicksburg. They will return home Thursday evening on a special train.

CHEMISTS HAVE ALWAYS FOUND

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

TRADE MARK

The Most Perfect Made.

A PURE FRUIT ACID BAKING POWDER.

There is none stronger. None so pure and wholesome. Contains no Alum or Ammonia.

Has been used for years in a million homes. Its great strength makes it the cheapest.

Its perfect purity the healthiest. In the family loaf most delicious. Prove it by thy only true test.

THE TEST OF THE OVEN.

MANUFACTURED BY

STEELE & PRICE,

Chicago, Ill., and St. Louis, Mo.

Manufacturers of Cream of Tartar, Baking Powder, Flavoring Extracts, and Re. Price's Unique Perfume.

WE MAKE NO SECOND GRADE GOODS.

Vicksburg Bank.

AN election of five Directors to serve for the ensuing year will be held at the banking house Thursday, May 1st, 1884, from 10 a.m. to 12 m.

E. S. BUTTS, President.

JAMES P. ROACH, Cashier.

April 19th.—10t.

Notice of Removal.

JOHN HASZINGER has removed his SIGN SWOP from Jas. King's old stand, to the commodious room over Julius Ruhman's Tobacco Store, on Washington St. Prompt attention given, as usual, to new work and repairing. Satisfaction guaranteed. ap16-1w

ICE! ICE!

THE

D. W. Flowerree Ice Company

—WILL DELIVER ICE TO—

DEALERS and CONSUMERS

AT THE FOLLOWING RATES:

Two Ton Lots.....40 cents per 100
One Ton Lots.....45 cents per 100
Single Hundred.....50 cents per 100

LOUIS HOFFMAN

AGENT FOR THE



"CHAMPION"

Reaping and Mowing Machine

THE BEST MACHINE MADE.

LOUIS HOFFMAN.

ap14

Dry Goods & Plantation Supplies

AT

REDUCED PRICES!

A short time since I purchased from the closing-out sale of Messrs. August, Bernheim & Bauer, (late Mayer Bros. & Co.,)

A Large Quantity of Dry Goods and Plantation Supplies

These goods are now on my second floor, and will be sold to wholesale as well as retail purchasers at bargains that cannot be duplicated elsewhere. Attention is also called to a full line of

PLANTATION BOOTS AND SHOES

AND THE

LARGEST WHOLESALE GROCERY STOCK IN VICKSBURG.

Purchasers in any of these lines of goods will find it to their interest to call and examine my stock.

JACOB SHLENKER,

137 WASHINGTON STREET, VICKSBURG. ap21

THOS. E. LEWIS, PRENTISS LEWIS.

LEWIS BROS.,

Will open the Shoe Store formerly occupied by Mr. Jas. H. King on the 22d of April with a large and well-selected stock of

MEN'S, BOY'S AND LADIES', SHOES! MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S

The stock was bought for cash at a low figure, and LEWIS BROS. propose to give their customers the benefit of the purchase in

RARE BARGAINS

The stock will always be kept new and replete with all the latest novelties and Shoes. The finest

Custom Hand-Made Work

For Gents' Ladies, Misses and Children a specialty. The former patrons and customers are respectfully requested to call before purchasing elsewhere.

LEWIS BROS.,

THOS. E. LEWIS, Formerly with F. H. Gilbert. | PRENTISS LEWIS, With Mattingly, Son & Co.,

135 WASHINGTON STREET.

T. J. HANES, J. W. HANES.

HANES BROS.,

Successors to D. R. SMARR & CO.,

Auction and Commission Merchants,

206 WASHINGTON STREET, VICKSBURG.

Consignments solicited. Prompt returns and satisfaction guaranteed. feb22

JOHN B. CLARK. D. S. WRIGHT.

CLARKE & CO.

WE invite your attention and solicit your inspection, as we feel assured that you will find it to your interest to do so before buying elsewhere. We buy direct from the manufacturers and first hands, consequently we will duplicate prices of North, South or West.

Our Line of Blank Books

Embraces Day Books, Journals, Ledgers, Cash Books, full and half bound; Draft, Note, Order and Receipt Books, Pass and Memorandum Books, Monthly and Weekly Time Books, Invoice and Bill Books, and all kinds and sizes of blank books.

Also Letter Paper, Bill and Account Paper, Envelopes, Inks, Pens, Pencils, etc.

Our Book Department.

We have a large assortment of School Books, Medical, Scientific, Law and Miscellaneous Books, also all the New Books as issued. Our

Fancy Goods Departm't

Offers an elegant variety goods. Birthday and Congratulation Cards in large assortment.

Ladies' Stationery.

Our assortment is always large and in latest shades, always recalled. Kinds.

Artists' Materials.

Includes Oil, Water and China Painting Materials of every description, Easels, Canvass, Plaques and Panels of all kinds. Also Art Novelties for Decoration.

Musical Instruments,

Includes Pianos, Organs, Guitars, Banjos, Accordions, etc. Italian and German strings for different kinds of instruments. Agents for Decker Bros. Pianos and Mason & Hamlin Organs.

Headquarters for Wall Paper, Picture Frames, Mouldings, &c. All the Leading Libraries, both old and new issues. Newspapers, Magazines, New Publications received daily.

All orders or communications per mail, boat or otherwise answered with promptness, and satisfaction guaranteed. Send for Price List and Catalogue.

CLARKE & CO.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

The Vicksburg Evening Post.

VOLUME II. VICKSBURG, MISSISSIPPI, THURSDAY, APRIL 24, 1884. NUMBER 99.

VICKSBURG BANK.

EDWARD S. BUTTS, President. | Established Nov. 12, 1868.

R. C. KUYKENDALL, Vice-Pres.

JAMES P. ROACH, Cashier. | Incorporated Mar. 4, 1878.

Transacts a General Banking Business.

CHARTER PERPETUAL.

New York Correspondent, - - - - National Park Bank.
New Orleans Correspondent, - - - - State National Bank.

may4

SPRING SPECIALTIES

Iron Age Cultivators,
Avery's Garden Plows,
Acme Harrows,

GERMAN MILLET SEED, SAPLING CLOVER SEED,

—AND—

LANDRETH'S GARDEN SEED,

LOW LOW COTTON PLANTERS

Globe Cotton Planters, Washburn & Moen's Thick Set Galvanized Barb Wire, Philadelphia Lawn Mowers.

LEE RICHARDSON & CO.

BLANKS'

Southern Photographic Gallery,

CLAY STREET, OVER EXPRESS OFFICE. VICKSBURG, MISS.

STRICTLY FIRST-CLASS PHOTOGRAPHS of all sizes and styles. Old pictures copied and enlarged to any size desired.

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Post Office Box 191.

BASE BALL BATS, ETC.

The season has commenced, and, as usual, we have the largest stock of

Base Ball Bats, Croquet Sets, Hammocks,

MARBLES, TOPS, ETC.

Base Balls, - - - - - - - - - - 5 cents and up.
Four Ball Croquet Sets - - - - - - - - 1.00
Eight Ball Croquet Sets - - - - - - - 1.50 and upwards.

HEADQUARTERS FOR EVERYTHING IN THE

Book & Stationery Line, Pocket Cutlery, Music, Musical Instruments,

FANCY GOODS, ETC.

Leading Newspapers and Magazines received daily.

J. F. BAUM & CO.

171 WASHINGTON STREET, VICKSBURG.

JOHN BOGIE, President, JOS. BILLITZ, Business Manager.

RIVERVIEW

Manufacturi'g Company

ARE NOW MANUFACTURING

CIDER!

which they guarantee equal to the best made in the United States or elsewhere. Commission declined. City orders delivered free.

Factory at Rainsville, Warrenton road. Orders can be left at S. Feld & Co.'s, 178 Washington street. ap16

S. REYNOLDS, E. A. NEELY,

C. C. REYNOLDS & CO.

Wholesale and Retail Druggists

AND DEALERS IN

Lard Oil, Sperm Oil, Coal Oil, Goat Oil, Tur-

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

[Special to THE EVENING POST.]

MARKET REPORTS.

LIVERPOOL, April 24.—Uplands 6¼; Orleans 6¼.

NEW YORK, April 24, noon.—Spots dull. Middling, 11¼d.

NEW ORLEANS, April 24, noon.—Cotton dull. Middling, 11¼.

CHICAGO, April 24.—Wheat 2 cents higher.

The Memphis Races.

MEMPHIS, TENN., April 24.—The races begin here to-day. The weather is fine and a large crowd is present.

Memphis River Report.

MEMPHIS, TENN., April 24.—The river is failing.

Nothing down.

New Orleans River Report.

NEW ORLEANS, April 24.—The weather is clear, cool and pleasant.

Business is moderate.

Arrivals: Guiding Star, from Cincinnati; City of St. Louis, from St. Louis.

No departures.

The Danville and Copiah Cases Closed.

WASHINGTON, April 24.—The Senate Committee on Privileges and Elections decided not to call any more witnesses in the Danville and Copiah cases and to lay the evidence taken before the Senate.

Blaine to be a Controlling Factor.

BOSTON, April 24.—A Washington special to the Transcript says: A prominent Republican from Massachusetts recently had a long conversation with Blaine on the political situation. Blaine, he says, assured him in the most positive manner that he was no candidate, and had studiously avoided doing anything to secure his nomination. It was very gratifying, however, to learn that he still had friends in almost every State in the Union. He did not expect to be nominated at Chicago, but thought his friends would have something to say as to who should receive the nomination. So far as he was concerned if he had the power to name the man he would certainly name Gen. Sherman. He regarded him as not only the most available but the ablest and best man among all those named for the Presidency.

A New Departure in Virginia Republican Politics.

WASHINGTON, April 23.—There are indications of a new departure in Virginia Republican politics. "We can carry Virginia," said ex-Congressman Dezendorff to-day, "if Mahone will stop his nonsense. We carried it for Grant once, and we can carry it for the nominee of the Republican Convention." Mr. Dezendorff did not say how he expected to accomplish this, but possibly the fact that he has received a regular invitation from the Chairman of the National Republican Committee, Sabin, explains his confidence. Mr. Sabin has sent to Dezendorff, as Chairman, the usual invitation to co-operate with the National Committee which is sent to the Chairmen of all State Republican Committees. From this the inference has been drawn that the National Republican Committee intends to recognize the regular straight-out organization in Virginia. What the National Committee proposes to do with Mr. Mahone and his followers is not so clear. Certainly the most enthusiastic "straightouts" will hardly claim that it will be possible to succeed in defeating the Democracy in Virginia without the aid of the Mahone party.

Life Tenure of Office.

WASHINGTON, April 23.—Judged by the standard set up by Representative Hayne of Pennsylvania, in a speech there are 27 Republicans and 114 Democrats in the House who are in favor of a confirmation of the spoils system. The bill presented by the Committee on Civil Service provided for the abolition of the limit of four years in the tenure of the offices of District Attorneys, Surveyor Generals, Registers and Receivers, Postmasters, Collectors of Customs, Naval Officers, Surveyors of Customs, and of Chief Justices and Associate Justices of Territories, and provided that these officers should hold office during good behavior or at the pleasure of the President. The law limiting the terms of these officers dates back to 1820, and it was argued that it would be a good thing to go back to the good old days of the fathers. They recalled the remark of Thomas Jefferson that it was a mischievous law that vacated so many offices every four years to be sought for by hungry politicians. But a majority of Democrats and a few Republicans held that the law ought not to be repealed unless the tenure-of-office act was repealed at the same time. Some of them insisted that it would be equivalent to giving a life tenure to the official in the civil service, which was not to be thought of for a moment. Finally, Holman, Townshend, Springer, Morrison, and all of the leading Democrats voted against it. The Republicans who voted for it were Bostelle, Bowen, Cannon, Culbertson, Ellwood, Barr, Bisbee, Cooper, Funston, Handbeck, Hepburn, Peters, Ray of New Hampshire, Rowell, Steele, J. D. White, J. Wise, Laird, Lawrence, Morrill, Nelson, Perkins, Price, Ryan, Smith, Strait and York. The bill received 47 less than a majority and two-thirds were necessary to pass the bill.

The State Educational bill, which passed the Senate and will likely pass the House, provides that the State Superintendent of Public Instruction shall receive $2,000 per annum; the Secretary of State, $1,500; the Auditor of Public Accounts, $1,500; the Treasurer, $1,500; the Attorney General, $1,500; the Register of the Land Office, $1,500; the Commissioner of Agriculture, $1,500; the Commissioner of Insurance, Railroads and Banking, $1,500; the Librarian, $1,000; the Clerk of the Supreme Court, $1,000; the Reporter of the Supreme Court, $1,000; the Clerk of the Court of Appeals, $1,000; the Reporter of the Court of Appeals, $1,000; the Chief Clerk of the Auditor's office, $1,000; the Chief Clerk of the Treasurer's office, $1,000; the Chief Clerk of the Secretary of State's office, $1,000; the Chief Clerk of the Commissioner of Agriculture's office, $1,000; the Chief Clerk of the Commissioner of Insurance, Railroads and Banking's office, $1,000; the Chief Clerk of the Register of the Land Office's office, $1,000; the Chief Clerk of the Librarian's office, $1,000; the Chief Clerk of the Superintendent of Public Instruction's office, $1,000; the Chief Clerk of the Clerk of the Supreme Court's office, $1,000; the Chief Clerk of the Clerk of the Court of Appeals' office, $1,000; the Chief Clerk of the Reporter of the Court of Appeals' office, $1,000; the Chief Clerk of the Reporter of the Supreme Court's office, $1,000; the Chief Clerk of the Attorney General's office, $1,000; the Chief Clerk of the Auditor of Public Accounts'

THE EVENING POST

PUBLISHED BY
J. G. CASHMAN & CO.,
Washington St., Vicksburg, Miss.

The Evening Post.

VICKSBURG, MISS., APRIL 24 1884.

SEVERAL gentlemen have already been mentioned to succed Hon. H. L. Muldrow in Congress. Among others, Col. W. H. Sims, Hon. John M. Allen, Col. S. M. Meek and Mr. W. I. Gibson.

AGAINST THE COMMISSION.—Private advices from Aberdeen, so says the Jackson Ledger, are that Judge Hill has prepared his opinion in the injunction cases, and that it will be against the Commission.

MR. TILDEN has finally declined again, as we learn from a late telegram. It is time now to make note that every time a State instructs for somebody else, or fails to instruct for anybody, the venerable sage is forthwith interviewed by "a delegation of leading Democrats" and declares his determination not to run.

THE hand of Lynch is plainly visible in the expulsion of Chalmers' wandering tribe from the Republican Convention at Jackson. As long as Lynch has any influence among the Republicans of the State, the harmony between that party and the Chalmers-Hull mutinous crowd will not reach a stage in any sense menacing or distressing to the Democrats.

IF the Chickasaw Messenger will pursue its present rational train of reflections on the tariff question to their logical conclusion it will not be long before it will remove the present douht in its mind in favor of THE POST'S platform. Then the best papers in the State may be said to favor National protection to home industries.

WE desire to say now in ample time to give the machine legal notice that a State Convention "made to order" will not pass as Democratic in Mississippi. The people must have a full expression and representation of views on the important subjects of Mississippi river improvement and tariff, and will not tolerate a convention cut to the pattern of pet theories, nor a "store-bought" platform shaped in the mold of old dogmas.

IT is among the probabilities that Grant and Lincoln may be elected President and Vice-President of the United States. If Gen. Grant should secure the nomination he will no doubt follow the example of Congressman Singleton, of this State, and declare that "this is the last time" he will ever be a candidate. We believe Gen. Grant will keep his word, too. But as long as a man has such a hold on the respect and affection of the people as to secure his fair election, there is no danger to our free institutions or Republican form of Government, no matter how many times he is elected.

THE bill for the Government to loan the New Orleans Exposition $1,000,000, introduced in the Senate and House of Representatives by Senator Jonas and Representative Ellis respectively, provides that the Government shall be reimbursed out of the money remaining in the treasury at the close of the Exposition. This we think, without clause is entirely too indefinite. If it should so happen that no money remained in the treasury at the close of the Exposition, the Government might left to hold a quantity of worthless claims against an insolvent corporation, or be compelled to receive pay in tickets to Howard's lottery.

"IN canvassing our acquaintances for proper influence to be brought to bear upon the action of our National Democratic Convention, and feeling assured that every thing will be done by our State Convention, we know of no man whose influence will be more certain to protect our interests than"—some man whose orthodoxy has never been shaken by the allurements of the position of a Republican Postmaster, or a Republican nomination for State Senator—"one whose brains and energies have all been bent for the best interests of our Valley, State and National demands. We hope our State Convention will not pass this suggestion unnoticed."

The Louisiana Election.

The general election in Louisiana took place day before yesterday. It is almost certain that McEnery was re-elected Governor, as there was no organized opposition to him. The election for Mayor of New Orleans occurred on the same day. A great deal of interest was manifested in it, as three prominent tickets were in the field, and a close contest was expected in the event a fair election was had. But the New Orleans Picayune, in an article which we publish elsewhere, says the election was a mockery, and denounces in scathing terms those who perverted the people from expressing their choice. Mayor Brown's published proclamation in regard to the matter gave no one who are fond of such sport.

Mr. Tilden.

Mr. Hendricks was the weak spot in the old ticket eight years ago and Mr. McDonald's friends were the cause of that. The South was and is always prepared to accept Mr. Tilden as the Democratic nominee.—State Ledger.

What the South WAS prepared to accept does not make much difference now; but we think the Ledger is sadly mistaken in its view that the South IS now and always prepared to accept Mr. Tilden. We believe the South does not now want Mr. Tilden for President, and ought not to want him.

If Mr. Tilden should unfortunately be nominated and elected, such an era of "retrenchment" and socalled "reform" would be inaugurated as would put a stop to the improvement of the Mississippi river and other National work in the South. Mr. Tilden's letter in 1876, when he was a candidate for President, indicates, in general terms, that he would be opposed to all works of internal improvement.

The North and West have had the benefit of Government assistance in this respect for many years, and now that the South is just beginning to receive similar benefits, it would be a very unwise thing to elect Mr. Tilden and put a stop to it.

If there is no salvation for the Democratic party except in Mr. Tilden, then the party is in a very bad fix. But we think there are other men in the party more suitable than Mr. Tilden to lead the Democratic hosts out of the wilderness.

It has been alleged that the Tammany Democracy of New York will cheerfully support Mr. Tilden if he is nominated. This may be true, but we doubt it very much, for, to begin with, John Kelly, the leader and manager of the big Tammany element, does not want Mr. Tilden to be nominated. If Tilden should be put forward, the South could not elect him without the vote of New York. The following from a very late issue of the New York Star, John Kelly's organ, shows that that gentleman and politician will not be a very enthusiastic supporter of Mr. Tilden in any event:

If the perpetuation of Democracy and good government in this country depends upon one insipid "leader," Mr. Tilden, who happens to be a delicate old man, rather than on the intelligence and patriotism of the people generally, we had better go up to the shutter at once and admit that the experiment inaugurated by our grandsires is a dismal failure.

Protection.

The politicians of Mississippi make a great deal of noise in every canvass over what they call the injustice of the tariff, and grow eloquent in depicting its inequalities, and the hardships it entails upon our people, who they say are the greatest sufferers. The question of a protective tariff is an intricate one, and for every argument against the present system, another may be found equally plausible in favor of it. It is not our purpose in this article to insist that the policy of protection is right or wrong; we merely wish to remark, that if Mississippi is ever to be really prosperous it must be though the medium of manufactures erected within our own borders, which shall convert our great staple into merchantable goods, and as the tariff question will then become, with us, as it is now in New England, Pennsylvania and Alabama purely a local one, it remains for the people of this State to decide for themselves, whether their best interests will be subserved by following the lead of Mr. Morrison or Mr. Randall.

Without giving the subject the thought its importance deserves, we of Mississippi have been in the habit of denouncing the tariff laws of the General Government, and as if in defiance of our incontrovertible logic in electing men to State and legislative offices whose conduct proves them to be the rankest protectionists. Even now we have on our statute books a law exempting capital invested in manufactures in this State from taxation. In order, therefore, that the expenses of the State and county governments may be met, a tariff is levied upon the products of the soil. This is protection, pure and simple. A tariff is levied upon the merchants and business men of the State for the benefit of a privilege tax, to increase the revenue. This of course comes indirectly from the pockets of the people, and is designed as a protection to the "machine," against the charge of exhorbitant taxation.

The railroads are granted immunities and privileges denied by law to the common citizen, and are protected in their outrageous exactions and extortions.

Land Syndicates, home and foreign borned, are invited to accept our public domain, levy tribute upon the citizens using the water ways flowing through these princely grants, convert our majestic forests into merchantable lumber and pocket the proceeds, without being required to pay a dollar of taxes into State or county Treasuries.

In view of these facts, would it not be well for the demagogues to cease howling about the tariff until a complete reformation of the iniquitous system in vogue at home is wrought?—Chickasaw Messenger.

Natchez and Vicksburg Marksmen.

The Natchez glass ball breakers are anxious to measure swords, metaphorically speaking, with the Vicksburgers, and we have heard it said that the latter have also expressed a desire to meet the Natchez shooters. If they really desire to get up a match with our boys we think that they can do so very easily. Some of the Natchez shooters say that all that is necessary to be done is for the Vicksburgers to send a challenge, specifying the amount to be contested for, and that the same will be accepted, and a forfeit will at once be put up. The shooters of both cities are noted for their skill and prowess, and if the match is made up, it would certainly be a most interesting one for those who are fond of such sport.

If You be Men, Arise.

Yesterday the people of New Orleans repaired to the polls to declare their choice for State, parish and city officials. It was an occasion that had aroused the utmost popular interest. The people had, after freely counseling together, put up a carefully selected list of names for the several offices to be filled and yesterday they closed their places of business and devoted themselves to the duty of free citizens by going to the polls and presenting their ballots peaceably and in due form of law. But they are now met by the fact that their votes were cast in vain. The election was a mockery, the popular will was nullified, the popular voice was stifled, and free citizens were robbed of their dearest rights.

At an early hour the polling places were seized by the minions of the Ring Democracy, and the inspectors, who had been appointed in accordance with law by the Mayor, were ejected and excluded from the polls. An army of State officers was distributed at the voting precincts, but they made no attempt to prevent this violation of law. On the contrary, they encouraged it, and when the Mayor used his authority to attempt an execution of the law he was resisted, and a greater number of the ninty-one polling places of the city were left hopelessly in the hands of the Ring, interested in maintaining their hold on public place. The people cast the ballots, but the Ring counts them; thus there was no election.

The result is the most gigantic wrong ever perpetrated on a people. They can no longer speak through the ballot-box. They have no longer a voice in the affairs of government. It is not alone the people of the city, but of the whole State who must suffer, for the Ring machinery will embrace them all. The real election commenced at the closing of the polls, and it will not cease until the Ring ticket is fully provided for.

A people robbed of the elective franchise are slaves. They are chattels bought and sold by their masters. This is a desperate situation, but to it the people of this city and State have been brought. They are slaves if they submit.

Fellow-citizens, will you submit? Can you consent to this degradation? You have complied with every requirement of law. You have done all peaceable and well-ordered citizens could do to exercise your constitutional right to choose your public officials; but does duty require you to consent to this iniquity? Does it not rather command you to resist, not with blood and violence, but with courage and firmness as freemen?

The Mayor has issued his official proclamation reciting the facts of the infamous wrong put upon our city, and he has declared the election a shameful outrage, and an outrageous fraud. What will you do then? You must act as becomes men.

Whatever is to be done, let the people call at once a mass meeting and deliberate on their proper course in the face of such a formidable evil. They have all along acted peacefully, and they will continue to act peacefully, and they will not be driven from their rights. Then let the people rise in their might and show that it is a crime most grave to defraud free citizens of their liberty and dearest rights. Let every means consent to submit to this crime without becoming participants in its guilt.—N. O. Picayune.

Bruce's Speech.

Ex-Senator Bruce did not visit the Republican State Convention till a resolution had been adopted inviting him to attend it. Then a committee of The Committee appointed to inform him of the action of the Convention returned with him after a short absence. He was escorted to the stand and introduced by the speaker.

He said that he was not in condition to make a speech, but that during the campaign he should endeavor to find time to note the stoppage of a number of cotton factories in the Northern States. What causes this? A Baltimore manufacturing journal says the tariff is the cause to Southern competition, and this we believe to be the genuine true cause. As population and attention of the Southern people is directed to the advantages to be seen that mills can be run at cheaper rates, and labor fed and clothed more cheaply in the Southern than in the Northern States.

On the heels of these reports from different parts of this country we receive the report of Mr. Shaw, who is the National American Council Secretary. He tells us that the cotton trade of that locality was very unsatisfactory last year, the usual consequences followed, an attempt to reduce wages was made, and then came the strike and want among the workmen. The Consul, in his report, says that the situation is one of great anxiety. Manufacturing is the best organized manufacturing town in the world, and it is worth attention to solve the true cause of such a condition of affairs in that locality. As one of the instruments calculated to solve problems of this character, we feel sure that the Bureau of Labor Statistics now being matured in Congress will prove a most valuable auxiliary. It will give us an insight into such causes and to the principles proper in the adjustment of the taxing power of the Government. It is calculated to harmonize the occasional antagonism of capital and labor. We favor the establishment of an institution of like character in our own State. Substantially this would be the "Bureau of Statistics," so necessary and long desired by many Mississippians, the propriety of which has been so often championed by the press of the State.—State Ledger.

Republican Meat.

John Hull in his speech before the Republican Convention, referring to Jim Hill, desired to know "upon what meat has this our Cæsar fed that he has grown so fat?" Before the question was fairly out Hill replied, "upon Republican meat, pure and unadulterated." The answer was entirely satisfactory.—State Ledger.

MR. BEN COHEN was seen on the streets Saturday, acting very strangely. He was reported to a policeman. The policeman after some search found him in the rear portion of a yard in an entirely nude condition. He was arrested and placed in jail. Dr. Morgan examined him Monday, and pronounced him insane.—Iuka Ledger.

THE condition of Gen. Wm. Preston is reported as critical. The doctors still won't consider it a refusal to become the Democratic nominee. It says one thing for the General's pluck and endurance that he has survived the attack of the doctors.

Aid for Overflow Sufferers.

We yesterday received a letter from a plantation below this city, in which there was great complaint in regard to the action of certain individuals named, in taking forcible possession of some of the supplies furnished to sufferers from the overflow. The conduct of these persons as described by the writer of the letter, was of a criminal character, and the party who makes the complaint has only to make an affidavit charging them with the crime committed, and have them arrested and brought to trial and punished.

The writer describes the contest over the supplies sent to his section as being "like that of a parcel of hungry dogs over the carcass of a dead horse." This is not the only instance which has been brought to our notice of the abuse of the bounty of the the Government and of benevolent individuals. We fear that the impression made upon the mind of that excellent, benevolent lady, Miss Clara Barton, and of those gallant officers of the army, Capt. Veile and his companions, will be in some instances unfavorable to the chivalry, and even the honesty, of individuals relieved by them. The cases in which dishonesty and sharp practice was resorted to can be easily traced, and we are under the impression that the name of every person who did not deal fairly with those newspapermen of mercy are already well known to them.

We hope an occasion for the exercise of the charity of individuals or of the Government towards the dwellers along the river, may not again occur for many years, and that in the meanwhile the very first thing to be done by those who live in the swamp will be to put themselves being again dependent upon public charity. If alter every exertion it is found impracticable to remain in the swamps and preserve a proper degree of independence, then the manhood of good citizens would dictate the abandonment of a country where existence depends upon the charity of the world.

Again, if the Government wishes to aid the sufferers from the overflows, we hope to see it adopt some other method than that of issuing rations to support their existence during the subsidence of the floods. It would be far better to aid them in preventing these disasters than to extend the hand of charity to the starving people whilst the overflows exist. The cost of the millions of rations that have been given out by the Government would go far towards preventing these inundations, and while the demoralization produced by the present system would be avoided, a country would be reclaimed that is capable of feeding and clothing the whole continent. The work it would give the farm laborers during the summer would repay them for the loss of their crops, and would encourage a self-sustaining spirit and make them ashamed of their present habit of sitting down in idleness and waiting to be fed by charity.—Natchez Democrat.

Gov. Lowry's Chief-of-Staff

Informs the Loyal Press of the State, that he will certainly issue his official proclamation reciting the facts of the infamous wrong put upon our city, and he has declared the election a shameful outrage, and an outrageous fraud. What will you do then? You must act as becomes men.

Whatever is to be done, let the people call at once a mass meeting and deliberate on their proper course in the face of such a formidable evil. They have all along acted peacefully, and they will continue to act peacefully, and they will not be driven from their rights. Then let the people rise in their might and show that it is a crime most grave to defraud free citizens of their liberty and dearest rights. Let every means consent to submit to this crime without becoming participants in its guilt.—N. O. Picayune.

Manufacturing Enterprises.

Mr. Hilton, legatee under the will of A. T. Stewart, has closed his eight woolen factories. He assigns as the cause the high price of American wool. The duty excludes foreign manufactures on the raw material, and Mr. Hilton prefers to buy instead of manufacturing his woolen goods. It is curious to observe the changes of sentiment which lead to note the stoppage of a number of cotton factories in the Northern States. What causes this? A Baltimore manufacturing journal says the tariff is the cause to Southern competition, and this we believe to be the genuine true cause. As population and attention of the Southern people is directed to the advantages to be seen that mills can be run at cheaper rates, and labor fed and clothed more cheaply in the Southern than in the Northern States.

On the heels of these reports from different parts of this country we receive the report of Mr. Shaw, who is the National American Council Secretary. He tells us that the cotton trade of that locality was very unsatisfactory last year, the usual consequences followed, an attempt to reduce wages was made, and then came the strike and want among the workmen. The Consul, in his report, says that the situation is one of great anxiety. Manufacturing is the best organized manufacturing town in the world, and it is worth attention to solve the true cause of such a condition of affairs in that locality. As one of the instruments calculated to solve problems of this character, we feel sure that the Bureau of Labor Statistics now being matured in Congress will prove a most valuable auxiliary. It will give us an insight into such causes and to the principles proper in the adjustment of the taxing power of the Government. It is calculated to harmonize the occasional antagonism of capital and labor. We favor the establishment of an institution of like character in our own State. Substantially this would be the "Bureau of Statistics," so necessary and long desired by many Mississippians, the propriety of which has been so often championed by the press of the State.—State Ledger.

Republican Meat.

John Hull in his speech before the Republican Convention, referring to Jim Hill, desired to know "upon what meat has this our Cæsar fed that he has grown so fat?" Before the question was fairly out Hill replied, "upon Republican meat, pure and unadulterated." The answer was entirely satisfactory.—State Ledger.

MR. BEN COHEN was seen on the streets Saturday, acting very strangely. He was reported to a policeman. The policeman after some search found him in the rear portion of a yard in an entirely nude condition. He was arrested and placed in jail. Dr. Morgan examined him Monday, and pronounced him insane.—Iuka Ledger.

THE condition of Gen. Wm. Preston is reported as critical. The doctors still won't consider it a refusal to become the Democratic nominee. It says one thing for the General's pluck and endurance that he has survived the attack of the doctors.

H. B. BRUSER,
TIN, COPPER AND SHEET-IRON WORKER
Hardware Tinware Stoves
Pumps, Grates Mantels, Etc. Etc
may5 159 Washington Street, Vicksburg.

Something the People Need!
FRESH
ROASTED COFFEE,
Roasted Daily in HYDE'S PATENT ROASTER, at my Store
Corner South and Washington Streets.
Price 20 Cts. per Pound
H. F. SIMRALL, JR.
se17

W. M. CHAMBERLIN,
General Insurance Agent
FIRE, MARINE, ACCIDENT AND LIFE.
Office—Up-stairs, cor. Washington and Crawford Sts., Vicksburg
may4

W. O. WORRELL
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
AND DEALER IN
Hay & Grain
LIME, CEMENT, PLASTER, Etc.,
58 Washington Street, Vicksburg, Miss
may

FULTON M'R'F'G.
Wholesale and Retail Druggist
IMPORTER AND DEALER IN
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRUGS
White Lead, Linseed Oil, Turpentine, Window Glass, Mixed Paints, Dry and in Oil; Alhastine Whitening and Putty; and the largest and most complete assortment of Patent Medicines and Surgical Instruments in the State. Agent for the celebrated Waukesha Hathesda Water.
Toilet Articles, Perfumery and Hair Brushes—all imported.
No. 125 Washington Street, - - - Vicksburg, Miss.

GEO. W. HUTCHESON, CHAS. ALLEN.
G. W. HUTCHESON & CO.
Cotton Factors,
AND WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
Groceries, Liquors and Tobacco
110 and 112 Washington Street,
Vicksburg, - - - - - Miss
may4

THE SAW-MILL BOAT
LEE RICHARDSON, JR
IS PREPARED TO SHILL
DIMENSION LUMBER
FROM LANDING AT GLASS BAYOU, THIS CITY; also,
Sash, Doors, Blinds, Mouldings, T. and G. Flooring and Ceiling
Orders addressed to the undersigned will be promptly filled.
may4 WM. CURPHEY, Proprietor.

GEO S. IRVING,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN
Staple and Fancy Groceries
WINES, LIQUORS, CIGARS & TOBACCO,
Corner of South and Washington Streets, - - - - - VICKSBURG, MISS.
I respectfully ask an examination of my stock, which I think will convince all of
I have one of the largest and best assorted to be found.
Fine Teas, Coffee and Choice Butter are Among my Specialties
I GUARANTEE EVERY ARTICLE TO BE AS REPRESENTED,
And desire to give full satisfaction. 1 PACK AND P FREE

HENRY YOSTE,
Watchmaker and Jeweler
I cordially invite a comparison of Work and Prices, believing mine to be the Best and Cheapest.
—ALSO DEALER IN—
WATCHES, DIAMONDS AND SILVERWARE
SPECIALTIES IN SPECTACLES.
FRUIT AND ORNAMENTAL
TREES
ROSES and Green-House Plants by the MILLION at the
J. S. MORRIS,
Attorney-at-Law
VICKSBURG, MISS.
WILL practice in the various Courts of Warren, Claiborne, Jefferson and Adams counties, and in the Federal Supreme Court at Jackson.
MISS ADDIE FLETCHER,
Fashionable Dressmaker,

SIGNAL SERVICE REPORT.

LOCAL WEATHER REPORT.

TIME.	BAR.	THR.	HUM.	WIND	W'THER.
7:35 a. m.	30.12	49	68	N. W.	Cloudy.
2:35 p. m.	30.15	58	54	N. W.	Fair.
7:35 p. m.	30.13	58	52	N. W.	Cloudy.
11:35 p. m.	30.13	54	57	N.	Clear.

	1883.	1884
Maximum thermometer	83.0	59.3
Minimum thermometer	58.9	47.0
Mean temperature	70.9	52.7
Rainfall	.00	.00

STAGE OF RIVERS.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER,
April 23, 2 p. m. Washington time.

The following observations were taken at the same moment of time at all the stations named:

STATIONS.	Above low water. feet	In's	Changes. Rise In's	Fall In's
Cairo, Ill	38	2	0	0
Chattanooga	13	7	26	0
Cincinnati	20	9	37	0
Davenport, Iowa	8	4	0	1
Dubuque, Iowa	10	6	1	...
Keokuk, Iowa	13	5	0	2
Leavenworth	10	6	0	3
Little Rock	12	6	6	0
Memphis	8	3	1	...
Nashville	21	3	0	2
Omaha	15	1	1	17
New Orleans	1	7	0	0
Pittsburg	17	4	0	4
Shreveport	18	4	2	0
St. Louis	22	8	0	9
St. Paul	6	6	0	0
Vicksburg	45	5	0	...
Galveston, D. T.	6	3	...	...

Below high water of 1874. *Frozen.

HIGH WATER AT VICKSBURG IN FORMER YEARS

Reach 'd 62, above zero, 51 1-10 feet.
Reach 'd 67, above zero, 49 feet.
Reach 'd 74, above zero, 45 feet 8 inches
Reach 'd 75, above zero, 45 feet.
Reach 'd 76, above zero, 44 ft. 10 inches
Reach 'd 80, above zero, 43 ft. 10 inches
Reach 'd 81, above zero, 43 ft. 10 inches
Reach 'd 82, above zero, 48 ft. 9 inches
Reach 'd 83, above zero, 45 ft. 10 inches

HIGH WATER OF 1883.

Stations.	Date of High-est Point.	Highest point Reached.
Cairo	Feb. 26, 1882	51 ft. 9 inches
Chattanooga	Jan. 19, 1882	40 ft. 2 inches
Cincinnati	Feb. 21, 1882	58 ft. 6 inches
Memphis	Dec. 3, 1881	10 ft. 1 inch
Helena, Ark.	March 9, 1882	47 ft. 3 inches
Little Rock	Feb. 23, 1882	31 ft. 5 inches
Louisville	Feb. 22, 1882	21 ft. 6 inches
Nashville	Feb. 22, 1882	37 ft. 2 inches
New Orleans	March 6, 1882	20 ft. 0 inches
Vicksburg	Jan. 22, 1882	54 ft. 7 inches
New Orleans	March 27, 1882	5 inches
Pittsburg	March 6, 1882	28 ft. 3 inches
Shreveport	March 20, 1882	48 ft. 9 inches

Below high water of 1874.

THE RIVER.

ARRIVED.

John W. Cannon, from New Orleans.
Paris C. Brown, from Cincinnati.
Harry Brown with barges, from N. O.

DEPARTED.

City of Helena, for St. Louis.
Headlight, for Sunflower river.
J. H. Williams, for Telluhak.
John F. Halpin, for Davis Bend.
John W. Cannon, for Greenville.
Paris C. Brown, for New Orleans.
W. P. Thompson, for Greenville.
Harry Brown and barges, for Pittsburg.
Bo Bonham, for Little Deer Creek.

BOATS DUE TO-DAY.

Will S. Hays, Memphis to Vicksburg.
Commonwealth, St. Louis to V'burg.
Capt. Miller, Natchez to Vicksburg.

BOATS LEAVING TO-DAY.

For Lake Washington—Tributary and Tippo, 4 p.m.
For Greenville—Issaquena, 5 p.m.

BOATS DUE TO-MORROW.

R. R. Springer, N. O. to Cincinnati.
Ontsennial, New Orleans to St. Louis.

BOATS LEAVING TO-MORROW.

For Natchez—Will S. Hays, 12 m.
For Memphis—Will S. Hays, 12 m.
For Greenwood—Leflore, 5 p.m.

NOTES.

Weather clear and cool.

There were 5 arrivals and 3 departures yesterday.

The river declined ½ inch in the last 24 hours.

The R. R. Springer left New Orleans yesterday and will pass up for the Ohio to-morrow at noon.

The Ike Bonham left at noon for Leighton where the railroad crosses Little Deer Creek, with a good trip.

The towboat Harry Brown and barges from New Orleans passed up to Pittsburg at 9 o'clock this morning.

The through Anchor Liner Centennial will pass up to-morrow from New Orleans en route to St. Louis.

The Capt. Miller is due this evening from Natchez, and leaves again for Natchez at 8 o'clock to-morrow morning.

The Headlight, Capt. Geo. W. Bodkin, left at eleven o'clock last night for the Sunflower river with all she wanted.

All the boats leaving last night and today had good trips of people returning to their homes from the Firemen's Parade.

The P Line steamer Leflore, Capt. M. Johnson in command, will leave for the points as high as Greenwood at 5 p.m. to-morrow evening.

The Tributary and barge, Capt. J. Kellerman master, is receiving at the Wharfboat to leave at 4 p.m. for Lake Washington.

The Jno. F. Halpin, Capt. Jno. Quackenbush, left at 10 a.m. for all points below as far as Davis Bend with her usual good trip of freight and people.

The J. H. Williams, Capt. R. H. Bowman, Warren C. Kain clerk, left at noon for Tallulah, La., with 600 packages of sugar and some people. She returns to-day.

The City of Helena, Capt. Jos. T. Mc-Kelvey left at 11 a.m. for Memphis, Cairo and St. Louis with the mails and 1800 sacks of corn and 160 barrels of whisky.

The Commonwealth, Capt. Jno. Dickinson, left at 10 a.m. for all points between here and St. Louis with a cabin full of people and some freight.

The Belle of the Bends Issaquena is receiving to-day, and will leave for Greenville and all way landings at 5 p.m., with a good freight and 125 people, the latter making the round trip on her.

The O. Line steamer Paris C. Brown and her mocking bird whistle, passed in New Orleans this morning after a short stop here loaded flat in the water. Several passengers are making the round trip on her.

The Commonwealth, Capt. James O'Neal in command, is due this evening from St. Louis. She will receive at the Elevator and is the Shreveport and Anchor Liner leaving at 11 a.m. sharp. Eugene Platt is her passenger agent.

The fast and famous Jno. W. Cannon, Capt. Wm. Campbell, arrived this morning with a big freight and people, and after discharging some city and Yazoo river freight on the Wharfboat and left for Greenville. She returns to New Orleans and all lower coast landings Saturday morning at 9 o'clock.

The Will S. Hays, Capt. Ed Nowland master is due this evening from Memphis. She will receive at the Wharfboat in the morning, and leave at noon for all points on the river as high as Memphis. In addition to her great speed the Will S. Hays boasts of a beautiful cabin, comfortable state-rooms, the best of fare and as clever a crew of officers as ever shipped on a steamboat.

5-11-45.—Of the electric light, sidewheel Reuben R. Springer, a boat whose lines to Cincinnati hasn't been beat in forty years, it is claimed that she has more beautiful landscapes in her cabin and gives more good living for the money than any boat on the river. It must be further and just as truly be said that there are no cleverer or more competent men in the business than her Captain, Henry U. Hart, and Clerks, John S. Jones and William Wherry.

Mississippi Republican Convention.

STATE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

First District—G. C. Chandler, J. W. Lee, H. C. Power.

Second—G. M. Buchanan, F. P. Hill, J. L. Morphis.

Third—W. T. Butler, L. W. C. Wilson, W. W. Edwards.

Fourth—W. D. Frazee, M. K. Mister, J. W. Longstreet.

Fifth—Jno. Jones, H. H. Truehart, W. M. Hancock.

Sixth—A. Newberger, H. C. Griffin, C. M. Cruzat.

Seventh—T. Richardson, S. W. Lewis, W. H. Gibbs.

State at Large—James Hill, J. B. Yellowly, Jno. R. Lynch, Geo. C. McKee, T. W. Turner, D. T. Springer.

RESOLUTIONS.

The following resolutions were adopted:

1. Resolved, That we urge upon Republicans in Congress the importance of the Mississipi river as a National highway, and the necessity for its improvement, and the protection of the people dwelling along its banks.

2. That we believe the policy of protection is calculated to increase manufacturing industries, enhance the value of our products, and is conducive to the prosperity of the laboring classes everywhere.

3. That we heartily indorse the Educational bill, known as the Blair bill, now pending before Congress, and pledge ourselves to contribute all the support at our command to the general dissemination of intelligence.

4. That among the eminent Republicans named for President, Mississippi Republicans have no first choice, but will heartily support any one of them that may be nominated.

5. That in our judgement the delegates to the National Convention from States that have no apparent prospect of casting their votes for a Republican candidate should yield their preferences for the general good, and after careful investigation, they should cast their votes in the Convention for the candidate most acceptable to the people of the Republican States, and the doubtful States necessary to an election.

6. That the administration of President Arthur is heartily approved, and deserves as it receives the confidence of the Republican party of Mississipi.

Dr. Bynum offered the following which was adopted by a rising vote:

Whereas, It has been heralded by Gen. Longstreet and his emissaries that it is time for the party to retire the Democratic party in politics in the South, thereby reviving again that eating cancer in American politics, the color-line; therefore be it

Resolved, That we, the members of the Missisippi Republican State Convention assembled, denounce the Longstreet pronunciamento as revolutionary, and contrary to the principles of the National Constitution and American Liberty, and that whatever eminence he has attained in the Republican ranks, emanated from the fealty and fidelity of the black as well as the white citizens, in times that tried men's souls, who were as true as the beaten anvil to the stroke.

CAMPAIGN COMMITTEE.

The State Executive Committee organized Wednesday by electing J. R. Lynch, Chairman, and W. H. Gibbs, Secretary. The Committee created a Campaign Committee, composed of J. R. Lynch, W. H. Gibbs, T. W. Stringer, W. W. Edwards and J. R. Yellowly. The committee deferred the selection of Presidential electors till after the meeting of the National Republican Convention.

An Infant Industry That Will Kick.

The Democrats have defeated the Ohio wool tariff and next fall the Ohio wool tariff will defeat the Democrats.—Baltimore American.

THE railroad extending from Memphis, Tennessee, to Birmingham, Alabama, Northeastern Improvement Company, the principal stockholders of which company are R. T. Wilcox & Co., the proprietors of the celebrated Valley Route of Memphis, Tennessee, and Birmingham, Alabama, was sold at Landsdale, Alabama, on the 22d inst., to the highest bidder, and was purchased by the bondholders, who will complete the road at once.

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The Mississippi River at Vicksburg.

Editor Post:—In the report of the Senate Committee (Gen. Logan's) I find the following "statement" of Maj. B. M. Harrod, one of the River Commissioners. He says:

"In 1882, during the great flood, the water at Helena exceeded 47 feet on the gauge. The river at that time was discharging, at our observation stations above a million and a half cubic feet per second. During this flood the upper end of the Yazoo basin was broken open and the levees were breached, and upwards of seven hundred thousand cubic feet per second escaped from the river into the Yazoo basin and was returned to the river by the mouth of the Yazoo river. So the river proper carried only about nine sixteenths of the total flood discharge. In the following year, 1883, we had at Helena the same gauge reading within three inches. This year the bottom was confined to the channel; but notwithstanding that fact there was a gauge reading at Vicksburg in the present year, when all the water was confined in the channel, five or six feet less than during the previous year when an large a portion of it escaped through lateral channels. From such facts as I have mentioned, I believe the maintenance of the levees largely dependent upon the entire control of its flood-waters."

In another place he says:

"From 20 miles below Memphis to Vicksburg. My impression is that that is up to the grade that was contemplated by the Commission in their last report."

Judge R. S. Taylor, one of the Commission, in his address to the merchants of St. Louis, says:

"The Yazoo front is now substantially closed, as is also the greater part of the Tensas. The good effects of the concentration of water thus produced, are already apparent. It sent the flood of 1883 from Vicksburg to Red river in unprecedented volume, and with such velocity and power as to scour out the channel with marked effect. The least depth reported between those two points during the past season was ten and a half feet. Now I think the above will be news to persons living in this section, as well as along the Yazoo river as we all know that the levees were not touched from Memphis to below Friars Point after the flood of '82. The facts are that the breaks were all left open in '83 and are still open, and were much larger in '83 than in '82. It is well known to those living in the Yazoo bottom that the overflow was much higher from Friar's Point up in '83 than '82, because the breaks were so much larger. I am sorry to see such a statement from members of the River Commission, because there are a great many who have no confidence in their plans and surveys, when they see such assertions as the above it shows culpable ignorance or intentional misstatements. People look upon the statement of a River Commissioner as "official" and not to be gainsaid. I think Maj. Harrod would give considerable if he had that untrue statement back, especially as to the effect of the levees, as his reason for the height of the water at Vicksburg is equally as incorrect as his theory as to the cause. The fact is that the high water at Vicksburg are that with the high water substantially the same at Helena in '82, '83 and '84, the stage of the river at Vicksburg was for three years: 48 feet 9 inches in '82, 43 feet 9 inches in '83 and 49 feet in '84. Under only slight different circumstances, the stage at Vicksburg was nearly the same in '82 and '84. Therefore it shows that his theory to account for the difference in '83 was not the right one. I claim that the difference was owing to different conditions accompanying the two rises. In '82 we had two rises at Cairo and Helena. When the first rise came the gauge at Cairo indicated 47 feet 8 inches; the rise was gradual and the river stood at that mark nearly one week. The rise a few days later reached 51 feet 10 inches, and found the St. Francis not only full of the previous overflow, but also heavy rains. The first rise broke the levee in two or three places opposite Helena. But the second rise broke the levee in many more places opposite Helena and below. This rise also received much water from Arkansas and White rivers. The high water of '83 was the counterpart of '82. It came to the highest point ever known at Cairo, 52 feet 2 inches, and remained stationary several days, but found the swamps, from the St. Francis and Yazoo, dry, with but little rain during the high water, with no rise in the Arkansas and White rivers, and no second rise. The levees had been repaired along the Yazoo front from the Bolivar line down, and I believe all stood, and threw an immense portion of the high water into the Tensas swamp to the north and Arkansas City, the Ashton crevasse being open at the time. My theory is that the Yazoo swamp being dry, with the levees up to Bolivar and below, there was much less water to pass Vicksburg in '83 than '82, and that was the reason the rise did not rise higher. I should like to see how Major Harrod will explain the present condition of the rise at Vicksburg. The condition of the rise of '83 and '84 was nearly alike at Cairo, and two feet more rain in '84 than in '84. Both the Yazoo and St. Francis were at almost flood height when the first rise came. The openings in the Yazoo levees were larger than in '83. The water in this city was one inch above '88 at Helena, and the Arkansas and White rivers both high, and the lower district levees all stood, except at Hughes', and the great Ashton crevasse was closed. Now, if the levees made the rise so much lower in '83, why was the rise so much higher at Hughes'? I claim the reason is that the rise was not as high in '83 as '84 or '82, because there was more water in the last two named than in '83!

JAMES B. MILES.

THOS. FORD, Esq., of Columbia, Miss., was with us last week. He looks like he might be training for a Congressional race in the Southern District. Should he choose to enter he will make a lively contest, as he is very popular.—State Ledger.

MARY ANDERSON has made money enough to enable her to support a lord in case she wants to marry.

HALLELUJAH wants the State Female College. What position has Wheeler will be a candidate for? Will he run for Governor?

Wheeler to be Hung.

If our memory is not at fault, the Crystal Springs Meteor was foremost in excusing and defending the murder of Print Matthews, but from the following extract taken from that paper of recent date, it would appear that a change has come over the spirit of that editor. He says:

"It strikes us that the demand for a rigid accountability to the law is of such an imperative nature that it involves the welfare of society and its coherence. Every consideration of policy, protection, social obligation to a higher order demands in unmis.akable language

The Vicksburg Evening Post.

VOLUME II. VICKSBURG, MISSISSIPPI, FRIDAY, APRIL 25, 1884. NUMBER 100.

AMUSEMENTS.

COMING AGAIN.

TO-NIGHT AND ALL THIS WEEK,

And Saturday Matinee at 2:30 p.m. for Ladies and Children.

ZERA SEMON THE ORIGINAL ZERA

Wonder-Worker!

100 Presents given away at each performance. 100

RATES OF ADMISSION:

Reserved seats, 50 cents, with 3 envelopes given you. Family circle, 25 cents, with 2 envelopes given you. Gallery, 25 cents, with 1 envelope given you. apl6

Reserved seats on sale at Clarke & Co.'s Bookstore.

The SECOND GRAND MAI FEST

WILL BE GIVEN BY THE

MOZART ORCHESTRA

—AT THE—

OPERA HOUSE

VICKSBURG, MISS.

—ON—

April 28th and 29th, 1884.

Assisted by the Best Vocal Talent in the City.

Change of Programme Each Evening

Reserved Seats $1. Tickets for sale at Clarke & Co.'s Bookstore. apl2-st

CHEAP COLUMN.

LOST.

LOST.—An ear-ring, coral head. Lost on Grove street, or on Washington street between Warren Oil Mills and Grove street. A suitable reward will be paid if returned to this office. ap24-3t.

WANTED.

WANTED.—A turner on table legs. Steady work and good wages. Address W. B. BEARD, Superintendent of the Home Furniture Comp.ny, Jackson, Miss. ap18

WANTED.—SCHOOLS! TEACHERS! Schools in need of competent teachers, and teachers in search of situations should address the Central Educational Bureau, R. K. JAYNE, Secretary, ap2 Jackson, Miss.

WANTED—A situation as collector. Best of reference given. Address P. O. Box, 563. apr15-1w

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—An upright 7¾ octave piano, good as new. Will be sold at W. H. Woodruff's store to highest bidder, Thursday, May 1st, 1884. 22-10t CHAS. O'CONNOR, Constable.

FOR SALE—Gin-house with 20-horse power Engine, 70-saw Gullet Gin Stand, Steam Press, 24-inch Straub Mill; all in good order. Cheap Engine. ap17-tf W. J. KATZENMIER.

FOR SALE.—A cottage residence on East Grove, containing four rooms, 12×20, hall 12 feet, kitchen, fine cistern and fine orchard; lot 64x132 feet. Apply to R. P. WILSON, on premises. m28

FOR SALE—The LOT on the northeast corner of Cherry and Grove sts. Apply to THOMAS MOUNT. mh19

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT.—Two rooms and kitchen opposite Jewish Synagogue. Apply on premises to MRS. H. WHITE. ap24.

FOR RENT.—A House on Cherry street, between China and Grove. Apply to ap16-2w MRS. E. FRANCIS.

FOR RENT—Nice house with eight rooms, kitchen, good water, and surrounded by a half square of land, situated on the National Cemetery road, and known as the Miller House. Cheap rent. ap15-1w E. & B. C. BONELLI.

FOR SALE OR RENT—60 Acres good land, one and a half miles from town, with plenty of timber and water. Apply at this office, or to R. P. WILSON, Vicksburg, Miss. m24-2w

THE SATISFACTION

Of sitting under one's own vine and fig tree pays the largest dividend of any investment. It is the best kind of life insurance. It is the best medicine in sickness. It enables a man to die easier, and robs death of one of the principal terrors to know that the loved ones we must leave behind us have a roof of their own over their heads which cannot be taken from them.

If you cannot buy a house and lot, you can at least make a commencement by investing $25 in a lot in Speed's Addition, and pay the balance in 35 monthly installments. No better opportunity to buy a home or to make a safe investment in Vicksburg is likely to occur than that now presented by the unprecedented terms upon which these lots are sold. sep1

LOCAL ITEMS.

GEN. D. H. MAURY is in the city.

ZERA SEMON will exhibit here but two more nights after to-night.

JOHN BRIGHT thinks novel reading is about as profitable as dreaming.

MR. SILAS PITTMAN arrived from Texas on the Cannon this morning.

SEE notice of two rooms and kitchen for rent on Cherry street opposite Synagogue.

CAPT. JOHN T. MCCORD, of the clothing store of Haless, stops off here this trip to attend to some business.

MR. EDWARD W. HUNDLEY, of Port Gibson, who was a visitor to the Firemen's Parade, returned home to-day.

THE attention of stockholders of the Vicksburg Bank is called to a notice of meeting in another column.

MISSES ELIZA M., CARRIE M. AND MARY L. JACKSON, of Milliken's Bend, left by train last night for a visit to Virginia.

THE negro who killed the mate of the Will S. Hays was arrested at Greenville and brought down to Mayersville on the Issaquena.

MR. W. E. MOLLISON, Chancery Clerk of Issaquena county, passed through the city to-day en route home from the Jackson Convention.

TICKETS for the Mozart Mai Fest are sold only at Clarke & Co's. They were placed on sale yesterday, and the first to invest are getting the choice of seats.

MR. T. M. QUARTERMAN, Secretary of the Phœnix Fire Company, of Natchez, is the father of Mr. Quarterman, of the V. & M. Telegraph Office in this city.

MR. J. J. BARBADEL, First Assistant Foreman of the Phœnix No. 7 of Natchez, presented Mr. Frank Fisher, Foreman of Washington No. 3, with a beautiful motto cup and saucer this morning.

H. L. MILWARD, Richmond, Ind.; J. C. Stevens, Chicago; H. Hoyte, St. Louis; F. A. McCorkle, Chattanooga; Harry Wuthet, Baltimore; R. B. Burdine, Louisville, registered at the Pacific House this morning.

MR. L. W. C. WILSON, the editor of the Greenville Republican, and one of the few colored editors in the State, is in the city to-day en route from Jackson to to his home. He has been in attendance at the State Republican Convention.

SPENGLER & TONELLA won the elegant silver sugar bowl voted at the Catholic Fair to the most popular bar-room. It is an elegant piece, and its owners may well be proud of it. It is now on exhibition at their place, corner Washington and China streets.

WE regret to chronicle a painful accident which occurred to Mr. Fred. Loyd last night during the display of fire works on the lake. He fell in the hatchway of one of fire works barges, and was seriously injured, one of his ribs being broken. Mr. Loyd is doing very well to-day, but is "laid up for repairs."

WHEN the firemen's procession was passing the residence of Mrs. D. W. Keene, corner Grove and First North streets yesterday, they were halted and treated to a delicious punch furnished by Mr. Henry C. David, Marshal of the Washington No. 3. At the same time Marie, the beautiful little daughter of Mr. David, presented the Washington Fire Company with a lovely wreath of flowers.

MR. ROBERT HOUGH, for many years a citizen of this county, died at his residence near the City Cemetery yesterday evening at five o'clock. He was a native of England, about 55 years old, and has resided in this county for the last 35 years. His funeral will take place from his late residence at four o'clock this evening. He was a member of the Masonic order, and will be buried according to the rites of that ancient order. He was known as a peaceful and industrious man. He leaves a widow and one daughter to mourn his loss.

The Methodist Ladies

Have our sincere thanks for a sumptuous lunch sent us to-day, from the tables set by them at Magnolia Hall yesterday. The affair was a success, which we are happy to note.

OUR APRIL OFFERINGS

Consist of a choice assortment of the best-fitting stock of Men's and Boys' Clothing, and most attractive display of Furnishing Goods ever offered by us. Our rapidly increasing business justifies us in making this statement. People buy where they can get the BEST VALUE for their money. Our MATCHLESS STOCK is meeting with a reception that is indeed satisfactory. WARNER & SEARLES. ap23

A New Quickstep.

Prof. Frank Fisher informs us that he intends writing to Professor Caggy, the composer of brass band music, well-known to all our musical people, and have him compose and arrange a new quickstep, which will be added to the repertoire of the Firemen's Silver Cornet Band, entitled "Over the Hoffman Wall."

Ben C. Miles

Is the regular authorized Ticket and Passenger Agent for the elegant and fast running passenger steamer W. P. Thompson. Office at the La Madrid House. ap23-2t.

Died.

Mrs. Susan Wilson, wife of Mr. W. D. Wilson of this city, died to-day at Newmarket, New Hampshire. A telegram from that place brings the sad intelligence.

Mrs. Wilson was a lifetime resident of Vicksburg and was a Mrs. Fulson before she married Mr. Wilson.

KENTUCKY expects to raise this season the largest crop of tobacco ever grown in the State. The farmers find it a profitable business, and the area devoted to it is rapidly extending.

Over the Hoffman Wall.

On yesterday evening the Ahrens steamer of the Washington No. 3, put six streams of water at one time over the high wall forming the back part of the Louis Hoffman building. She got water from the Gold-room cellar, opposite Chas. Peine's livery stable, using 2 lines of hose 400 feet long each; and threw 3 streams from each line of hose. The distance from the ground to the top of the wall is 75 feet, and eye-witnesses state that the streams went from 10 to 20 feet over the wall.

At 40 minutes past 5 o'clock the fire was kindled in the steamer, and in an exceedingly short time the water was issuing from the nozzles.

Below is the certificate of the Foreman and Secretary of the Phœnix No. 7, of Natchez, the judges appointed to witness the throw. Mr. Quarterman is City Clerk of Natchez and Mr. Joseph Reale is Foreman of Phœnix 7 of that city, and both of them are impartial and honorable gentlemen.

VICKSBURG, April 23, 1884.

Time of smoke visible from stack.....5:10
Time of water through nozzle.....5:15
Time of six streams on top of building..5:31

Recapitulation: 5 minutes to raise steam to put water through nozzle; 11 minutes to put 6 streams on the top of building.

We the undersigned Judges appointed to time the test, do certify the above statement to be correct.

THOS. R. QUARTERMAN.
JOSEPH REALE.

Pleasant Visitors.

The POST acknowledges the honor of a call this morning from the following ladies and gentlemen, all from Mayersville: Mrs. Marshall Smith, Mrs. F. M. Cooper, Miss Lucy Mitchell, Miss Genia Spires, Miss Della Spires, Mrs. M. M. Peyton, Miss Gertrude Peyton, Mr. W. M. Kaufman, Mr. Marshall Smith, Mr. Gaines Alston, Mr. M. M. Peyton, Mr. Alston Peyton. The party came down on the Issaquena to witness the firemen's celebration, and will return home by that steamer, except Mrs. M. M. Peyton and her daughter, Gertrude, who will remain in Vicksburg a few days and then visit Raymond. All express themselves greatly pleased with their trip on the Issaquena, with the firemen's display, and with the excellent shopping facilities afforded by Vicksburg.

Col. Wm. French.

A dispatch from Jackson this morning says that Col. Wm. French is weaker and requests that Mr. Joe French, of this city, go to Jackson on the 2:15 train this afternoon.

We fear there is very little if any hope for Col. French's recovery, and this will be a sad thought to his many friends in this city, among whom the firemen may be particularly classed. Col. French is an ex-Chief Engineer of the Vicksburg Fire Department, has repeatedly held important positions in one of the companies, and has always been an active and efficient fireman. On such occasions as yesterday, when our local companies celebrated their anniversary, and there were fraternal visitors to entertain, he was a leading spirit. His ready eloquence made him a favorite orator on these festive occasions, and his open-hearted hospitality and enthusiasm for the cause made him a great favorite with the firemen of other cities. We very much regret that the news from Jackson continues unfavorable as to Col. French's recovery, and there are none who will share this feeling than the warm-hearted firemen with whom he has been so intimately and honorably associated.

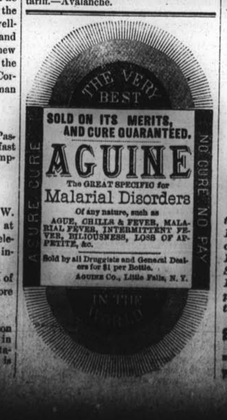
The First Grand Picnic of the Season

Will be given on Sunday, May 4th, at Newman's Grove, by the Amaranth Social Club. The name of this club alone is assurance that it will be a grand success. Trains will leave the V. & M. depot at 9:45 a.m. and 1:30 p.m.

The Dress Parade

By the Southrons and Rifles yesterday afternoon was witnessed by a large crowd and everybody pronounced it excellent.

WHEN the Macon Telegraph and Messenger, over two years ago, began to advocate the policy of protection all the other daily papers and all the weekly papers in Georgia but one were for free trade. The growth of the protective principle is indicated by the fact that six of the most influential out of the 12 daily newspapers in the State and twenty weeklies now favor a protective tariff.—Avalanche.



PRESENTATIONS.

The Phœnix of Natchez Presented with the Washington Decorations—Mrs. Zera Seamon Presented with an Elegant Work-box by Phœnix No. 7.

A PLEASANT OCCASION.

At noon to-day the Washington Fire Company, headed by the Vicksburg Field Band, formed at the Washington engine-house and marched to the Pacific Hotel, where they were joined by Phœnix Fire Company of Natchez, which they escorted back to the starting point. Here the companies marched into the engine room, where the beautiful decorations used on the Washington engine yesterday were tastefully displayed. Mr. Heman Denio, of Phœnix No. 2, of the city, then stepped forward and in a neat speech on behalf of the Washingtons presented to the Natchez company the entire decorations. Mr. Eabart returned thanks on behalf of the Natchez company in a few eloquent and well-chosen words. After that the crowd adjourned to the Hall up-stairs where refreshments were in waiting.

President O'Ferrall called the Phœnix No. 7 to order and the company returned a vote of thanks to Mrs. Mary Fisher, wife of ex-Chief Chas. W. Fisher, for the part she had taken in making the elegant decorations.

The procession then formed and marched to the L. N. O. & T. R. R. depot, where the Natchez boys boarded the train for home. These gentlemen made many friends while here, who will gladly welcome them at any future day.

MORE PRESENTATIONS

Presentations seem to be the order of the day just now, and some important ones took place at the Pacific House parlors this morning. The members of Phœnix Fire Company No. 7, of Natchez, presented to Mrs. Zera Semon an elegant work-box worth $17, in token of their appreciation of favors shown. Mr. Semon exhibited in Natchez a few days ago, and during their stay there Mr. and Mrs. Semon made many friends. As Mrs. Semon is an expert needle-woman, the gentlemen of Natchez thought a work-box would be an appropriate gift, and they accordingly picked out the finest and most expensive one that could be found in the city. First Assistant Foreman Baradell acted as master of ceremonies, as President O'Ferrall made the presentation speech. Mrs. Semon says she will make some fine lace-work for the decoration of the hall of Phœnix No. 7.

Mr. and Mrs. Semon afterward presented to the Natchez Company an elegant album containing a few photos and that of their little daughter. Photos of the various members of the Phœnix will be placed in it, and it will make a pretty addition to the Hall of the Company.

Mme. A. CREFFOZ

Has just received the latest styles in Hats and Bonnets. A large assortment of Lace Caps. Everything new in Hair Goods, at the lowest prices. ap21-1w

The River at Helena.

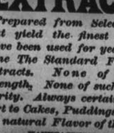
At 12 o'clock to-day the river at Helena stood 43 feet 2 inches, a fall of 3 inches in the last 24 hours.

Zera Last Night.

In spite of the anxiety of the public to see the fire-works Zera Semon had a large crowd out last night. Mr. D. S. Wright drew the elegant gold watch valued at $40, a number of the Natchez Fire Company drew the $12 album, Mr. T. A. Hyland, of Davis Bend, drew the chamber set, and a colored man drew the China tea set. Besides the above, great numbers of other presents, consisting of lamps, glass-ware, and other useful and fancy articles were distributed. The entertainment was first-class. The mule-back was well performed and the "talking hand" was immense. The Marionettes were also quite amusing. Mr. Semon will be here the remainder of the week. Reserved seats without extra charge at Clarke's.

A TRIUMPH OF SKILL.

Dr. Price's SPECIAL



FLAVORING EXTRACTS

Prepared from Select Fruits that yield the finest Flavors. Have been used for years. Become The Standard Flavoring Extracts. None of Greater Strength, None of such Perfect Purity. Always certain to impart to Cakes, Puddings, Sauces, the natural Flavor of the Fruit.

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STEELE & PRICE,

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BE SURE NO SECOND GRADE GOODS

LOUIS HOFFMAN

AGENT FOR THE



"CHAMPION"

Reaping and Mowing Machine

THE BEST MACHINE MADE.

LOUIS HOFFMAN

apl1

Dry Goods & Plantation Supplies

—AT—

REDUCED PRICES

A short time since I purchased from the closing-out sale of Messrs. August, Bernheim & Bauer, (late Mayer Bros. & Co.,)

A Large Quantity of Dry Goods and Plantation Supplies

These goods are now on my second floor, and will be sold to wholesale as well as retail purchasers at bargains that cannot be duplicated elsewhere. Attention is also called to a full line of

PLANTATION BOOTS AND SHOES

—AND THE—

LARGEST WHOLESALE GROCERY STOCK IN VICKSBURG.

Purchasers in any of these lines of goods will find it to their interest to call and examine my stock.

JACOB SHLENKER,

137 WASHINGTON STREET, VICKSBURG. ap21

THOS. E. LEWIS, PRENTISS LEWIS

LEWIS BROS.,

Will open the Shoe Store formerly occupied by Mr. Jas. H. King on the 22d of April with a large and well-selected stock of

MEN'S, BOY'S LADIES', SHOES! MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S

The stock was bought for cash at a low figure, and LEWIS BROS. propose to give their customers the benefit of the purchase in

RARE BARGAINS

The stock will always be kept new and replete with all the latest novelties and Shoes. The finest

Custom Hand-Made Work

For Gents' Ladies, Misses and Children a specialty. The former patrons and customers are respectfully requested to call before purchasing elsewhere.

LEWIS BROS.,

Formerly with P. H. Gilbert. THOS. E. LEWIS, PRENTISS LEWIS, With Mattingly, Son & Co.

135 WASHINGTON STREET.

T. J. HANES, J. W. HANES.

HANES BROS.,

Successors to D. R. SMARR & CO.,

Auction and Commission Merchants,

206 WASHINGTON STREET, VICKSBURG.

Consignments solicited. Prompt returns and satisfaction guaranteed. feb22

JOHN B. CLARK. D. S. WRIGHT.

CLARKE & CO.

We invite your attention and solicit your inspection, as we feel assured that you will find it to your interest to do so before buying elsewhere. We buy direct from the manufacturers and first hands, consequently we will duplicate prices of North, South or West.

Our Line of Blank Books

Embraces Day Books, Journals, Ledgers, Cash Books, full and half bound; Draft, Note, Order and Receipt Books, Pass and Memorandum Books, Monthly and Weekly Time Books, Invoice and Bill Books, and all kinds and sizes of blank books.

Also Letter Paper, Bill and Account Paper, Envelopes, Inks, Pens, Pencils, etc.

Our Book Department.

We have a large assortment of School Books, Medical, Scientific, Law and Miscellaneous Books, also all the New Books as issued. Our

Fancy Goods Departm't

Offers an elegant variety goods. Birthday and Congratulation Cards in large assortment.

All orders or communications per mail, boat or otherwise answered with promptness, and satisfaction guaranteed. Send for Price List and Catalogue.

Ladies' Stationery.

Our assortment is always large and in latest shades, shapes and kinds.

Artists Materials.

Includes Oil, Water and China Painting Materials of every description. Bristol Canvass, Plaques and Panels of all kinds. Also Art Novelties for Decoration.

Musical Instruments.

Includes Pianos, Organs, Guitars, Banjos, Accordions, etc., Italian and German strings for different kinds of instruments. Agents for Decker Bros. Pianos and Mason & Hamlin Organs.

Headquarters for Wall Paper, Picture Frames, Mouldings, &c. All the Cheap Libraries, both old and new issues. Newspapers, Magazines, New Publications received daily.

CLARKE & CO.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Booksellers, Stationers and Music Dealers

BLUE FRONT BOOK STORE, 148 WASHINGTON ST., VICKSBURG.

VICKSBURG BANK.

EDWARD S. BUTTS, President. H. C. KUYKENDALL, Vice-Pres. JAMES P. ROACH, Cashier.

Established Nov. 12, 1866.

Incorporated Mar. 4, 1878.

Transacts a General Banking Business.

CHARTER PERPETUAL.

New York Correspondent, - - - National Park Bank.
New Orleans Correspondent, - - - State National Bank.

may4

SPRING SPECIALTIES

Iron Age Cultivators,
Avery's Garden Plows,
Acme Harrows,

GERMAN MILLET SEED, SAPLING CLOVER SEED,

—AND—

LANDRETH'S GARDEN SEED,

LOW LOW COTTON PLANTERS

Globe Cotton Planters, Washburn & Moen's Thick Set Galvanized Barb Wire, Philadelphia Lawn Mowers.

LEE RICHARDSON & CO.

BLANKS'

Southern Photographic Gallery,

CLAY STREET, OVER EXPRESS OFFICE. VICKSBURG, MISS.

STRICTLY FIRST-CLASS PHOTOGRAPHS of all sizes and styles. Old pictures copied and enlarged to any size desired.

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BASE BALL BATS, ETC.

The season has commenced, and, as usual, we have the largest stock of

Base Ball Bats, Croquet Sets, Hammocks,

MARBLES, TOPS, ETC.

Base Balls, - - - - - - - - 5 cents and up.
Four Ball Croquet Sets - - - 1.00
Eight Ball Croquet Sets - - - 1.50 and upwards.

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Book & Stationery Line, Pocket Cutlery, Music, Musical Instruments,

FANCY GOODS, ETC.

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ARE NOW MANUFACTURING

CIDER!

Which they guarantee equal to the best made in the United States or elsewhere. Commission declined. City orders delivered free.

Office at Mayersville, Warrenton road. Orders can be left at S. Feld & Co.'s, 178 Washington street. ap16

C. C. REYNOLDS, E. A. NEELY,

C. C. REYNOLDS & CO.

Wholesale and Retail Druggists

AND DEALERS IN

White Lead, Mixed Paints, Linseed Oil, Lard Oil, Gnat Oil, Turpentine, Putty and Glassware, Patent Medicines, Sponges, Hair Brushes, Perfumery, Toilet Articles of Every Description, Garden and Flower Seeds.

AGENTS FOR HUMPHREY'S HOMŒOPATHIC MEDICINES. 144

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

[Special to THE EVENING POST.]

EXIT W. P. THOMPSON.

The Steamer Thompson Ordered to Cincinnati, and Obeys Orders.

GREENVILLE, Miss., April 25.—The steamer W. P. Thompson was ordered by Commodore Gibson to report at Cincinnati, for which port she left here this morning.

MARKET REPORTS.

LIVERPOOL, April 25.—Uplands 6¼; Orleans 6⅝.

NEW YORK, April 25, noon.—Spots dull. Middling, 11⅛d.

NEW ORLEANS, April 25, noon.—Cotton dull. Middling, 11¼.

A Fiendish Crime Reported.

HELENA, April 25.—Advices from Mississipi report a fiendish crime perpetrated upon a young lady highly connected. Her friends request that no names be published until further advices.

New Orleans River Report.

NEW ORLEANS, April 25.—The weather is bright and cheerful.

Business is dull.

Arrived: City of Yazoo, from Vicksburg; R. B. Hayes, from St. Louis.

Leaving this evening: R. B. Hayes, for St. Louis.

Memphis River Report.

MEMPHIS, TENN., April 25.—The river is falling.

The Arkansas City passed down at noon, the City of New Orleans is due down at dark.

Capt. Tobin to Build a New Boat.

NEW ORLEANS, April 25.—Capt. Tobin is about contracting for a large sternwheel cotton carrier.

The Bankruptcy Bill—Some of its Features Explained.

WASHINGTON, April 25.—Fears have been expressed in the West that the Bankruptcy bill now pending in the House does not sufficiently reduce the cost. On this subject Senator Hoar says that he can only speak in general terms as to the reduction in cost of bankruptcy proceedings. He can say that there will be a very great diminution both in cost and time. Register fees are done away with. The Register in Bankruptcy will receive a salary, and the entire amount paid to the net assets. In each judicial circuit an Inspector will have special charge of all proceedings in bankruptcy. His duties will be to keep himself informed as to the statues of all proceedings, and to see that all are finally settled with the utmost rapidity consistent with the rights of all concerned.

QUICKEST TRIP ON RECORD.

From Queenstown to New York in 6 Days, 10 Hours and 10 Minutes.

NEW YORK, April 24.—The trip made by the Oregon is the fastest on record between Queenstown and New York, she having made the run of 2,861 miles in 6 days 10 hours and 10 minutes, an average of 18.57 miles per hour. Her daily runs were 440, 460, 455, 470, 479, and 472 miles, respectively. The quickest average was made from Friday noon to Saturday noon, when she logged 19.66 miles an hour. The following are the fastest records by the different lines between Queenstown and New York: Guion—Oregon, 6 days 10 hours 10 minutes; Alaska, 6 days 21 hours 40 minutes; Arizona, 7 days 8 hours 34 minutes. White Star—Brittannic, 7 days 7 hours 11 minutes. Inman—City of Berlin, 8 days. National—Spain, 8 days 22 hours.

Mr. Blaine Receives a Set-Back.

[Special to the Picayune.]

WASHINGTON April 23.—The test vote in the New York Republican State Convention to day, on which Blaine's friends were defeated by a combination of the forces of Arthur and Edmunds creates a good deal of satisfaction among politicians. It is undoubtedly a set-back to Mr. Blaine and is construed as rendering it very doubtful whether he can receive the nomination at Chicago.

THE Nashville American says Judge Reid's nomination has "certain elements of strength it would not be wise to underestimate. Mr. Reid is something of a sentimentalist, but he is sincere and a Republican from conviction though a fresh one, which is more than can be claimed for many of the old ones. The Republicans are evidently going to make a desperate attempt to recover the State, and it behooves Democrats to cease quarrelling among themselves about abstractions and turn their attention to the common enemy."

SAMUEL J. RANDALL'S boom is assuming too large proportions to suit the mass of tariff reformers, and it might be a good idea for Mr. Morrison to include it among the list of articles upon which a horizontal reduction is necessary.—Chicago Times.

THE MIGHTY EAST is the new paper published at Meridian by Mr. W. H. Seitzler. Such a paper ought to succeed and we hope it will do so. It will be something like a revelation in journalism to the citizens of Meridian.—Kosciusko Star.

MR. BEN HUCK, Superintendent of the Telephone Company, has made Jackson his headquarters, and will move his family here soon.—Jackson Ledger.

THE Galveston News says "Sam Tilden lived in the United States at one time, and his money is still respected and respected, but a mummified relative, like a resurrection, is in order."

NEW YORK REPUBLICANS.

An Edmunds and Arthur Combination Carry the Day—The Platform.

UTICA, April 24.—The convention was called to order at 12:30 yesterday.

Theodore Roosevelt then nominated Nathaniel C. Boynton (the Edmunds-Arthur candidate) for temporary chairman. Warner Miller moved to substitute the name of Edmund L. Pitt for temporary chairman, and a roll-call was ordered.

The Secretary announced that 491 votes had been cast, of which Boynton had 251 and Pitts 240. Deafening cheers greeted the announcement. The Chairman declared Boynton elected, and Boynton took the chair.

Mr. Boynton was then made permanent chairman, and it was ordered that the roll of delegates be called, and that each delegate rise in his place and name his choice for the four delegates at large from this State to the National Republican Convention at Chicago.

The Committee on Resolutions presented the following platform:

The Republican party of New York, in State Convention represented, declares:

1. Its confidence in the success of the Republican party of the nation in the coming Presidential election under the standard bearers to be named by the Chicago Convention of June 3d; because of the necessity for a continuance of a Republican administration of the affairs of the Government, which inability and incapacity would imperil; because the forces of Republicanism throughout the land, embodying the superior intelligence and members of the people, are united in support of the principles and policies indispensable to the Republic's welfare.

2. Its great respect for President Chester A. Arthur, whose administration, begun under circumstances of peculiar sadness, delicacy and embarrassment, has by its eminent prudence and sagacity commended itself to the esteem of his country, and as such receives the cordial acknowledgements of the Republicans of this State.

3. Its satisfaction with the honest, intelligent and frugal and intelligent expenditures, the reduction of the public debt and the interest charges, and the relieving of the people from burdens accomplished by Republican management.

4. Its approval of that policy of protecting home industries from foreign competition, which has through a century encouraged immigration, rewarded labor, fostered enterprise and assured unparalleled progress and prosperity in all, variations from which policy have been occasions of business confusion, and disaster, and which therefore is alike justified in intelligence and experience.

5. Its determination to adopt further measures required to improve the service of the Government in all its departments and to regulate the methods of appointment thereto, so it shall be brought to the highest possible state of efficiency and integrity.

6. Its purpose that equal civil rights shall be maintained under the guarantees of the constitution everywhere in the land, and that the franchise shall be respected so that every voter shall have a free ballot, which shall be honestly counted.

7. Its recognition of the national obligation imposed by the enfranchisement of the uneducated race; its appreciation of the extraordinary burdens thus laid upon certain commonwealths and its special approval of legislation within just constitutional limits which shall extend Federal aid to the various States in the work of education.

8. Its favor of organization and just distribution of taxation.

9. Its wish for the removal of all unjust restrictions upon American shipping interests, the development of our manufacturing industries, as incidental thereto, the establishment of our navy upon a footing in keeping with modern necessities and our dignity as a nation.

10. Its approval of the plan of military education, which shall provide for the national support upon a voluntary system.

11. Its adherence to the sound financial policy which dictates immediate suspension of coinage of the standard silver dollar, the retirement of the trade dollar and the inflexible adjustment of currency to the single standard of gold.

12. Its protestation against that policy in Congress, which in the weakness and imbecility of the Democratic majority in the House of Representatives has disturbed the smooth and satisfactory course of business and material affairs that had been established under Republican auspices, and that by the ill advised and inexcusable assaults upon wisely matured and advantageous legislation has brought the business and industries of the country to the verge of uncertainty and distrust, and thus again is demonstrated the unfitness and unworthiness of the Democratic party to be intrusted with the conduct of public affairs.

When the reference to President Arthur was read there was loud long-continued applause, and in response to calls for three cheers they were given with a will and vigor.

At the conclusion of the reading of the platform the tellers announced the result of the ballot for delegates at large as follows: Theodore Roosevelt 472, Andrew D. White 407, John I. Gilbert 342, Edwid Packard 256, Warner Miller 243, Alonzo B. Cornell 228. The Chairman declared the first four gentlemen duly elected. The nominations were made unanimous, but there were a few dissenting votes.

MR. FLOWER'S recent reminder that Thos. Jefferson, the founder of the Democratic party and its most illustrious man, was the foremost advocate of protection to American industry, is an opportune revival of the old fact. If support of Jefferson were alive to-day, Watterson, Beck and Blackburn would desire to read him out of the party he created. This would be on par with what happened to an Italian gentleman, who, when reduced to poverty, was refused admittance to a hospital he had himself founded and endowed while opulent.—Utica Gen. Augusta Chronicle and Constitutionalist.

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GEORGE ALFRED TOWNSEND thinks there will probably be some extraordinary running between New York and Washington He says: "I went last week from Baltimore to Washington in a train which only took forty-five minutes, or nearly a mile a minute, and when it went around the curve to the Patapsco viaduct the train seemed standing on one rail and my hairs standing on my head. The Pennsylvania Railroad also runs trains in about an hour.

THE Pandian thus puts the effects of the railroad supervision law: "Fruit growing and market gardening has become a large and flourishing industry in central and south Mississippi and a large amount of capital has been invested in orchards and gardens. But the railroad supervision law makes it a punishable offence for a railroad to grant more favorable terms to one class of shippers than are extended to all others, and now when these fruit and vegetable growers go to the railroad for special rates on shipments, they are referred to the regular tariff, which is higher than such perishable goods can bear. Thus ends one chapter of 'diversified industry' in Mississippi."

Notice to Steamboat Pilots.

Masters and Pilots of all boats on the Yazoo river are hereby notified that the drawbridge of the Memphis and Vicksburg Railroad, at Anthony's Ferry, will be always closed, and only opened when proper signals are given and answered. A watchman will always be on hand. Boats are requested to give two long blasts of the whistle as a signal to open the draw, and are warned not attempt to pass the draw until signaled by the watchman from the center of the draw that everything is clear.

JAS. M. EDWARDS, V. P. & G. M. ap-14 30d

A COLORADO man says the first year of a mining camp is full of desperate encounters, and the desperadoes seem to predominate. Then people are shifting, going and coming, but after the first year, if the camp pans out, the respectable people take hold and suppress the thugs in short order. The vigilantes take a few out to the trees and give the others orders to leave town. The process is summary, and it is seldom a man refuses to go when ordered. It is becoming easier every year to do this.

Just Received.

Do you want a writing desk, good as new?

Do you want an iron safe, good as new?

Do you want sprinkling pots, good as new?

Do you want a cooking stove, almost new?

Do you want a good ice-box, almost new?

Do you want a dressing case with desk attached?

Do you want a good book-case?

Do you want a good trunk with zinc coverings?

If so call at J. McRae's, 207 Mulberry street, opposite W. H. Smith's. a23

THERE has been a decided boom all along for Robert Lincoln for the Vice-Presidential nomination of the June convention, but now he has practically declined to be considered as a candidate it will be more decided than ever. The "not-a-candidate" racket seems to be the favorite this year. Blaine, Paine, Tilden, Lincoln—they all do it.—Chicago Telegram.

The great cheap furniture and variety store of John R. McRae sold yesterday two of those elegant bed-room sets. He has only two left. Call at 207 Mulberry street, where you can find almost anything you want. J. R. McRae has been in the business 23 years, and understands the wants of the people. ap-23

How to Dispose of Their Salaries.

The Railroad Commissioners are doing nothing now but draw their salaries. It has been suggested by an eminent member of the bar that they appropriate their salaries to pay the expense of the suit, and we second the motion.—Kosciusko Star.

SLAUGHTERING PRICES!

—IN—

Boots and Shoes

—AT—

FOLEY'S SHOE STORE

English broad toe gaiters, $2.50; London toe, imitation buttoned gaiters, $2.75; Plain toe gaiters, $3.00; imitation laced, London toe, sewed gaiter, $3.50; ladies' kid buttoned $3.25, cheap at $4.75; ladies' front laced kid, $2.75, cheap at $4.00; ladies' buttoned gaiters, $2.50, cheap at $3.50; youths' buttoned gaiters, double tipped, $2.00, cheap at $3.25.

The chief pride of this house is the superior character of its custom-made work. All orders promptly and carefully attended to. Send for catalogue. 3-15

For Sale.

Two good building lots on Jackson road. Title good. Apply to JOHN R. MCRAE, No. 207 Mulberry street, or DR. J. H. D. BOWMAR, real estate agent.

No. 1 Soda Fountain; all fixtures complete. Apply to JOHN R. MCRAE.

Two pair Store Scales, at MCRAE'S, in good order.

One fine Parlor Set Furniture, nine pieces, at JOHN R MCRAE'S STORE.

Four full Marble Bedroom Sets Furniture, at JOHN R. MCRAE'S, 207 Mulberry street, next to McCutchen's. Must be sold inside of ten days. ap19

TO THE PUBLIC!

MR. JAMES H. KING has this day made an assignment of his property to me for the benefit of his creditors. I take pleasure in stating that the property and effects placed in my hands will be sufficient to pay all that he owes, and more. All persons holding claims against him will please leave a memorandum of the amount with me. R. V. BOOTH, Assignee. ap23-1w

SUITS TO ORDER,

Ranging from $15, $17.50, $21.50, $25, $30 up to $50. Any gentleman can be pleased in style and fit at 138 Washington street. E. D. Bickley is the man to fit the head, body and pocket of our New South. KANAKAKER & BROWN, E. D. BICKLEY, agent.

THERE will be a good piano at John McRae's store next week. It is second-hand. ap23

TWO IMMENSE STORES!

SWITZER, NEWWITTER & CO.,

Dry Goods House

133 WASHINGTON STREET,

(Scharff Bros. Old Stand.)

The Largest Wholesale and Retail Dry Goods Store in the city.

IMMENSE STOCK

—AND—

Lowest Prices!

EVERY DEPARTME'T COMPLETE

NOTICE.

Our Dress Goods Department is under the supervision of Mr. Abe Joseph, (formerly of Mayer Bros. & Co.), whose services we have just secured. His many customers will be pleased to hear of this, and he will give his personal attention to all orders entrusted to him.

OUR CLOTHING AND HAT STORE

At 105 Washington Street,

Is the same stand we have occupied since our business began.

DON'T MISTAKE the PLACE.

The only place in Vicksburg to get HAMMERSLOUGH BROS.' (of New York)

Celebrated Fine Clothing,

And Hammersough Bros. celebrated WHITE YOKE Shirts. These goods are all first-class, and we can guarantee a fit to the most fastidious.

THE EVENING POST

PUBLISHED BY
J. G. KASHMAN & CO.,
Washington St., Vicksburg, Miss.

The Evening Post.

VICKSBURG, MISS., APRIL 25 1884.

THE Ohio Republican Convention promises to mix its delegation in favor of Sherman and Blaine.

THE Flower boom, the Hewitt boom, and the Tilden boom have all dwindled down to the immaterial proportion of a shadow. This leaves New York without a candidate, and makes room for the Cleveland boom, which is just now beginning to formulate.

COL. C. E. HOOKER made a speech to the citizens of Simpson county, at Westville, last Monday. He touched upon all leading questions. Perhaps the Colonel can be induced to become a candidate for Congress again, and if he does he will prove a formidable competitor.

THE Memphis Avalanche still clings to Hancock, but must find the persistent refusal of the boom to move off rather discouraging. To make the failure entirely respectable the Avalanche should have its candidate write a letter magnanimously declining the nomination. The fact that he couldn't get it will make no difference—they all do it.

IF the newspapers of New Orleans are to be relied upon, that city has reached a deep disturbance from which she will not be able to escape by ordinary every-day means of purification. The people of that dissipated city are not possessed of an unduly sober and staid disposition to commence with, and with a large percentage of population who revere the traditions of the Bastile, may well dread to exhaust the patience and forbearance of her citizens.

THERE is little room for doubt that the municipal election of New Orleans was carried by the "regular ticket" by the most shameful outrages in the way of intimidation and fraudulent returns, but this can not be made an excuse for any attempt to raise the resentment and indignation of the people of that city to an undue height. Some of the official and journalistic appeals and declarations that have appeared since the election certainly has a tendency that way. Cincinnati furnishes a frightful warning that should not be unheeded.

We will await developments with a lively interest, declaring now that in the fight which is to decide whether corporations are to control the people or be controlled by them, we will be found on the people's side.—Clarion.

If the Clarion will point out where the "corporations" are endeavoring to "control" the people, perhaps we will be with it in the fight. It looks just now, however, as if the "people," through their representatives in the Mississippi Legislature, were endeavoring to control the railroads in an injudicious and uncalled-for manner.

THE report of the Senate sub-committee which investigated the outrages in Copiah county, is drawn by Senator Hoar, and is said to be very exhaustive. It will be presented to the Senate as soon as acted upon by the full committee. The evidence taken before Senator Hoar's sub-committee is in print, and the matter of the outrages will be brought up for consideration in the Senate as soon after the report is made as the committee can obtain the floor.

WE acknowledge the honor of visits this morning from Dr. C. B. Galloway, editor of the New Orleans Christian Advocate, and Prof. R. K. Jayne, ex-editor of the Clarion.

Prof. Jayne will be a candidate for State Superintendent of Education—a position for which he is well qualified, and for which he received a handsome vote at the last Democratic State Convention. The subject of Education is now attracting the attention it deserves, and we have no doubt Prof. Jayne would be pleased to deliver an address to our citizens on this subject at some early day.

NOT long ago some newspaper correspondent telegraphed to a Memphis journal that the impression prevailed with a number of people that the recent attempts at train wrecking in this State were instigated by the railroad supervisionists in resentment of the policy pursued by the railroads in resisting the Commission. The matter has produced considerable discussion, some of the most respectable journals of the State treating it as a serious charge demanding refutation by the supervisionists. Considerable bombast and spread-eagle eloquence has been provoked, and no doubt some bitterness engendered by the agitation of the senseless and ridiculous accusation. It seems to us time for the press of Mississippi to learn to ignore and refuse to raise to the dignity of a legitimate issue such absurd and groundless slanders, thereby making them a degradation to a large class of honorable citizens. THE POST has not considered the matter worthy of notice, and we are surprised that any journal has considered the charge respectable enough to either repeat or deny.

Railroad Supervision.

The Clarion seems to be the special champion of Railroad Supervision, and in its last issue it "expounds" the law. Its article alludes to many intricate legal points and will be of special interest to the lawyers. But the payment of the salaries is a feature of the law that the people can readily understand. We desire to ask the Clarion if it believes the Commissioners can continue to draw their salaries in the event they are enjoined by the Courts from performing their duties? If the Mississippi law allows this to be done, it is certainly a defective law, and not in the interest of the people.—Vicksburg Post.

Some of the newspapers in the State are wild enough to insist that the act required to be done by the Commission is a deadly assault upon the cherished provisions of the Constitution. We doubt if there be a Court insane enough to follow in the wake of such nonsense. We say this to our contemporary, that if all the doubtful points the Supervision Courts in favor of the railroad companies and against the State there will still be much useful work for the Commission to do, and the members of it may not only DRAW but EARN their salaries.

The Clarion is pleased at being styled the "special champion of Railroad Supervision," if for no other reason, because the Democratic party has declared in favor of it. It will not do to say that the Democratic party has decided in favor of constitutional supervision, and that the supervision proposed by the Legislature is unconstitutional; because the party left it to the Legislature to decide as to the extent and character of the supervision in favor of which it had declared, and the Legislature has made a decision. Believing, as we do, that the principle involved in Railroad Supervision is correct, and that a decision of the Courts denouncing that principle will be but the judicial imposition of another limitation upon the Rights of the people. We do not see how the "principle" is involved. The courts might decide that the present Supervision law is unconstitutional, without "denouncing the principle of supervision."

If the Clarion will look at the question in a practical instead of a political way —for it is principally a matter of "business after all—it will probably concede the impossibility of the State regulating the charges of railroads whose lines extend beyond the State, even if the "right" to supervise them within the State should be conceded. This would leave the poor little railroads of Mississippi—the "home enterprises," the weaklings that are struggling to build up their own prosperity and that of the State —to the tender mercies of the Commission, who in order to "earn" their salaries would no doubt supervise them with a vengeance. We repeat what we have said on a former occasion:

Even if the Commission shall stand and we do not think it will, we believe all the railroads in the State can adjust their rates, and make them higher than they are now, without the Commission being able to reduce them through and by virtue of the provisions of the law.

It has been affirmed, and not refuted by any of the special advocates of railroad supervision, that the freight business of all the railroads in Mississippi (from points within the State to points within the State) amounts to only about $150,000 annually. And as this is all a State Commission can reach or regulate, how "nonsensical" a thing it is for a great politican party to adopt a plank in its platform looking to State supervision of this insignificant amount of traffic. It will cost 10 per cent of the amount of the business of the roads tunnelled in the State, to supervise them, and then this supervision will afford no relief to any of the people from the burden, or discriminations complained of.

"The Only Reliable Regulators."

Congressmen Barksdale, in his recent speech before the River and Harbor Committee of the House, said:

"The buildings of the railroads renders the improvement of the rivers all important, AS THEY ARE THE ONLY RELIABLE REGULATORS OF COMMERCE IN THE STATES."

We desire to call the particular attention of the Clarion to this declaration of its former editor. If the rivers are the "only reliable" regulators of commerce in the States, what is the use of putting "nonsensical" planks in party platforms looking to the regulation of the railroads by means of a body of Commissioners? Mr. Barksdale is right to a certain extent, about the rivers being good regulators of commerce; but they are not the "only ones." The building of other railroads exercises a most potent influence in "regulating" the ones already in operation, and in this respect the Hahnemann doctrine, "similia similibus curantur," is fully exemplified and proven. Now if the Clarion will follow Congressman Barksdale's wise conclusion, and take a little homeopothic medicine in the shape of urging the building of more railroads, it will soon be well of its severe attack of "Supervision fever."

Another Lottery Squelched.

In view of the recent legal decision of Judge Barr, of the United States Court, that "the law prohibits the use of the United States mails for lottery purposes," the managers of the Henry College (Kentucky) Lottery Company have determined to abandon the business, and announce that their drawings "will absolutely cease after April 24th."

This is good news to all good citizens who are opposed to this demoralizing and injurious species of gambling. But the Henry College Lottery was one of the small concerns, and probably did not do a great deal of harm. The big anaconda of the lottery business—the Louisiana State Lottery—is still alive and carrying on its nefarious business; taking a hand in Louisiana politics and Cotton Expositions, and extending its baleful influence and corrupt methods in all directions. It is the next bad institution that needs to be strangled by good public sentiment. And probably it would be a good thing for the people of the United States to elect Postmaster-General Gresham to be President, so that he could effectively and quickly kill the Louisiana Lottery.

THE latest advices indicate that the contest in the New York Republican Convention will be principally between the Blaine and Edmunds factions. But advices are liable to be wrong. It is not probable that the home of Grant, Conkling, Arthur and other eminent stalwarts will be turned over, "boots and saddle," to the man from Maine, or any other man of the half-breed persuasion.

"WHAT's that you're got in your apron?" asked a lady of her colored cook, who was in the act of going home. "Who, me?" "Yes, you." "What's I got in dis yeah ap'un?" "Yes, in that there apron." "Yiddals." "Let me see." She opened her apron, which was nearly large enough for a wagon cover. "You ought to be ashamed of yourself, for you have taken nearly everything in the house. I thought you was a church member." "Hold on right whar yer is, lady. Dar wuz two pies in de safe, an' I tuck one. Dar wuz two loaves o'bread, an' I only tuck one. I tuck half o' de meat and haf o' de udder stuff. Ef I wa'n't a church member I'd er tuck all. Thinks dat I'se acted fa'r ter leab yer half. I'se gwine ter git ter workin' fur sich ouis folks."—Arkansaw Traveller.

THE cowhiding of Judge Reid of the Supreme Court of Kentucky by Lawyer Cornelison is causing some excitement. Cornelison has been hung in effigy by the best citizens, and Reid, who is a candidate for the Court of Appeals, has been threatened by his friends in one town "to fight or withdraw from the race." Reid's wife is reported to have threatened to kill Cornelison. As for Judge Reid, he is covered with the wounds occasioned by the savage blows of Cornelison. The general impression seems to be that Reid must fight a duel with Cornelison, or lose caste and be defeated as a candidate for the higher Court. Another Judge has issued a card claiming the authorship of the decision and comments which made Cornelison angry.

Who is "Bosworth ?"

Adam Badeau, to whose epithet of "Grant's Bosworth" the New Albany Ledger has the patent, says he resigned the Consul-Generalship to Cuba because of personal differences with the head of the State Department. A New York paper maliciously suggests his resignation is due to his being in arrears with Uncle Sam.—New Mississippian.

We have dubbed Gen. Badeau "Grant's Bosworth," and applied for copyright. We trust that our neighbor will not consider it an infringement.—Clarion.

SOUTH CAROLINA, like Louisiana, sends an uninstructed delegation to Chicago, but in Alabama and Tennessee the delegates favor Arthur. It is already apparent, however, that there is to be no solid Southern delegation working for any one candidate.—New York Commercial Advertiser.

THE Oregon Democratic Convention seconds the motion of the West Virginia Democratic Convention for the old ticket of Tilden and Hendricks. Oregon is a good State for reviving the "fraud" issue. Oregon was the home of the distinguished Cronin, the bogus Tilden Elector, who went off and "flooked by himself."—Boston Journal.

Mississippi Before the River and Harbor Committee.

The River and Harbor Committee of the House of Representatives gave the Mississippi delegation a hearing on Thursday last in reference to the appropriations for our inland streams. Col. Singleton urged that the appropriation for upper Pearl river between Jackson and Carthage, be so modified as to extend the work to Edinburg, and the Committee will probably comply, and give at least $8,000 for that division of the river. His argument in behalf of the Yazoo, and Tchula lake, were listened to with great attention and a reasonable appropriation will be made for those important waters, and the other streams that enter or bound his district.

Major Barksdale made a strong argument in favor of the appropriation of $10,000 for Big Black, and while it is not likely that the Committee will recommend so much this year, it was very evident that it was impressed with the necessity for commencing the work of improving that important stream. He also argued in favor of work upon the Pearl both above and below Jackson, and in behalf of the other rivers that penetrate his district, and his recommendations will doubtless be respected.

Judge Van Eaton, strongly represented the claims of lower Pearl river, Pascagoula river and Bay, and the waters in the vicinity of Biloxi, etc., and was assured that his recommendations should have fair consideration.

Col. Muldrow, made an exhaustive argument in behalf of Tombigbee between Vienna and Fulton, asking that the Committee allow $15,000 for that work during the fiscal year commencing July 1st. The Committee agreed to allow $30,000 for the river between Demopolis and Fulton, but this was not satisfactory to our Representative, who insists upon the appropriation being so warded that $20,000 will fall to the division above Vienna, and he will probably get it. He also made a strong fight for re-appropriation of the $3,000 granted in 1882 for Old Town Creek, and not expended; and the chances are in favor of the Committee allowing it. He showed conclusively the importance of this stream and the advantages that would accrue to the farmers in its vicinity from opening it up to navigation, and supported his statements with incontestable facts and figures.

Judge Jeffords appeared for a district that probably has as many navigable streams in it as any in the United States, including the Yazoo, Big Black, Cold Water, Sunflower, Deer Creek, Steele's Bayou, Roe-Buck Lake etc., etc. His remarks were listended to with great interest. In concluding, he said that he had been gratified and astonished during his attendence on the various sittings of the Committee to see how familiar the members were with the characteristics of every stream that had been surveyed and reported upon by the U. S. Engineers, and how well informed they were with regard to the industries of the people in the States and their necessities. He had but one cause for regret and protest, and that was that the Committee of the House had determined to limit the total amount of the bill they were preparing, to eleven millions dollars. He believed that the clamor of the ignorant and of the enemies of river improvement should be utterly disregarded, and that the Committee should proceed fearlessly in this work, appropriating wherever the needs of progress and civilization demanded the wise and careful expenditure of public money, whether the total footed up eleven or fifteen millions.

Captain Money, whose District like that of Judge Jeffords is full of rivers and bounded by rivers, spoke earnestly in behalf of them all, and particularly and zealously in favor of a liberal appropriation for continuing the work on the Noxubee. In behalf of this latter stream he produced overwhelming testimony to satisfy its demands for recognition, showing conclusively that it was destined to be the source of great relief and prosperity to the people of its valley. He was assured by the Committee that his demands in its behalf should be respected.

In short, the claims of all of Mississippi's water ways were strongly placed before the Committee on Rivers and Harbors last Thursday, and all will be recognized in the forthcoming bill. The Mississippi river, and the harbors of Greenville, Vicksburg, Natchez, etc., were not referred to at this conference, as they had all been favorably acted upon and passed several days before. The hearings in behalf of Alabama and Mississippi were concluded on Thursday, except that the Committee agreed to give Senator George a hearing on some undecided points and some applications for surveys, on Saturday.—Aberdeen Examiner.

High License.

Those extreme temperance people who denounce high license as a device of the adversary and Law and Order Leagues as allies of the saloon should learn something from the Chicago Presbytery, which recently adopted unanimously a report which exhibits the good results of high license and extols the work of the Citizens' League. One pastor wrote that the $1,000 license fee in his town reduced the number of saloons from 107 to 33, and that the laws were enforced. Another wrote that high license reduced the saloons from 16 to 6. The possibilities of high license as an agency for diminishing the evils of the liquor traffic have not yet been fully tested, but the weight of evidence goes to show that it operates to reduce the number of saloons and to improve the character of those that are left.

Speaker Carlisle.

The Republicans in the House took occasion to resent the imputation which Mr. White of Kentucky undertook to cast upon Speaker Carlisle. The Speaker represents free trade, cheap money and other political abominations, but no man can fairly charge that he has not been a dignified and honorable man in the Speaker's chair.—Boston Journal.

BLAINE has practically lost Pennsylvania in 1884, as he lost it in 1876 and 1880. The convention will not refuse him instructions, but it did little more, and it left the Blaine forces with multiplied defeats by overwhelming majorities, and with only a trace of substance in the glittering shadows conceded them, while the old-time anti-Blaine men gained the prestige and the chief substance of results.—Philadelphia Times.

H. B. BRUSER,
TIN, COPPER AND SHEET-IRON WORKER,
Hardware Tinware Stoves
Pumps, Grates Mantels, Etc. Etc
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159 Washington Street, Vicksburg.

Something the People Need!
FRESH
ROASTED COFFEE,
Roasted Daily in HYDE'S PATENT ROASTER, at my Store, Corner South and Washington Streets.
Price 20 Cts. per Pound!
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FIRE, MARINE, ACCIDENT AND LIFE.
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COMMISSION MERCHANT,
AND DEALER IN
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LIME, CEMENT, PLASTER, Etc.,
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FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRUGS
White Lead, Linseed Oil, Turpentine, Window Glass, Mixed Paints, Dry and in Oil; Alabastine Whitening and Putty; and the largest and most complete assortment of Patent Medicines and Surgical Instruments in the State. Agent for the celebrated Waukesha Bathesda Water.
Toilet Articles, Perfumery and Hair Brushes—all imported.
No. 125 Washington Street, - Vicksburg, Miss.

GEO. W. HUTCHESON, CHAS. ALLEN.
G. W. HUTCHESON & CO.,
Cotton Factors,
AND WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
Groceries, Liquors and Tobacco.
110 and 112 Washington Street,
Vicksburg, - - - Miss.
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THE SAW-MILL BOAT
LEE RICHARDSON, JR
IS PREPARED TO SELL
DIMENSION LUMBER
FROM LANDING AT GLASS BAYOU, THIS CITY; also,
Sash, Doors, Blinds, Mouldings, T. and G. Flooring and Ceiling
Orders addressed to the undersigned will be promptly filled.
may4 WM. CURPHEY, Proprietor.

GEO. S. IRVING,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN
Staple and Fancy Groceries,
WINES, LIQUORS, CIGARS & TOBACCO,
Corner of South and Washington Streets, - - - - - VICKSBURG, MISS.
I respectfully ask an examination of my stock, which I think will convince all that I have one of the largest and best assorted to be found.
Fine Teas, Coffee and Choice Butter are Amongmy Specialities.
I GUARANTEE EVERY ARTICLE TO BE AS REPRESENTED,
And desire to give full satisfaction. 1 PACK AND P FREE. may

HENRY YOSTE,
Watchmaker and Jeweler
I cordially invite a comparison of Work and Prices, believing mine to be the Best and Cheapest.
—ALSO DEALER IN—
WATCHES, DIAMONDS AND SILVERWARE
SPECIALTIES IN SPECTACLES.

FRUIT AND ORNAMENTAL

TREES
ROSES and
Green-House
Plants by the
MILLION at
the
GREGORY NURSERY,
Grove Street, Vicksburg.
P. O. 423, THOMPSON & GREGORY, Props.

J. S. MORRIS,
Attorney-at-Law
VICKSBURG, MISS.
Will practice in the various Courts of Warren, Claiborne, Jefferson and Adams counties, and in the Federal and Supreme Courts at Jackson.
MISS ADDIE FLETCHER,
Fashionable Dressmaker.
Orders from the country solicited, satisfaction given.
TERMS MODERATE.
162 Washington Street,

SIGNAL SERVICE REPORT.

LOCAL WEATHER REPORT.

TIME.	BAR.	THE.	HUM	WIND	WTHER.
7 a. m.	30.18	46	79	S.	Clear.
2 p. m.	30.20	63	54	N. W.	Clear.
7 p. m.	30.13	66	44	N. W.	Clear.
11 p. m.	30.08	62	51	N. W.	Clear.
7 p. m.	30.10	55	68	E.	Clear.

	1883.	1884
Maximum thermometer	76.7	67.0
Minimum thermometer	56.3	44.0
Mean temperature	65.5	56.2
Rainfall	.00	.00

STAGE OF RIVERS.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER,
April 24, 7 p. m. Washington time.

The following observations were taken at the same moment of time at all the stations named:

STATIONS.	Above low water.	Changes.		
	feet	In's	Rise In's	Fall In's
Cairo, Ill	37	11	...	3
Memphis	13	10	3	...
Cincinnati	23	2	0	...
Davenport, Iowa	8	4	0	0
Keokuk, Iowa	10	6	0	0
Vicksburg	43	2	...	3
Helena, Ark	9	3	0	3
Little Rock	6	7	0	0
Fort Smith	12	1	5	...
Fort Gibson	7	5	11	...
Nashville	9	4	15	...
Shreveport	21	1	...	1
Memphis	14	9	...	4
Louisville	1	7	...	1
New Orleans	1	7	0	2
Galveston	4	2	0	0
Brownsville	18	3	1	...
Port Eads	23	11	0	...
St. Louis	6	6	0	...
Fort Smith	45	4	...	2
Little Rock, D. T.	6	7	...	2

*Below high water of 1874. *Frozen.

HIGH WATER AT VICKSBURG IN FORMER YEARS

In 1862, above zero, 51 1-10 feet.
In 1867, above zero, 49 feet.
In 1874, above zero, 45 ft. 8 inches
In 1875, above zero, 43 feet.
In 1876, above zero, 44 ft. 10 inches
In 1879, above zero, 44 ft. 9 inches
In 1880, above zero, 41 ft. 10 inches
In 1881, above zero, 48 ft. 9 inches
In 1882, above zero, 48 ft. 10 inches
In 1883, above zero, 43 ft. 10 inches

HIGH WATER OF 1882.

Stations.	Date of Highest Point.	Highest point Reached.
Cairo	Feb. 20, 1882	51 ft. 9 inches
Chattanooga	Jan. 19, 1882	40 ft. 2 inches
Cincinnati	Feb. 21, 1882	58 ft. 6 inches
Davenport	Dec. 3, 1881	10 ft. 1 inch
Helena, Ark	March 9, 1882	47 ft. 3 inches
Keokuk	Nov. 23, 1881	17 ft. 3 inches
Memphis	Feb. 24, 1882	21 ft. 6 inches
Nashville	Feb. 22, 1882	37 ft. 2 inches
New Orleans	March 27, 1882	20 ft. 5 inches
St. Louis	March 5, 1883	38 ft. 3 inches
Vicksburg	March 20, 1882	48 ft. 9 inches

*Below high water of 1874.

THE RIVER.

ARRIVED.

John A. Scudder, from St. Louis.
Commonwealth, from St. Louis.
Capt. Miller, from Natchez.
Will S. Hays, from Memphis.

DEPARTED.

John A. Scudder, for New Orleans.
Capt. Miller, for Natchez.
Issaquena, for Greenville.
Jim Duke and tow, for Pittsburg.
Will S. Hays, for Memphis.
Tributary and barge, for Lake Washington.

BOATS DUE TO-DAY.

R. R. Springer, N. O. to Cincinnati.
Centennial, New Orleans to St. Louis.
John F. Halpin, Davis Bend to V'burg.
John W. Cannon, Greenville to N. O.

BOATS LEAVING TO-DAY.

For Greenwood—Ledlore, 5 p.m.
Issaquena, Greenville to Vicksburg.

BOATS LEAVING TO-MORROW.

For St. Louis—Commonwealth, 11 a.m.

NOTES.

Business Fair.
Bright and cool.
River falling slowly.
Only one boat leaving to-day.
The towboat Iron Duke and barges passed up for Pittsburg yesterday evening.

It is rumored in St. Louis that the St. Louis and St. Paul Packet Company has purchased the R. R. Springer.

The Anchor Line has recently declared an 18 per cent. dividend on last year's business. How is that for business?

The U. S. mail-boat Capt. Miller, arrived last night and left at 8 o'clock this morning for Natchez and points en route.

The Issaquena left for Greenville and the Bends yesterday with 125 cabin passengers and a big freight. She returns Saturday evening.

Mr. Lundie Sherrard is now passenger agent of all the O. Line and Vicksburg and New Orleans packets, also for the Will S. Hays and Issaquena.

The steamship Anchor Liner John A. Scudder, Capt. Baker, passed to New Orleans yesterday evening with 1900 tons of freight and several people.

The John F. Halpin, Capt. John Quackenbos master, is due this evening from Davis Bend. Returning, she leaves Monday morning at 10 o'clock.

F. D. Merritt, 4,239 Halstead street, Chicago, Ill., wants to hear from the relatives or friends of Joseph Blackburn, who formerly steamboated on the lower Mississippi.

Mr. Henry Deitrich is now first clerk of the Belle Memphis in place of Mr. Harry Corbin, who goes into Mr. Keiser's office in St. Louis, the President of the Anchor Line.

The LeFlore, Capt. M. L. Johnson, is receiving at the Elevator and is the regular P. Line leaving at 5 o'clock this evening for all points on Yazoo river as high as Greenwood. She carries the mail.

The Reuben R. Springer is due to-day en route to the Ohio with a big freight including 165 walnut logs and a cabin full of people. Lundie Sherrard is her passenger agent, office under Lamsdrid hall.

The Will S. Hays, Capt. Ed. Noland, arrived from Memphis yesterday evening with 400 bales of cotton, and a lot of sundries. She left at noon for all points on the river as high as Memphis with a fair trip.

The W. P. Thompson, Capt. M. D. Nelon, was ordered by telegram from Cincinnati to repart there at once and left Greenville this morning for Cincinnati, instead of Vicksburg. See special for particulars.

The bank immediately north of the Hanover Oil Mills has been caving during the past two days and a large slice went into the river Tuesday night. A pile-driver was brought down yesterday evening and piles will be driven to-day to prevent further caving.—Memphis Avalanche.

The steamer Tributary and barge did not get away yesterday afternoon as advertised, having had to lay over awaiting freight and passengers by the Vicksburg and Meridian Railroad. She left this morning at 10 o'clock with a big freight and all the passengers she could accommodate.

The palace steamer J. W. Cannon, Capt. Wm. Campbell, will be found at the Wharfboat in the morning receiving for New Orleans and all lower coast landings, leaving at 9 a.m. There is plenty of freight awaiting her. See Capt. W. S. Jones in regard to business.

The Commonwealth, Capt James O'Neal, Owen C. Kates clerk, arrived from St. Louis at 4 o'clock yesterday evening with 3044 packages of freight, 123 bales of cotton and several people. She receives at the Elevator and is the Saturday Anchor Liner leaving at 11 a.m. Eugene Platt is her passenger agent.

The through Anchor Liner Centennial will pass up during the day for St. Louis. She left New Orleans with a large lot of government lumber for Wilsons point, fifty-two bales of cotton for Chicago, and 452 hogsheads sugar. Mr. Mike Harris left as mate of the Centennial, in place of Wm. Hogan, who quit and returned home by rail.

Not that Kind of Homicide.

The killing of R. B. Rials by the Penn brothers—Dr. Robert G. and Hance B.—at Hazlehurst on the 5th inst., has an ugly look. The circumstance that there were two against one is bad enough; but when we add to this the brutal manner in which the slaughter was completed, the act is stamped with an impress which gives it a fiendish aspect. We may recur to the killing after it has been disposed of by the courts. Departing from our custom we have alluded to the matter because we desire to be put on record as being opposed to the kind of homicide disclosed by the terrible event to which we have referred.—Clarion.

There was another killing with an "ugly look" in Hazlehurst some time ago, which was also "stamped with an impress" giving it a fiendish aspect," but as the Clarion has never yet "departed from its custom" to put itself "on record" in regard to it, it is fair to conclude that it was not the "kind of homicide" that journal is opposed to.—Vicksburg Post.

It will not do to hold the new editor of the Clarion to answer for all the peculiar things said and done by that journal. For instance, it would be rather difficult for him to reconcile Hon. R. Barksdale's testimony before the investigating committee, which the Clarion gratefully commended for its dignified beauty, etc., and the Clarion's piteous cry of "those wild men of the mob" made a few weeks previous.—Brookhaven Leader.

Work on the Panama Canal.

A Philadelphian who has been engaged for upwards of a year in dredging operations on the Panama Canal has returned and tells a reporter of the Record that there is plenty of money to carry on the work, and there is only one thing more common than cash, and that is death. Men die like the leaves in Autumn. Only the Italians appear to live. The dead are disposed of without ceremony. A shallow grave, no prayers, and all is in a moment forgotten. There are now 15,000 men at work on the canal, mostly negroes from Jamaica and the French West Indies. These negroes are brought over in droves as fast as those at work die, and not two-thirds of the 15,000 laborers now at work will be alive a year from now. Five thousand died during the past three months; but the large pay tempts men to brave all the danger.

Antwerp.

The opening of the St. Gothard Tunnel has given new life to the ancient city of Antwerp, and the increase of its commerce has been so great as to place it next in rank to London and Liverpool in the list of European cities, and it is probable that the former glory of the city will not only be restored but greatly surpassed. Its harbor is one of the finest in the world, and nearly every European country sends freight thither for shipment to Italy and the East, the route being the shortest, for England especially.

At Mt. Sterling, Ky., on the 16th inst., John J. Cornelison, a lawyer who lost a suit against a dead man, cowhided Judge Richard Reid of the Superior Court, who took no part in the decision of the suit. Strange to say, Cornelison was a member of the church of which Judge Reid was an elder. Right here, we would like to ask, why are the people in Kentucky who are not members of churches?—Clarion.

The American Grocer and Dry Goods Chronicle cheerfully says: "It takes about five years for values to ebb and flow from their highest to lowest point, and from 1879 to 1884 this period is included. It is probable, therefore, that we are on the eve of another commercial wave that will lift us to a high degree of prosperity to be succeeded as before by a corresponding decline."

SPEAKING of the decline of the oyster product in the Middle and Eastern seaboard. It is probable, however, that in the day may yet be with living men when a dozen oysters will cost a dollar.

TAMMANY TALK.

John Kelley Outlines the Programme of Tammany in the Campaign.

It Will Support The Democratic Nominee and Looks for Success.

NEW YORK, April 24.—Tammany will send 450 representatives to the Democratic Convention at Chicago. "We propose," said Mr. John Kelly, good naturedly, "to do our part in keeping up the enthusiasm."

"For any particular candidate?" was asked.

"Well, now, to tell the truth, I have not paid much attention to candidates. I am sorry to say that some folks think Tammany is going to the convention to make trouble. Such is not the case. The convention will be harmonius, and whoever the candidate may be it is certain that he will receive the support of the united Democracy."

"And do you say that without reservation as to any prominent Democrat?"

"I do most emphatically. Tammany will support any candidate who receives the nomination of the Democratic National Convention."

"How about Mr. Tilden?"

"I do not care to discuss him at present. I know that there many who want him to be nominated, but I understand that he positively declares that he does not wish the nomination. That is settled. So far as Mr. Tilden's intellect is concerned, I believe him to be strong, but I fear that he could not bear the physical strain of a protracted canvass or endure the fatigues of office."

"You think that the candidate should have robust physical health.

"Yes; he is, in my opinion, certain to be elected, he ought to have the physical ability to attend to the duties of his office personally. It would not do to have a man who would be obliged to depend upon others. But, as I said, Tammany will support the nominee. We want the convention to decide that question after a full discussion, and have no doubt that the best man will be nominated. Our success will depend on nominating the man who will be most popular with the Democratic voters."

"How about the platform?"

"O, I am personally in favor of the Tammany platform, the substance of which is the collection of customs duties sufficient for the purpose of carrying on the Government, and with no unjust discriminations. The Democratic idea of a tariff is to make such reductions as are necessary to keep the income of the Government down to the amount required for legitimate expenses; that the reductions should be made so as to benefit the masses of the people and lessen the burden of things used by men who work for wages. But there will be no call for theoretical and extreme notions of free trade or protection ideas."

"As to the Republicans—do you think they will force a sharp fight on the opposing lines of protection and free trade?"

"No, I do not. The Republicans dare not force a fight of that kind. There are elements in their own party that will prevent it."

"You think, then, that the National platforms will be in some measure similar on the subject of the tariff as they have been heretofore?"

"It looks that way now."

"Do you think that popular opinions on the tariff have changed since the last presidential election?"

"Yes, I think that the men who work for wages have found out that we do not intend to cut down their wages. A very strong element in the Democratic defeat last time was the scare that the Republicans got up among the workingmen at the last moment. Now, whenever we have a chance to talk to the people we have no trouble in convincing them that we are not seeking any radical measures which would disorganize business or cut down their wages. We are simply in favor of keeping down the public revenue to proper bounds. We propose nothing revolutionary."

"As to internal revenue—would Tammany favor its abolition?"

"Yes; I think the platform is bound to be explicit on that point. But in some way the revenue must be reduced. The surplus is an important temptation to extravagance and corruption; further surplus must be prevented by intelligent legislation. Congress has no right to levy taxes to create such a surplus, and the way to get rid of it is to return it to the people through the State authorities. In a time like this the unnecessary revenue amounts have been collected from the people, and the thing to do is to make the same disposition of it that was made in the previous instances—which is to return it to the people who have been wrongfully compelled to pay it,"

"What are the probabilities of Democratic success?"

"Very good indeed. In the absence of a tariff issue there is ample opportunity to make issues on the reformation of past and existing abuses by Republican legislation. The Republicans have done many things that are opposed to the principles of our Government, and the people well know it. It has long been obvious that the Republicans favor the centralization of power; also aping the manners and customs of the old world, and therefore are unwilling to trust the people. We must oppose these aristocratic and despotic notions, and continually warn the people of their danger."

"And you have no doubt of Democratic success?"

"The next President of the United States will be a Democrat sure."

THE educational bill with its $80,000,000 for the elimination of illiteracy is so popular with the Southern people that Senator Butler deems it essential to attempt an explanation of his vote against it. He thinks the law bad policy. A poor excuse is better than none but his constituents will hardly be satisfied with so poor an excuse as that.—Avalanche.

DESPITE all his loftiness and arrogance, there is a cleanness about the political methods of Mr. Roscoe Conkling that is very enticing. He has managed so to pick his steps as to keep out of the mud in a very muddy time.—Philadelphia Record, Ind.

A Good Suggestion.

The Penn brothers who murdered Rials at Hazlehurst last week have been refused bail. This case will afford Copiah and excellent opportunity to put State of being a classic one.

The Mexican Congress.

A letter from Mexico, describing a sitting of Congress, says: The members wear faultless suits of black. Many of them, perhaps a majority, have white necktes and gloves. It is almost a fulldress affair. They are a fine looking body of men. Some of them have faces to be remembered. There is an astonishing uniformity of complexion. Black eyes, black hair, in whatever direction the observer turns. There is not one blonde in the building, except among the handful of foreigners, who are attentive spectators. Most of the members, too, are of only middle age, or younger. Three gray and as many bald heads exhaust the list of exceptions to this rule. One instinctively falls to speculating why there are no old men for council here. The most natural conclusion is that the men of the last generation either failed to reach middle life, because of the frequent bloody political revolutions of their times, or else continue to be so far behind the hour that the present progressive age has no use for them. Modern ideas are certainly gaining ground in Mexico. And it is fitting, if not inevitable, that modern men, and they only should expound them. There ought to be a large attendance of fair women to greet these brave men and zealous legislators. But there are not two dozen women in the audience.

IT IS to be hoped that the Hon. John Kelley has no previous engagements with Mr. Arthur.—Atlanta Constitution.

VICKSBURG
Soap Works,
—ON—
GLASS BAYOU AND CHERRY ST.
VICKSBURG, MISS.
Highest Cash Price paid for Tallow and Grease.
Address all orders to
ap3 W. O. WORRELL.

Wheeler & Wilson Silent No. 8
SEWING MACHINE.
THE VERY ACME OF PERFECTION.
The Ladies Favorite.
PURCHASERS are requested to call, examine, and see for themselves.
Sold on monthly or weekly payments, and cheap for cash, at MME. FERGUSON, 139 Washington street.
oc23 C. EDWARDS.

County School Warrants.

IN accordance with the provisions of an act of the Legislature entitled "An Act to refund the school debt of Warren county," approved March 10th, 1884, notice is hereby given to holders of all county school warrants, issued for services prior to the first day of January, 1884, to present the same to the Clerk of this Board, within six months from the passage of the Act, FOR AUTHENTICATION AND REGISTRATION, to entitle them to the benefit of the Act. When registered and presented to the County Treasurer, in sums of $30 or its multiple, bonds will be prepared in sums of not less than $50 nor more than $1,000, and delivered to holders, dated February 1st, 1885, and payable thirty years after date, or at the option of the Board, with three per cent. per annum interest, according to the terms of the Act. The Act provides for an annual special levy to pay interest and to create a sinking fund equal to one-thirtieth of the bonds in circulation to pay the principal. A. H. ARTHUR, President Board of Supervisors of Warren County, Miss. ap14-30t

PROPOSALS.

SEALED proposals will be received for the sale of Mississippi & Ship Island Railroad bonds, issued by Warren county, to be opened before the Board of Supervisors, on the

Fourth Monday of April, 1884.

The holders of said bonds will give the numbers and denominations, and the lowest price at which they will sell the same. Proposals directed to Judge Arthur, President of the Board, or myself, will receive attention. HENRY MAYER,
ap9 County Treasurer.

TO CONTRACTORS.

THE bids for building of the bridges on the Yazoo Valley road at Crockett, near Spout Spring, and over Chickasaw Bayou, not heretofore accepted

AMUSEMENTS.

COMING AGAIN.

TO-NIGHT

AND ALL THIS WEEK,

And Saturday Matinee at 2:30 p.m. for Ladies and Children.

ZERA SEMON

THE ORIGINAL

ZERA

Wonder-Worker!

100 Presents given away 100

RATES OF ADMISSION:

Reserved seats, 50 cents, with 3 envelopes given you. Family circle, 35 cents, with 2 envelopes given you. Gallery, 25 cents, with 1 envelope given you. ap16

Reserved seats on sale at Clarke & Co.'s Bookstore.

The SECOND GRAND MAI FEST

WILL BE GIVEN BY THE

MOZART ORCHESTRA

—AT THE—

OPERA HOUSE

VICKSBURG, MISS.

—ON—

April 28th and 29th, 1884.

Assisted by the Best Vocal Talent in the City.

Change of Programme Each Evening

Reserved Seats $1. Tickets for sale at Clarke & Co.'s Bookstore. ap21-8t

CHEAP COLUMN.

LOST.

LOST.—An ear-ring, coral head. Lost on Grove street, or on Washington street between Warren Oil Mills and Grove street. A suitable reward will be paid if returned to this office. ap24-3t.

WANTED.

WANTED.—A turner on table legs. Steady work and good wages. Address W. B. BEARD, Superintendent of the Home Furniture Company, Jackson, Miss. ap18

WANTED.—SCHOOLS! TEACHERS!! Schools in need of competent teachers, and teachers in search of situations should address the Central Educational Bureau. R. K. JAYNE, Secretary, ap2 Jackson, Miss.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—An upright 7⅓ octave piano, good as new. Will be sold at W. H. Woodruff's store to highest bidder, Thursday, May 1st, 1884. 22-10t CHAS. O'CONNOR, Constable.

FOR SALE—6in-house with 20-horse power Engine, 70-saw Gullet Gin Stand, Steam Press, 24-inch Straub Mill; all in good order. Cheap. Engine. ap17-tf W. J. KATZENMIER.

FOR SALE—The LOT on the north-east corner of Cherry and Grove sts. Apply to THOMAS MOUNT. mh19

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT.—Two rooms and kitchen opposite Jewish Synagogue. Apply on premises to MRS. H. WHITE. ap24.

FOR RENT—A House on Cherry street, between China and Grove. Apply to ap16-2w MRS. E. FRANCIS.

FOR RENT—Nice house with eight rooms, kitchen, good water, and surrounded by a half square of land, situated on the National Cemetery road, and known as the Miller House. Cheap rent. ap15-1w E. & B. C. BONELLI.

FOR SALE OR RENT—60 Acres good land, one and a half miles from town, with plenty of wood and water. Apply at this office, or to R. P. WILSON, Vicksburg, Miss. m24-2w

THE SATISFACTION

Of sitting under one's own vine and fig tree pays the largest dividend of any investment. It is the best kind of life insurance. It is the best medicine in sickness. It enables a man to die easier, and robs death of one of the principal terrors to know that the loved ones we must leave behind us have a roof of their own over their heads which cannot be taken from them.

If you cannot buy a house and lot, you can at least make a commencement by investing $25 in a lot in Speed's Addition, and pay the balance in $5 monthly installments. No better opportunity to buy a home or to make a safer investment in Vicksburg is likely to occur than that now presented by the unprecedented terms upon which these lots are sold. sep1

LOCAL ITEMS.

BAUM & Co. received all the illustrated weeklies to-day.

THE Amaranth Club is the first to come out with a picnic.

PROCURE your tickets for the Mozart Mai Fest in time. They are selling rapidly at Clarke's.

CAPT. W. L. MARSHALL departed by last night's train for Milwaukee, Wis., his new post of duty.

GEORGE WASHINGTON LODGE No. 4, K. of P., meets to-night at 8 o'clock, and will confer the second degree.

THE largest wholesale and retail dry goods store in the city is what Switzer, Newwitter & Co. say they have.

AN old colored wood-sawyer named Riley dropped dead of heart disease at the corner of Cherry and Belmont streets yesterday evening.

G. B. HARPER, Decatur, Miss.; A. J. McCord, Louisville; E. S. Carr, Refuges, James Smith, Jacksonville; W. B. Conklin, Nebraska; R. K. Jayne, Jackson; C. A. McAlpine, Miss.; John C. Hughes, are at the Pacific House to-day.

THE Eclectic German Club gave the last ball of the season last night at Magnolia Hall. The ball was given in honor of Miss Dora Asher, who will soon leave for Europe. Six couples came up from Port Gibson to attend the ball.

JUDGE H. F. SIMRALL, Col. R. V. Booth, Maj. L. W. Magruder, Hon. Martin Marshall, Hon. A. W. Brien, and Hon. Jas. M. Gibson, Jr., left for Jackson yesterday to argue the Hawthorne and McKenna cases in the Supreme Court to-day.

S. SCHMITZ, J. G. Sargent, Geo. Heidelberg, St. Louis; A. Fontana, New York; L. G. Balfour and wife, Lake Providence; Thomas M. Meade and wife, Newellton, La.; F. G. Neustadt, Montgomery, Ala., registered at the LaMadrid House this morning.

THE following were among the arrivals by the Will S. Hays: Mrs. Chilton and two children, Chotard; J. M. Lee, Mrs. Clark, Maj. Gwin, and five others, Greenville; Maj. Miller, wife and three children, Memphis; E. S. Carr, Refuge; J. T. Moore, Riverton; J. E. Huff, Wilton; Dr. Balfour and wife, Lake Providence.

Col. Wm. French Dying.

The following sad dispatch was received from Jackson this morning by a friend of Col. French:

"Mr. French is only alive; expecting him to die at any moment."

LUNDIE SHERRARD is now Agent for the O (Ohio river) Line of boats. Office, Basement LaMadrid House. ap 25

Divine Service

At the Temple this evening at 7 o'clock. English sermon by Rabbi H. M. Bien. Subject: Prayer, considered physiologically, religiously and historically. In the morning, service at 9 o'clock. Confirmation of Master Joseph Baer.

The Right Man in the Right Place.

Elsewhere will be seen the locals of Mr. Lundie Sherrard, the agent of three popular lines of boats—the Vicksburg and Greenville Line, Vicksburg and Memphis, and the O. Line. Lundie has for a number of years been connected with the river interests of this place, and now that he has gone into the steamboat agency, it is a dead sure certainty that this part of the steamboat business will be as well represented as it is at any place on the Mississipi river, not excepting the biggest.

The Scudder Injured.

As the St. Louis and New Orleans Anchor Line packet John A. Scudder, Capt. W. W. Baker, was making a landing at Diamond Point yesterday afternoon she swung around against the bank and stove a big hole, about thirty feet long, in her port side. In response to a message for assistance the tug Joe Seay was dispatched to her aid. The Commonwealth went down at 2:30 this morning and relieved her of her way freight, after which she was able to proceed on her way to New Orleans. At the time of the accident the Scudder had aboard 1,900 tons of freight and fifteen cabin passengers. The freight in the hold was somewhat damaged, but just how much cannot be stated.

Law-Suit About a Dog.

Three affidavits were sworn out this morning by a white woman named Mitchell against a colored man named Anthony Moore charging him with assault and battery, trespass, and maliciously killing a dog. The cases were heard before Squire Mackey, who dismissed the first charge, fined the defendant $5 and costs in the second, and $10 and costs in the last. Moore signified his intention to appeal the case.

LUNDIE SHERRARD is now Agent for the Electric Light Fire Proof steamer Will S. Hays, office Basement LaMadrid House. ap 25

Zera's Presents

Were liberally distributed last night. Mrs. James Botto drew the silver watch, N. W. Thomas the chamber set, Mary Walker $10 in silver, and G. W. Yoste the album. Zera will be here but one night after that, and those desiring to see the performance or draw a present should not delay too long.

Suspended.

A dispatch from Galveston announces the suspension of the "Daily Print." The paper succumbed to the pressure of a "mortgaged indebtedness," but the managers expect to arrange their financial troubles and resume publication at an early day. Mr. Jas. H. Sullivan, formerly editor of the Commercial and local editor of the Herald, in this city, was editor of the "Print."

Mme. A. CREFTO'S

Has just received the latest styles in Ladies' and Bonnets. A large assortment of Lace Caps. Everything new in Hair Goods, at the lowest prices. ap21-1w

Steven David Davis's new baby arrived he goes out and sits on the fence corner and longer than he sear did Louisville Courier-Journal.

An Enjoyable Affair.

Quite an enjoyable affair took place yesterday evening on board the steamer Issaquena, just before she backed out on her return to Greenville and the bends with her immense crowd of passengers that she brought down to our city to witness the Firemen's Parade with others, the occasion being the presentation by William Price, Foreman of the Constitution Fire Co. No. 1, to the Issaquena, of the beautiful decorations, used by them on the occasion of their Parade, on their four-wheeled hose-reel, a description of which appeared in the Post on Wednesday. Capt. C. E. Webb, for Capt. Price, made the presentation speech, in his usual feeling and eloquent manner. Mr. H. Denio, agent of the Issaquena, responded on the part of the officers of that gallant steamer; after which Capt. J. I. Mulholland, who happened to be on board, invited the firemen and their friends—numbering about fifty—to partake of some punch, and thus ended, we can safely say, the Firemen's Parade—and it was a fitting ceremony with which to terminate the festivities where all was mirth and pleasure. Success to the Issaquena, success to Bill Price and his company, and success to the whole Fire Department of our city.

LUNDIE SHERRARD is now Agent for the popular fleet Belle of the Bends, Issaquena. Office, Basement LaMadrid House. ap 25

Distinguished Colored Men.

Hon. B. K. Bruce, and Hon. John R. Lynch, of Natchez, accompanied by Mr. Jas. Hill of Jackson, arrived in the city on the 9:45 train this morning, on a visit, and are guests of Alderman Crayton. To-night the colored citizens of the city will tender their distinguished guests a banquet at Klein's Hall.

Switzer, Newwitter & Co.

Attention is called to the handsome new advertisement of Switzer, Newwitter & Co., whose beautiful Dry Goods store is now the pride of our city.

It will be seen that this firm has secured the able services of Mr. Abe Joseph (formerly with Mayer Bros. & Co.) one of the finest, most accomplished and popular salesmen in the South, and a gentleman who is specially a favorite in Vicksburg where he has served the people so Long.

Switzer, Newwitter & Co. have the stores, the goods, the salesmen, and everything necessary to the successful conduct of an immense business. And in no way do they display their discrimination and enterprise to better advantage than in setting forth their facilities through the columns of THE POST. And we are glad to know that it brings good returns. Hundreds of constant readers of THE POST, who live at a distance and who visited Vicksburg to witness the Firemen's celebration, thronged Switzer, Newwitter & Co's. stores in search of the fine goods and great bargains which THE POST had told them could be found there.

The River at Helena.

The river now stands 43 feet, and has fallen 2 inches in the last 24 hours.

OUR APRIL OFFERINGS

Consist of a choice assortment of the best-fitting stock of Men's and Boys' Clothing, and most attractive display of Furnishing Goods ever offered by us. Our rapidly increasing business justifies us in making this statement. People buy where they can get the BEST VALUE for their money. Our MATCHLESS STOCK is meeting with a reception that is indeed satisfactory.

WARNER & SEARLES.

ap23

A Commendable Effort for Self-support.

As a rule cripples and deformed people depend entirely upon charity for their subsistence, and where an exception is found, we think the case is so highly commendable it should receive proper recognition and encouragement. In this connection we have had our attention directed to a Mr. S. W. Coody, who is at present selling packages of stationery in our city. He is a cripple, and being unable to walk, goes about on horseback. He is a native and resident of Yazoo county, his home being near Satartia. His packages each contain 18 sheets of writing paper, 18 envelopes, 1 pen-holder and pen, 1 lead pencil, and a prize, all for 25 cents.

Mozart Orchestra Concert.

In the Mozart Orchestra Concert all the vocal pieces will have full orchestral accompaniment. The song "My Sweetheart when a Boy," is sung by the special request of the Mozart Club. Prof. Talen, several years since, got up a beautiful arrangement of orchestral parts for this song, and the Mozarts pride themselves upon the manner they play them.

The Jobbing Trade.

What is termed in mercantile parlance, "the jobbing trade," is getting to be a prominent feature of the growing business of Vicksburg. Our big firms who are able to supply smaller dealers in this city and in surrounding towns, are fast pushing Vicksburg to the front as a commercial center. To no firm in the city is greater credit due for enterprise and push, in this respect, than to Mr. Jas. Fox, one of our most enterprising and sagacious young merchants who has already built up a large trade in this line. Judging from the quantity of dry goods daily being shipped from his store, he must be doing a tremendous jobbing trade. This indicates that he has special inducements to offer to the shrewd buyers who come to our market to purchase goods. These purchasers, of course go to the places where the best bargains are to be obtained. Mr. Fox claims that he has all the facilities for affording these bargans, the details of which he will explain to all who may favor him with a call, at 184 Washington street. ap 25-1t

A Good Move.

Our attention has been called to an important movement among our colored citizens, under the auspices of a charitable organization known as the Union Order of Brothers and Sisters of Love and Charity, Vicksburg Tabernacle No. 79, which is commendable on the part of the originators, and we trust it may receive due consideration at the hands of all who are interested in the advancement of our colored people.

They are purchasing a tract of fifty-three acres of land two miles distant from the city, and within two feet of the historic Pemberton monument, a portion of which they intend to consecrate as a cemetery, and the other to the erection of a home for aged and infirm widows, neglected and destitute orphans, and for ungovernable boys and girls of certain ages. At this home it is the intention of the managers to have its inmates engaged in sewing, knitting, weaving and other indoor pursuits, and the boys engaged in horticultural industries and trades so as to make the institution self-sustaining.

R. A. Green, M. D., will soon visit Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington to investigate the workings of similar institutions. He carries letters of recommendation from Dr. C. K. Marshall, and will no doubt return thoroughly posted as to the best method of carrying on the benevolent enterprise.

Democratic-Conservative State Convention.

ROOMS STATE DEM. & CON. EX. COM., JACKSON, MISS., April 9, 1884.

The Democratic-Conservative State Executive Committee have named Wednesday, June 11, 1884, at 11 o'clock a.m. in the city of Jackson, as the time and place for holding a State Convention to appoint delegates to the National Democratic Convention, and to nominate a Presidential electoral ticket. All Democratic-Conservative citizens of Mississipi, irrespective of past political associations, and differences, who can unite with us in the effort for pure, economical and constitutional government are cordially invited to join in sending delegates to the convention. The basis of representation will be the same as heretofore used, unless otherwise ordered by the convention, viz: Each county will be entitled to double the number of delegates that it has Representatives in the lower House of the State Legislature. The committee recommends Saturday, May 31st, 1884, as the day upon which the counties shall hold their conventions, unless the county committee shall otherwise order. It is requested that a thorough organization of the Democratic-Conservative Party, be effected in each county, preparatory to the November election. W. L. HEMINGWAY, Chairman

D. P. POSTER, M. SMITH, Secretaries.

EVERY speech in Congress in favor of free trade increases the necessity of keeping Mr. Samuel J. Tilden in view as the one man who can harmonize the Democratic party.—State Ledger

CHEMISTS HAVE ALWAYS FOUND

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

The Most Perfect Made.

A PURE FRUIT ACID BAKING POWDER.

There is none stronger. None so pure and wholesome. Contains no Alum or Ammonia.

Has been used for years in a million homes. Its great strength makes it the cheapest. Its perfect purity the healthiest. In the family loaf most delicious. Prove it by the only true test.

THE TEST OF THE OVEN.

MANUFACTURED BY

STEELE & PRICE.

Chicago.

MAKE NO MISTAKE

IN THE

ARTICLE YOU BUY.

THE WEEK'S BEST

SOLD ON ITS MERITS, AND CURE GUARANTEED.

AGUINE

THE GREAT SPECIFIC for Malarial Disorders

Of any nature, such as AGUE, CHILLS & FEVER, MALARIAL FEVER, INTERMITTENT FEVER, BILIOUSNESS, LOSS OF APPETITE, &c.

Sold by all Druggists and General Dealers or sent by mail on receipt of price.

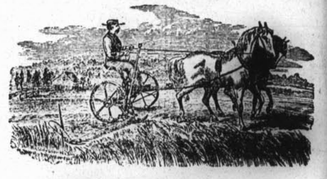
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Reaping and Mowing Machine

THE BEST MACHINE MADE.

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Dry Goods & Plantation Supplies

—AT—

REDUCED PRICES

A short time since I purchased from the closing out sale of Messrs. August, Berheim & Bauer, (late Mayer Bros. & Co.,)

A Large Quantity of Dry Goods and Plantation Supplies

These goods are now on my second floor, and will be sold to wholesale as well as retail purchasers at bargains that cannot be duplicated elsewhere. Attention is also called to a full line of

PLANTATION BOOTS AND SHOES

—AND THE—

LARGEST WHOLESALE GROCERY STOCK IN VICKSBURG.

Purchasers in any of these lines of goods will find it to their interest to call and examine my stock.

JACOB SHLENKER

137 WASHINGTON STREET, VICKSBURG. ap21

THOS. L. LEWIS, PRENTISS LEWIS.

LEWIS BROS.

Will open the Shoe Store formerly occupied by Mr. Jas. H. King on the 22d of April with a large and well-selected stock of

×MEN'S× ×BOYS×

SHOES

LADIES', MISSES',

RARE BARGAINS

The stock was bought for cash at the lowest figure, and Lewis Bros. propose to give their customers the benefit of the purchase in

Custom Hand-Made Work

For Gents' Ladies, Misses and Children a specialty. The former patrons and customers are respectfully requested to call before purchasing elsewhere.

LEWIS BROS.,

THOS. E. LEWIS, Formerly with Phillip Gilbert. | PRENTISS LEWIS, With Mattingly, Son & Co.

135 WASHINGTON STREET.

T. J. HANES, J. W. HANES

HANES BROS.,

Successors to D. R. SMARR & CO.,

Auction and Commission Merchants,

206 WASHINGTON STREET, VICKSBURG.

Consignments solicited. Prompt returns and satisfaction guaranteed. feb22

JOHN B. CLARK. D. S. WRIGHT.

CLARKE & CO.

WE invite your attention and solicit your inspection, as we feel assured that you will find it to your interest to do so before buying elsewhere. We buy direct from the manufacturers and first hands, consequently we will duplicate prices of North, South or West.

Our Line of Blank Books

Embraces Day Books, Journals, Ledgers, Cash Books, full and half bound; Draft, Note, Order and Receipt Books, Pass and Memorandum Books, Monthly and Weekly Time Books, Invoice and Bill Books, and all kinds and sizes of blank books.

Also Letter Paper, Bill and Account Paper, Envelopes, Inks, Pens, Pencils, etc.

Our Book Department.

We have a large assortment of School Books, Medical, Scientific, Law and Miscellaneous Books, also all the New Books as issued. Our

Fancy Goods Departm't

Offers an elegant variety goods. Birthday and Congratulation Cards in large assortment.

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Our assortment is always large and in latest shades, shapes and kinds.

Artists' Materials.

Includes Oil, Water and China Painting Materials of every description, Brushes, Canvas, Plaques and Panels of all kinds. Also Art Novelties for Decoration.

Musical Instruments,

Includes Pianos, Organs, Guitars, Banjos, Accordions, etc. Italian and German strings for different kinds of instruments. Agents for Decker Bros. Pianos and Mason & Hamlin Organs.

Headquarters for Wall Paper, Picture Frames, Mouvings, &c. All the Cheap Libraries, both old and new issue. Newspapers, Magazines, New Publications received daily.

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CLARKE & CO.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Booksellers, Stationers and Music Dealers

BLUE FRONT BOOK STORE, 148 WASHINGTON ST., VICKSBURG.

The Vicksburg Evening Post.

VOLUME II. VICKSBURG, MISSISSIPPI, SATURDAY, APRIL 26, 1884. NUMBER 101.

VICKSBURG BANK.

EDWARD S. BUTTS, President. | Established Nov. 12, 1866.

H. C. KUYKENDALL, Vice-Pres. | Incorporated Mar. 4, 1878.

JAMES P. ROACH, Cashier.

Transacts a General Banking Business.

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New York Correspondent, - - - National Park Bank.

New Orleans Correspondent, - - - State National Bank.

may4

SPRING SPECIALTIES

Iron Age Cultivators,

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GERMAN MILLET SEED, SAPLING CLOVER SEED,

—AND—

LANDRETH'S GARDEN SEED,

DOW LOW COTTON PLANTERS

Globe Cotton Planters, Washburn & Moen's Thick Set Galvanized Barb Wire, Philadelphia Lawn Mowers.

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Photographic Gallery,

CLAY STREET, OVER EXPRESS OFFICE. VICKSBURG, MISS.

STRICTLY FIRST-CLASS PHOTOGRAPHS of all sizes and styles. Old pictures copied and enlarged to any size desired.

INSTANTANEOUS PICTURES TAKEN AT THIS GALLERY

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BASE BALL BATS, ETC.

The season has commenced, and, as usual, we have the largest stock of

Base Ball Bats, Croquet Sets, Hammocks,

MARBLES, TOPS, ETC.

Base Balls, - - - - - 5 cents and up.

Large Ball Croquet Sets - - - 1.00

Eight Ball Croquet Sets - - - 1.50 and upwards.

HEADQUARTERS FOR EVERYTHING IN THE

Book & Stationery Line, Pocket Cutlery, Music, Musical Instruments,

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Leading Newspapers and Magazines received daily.

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171 WASHINGTON STREET, VICKSBURG.

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RIVERVIEW

Manufacturi'g Company

ARE NOW MANUFACTURING

CIDER!

Which they guarantee equal to the best made in the United States or elsewhere. Commission dealers in City orders delivered free.

Office at Raumville, Warrenton road. Orders can be left at S. Feld & Co.'s, 178 Washington street. ap16

C. REYNOLDS, E. A. NEELY,

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Wholesale and Retail Druggists

AND DEALERS IN

White Lead, Mixed Paints, Linseed Oil, Lard Oil, Gnat Oil, Turpentine, Putty and Glassware, Patent Medicines, Sponges, Hair Brushes, Perfumery, Toilet Articles of Every Description, Garden and Flower Seeds.

AGENTS FOR HUMPHREY'S HOMEOPATHIC MEDICINES. jet

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

[Special to THE EVENING POST.]

MARKET REPORTS.

LIVERPOOL, April 26.—Uplands 6⅛; Orleans 6⅜.

NEW YORK, April 26, noon.—Spots dull. Middling, 11⅜d.

NEW ORLEANS, April 26, noon.—Cotton dull. Middling, 11⅛.

CHICAGO, April 26.—Corn 2 cents higher.

Frank James Acquitted and Re-arrested.

HUNTSVILLE, ALA., April 26.—Frank James has been acquitted. The verdict was received with cheers by an immense crowd. The Sheriff of Cooper county, Missouri, immediately arrested James. Officers from Minnesota were also present with a requisition.

The Dorans Acquitted.

HOT SPRINGS, ARK., April 26.—The entire Doran party were acquitted for killing Hall, the hackman. This verdict virtually settles the other murder indictments against them.

A Betrayer Killed.

CLARKSDALE, TENN., April 26.—R. L. May was shot four times and instantly killed in his mother's sick room by John Wood, for betraying Wood's sister-in-law.

New Orleans River Report.

NEW ORLEANS, April 26.—The weather is clear, and pleasant.

Business is dull.

Arrived: Paris C. Brown.

Leaving this evening: City of Yazoo, for Vicksburg; Guiding Star, for Cincinnati; City of St. Louis, for St. Louis.

Memphis River Report.

MEMPHIS, TENN., April 26.—The river is falling.

The Cherokee passed down at 12 m., en route for the St. Johns river, Florida.

Virginia Republicans.

RICHMOND, VA., April 24.—The Convention of Virginia Republicans and Readjusters resolved that the coalition party should be hereafter known as the Republican party of Virginia, and favored Arthur's nomination. Mahone was made Chairman of the delegation to the National Convention, and his influence was paramount in all the work of the State gathering.

Cheap Rates for the Convention.

CHICAGO, April 26.—The eight Eastern trunk lines announce that they will sell tickets to Chicago during the Republican Convention at one fare for the round trip. The Western, Southwestern and Northwestern roads out of Chicago will sell round trip tickets for one and one-third fare.

Revolution Promised in the Cotton Seed Business.

JACKSON, April 25.—Pearl River oil-mill here is to-day shipping the first 100 tons of its prepared cotton seed to Liverpool, England. This mill has been experimenting all winter on a patent process to remove all lint from the seed, and has recently perfected it and is now running night and day. This process will put American cotton seed in competition with Egyptian seed at the English mills, and will bring about a revolution in the oil-mill business in the United States.

Mahone's Skill.

WASHINGTON, April 24.—Mahone has never showed more skill or more complete mastery over his servile crew than in his management of the Readjuster Convention at Richmond. His power over them grew out of his control of the spoils for Arthur's term, and possibly beyond.

His aim was to secure admission for all his delegation at Chicago, instead of having a division, and to have a delegation he could easily transfer at will. To obtain the first object he has made his followers throw off all disguises and call themselves Republicans, and he has left out of his platform everything about the State debt. It looks now as if his whole delegation would be admitted, and that the Virginia straight-out delegation would stand no chance of getting in unless Blaine shall have a clear majority of the convention. This will be one of the first test votes in the Republican Convention.—Picayune special.

Country Orders.

MR. JOE FOX, wholesale and retail dealer in dry goods, 184 Washington street, pays strict attention to wholesale orders from the country and has built up an extensive trade in this line—a trade second to none in the city.

Some merchants don't want competition, but MR. FOX claims that nothing suits him better than competition. He wants it and invites it, feeling confident that he can successfully meet it. He asserts that he can sell Dry Goods cheaper than any house this side of Memphis or New Orleans, and wants the people to call at his store and see for themselves that he does this very thing.

As competition is said to be the life of trade, Mr. Fox has evidently put a good deal of life into the trade of Vicksburg, as he is now offering the liveliest competition perhaps ever before seen in this city. Give him a call, and test his stock and prices. 26-1t

A Dark Horse Looked For.

Politicians agree that Blaine has received a check in New York, which diminishes his chance for the nomination.

Arthur is beaten badly, and now Blaine goes down. Everything now points to a dark horse for the Republican nomination.—Picayune special.

OHIO REPUBLICANS.

The State Convention—Resolutions.—Delegates.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, April 24.—The Convention was called to order at 9:45 this morning. The Committee on Permanent Organization reported for permanent President Hon. W. McKinley, of Stark county, who was elected with applause.

The Committee on Resolutions reported as follows: The Republican party in convention assembled, in view of the issues between parties, declares: 1. That it is in favor of collecting an adequate revenue to defray the economical expenses of the Government from duties upon foreign imports, so adjusted as to afford protection to labor and agricultural, manufacturing and other industries of the country against the competition of foreign capital and labor, with a view of developing our resources, and to elevate and improve the condition of our own laboring classes. We condemn the Democratic doctrine of tariff for revenue only as destructive of the highest interest of the country.

2. That the reduction of the duties on imported wools by Act of Congress, passed March, 1883, was an act of injustice to an important industry, which will, if it should not be corrected, result in paralyzing the business of wool-growing in the United States, and in transferring the same to foreign nations; and therefore the wool tariff of 1867 should be restored at the earliest practicable moment.

3. That the doctrine of the Democratic party in favor of putting what is improperly called raw material—such as ore, pig iron, wool, etc.—in the free list is vicious, dangerous, and, if carried out, will be destructive of the best interests of the nation.

4. That the Republican party having always aided labor, liberating it when oppressed, giving to it homesteads in the public domain, and supporting schools at the public expense, the children of all, recognizing now more fully than ever its great interests, its claim upon the care of the Government and its right to equal consideration with capital; and we congratulate the working classes upon the intelligence and good temper with which they have organized themselves for the promotion of their interest.

5. That we denounce the polygamous Mormons, and demand of Congress the exercise of all constitutional power for its speedy suppression.

6. That the Republican party stands by its legislation known as the Scott law, and condemns the want of sincerity of the Democratic party in respect thereto.

7. The administration of President Arthur has been wise, conservative, and in the interests of the whole people, and is therefore heartily endorsed.

8. The position of the Republican party, as expressed in its conventions and its representatives in authority, touching civil service, is heartily endorsed.

The resolutions were adopted. Afterward addition was reconsidered, because the first resolution implied no internal revenue, and the platform was recommitted.

Subsequently another report was submitted, and, with the exception of the 6th section, relative to the Scott law, was adopted.

In the second report the following was substituted for the first and second sections of the report:

That the Republican party approves the policy of protection in all economical legislation, and it favors its application without discrimination to American industries, thereby securing employment at remunerative wages to American labor.

That it is in favor of collecting an adequate revenue to defray the proper and economical expenses of the Government from duties upon foreign imports and proper internal taxation, and that it condemns the Democratic doctrine of a tariff for revenue only as destructive to the business interests of the country.

Mr. McKinley was escorted to the chair by a committee and made a brief and eloquent speech.

The names of Blaine, Sherman, Arthur, Grant, Lincoln, Edmunds and Garfield were vociferously applauded as named by the speaker.

For delegates at large to the Chicago Convention, Judge R. Foraker and Hon. W. McKinley, Jr., were elected by acclamation. Major McKinley is not committed, but is considered to be for Sherman.

A ballot was taken upon the other candidates, but before the ballot was announced a motion was carried to elect Hanna by acclamation. This is regarded as another Sherman victory.

A motion to suspend the rules and elect Beatty, another Sherman man, by acclamation, was lost.

The ballot resulted: West 300, Beatty 257. West is understood to be for Blaine.

Two alternates at large are said to be for Blaine; Poindexter is for Sherman and Harlan for Arthur.

Hon. Wm. McKinley, Jr., being asked his preference for Presidential candidate, said, "I, absolutely, haven't any."

The Mai Fest.

The Mozart Orchestra will hold a general rehearsal at their hall to-night. The date of their concert is now near at hand, and tickets for the same are selling rapidly at Clarke's. It will undoubtedly be the finest concert of the season, and those who miss it will miss an excellent opportunity to hear some really good music.

The Political Situation in North Carolina.

A gentleman just returned from North Carolina says that the talk of Gen. Joe Hawley, of Connecticut as a dark horse excites a good deal of enthusiasm in that State, where Gen. Hawley was born. The Democratic leaders in that State really express some apprehension that they may lose the electoral vote. This is due to division on the tariff question. The Democratic State Committee, which met last week at Raleigh, declared itself very positively against the Carlisle policy.

WOMAN SUFFRAGE.

Majority and Minority Reports Submitted to the House.

WASHINGTON, April 25.—The House Committee on Judiciary to-day submitted four reports relative to extending the right of suffrage to women. The adverse majority report was prepared by Mr. Maybury, and says in part that to permit the entrance of political contention into a home would be either useless or pernicious—useless if the man and wife agree, and pernicious if they differ. In the former event the volume of ballots alone would be increased without change of results; in the latter peace and contentment would be exchanged for the bedlam of political debate and become a scene of base and demoralizing debate. In answer to a question often suggested, what portion of what class of women? your committee is of opinion that while a few intelligent women, such as appeared before the committee in advocacy of the pending measure, would defy all obstacles in the way of casting a ballot, yet the great mass of intelligent, refined and judicious, with the becoming modesty of their sex, would shrink from the rude contact of the crowd, with the exceptions, mentioned, leaving to the ignorant and vilest the exclusive right to speak for the gentler sex in public affairs.

Messrs. Reed, E. B. Taylor, T. M. Brown and McCoid, in their minority report, say: The association of the sexes in the family circle, in society and in business, having proven improving to both, there is neither history, reason nor sense to justify the assertion that the association of politics will lower either the one or demoralize the other. No reason on earth can be given by those who claim suffrage as a right of manhood which does not make it right that womanhood suffrage is to be given man to protect him in his life, liberty and property. For the same reasons urge that it be given to woman, for she has the same life, liberty and property to protect.

Mr. Dorsheimer, while concurring with the majority in recommending the matter be laid on the table, says: I think it probable that the interests of society will soon require that women should have the right of suffrage, and I am not willing to say more than that the present is not an opportune time for the submission to the States of the proposed amendment.

Mr. Poland's report says that the office and duty which nature has developed upon woman during all the active and vigorous portion of her life would often render it impossible and still more indelicate for her to appear and act in causes, conventions, or elections, or to act as a member of the legislature, or as juror, or judge. I cannot bring myself to believe that any large portion of the intelligent women of this country desire any such thing granted, or would perform any such duties, if the chance were offered them.

Fire.

A fire occurred about half past 3 o'clock this afternoon in a frame tenement house on south side Jackson street, between Walnut and Washington, occupied by negroes. It was put out before much damage was done.

Improving the Mississippi.

Members of the Mississipi River Commission appeared before the House Committee on Levees and Improvements of the Mississipi River, and President Comstock, of the Commission, explained the plan of improvements adopted, and said it would, in a commercial sense, pay the Government to expend $75,000,000 or $100,000,000 to get a depth of water of 10 feet from St. Louis to New Orleans.

Inherent Stupidity.

The tariff bill is lagging in the House, and hardly anyone seems to take much interest in it. Possibly after the bunkombe speeches are fired off the bill may die of its inherent stupidity.—Picayune special.

SLAUGHTERING PRICES! IN

Boots and Shoes

—AT—

FOLEY'S SHOE STORE

English broad toe gaiters, $2.50; London toe, imitation buttoned gaiters, $2.75; Plain box gaiters, $3.00; imitation laced, London toe, sewed gaiter, $3.50; ladies' kid buttoned $3.25, cheap at $4.75; ladies' front laced kid, $2.75, cheap at $4.00; boys' buttoned gaiters, $2.50, cheap at $3.50; youths' buttoned gaiters, double tipped, $2.00, cheap at $3.25.

The chief pride of this house is the superior character of its custom-made work. All orders promptly and carefully attended to. Send for catalogue. 3-15

Circuit Court Records.

In obedience to the following order of Judge North, Maj. Swett has turned over to Circuit Clerk Lehman the books of the Circuit Clerk's office recently in his custody:

"STATE OF MISSISSIPPI, WARREN COUNTY.

"To the Sheriff of said county, greeting:

"You are hereby commanded to serve instanter on Charles Swett a copy of the following order:

"It appearing to the Court upon the hearing of an application and motion of attorneys at this bar that certain of the records of this Court, viz: Minute books A A, C C, D D, and E E, are now in possession and custody of Mr. Charles Swett, and are not under the control of the Clerk of this Court, nor in the Courthouse; it is therefore now ordered by the Court that Charles Swett immediately return said books to Charles Lehman, Clerk of this Court.

"It is further ordered by the Court, that a copy of this order be certified by the Sheriff of Warren county, to be by him served on said Charles Swett instanter."

ICE!

I AM now prepared to furnish Ice at wholesale or retail. Ice delivered in any part of the city, or furnished ready for shipment at 1 cent per pound, on short notice.

THOS. TALEN,

4-16 South Street Ice House.

Vicksburg Bank.

AN election of five Directors to serve for the ensuing year will be held at the banking house Thursday, May 1st, 1884, from 10 a.m. to 12 m.

E. S. BUTTS, President.

JAMES P. ROACH, Cashier.

April 19th.—16t.

Notice of Removal.

JOHN HASZINGER has removed his SHOE SHOP from Jas. King's old stand, to the commodious room over Julius Eisman's Tobacco Store, on Washington St. Prompt attention given as usual, to new work and repairing. Satisfaction guaranteed. ap16-1w

ICE! ICE!

—THE—

D. W. Flowerree Ice Company

—WILL DELIVER ICE TO—

DEALERS AND CONSUMERS

AT THE FOLLOWING RATES:

Ten Ton Lots	40 cents per 100
One Ton Lots	50 "
Less than One Ton	60 "
Less than 1000 lbs	75 "
Less than 500 lbs	1 "
Packed for shippers	1 "

ap8

THERE will be a good piano at John McRae's store next week. It is second-hand. ap23

TWO IMMENSE STORES!

SWITZER, NEWWITTER & CO.,

Dry Goods House

133 WASHINGTON STREET,

(Scharff Bros. Old Stand.)

The Largest Wholesale and Retail Dry Goods Store in the city.

IMMENSE STOCK

—AND—

Lowest Prices!

EVERY DEPARTMENT COMPLETE

NOTICE.

Our Dress Goods Department is under the supervision of Mr. Abe Joseph, (formerly of Mayer Bros. & Co.), whose services we have just secured. His many customers will be pleased to hear of this, and he will give his personal attention to all orders entrusted to him.

OUR CLOTHING AND HAT STORE

At 195 Washington Street,

Is the same stand we have occupied since our business began.

DON'T MISTAKE the PLACE.

The only place in Vicksburg to get HAMMERSLOUGH BROS.' (of New York)

Celebrated Fine Clothing,

And Hammerslough Bros. celebrated WHITE VESTS. These goods are all first-class, and we can guarantee a fit to the most fastidious.

BOYS CLOTHING

Is to be had at this store cheaper than at any other place in town.

Gents' Furnishing Goods, Gents' and Boys' Hats and Shoes,

Nobby Neckwear and Handkerchiefs.

In fact everything belonging to a first-class Clothing and furnishing store.

GIVE US A TRIAL.

SWITZER, NEWWITTER & CO.

Stockholders' Meeting

PURSUANT to a resolution of the Board of Directors of the Vicksburg Bank

THE EVENING POST

PUBLISHED BY
J. G. CASHMAN & CO.,
Washington St., Vicksburg, Miss.

The Evening Post.

VICKSBURG, MISS., APRIL 26 1884.

If a "foreign policy" is to have any influence in the National Republican Convention Tom Ochiltree, of Texas, should not be ignored. See Lasker resolutions.

It is has been said of Senator Edmunds that he is the "smallest man in big things and the biggest man in small things" in the country—able to see a fly on a barn-door further than he can see the door.

A WESTERN Congressman says: "Every man who comes to Congress has only two ideas. The first is that without himself the Government could not exist for a day, and the second, how shall I best secure a re-election?"

MR. GROW, a prominent Republican of Pennsylvania, who is prominently mentioned as President of the Chicago Convention, says that if Tilden is not Randall will be nominated by the Democratic Convention.

AS THE POST predicted yesterday, Blaine was defeated in New York. Edmunds secured the delegation from the State at large, and a part of the district delegates. The Ohio Convention sent a delegation divided between Blaine and Sherman. It may now be set down as almost certain that neither Blaine, Edmunds, Arthur nor Logan will be the Republican nominee.

THE white Republicans of Georgia met and "resolved" to control the action of the party in that State, but failed most miserably. The colored Republicans of Mississippi met and, without any mock heroic manifestations, proceeded to shape the course of the party after their own fancy. These two incidents are suggestive. Who are the Republicans of the South? Ask Chalmers.

THE House Committee on Appropriations has recommended the loan of $1,000,000 to the New Orleans Exposition. We suggest that Mr. Jeffords now apply for a loan of $50,000 to the next annual parde of our fire department. We promise that the Government shall be reimbursed "out of the money remaining in the treasury at the close of the exhibition."

SENATOR MCPHERSON of New Jersey will, perhaps, be proposed as a Democratic Presidential candidate. There are indications of a boom on his behalf. He is what his friends call a conservative protectionist. Mr. McPherson is also a man of large means, and his friends think that he could certainly carry New Jersey, which would be a very important factor in the next Presidential election.

EAST Mississippi is a marvelous country. Two years ago some one from Starkville came to the front with a flying machine, with which he was to cross the ocean in two or three hours. He was followed by a lonely hermit with a team of buzzards trained to draw a chariot containing a man through the air at the rate of fifty miles an hour, and Meridian produces the inventor of perpetual motion, who is to build an immense establishment for the manufacture of the machines, and from this that town is to grow pompous and respectable.

THE Atlanta Constitution suggests that "there is a way that every man can get a good, remunerative price for his crop this year. Let the farmer go to a good, reliable commission merchant and sell the number of bales he expects to make, say for November or October. He will get about 10½ net for it, and can make money planting cotton at that price. The farmers of the South can raise no more remunerative crop than cotton at 10 cents per pound, but of course we must insist on his raising all the provisions needed. A farmer who buys hay, corn and bacon will never get along in any country, but he can, by raising these for his home supply, make money if he can get 10 cents per pound for cotton as his surplus crop."

THE close race between Arthur, Blaine, Edmunds, Logan, and other favorites, renders it somewhat probable that none of them can secure the coveted nomination which Republicans now assert is equivalent to an election. Grant may then loom up as the man upon whom some of the disappointed candidates can unite their forces and give the nomination. Referring to Gen. Grant's possible candidacy, the Philadelphia Times says:

> If Democratic dissensions on the tariff shall be an entering wedge to divide the South, Grant is the one candidate who could revolutionize the reconstructed States. Grant's nomination is by no means assured, but he is one of the livest of the Chicago possibilities.

THE Clarion is getting to be a really good paper. We are pleased to see its columns so full of original communications and editorials. It shows some firmness and will no doubt get what it wants from the next Mississippi Legislature, for a gift of $12,500 each.

"Put Yourself in His Place."

This admonition should be heeded by political parties, and by sections of the country, as well as by individuals. It is always well to "look at the other side," and to consider what you would do under similar circumstances.

The Connecticut State Republican Convention this week instructed its delegates to Chicago to present the name of Joseph R. Hawley as a candidate for President of the United States. Mr. Hawley is one of the United States Senators from Connecticut, has an excellent war record, is a man of positive convictions and decided views, and is very popular in the Eastern and Middle States.

We merely desire to call attention to a recent utterance of Gen. Hawley: He said there is not a free ballot in fifteen States of the Union, and that he would make this an issue of the next Presidential canvass. Some people may think this is idle talk; that there is nothing in it, and nothing will come from it. But these people may be mistaken, and probably a great deal of significance should be attached to Gen. Hawley's declaration.

Suppose the Democratic party shall carry New York, Indiana, and the Solid South, in the next Presidential election and thus secure the right to control the Government and destinies of the United States? And suppose that Gen. Hawley, and his followers (and he may have a large number of followers by that time) should step forward and object to the reins of the Government being handed over to the representatives of the Democratic party, for the alleged reason that there has been a repression of a free ballot in a number of the Southern States, and that a large number of the citizens of those States did not have the opportunity to express their preferences, or if they did express their preferences a correct return was not made? Is it probable, under such circumstances, that the citizens of the North and West, would be willing to turn the Government of the United States over to New York, Indiana, and the Solid South?

It is very proper that the Democratic party managers should give some thought and attention to all these things. And it is proper that the Southern people should "put themselves in the place" of the Northern people, and think what they would do under similar circumstances if the conditions were reversed.

Of one thing we feel assured, and we put it down among THE POST's political prophecies: The Democratic party will never obtain control of the Government of the United States until it does so through the means of "a free ballot and a fair count," and as this is the Democratic platform the party cannot object to being held up to the fulfillment of its own declarations.

WHAT a powerful argument in favor of educating the colored race is afforded by the conduct and lives of such men as B. K. Bruce, John R. Lynch, and James Hill! The first-named is now Register of the Treasury of the United States and is also an ex-United States Senator; the second is an ex-Congressman, and the third is a United States States Collector of Customs in Mississippi. These distinguished and able colored men are in the city to-day; a reception was given them by their friends in this city last night, an account of which will be found in another column. Messrs Bruce, Lynch and Hill are men of superior intelligence, of conservative and thoughtful views, who have no desire to antagonize the races in any respect, or to do anything that, in their opinion, would injuriously affect the welfare of the State. Education, combined with natural ability, has made them what they are, and if education produces such good results, we are heartily in favor of extending the good, especially as there is a fine prospect of the General Government assisting in the great and beneficent work.

"Honor to Whom Honor is Due."

The speech delivered in the Senate by the Hon. J. Z. George, our distinguished Senator, on the bill to aid in the establishment and temporary support of common schools, was one thoroughly characteristic, being clear, logical and to the point. He met the opponents of the bill fairly and the result has been such as to lead us to think that Senator George's masterly effort went far towards its passage in the Senate.

It was agreed by some of the most distinguished Southern Senators, that the bill was unconstitutional, that it tended strongly towards the total demolition of States' rights, etc., and in fact to use the words of the Senator "the enemies or opponents of this measure differ widely from each other as to the principles on which they condemn it," but by his clear, straightforward reasoning Mr. George shows conclusively that all these objections are groundless, that such grants have been established as constitutional by numberless precedents from the earliest days of the Republic; and while regretting deeply the general tendency of the Government towards centralization, he shows that the money is a gift which the States are free to accept or reject and consequently their rights are in no way interfered with. His closing words contain, within themselves, that which indicates the true statesman, the man who really has the interest of his country at heart.

He says: "I do not add unduly to the powers of the Federal Government when I vote for this bill which has the sanction of precedents from the earliest days to the present time, and which, unlike most of the legislation of Congress of late years, gives no exclusive privilege to any, but confers a great boon on those who most need it, the great mass of the people, the workers and toilers, by whose muscle, intelligence and energy we have achieved the great material results of our present civilization."

We hope that the honorable J. Z. George will long represent us in the Senate for we feel assured that he will faithfully watch our interests, and continue what he is now, an honor to his constituents.—Canton Citizen.

THE English newspapers are unanimously in favor of the Morrison bill as a step in the right direction. They favor the bill for the same reason that our American free trade editor favors it, to-wit: It will advantage the British manufacturer and will deal the American manufacturer a damaging blow. Here are a few specimen expressions: London Spectator: "Of course the north of England holds that American free trade would be greatly to the interest of British manufacturers." Pall Mall Gazette: "The progress of the Morrison bill will be watched with interest by English exporters to the American market, as much as it can hardly fail to tend in our favor." London Iron and Coals Trade Review: "For some time past there has been but little chance of supplying English trade in the States, owing to the very low prices of native iron," and it hails with satisfaction the introduction of the Morrison bill. The London Machinery Market: "It is not to be supposed that there will be free imports into the States, but a tariff for revenue only, which is the leading cry of the Democrats, will open an immense field for the sale of English manufactured goods in the States." The same journal also says the fact that England is now buying from the States nearly as much in the way of manufactures in iron and steel machinery as England is selling to them, is a result that "must be looked upon as miserable," and while England must search for a better customer, it must not fail to "watch the opportunity which the tariff reduction in the States will open to us."

The Tehauntepec Ship Railway.

An exhibition in which our people will be specially concerned, and which will attract the liveliest attention of all visitors will be that of Capt. Eads' Tehauntepec Ship Railway project. We have received a letter from the great engineer announcing his intention of making a display of the model. Capt. Eads has been in England for several months past, looking after the interests of his enterprise, and has devoted some time to having constructed a complete working model of the entire idea. This model has been carefully and elaborately finished, having cost in all some $10,000, and it will enable the public to witness the entire operation contemplated in Capt. Eads' proposition. The apparatus will occupy a space four feet long by ten feet wide. It will snow the docks into which the ships are brought at either end of the line, the means by which they are lifted on to the cradles, and the whole process of carrying them across the Ithmus, conquering with perfect ease all the abrupt elevations and irregularities of the route, and finally reaching, with safety and dispatch, the harbor at the other end. It will be one of the most interesting of the innumerable strange and wonderful exhibits that will make the New Orleans Exposition famous.—Times-Democrat.

Distinguished Speakers.

We had the pleasure of hearing ex-Senator Bruce, ex-Congressman Lynch and Dr. Geo. W. Bryant, speak in the Court-house on Thursday night. Ex-Congressman Lynch was first introduced and spoke briefly, touching lightly on the dissensions of the Republican party in this county and on the Fusion movement, which he strongly advocated. His speech was well received by the Republicans. Ex-Senator Bruce next addressed the audience, in a few words, alleging over work as a reason for not speaking longer. In conclusion Dr. Geo. W. Bryant, responded to loud calls from both parties. His speech was very short and was well received. After which all holding cards were invited to Odd Fellows' Hall, where a grand banquet was held. The tables were filled to overflowing with the best of eatables as well as plenty of Mum's "extra dry." The toasts were innumerable and delivered with ease and grace. We regret that our limited space prevents giving a more lengthy account of the affair, but will say that the Republicans of Madison county may feel proud of the visit of these distinguished gentlemen.—Canton Citizen.

HON. C. E. HOOKER has been retained to defend the Jesse brothers, who killed Rials at Hazlehurst some weeks ago. He will also defend Wheeler, who killed Matthews.—State Ledger.

A Remarkable Assumption.

The Herald, in a long article inspired by the speech of Judge Kelley on the Morrison Tariff bill in the House a few days since, asks the following question:

> Will Mr. Kelley or any one else pretend that the condition of the laboring classes throughout the United States is better now than it was thirty or forty years ago?

We are well aware that the Herald is a disciple of the Professor Sumner school of political economists who declare that statistics have no place in the discussion of economic questions. Nevertheless our respected contemporary will pardon us if we answer its question by statistics collected from the censuses of 1850 and 1880 The comparison will not convince the Herald, but it may throw some light upon the subject for others who are interested in the question. The following figures show the annual compensation of laborers in the leading industries at the times the censuses of 1850 and 1880 were taken:

Industry.	Average Annual Wages '50.	Average Annual Wages '80.	Incr'se. Per ct.
Agricul'l implt's.	$300	$590	99
Boots and shoes.	205	380	88
Cotton goods	196	249	27
Carpets	201	355	66
Leather	220	412	65
Woolen goods	150	298	87

This list could be extended so as to include every leading industry in the country, but the result would still be the same. Mulhall's Dictionary of Statistics, which, being a British authority, should claim the respect if not the admiration of the Herald, contains some statistics regarding wages for labor of various kinds in the United States. From this work it will be seen that wages were at the rate of $245 per employee in Massachusetts in 1850 against $590 in 1880—an increase of almost 47 per cent. For the whole of New England the wages per laborer in 1850 was $245 against $350 in 1880—an increase of 43 per cent. In the South only wages were higher in 1850 than in 1880. In the United States the rate in 1850 was $255, and $365 in 1880—an increase of 42 per cent during the thirty years. These figures would convince the average man that the wage-classes are better off than they were in 1850. We are sure that the Herald asserts that the cost of living has increased proportionally within that period. This is not the case. Rents are somewhat higher than thirty years ago, because people demand and will have better houses. Bread sugar, pork products, clothing, shoes, staple woolen and cotton goods, are as low, and in some instances lower now than in 1850. Beef and some other kinds of food are somewhat higher now than in 1850. Since 1840 or 1850 the hours of labor have been reduced, and the trend of public opinion is in vogue them in many industries, even in New England, has nearly disappeared. People who depend upon wages for their living expend much more for the comforts and elegances of life which the increased wages and cheapened production has placed within their reach. The steadily increasing deposits in the savings banks show that many wage-earners are gaining property. Not long since the deposits in the savings banks of Lowell exceeded in amount the value of all the manufacturing corporations in that city of manufactures. These and similar facts may warrant one in "pretending" that the condition of the laboring classes is better now than thirty or forty years ago.—Boston Journal.

Exercise as a Remedy for the Nervous.

"When I reflect on the immunity of hard-working people from the effects of 'strong nerves,' says Mr. Wendell Boerhaave, "I cannot help thinking that most of our fashionable diseases might be cured mechanically instead of chemically, by climbing a bittersweet-tree, or chopping it down, if you like, rather than swallawing a decoction of its disgusting leaves." For female patients, gardening, in all its branches, is almost as fashionable as the said diseases, and no liberal man would shrink from the expense of a board fence, if it would induce his drug-poisoned wife to get her hand at turn-spading, or, as a last resort, at hocing, or even a bit of wheelbarrow-work. Lawn-tennis will not answer the occasion. There is no need of going to extremes and exhausting the little remaining strength of the patient, but without a certain amount of fatigue the specific fails to operate, and experience will show that labor with a practical purpose—gardening, boat-rowing, or amateur carpentering—enables people to begin themselves into a far greater amount of health than the drill-master of a gymnasium could get them to undergo. Besides the potential energy that turns hardships into play-work, athletes have the further advantage of a practical disease-resisting capacity. Their constitution does not yield to every trifling accident; their nerves can stand the wear and tear of ordinary excitements; a little change in the weather does not disturb their sleep; they can digest more than other people. Any kind of exercise that tends to strengthen—not as special set of muscles, but the muscular system in general—has a proportionate influence on the general vigor of the nervous organism, and thereby on its pathological power of resistance.

For nervous children my first prescription would be—the open woods and a merry playmate; for the chlorotic affections of their elder comrades—some diverting, but withal fatiguing, form of manual labor. In the minds of too many parents there is a vague notion that rough work brutalizes the character. The truth is, that it regulates its defects; it calms the temper, it affords an outlet for feelings that would otherwise vent themselves in fretfulness and ugly passions. Most school teachers know that city children are more fidgety, more irritable and mischievous than their village comrades; and the most placid females of the genus homo are found among the well-fed but hard-working boasters of German Pennsylvania.—Dr. Felix L. Oswald, in Popular Science Monthly.

THE Republicans declare against the convict labor system, and their leading candidate and representative men advocate putting the convict labor to building public highways. What will Democracy have to say upon this question?—Nashville Banner.

A YOUNG man should have courage to wear his old clothes until he can afford trusted for others. He will not then be obliged to steal.

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TIN, COPPER AND SHEET-IRON WORKER.
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SIGNAL SERVICE REPORT.

LOCAL WEATHER REPORT.

TIME.	BAR.	THE	HUM	WIND	WEATHER.
7 a. m.	30.09	53	77	S. W.	Fair.
2 p. m.	30.10	67	36	S. W.	Fair.
7 p. m.	30.00	73	50	S. W.	Clear.
11 p. m.	29.94	67	60	S. W.	Clear.
7 p. m.	29.97	65	63	S.	Clear.

	1883.	1884
Maximum thermometer	68.7	73.4
Minimum thermometer	46.1	50.3
Mean temperature	58.4	63.7
Rainfall	.00	.00

STAGE OF RIVERS.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER,
April 23, 2 p. m. Washington time.

The following observations were taken at the same moment of time at all the stations named:

STATIONS.	Above low water. feet.	In's	Changes. Rise In's	Fall In's
Fort Ill	37	10	...	1
Chattanooga	15	1	15	...
Nashville	25	1	23	...
Davenport, Iowa	8	2	...	2
Dubuque, Iowa	10	7	1	...
Keokuk	43	0	...	...
Cedar Rapids, Iowa	9	6	...	3
Rock Island	11	7	9	...
Moline	12	0	...	5
Louisville	21	1	...	4
Evansville	15	11	14	...
New Orleans	7	6	...	1
Memphis	3	8	...	6
Vicksburg	18	8	...	6
Davenport	23	11	...	2
St. Louis	6	4	...	2
St. Paul	4	4	...	...
Cairo	45	6	...	1
Fort D. T.	6	6	...	...

Below high water of 1874. *Frozen.

HIGH WATER AT VICKSBURG IN FORMER YEARS

Highest water '62, above zero, 51 1-10 feet.
Highest water '67, above zero, 49 feet.
Highest water '74, above zero, 45 ft. 8 inches
Highest water '75, above zero, 43 feet.
Highest water '79, above zero, 47 ft. 10 inches
Highest water '80, above zero, 43 ft. 2 inches
Highest water '81, above ze'o, 41 ft. 10 inches
Highest water '82, above zero, 48 ft. 9 inches
Highest water '83, above zero, 43 ft. 10 inches

HIGH WATER OF 1882.

Stations.	Date of Highest Point.	Highest point Reached.
Fort [illegible]	Feb. 20, 1882...	51 ft. 9 inches
Cincinnati	Jan. 19, 1882...	40 ft. 2 inches
Cincinnati	Feb. 21, 1882...	58 ft. 6 inches
Marietta	Dec. 3, 1881...	10 ft. 1 inch
Little Ark.	March 9, 1882.	37 ft. 3 inches
Keokuk	Nov. 29, 1881...	11 ft. 5 inches
Rock Island	Feb. 24, 1882...	21 ft. 6 inches
Dubuque	Feb. 22, 1882...	37 ft. 2½ inches
Memphis	March 6, 1882.	36 ft. 0 inches
Louisville	Jan. 22, 1882...	54 ft. 7 inches
New Orleans	Feb. 27, 1882.	17 ft. 5 inches
St. Louis	Feb. 22, 1882...	28 ft. 3 inches
Vicksburg	March 20, 1882	48 ft. 9 inches

Below high water of 1874.

THE RIVER.

ARRIVED.

John W. Cannon, from Greenville.
R. E. Springer, from New Orleans.
Centennial, from New Orleans.
John F. Halpin, from Davis Bend.
Harry and tow, from Deer Creek.

DEPARTED.

R. E. Springer, for Cincinnati.
Centennial, for St. Louis.
Commonwealth, for New Orleans.
Leflore, for Greenwood.
Commonwealth, for St. Louis

BOATS DUE TO-DAY.

Duquesna, Greenville to Vicksburg.
J. H. Williams, Tallulah to Vicksburg.

BOATS DUE TO-MORROW.

Arkansas City, St. Louis to Vicksburg.
C. Carroll, Jr., Sharkeys to V'burg.
Cal. Miller, Natchez to Vicksburg.
Bedlight, Sunflower to Vicksburg.

BOATS DUE MONDAY.

City of Yazoo, New Orleans to V'burg.
City of St. Louis, N. O. to St. Louis.
Golding Star, New Orleans to Cincinnati
Thos. Sherlock, Cincinnati to N. O.
Speck, Deer Creek to Vicksburg.

BOATS LEAVING MONDAY.

For Natches—Capt. Miller, 8 a.m.
For Davis' Bend—John F. Halpin, 10 a.m
For Greenville—Duquesna, p.m.

NOTES.

River falling.
Bright and cool.
Two boats leaving to-day.
All the boats leaving yesterday had tows.
There were five arrivals and five departures yesterday.
The Commonwealth left at 11 a.m. for St. Louis, Cairo and St. Louis with a tow.
The through Anchor Liner Centennial, passed up for St. Louis at 10 o'clock last night with all she wanted.
The Thomas Sherlock will probably open in the picnic and excursion business after the present trip.
The P. Line steamer Leflore leaving Monday evening for Greenwood had a large trip of freight and people.
The Headlight, Capt. Geo. W. Bookhalter, is due to-morrow from Sunflower river. She will return Wednesday at 4 p.m.
The Reuben R. Springer passed up the Ohio yesterday evening after taking a lot of Gypsies and their wagons to Louisville.
Thomas Kelley, watchman of the Jno. A. Scudder, left by rail last night for St. Louis, to attend the funeral of his brother-in-law.
The Jno. F. Halpin, Capt. John Hutchinson, arrived yesterday evening from Davis Bend with a light trip. She leaves Monday at 10 a.m.
Capt. J. W. Tobin's new cotton boat is to be 250 feet long, 44 feet beam, 8 feet hold, 36 inch cylinders, and 8 feet stroke.
The Howards will build it.
The Harry and tow, Capt. Jno. W. Scott, arrived last night from Deer Creek with a fair trip. She returns this afternoon with a big trip in sight of several people.
Lloyd Gilbey, clerk of the W. P. Thompson, will be at the Wharfboat from the 20th, and pay all C. O. D. bills of that boat. Merchants and shippers please call.
The steamer J. H. Williams, Capt. [illegible], arrived from Tallulah, La., this evening to leave again Monday at noon. Shippers hear this fact in mind.
The dandy Iesquena, Capt. H. C. Marionneaux, is due from Greenville this evening. She always receives at the Wharfboat, and will leave again Monday evening at 5 o'clock sharp.
The Golden Crown, Capt. E. S. Shinkle, was libeled Monday at Cincinnati for debt, and her owners say she will have to be sold at Marshal's sale to liquidate. She owes about $30,000.
The little giant of the Yazoo, E. C. Carroll, Jr., Capt. Tom R. Smith, Frank Beck, Jr., clerk, will arrive from Sharkey's to-morrow evening. She receives at the Wharfboat and is the Tuesday P. Liner, leaving at 5 p.m.
The artistic Arkansas City, Capt. H. W. Brolaski, is due from St. Louis tomorrow evening. She receives at the Elevator and is the Tuesday Anchor Liner leaving at 11 a.m. Eugene Platt is her passenger agent.
The fleet and handsome steamer John W. Cannon, Capt. Wm. Campbell, arrived early this morning from Greenville with 492 bales of cotton, 4,300 sacks of cotton seed meal, 200 sacks of cotton seed and several people. After taking a portion of the cargo of the John A. Scudder she left for New Orleans at 1 o'clock.
The fine Vicksburg and New Orleans packet City of Yazoo, Capt. B. S. Leathers, A. McVay clerk, will be found at the Wharfboat Monday, receiving to leave Tuesday evening at 5 p.m. for New Orleans and all lower coast landings. Lundie Sherrard is her passenger agent.
The John A. Scudder left Warrenton yesterday evening for New Orleans with 1,200 tons of freight, the Commonwealth bringing 700 tons of her freight back to Vicksburg, and putting it in the elevator. Most of it goes forward this morning on the John W. Cannon. Capt. James O'Neal, at present in charge of the Commonwealth, who is authority on such matters, says the damage to the Scudder can be repaired with a side dock, in which case the damage to the hull can be easily repaired. Some freight in the hold was damaged, but not to any great extent. The freight on deck was uninjured.

CLIPPINGS.

Cincinnati Marine Journal: The work of the Mississippi River Commission, remains interest and in the vicinity of Plum Point and Lake Providence, where the heaviest work is being performed, and severely tested by the floods and unusually long spell of very high water. If all the revetments, dykes, and other important features of the work, are found unmoved, as they were after the flood of last year, the skeptics will, temporarily at least, be forced to keep silent.

MATHEW ARNOLD has this to say of American ladies and gentlemen in a reported interview with a Cincinnati Commercial Gazette correspondence:

> The Americans are a commercial people, with the intellectual limitations of such a people. The conditions make them a commercial people; they could not be otherwise, situated as they are. They have a vast continent and all its resources are to be developed. Business absorbs the time and powers of the men as it does not in Europe; consequently there is in America no class of gentlemen as in England, although everywhere are individuals equal to any gentleman in the world, and the ladies are more charming. I have never met such talkingness. The young ladies are most engaging, while many of the gentlemen have the tone of feeling and the speech of English gentlemen. The ladies are much more engaging than English ladies, are better informed, and more original in conversation. It is the talkingness or engagingness in all American ladies that really quite fascinates me. The young ladies are so well posted, and converse so pleasantly.

THERE will be 401 votes in the Electoral College, 201 being a bare majority. The South will cast 153 for the Democratic nominee, and it does seem as if the Northern Democracy must pick up the remaining 48 necessary to carry the election. New York will have 36 votes, or only 12 less than the number required. The Tilden representation of New York and Indiana, the East and the West, the Democrats ought to be able to carry those States as well as New Jersey, Nevada, California, and possibly one or two other States. The Republicans are aware that the contest will be a close one and that they are in great danger of losing the next race. The leaders are sounding the note of warning in time to put all on their guard. They are advising against over confidence and arguing the necessity of nominating a strong ticket. The New York Tribune, Cincinnati Commercial Gazette and papers of that class deal with this question very seriously, and not in their usual style of bluster, bombast and bravado, all of which suggests to the Democrats the importance of keeping cool, avoiding angry discussion or hasty action, and going into the fight thoroughly united and determined to win. We can carry the next election if every man will do his duty.—Memphis Ledger.

QUITE a scene to-day occurred between Dorsheimer and Randall. The former attempted to insult Mr. Randall, but he was met with proper spirit and dignity, and the sympathy of the House was entirely with Mr. Randall. It looks as if the Democrats of the House would stand by Mr. Randall in opposing the course of Chandler. Senate navy bill.—Picayune special.

As I write, Mr. Morrison is reading a long speech, in an execrable way, in explanation and defense of his measure. It sounds very much like a Golden Chain proposition, and is opposed by Randall, who says it is the opposite of the whisky ring reading the death warrant of the Democratic party.—Washington Cor. Augusta Chronicle.

The Concert of the Mozart's.

We have spoken heretofore of the Mai Fest of the Mozart Orchestra, which takes place at the Opera-house next Monday and Tuesday evenings, and a glance at the following tasty programme ought to satisfy any person that our most sanguine expectations will be fulfilled:

PART I

1. Overture, Le Diademe.....Herman—Orchestra.
2. Vocal Solo, Molly Bawn.....Lover—Mr. Julian Barnett.
3. Violin Solo, 3d. Air Varie.....Dancla—Mr. J. C. Bowmar.
4. Sextette for Horns.....Mendelssohn—Messrs. Knox, Lowenhaupt, Shade, Kette, Moser and Foster.
5. Duet. Miserere from Il Trovatore. Verdi—Miss Lelia McCutchen and Mr. J. Barnett.
6. Piano Solo, Mai Fest Overture....Talen—Prof. F. G. Talen.
7. Cornet Solo, Minnie Polka.....Spence—Mr. L. R. Knox.
8. Trio for Violin, Flute and Piano..Verdi—Messrs. Lowenhaupt, Shade and Kette.
9. Witch Waltzes.....Rosenfeld—Orchestra.

PART II

Overture, Chevalier Breton...Herman—Orchestra.

2. Vocal Solo, My Sweetheart When a Boy—Morgan.....Mrs. John McQuaide.
3. Flute Solo, "Der Rattenfanger Von Hameln" with Variations...Neuendorf—Mr. Will H. Shade.
4. Recitative and Aria from Der Freischutz.....Von Weber.—Mrs. J. H. Gray.
5. Fantasie, Solitude (by request) Mercadante.....Orchestra.
6. Vocal Quartette, "Wer Hat Dich Du Schoner Wald ?".....Mendelssohn. Messrs. McQuaide, Ernst, Kette and Moser.
7. Trombone Solo from Faust.....Berloiz—Mr. Fred. Moser.
8. Joliy Mozart's March.....Air by Talen. Orchestra.

Such an excellent programme cannot fail to please the most fastidious. On the second night the programme will be varied by a violin solo by Mr. E. Lowenhaupt, a piano solo by Miss Sallie Isaacs, a piccolo solo by Mr. Will H. Shade, etc. Nothing further need be said, as the above programme speaks for itself.

A Russian Fable.

A lion, who on state affairs was set,
Looked round about to form his cabinet.
A court, and legislature too, was sought,
For which the elephants to him were brought;
But, finding them so few and incomplete,
The asses too were summoned to a seat.
By which the government, as it appears,
Found its majority in donkeys' ears.

The lion-king was foolish, one would say,
To scatter office among such a way;
For no one surely, knew so well as he
His strength goes not with mere majority.
But in this way his fathers ruled before,
And what had been must be for evermore;
The heresy he hated to incur
Was to be wiser than his fathers were.
If folly in numbers wisdom far surpasses,
He would have folly and the herd of asses!

And then, thought he, the elephants' mighty brains
Will neutralize the stupid asininity,
For wisdom is, of course, superior force,
And with such denseness has no true affinity;
But oh! the asses' folly took the lead,
For the elephants nobody cared to heed.
This shows how such a rule all hope harasses—
The elephants themselves grew dull as asses.

—Joel Benton.

DOWN to 1860, as has already been stated in these columns, the people of Georgia were about equally divided on tariff and free trade. Nearly all manufacturing establishments in the South were destroyed during the war, and with them was swept away the means to rebuild and keep them anew. The great loss sustained by our people in life and property, and the wrongs inflicted upon them during the reconstruction period, very naturally engendered a feeling of hostility to the manufacturing interests of the North and the policy which had fostered them. Those interests are now so firmly established that possibly some of them might be able to survive the adoption of a free trade policy. But could we of the South stand such a policy? Can the South get along without the fostering care which built up the great enterprises of the Northern States? If this protection was necessary in their case, is it not equally so in ours? Shall we withdraw all protection, now that we need it, and the North may not?—Macon Telegraph and Messenger.

THE Carroll Watchman heads its defiance to the railroad injunction suit: "Lay on McDuff and d—n be he who first cries, hold, enough." If we remember correctly McDuff did continue to lay on with the sword, but that opponent was left headless. The same fate awaits the Commision, and "McDuff" will not need any encouragement to "lay on." He's already doing it.—Kosciusko Star.

GROOM—"What are you doing, my love?" Bride—"Making out a list of flower seed which I want you to order for our little garden." "Oh, yes; so I see; but, my love, you want the flowers to bloom this Summer, don't you?" "Why, of course." "Well, those you have put down do not bloom until the second season." "Oh, that is all right." "All right?" "Yes; I am getting the list from a last year's catalogue."

THIS State has a big elephant on its hands and does not know in what way to dispose of it. * * * The history of the Democratic party of this State since 1875 will be very interesting to the average reader a few years hence. * * * We see nothing in the educational bill that will ruin the South or knock the prop from under this State.—The Mighty Etc.

Notice to Steamboat Pilots.

Masters and Pilots of all boats on the Yazoo river are hereby notified that the drawbridge at Yazoo City, and that at Satartia, on the Yazoo City & Jackson Railroad, at Anthony's Ferry, will be always closed, and only opened when proper signals are given and answered. A watchman will always be on hand. Boats are requested to give two long blasts of the whistle as a signal to open the draw, and are warned not attempt to run the draw without signals, or to run against the draw in the event of the draw not being open.
JAS. W. EDWARDS, V. P. & G. M.

Democratic-Conservative State Convention.

ROOMS STATE DEM.-CON. EX. COM.,
JACKSON, Miss., April 9, 1884.

The Democratic-Conservative State Executive Committee have named Wednesday, June 11, 1884, at 11 o'clock a.m. in the city of Jackson, as the time and place for holding a State Convention to appoint delegates to the National Democratic Convention, and to nominate a Presidential electoral ticket. All Democratic-Conservative citizens of Mississippi, irrespective of past political associations, and differences, who can unite, with us in the effort for pure, economical and constitutional government are cordially invited to join in sending delegates to the convention. The basis of representation will be the same as heretofore fixed, unless otherwise ordered by the convention, viz: Each county will be entitled to double the number of delegates that it has Representatives in the lower House of the State Legislature. The committee recommends Saturday, May 31st, 1884, as the day upon which the counties shall hold their conventions, unless the county committee shall otherwise order. It is requested that a thorough organization of the Democratic-Conservative Party, be effected in each county, preparatory to the November election. W. L. HEMINGWAY, Chairman
D. P. PORTER, } Secretaries.
M. SMITH, }

The argument used by some able Senators that the passage of the Blair educational bill would infringe upon the rights of the States was the flimsiest buncombe. The danger to our country is far greater from the mass of illiterate voters than from any infringement of our supposed rights as a State.—Kosciusko Star.

VICKSBURG
Soap Works,
—OF—
GLASS BAYOU AND CHERRY ST.
VICKSBURG, MISS.
Highest Cash Price paid for Yellow Grease.
Address all orders to
ap3 W. O. WORRELL.

Wheeler & Wilson Silent No. 8
SEWING MACHINE.
THE VERY ACME OF PERFECTION
The Ladies Favorite.
PURCHASERS are requested to call, examine, and see or themselves.
Sold on monthly or weekly payments, and cheap for cash, at MME. FERGUSON'S,
139 Washington street.

The Vicksburg Evening Post.

VOLUME II. VICKSBURG, MISSISSIPPI, MONDAY, APRIL 28, 1884. NUMBER 102.

AMUSEMENTS.

COMING AGAIN.

TO-NIGHT

AND ALL THIS WEEK,

And Saturday Matinee at 2:30 p.m. for Ladies and Children.



Wonder-Worker!

100 Presents given away at each performance. 100

RATES OF ADMISSION:

Reserved seats, 50 cents, with 3 envelopes given you. Family circle, 35 cents, with 2 envelopes given you. Gallery, 25 cents, with 1 envelope given you. ap26

Reserved seats on sale at Clarke & Co.'s Bookstore.

The SECOND GRAND MAI FEST

WILL BE GIVEN BY THE

MOZART ORCHESTRA

—AT THE—

OPERAHOUSE

VICKSBURG, MISS.

—ON—

April 28th and 29th, 1884.

Assisted by the Best Vocal Talent in the City.

Change of Programme Each Evening

Reserved Seats $1. Tickets for sale at Clarke & Co.'s and Baum & Co.'s Bookstore, ap21-$t

CHEAP COLUMN.

LOST.

LOST.—An ear-ring, coral head. Lost on Grove street, or on Washington street between Warren Oil Mills and Grove street. A suitable reward will be paid if returned to this office. ap24-3t.

WANTED.

WANTED.—A turner on table legs. Steady work and good wages. Address W. B. BEARD, Superintendent of the Home Furniture Company, Jackson, Miss. ap18

WANTED.—SCHOOLS! TEACHERS!! Schools in need of competent teachers, and teachers in search of situations should address the Central Educational Bureau, R. K. JAYNE, Secretary, ap2 Jackson, Miss.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—An upright 7⅓ octave piano, good as new. Will be sold at W. H. Woodruff's store to highest bidder, Thursday, May 1st, 1884. CHAS. O'CONNOR, Constable.

FOR SALE.—Gin-house with 20-horse power Engine, 70-saw Cullet Gin Stand, Steam Press, 24-inch Straub Mill; all in good order. Cheap Engine. ap17-tf W. J. KATZENMIER.

FOR SALE—The LOT on the north east corner of Cherry and Grove sts. Apply to THOMAS MOUNT. mh19

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT.—Two large rooms, kitchen, outhouses, good yard and cistern. Apply at this office. ap26

FOR RENT.—Two rooms and kitchen opposite Jewish Synagogue. Apply on premises to MRS. H. WHITE. ap24.

FOR RENT.—A House on Cherry street, between China and Grove. ap16-2w MRS. E. FRANCIS.

FOR RENT.—Nice house with eight rooms, kitchen, good water, and surrounded by half square of land, situated on the National Cemetery road, and known as the Miller House. Cheap rent. ap15-1w E. & B. C. BONNELLI.

FOR SALE OR RENT.—60 Acres good land, one and a half miles from town, with plenty of wood and water. Apply at this office, or to R. P. WILSON, Vicksburg, Miss. m24-2w

THE SATISFACTION

Of sitting under one's own vine and fig tree pays the largest dividend of any investment. It is the best kind of life insurance. It is the best medicine in sickness. It enables a man to die easier, and robs death of one of the principal terrors to know that the loved ones we must leave behind us have a roof of their own over their heads which cannot be taken from them.

If you cannot buy a house and lot, you can at least make a commencement by investing $25 is a lot in Speed's Addition, and pay the balance in $5 monthly installments. No better opportunity to buy a home or to make a safe investment in Vicksburg is likely to occur than that now presented by the unprecedented terms upon which these lots are sold. sep1

LOCAL ITEMS.

LAST night of Zera Semon.

GO TO J. F. Baum & Co's. for choice Sunday reading.

ALDERMAN LOYD is doing well in spite of his painful injuries.

CLARKE & Co. have a full supply of Sunday reading.

MR. MIKE LEVY and bride arrived home yesterday from their bridal tour.

THE "Social Twenty" indulged in a dance last night at Magnolia Hall.

WHERE the Vicksburg Rifles hold their next meeting, the date of their annual picnic at Newman's grove will be decided.

Sherrard is her general ticket and passenger agent.

AS WE go to press Zera Semon is entertaining a large crowd at the matinee.

THE POST returns thanks for an invitation to attend a private party at Mr. J. W. Twiford's residence next Monday evening.

MR. S. D. HAUSMAN, the well-known dry goods salesman, left to-day for Memphis, where he enters the employ of Friedman Brothers.

REMEMBER that the big Concert of the season comes off Monday night at the Opera-house, and do not delay reserving your seats.

MASTER LEON LACKEY and Miss Mary McCray have been furnishing the music at the Opera-house during Zera Semon's engagement.

FIFTY feet of hose for each of our engine companies, and six sets of spanners, a gift from the American Hose Company, were received yesterday.

MAJOR A. M. MILLER, of Memphis, was in the city yesterday. Major Miller has charge of the first division of the Mississippi river improvements.

ALL those who have not witnessed Zera Semon's wonderful performances should not forget that to-night is his last appearance here for this season.

THE suit of the city against G. I. Record for the recovery of grounds inclosed by the latter was decided yesterday in the Circuit Court in favor of the city.

THE Amaranth Club are making big preparations for their picnic to be held at Newman's grove on Sunday, May 4th. As it is the first of the season it will most certainly be a grand success.

M. O. HARKINS, Petersburg, Va.; I. A. Cartright, Rolling Fork; W. W. Ford, Ark.; Hank Rosenbaum, Cincinnati; H. Hellu, New York; H. Jackson, H. P. Morancy, W. G. Wyly, La.; Alf. Welhaus, Atlanta, are at the LaMadrid.

A. HOBSTMAN, St. Louis; A. Rosenblatt, Baltimore; John McGinty, New Orleans; W. J. Cordille, Crowville, La.; C. W. House, Greenville; C. H. McAlpine, Miss.; and Lee Hamilton, Port Gibson, are stopping at the Pacific House to-day.

MR. JOHN HASZINGER has been sick for a few days past and unable to be at his shop. We are glad to see that he is now all right again, and can hereafter be found at his new establishment over Julius Rahman's cigar store, where he will be prepared to give the best attention to parties wanting anything in the shoe line. Call on John, if you want the easiest and most substantial shoes made; up-stairs, sign of the big boot.

THE dependence of man upon wheat-bread for his best nourishment makes it important that the bread be light, palatable, easy of digestion. Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder is the best means we have for securing those ends. A nation of housekeepers, have been using it for years and found it always the same, pure and healthful.

GENIAL SPRING

Is upon us, bleak Winter is gone and LEWIS BROS. have the most elegant new Spring stock of Shoes in the city. Jas. King's old stand, Washington street 26

The Issaquena.

Mr. J. B. Bress informs us that a telegram from Hall's Landing says the steamer Issaquena passed that place at 9 o'clock this morning and will be here on time this evening.

LUNDIE SHERRARD is now Agent for the Electric Light Fire Proof steamer Will S. Hays, office Basement LaMadrid House. ap 25

No. 19.

Editor of the Post:

Sir—Will you please correct a typographical error in your report concerning the Old Folks name as published yesterday. Instead of it being Vicksburg Tabernacle No. 79, it is No. 19—an important correction. And oblige,

R. A. GREEN.

Mme. A. CREFFOZ

Has just received the latest styles in Hats and Bonnets. A large assortment of Lace Caps. Everything new in Hair Goods, at the lowest prices. ap21-1w

Failing at Helena.

The river now stands 42 feet 9 inches at Helena, and has fallen 3 inches in the last 24 hours.

The Thompson and Taconia,

GREENVILLE, MISS., April 25.—The steamer W. P. Thompson leaves here this morning for Cincinnati. Have orders to come after the Taconia. The clerk is going back to settle the boat's business. The Taconia is one of the fastest and finest stern wheel boats running above Cincinnati. M. D. NELON, Captain.

The Last Night

of Zera Semon's engagement at our Opera-house. There is none at hand. There is still a chance for you to draw a gold watch or some other valuable and useful article, and beside see one of the finest magicians in the world. This will be your last opportunity to see Zera Semon. Matinee Saturday at 2:30 p.m. for Ladies and Children.

Vicksburg Murder Cases.

To-day the Supreme Court at Jackson will hear the murder cases of Hawthorne and Jack McKenna. Hawthorne is under sentence of life imprisonment and McKenna under death sentence for killing Ed. Wilson last Winter. The general impression is that the decision of the lower court will be sustained.

LUNDIE SHERRARD is now Agent for the O (Ohio river) Line of boats. Office, Basement LaMadrid House. ap 25

Fire Engine Test

The LaFrance engine of the Constitution Fire Company will, at 4 o'clock this afternoon, attempt to equal the feat performed by the Ahrens engine of Washington No. 3 on parade day of throwing six streams over the rear wall of the Hoffman building. The Ahrens got water through the nozzles in five minutes and six streams over the wall in eleven minutes. The trial this evening will be watched with interest by the firemen and their friends.

OUR APRIL OFFERINGS

Consist of a choice assortmens of the best-fitting stock of Men's and Boys' Clothing, and most attractive display of Furnishing Goods ever offered by us. Our rapidly increasing business justifies us in making this statement. People buy where they can get the BEST VALUE for their money. OUR MATCHLESS STOCK is meeting with a reception that is indeed satisfactory.

WARNER & SEARLES. ap23

LUNDIE SHERRARD is now Agent for the popular fleet Belle of the Bends, Issaquena. Office, Basement LaMadrid House. ap 25

The Accident to the John A. Scudder.

The large New Orleans and St. Louis Anchor Line steamer John A. Scudder, Capt. W. W. Baker master, met with quite an accident Thursday afternoon when landing at Bedford's Point, La., ten miles below here. When making a landing there she came in violent contact with the bank, crushing in the larboard side of the hull for a distance of 30 feet. The break was immediately opposite the boilers, and let the water into the hull quite rapidly. The boat was run over to Warrenton, where she made a good landing; and by the active exertions of the crew, and prompt use of the syphons, the flow of water was checked. After the boat was properly made fast to the bank, Capt. Baker dispatched a message by land to Vicksburg for assistance, and the Commonwealth, of the same line, was sent to her relief, and reached the disabled steamer yesterday and took off 400 tons of freight, which relieved the Scudder sufficiently for her to continue her trip safely. The lightered freight was brought to Vicksburg and stored away in the Elevator and will be shipped down the river the first opportunity. The Scudder was bound from St. Louis to New Orleans, and had on board at the time of the accident 1,900 tons, 700 tons of which was freight. Capt. Jas. O'Neil, who is at present in charge of the Commonwealth, and considered authority in such matters, says the break in the Scudder can be repaired with a side-dock, in which case the damage to the hull will be easily repaired. Some freight in the hold was damaged, but not to any great extent. The freight on deck was uninjured. The boat will enter protest at New Orleans, her port of destination.

$5,000.00

That Aguine is the best remedy now in the world for all malarial disorders. See advertisement.

The Madison Parish Election.

VICKSBURG, MISS., April 26, 1884.

Editor of the Evening Post:

The following is a list of the District and Parish officers elected Tuesday, April 22, 1884:

Senator of Madison—G. W. Montgomery.

Judge 8th Judicial District—Hon. E. J. Deloney.

District Attorney 8th Judicial District—Joseph E. Rausdell.

Representatives, Parish of Madison—Hon. G. Hawkins, W. W. Johnson.

Sheriff—Hon. Henry B. Holmes.

Clerk 8th Judicial District—F. M. Dawson.

Coroner—Dr. W. P. Yerger.

W. W. JOHNSON.

RECEPTION AND BANQUET

In Honor of Distinguished Colored Visitors.

The prominent colored citizens of this city gave a reception and banquet at Klein's Hall last night in honor of ex-Senator B. K. Bruce, Register of the United States Treasury, ex-Congressman John R. Lynch, and Internal Revenue Collector James Hill. A large number of colored people, the most intelligent of the city, were in attendance, and Prof. W. H. Reynolds was made chairman of the meeting.

An address of welcome was delivered by Mr. D. B. Temple, after which the chairman introduced

REGISTER BRUCE,

who spoke ably for a few minutes. He thanked the audience for the respect and consideration shown him, and said that upon his return to Mississippi he found many noticeable improvements. His people were buying themselves land and educating their children. He found less bitterness between persons entertaining different political views, and less bitterness of feeling between the races. About two decades ago, within a few miles of this city he first entered public life, and here he ever found encouragement and support. He spoke of an allusion made by the chairman to the positions in which he had been placed and the rapidity of his promotions, saying: "If I have seemed to travel faster than other men similarly equipped it is because you, my friends, have built the road upon which I have traveled. If I have seemed to climb higher than other men it is because you have erected the ladder upon which I have climbed." He spoke of the bill appropriating $50,000,000 for schools in the South, which was a good move, as in the South was where it was needed. He said the race problem must be worked out by the colored people themselves. With perseverance and caution a few years would solve the problem. He closed his address, which was certainly eloquent and full of good advice to his people, by advising them to secure farms and educate themselves.

EX-CONGRESSMAN LYNCH

was next introduced, and he delivered a few words also full of good advice. He said he, too, always felt at home here. He was bound to the people of Vicksburg with ties of affection that time nor distance could not obliterate.

INTERNAL REVENUE COLLECTOR HILL

was then introduced. He said that when he heard ex-Senator Bruce say that he was to be followed in a few minutes he had supposed it meant to the supper table. He had no speech prepared, but made a few remarks, saying among other things that the dirt roads, bridges, Courthouses and school-houses of the State were in need of supervision rather than the railroads. His talk was quite humorous, and was frequently greeted with outbursts of laughter.

THE BANQUET.

At the conclusion of Mr. Hill's remarks a hand-shaking followed, after which the assembly repaired to a sumptuous banquet.

The distinguished visitors departed on the 2:15 train this afternoon for Jackson.

Tickets.

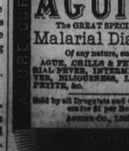
For Mozart's Mai Fest, are now on sale at Clarke and Co's and Baum & Co's bookstores. This evening or to-morrow morning will be a good time to drop in and have your seats reserved.

Needing Attention.

The city authorities had better be giving their attention to the high embankment on Clay street between Third North street and the Harper P. Hunt property. The first big rain is likely to wash away a great portion of the embankment, and also the fine and costly brick culvert that passes under the embankment. When the street is washed out and travel thereby interrupted, the city will then be compelled to attend to this matter, but it will be at an hundred fold greater expense than would be necessary if attended to now.

A TRIUMPH OF SKILL.

Dr. Price's SPECIAL



FLAVORING EXTRACTS

Prepared from Select Fruits that yield the finest Flavors. Have been used for years. Become The Standard Flavoring Extracts. None of Greater Strength. None of such Perfect Purity. Always certain to impart to Cakes, Puddings, Sauces, the natural Flavor of the Fruits.

STEELE & PRICE, CHICAGO.

LOUIS HOFFMAN

AGENT FOR THE



"CHAMPION"

Reaping and Mowing Machine

THE BEST MACHINE MADE.

LOUIS HOFFMAN.

ap14

Dry Goods & Plantation Supplies

—AT—

REDUCED PRICES!

A short time since I purchased from the closing out sale of Messrs. August, Bernheim & Bauer, (late Mayer Bros. & Co.,)

A Large Quantity of Dry Goods and Plantation Supplies

These goods are now on my second floor, and will be sold to wholesale as well as retail purchasers at bargains that cannot be duplicated elsewhere. Attention is also called to a full line of

PLANTATION BOOTS AND SHOES

—AND THE—

LARGEST WHOLESALE GROCERY STOCK IN VICKSBURG.

Purchasers in any of these lines of goods will find it to their interest to call and examine my stock.

JACOB SHLENKER,

137 WASHINGTON STREET, VICKSBURG. ap21

THOS. T. LEWIS, PRENTISS LEWIS.

LEWIS BROS.,

Will open the Shoe Store formerly occupied by Mr. Jas. H. King on the 22d of April with a large and well-selected stock of

×MEN'S× SHOES ×BOYS'×

LADIES', MISSES',

Custom Hand-Made Work

RARE BARGAINS

The stock was bought for cash at the lowest figure, and Lewis Bros. propose to give their customers the benefit of the purchase in the prices.

For Gents' Ladies, Misses and Children a specialty. The former patrons and customers are respectfully requested to call before purchasing elsewhere.

LEWIS BROS.,

THOS. E. LEWIS, Formerly with Phillip Gilbert. | PRENTISS LEWIS, With Mattingly, Son & Co.

135 WASHINGTON STREET.

T. J. HANES, J. W. HANES

HANES BROS.,

Successors to D. R. SMARR & CO.,

Auction and Commission Merchants,

206 WASHINGTON STREET, VICKSBURG.

Consignments solicited. Prompt returns and satisfaction guaranteed. feb22

JOHN B. CLARK. D. S. WRIGHT.

CLARKE & CO.

WE invite your attention and solicit your inspection, as we feel assured that you will find it to your interest to do so before buying elsewhere. We buy direct from the manufacturers and first hands, consequently we will duplicate prices of North, South or West.

Our Line of Blank Books

Embraces Day Books, Journals, Ledgers, Cash Books, full and half bound; Draft, Note, Order and Receipt Books, Pass and Memorandum Books, Monthly and Weekly Time Books, Invoice and Bill Books, and all kinds and sizes of blank books.

Also Letter Paper, Bill and Account Paper, Envelopes, Inks, Pens, Pencils, etc.

Our Book Department.

We have a large assortment of School Books, Medical, Scientific, Law and Miscellaneous Books, also all the New Books as issued. Our

Fancy Goods Departm't

Offers an elegant variety goods. Birthday and Congratulation Cards in large assortment.

Ladies' Stationery.

Our assortment is always large and in latest shades, shapes and kinds.

Artists' Materials.

Includes Oil, Water and China Painting Materials of every description. Raw Canvas, Plaques and Panels of all kinds. Also Art-Novelties for Decoration.

Musical Instruments.

Includes Pianos, Organs, Guitars, Banjos, Accordions, etc. Italian and German strings for different kinds of instruments. Agents for Decker Bros. Pianos and Mason & Hamlin Organs.

Headquarters for Wall Paper, Picture Frames, Mouldings, &c. All the Chief Libraries, both old and new issues. Newspapers, Magazines, New Publications received daily.

All orders or communications per mail, boat or otherwise answered with promptness, and satisfaction guaranteed. Send for Price List and Catalogue.

CLARKE & CO.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Booksellers, Stationers and Music Dealers

BLUE FRONT BOOK STORE, 136 WASHINGTON STREET, VICKSBURG.

VICKSBURG BANK.

EDWARD S. BUTTS, President. | Established Nov. 12, 1866.

E. C. KUYKENDALL, Vice-Pres.

JAMES P. ROACH, Cashier. | Incorporated Mar. 4, 1878.

Transacts a General Banking Business.

CHARTER PERPETUAL.

New York Correspondent, - - - - National Park Bank.

New Orleans Correspondent, - - - State National Bank.

may4

SPRING SPECIALTIES

Iron Age Cultivators,

Avery's Garden Plows,

Acme Harrows,

GERMAN MILLET SEED, SAPLING CLOVER SEED,

—AND—

LANDRETH'S GARDEN SEED,

LOW LOW COTTON PLANTERS

Globe Cotton Planters, Washburn & Moen's Thick Set Galvanized Barb Wire, Philadelphia Lawn Mowers.

LEE RICHARDSON & CO.

A. L. BLANKS'

Photographic Gallery,

CLAY STREET, OVER EXPRESS OFFICE. VICKSBURG, MISS.

STRICTLY FIRST-CLASS PHOTOGRAPHS of all sizes and styles. Old pictures copied and enlarged to any size desired.

INSTANTANEOUS PICTURES TAKEN AT THIS GALLERY

Post Office Box 191.

BASE BALL BATS, ETC.

The season has commenced, and, as usual, we have the largest stock of

Base Ball Bats, Croquet Sets, Hammocks,

MARBLES, TOPS, ETC.

Base Balls, - - - - - - - - 5 cents and up.

Four Ball Croquet Sets - - - - - 1.00

Eight Ball Croquet Sets - - - - - 1.50 and upwards.

HEADQUARTERS FOR EVERYTHING IN THE

Book & Stationery Line, Pocket Cutlery, Music, Musical Instruments,

FANCY GOODS, ETC.

Leading Newspapers and Magazines received daily.

J. F. BAUM & CO.

171 WASHINGTON STREET, VICKSBURG.

JOHN BOGIE, President, JOS. BILLITZ, Business Manager.

RIVERVIEW

Manufacturi'g Company

ARE NOW MANUFACTURING

CIDER!

Which they guarantee equal to the best made in the United States or elsewhere. Competition defied. City orders delivered free.

Office at Rennyville, Warrenton road. Orders can be left at S. Feld & Co.'s, 178 Washington street. ap16

C. C. REYNOLDS. E. A. NEELY.

C. C. REYNOLDS & CO.

Wholesale and Retail Druggists

AND DEALERS IN

White Lead, Mixed Paints, Linseed Oil, Lard Oil, Grant Oil, Turpentine, Putty and Glassware, Patent Medicines, Sponges, Brushes, Perfumery, Toilet Articles and Fancy Goods.

Agents for the celebrated Studebaker Wagons and Buggies.

Corner Washington and Levee streets, Vicksburg, Miss.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

[Special to THE EVENING POST.]

New Orleans River Report.

NEW ORLEANS, April 28.—The weather is cloudy, warm and threatening. Business dull.

Arrivals: John W. Cannon, from Greenville; John A. Scudder, from St. Louis; Chesapeake. No departures.

The Struggle for the Republican Nomination.

[Special to the Picayune.]

WASHINGTON, April 26.—As the fight goes on for the Republican nomination for President the rivalry becomes more intense and bitter. During the last few days there have been many declarations by Republicans that they would not vote for Blaine, and that he would be beaten if nominated. On the other hand, both the New York Times and New York Tribune are savage against Arthur. The Times says: "It should be made plain that the reformers have no confidence in Mr. Arthur. Why should they have? They judge him by his acts. He will send to Chicago a practically solid delegation from the South—the fruit of the most open, persistent, shameless and greedy use of patronage that the country has ever seen." The Times adds that "he has worked the spoils system with relentless and cynical energy."

The New York Herald, which is assuming to dictate the free trade policy to the Democratic party, and is abusing Randall, is practically an Arthur organ, and is daily expected to hoist his colors.

The proceedings of the New York Republican Convention are generally viewed by New York politicians, and here also, as unfavorable both to Arthur and Blaine. Neither Logan nor Edmunds has developed the strength claimed by their friends. Everything in the Republican canvass in the last day or two points to the dark horse, and he is several lengths ahead at this writing. Lincoln, Grant and Justice Miller are spoken of for this role, but Lincoln's show is perhaps the best.

Tilden and Payne.

The latest Presidential combinations are, Tilden and Payne, on the one hand and Grant and Lincoln, on the other. It is supposed that Tilden and Payne represents the desperate Democratic hope of successfully repressing the menaced and outraged industrial interests, while a three-cornered fight between Arthur, Logan and Edmunds will eventuate in the choice of Grant, now a New York resident, and Lincoln, who enters into nearly all calculations for some stray lightning stroke. All of these forecasts may dissolve like golden exhalations of the dawn. —Cor. Birmingham Age.

Arrested for Incendiarism.

In the Circuit Court to-day Ben. Shuster was committed to jail for setting fire to his store, on the testimony of —— Powell, who testified that he saw Shuster set fire to the building.

Odd Fellows.

Odd Fellows go to your hall and attend your anniversary and sociable to-night. Don't fail to bring your families. By order of N. G. AND COMMITTEE.

ONE of the finest musical compositions rendered in this city for many a day will be Professor Talen's "Mai Fest Overture," composed especially for the concert to-night.

An Unmentionable Mistake.

I was talking with some Southern Congressmen yesterday. They expressed their great disgust and indignation at the situation of affairs brought about by Kentucky-Illinois Statesmenship. "Gentlemen," I said, "it seems to me you made a mistake in not voting for Sam Randall for Speaker." They looked at each other sheepishly, laughed, and said in chorus: "We know it now; but don't mention it."—Phocion, in Birmingham Age.

The Republicans of New York in nominating Charles A. Rapallo, a Democrat, for re-election to the Court of Appeals, have set a fine example of wise and magnanimous party spirit. A party which casts aside partisan selfishness in choosing candidates for the bench cannot but gain the respect of the voters. The Republican party is not altogether hopelessly depraved everywhere.—Birmingham Age.

"Over the Hoffman Wall"

Is what all the street urchins bawl;
But the biggest thing yet
(That you must not forget.
But upon it may bet)
Will be the Amaranth Club picnic next Sunday. It

LUNDIE SHERRARD is now Agent for the O (Ohio river) Line of boats. Office, Basement LaMadrid House. ap 25

HENRY IRVING found at least one intellectual looking man among the Congressmen at Washington. While in that city he saw Tom Reed, of Maine, and said he bore a most astonishing likeness to Shakespeare.

OUR APRIL OFFERINGS

Consist of a choice assortment of the best-fitting stock of Men's and Boys' Clothing, and most attractive display of Furnishing Goods ever offered by us. Our rapidly increasing business justifies us in making this statement. People buy where they can get the BEST VALUE for their money. OUR MATCHLESS STOCK is meeting with a reception that is indeed satisfactory.

WARNER & SEARLES. ap23

THE biggest fight between the Blaine and Arthur factions in New York resulted in a defeat for both and a triumph for Cornell, the Administration candidate for Governor. This is a pretty good illustration of the manner in which the Republican party is likely to be defeated in the Presidential contest.

Arthur's Great Victory.

There is no mistake about the victory which Arthur won during the past week. He has concluded the Blaine campaign and the fight now must be for second choice.

First, in New York. The Arthur claims are double the concessions, but a fair examination of the lists gives Arthur about 35 delegates out of 72, Blaine 25 and Edmunds 12. The highest Edmunds claim is 14; the highest Blaine claim 29. The test vote in the State Convention was 251 for Boynton, Arthur-Edmunds candidate for temporary chairman, and 240 for Pitts, Blaine candidate. This shows how closely Blaine came to capturing the State, which would have killed Arthur completely. To beat Blaine the administration had to concede to Edmunds every one of the four delegates at large. Ex-Senator Thomas C. Platt ("me too"), who resigned with Conkling when Robertson was appointed Collector of the Port of New York by President Garfield, voted with Robertson for Pitts. He and Conkling are probably both angry because Arthur did not remove Robertson.

Second, in Connecticut. The whole delegation is for Gen. Hawley, which is pretty much the same thing as a defeat for Blaine. The Blaine claims are only live for second choice, and it is probable that he will not get more than that, even if he gets so many after Hawley is abandoned.

Third, in Ohio. This State looked like almost a clean sweep for Blaine a few days ago; but the Sherman men captured three delegates at large, and have 22 district delegates, making 25 out of 46. It is not certain how long the delegates will stick to Sherman, or how many of them may ultimately go to Blaine; but it was a big victory to head off Blaine on the first ballot.

Fourth, in Virginia. Gen. Mahone, by abandoning his financial heresies entirely and boldly assuming the Republican designation, has swamped the Blaine straighout movement and carried everything for Arthur.

It does not follow that Arthur will secure the nomination. A single glance at this delegation shows that his ranks are rather shaky. We credit him with the following delegates secured:

Alabama	19
Arkansas	14
Delaware	1
District of Columbia	4
Georgia	24
Illinois	4
Indiana	30
Louisiana	16
Mississippi	11
Missouri	17
New York	35
Pennsylvania	51
South Carolina	18
Tennessee	21
Virginia	24
	224

And with the following probable:

Florida	8
Kentucky	20
North Carolina	20
Texas	26
	76

And the following on second choice:

Colorado	6
Connecticut	6
Indiana	10
Maryland	16
Minnesota	20
Ohio	20
	64

This all makes but 364 votes, and although it only requires 411 to nominate, it appears that Arthur cannot succeed unless his men stick better than is anticipated. If they hold together with the firmness exhibited by the Grant men in 1880, the Logan 40 from Illinois and the Edmunds delegates may possibly come over to them.

Blaine has 165 delegates chosen and 150 more in sight. Unless either the Edmunds men from the North or the Arthur men from the South help him out, he is whipped already.

Edmunds stands no show. His adherents are accounted cranks by both the Arthur men and the Blaine men. The reason is because they are ardent civil service reformers. But they hold the balance of power and can nominate either Blaine or Arthur.

Indications now point to a new combination on Grant and Lincoln.—N. O. Picayune, 27th.

Mme. A. CREFFOZ

Has just received the latest styles in Hats and Bonnets. A large assortment of Lace Caps. Everything new in Hair Goods, at the lowest prices. ap21-1w

Notice.

A called meeting of the V. R. A. Chapter No. 3 will be held at the chapter-room this (Monday) evening, April 28th, 1884, at 7:30 o'clock, for the purpose of conferring the Royal Arch Degree. The officers and members are notified to be present. By order of M. E. H. P.

JOHN W. POWELL, Secretary. ap-28

Odd Fellows.

All Odd Fellows and their families are requested to meet at their hall to-night at 8 o'clock. By order of the N. G. and Committee. ap28

SLAUGHTERING PRICES!

—IN—

Boots and Shoes

—AT—

FOLEY'S SHOE STORE

English broad toe gaiters, $2.50; Longton toe, imitation buttoned gaiters, $2.75; Plain box gaiters, $3.00; imitation laced Longton toe, sewed gaiter, $3.50; ladies' hand buttoned kid, cheap at $4.75; ladies' hand laced kid, $3.75, cheap at $4.00; boys' buttoned gaiters, $2.50, cheap at $3.00; youths' buttoned gaiters, double soles, $2.00, cheap at $2.50.

Those in need of shoes will find it to their interest to call at this store, as we are determined to close out our entire stock at the above prices. Remember the place, FOLEY'S SHOE STORE, Washington street, Vicksburg, Miss. ap26

Death of Mrs. Lucy W. Irwin.

The remains of Mrs. Lucy W. Irwin, who died at Ocean Springs, Saturday night, were brought to this city on the 9:45 train this morning, and will be interred at 4 o'clock this afternoon. Mrs. Irwin was eighty-one years of age, and her death was the result of old age and general debility. She was a sister of Mrs. Dr. C. K. Marshall, and the mother of Mrs. Dr. H. Shannon, Mrs. Judge Cook, and Mrs. Gibbs, of this city. She was one of the old landmarks of Vicksburg, and possessed the love and veneration of children, grand-children and great grand-children, and the esteem and love of the entire community.

After a long life of usefulness, of beautiful example, and of kindly deeds, of duty well performed, she lays down her burdens and cares, to enter into the life everlasting, and to enjoy the rewards vouchsafed to those who have fought the good fight and kept the faith as nobly as she has done.

A Horrible Death.

Saturday night just as the mail train from Vicksburg arrived at Jackson, a poor unfortunate white man was run over and terribly mangled, dying in a few hours from the effects of his injuries.

It was ascertained that he was a Swede, named Milton Andersen, that he had come from New Orleans to Vicksburg, and was stealing a ride from Vicksburg to Jackson where he met his terrible fate. It appears that he had secreted himself under the sleeping-car on the trucks, and had tied a rope to some portion of the car to enable him to hold on safely in his perilous position. When the train arrived at the switch in Jackson, where it backs up to the Illinois Central depot, he attempted to get off, but just then the train commenced moving backward and caught him beneath the wheels, dragging him along for some distance, and running over both his legs and one arm, mangling him in the most terrible manner. He had a silver watch on his person which was broken in pieces and scattered along the track.

A Horrible Murder Near Chunky.

A murder occurred in this county, near Chunky Station, Thursday, which for cold-blooded atrocity and inhuman brutality, has few parallels in the annals of crime.

The unnatural fiend and author of the bloody tragedy, was a negro by the name of Clarke Suttles, a resident of the neighborhood. He lived in a cabin near the residence of Zed. Dennis, and for a long time, has been the terror of all that community. From accounts, he started out with a bloody purpose in his heart Wednesday morning, caring, seemingly, little as to who should be his victim. He seemed to have been on a wild rampage, and at enmity with all mankind, cursing and threatening several persons during the day, and declaring that he wanted blood. Wednesday night he set on fire and burned down a negro church, just across the line, in Newton county. From the scene of this outrage he went to the cabin of a negro named Floyd Walker, a section hand, and told him that he had come there to kill him. Walker asked him to let him build a fire and warm himself before he killed him, as he didn't want to die cold. Suttles told him that he might do that but said, "God damn you, I have come to kill you and I am going to do it. You interfered with, and broke up, my marriage with Emma Burwell and I am going to kill you." Walker knew his man, and while pretending to build a fire, made his preparations and escaped through a back window. This greatly enraged Suttles, and with the ferocity of a lion, he forced an entrance to the cabin and pounced upon an inoffensive negro boy, clubbing him almost to death. Frustrated in his murderous intent upon the life of Floyd Walker, he returned sullenly back to his cabin in this county, where he spent the night, and where he attempted to kill his own mother with an ax. She escaped from the house and he threw his ax at her as she turned the corner of the smoke-house into which it lodged. The day before he cursed and threatened to kill Mrs. Dennis and her child because the lady refused to turn the grinding stone for him. He flourished a knife in her face and gritted his teeth like a devil incarnate, while he indulged his wrath. She sat, pallid with fear, for her own safety and that of her child. Finally he left, abusing and threatening her.

Thursday morning he returned to Mr. Dennis' house and told Mr. Dennis that a yellow negro had killed old man Milledge Vaughn, and that his body was lying in a thicket near by. He said that he had cut his throat, and then cut one foot off and hid the foot in his (Suttles') buggy. He volunteered to go down and guard the body until Mr. Dennis could go and make the facts known to some of the neighbors. Instead of doing this, however, he passed right on by the body and was attempting to make his escape when he met Mr. Graham who had a writ for his arrest for his violations in Newton county. He resisted arrest and made fight by throwing his ax at Mr. Graham, who then presented his gun and shot him in the legs with a load of buck-shot. Mr. Graham's mule was frightened by the report of the gun, and wheeled and ran, and Suttles followed him with ax in hand, for a full quarter of a mile. He was intercepted by some hunters, and the party was soon joined by a posse from the county who had been on the trail of the negro Vaughn. They went to a hollow in the woods where they found the body of the negro Vaughn, and near by his missing foot. Suttles was then taken to Newton and lodged in jail.

thing that he had in his hand. They ordered him to lay down his ax and leave it, but he refused to do so, and as he attempted to rise with ax in hand, they shot him down.

He confessed to the murder of old man Vaughn, and died cursing the whole white race.—Meridian Mercury and Observer, 27th.

TWO IMMENSE STORES!

SWITZER, NEWWITTER & CO.,

Dry Goods House

133 WASHINGTON STREET,

(Scharff Bros. Old Stand.)

The Largest Wholesale and Retail Dry Goods Store in the city.

IMMENSE STOCK

—AND—

Lowest Prices!

EVERY DEPARTMET COMPLETE

NOTICE.

Our Dress Goods Department is under the supervision of Mr. Abe Joseph, (formerly of Mayer Bros. & Co.), whose services we have just secured. His many customers will be pleased to hear of this, and he will give his personal attention to all orders entrusted to him.

OUR CLOTHING AND HAT STORE

At 195 Washington Street,

Is the same stand we have occupied since our business began.

DON'T MISTAKE the PLACE.

The only place in Vicksburg to get HAMMERSLOUGH BROS.' (of New York)

Celebrated Fine Clothing,

And Hammerslough Bros. celebrated WHITE VESTS. These goods are all first-class, and we can guarantee a fit to the most fastidious.

BOYS CLOTHING

Is to be had at this store cheaper than at any other place in town.

Gents' Furnishing Goods, Gents' and Boys' Hats and Shoes,

Nobby Neckwear and Handkerchiefs.

In fact everything belonging to a first-class Clothing and furnishing store.

GIVE US A TRIAL.

SWITZER, NEWWITTER & CO.

Stockholders' Meeting

PURSUANT to a resolution of the Board of Directors of the Vicksburg Bank, the Stockholders of said Bank are hereby notified to assemble at the banking house of said Bank, in this city, on Thursday, May 1st, A. D. 1884, at 11 o'clock a.m., to vote upon the acceptance or rejection of a certain amendment to the charter of said Bank, passed at the recent session of the Legislature of this State.

EDWARD S. BUTTS, President.

April 24, 1884.-5t

W. T. BALFOUR, M. D.

LATE PHYSICIAN TO CITY HOSPITAL,

Physician and Surgeon

OFFERS his professional services to the people of Vicksburg and vicinity.

Office at Keefe & Co.'s drug store. Residence corner Crawford and South streets. ap10

ICE!

I AM now prepared to furnish Ice at wholesale or retail. Ice delivered to any part of the city, or furnished ready for shipment at 1 cent per pound, on short notice.

THOS. TALEN,

4-16 South Street Ice House.

Vicksburg Bank.

AN election of five Directors to serve for the ensuing year will be held at the banking house Thursday, May 1st, 1884, from 10 a.m. to 12 m.

JAMES P. ROACH, Cashier.

April 19

THE EVENING POST

PUBLISHED BY
J. G. CASHMAN & CO.,
Washington St., Vicksburg, Miss.

The Evening Post.

VICKSBURG, MISS., APRIL 28 1884.

THE New York World says: "The Republicans are not idiots; they organize a Presidential campaign for victory."

BEN. BUTLER predicts the unanimous nomination of Mr. Tilden if he will accept the honor at the hands of the Democratic National Convention.

THE State Ledger is mistaken as to the result of THE POST's articles against Mr. Tilden. He is the one becoming entangled in an "awkward position" by reason of THE POST's opposition.

"INDICATIONS now point to a new combination on Grant and Lincoln," is the conclusion of the New Orleans Picayune in regard to the Presidential outlook.

WE print to-day an excellent article from the American Register, an unquestioned Democratic authority, on the subject of tariff reform. The "free traders" will do well to read it, as it pronounces their doctrine a gross absurdity.

A DISPATCH from Meridian says it is understood that Hon. O. R. Singleton will have opposition for the Democratic nomination for Congress. If we are not very much mistaken in our opinion, the opposition will be stronger this time than ever before, and with good prospect of success.

THE Minneapolis Tribune says "something besides brass bands, bunting and gunpowder will be required to elect the next President."

A "barrel" won't do either; nor a name with nothing behind it; nor a shoot, nor sham "reform" platform.

THE State supervision law, section 5, says: The Commission MAY employ a clerk at a salary not to exceed $1,500." This leaves it optional with the Commissioners whether they employ a clerk or not, and now that Judge Hill has decided the law to be unconstitutional, the Commission MAY and should dispense with the services of the clerk.

EX-CONGRESSMAN COFFROTH, of Pennsylvania, who is a delegate to the National Democratic Convention, says that the delegation from that State will be for the nomination of Mr. Tilden if he will take it, and if not they will support Samuel Randall. And, he continues "if Tilden is not in the field I believe Randall will be nominated."

THE Birmingham Daily Age, an always welcome exchange, reaches this office this morning in a new dress, and with other general improvements denoting prosperity. The secret of the Age's success lies in the fact that it is opposed to political hytcherics, is in favor of a protective tariff, and does not carry a huge burden of dead theories and senseless prejudices.

IF the railroad bill is unconstitutional is it not void? and if it is void are not the duties of the Commission mythical? and if they are mythical is not the Commission itself unconstitutional? because, has the Government the right to maintain an officer without an office? Is not the constitutionality of the law a condition of existence of the Commission? If the condition fails do not the law and the Commissioners—and the clerk, too—go down in a heap all together?

THE devotion of the friends of Mr. McDonald to that champion is without precedent in American political history since "Harry of the West" passed from the scene of action. His nomination by the Chicago Democratic Convention would fire the people of Indiana with an enthusiasm that would blaze across her borders and inspire the brightest hopes of Democratic success in Ohio and Illinois—two States that are regarded as reliably Republican in Presidential years. —Aberdeen Examiner.

The Democratic Convention will have to nominate a man that can fire the hearts of the people of more than one State; and who can carry more than two States.

YAZOO CITY is one of the most energetic and progressive little cities in the South. Tributary to it is the finest farming country on the globe; therefore our merchants and business men seeking a liberal and reliable—and in every way desirable—market, are referred to that city and surrounding section. The surest and quickest way for our merchants to add this country to their trade as a regular market is by judicious advertising, and touching this we refer our patrons to the YAZOO CITY HERALD as an excellent medium through which to reach the people of the YAZOO Valley. The Herald is a firmly-established and well-conducted journal, of large circulation and wide influence, edited by a clever and competent gentleman, whose popularity at home is fully attested by his re-election to the office of Mayor of YAZOO City, and in many ways possesses an influence favorable for our business interests.

The Railroad Commission Declared Unconstitutional.

The following special dispatch to the Mobile Register contains just such news as we expected by a majority of the lawyers, and people of the State, who were impartial in their opinions and judgment.

It is needless to say that the news is gratifying to those who are opposed to the policy of State supervision of railroads:

ABERDEEN, MISS., April 24.—Judge Hill of the Federal Court rendered his decision in the cases of the Illinois Central and of the Mobile & Ohio Railroad against the railway commissioners of Mississippi. The Court declared that the act of the Mississippi Legislature creating the Commissioners void on two grounds: that the charter of the roads give them the right to fix and regulate their own rates: that these charters are part of the contract the State cannot impair or violate them; that the act attempts to confer the power on the commissioners; that the act attempts to regulate commerce, and that this power belongs exclusively to Congress.

Judge Hill rendered his opinion this afternoon in the case of the Farmer's loan and trust Company against the Mississippi Railroad Commission, to enforce the Act null and void; First, because the Act authorized the Commission to revise and fix a tariff of rates for the Mobile & Ohio Railroad, which right was conferred upon the company by the terms of the twelfth section of its charter, and therefore the act enjoined the obligation of a contract, which was inhibited by the Constitution of the United States; second, the Act authorized the Commission to interfere with commerce among the States, which had been by the Constitution exclusively confided to Congress.

A DARK HORSE is now the probability of the Republican National Convention.

The Laboring Classes in the United States.

Hon. Shelby M. Cullom, United States Senator from Illinois, in a recent address to the Republicans of his State, offered a few suggestions worthy of general perusal:

We have over 50,000,000 of people in this country constituting the American nation. One of the great duties of the Government is to protect its people—to protect them in their liberties, in their property, and to encourage and foster and promote industries whichwill enable them to develop the resources of the nation and, as a people, advance in all that goes to make a higher civilization. It is capable of statistical proof that wages in this country are from 100 to 200 per cent. higher than they are in Europe in all the leading industries. From whatever cause or causes, it is an undeniable fact that our laboring people are better paid and better fed, more prosperous and more happy, than are the laboring classes of any other country on the globe. Is it to be the policy of this country to adopt any measure or system of legislation which is likely to reduce the wages of the laboring people? I am sure the Republican party is thoroughly committed against any policy which will reduce or put out the fires of the furnaces and mills, or close the mines of the country.

THE RIVER COMMISSION

Before the House Committee—Appropriations Recommended.

[Special to the Picayune.]

WASHINGTON, April 25.—The Mississippi River Commission again appeared to-day before the House Committee on Levees and Improvements of the Mississippi River in relation to the work of improving that river. They declared emphatically, as the sense of a majority of the Commission, that levees are essential to the work of improving the river; that in order to deepen the channel for the use of commerce, levee and bank protection must be used. They gave numerous instances where this feature has been tested, where breaks in levees had caused filling in the river just below, and invariably where the break was repaired the water scoured out the filling and deepened the channel. It was given as the firm conviction of the Commission, based upon experience and observation, that levees are an essential feature of the improvement.

In response to a question of Gen. King they said they intended to repair levees as high up as Helena, Ark., including Opossum Fork levee, and that they mean to build levees along the St. Francis bottom. They said that the failure to complete the levees prior to the present high water was due to the contractors.

The Commission will appear before the River and harbor Committee to-morrow to advise as to the appropriation in the river and harbor bill for the Mississippi River improvements. It has already been stated that the Committee has voted $2,000,000 for the river, using the language in the appropriation suggested by Mr. Blanchard. This is additional to the $1,000,000 already voted by Congress.

The Connecticut Republican Convention.

HARTFORD, CT., April 24.—The Republican State Convention met here yesterday with a large attendence present. Hon. Samuel Fessenden was chosen both temporary and permanent Chairman. Delegates at large and from the several districts were chosen. Resolutions were adopted indorsing the Arthur Administration, and pledging the loyal and hearty support of the Republicans of Connecticut to the nominees of the Chicago Convention.

The following resolution was adopted unanimously:

Resolved, That without instructing the delegates this day appointed as regards any particular candidates and without proposing full confidence in their wisdom, we place on record our firm conviction that the situation demands the nomination of candidates of approved ability and character and large experience in public affairs, and that if in the judgment of our delegates a proper candidate cannot be found within the limits of the United States, the Republican party is equal to the emergency and will find for our nomination from other sources men of the requisite character.

It is the right and duty of Democrats, and Republicans, too, for that matter, in considering its details (the Morrison bill) TO SEE ABOUT THE DUTIES LAID so that the material interests of labor and property shall not be seriously injured. SOME INDUSTRIES REQUIRE PROTECTION AND SHOULD BE PROTECTED.—Jackson Clarion.

That's just what we have been trying to impress upon the mind of our able capitolian friend for a long time. "Some industries require protection and should be protected" and particularly every industry that promisses remuneration to our farmers and stock growers.

In regard to the wool interest, the fathermasters of Ohio and all the Northwestern States are clamoring for protection, and if protection on wool means profit to the farmers of Ohio it cannot mean loss to the sheep growers of Mississippi; hence, if there is anything good in this matter we are anxious that our people shall share it. Sheep growing is already a great interest in our State, and in the Southern counties the chief interest of the farmers, and with our mild climate and pasturing possibilities we should be among the leading wool producing States in the near future.

The old catch words, of "a tax upon your woolen shirt and blanket" should have no application in a State like ours which is simply a vast community of farmers—a community in which each land owner can at petty trouble and expense send wool enough to the mills of his own State to purchase all of the clothes and blankets his family requires, and get back in addition more than enough to buy his cotton clothing. He can do this without being much of a sheep grower either, and thousands of our people are doing it, while many are shearing from a hundred to two thousand sheep.—Aberdeen Examiner.

Tariff Reform.

No paper in the United States will advocate tariff reform more earnestly and sincerely than the American Register. But it is very important to understand what this means. If it be to reform the present high protective tariff of the Republican party, then the whole Democracy of the country is for it. But if it be to reform out of existence the doctrine of the free traders, a tariff which repudiates all merely incidental protection to home productive industry and labor, and aims to bring the country to a system of direct taxation to support the Federal Government, in a word, to say that that is not reform, but an impracticable doctrine the people of this country are opposed to, and we are not for it.

Direct taxation to support the General Government would break down and destroy any political party in this country. And the tariff for revenue only of the free traders is a gross absurdity, nearly as a means of reaching by degrees direct taxation. This was fully shown in the Presidential election of 1880. General Hancock's election was clear and certain, until the Republican leaders made this issue on a like impracticable dogma in the Democratic platform. This carried all the doubtful States against the Democratic ticket. Reform in the present Republican tariff is imperatively demanded for the public interests. But Mr. Morrison's bill does not accomplish this purpose, as we understand it, nor is it designed to do so. It is simply tinkering on the Republican tariff with a view to repudiating the Democratic Jeffersonian tariff. It is known to a certainty that the Morrison bill cannot become a law. Its object, therefore, is not to accomplish a reform in the Republican tariff, but to prescribe a party test for the Democracy in the approaching Democratic National Convention, and to repudiate the Jeffersonian tariff for revenue with incidental protection. This is undoubted and undeniable. The country generally has not been fully posted on this subject.

We have no interest, and the Register Company has no interest in this matter beyond that of the success of the Democracy. No advocate of, or party interested in our position on the tariff, has ever assisted us or afforded us one dime's aid in any way whatsoever. The aspersions of the free traders on this subject are simply false, and without the slightest foundation in fact.

We were engaged in the Presidential campaign of 1880, participating in the public discussions, and personally witnessed the turning of the tide against us on this question. Up to that time Hancock's election was safe and certain. We absolutely know how the matter now stands in all the doubtful States. And we assert our most solemn convictions, indeed our actual knowledge, that if the free-traders preserve, and succeed in impressing their impracticable views on the party to make the struggle in the campaign, defeat is inevitable.—American Register.

The Railroad Cases.

A postal from Aberdeen informs us that Judge Hill rendered his decision in the railroad cases Thursday evening. The decision of the free traders, a tariff which repudiates all merely incidental protection to home productive industry and labor, and aims to bring the country to a system of direct taxation to support the Federal Government, is the way we say that that is not reform, but an impracticable doctrine the people of this country are opposed to, and we are not for it.

The injunction, it is understood is temporary. The cases will come up for hearing at the May term of the United States Court which will be holden at Jackson. No doubt is entertained that the final decision of the court at Jackson will be in conformity to that just rendered by Judge Hill.—Columbus Index.

IT isn't wise for the Democrats to count largely on the Republicans making a weak nomination. In 28 years beginning with Fremont they have nominated but one weak candidate and they pulled him through with Tilden's Electoral Commission. It is not at all likely that Arthur, Blaine, Logan, Edmunds or John Sherman will be nominated. With the South solid for the Democratic candidate whoever he may be they have but a slim chance and it is safe to say they will put forward their strongest man, otherwise known as Tecumseh Sherman. —Avalanche.

IF Mississippians realize that the future of their great State is largely dependent upon the corn crop of 1884, there will not be a necessity plowing denied this cereal throughout all of her extent.—Aberdeen Examiner.

SINCE Mr. Payne's home city went Democratic the Ohio Democrats are wondering why they elected him instead

The Queen's Health.

—God save the King or Kings,
For if he don't, I doubt if men will longer.

Methinks I hear a little bird that sings,
"The people by and bye will be the stronger."

So wrote poet of England—and one of the titled classes, too—on the prospective power of the people as against kingcraft the world over, including his own right royal Queen. Great Britain; and since Lord Byron's day, now seventy years gone and past, events have been progressing slowly but surely in direction of European Democracy. A few days ago we ventured speculation on the result of the now not far off demise of the Kaiser William of the German Empire; and the news cabled to us by our London correspondent and published yesterday suggests consideration, too, of "what next" in the event of the abdication or death of her Majesty Victoria Alexandrina, Queen, Defender of the Faith, and Empress of India. The Queen is ill—very ill—at Darmstadt, and serious fears now entertained as to results, if not in death, in that mental prostration which would render a continuance of regnant power inadvisable. In either contingency Albert Edward, Prince of Wales, would, constitutionally, take the sovereign's place, in the one issue as King, in the alternative as Prince Regent.

But Crowns and Constitutions and anointed monarchs have ere now been before the source of all Constitutions—the national will, and been forced to acknowledge the higher sovereignty of the people. Disguise it as they may, it is coming to that in England. That country has been, and is, and now will be in greater degree, stirred from its center to the sea with the growth of a revolutionary idea. The people and the press premote and recognize the coming convulsion. In the metropolis of Queen Victoria's dominions the regal power and authority are sneered at as things that have outlived their time and influence; its public halls are full of flag of republicanism has been flauntingly displayed; and oratory, not very equivocal in tone, stirs up the popular sentiment in favor of the establishment of a Democratic Government, and against the "divine right" that would preserve kingcraft and feudal usurpations of hereditary legislation. And all these pronouncements do not come from Socialist circles—from the masses of the people, from the "discontended mobs," or "firebrand agitators" of the manufacturing towns, as it is the fashion to call men bold enough to proclaim impatience under class government and oligarchical assumption.

No. From the ranks of hereditary aristocracy there come protests against the whole Governmental system of England, and the intellect of the country as represented by portions of its press, and existent even within the pale of the Cabinet, gives countenance to the Radical movement; and the latter, if not active at present in propagandism, are known to hold in abeyance their energies its progress. The series of speeches delivered not so very long ago by Hon. Mr. Herbert, brother of Lord Carnarvon, give indication of unspoken sentiments of the younger sons and scions of aristocracy, and the unconcealed opinions of Chamberlain and Dilke, before the ministerial muzzle was put on, may be taken as evidence that time and opportunity and prudence are expected may offering they and their fellows would be found on the other platform again. The "honorable" aristocrat denounced the principle on which the Government of his country is carried on, and recognized in part the wisdom and policy of our American Constitution; the "right honorable" leaders, as in Gladstone Government, whom we have named, were, out of office, for the "nine points of the people's charter," and free of Cabinet control would, we have every reason to believe, reassert their first principles and return to their first love; others, though not perhaps yet up to the "striking point" of coming to practical it, hold the same views, and certain it is that the mass of British people, gaining encouragement from this attitude of their "betters," are ripe for revolution and do not hesitate to declare it.

Less to "the divinity that doth hedge a King" than to the galantry that surrounds womankind is due that surge up to them of good will goes his head.

The Queen's illness has not yet come to a crisis, but is, and now will be in greater degree, stirred from its center to the sea with the growth of a revolutionary idea. The people and the press premote and recognize the coming convulsion. In the metropolis of Queen Victoria's dominions the regal power and authority are sneered at as things that have outlived their time and influence; its public halls are full of flag of republicanism has been flauntingly displayed; and oratory, not very equivocal in tone, stirs up the popular sentiment in favor of the establishment of a Democratic Government, and against the "divine right" that would preserve kingcraft and feudal usurpations of hereditary legislation. And all these pronouncements do not come from Socialist circles—from the masses of the people, from the "discontended mobs," or "firebrand agitators" of the manufacturing towns, as it is the fashion to call men bold enough to proclaim impatience under class government and oligarchical assumption.

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H. B. BRUSER,
TIN, COPPER AND SHEET-IRON WORKER
Hardware Tinware Stoves
Pumps, Grates Mantels, Etc. Etc
may5 159 Washington Street, Vicksburg.

Something the People Need!
FRESH
ROASTED COFFEE,
Roasted Daily in HYDE'S PATENT ROASTER, at my Store, Corner South and Washington Streets.
Price 20 Cts. per Pound!
apl7 E. F. SIMRALL, JR.

W. M. CHAMBERLIN,
General Insurance Agent,
FIRE, MARINE, ACCIDENT AND LIFE.
Office—Up-stairs, cor. Washington and Crawford Sts., Vicksburg.
may4

W. O. WORRELL,
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
AND DEALER IN
Hay & Grain
LIME, CEMENT, PLASTER, Etc.,
58 Washington Street, - - - - - Vicksburg, Miss.
may

FULTON M. M'RAE
Wholesale and Retail Druggist!
IMPORTER AND DEALER IN
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRUGS
White Lead, Linseed Oil, Turpentine, Window Glass, Mixed Paints, Dry and in Oil; Alabastine Whitening and Putty; and the largest and most complete assortment of Patent Medicines and Surgical Instruments in the State. Agent for the celebrated Wakesha Bathesda Water.
Toilet Articles, Perfumery and Hair Brushes—all imported.
No. 125 Washington Street, Vicksburg, Miss.

GEO. W. HUTCHESON. CHAS. ALLEN.
G. W. HUTCHESON & CO.,
Cotton Factors,
AND WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
Groceries, Liquors and Tobacco,
110 and 112 Washington Street,
Vicksburg, Miss.
may4

THE SAW-MILL BOAT
LEE RICHARDSON JR
IS PREPARED TO SELL
DIMENSION LUMBER
FROM LANDING AT GLASS BAYOU, THIS CITY; also,
Sash, Doors, Blinds, Mouldings, T. and G. Flooring and Ceiling
Orders addressed to the undersigned will be promptly filled.
may4 WM. CURPHEY, Proprietor.

GEO. S. IRVING,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN
Staple and Fancy Groceries,
WINES, LIQUORS, CIGARS & TOBACCO,
Corner of South and Washington Streets, - - - - - VICKSBURG, MISS.

I respectfully ask an examination of my stock, which I think will convince all that I have one of the largest and best assorted to be found.
Fine Teas, Coffee and Choice Butter are Among my Specialties.
I GUARANTEE EVERY ARTICLE TO BE AS REPRESENTED,
And desire to give full satisfaction. I PACK AND P FREE

HENRY YOSTE,
Watchmaker and Jeweler
I cordially invite a comparison of Work and Prices, believing mine to be the Best and Cheapest.
—ALSO DEALER IN—
WATCHES, DIAMONDS AND SILVERWARE
SPECIALTIES IN SPECTACLES.

FRUIT AND ORNAMENTAL
TREES
ROSES and Green-House Plants by the MILLION at the



J. S. MORRIS,
Attorney-at-Law
VICKSBURG, MISS.
Will practice in the various Courts of Warren, Claiborne, Jefferson and Adams counties, and in the Federal and Supreme Courts at Jackson.

MISS ADDIE FLETCHER,
Fashionable Dressmaker,
Orders from the country solicited. Satisfaction guaranteed.
FRENCH MODELS.
THOMPSON & GREGORY, Agents.

SIGNAL SERVICE REPORT.

LOCAL WEATHER REPORT.

	BAR.	THER	HUM	WIND	WTHER.
7 a. m.	30.00	66	93	S. E.	Cloudy.
2 p. m.	30.07	75	72	S. E.	Cloudy.
7 p. m.	30.02	81	62	S. W.	Fair.
Mean	30.10	77	76	S.	Cloudy.
Max.	30.07	73	61	S. E.	Clear.

	1883.	1884
Mean thermometer	76.4	82.2
Mean thermometer	58.1	64.0
Mean temperature	67.2	73.1
Rainfall	0.19	.00

STAGE OF RIVERS.
WAR DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER,
April 27, 2 p.m. Washington time.
The following observations were taken at the same moment of time at all the stations named.

STATIONS.	Above low water.	Changes.	
	feet.	In's.	Rise In's / Fall In's
Memphis	13	1	... / 22
Vicksburg	28	4	10 / ...
Shreveport, La	8	2	... / 1
Little Rock, Ark	11	0	2 / ...
Nashville	9	...	... / ...
Cairo, low water	9	3	4 / ...
Cairo, high water	6	0	0 / 6
Louisville	10	10	... / ...
Cincinnati	12	10	11 / ...
Pittsburg	14	5	... / 1
Davenport	20	8	... / 2
St. Paul	19	5	8 / ...
Fort Benton, Montana	1	8	8 / 0
Omaha	7	5	0 / ...
Yankton	19	3	4 / ...
Sioux City	19	0	4 / ...
Leavenworth	23	7	... / 8
Kansas City	7	0	0 / 0
St. Louis	45	2	0 / 0
Fort Smith, Ark	7	...	... / ...
Fort Gibson, I. T.	7	...	... / ...

Lowest high water of 1874. *Frozen.

WATER AT VICKSBURG IN FORMER YEARS

Highest water 47, above zero, 51 1-10 feet.
Lowest water 07, above zero, 49 feet.
Highest water 74, above zero, 45 ft. 8 inches
Lowest water 75, above zero, 44 ft. 10 inches
Highest water 80, above zero, 43 ft. 2 inches
Lowest water 81, above zero, 41 ft. 10 inches
Highest water 82, above zero, 48 ft. 9 inches
Lowest water 83, above zero, 45 ft. 10 inches

HIGH WATER OF 1882.

Stations.	Date of Highest Point.	Highest point Reached.
Memphis	Feb. 20, 1882	51 ft. 9 inches
Vicksburg	Jan. 19, 1882	40 ft. 2 inches
Cincinnati	Feb. 21, 1882	58 ft. 6 inches
Louisville	Dec. 3, 1881	49 ft. 1 inch
Little Rock, Ark.	March 9, 1882	47 ft. 3 inches
Nashville	Nov. 29, 1881	41 ft. 5 inches
Shreveport	Feb. 24, 1882	32 ft. 7 inches
Cairo	Feb. 22, 1882	57 ft. 2 inches
Keokuk	March 6, 1882	36 ft. 0 inches
St. Louis	Jan. 22, 1882	45 ft. 7 inches
Fort Gibson	March 27, 1882	5 inches
Fort Smith	Feb. 22, 1882	29 ft. 3 inches
Davenport	March 20, 1882	24 ft. 9 inches

Lowest high water of 1874.

THE RIVER.

ARRIVED.

Kansas City, from St. Louis.
Saginaw, from Greenville.
Creek, from Deer Creek.
Gallight, from Sunflower.
Delaware, from Yazoo River.
Lee, Wood and tow, from New Orleans.
Capt. Miller, from Natchez.
Capt. Miller, from Natchez.
Lee, Wood and tow, for Pittsburg.
Capt. P. Halpin, for Davis Bend.
Quarry and tow, for Deer Creek.

BOATS DUE TO-DAY.

Steamer of Yazoo, New Orleans to V'burg.
Packet Sailing Star, New Orleans to Cincinnati
Packet Lee, Wood, St. Louis to V'burg.

BOATS LEAVING TO-DAY.

Steamer Greenville—Issaquena, 5 p.m.

BOATS DUE TO-MORROW.

Packet Mr. Sherlock, Cincinnati to N. O.
Packet Quarry Lourey and tow, St. Louis to N O

BOATS LEAVING TO-MORROW.

Packet Lee, St. Louis—Arkansas City, 11 a.m.
Packet Capt. Talliaferro—E. C. Carroll, 5 p.m.
Packet Tallulah—J. H. Williams, 12 m.
Packet New Orleans—City of Yazoo, 5 p.m.

NOTES.

Business dull.
Bright and warm.
The river falling slowly.
The Naomi, from Vicksburg, arrived Cincinnati last Friday.
Capt. Val G. Entriken is now in charge of the freight department of the steamer City of Yazoo.
The United States Marshal of the Cipdistrict is quite busy organizing new line of boats.
The Chesapeake from the Ohio river tied down Saturday night en route to St. John's river Florida.
The U. S. mail-boat Capt. Miller, arrived last night from below and left at 9 o'clock this morning for Natchez.
The Harry and tow, Capt. Jno. W. Bryant, left at noon for Big Deer Creek with a big trip of freight and people.
The tug Joe Seay left for Millers Bend 20 miles above Greenville Saturday morning after a raft of timber for Spengler's saw mill.
The J. L. Wood and tow passed up Memphis Sunday morning at 4 o'clock for Pittsburg after doing some business at Matthews' coal yard.
The John F. Halpin, Capt. John Hutchinson, left at noon for Davis Bend with 1,000 packages of freight and a few people. She returns Wednesday.
The Henry Lourey and barges, from St. Louis passed Memphis Thursday night, after adding a barge containing wood cake and meal. She is due here to-day.
The world-renowned electric-light sidewheel steamer Guiding Star, Capt. J. D. Telegraphs that she will leave for the Ohio river at 7 p.m. to-day in her passenger agent.
The through Anchor Line steamer City of St. Louis, Capt. Dan Able left at 5 p.m. yesterday day for St. Louis. She left New Orleans with 815 tons of freight and a large number of passengers.
The Memphis Avalanche says the Memphis and Vicksburg packets are now receiving their second trip of cotton seed for Warren Oil Mills, 1 bale for Vicksburg, 281 sack of cotton seed for Warren Oil Mills, and sundries. She returns to the Sunflower river Wednesday at 4 p.m.
The J. H. Williams, Capt. R. H. Bowman, arrived from Tallulah, La., Saturday night with 227 sacks cotton seed for Warren Oil Mills, 10 tons of old iron for Joseph Bros., 1 bale of hides, 1 bale coon skins and 2 bales of cotton for Susman & McTeager. She returns Tuesday at noon from the foot of Crawford street.
The C. C. Carroll, Jr., Capt. Tom Smith, is due this evening from the Tallahatchie river with 235 bales of cotton, 500 sacks of cotton seed and several people. She is the regular Tuesday P. Liner leaving at 5 p.m. for all points on Yazoo and Tallahatchie rivers as high as Sharkey's, going through Tchula Lake.
The palace Arkansas City, Capt. H. W. Brolaski, arrived from St. Louis early Sunday evening with 4,840 packages of freight and some people. She is receiving at the Elevator and is the Tuesday Anchor Liner leaving at 11 a.m. with the mails for Memphis, Cairo and St. Louis.
The fast and famous City of Yazoo (in place of the Natchez), Capt. B. S. Leathers in command, is due this evening. She will receive at the Wharfboat, leaving this evening at 5 p.m. for New Orleans and all lower coast landings with all she wants in sight, including balance of freight of the John A. Scudder left in the Elevator the Cannon could not take Saturday.

The Anchor Line.

The Cairo correspondent of the Cincinnati Commercial Gazette pays the following beautiful tribute to the Anchor Line steamer St. John's which has lately declared and paid to its stockholders a 5 per cent dividend, which makes something over 18 per cent. the line has paid a little more than that. There is something remarkable about the success of this line, and it undoubtedly presents a good subject for study to other steamboatmen. It is able to pick up, make money and declare dividends against railroad competition, or in connection with the railroads or barge lines, just as you will have it, while all other lines seem to have been struggling with the unsolved problem of a single existence ever since the war. We cannot name the points by which the Anchor line secures its success, but we can say it is not by practicing false methods of economy. It is not by providing inferior boats or inferior men; it is not by paying low wages; it is not by setting poor tables or being careless to the wants and comforts of its passengers; neither is it by carrying freight or passengers for nothing. No boats are better equipped, more carefully manned, better provided for every way, and all its officers are well paid. Much of its success is undoubtedly owing to the even and equitable character of their government. It is run by one man when the question comes down to a fine point and there is no kicking where the final decision is made. It is even and uniform in its dealings with men all along the river, and a bargain made with one boat applies to all. The line has rules for everything, and every man in its employ knows up to them or off goes his head. The boats cannot lay up or take advantage of each other. It is not an organization for a season, liable to be composed of new men this year and none next, but a permanent thing, and all its arrangements, its plans and purchases, are made on that basis. Its boats all belong to the company. No officer can be shoved around on one boat or another, as the good of the service demands. Its boats are built with uniformity. Experience has determined upon the most profitable boat for the trade, and that is the model for all. The Ohio river boats are good. They set good tables are well officered, well equipped, great favorites with the traveling public, and all that, but who will say that they make returns to their owners as the Anchor Line does? It is true there is great difference in the trades of each, and possibly management that succeeds from St. Louis would not from Cincinnati. Every trade is in a measure a trade to itself.

The Natchez Democrat.

The Natchez Democrat says: The changing of her schedule of departure from Natchez by the steamer Capt. Mill. has materially decreased the amount of mail matter brought to this city over the railroad. As is well known, the Miller now leaves this city in the morning, before the arrival of the train, and much of the mail that she used to take up the river when leaving here at 12:30 p.m. now goes by rail to Vicksburg, and is brought down on the Miller, making it twenty-four hours behind time.

It is Gov. Lowry's appointment of ex-Governor Stone, as the head of the Railroad Commission, was prompted by the idea that he would thus get him out of the way of his own accession to the gubernatorial chair another term, he may find, in the end, that his premises were not well-grounded. And that would be sad.—Meridian Sun.

Meeting of the Western Rail Association.

PITTSBURG, Pa., April 28.—The Western Rail Association met here and completed arrangements for the season's rail pool. As an unanimous vote was passed to increase the price of the iron manufactures in order to bring a reduction

The swift and daisy steamer Issaquena, Capt. H. C. Marionneaux, arrived Saturday evening with a big trip. She is receiving at the Wharfboat to-day to leave at 5 p.m. for all points in the bends as high as Greenville.

The P. Line steamer Deer Creek, Capt. Chas. Pare, arrived from Deer Creek late Saturday night with 311 sacks of cotton seed for Warren Oil Mills, 1 bale of hides for Vicksburg, 281 sack of cotton seed for Warren Oil Mills, and sundries. She returns to the Sunflower river Wednesday at 4 p.m.

The Headlight, Capt. Geo. W. Bookout, arrived from the Sunflower river Sunday at 1 p.m. with 18 bales of cotton for New Orleans, 1 bale for Vicksburg, 281 sack of cotton seed for Warren Oil Mills, and sundries. She returns to the Sunflower river Wednesday at 4 p.m.

The J. H. Williams, Capt. R. H. Bowman, arrived from Tallulah, La., Saturday night with 227 sacks cotton seed for Warren Oil Mills, 10 tons of old iron for Joseph Bros., 1 bale of hides, 1 bale coon skins and 2 bales of cotton for Susman & McTeager. She returns Tuesday at noon from the foot of Crawford street.

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AMUSEMENTS.

The SECOND GRAND MAI FEST

WILL BE GIVEN BY THE

MOZART ORCHESTRA

—AT THE—

OPERA HOUSE

VICKSBURG, MISS.

—ON—

April 28th and 29th, 1884.

Assisted by the Best Vocal Talent in the City.

Change of Programme Each Evening

Reserved Seats $1. Tickets for sale at Clarke & Co.'s and Baum & Co.'s Book-store. ap21-3t

CHEAP COLUMN.

LOST.

LOST.—An ear-ring, coral head. Lost on Grove street, or on Washington street between Warren Oil Mills and Grove street. A suitable reward will be paid if returned to this office. ap24-3t.

WANTED.

WANTED TO BUY.—Five good building lots in Southern part of the city, for cash. C. J. EDWARDS, JR. ap28-4t.

WANTED.—A turner on table legs. Steady work and good wages. Address W. B. BEARD, Superintendent of the Home Furniture Company, Jackson, Miss. ap18

WANTED.—SCHOOLS! TEACHERS!! Schools in need of competent teachers, and teachers in search of situations should address the Central Educational Bureau, R. K. JAYNE, Secretary, ap2 Jackson, Miss.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—An upright 7⅓ octave piano, good as new. Will be sold at W. H. Woodruff's store to highest bidder, Thursday, May 1st, 1884. 22-10t CHAS. O'CONNOR, Constable.

FOR SALE—Gin-house with 20-horse power Engine, 70-saw Gullet Gin Stand, Steam Press, 34-inch Straub Mill; all in good order. Cheap Engine. ap17-tf W. J. KATZENMIER.

FOR SALE—The LOT on the north-east corner of Cherry and Grove sts. Apply to THOMAS MOUNT. mh19

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT.—Two large rooms, kitchen, outhouses, good yard and cistern. Apply at this office. ap26

FOR RENT.—Two rooms and kitchen opposite Jewish Synagogue. Apply on premises to MRS. H. WHITE. ap24.

FOR RENT—A House on Cherry street, between China and Grove. Apply to ap16-2w MRS. E. FRANCIS.

FOR RENT—Nice house with eight rooms, kitchen, good water, and surrounded by a half square of land, situated on the National Cemetery road, and next to the Miller House. Cheap rent. ap15-1w E. & B. C. BONELLI.

FOR SALE OR RENT—60 Acres good land, one and a half miles from town, with plenty of wood and water. Apply at this office, or to R. P. WILSON, Vicksburg, Miss. m24-2w

THE SATISFACTION

Of sitting under one's own vine and fig tree pays the largest dividend of any investment. It is the best kind of life insurance. It is the best medicine in sickness. It enables a man to die easier, and robs death of one of the principal terrors to know that the loved ones we must leave behind us have a roof of their own over their heads which cannot be taken from them.

If you cannot buy a house and lot, you can at least make a commencement by investing $25 in a lot in Speed's Addition, and pay the balance in $5 monthly installments. No better opportunity to buy a home or to make a safe investment in Vicksburg is likely to occur than that now presented by the unprecedented terms upon which these lots are sold. sep1

GENIAL SPRING

Is upon us, bleak Winter is gone and LEWIS BROS. have the most elegant new Spring stock of Shoes in the city. Jas. King's old stand, Washington street. 26

LOCAL ITEMS.

MOZART MAI FEST to-night.

DON'T fail to hear the horn sextette to-night.

YOU should hear the Trombone Solo to-night.

JUDGE LEA, of Natchez, was a visitor to this city Saturday.

MR. GEORGE BARNETT is now with the clothing house of Switzer, Newwitter & Co.

A SOCIAL dance party will be given to-night by Miss Kate Twiford, of Pearl street.

MR. H. DENIO leaves on the Issaquena this evening for a business trip up the river.

THE many friends of Alderman Fred. Loyd will be glad to hear that he is able to be out.

MISS MCCUTCHEN and Mr. Barnett will render the "Miserere" excellently to-night.

THE condition of Miss Jennie O'Herin is much improved, and she will soon be entirely recovered.

MR. JOE STACK arrived from St. Louis this morning. Joe is one of our most popular ex-citizens.

HURRY up and secure reserved seats for the Concert to-night. They are for sale at Baum's and Clarke's.

SEE advertisement in cheap column wanted to buy for cash five good building lots in Southern portion of city.

MR. LAZ. LEWIS, formerly with Jas. King, can now be found at Arthur Jacobs where he will be pleased to meet his many friends.

PREPARATIONS are being made in great style for the big picnic at Newman's Grove next Sunday, and it will be a big event.

MISS LOWENSTEIN arrived yesterday morning, and is the guest of Mrs. Harschel, where she will be pleased to meet her many friends.

BENJAMIN GRISWOLD, an old and respected citizen of Edwards, died Friday morning. He was a native of New York State, but had been a resident of Edwards eighteen years.

YESTERDAY the Father Matthew C. T. A. & B. Society, appointed a Committee to assist Rev. Father Pitcherit in arranging for the Congregation Picnic. The day will be set this week.

THE magnificent and beautiful decorations worn by the Washington steamer on parade day and afterwards presented to the Phœnix No. 7, of Natchez, were forwarded to the latter place by the steamer Captain Miller this morning.

MR. THOS. KELLEY, formerly in charge of the express office at Jackson, but now traveling for the firm of J. J. Langles & Co., New Orleans, came in on the accommodation train this morning, and left on the 1:30 train for Fort Gibson.

ARRIVALS by the steamer Headliget: Major Ford, J. W. Dyer, Jessie Heard, Mr. Burns, Sam Watt, F. Miller and family, Dr. J. M. Hunt, S. B. Alexander, H. L. Foote, B. R. Moore, Dr. T. T. Orendorf, J. H. Woolfolk, J. Levy, M. M. Key, Jerry Allen, Mr. Key.

R. A. FEWELL, Meridian; W. W. Gillespie, Jackson; E. F. Moody, Ky.; P. M. Doherty, Yazoo City; E. M. Wells, Bolton; Dr. J. N. McPherson, Port Gibson; W. D. Stallings and wife, N. B. Day and wife and J. H. Stallings and daughter, L. N. O. & T. R. R., are at the Pacific.

A BASE BALL match came off at Flood's Bottom yesterday between two picked mines. A match was also played between two juvenile clubs, the Washington, Jr., J. Havlin, Captain, and the Hebrews, J. Wachenhiem, Capiain, in which the Washingtons came off victorious.

THE Commercial-Herald was in error about the order of the throwing Saturday between the Washington and Constitution engines. The Constitution threw first and the Washington afterwards. Foreman Price of the Constitution says his engine was not worked to her full capacity, and that he will bring her out in a few days and beat the throw of the Washington.

MAJ. P. M. DOHERTY, a prominent citizen of Yazoo City, is in Vicksburg to-day. Some weeks ago the Yazoo papers intimated that Maj. Doherty contemplated taking up his residence in Vicksburg. We trust there may be good foundation for this report, for we need more good, enterprising and progressive citizens such as Maj. Doherty has always proved himself to be. The excellent streets of Yazoo City are a monument to his capacity, and if he should come to Vicksburg our people no doubt will avail themselves of his knowledge and experience in this respect.

A Compliment.

NATCHEZ, MISS., PHŒNIX HALL, April 13, 1884. }

Mrs. Chas. W. Fisher:

Dear Madame—At a call meeting of the Phœnix Independent Fire Company No. 7, you were unanimously elected a honorary member of our Company.

Very respectfully yours,

THOMAS R. QUARTERMAN, Secy.

Vicksburg Rifles.

There will be no meeting of the Rifles to-night on account of the Mai Fest. It will be postponed until Wednesday night, when they will hold a meeting and decide about the date on which they will give their moon-light excursion. Members will please take notice.

Attempted Suicide.

Yesterday evening a one-legged colored man of Third North Street took morphine because of his wife's infidelity, and came very "shuffling off the mortal coil." A physician, however, was summoned, and his life was saved.

From Natchez.

The Natchez Democrat, after copying our report of the way in which the Natchez gentlemen were entertained while here, says:

"The boys returned last night in a conch attached to the freight train, tired and worn out, but still happy over the good time they had in the "Historic City." They were covered with badges and trophies that had been given them by the Vicksburg companies, which they will cherish as souvenirs of the trip. The Washington No. 3, of which company the Phœnix boys were the guests, presented the visitors with the company's banner and the magnificent decorations of their steamer, which is of beautiful design and exceedingly costly. Then present in an elegant case, and we will give a description of it in to-morrow's paper. The boys are delighted with the time they had, pronouncing the gallant firemen of the "Historic City" the cleverest and most courteous people they ever met, and will always hold them in grateful remembrance. The whole people of Vicksburg seemed to vie with each other in hospitable treatment of the visitors, and nothing was left undone by them to promote the comfort and pleasure of their guests."

Mrs. Julia Hayes' Address at the Methodist Church Yesterday.

The Methodist church building, corner of Cherry and Crawford streets, was comfortably filled, Sunday, April 27th, at 5 o'clock p.m., in expectation of the address to be delivered by Mrs. Julia Hayes, President of the Society of "Woman's Work for Heathen Women." The service was opened by prayer from the pastor, Rev. Mr. Woodward, at the conclusion of which the lady orator, who had been seated in one of the front pews, rose and took position within the altar railing, in front of the pulpit.

She was dressed in plainest black, and was apparently beyond middle age. No studied attitude or accessory of the toilet was brought to bear upon her audience. The power by which she commanded attention during her discourse was a voice, not strong, but particularly pleasant in tone, and the apt and intelligent manner in which she presented her subject.

After reading a selection from the 20th chapter of St. John, she drew attention to the fact that it was not to a MAN, but to a WOMAN, that Christ first gave commandment to publish the news of his resurrection. Mary had gone forth before it was light into those streets where but a few hours before the rabble had howled and the mob thirsted for innocent blood. Even yet they were fierce with excitement and keen to search for such as were in sympathy with the new religion. The Evangelist makes no mention of her having a companion. Within the precincts of her home there were notably loving words spoken to detain her. Others more disposed to blame, no doubt spoke of her conduct as unwomanly and averred that the insults and threats she would encounter, were but the deserved result of such an action. Her experiences during her errand of love, were such as women meet in every good work from the time they cross the thresholds of their own doors, till they wear the crown of success and show the ripe fruits of their labors.

Mrs. Hayes was always clear and often eloquent and touching. She gave some interesting facts in connection with her Society, among others, that the female Missionaries sent to India and Turkey were educated for physicians as well; attainments in medicial opening to them an immense work in the Harem where a strange man is never allowed to enter no matter what may be the needs of either the bodies or souls of its inmates.

Many who regard the subject of Foreign Missions as the least pressing of all charities, listened in spite of their opinions, with deep interest. The ministry of women is a subject receiving special attention from every religious denomination. That St. Paul sternly remanded females to silence in the oriental world, seems to have been on his individual judgment alone, since in every generation their persuasive voices have spoken the truth with singular power, and their feet have carried the Gospel in the face of great dangers to the Savage Indian tribes or into the household of the prejudiced Hindoo.

LUNDIE SHERRARD is now Agent for the popular fleet Belle of the Bends, Issaquena, Office, Basement LaMadrid House. ap 25

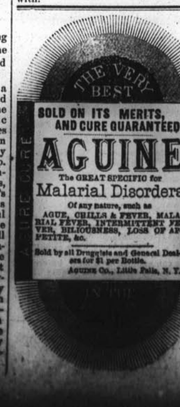
The Mai Fest To-night.

To-night the Mozart Orchestra will give their first Mai Fest concert. Today a rehearsal was held at the Opera-house, and everything was put in readiness to present the audience to-night with the finest musical treat of the season. We can assure the music-loving public that they cannot fail to be pleased.

Railroad Miscreants.

Some miscreant placed a cross-tie upon the track of the V. & M. railroad just beyond Clinton. It was discovered by the mail-train which left here at 8 o'clock last night, and as there is a heavy up-grade in the direction the train was going, there was time to check it before striking the obstruction.

It was only a few days ago that some obstruction was placed on this road near McRaven's switch. It is about time some of the rascals bent on murder and destruction were caught and severely dealt with.



The Engines.

On Saturday evening the Constitution Fire Company brought out their engine and threw six streams over the rear wall of the Hoffman building. As the engine had answered an alarm of fire but a few minutes before no test of time was made. A big discussion of the relative merits of the engines being held by their respective champions, resulted in their trying the two engines on throwing one stream of water through 300 feet of hose and an inch and a half nozzle. The LaFrance was tried first, and threw from the LaMadrid House 165 feet 7 inches down Washington street. The Washingtons then brought out their Ahrens engine and threw 184 feet and 2 inches, which is 18 feet and 7 inches farther than was thrown by the Constitution's engine.

The throw of the Ahrens is the best on record in Mississipi, and 165 feet even is not bad. Below we submit the official report of the committee of reference in regard to the six-stream throw:

Capt. Wm. Price, Foreman Constitution Fire Company No. 1:

We, the undersigned, committee of reference on the occasion of the test of your Company's engine in throwing six streams at one and the same time "over the Hoffman wall," beg leave respectfully to report that we were on the roof of the Mr. Hoffman's building, and certify that the LaFrance engine "W. H. Hossley" of your Company did, on Saturday, April 26, 1884, throw six streams of water through 2-inch nozzles 20 feet above the top of the highest fire wall of said building, and held the six streams steadily there for at least two (2) minutes.

Given under our hands, etc.,

T. G. BIRCHETT, Mayor,
H. DENIO, Phœnix Fire Co. No. 2,
Committee.

APRIL 28, 1884.

We the committee jointly selected to judge the respective throws of the engines of the Constitution and Washington Fire Companies through 300 feet of hose and an inch and a half nozzle, on Saturday, April 26, 1884, certify that the Constitution (a LaFrance) engine threw 165 feet 7 inches, and that the Washington (an Ahrens) engine threw the same size stream 182 feet 2 inches; difference in favor of the Washington engine, 18 feet 7 inches.

H. DENIO, Phœnix Fire Co. No. 2.
M. LOEWENBERG.

APRIL 28, 1884.

LUNDIE SHERRARD is now Agent for the Electric Light Fire Proof steamer Will S. Hays, office Basement LaMadrid House. ap 25

The Circuit Court.

In the Circuit Court to-day the case of Van Os and Chuster vs. The Insurance Company was on trial, being continued from Saturday. This case will likely occupy the entire day. After this case is disposed of the case of Kent vs. The Anchor Line will be tried. When Court will adjourn for the term.

Make Your Arrangements

To attend the grand social picnic of the Amaranth Club at Newman's Grove next Sunday. No pains or expense will be spared to make it the biggest of the season. It

Zera Semon.

Completed a week's engagement at the Opera-house Saturday night. The usual large list of presents were distributed, and the gold watch was drawn by Capt. Newt. Stevenson. From this city Mr. Semon goes to Yazoo City, and we can tell the people of that city that they find in Mr. Semon a man who does all that he promises.

Gently Flowing Streams.

Editor of the Post:

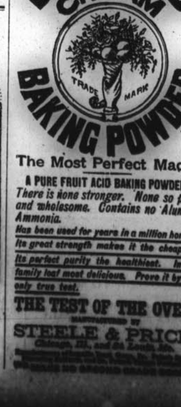
The Washington boys say that they put their six streams over Hoffman's wall in quickstep time, from cold water. The Constitution's six went over in funeral march time from a HOT boiler.

KEEP COOL.

Col. Wm. French.

There was some improvement in Col. French's condition Friday and Saturday, and the hopes of his friends were reawakened that there might be some possibility of his recovery. He passed a very good night last night, but he is so much prostrated by the serious organic disease with which he is afflicted that death may ensue at any moment.

CHEMISTS HAVE ALWAYS FOUND



The Most Perfect Made.

A PURE FRUIT ACID BAKING POWDER. There is none stronger. None so pure and wholesome. Contains no Alum or Ammonia.

Has been used for years in a million homes. Its great strength makes it the cheapest. Its perfect purity the healthiest. In the family last most delicious. Prove it by the only true test.

THE TEST OF THE OVEN.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

STEELE & PRICE,

Chicago, Ill., and St. Louis, Mo.

LOUIS HOFFMAN

AGENT FOR THE



"CHAMPION"

Reaping and Mowing Machine

THE BEST MACHINE MADE.

LOUIS HOFFMAN

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Dry Goods & Plantation Supplies

AT

REDUCED PRICES!

A Large Quantity of Dry Goods and Plantation Supplies

These goods are now on my second floor, and will be sold to wholesale as well as retail purchasers at bargains that cannot be duplicated elsewhere. Attention is also called to a full line of

PLANTATION BOOTS AND SHOES

—AND THE—

LARGEST WHOLESALE GROCERY STOCK IN VICKSBURG.

Purchasers in any of these lines of goods will find it to their interest to call and examine my stock.

JACOB SHLENKER,

137 WASHINGTON STREET, VICKSBURG. ap21

THOS. J. LEWIS, PRENTISS LEWIS.

LEWIS BROS.,

Will open the Shoe Store formerly occupied by Mr. Jas. H. King on the 22d of April with a large and well-selected stock of



Custom Hand-Made Work

RARE BARGAINS.

For Gents' Ladies, Misses and Children a specialty. The former patrons and customers are respectfully requested to call before purchasing elsewhere.

LEWIS BROS.,

THOS. E. LEWIS, Formerly with Phillip Gilbert. | PRENTISS LEWIS, With Mattingly, Son & Co.

135 WASHINGTON STREET.

T. J. HANES, J. W. HANES

HANES BROS.,

Successors to D. R. SMARR & CO.,

Auction and Commission Merchants,

206 WASHINGTON STREET, VICKSBURG.

Consignments solicited. Prompt returns and satisfaction guaranteed. feb22

JOHN B. CLARK. D. S. WRIGHT.

CLARKE & CO.

WE invite your attention and solicit your inspection, as we feel assured that you will find it to your interest to do so before placing elsewhere. We buy direct from the manufacturers and first hands, consequently we will duplicate prices of North, South or West.

Our Line of Blank Books

Embraces Day Books, Journals, Ledgers, Cash Books, full and half bound; Draft, Note, Order and Receipt Books, Pass and Memorandum Books, Monthly and Weekly Time Books, Invoice and Bill Books, and all kinds and sizes of blank books.

Also Letter Paper, Bill and Account Paper, Envelopes, Inks, Pens, Pencils, etc.

Our Book Department.

We have a large assortment of School Books, Medical, Scientific, Law and Miscellaneous Books, also all the New Books as issued. Our

Fancy Goods Departm't

Offers an elegant variety goods. Birthday and Congratulation Cards in large assortment.

Ladies' Stationery.

Our assortment is always large and in latest shades, shapes and kinds.

Artists' Materials.

Includes Oil, Water and China Painting Materials of every description. Brushes, Canvass, Plaques and Panels of all kinds. Also Art Novelties for Decoration.

Musical Instruments.

Includes Pianos, Organs, Guitars, Banjos, Accordions, etc. Italian and German strings for different kinds of instruments. Agents for Decker Bros. Pianos and Mason & Hamlin Organs.

Headquarters for Wall Paper, Picture Frames, Mouldings, &c. All the Cheap Libraries, both old and new issues. Newspapers, Magazines, New Publications received daily.

All orders or communications per mail, boat or otherwise answered with promptness, and satisfaction guaranteed. Send for Price List and Catalogue.

CLARKE & CO.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Booksellers, Stationers and Music Dealers

BLUE FRONT BOOK STORE, 149 WASHINGTON ST., VICKSBURG.

The Vicksburg Evening Post.

VOLUME II. VICKSBURG, MISSISSIPPI, TUESDAY, APRIL 29, 1884. NUMBER 103.

VICKSBURG BANK.

—OF—

EDWARD S. BUTTS, President. | Established Nov. 12, 1868.
C. KUYKENDALL, Vice-Pres. |
JAMES P. ROACH, Cashier. | Incorporated Mar. 4, 1878.

Transacts a General Banking Business.

CHARTER PERPETUAL.

New York Correspondent, - - - National Park Bank.
New Orleans Correspondent, - - - State National Bank.

may14

SPRING SPECIALTIES

FOR Age Cultivators,
Avery's Garden Plows,
Acme Harrows,
GERMAN MILLET SEED, SAPLING CLOVER SEED,
—AND—
LANDRETH'S GARDEN SEED,

LOW LOW COTTON PLANTERS

Iobe Cotton Planters, Washburn & Moen's Thick Set Galvanized Barb Wire, Philadelphia Lawn Mowers.

LEE RICHARDSON & CO.

A. L. BLANKS'

Photographic Gallery,

CLAY STREET, OVER EXPRESS OFFICE. VICKSBURG, MISS.

STRICTLY FIRST-CLASS PHOTOGRAPHS of all sizes and styles. Old pictures copied and enlarged to any size desired.

INSTANTANEOUS PICTURES TAKEN AT THIS GALLERY

Post Office Box 191.

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Taking the Lead.

That is what Blaine and Arthur on the Republican side, and McDonald, and Flower and Tilden, on the Democratic side, are trying to do in politics. But it seems as though all of these contestants who are bending every energy to success, are doomed to disappointment, and that a "dark horse" will come to the front and carry off the honors.

Fortunately for the country, business and politics are unlike. In business there are certain principles and rules and laws, which if adhered to, inevitably lead to success, and we see men every day, who, by their efforts, are taking the lead and it cannot be wrested from them by any "dark horse." A notable instance of this, right here in Vicksburg, is afforded by the success of Mr. Jos Fox, who has taken the lead in the jobbing trade and who will undoubtedly hold it against all competitors. Call at 184 Washington street, and Mr. Fox will demonstrate not only that he is taking the lead but that he is in the lead in the Dry Goods and Jobbing trade. ap29

THE first through passenger car from Jackson, Miss., reached Yazoo City yesterday, coming through for the purpose of bringing the pay car of the Yazoo road. We learned from some of the officials that we will not have regular trains before the first of next month. The Yazoo people are getting anxious for regular train communications with the outside world. The road will be turned ever to the Illinois Central on May 1st.—Yazoo Sentinel.

Copiah Courts.

Circuit Court convened at Hazlehurst Monday. The term of court is four weeks and Mr. Miller, the District Attorney, says it will be consumed with the criminal docket. Wheeler and the Penn brothers will be tried during its stay.

Board of Supervisors.

The Board of Supervisors met yesterday. President Arthur, and Messrs. Goff, Lewis, Mills and Jones, present.

It was decided that bridges be built on the Yazoo Valley road at Chickasaw and at Crockett's. The contract was let to Kennedy & Morris, who build both bridges for $750, with Capt. W. O. Worrell and Mr. H. H. Kain as their sureties.

The sum of $125 was allowed D. S. Rogers for damages to his property by laying a new road.

A bill of G. M. Haszinger for repairs on the Pest-house was not allowed.

A bill from Hector Larrington for arresting a suspected murderer was laid on the table.

A bill from S. H. Mackey for holding an inquest over the body of J. Brennan on April 8, was rejected, the Board considering said inquest unnecessary.

The following bills were allowed:

Richard Howard	$ 7 00
J. McCafferty	7 00
Jas. Fossett	69 00
M. Batchelor	83 33
J. W. Watson	12 00
Chas. Todd	10 50
Mattingly, Son & Co.	51 87
Canton Pinchard	9 00
D. L. Payton	9 00
R. F. Beck	2 25
R. B. Lewis	29 00
J. F. Baum & Co.	7 50
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R. E. Wilson	100 00
Calvin Royston	56 00
J. L. Thomas	58 75
R. E. Miller	55 00
M. Adler	25 00
Jno. Rainwater, Coroner	5 00
Six jurymen	6 00
Chas. O'Connor	1 00
Jno. Rainwater, Coroner	5 00
Six jurymen	6 00
R. F. Beck, Sheriff	3 00
Jno. Rainwater, Coroner	5 00
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Jno. Rainwater, Coroner	5 00
Six jurymen	6 00
F. W. Little, constable	1 00
John Rainwater, Coroner	5 00
Six jurymen	6 00
R. F. Beck	3 00
John Rainwater, Coroner	5 00
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The Board met at 11 this morning, but adjourned at 12 without transacting any business. They were to have met again at 3 o'clock p.m.

A Negro Brute Lynched by Slow Strangulation in Mississippi.

A Helena, Ark., special of April 25th, says: In Bolivar county, Miss., yesterday Miss Ida Davis, daughter of a wealthy planter, was riding home from a neighboring plantation, when John Henderson, colored, seized the bridle and dragged the young lady from the saddle, bound and gagged her and took her to a swamp, where he repeatedly assaulted her. Miss Davis's father, uneasy at her absence, searched and found her horse. Getting assistance and a pack of hounds, he began a search. The dogs very soon struck the trail, and tracked the scoundrel to the place where he had carried the young lady. The dogs were called off to protect the young lady, whereupon the negro made a bolt for liberty, and the dogs were again turned loose and drove the negro to a tree, from which he was made to descend at the muzzle of a shotgun. He was then securely bound, and, a rope being placed around his neck, was slowly strangled to death. Several times he was hoisted up and kept there until life was almost extinct, and then lowered and revived only to be hoisted again. This was repeated until life was extinct, after which his body was riddled with bullets and left in the woods. Miss Davis is in a very critical condition, and is not expected to live.

THE Memphis Avalanche still clings to the hope that must find the persistent refusal of the boom to move off rather discouraging. To make the failure entirely complete, the Avalanche should have its candidate write a letter magnanimously declining the nomination. The fact that he could not get it will make no difference; they all do it.—Vicksburg Post.

Hancock does not seek the nomination and he will not decline it. Like the lamented Lowndes he thinks the presidency is an office that should neither be bought nor declined. In the strict sense of the term the movement for Hancock is not a "boom." Properly speaking, there are several millions of Democrats who know that Hancock is an able and upright man who would make a most excellent President of the United States. And it would be difficult to find a man in either party who is so universally esteemed for his honesty and good sense as Gen. Hancock.—Avalanche.

THE 48th Congress should not adjourn without removing every revenue restriction that pertains to leaf tobacco. Transactions in it must be made as free as in any other product of the farm. The limitation of retail sales to the amount of one hundred dollars' worth—"by the farmer at place of production"—must be removed, and the farmer must be permitted to dispose of his crop as freely and untrammeled, by retail or otherwise, at the place of production or elsewhere, as though it was so much corn or cotton.

Tobacco ere long will be one of Mississippi's leading staples, as it was forty or fifty years ago, and her farmers are anxious for its complete disenthralment from revenue exactions or limitations.—Aberdeen Examiner.

MISS A. CRITTOS

Has just received the latest styles in Hats and Bonnets. A large assortment of Lace Caps. Everything new in Hair Goods, at the Corner Grocery, Washington and Jackson Streets.

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FLOOR—A. G. Tillman, V. W. Flowerree, W. W. Jones.

Taking the Lead.

That is what Blaine and Arthur on the Republican side, and McDonald, and Flower and Tilden, on the Democratic side, are trying to do in politics. But it seems as though all of these contestants who are bending every energy to success, are doomed to disappointment, and that a "dark horse" will come to the front and carry off the honors.

Fortunately for the country, business and politics are unlike. In business there are certain principles and rules and laws, which if adhered to, inevitably lead to success, and we see men every day, who, by their efforts, are taking the lead and it cannot be wrested from them by any "dark horse." A notable instance of this, right here in Vicksburg, is afforded by the success of Mr. Jos Fox, who has taken the lead in the jobbing trade and who will undoubtedly hold it against all competitors. Call at 184 Washington street, and Mr. Fox will demonstrate not only that he is taking the lead but that he is in the lead in the Dry Goods and Jobbing trade. ap29

THE first through passenger car from Jackson, Miss., reached Yazoo City yesterday, coming through for the purpose of bringing the pay car of the Yazoo road. We learned from some of the officials that we will not have regular trains before the first of next month. The Yazoo people are getting anxious for regular train communications with the outside world. The road will be turned ever to the Illinois Central on May 1st.—Yazoo Sentinel.

Copiah Courts.

Circuit Court convened at Hazlehurst Monday. The term of court is four weeks and Mr. Miller, the District Attorney, says it will be consumed with the criminal docket. Wheeler and the Penn brothers will be tried during its stay.

Board of Supervisors.

The Board of Supervisors met yesterday. President Arthur, and Messrs. Goff, Lewis, Mills and Jones, present.

It was decided that bridges be built on the Yazoo Valley road at Chickasaw and at Crockett's. The contract was let to Kennedy & Morris, who build both bridges for $750, with Capt. W. O. Worrell and Mr. H. H. Kain as their sureties.

The sum of $125 was allowed D. S. Rogers for damages to his property by laying a new road.

A bill of G. M. Haszinger for repairs on the Pest-house was not allowed.

A bill from Hector Larrington for arresting a suspected murderer was laid on the table.

A bill from S. H. Mackey for holding an inquest over the body of J. Brennan on April 8, was rejected, the Board considering said inquest unnecessary.

The following bills were allowed:

Richard Howard	$ 7 00
J. McCafferty	7 00
Jas. Fossett	69 00
M. Batchelor	83 33
J. W. Watson	12 00
Chas. Todd	10 50
Mattingly, Son & Co.	51 87
Canton Pinchard	9 00
D. L. Payton	9 00
R. F. Beck	2 25
R. B. Lewis	29 00
J. F. Baum & Co.	7 50
J. F. Baum & Co.	2 25
R. E. Wilson	100 00
Calvin Royston	56 00
J. L. Thomas	58 75
R. E. Miller	55 00
M. Adler	25 00
Jno. Rainwater, Coroner	5 00
Six jurymen	6 00
Chas. O'Connor	1 00
Jno. Rainwater, Coroner	5 00
Six jurymen	6 00
R. F. Beck, Sheriff	3 00
Jno. Rainwater, Coroner	5 00
Six jurymen	6 00
R. F. Beck, Sheriff	3 00
Jno. Rainwater, Coroner	5 00
Six jurymen	6 00
F. W. Little, constable	1 00
John Rainwater, Coroner	5 00
Six jurymen	6 00
R. F. Beck	3 00
John Rainwater, Coroner	5 00
Six Jurymen	6 00

THE EVENING POST

PUBLISHED BY
J. G. CASHMAN & CO.,
Washington St., Vicksburg, Miss.

The Evening Post.

VICKSBURG, MISS., APRIL 29 1884.

We give an abstract of Judge Hill's decision on the Mississippi Railroad Supervision law, ahead of any other paper in Vicksburg.

The Clarion, a few weeks ago, had something to say about the Dartmouth College case. Judge Hill also refers to it in his opinion.

We have heard Col. R. V. Booth, of Vicksburg, suggested as a suitable gentleman for the Democrats of that district to nominate for Congress. A better selection could hardly be made.—State Ledger.

Possibly the Clarion will now be kind enough to inform an anxious public how the Mississippi Railroad Commissioners "can both draw and earn their salaries," since Judge Hill has decided the law to be unconstitutional and void.

From the disposition shown just now in certain newspaper circles to pet and boom Maj. Barksdale, somebody must be contemplating applying for another Postmastership in the event of Democratic success this year, and are taking steps to secure some Congressional aid and influence.

Senator George has just published a memorial address to another "obselete theory"—a free trade theory—in the form of a bill he lately introduced to prohibit the importation of foreign pauper labor into this country. This is the most extreme and objectionable form of protection, and its championship a position a less bold statesman would not have attempted to reach except by slow and careful gradations. But our Senator has fearlessly made the leap and landed squarely on the top limb. It looks as if our able Senator had dumped the mail of a veritable iconoclast, and undertaken to signalize his new departure by demolishing first the images of the grand temples.

We say this to our contemporary (The Post) that if all the doubtful points be decided by the Courts in favor of the railroad companies and against the State there will still be much useful work for the Commission to do, and the members may not only DRAW but EARN their salaries.—Clarion.

Will the Clarion, with Judge Hill's recent decision of "all the doubtful points" in view, specify how the members of the Railroad Commission "may not only draw but earn their salaries?"

Until we hear further, we will be inclined to believe that there is nothing on earth for the Commissioners to do, not even to draw their salaries. They may be like the children in the Sunday school song:

"There will be something to do,
There will be something in Heaven for children to do."

What will a few of the Mississippi papers, that have been "blowing hot and cold" on Railroad Supervision, do now since Judge Hill's sensible legal decision knocks their pet theories in the head? Some of them, however, are still proposing State supervision or "State laws," which is the same thing. They should "read up" on Judge Hill's decision, and other legal authorities, and perhaps they will then conclude that "State laws defining extortion, and fixing the maximum rate of freight and passage," will be declared unconstitutional and void. Only this morning, we find the following belated utterances in a journal that has heretofore opposed supervision but advocated "strict laws" regulating the railroads:

We believe National Railroad Supervision is the only effectual remedy, when competition cannot be secured. Good State laws defining extortion, and fixing the maximum rates of freight and passage would also be beneficial.

The "Principle" of Supervision.

Believing, as we do, that the principle involved in Railroad Supervision is correct, and that a decision of the Courts denouncing that principle will be but the judicial expression of unwarrantable limitation upon the Rights of the people, we are amazed to see with what exceeding satisfaction the opponents of the right to supervise predict that the present scheme will be a failure.—Clarion.

In answer to the above, a few days ago we used the following language: "We do not see how the 'principle' is involved. The Courts might decide that the present law is unconstitutional, without at all denouncing the principle of supervision.'"

Now Judge Hill comes along with his decision, and the very first paragraph seems to so completely sustain the position of The Post and answer the Clarion, that we will adopt it as an editorial.

Judge Hill says:

The Court holds: That the policy of the Act of the Mississippi Legislature creating the Railroad Commission is not a question for the consideration of the Courts, and in any case of conflict between the Legislature and the Courts the latter must yield.

That the Act of the Legislature of the State of Mississippi incorporating the Chicago, St. Louis and New Orleans Railroad Company, and empowering the President and Directors of the Company to fix and regulate its tariffs, and the same to alter and change at pleasure, is a contract between the State of Mississippi and the Railroad Company, and is protected by the Constitution of the United States, which declares that no State shall pass any law impairing the obligation of contracts; that this constitutional provision is the safe-guard of people, property and corporations; that a charter granted by a State is a contract within the purview of the Constitution of the United States, and protected by it except in matters of police such as public morals, health and safety; is sustained by an unbroken line of decisions, State and Federal, from the Dartmouth College case to the present time; and the principle was recognized in the Granger cases in 94 U. S., and in Ruggles vs. Illinois, 108 U. S., and repeatedly by the Supreme Court of Mississippi.

That the act creating the defendants a Railroad Commission, and giving them the power to fix and regulate the tariffs on all railroads in the State, violates the contract between the State and the Railroad as expressed in its charter, and in this particular and in others, is unconstitutional and void.

That the Chicago, St. Louis and New Orleans Railroad is an interstate railroad and constructed for the uses and purposes of commerce between States; that the transportation of persons and freight is commerce, and the regulation of it belongs exclusively to Congress. That the power of Congress is exclusive as to the transportation of persons and property; as to wharves, pilotage and such like domestic matters, the States in the absence of legislation by Congress may control and regulate; that the Supreme Court of the U. S., in Hall vs DeCuir, 95 U. S, delared an act of the Legislature of Louisiana, which undertook to regulate the status of passengers transported wholly within the State, as being a regulation of commerce, and as a discrimination on the Mississippi River, unconstitutional and void. In Ex parte Boyer, 109 U. S., the Supreme Court decided that a canal, wholly in one State but forming a link of communication passing through more States than one, is within the admiralty jurisdiction and exclusively under the power of Congress. Judge McCrary, in the case of Kansas vs Illinois Central Railroad, (Central Law Journal) held, that a statute of Iowa, fixing the maximum rate to be charged by railroad companies for carrying freight within the State, is invalid in so far as by its terms it applies to points without, because it is regulation of commerce beyond the State, and if upheld would enable the State to discriminate against other States. In the recent case in Tennessee, against the Railroad Commissioners, the Tennessee Court declared void as attempting to regulate commerce among the States, and that the State had no such power, the power being exclusively in Congress, and the act was declared unconstitutional and void.

That the act of Mississippi Legislature, and the act supplemental thereto, attempts to regulate transportation between States, and is therefore unconstitutional and void.

The Court orders an injunction to issue as prayed, restraining the defendants from in any way interfering with the business of the Chicago, St. Louis and New Orleans Railroad Company, and from in any way interfering with the business of the Illinois Central Railroad Company, and from in any way interfering with the business of the Louisville, New Orleans and Texas Railway Company, and from in any way interfering with the business of the Mississippi Central Railroad Company, and from in any way interfering with the business of the New Orleans, Mobile and Texas Railroad Company, and from in any way interfering with the business of the Vicksburg, Shreveport and Pacific Railroad Company, and from in any way interfering with the business of the Vicksburg and Meridian Railroad Company, and from in any way interfering with the business of the Mississippi Railroad Supervision Commission, and from in any way interfering with the business of the Mississippi Railroad Supervision Commission, and from in any way interfering with the business of the Mississippi Railroad Supervision Commissioners

AMUSEMENTS.

The SECOND GRAND MAI FEST

WILL BE GIVEN BY THE

MOZART ORCHESTRA

—AT THE—

OPERA HOUSE

VICKSBURG, MISS.

—o N—

April 28th and 29th, 1884.

Assisted by the Best Vocal Talent in the City.

Change of Programme Each Evening

Reserved Seats $1. Tickets for sale at Clarke & Co.'s and Baum & Co.'s Bookstore. ap21-8t

CHEAP COLUMN.

LOST.

LOST.—An ear-ring, coral head. Lost on Grove street, or on Washington street between Vicksburg Oil Mills and Grove street. A suitable reward will be paid if returned to this office. ap24-3t.

WANTED.

WANTED TO BUY.—Five good building lots in Southern part of the city, for cash. C. J. EDWARDS, JR. ap26-1f.

WANTED.—A turner on table legs. Steady work and good wages. Address W. B. BEARD, Superintendent of the Home Furniture Company, Jackson, Miss. ap18

WANTED.—SCHOOLS! TEACHERS!! Schools in need of competent teachers, and teachers in search of situations should address the Central Educational Bureau, R. K. JAYNE, Secretary, ap2 Jackson, Miss.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—An upright 7⅓ octave piano, good as new. Will be sold at H. Woodruff's store to highest bidder, Thursday, May 1st, 1884. 22-10t CHAS. CROCKNOR, Constable.

FOR SALE—Gin-house with 20-horse power Engine, 70-saw Gullet Gin Stand, Steam Press, 24-inch Straub Mill; all in good order. Cheap. Engine. ap17-tf W. J. KATZENMIER.

FOR SALE—The LOT on the northeast corner of Cherry and Grove sts. Apply to THOMAS MOUNT. mh19

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT.—Two large rooms, kitchen, outhouses, good yard and cistern. Apply at this office. ap26

FOR RENT.—Two rooms and kitchen opposite Jewish Synagogue. Apply on premises to MRS. H. WHITE. ap24.

FOR RENT.—A HOUSE on Cherry street, between China and Grove. Apply to ap16-2w MRS. E. FRANCIS.

FOR RENT.—Nice house with eight rooms, kitchen, good water, and surrounded by a half square of land, situated on the National Cemetery road, and known as the Miller House. Cheap rent. ap15-1w E. & B. C. BONELLI.

FOR SALE OR RENT.—60 Acres good land, one and a half miles from town, with plenty of wood and water. Apply at this office, or to R. P. WILSON, Vicksburg, Miss. m24-2w

THE SATISFACTION

Of sitting under one's own vine and fig tree pays the largest dividend of any investment. It is the best kind of life insurance. It is the best medicine in sickness. It enables a man to die easier, and robs death of one of the principal terrors to know that the loved ones we must leave behind us have a roof of their own over their heads which cannot be taken from them.

If you cannot buy a house and lot, you can at least make a commencement by investing $25 in a lot in Speed's Addition, and pay the balance in $5 monthly installments. No better opportunity to buy a home or to make a safe investment in Vicksburg is likely to occur than that now presented by the unprecedented terms upon which these lots are sold. sep1

LOCAL ITEMS.

LAST night of the Mai Fest.

LOOK out for the pic-nic next Sunday.

WORK has been commenced upon the improvements in the City Hospital.

TO-NIGHT Mr. McQuaide will sing the beautiful song, "It was a Dream."

ED. SNOWDEN has a notice in to-day's paper that is of interest to housekeepers.

EVERY one present speaks highly of last night's concert. This is the last to-night, and it will not do to miss it.

MISS MOLLIE ALEXANDER, who has been on a pleasant visit to Vicksburg, returned home on the Issaquena yesterday evening.

MISS JESSIE FISHER, of Edwards, returned home this afternoon on the 2:15 train after a pleasent visit to relatives in this city.

BROCKY BILL, a charter-member of the chain-gang, was fined $10 and cost by the Mayor this morning for having attempted to split the cranium of a brother on the gang with a saw.

W. J. BARKSDALE, Richmond, Va.; Will K. Meyer, New York; G. M. Sullivan, Cincinnati; A. H. Coopers, Rolling Fork, were among the strangers registered at the LaMadrid House this morning.

THE special train which took the Firemen's Band and citizens to Jackson this afternoon, will reach here at 7:30 o'clock to-night. This early return is made necessary by reason of several members of the Band having to take part in the Mozart Concert to-night.

JAMES MILLEY, Pittsburg; L. Ballon, Cincinnati; W. L. Barnes, New Orleans; W. B. Denison, Zanesville, Ohio; W. R. Gordon, W. H. Tom, W. P. Phillips, Meridian; A. L. Anderson, Greenville; Jackson Roberts and daughter Washington, Iowa; The David, Louisville; J. B. Rose, Memphis, were registered at the Vicksburg Hotel.

Death of Col. Wm. French.

After a very severe and protracted illness, which he bore with great patience and fortitude, our friend and fellow-citizen, Colonel William French, departed this life at 9 o'clock last night. Colonel French died at the residence of his brother-in-law, Mr. John W. Clingan, in Jackson, having been taken from Cooper's Well to that city some three or four weeks since. He was faithfully attended by his wife and children, and his last hours were soothed by the presence of his brothers and sister, and that of many loving and devoted friends. On account of the severe form of his disease, and his great physical prostration, his death has been expected for several days past, and his family and friends have had time to prepare themselves for the great bereavement.

At the time of his death, we think Col. French was about 50 years old. In company with his widowed mother and her large family of sons and one daughter, he settled in Jackson a few years prior to the war. He at once engaged in active employment, and worked for Mr. C. H. Manship at the painting trade; and in a few years became one of the most skillful and proficient workmen in the United States. His public spirit was manifested by his connection with the fire and military organizations of that day, and he was a zealous and enthusiastic member of both. When the war broke out, he went with his company, the celebrated "Mississippi Rifles," to Pensacola, and served throughout the war, gaining an honorable distinction for his bravery and faithful service.

Soon after the war Col. French was married, Miss Emma Walmsley, of Jackson, joining her destinies with his, proving a faithful and devoted helpmeet, and now surviving him to care for their helpless little children.

Col. French and his family moved to Vicksburg twelve or fourteen years ago. Here he engaged in the house and sign painting business, and was noted for his probity, industry and skillful work. Many of the business signs of this city are the work of his deft fingers. Here, as at Jackson he became identified with the firemen, with the benevolent organizations, and all local enterprises that were calculated to promote the growth or welfare of the city. He took an active part in the exciting political contests of the past, and always on the side and for the best interests of the people. He achieved the highest honors that could be bestowed upon him by the Firemen, and was one of the highest and brightest members of the Masonic Order in the State.

He gained the esteem, and confidence and respect of his fellow-citizens, and many will be the regrets and lasting the grief on account of the too early death of this good and public-spirited citizen.

In all the relations of life he bore himself in the most commendable manner. He was a loving husband, a devoted father, a true friend, a brave soldier, a zealous fireman, a bright member of the benevolent Orders, a good citizen, and a true friend.

We join our tears and grief with that of his relatives and friends in the loss which they have sustained, and the loss which our city has sustained in the death of the lamented and noble William French.

Ice and Vegetables.

ED. SNOWDEN, at his old and popular stand opposite the Market-house, is now prepared to offer a full and fresh supply of Vegetables every day; also the coolest and purest ice. ap29-1w

Odd Fellows.

The sixty-fifth anniversary of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows was celebrated in a fitting manner by the members of the order and their families in this city, at their hall, last night.

P. G. Charles Lehman called the meeting to order, after which he introduced P. G. T. C. Catchings. Mr. Catching delivered an able and interesting address, and was tendered a vote of thanks.

A fine supper was then dispensed under the able supervision of P. G. Mike Haszinger. After the concert the Mozart boys accepted an invitation to drop in and assist the supper, and the Odd Fellows in general and Mike Haszinger in particular have the sincere thanks of the orchestra.

GENIAL SPRING

Is upon us, bleak Winter is gone and LEWIS BROS. have the most elegant new Spring stock of Shoes in the city. Jas. King's old stand, Washington street 26

St. Francis Temperance Society.

The members of the St. Francis Temperance Society will meet at the Priest's residence to-morrow (Wednesday) evening at 7:30 o'clock, for the purpose of making arrangements in connection with other Societies, for the Catholic Picnic that takes place in May. By order of THOS. O'HERRIN, President.
FRANK O'NEIL, Secretary ap29-2t

Col. French's Funeral

Was set for 4 o'clock this afternoon at Jackson. A special train left the Vicksburg depot at 1 o'clock to-day for Jackson, conveying a large number of persons to attend his funeral. Two passenger coaches were crowded to their full capacity, with members of the Masonic Order, members of the fire companies Mayor Birchett, a number of prominent citizens, and the Firemen's Silver Cornet Band, who went to Jackson to pay the last sad rites of respect to our lamented fellow-citizen.

Help Wanted.

A petition has been forwarded to the Governor from a number of residents of the Deer Creek Company asking for relief. It sets forth that the late rise

The "Mozart" Concert.

In well-founded anticipation of the musical treat promised by the splendid programme announced and the admirably sustained reputation of the Club, a select and critical audience greeted the Mozarts at the Opera-house last night, to witness their second annual concert. To the attractions of the Orchestra itself were added the names of several favorite vocalists of the city who never fail to charm and capture their hearers.

Among the appointments and decorations of the stage was a handsome engraving of the great musical genius and master, Mozart—a unique and appropriate tribute to the great mind the Club would emulate.

The Overture—Le Diademe, by Herman—a selection of rare merit, was rendered by the Orchestra in magnificent style, and ended amid the most flattering applause from the audience.

Following the Overture was a vocal solo—Mollie Bawn—by Mr. Julian Barnett, delivered in his usual pleasing manner, and with most salutary effect upon the audience.

Mr. Bowmar's violin solo, and the horn sextette by Messrs. Knox, Lowenhaupt, Shade, Kette, Moser and Foster, were both artistic renditions, and formed permanent testimonials to the genius and training of the performers.

Next was a duet by Miss Lelia McCutchen and Mr. Julian Barnett. The gallant vocalists of the evening will not, we hope, take it amiss if we refer to Miss McCutchen's rendition of this selection as the decided feature of the vocal programme, as in our opinion it undoubtedly was. The hearty applause and floral tributes at the close of the piece showed how keenly the audience appreciated the exquisite singing of the fair artist.

Prof. Talen's Mai Fest Overture, by himself, marks him as a composer of no mean pretensions. Considerable interest was centered in this feature of the programme, as Professor Talen's known ability had raised the expectations of the audience to something of surpassing merit. It is fair to say that they were not disappointed either in the excellence and beauty of the composition, or the performance of the gifted pianist.

Next on the programme was a cornet solo by Mr. J. R. Knox, which was admirably executed, and won hearty approval.

Then the Witch Waltzes and overture Chevalier Breton, by the Orchestra, came the vocal solo, My Sweetheart When a Boy, by Mr. John McQuaide, who, although laboring under the disadvantage of a severe cold and hoarseness, sang to an encore of applause.

Mr. Shade's flute solo, Der Rattenfanger Von Hameln, also received an encore. It was one of the most artistic performances of the evening.

The Fantasia, Solitude, by the Orchestra, a vocal quartette by Messrs. McQuaide, Ernst, Kette and Moser, an artistic trombone solo by Mr. Fred. Moser, showing his deft mastery of that instrument, and the Jolly Mozart's March by Orchestra, closed a creditable and entertaining performance.

The Mozart's give another performance to-night, and their programme offers a treat the patrons of music should not fail to enjoy. To those who attended last night no assurance of the merit of to-night's performance is necessary. The Mozarts go to Port Gibson to-morrow.

OUR APRIL OFFERINGS

Consist of a choice assortment of the best-fitting stock of Men's and Boys' Clothing, and most attractive display of Furnishing Goods ever offered by us. Our rapidly increasing business justifies us in making this statement. People buy where they can get the BEST VALUE for their money. Our MATCHLESS STOCK is meeting with a reception that is indeed satisfactory.

WARNER & SEARLES.

ap23

"Hello!"

A new telephone line is to be constructed between Jackson and this city via Clinton, Bolton, Edwards, etc. This will give us telephonic communication with Brandon, Raymond and other points. It is not improbable that a line will be built from the latter place to Cooper's Well, which would be a good thing for that place, and a big accommodation to the numerous Vicksburgers who are continually visiting there.

A TRIUMPH OF SKILL.

Dr. Price's SPECIAL FLAVORING EXTRACTS

TRADE MARK

Prepared from Select Fruits that yield the finest Flavors. Have been used for years. Become The Standard Flavoring Extracts. None of Greater Strength. None of such Perfect Purity. Always certain to impart to Cakes, Puddings, Sauces, the natural Flavor of the Fruit.

MANUFACTURED BY

STERLE & PRICE,

Chicago, Ill., and St. Louis, Mo.

SOLD ON ITS MERITS, AND CURE GUARANTEED.

AGUINE

The GREAT SPECIFIC for Malarial Disorders

Of any nature, such as

AGUE, CHILLS & FEVER, MALARIAL FEVER, INTERMITTENT FEVER, BILIOUSNESS, LOSS OF APPETITE, &c.

Sold by all Druggists and General Dealers for $1 per Bottle.

AGUINE CO., Little Falls, N. Y.

The Testimony Against Shuster.

About one year ago the store occupied by Van Os & Shuster on Jackson street in this city was destroyed by fire. The insurance companies resisted payment of the policies. In the trial of the suit of Van Os & Shuster in the Circuit Court yesterday, Judge Ralph North presiding, a man named Powell testified that he was in the storehouse the night the fire took place; that he and Shuster had been out on a spree that night, and were sitting up by the stove about 12 o'clock at night; that Shuster lighted a cigarette and threw the match among some shavings, and he (Powell) told him to look out or he would set the store on fire; that Shuster said he did not care if he did, and believed he would burn it up anyhow; that Shuster got up and drew a gallon of kerosine, and sprinkled things with it and then touched it off. An affidavit was made before Justice Foster, charging Shuster with arson, and he was arrested during the progress of the civil suit. The civil suit in the Circuit Court has not been concluded yet.

LUNDIE SHERRARD is now Agent for the popular fleet Belle of the Bends, Issaquena. Office, Basement LaMadrid House. ap 25

A Commendable Move.

The increasing numbers of female vagrants are giving the Mayor and police force a great deal of trouble, and at last the Board of Aldermen is awakening to the realization of the fact that something decisive must be done. In the Police Court this morning seven frail females of African decent were arranged for vagrancy and street walking. Their names were Sunday Edwards, Annie Young, Sarah Wilson, Sarah Leach, Florence Whitmore and Lovey Dott, and they were with one or two exceptions but mere girls. His Honor gave them a lecture on the error of their ways, and when questioned as to where they earned their bread they all gave evasive or fabricated answers. They were each fined $15. Realizing that something must be done the various members of the Board of Aldermen now favor finding some work for these women to do. As it is they will now be taken care of and fed at the Work-house, at the expense of an over-taxed public. It is probable that they will soon be put to work sweeping the Nicholson pavement on Washington street. It could be done early in the morning, and when these women see that they will have some work to do they will be more careful in keeping out of the workhouse, and it would materially lessen the number of arrests for vagrancy.

Such a step on the part of the Board of Aldermen will meet with the hearty concurrence of the citizens.

LUNDIE SHERRARD is now Agent for the Electric Light Fire Proof steamer Will S. Hays, office Basement LaMadrid House. ap 25

Church Dedication.

Bethlehem Baptist Church, on the Valley Road just beyond the National Cemetery, was recently completed, and dedicated a few days since with appropriate ceremonies. A large number of members of the Church and others assembled to give thanks and hear the dedication sermons, which were delivered by Rev. C. H. Smith and Rev. T. W. Stringer, the former taking his text from 8th chapter of 1st Kings, and the latter taking his text from the 5th chapter of second Book of Ghronicles. After the impressive and solemn sermons, the Church was dedicated to the service of God. The members of the Church then passed a resolution of thanks to all who assisted them by subscription or otherwise in the building of the Church, and requested that the same be made known to their friends through the press. Schron King is pastor of the new Church.

St. Francis Temperance Society.

The St. Francis Temperance Society will meet to-morrow night at 7½ o'clock. See advertisement. The St. Francis, although yet a young organization, has grown in numbers and strength exceeding the most sanguine anticipations of its originators. Its membership comprises a large number of the flower and intelligence of the Catholic young men of our city, and the organization is one well worthy of the religion and cause it represents.

LOUIS HOFFMAN

AGENT FOR THE



"CHAMPION"

Reaping and Mowing Machine

THE BEST MACHINE MADE.

LOUIS HOFFMAN.

ap14

Dry Goods & Plantation Supplies

—AT—

REDUCED PRICES!

A Short time since I purchased from the closing-out sale of Messrs. August, Bernheim & Bauer, (late Mayer Bros. & Co.,)

A Large Quantity of Dry Goods and Plantation Supplies

These goods are now on my second floor, and will be sold to wholesale as well as retail purchasers at bargains that cannot be duplicated elsewhere. Attention is also called to a full line of

PLANTATION BOOTS AND SHOES

—AND THE—

LARGEST WHOLESALE GROCERY STOCK IN VICKSBURG.

Purchasers in any of these lines of goods will find it to their interest to call and examine my stock.

JACOB SHLENKER,

137 WASHINGTON STREET, VICKSBURG. ap21

THOS. J. LEWIS, PRENTISS LEWIS.

LEWIS BROS.,

Will open the Shoe Store formerly occupied by Mr. Jas. H. King on the 22d of April with a large and well-selected stock of



RARE BARGAINS

Custom Hand-Made Work

The stock was bought for cash at the lowest figures, and we propose to give the benefit of it to their customers in the purchase of

For Gents' Ladies, Misses and Children a specialty. The former patrons and customers are respectfully requested to call before purchasing elsewhere.

LEWIS BROS.,

THOS. E. LEWIS, Formerly with Phillip Gilbert. | PRENTISS LEWIS, With Mattingly, Son & Co.

135 WASHINGTON STREET.

T. J. HANES, J. W. HANES

HANES BROS.,

Successors to D. R. SMART & CO.,

Auction and Commission Merchants,

206 WASHINGTON STREET, VICKSBURG.

Consignments solicited. Prompt returns and satisfaction guaranteed. feb22

JOHN B. CLARK. D. S. WRIGHT.

CLARKE & CO.

We invite your attention and solicit your inspection, as we feel assured that you will find it to your interest to do so before buying elsewhere. We buy direct from the manufacturers and first hands, consequently we will duplicate prices of North, South or West.

Our Line of Blank Books

Embraces Day Books, Journals, Ledgers, Cash Books, full and half bound; Draft, Note, Order and Receipt Books, Pass and Memorandum Books, Monthly and Weekly Time Books, Invoice and Bill Books, and all kinds and sizes of blank books.

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VOLUME II. VICKSBURG, MISSISSIPPI, WEDNESDAY, APRIL 30, 1884. NUMBER 104.

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AGENTS FOR HUMPHREYS' HOMŒOPATHIC MEDICINES. jan

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

[Special to THE EVENING POST.]

TERRIBLE DISASTER AT HAVANA

A Magazine and Gas Explosions Destroys Whole Streets,

And Kills and Wounds Hundreds of People.

HAVANA, CUBA, April 30.—The San Jose magazine exploded yesterday evening, and caused all the gas-holders in the city to explode.

Whole streets are wrecked and hundreds of houses demolished.

Twenty-five persons are known to be killed, and hundreds wounded.

The wildest confusion prevails.

MARKET REPORTS.

LIVERPOOL, April 30.—Spots dull; Uplands 6¼; Orleans 6¼.

NEW YORK, April 30, noon.—Spots dull. Middling, 11¼d.

NEW ORLEANS, April 30, noon.—Cotton dull. Middling, 11⅛.

New Orleans River Report.

NEW ORLEANS, April 30.—The weather is warm and unsettled.

Business is fair.

No arrivals.

Boats leaving this evening: Paris C. Brown, for Cincinnati; John A. Scudder for St. Louis.

Memphis River Report.

MEMPHIS, TENN., April 30.—The river is falling.

Nothing down.

Yellow Fever.

WASHINGTON, April 29.—Secretary Chandler received last night a telegram from Commodore Luce, stating that the Portsmouth had arrived at Newport with yellow fever on board; that the disease was not serious, however, and all the patients are convalescing.

A Dusky Duel.

GARYSBURG, N. C., April 30.—Two prominent colored politicians, Isaac Liggin and James Porter Spriers, were arrested this morning when just about to engage in a duel. Liggin had on two overcoats and a sheet-iron plate fifteen inches square, as a chest protecter, but which he explained were for the purpose of keeping out the cold. The affair grew out of a discussion as to the fitness of certain presidential candidates.

A Triple Lynching at Monroe, La.

NEW ORLEANS, April 28.—Yesterday morning before daylight a triple lynching occurred at Monroe, in Ouachita parish. A large and orderly mob surrounded the jail and demanded the keys. The Sheriff saw resistance was useless as the angry crowd were prepared to batter down the doors. The keys were surrendered, and three murderers under sentence of death—King Hill, Mullican and Clarke—were dragged forth and brought to a tree a few yards from the jail.

Six weeks ago Mullican and Clarke went to the house of old man Rogers, in Ouachita parish, and were hospitably treated. After supper they brutally murdered the old man and his wife for the purpose of securing money they were known to possess, and fled to Texas. A reward of $1,000 was offered for their capture, which was soon effected. They were brought back to Ouachita parish and tried, and Saturday were sentenced to hang.

The Jackson Firemen.

A large majority of the Jackson Fire Company No. 1, attended the 47th annual parade of the Fire Department of Vicksburg, Wednesday. On account of their decorations not arriving in time they were unable to carry their engine, as was their intention. Several parties from the other companies and a large delegation of citizens also attended. The parade was a grand affair, far surpassing those of former years. Our citizens and firemen were very hospitably entertained by the Vicksburgers, and will consider themselves as highly pleased with their visit.—State Ledger.

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THE custom of announcing on stage programmes who made the leading ladies' dresses, has finally got down into baseball circles. The Brockville Journal announces that "Keeney's three-base hit in the Springfield game" was made with Spaulding's black band, second growth ash bat.

WHO will the opposition put out for Congress? Some who pretend to be knowing ones think Yellowly.—New Mississippian.

A CHAIR in the West Virginia Legislature is occupied by a man who has only one leg. In the place of the missing member he wears a cork substitute.

The Bonded Whisky Extension Bill.

This bill was defeated a few weeks since by a decided majority—a number of Democrats following Mr. Randall's able leadership in opposition to it, among them Gen. Dunn, of Arkansas, a sound Democrat and a gentleman of recognized ability and influence. As some discussion is now going on among newspapers in this State in regard to the manner in which Mississippi Congressmen voted upon the bill, we give some extracts from Gen. Dunn's speech to show what kind of a measure he thought it was:

Mr. Chairman, I have watched the course of this debate with a great deal of interest and care, and have observed in it some anomalous features. When this bill came into the House with a report from the Committee on Ways and Means I naturally supposed that it came with the sanction and recommendation of that committee, and would secure the support of its members on the floor. But I observe every member of the minority—the Republican minority of that committee—speaking against the bill and giving emphatic expression to their sentiments in opposition to it. I have seen the gentleman from Georgia [Mr. Blount] of that committee, the gentleman from Alabama [Mr. Herbert], and my colleague from Arkansas [Mr. Jones] of the Democratic side of that committee, on the floor speaking against the bill. We all know that the distinguished gentleman from Texas [Mr. Mills], who is always frank and outspoken in his opinion, is opposed to the bill. That leaves the distinguished chairman of the committee [Mr. Morrison] from Illinois, the gentleman from Ohio [Mr. Hurd], and the gentleman from Kentucky [Mr. Blackburn] as the sole supporters of the bill upon this floor from that committee, with one member of it unheard from. I refer to the distinguished gentleman from New York [Mr. Hewitt.]

Now, what is this bill? It stands without a legitimate parent upon this floor. It has been brought by personal importunity here and pressed upon our consideration. What is it? And ought we to give it consideration and passage? It certainly needs consideration.

Mr. Chairman, this measure comes too late to begin with. It is at the wrong end of the road. If it had been proposed at the beginning of this legislation on whisky taxation there might have been a reason for it. It was tried then and proved a failure. And now what does it propose to do? If there is one demand made by the people of this country more emphatically urged than another, if there is one purpose they have in view more conspicuously than another, it is the firm resolve that taxation shall be reduced in this country. If there is one institution or one agency of the Government more odious and offensive to the people than another it is the machinery of the internal-revenue system. That system has necessitated a swarm of officeholders who hold the country like an army of occupation, 4,000 in number, having been clothed with powers of visitation, espionage, search, and seizure; and they have made this Government in that respect a terror to the people. A government founded in the affections of the governed should never be made a terror and a menace to its subjects. Nothing tends more than this to weaken the sentiments of patriotism and loyalty.

The public demand is for a reduction of taxation and the abolition of that offensive agency of the Government. What does this bill do? It surrenders the revenue of the Government and retains the army of occupation with all its odious features, with all its powers of visitation and search, seizure and espionage, and does not reduce taxation to the consumer—the real tax-payer in this case.

Mr. Jordan—Will the gentleman allow me to ask him a question?

Mr. Dunn—I have not time to yield. Mr. Jordan will merely wish to ask the gentleman in what way this bill surrenders any revenue of the Government?

Mr. Dunn—I will show that further on. Or I will do that right here. This bill provides for the extension of the bonded period of all the whisky now in bond for two years longer than the law under which it went into bond. That slides all from the first of December last forward two years and makes a clean cut chasm in the revenue of the Government diminishing the receipts from that source $75,000,000 each year for two years, unless the holders voluntarily withdraw it and pay the tax, which we may be sure they will not do.

Now what are the possibilities under that operation of the bill? What can be done? They say it is not class legislation. Whom does it benefit? The speculators in whisky alone. It is not for the benefit of the retail dealer. It is not for the benefit of the consumer. The man who drinks the whisky will pay the same old price that he did before or a higher price. It can easily be made to cover a great "corner," to be engineered by Congress and "carried" by the Government and fixed and made safe by law. The manipulators of this scheme will have it in their power to stop absolutely the sale of every gallon of whisky covered by its operation for two years. If we enact this law the whole quantity that is bonded can be held as in the grip of a giant, and not one gallon of that whisky put into the market; and they can dictate just such a price as they please for it to the retail dealers and consumers. The Government carries the margin and covers the job and the speculation, and all at the expense of the toiling tax-payers of the country.

Under the provisions of this bill a great conspiracy can be made against the retail dealer and against the consumers who buy whisky. It is worse than that. It is protection in its most odious and offensive form. And, Mr. Chairman, my heart sickened when I saw that Democratic Brigadier of free trade and reform, Messrs. Morrison, Hurd, and Blackburn, marching up to their arms into this protective embrace. Is the day of the tariff-reformer to be the day of the tariff-deformer? Is the day of the free-trader to be the day of the free-booter? Is the day of the anti-protectionist to be the day of the anti-consumer? Is the day of the anti-monopolist to be the day of the anti-people? Is the day of the anti-tax-reformer to be the day of the anti-tax-payer? Is the day of the anti-subsidy man to be the day of the anti-common man? Is the day of the anti-bounty man to be the day of the anti-bonanza man? Is the day of the anti-land-grant man to be the day of the anti-land-owner? Is the day of the anti-corporation man to be the day of the anti-corporation-owner? Is the day of the anti-monopolist to be the day of the anti-monopoly? Is the day of the anti-protectionist to be the day of the anti-protection? Is the day of the anti-tariff man to be the day of the anti-tariff? Is the day of the anti-tax-reformer to be the day of the anti-tax-reform? Is the day of the anti-tax-payer to be the day of the anti-tax-payer? Is the day of the anti-subsidy man to be the day of the anti-subsidy? Is the day of the anti-bounty man to be the day of the anti-bounty? Is the day of the anti-land-grant man to be the day of the anti-land-grant? Is the day of the anti-corporation man to be the day of the anti-corporation

THE EVENING POST

PUBLISHED BY
J. G. CASHMAN & CO.,
Washington St., Vicksburg, Miss.

The Evening Post.

VICKSBURG, MISS., APRIL 30 1884.

THE Picayune says the Crescent City has been pretty thoroughly Mexicanized —in politics.

REPRESENTATIVE CULBERTSON, of Pennsylvania, is a staunch opponent of the "free traders."

CAPT. W. A. MONTGOMERY, was married on the 16th inst., to Miss Bettie Henry, a daughter of Capt. W. B. Henry, of Edwards.

WHAT has become of the Bruce boom in this Congressional district? Perhaps some of those people that "hear" so much in regard to his nomination can enlighten the public.

MAJOR BARKSDALE, the present Congressman from the Sixth Mississippi District, is a candidate for re-election. The man that beats him for the nomination will have to get up very early in the "coolest" kind of weathur.

AN injunction suit of the Natchez & Jackson Railroad Company against the Mississippi Railroad Commission is on trial before Chancellor Peyton at Jackson. The argument will probably be concluded to-day. Judge Peyton will no doubt be in harmony with Judge Hill in his decision.

JUDGE WATSON is reported as saying in substance, in a speech in the Legislature, that if the railroad bill was unconstitutional supervision was a sham, myth, ect., etc. To be both rational and consistent the Judge will now be compelled to abandon his position on railroad regulation, and oppose any further useless and detrimental agitation of a mythical proposition.

THE Republicans favor the internal revenue tax system because: 1. It is a war tax. 2. It tends to keep that party in power. 3. It is a Republican measure. But no fellow has found out why a Democrat should support it.—Avalanche.

Nevertheless, some Democrats do favor this system; at least their votes in Congress so indicate. Mr. Randall favors the abolition of the whole internal revenue system.

THERE is a good deal of prohibition sentiment mixed up in whatever popular opposition there is to the abolition of the revenue tax on whisky—a disposition to maintain the tax as a penalty on drunkenness. It is well enough to compel the whisky-drinker to pay dearly for his debasement, but the tax should be so adjusted as to let the burden fall on him alone, and not be distributed among those who never never use whisky at all.

THE debate on the Morrison bill was resumed yesterday. A number of Democrats opposed to it have already prepared speeches. Mr. Randall will next Tuesday deliver a speech in favor of striking out the enacting clause. Mr. Randall's speech will attract greater attention, and have more readers than any speech ever delivered in the United States. His friends will read it as a matter of course, and those who are opposed to him will desire to hear what the great apostle of sensible revenue reform and judicious protection has to say for his side of the tariff question.

THE New York Herald is frequently and favorably quoted by "free trade" journals in the South to sustain their positions. Below we give what the big New York paper said about the bonded whisky extension bill—a bill that Messrs. Barksdale, Van Eaton and Jeffords, of the Mississippi delegation, favored by their votes. The article was quoted by Gen. Dum, of Arkansas, in his speech against the bill:

The bill—the bonded extension bill—is unadvisable in every respect. It is contrary to the wishes of the people; there never was a measure before Congress that was so generally disapproved by the great mass of voters and tax-payers. It withholds taxes that already have been deferred so long as to give the whisky trade favors such as never were enjoyed by any other business in the United States, and it inspires the dealers with a fond hope that they may never have to pay the tax at all. It attaches suspicion to almost every legislator who has anything to do with it, for some men in the whisky business have talked plainly of what they have done for politics and what they still may do or refuse to do. It encourages overproduction; new distilleries are now being planned and built in anticipation of the passage of the bill.

Worst of all, it places the Government in a position of a partner in the whisky business; all the terms used and arguments offered started from the basis that the Government present has a lot of money invested in whisky and ought to grant an extension, just as merchants sometime do to unfortunate customers. So insolent a suggestion never would have been made by any other trade; but the whisky men have so persistently coddled ever since they found that they could use it as a political power that they have come to regard themselves as a privileged class.

How Mr. Barksdale Voted.

Two or three papers in the State, upon a mere assumption, took occasion to censure Hon. E. Barksdale Congressman from the Seventh District, for voting for the bill to extend the time for payment of taxes on bonded whisky, when, in fact, he voted with the majority against the bill. We should have regretted it had Maj. Barksdale voted for the bill referred to, but, as with Senator Lamar, we have confidence in his sound judgment and honesty of purpose, and had he done so we should have been slow to censure him without knowing the reasons that actuated him.—Tupelo Journal.

According to the Congressional Record the regrets of the Journal are in order. In the Record of March 28th we find that Messrs. Barksdale, Jeffords and Van Eaton voted against the motion of Mr. Blount to strike out the enacting clause of the bill, while Messrs. Muldrow, Money and Singleton voted in favor of it. A vote against striking out the enacting clause was a vote in favor of the bill.

We are not a little surprised at Maj. Barksdale's course in regard to this bill. He has long enjoyed the reputation in Mississippi as the most alert and bitter foe of monopoly in any form whatever, but here we find him voting in favor of the Government rendering special aid and protection to one of the worst rings and monopolies of the country. The proposition to extend the time of payment of the whisky tax was nothing less than a virtual request by the whisky ring and whisky monopolists for Congress to perpetuate the benefits arising to them from the tax on whisky and at the same time releive them for an almost indefinite period of the payment of the tax. How Maj. Barksdale is to reconcile his support of this measure fostering the gigantic whisky monopolies with his bitterness against railroad and other monopolies in Mississippi we are at a loss to know, and venture that the Journal and THE POST are not the only ones who would like to have explained "the reasons actuating him" in the matter. The people asking relief by this extension are all capitalists and embody Value to pay the taxes exacted. When Congress gets ready to dispense special financial favors, it will find more needy and worthy subjects in any section of the country.

Maj. Barksdale also voted for the Thompson resolution which declared it inexpedient to reduce the tax on distilled spirits. He acted with the majority in the tariff caucus, and it is fair to presume voted for the Carlise resolution to repeal the revenue tax on snuff, tobacco, cigars, and brandy distilled from fruit, PROVIDED, the repeal was made in connection with a 20 per cent. tariff reduction. Now this last resolution is nothing if not an admission of the injustice of the internal revenue system and a repudiation of that form of taxation. Yet in the face of this Maj. Barksdale voted to maintain the revenue tax on whisky. Verily the record of our leading Congressman is becoming badly entangled.

In regard to the Carlisle resolution, it occurs to us that every element of statesmanship would have revolted at the proposition offered by the great free trader, but his followers unanimously accepted and adopted it. If, as the resolution concedes, the repeal of certain internal taxes would be a wise and expedient measure, it seems that sincerity of mind and purpose, and a proper patriotic impulse would prompt these members of Congress to labor for its repeal, regardless of the influence of such action on the fate of the tariff bill. It would have been infinitely wiser and more creditable to have repealed these unjust and oppressive internal revenue laws and let the tariff bill stand or fall on its own merit.

Attorney-General Catchings.

Several of the Mississippi newspapers have lately contained unwarranted and unjust attacks upon Attorney-General Catchings because he did not take part in the defense of the "unconstitutional and void" Mississippi Railroad Supervision law. We had clipped several of these articles, with a view to answering them, and defending Mr. Catchings from the unjust charges, as we felt satisfied he knew the law and his duty in the matter, and that he would shirk no duty that pertained to his position. The following letter from the Attorney-General to Gov. Lowry, explains his conduct so fully and clearly that it is unnecessary for us to say anything, and we trust those newspapers that have been finding fault with Mr. Catchings will now do him the justice he is entitled to:

Hon. Robert Lowry, Governor of Mississippi, Jackson:

DEAR SIR.—I have to-day received from Mr. McWillie, one of the Railroad Commissioners, the subpœna served upon him in the case of the Illinois Central Railroad Company vs. against the Commission, together with a notice that a motion for an injunction will be made before Judge Hill on the 10th instant at Aberdeen.

I presume that it is my official duty under section 253 of the Code to defend this suit, but I feel that under the circumstances the interests of the State would be best subserved by having the State defended by special counsel. You have the power under section 2,643 to employ counsel whenever in your opinion the interests of the State require it.

The features of the Act of the Legislature assailed by this suit, which are deemed by those who advocated it as of the utmost importance to the people of the State, are those which prohibit the railroads from charging more than a reasonable compensation for the transportation of any freight except such as is to be carried wholly within the State. Freight to be transported from another State to this, or from this to another State, cannot, in my opinion, be controlled by the State.

I am of the opinion that the act so far as it seeks to create the offense of extortion, is wholly incapable of enforcement, by reason of its vagueness and uncertainty. If I am correct in my views, the bill will fail to accomplish what its friends intended it to effect. My opinions in this respect are well known, and are the result of much thought by me.

I could not advocate the bill therefore except in a very perfunctory way, for I could not say to the Courts that I believed it to be a valid law.

A lawyer who would make such a statement unless true, would be unworthy of his profession.

There are able lawyers in the State, who believe the law can be enforced in all respects as written, and I am sure it would have a better chance if advocated by some of these, than by myself. Again, I am obliged during next week to prepare my criminal docket for the Supreme Court, for the following Monday, and I cannot, therefore, give the necessary attention to the case. Moreover, it is not my duty to go to Aberdeen, or to appear in any case, except at the seat of Government. It was not the attention of the law that I should be required to try any case or any branch of any case, except at Jackson.

Under the foregoing circumstances, I respectfully request that you employ counsel to represent the Commission.

I would suggest the employment of Judge Watson, Capt. Walker or Hon. Robert Taylor.

Please advise me if I will be expected to take any steps in the matter.

Respectfully,
T. C. CATCHINGS.

HON. JOSEPH D. TAYLOR, of Ohio, shed the following light upon the bonded whisky extension bill:

This bill is in the interest of but one kind of distilled spirits, as is shown by the recent letter of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, what is known as the Bourbon or rye whiskey, of which there is now on hand about 45,000,000 gallons. This is utterly useless when it is first made, and only becomes ripe, as they call it, and fit for use by age. It is said to require at least three years for it to go through the process of aging, so as to be ready for the market, and it increases in value from year to year thereafter. This is another explanation of the desire to to have the Government extend the period in which these taxes are to be paid, as during this time the whisky is greatly increased in value. It becomes a specialty in addition to the ownership of the profits can reach the Government.

SENATOR GEORGE, of the Committee on Education and Labor, following the Pennsylvania Democratic platform, has reported a bill prohibiting the importation of foreigners under contract for labor.—Birmingham Age.

The Mississippi River and its Levees.

NEW ORLEANS, April 15, 1884.

To the editor of the Times-Democrat:

The Missouri river, taken in connection with the Mississippi, is the longest river in the world. Its length from the highest navigable stream to the Gulf of Mexico is 4491 miles, and its length to its junction with the Mississippi 3096 miles. Add to this the immense distance not navigable, because of the cataracts and falls reaching to the Rocky Mountains and the long space above the head of navigation on the Mississippi, and the Ohio, 950 miles in length, with the tributaries of all the great streams, two of the number, viz: the Arkansas and Red, being over 3000 miles long, and some idea may be formed of the immense body of water continuously passing out into the Gulf by only two openings, viz: the Atchafalaya and the jetties, with a small portion sluggishly going out at the other passes. Now when high, touches the top and shakes the base to such an extent as the levees and banks are liable at any moment to go into the river.

The levees on the Mississippi, as a rule, ought to have a twelve-foot crown with a base proportioned, very large, and made at least three feet higher than they are now. The banks of the river should be protected where the current sets in with force towards the shore, and the current made to sweep along close into the bank and broken by piles driven out as far as possible or by other obstructions placed in the way, so as to create as much batture as possible. Any one inclined to be convinced will notice how batture is formed on the lower part of the Third District, and in the parish of St. Bernard, and how well the brick-makers profit by it. The currents of the river can be properly guided so as to be productive of good and not of evil, for it is from these same currents that the sand of the river is dropped, and the yield in many instances is about obstructions or by overflows in enormous; high banks are often formed in the rear on overflowed plantations, and they are of value to the planter and some compensation for being submerged.

The people of Holland, in order to shut out the sea, constructed embankments of earth made from the sand hills thrown up by storms, and strengthened them with bundles of brush cut from trees planted for the purpose, as well as by large blocks of granite brought from Norway. These embankments are raised to a height of 30 feet, and are so wide as to afford an excellent road upon their summit, while they slope so gradually that a man may easily walk down their sides to the level below. At the base they are 120 feet in width. The land protected from the sea, the Hollanders turned their attention to the rivers that flowed through the country, marshy lands, subjecting the whole country to inundation. Dykes or levees were constructed along the banks of the main rivers of sufficient strength to resist the current when the waters are high, by means of free trade. Bridges, ditches, and on top of the embankment a roadway was made, paved with brick set up on edge. By this laborious process several hundred miles of leveen have been built, and the lands redeemed from the dominion of floods and rendered habitable for the most industrious people on the face of the earth.

Now here is a principle for us to pattern after. A community with a country the size of Massachusetts and Connecticut and a population less than inhabit the Mississippi Valley should have made a country within its boundaries of fields and farms as prolific as any in the land, out of swamps and marshes, that we reject as pestilential spots, fit only to generate malaria and to breed insects and reptiles of the most poisonous kinds. There is no doubt but that the river, from Cairo down, is shoaling. How can it be otherwise with the immense body of sand continuously passing down? If 242 square miles of sand, one foot deep (which is the estimate), annually passes New Orleans on its way to the Gulf, probably 1,000 miles is dropped from Cairo down. The main channel of the river, which has a bottom of sand, is probably not filling, but the chutes and slack water gathers the sand from one cause or another. Sand will not dissolve, and if scoured at one point will go to another, except when scoured into the sea; the natural result is, therefore, that the bed of the river is constantly filling, rendering the entire valley subject to overflows without any additional rainfall.

The closing of Bonnet Carre, Morganza, and other large breaks, left but two openings to the sea, viz.: the Atchafalaya and jetties, but these two openings, with the shallow passes, are sufficient to carry off the entire flow of water, provided the levees be strengthened and made higher by three feet or more. The people in the vicinity of the breaks called for the closing of them; the work was done at the only season they could be built by the present mode of construction, and, therefore, the crown and slope of the levees were liable to wash, as no vegetation could be made to grow on them at the late season of their finish. Pumps and dredges are now made that will throw up large bodies of sand with the water, and all seasons are alike to do the work. Objections have been made to sand for levee purposes, but the Hollanders have built their sea walls from the sands of the sea, that will not compare in strength with the sands of the river, that contain a portion of clay. The entire right front of the city is batture sand, and is more durable than any other soil, and for buildings going up no foundation is considered more solid. The objection to sand for levee purposes is, therefore, a fallacy. If a new system of levee building be inaugurated and carried out from Cairo down, no other material but river sand need be used. To dig the river banks and fields will ruin any land operated upon. A crop of oats, or grasses with strong roots, will protect any levee or slope from a wash, and if the river in front does not tear away the banks all will be well. As the years roll round the levees will gain in strength, and if the outlay at the start be properly made repairs will be few and crevasses and overflows events of the past.

The Government of the United States ought to raise and strengthen the levees on both sides of the river, from Cairo down, and then adopt springers laws which the people interested should see carried out. The work on the channels of the river might for the present be suspended, and the money appropriation give their entire attention to the levees. I cannot understand why objections are raised to the General Government building and keeping levees, as the land would be of no use without them. Breakwaters are constructed and harbors improved by the Government for the benefit of the shipping interests, but if the agricultural interests are to be sacrificed on mere technical points, of what use will be the shipping, for vessels will rot and rust out in port. The products annually passing out of the Missispipi river (and the larger amount is from land liable to overflow) does more to equalize the trade with foreign countries than all other portions of the country grouped en masse. It is too much of a strain on the finances of the people in inhabiting the Mississipi Valley to build and keep up the levees. To do the work well will entail a vast expense. Other portions of the country are greatly benefited by the trade of the Mississippi Valley, and the money to run is why any section should be hostile to the improvement by the General Government. The United States exercises jurisdiction over the Mississippi river and tributaries, and no craft can walk the water without a license, but, with the levees down, the entire valley would truly be an inland sea, with nothing to supervise but a dreary waste. STODDART HOWELL.

British Class Legislation.

Mr. Chace, in his speech in the House on the tariff, brought out a splendid array of facts in regard to the condition of the laborers of Great Britain and Ireland, as contrasted with this country. He showed that the United Kingdom contains 77,000,000 acres, exclusive of water, with a population of 35,000,000; 16,000,000 acres of the land are used for parks or are wastes, and that 15,500,000 acres are under cultivation; and in England, deducting the barren lands and gentlemen's parks, the population is nearly one thousand to the square mile. And of the 53,000,000 acres in Great Britain 25 owners hold 5,000,000. Yet says Mr. Chace, by a cunningly devised system the British Government has reduced its land tax down to a trifle, ranging in 1882 from that source only $5,130,998.19, while the city of Philadelphia last year raised more than $9,500,000 by taxation on real estate. There has been no re-valuation of land for the purpose of taxation in Great Britain since 1690, and by a strange system of redemptions established in the time of Pitt's administration holders of real estate were enabled to buy exemption from taxation at a very small price. Then it is shown how the taxes are wrung from the laborers. The exceedingly low wages paid laborers are also shown. We wish this speech could be sown broadcast over this land, so that our people might see the danger that sought to be brought in competition with American labor, by means of free trade.—Birmingham Age.

H. B. BRUSER,
TIN, COPPER AND SHEET-IRON WORKER,
Hardware Tinware Stoves
Pumps, Grates Mantels, Etc. Etc
159 Washington Street, Vicksburg.
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Something the People Need!
FRESH
ROASTED COFFEE,
Roasted Daily in HYDE'S PATENT ROASTER, at my Store, Corner South and Washington Streets.
Price 20 Cts. per Pound!
H. F. SIMRALL, JR.
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W. M. CHAMBERLIN,
General Insurance Agent,
FIRE, MARINE, ACCIDENT AND LIFE.
Office—Up-stairs, cor. Washington and Crawford Sts., Vicksburg.
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W. O. WORRELL,
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
AND DEALER IN
Hay & Grain
LIME, CEMENT, PLASTER, Etc.,
58 Washington Street, - - - - - - Vicksburg, Miss.
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FULTON M. M'RAE,
Wholesale and Retail Druggist!
IMPORTER AND DEALER IN
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRUGS
White Lead, Linseed Oil, Turpentine, Window Glass, Mixed Paints, Dry and in Oil; All...tine Whitening and Putty; and the largest and most complete assortment of Patent Medicines and Surgical Instruments in the State. Agent for the celebrated Vicksesha Bathesda Water.
Toilet Articles, Perfumery and Hair Brushes—all importeo.
No. 125 Washington Street, - - - - Vicksburg, Miss.

GEO. W. HUTCHESON, CHAS. A. SM.
G. W. HUTCHESON & CO.,
Cotton Factors,
AND WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
Groceries, Liquors and Tobacco.
110 and 112 Washington Street,
Vicksburg, - - - - Miss.
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THE SAW-MILL BOAT
LEE RICHARDSON, JR
IS PREPARED TO SELL
DIMENSION LUMBER
FROM LANDING AT GLASS BAYOU, THIS CITY; ALSO,
Sash, Doors, Blinds, Mouldings, T. and G. Flooring and Ceiling
Orders addressed to the undersigned will be promptly filled.
may4 WM. CURPHEY, Proprietor.

GEO. S. IRVING,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN
Staple and Fancy Groceries,
WINES, LIQUORS, CIGARS & TOBACCO,
Corner of South and Washington Streets, - - - - - VICKSBURG, MISS.
I respectfully ask an examination of my stock, which I think will convince all that I have one of the largest and best assorted to be found.
Fine Teas, Coffee and Choice Butter are Among my Specialties.
I GUARANTEE EVERY ARTICLE TO BE AS REPRESENTED.
And desire to give full satisfaction. 1 PACE AND P FREE ...ery. may

HENRY YOSTE,
Watchmaker and Jeweler
I cordially invite a comparison of WORK and PRICES, believing mine to be the Best and Cheapest.
—ALSO DEALER IN—
WATCHES, DIAMONDS AND SILVERWARE
SPECIALTIES IN SPECTACLES.

FRUIT AND ORNAMENTAL
TREES
ROSES and
Green-House
Plants by the
MILLION at the

J. S. MORRIS,
Attorney-at-Law
VICKSBURG, MISS.
WILL practice in the various Courts of Warren, Claiborne, Jefferson and Adams counties, and in the Federal and Supreme Courts at Jackson. may4
MISS ADDIE FLETCHER,
Fashionable Dressmaker,
Orders from the country solicited. Se

SIGNAL-SERVICE REPORT.

LOCAL WEATHER REPORT.

TIME.	BAR.	THR.	HUM	WIND	WTHER.
7 a. m.	30.00	66	93	S. E.	Cloudy.
2 p. m.	30.07	75	72	S. E.	Cloudy.
7 p. m.	30.02	81	62	S. W.	Fair.
12 m.	30.10	77	76	S.	Cloudy.
7 p. m.	30.07	73	61	S. E.	Clear.

	1883.	1884
Maximum thermometer	78.4	82.2
Minimum thermometer	58.4	64.0
Mean temperature	67.0	73.6
Rainfall	.19	.00

STAGE OF RIVERS.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER,
April 29 7 p.m. Washington time.

The following observations were taken at the same moment of time at all the stations named:

STATIONS.	Above low water.	Changes.	
	feet.	In's	Rise. / Fall In's
Cairo, Ill	37	5	...
Memphis, Tenn	11	7	... 6
Davenport, Iowa	24	3	... 2
Keokuk, Iowa	8	4	... 12
Quincy, Iowa	11	10	42 2
Hannibal, Mo	42	2	... 4
St. Louis, Mo	8	10	... 3
Keithsburg, Ill	6	2	... 1
Burlington, Iowa	10	8	... ...
Rock Island, Ill	13	10	... ...
Dubuque, Iowa	10	5	0 1
La Crosse, Wis	20	7	... ...
Winona, Minn	20	1	... ...
St. Paul, Minn	4	5	... 5
Duluth, Minn	11	5	... ...
Fort Snelling, Minn	21	8	... 11
Leavenworth, Kan	6	9	0 ...
Kansas City, Mo	45	12	0 ...
Omaha, Neb	7	11	... ...

Below high water of 1874. *Frozen.

HIGH WATER AT VICKSBURG IN FORMER YEARS

Highest water '62, above zero, 51 1-10 feet.
Highest water '67, above zero, 49 feet.
Highest water '74, above zero, 45 ft. 8 inches
Highest water '75, above zero, 43 feet.
Highest water '76, above zero, 44 ft. 10 inches
Highest water '80, above zero, 43 ft. 2 inches
Highest water '81, above zero, 41 ft. 10 inches
Highest water '82, above zero, 43 ft. 9 inches
Highest water '83, above zero, 43 ft. 10 inches

HIGH WATER OF 1882.

Stations.	Date of Highest Point.	Highest point Reached.
Cairo, Ill	Feb. 26, 1882	51 ft. 9 inches
Memphis, Tenn	Jan. 19, 1882	40 ft. 2 inches
Keokuk, Iowa	Feb. 21, 1882	58 ft. 6 inches
Dubuque, Iowa	Dec. 3, 1881	10 ft. 1 inch
St. Louis, Ark	March 9, 1882	47 ft. 9 inches
Davenport, Iowa	Nov. 29, 1881	11 ft. 5 inches
Rock Island, Ill	Feb. 24, 1882	21 ft. 6 inches
Burlington, Iowa	Feb. 22, 1882	22 ft. 7 inches
Keithsburg, Ill	March 6, 1882	36 ft. 0 inches
Quincy, Ill	Jan. 22, 1882	54 ft. 7 inches
La Crosse, Wis	March 29, 1882	28 ft. 3 inches
Winona, Minn	March 20, 1882	48 ft. 9 inches
Below high water of 1874.		

THE RIVER.

ARRIVED.

The Memphis, from St. Louis.
The Tributary and barge, from Lake Washington.
Capt. Miller, from Natchez.

DEPARTED.

The Lelore, for Tallahatchie.
The City of Yazoo, for New Orleans.
The Capt. Miller, for Natchez.
The Bonita, for Little Deer Creek.

BOATS DUE TO-DAY.

The John F. Halpin, Davis Bend to V'burg.
The Duquesna, Greenville to Vicksburg.

BOATS LEAVING TO-DAY.

The Silver Lake—Headlight, 4 p.m.

BOATS DUE TO-MORROW.

The John W. Cannon, N. O. to Greenville.
The W. Cole, Memphis to Vicksburg.
The Bonita, Little Deer Creek to V'burg.
The R. Williams, Tallulah to Vicksburg.

BOATS LEAVING TO-MORROW.

The St. Louis—Belle Memphis, 11 a.m.
The Davis Bend—John F. Halpin, 10 a.m
The Greenville—John W. Cannon, 12 m.

NOTES.

Clear and warm.
The River stationary.
Business dull—fly time.
The gay and festive mosquito has arrived.
The Anchor Line boats are partially laid up against fire only.
The Cannon, New Orleans is 1 foot 10 inches below extreme high water mark.
The great Belle Memphis is the Thursday Anchor Liner for St. Louis at 11 a.m.
The Ike Bonham, Capt. W. H. Sargent, left at noon for little Deer Creek on a big trip.
The repairs to the John A. Scudder are completed Tuesday, after which she took on 500 hogsheads of sugar.
The U. S. mail boat Capt. Miller arrived below last night, and left for Natchez at 8 o'clock this morning.
The famous E. C. Carroll, Jr., Captain Smith, goes to the Yazoo river Friday evening as high as Greenwood.
The E. W. Cole takes the place of the Will S. Hays in the Vicksburg and Memphis trade. She is due to-morrow evening.
The Belle Memphis, Capt. I. H. Mc..., arrived from St. Louis at 6:30 last evening with 3,000 packages of freight and several people.
The Tallulah packet J. H. Williams, Capt. R. H. Bowman, with her mocking whistle, is due Thursday evening on that fine district.
The Tributary and barge, Capt. J. I. Holland, arrived yesterday evening from Lake Washington with 90 bales of cotton and a big load of seed.
The Headlight, Capt. George W. Book, is receiving to-day to leave at 4 o'clock this evening for all points on the lower river as high as Williams. She has a good trip of freight and people.
The John F. Halpin is due this evening from Davis Bend, returning to-morrow morning at 11 o'clock to Johnsonville, Warrenton, Newton and Davis Bend. John Quackenbos master, John Miller, clerk.
The Duquesna, Greenville to Vicksburg, is due this evening.
The Bonita, Little Deer Creek to Vicksburg, is due this evening.
The R. Williams, Tallulah to Vicksburg, is due this evening.
The Lelore, Tallahatchie, leaves this evening.
The City of Yazoo, for New Orleans, left at 5 p.m. yesterday.
The Capt. Miller, for Natchez, left at 8 a.m. to-day.
The Bonita, for Little Deer Creek, left at 5 p.m. to-day.

The excursion on Friday May 16th from that city. They will be accomodated if it is possible to do so.

The P. Line steamer Lelore left yesterday evening for the Tallahatchie with all the freight she wanted and had several people. Charley Wallace left as first clerk in place of J. J. Harper who goes to Tennessee for his health.

There will be a festival given by the ladies of the Church of the Holy Trinity, Wednesday, May 7th, at Mrs. Capt. W. S. Jones' residence, corner Main and Cherry streets. All river men are requested to save their extra change and be on hand that night.

The magnificent New Orleans, Greenville and Bends packet Jno. W. Cannon, in place of the Ed. Richardson, Capt. Wm. Campbell, will pass up to-morrow at noon for Greenville. Returning, she leaves here Saturday morning at 9 o'clock. Lundie Sherrard is her passenger agent.

The fast City of Yazoo, Capt. B. S. Leathers, now carries a bale of cotton with the imprint Natchez on it between the chimneys instead of the magic P. The Yazoo got 400 tons of freight and 138 bales of cotton from the Elevator yesterday. The package freight was from the Scudder.

CLIPPINGS.

The United States Marshal will sell the Golden Crown at Cincinnati on Wednesday, May 7th.

Commodore Davidson, of the St. Louis and St. Paul Packet Company, has decided to have built a $50,000 steamer to replace the ill-fated Gem City.

While the Reuben R. Springer has not been sold, Capt. Alex. Montgomery, one of her owners, says she will go to St. Louis, to enter the Davidson line from that place to St. Paul, as soon as the season opens. She is well suited to the trade, and will be something new to upper Mississippi travelers.

The sale of the steamer Montana was robbed last Wednesday night of $1,700. The thieves were not caught.

Cincinnati News-Journal: Since five seizures have been made by the United States Marshal at Cincinnati within about 30 days, steamboat owners have begun to seriously consider whether their usual creditors may not limit their favors without losing good customers who have heretofore been forced to pay for their supplies enough to cover losses that accrue from bad debts.

Another Railroad Victory.

Another partial victory has been won by the railroad corporations, in securing the injunction of the new Railroad Commission of the State of Mississippi, from the United States District Court. Judge R. A. Hill, who rendered that decision, has sat on that bench sixteen years. That this is a larger license for the roads than the appointees of the Government by the Tennessee commission on which we commented at some length a couple of months ago, is apparent from the telegraphic reports, which do not indicate that Judge Hill has wrenched the Fourteenth Amendment into the service of the roads, as Baxter, Key and Hammond did at Nashville. That was the weak point in their decision. This is the fifth railroad victory with the judiciary within a year, and the resolute will of the great States of California, South Carolina, Tennessee and Mississippi, expressed through the legislative action, is at this moment completely baffled.—N. O. Picayune.

The Colored Men in Politics.

The colored men have been successful in defeating some of the old political leaders in the race for delegates to the National Convention. Robeson was defeated by a negro; Col. Robert Ingersoll was compelled to surrender to Perry Carson, the colored man who, as bailiff of the court, had charge of Guiteau during the trial, and now Mr. J. Warren Keifer has failed altogether to be chosen as a delegate to the Convention, or to be named in that connection, but a colored man from his own county has been sent as an alternate. Keifer had opened headquarters in Cleveland and had announced that, in accordance with the request of the press, he would be a candidate for delegate at large, but he was not even nominated.—Webb, in Boston Journal.

THAT Indians will make industrious and thrifty citizens is rapidly being demonstrated. A letter from the Indian Nation cites the following as an illustration: "Rev. Gilbert Taylor Thompson was born in the 'Old Nation,' Georgia, and is now 36 years of age. He lately resided at Franklin, Tenn., but came to the nation last Summer to remain. He decided to settle on the line of the Missouri, Kansas and Texas Railroad, about twenty miles south of Vinita, and has claims covering about 10,000 acres of magnificent land. His claim takes in the railroad for nearly four miles east and west. He employs a large force of men, has just purchased twenty graded bulls, 700 cows and nearly 1,400 steers, and before the season closes will bring here about 2,000 steers which he now has in Texas. He is running eight sulky plows, breaking sod, will to-morrow start a steam gang plow with six plows in the gang, each turning a sixteen-inch furrow. He is putting up many miles of wire fence and preparing to sow 3,500 acres in wheat this Fall. Nor is this an exceptional case. Many others are doing or preparing to do the same."

Notice to Steamboat Pilots.

Masters and Pilots of all boats on the Yazoo river are hereby notified that the drawbridge of the Memphis and Vicksburg Railroad, at Anderson's Ferry, will be always closed, and only opened when proper signals are given and answered. A watchman will always be on hand. Boats are requested to give two long blasts of the whistle as a signal to open the draw, and are warned not attempt to pass the draw until signaled by the watchman from the center of the draw on the west side of the river.

JAS. M. EDWARDS, V. P. & G. M.
ap-14 30d

EVERY county in the State, save four, were represented in the Democratic State convention at Jackson yesterday. The county of Jefferson Davis was not represented.

Advertising of Presidential Candidates.

President Arthur is openly in the field as a Presidential candidate. Probably he would himself find it difficult to explain why he never avowed his candidacy until recently. His chief advertisement is in his public record. He has no personal literary bureau, except that within the last few weeks some Western journalists have arrived here, and seem to be devoting themselves to the special purpose of organizing an Arthur boom. They have free access to the White House, and commenced their work by carefully describing the President's bedroom and his personal habits. Recently a semi-official interview with the President was published, which consisted for the most part of references to his own record, with some sharp allusions to Blaine.

Mr. Blaine has a corps of skilled advertisers in his book agents, while the book itself is a huge and profitable advertisement.

Gen. Logan's advertisement is his Fitz John Porter speech, of which 25,000 copies have already been circulated.

John Sherman in his last campaign had two books—one a campaign life and the other a volume of his speeches.

Senator Edmuds has no special advertising card, unless it be the fact that he has introduced an unusual number of important bills.

Fairchild of Wisconsin is parading his armless sleeve.

The Democratic candidates also make use of advertising placards. Tilden has now almost daily visitors, who take the measure of his chest, describe his appearance and his weight.

Morrison's face is seen in many Democratic weeklies.

McDonald travels around the country as "Farmer Joe" and "Old Saddlebags."

Hoyard poses as the "gentleman candidate."

Judge Field of the Supreme Court is making a number of minority decisions.

Payne stands as the Standard Oil bearer.

Flower has his barrel.

General Denver has started a literary bureau and issues a fulsome sketch of himself.

McPherson is beginning to show indications of founding a literary bureau.

This system of personal advertisement is not new in our time. Daniel Webster was noted for taking great pains to have his services and public movements advertised.

There is an impression that if Mr. Blaine cannot succeed in securing the nomination he will endeavor to use his influence in favor of Robert Lincoln. It is remembered that the relations between Abraham Lincoln and Mr. Blaine were intimate and that the latter was a very warm supporter of Lincoln's nomination in 1860. Among Mr. Lincoln's second term, too, Mr. Blaine was one of his nearest friends.

Protection.

While theorists deal with the abstract beauties of free trade, and picture as its result a general commercial Utopia among the various races of mankind, the practical politician comes to the front in Congress and champions special legislation for a favored class.

We commented a few days ago upon the effect to relieve bonded whiskey from the immediate payment of a large revenue due the Government by the holders of this whiskey. Messrs. Carlise, Blackburn and Morrison were the champions of this movement. We allude to this to show what seems us to be inconsistency in the especial leaders of free trade in the application of their theory to practice.

Again recently Senator George of our own State, who has never yet posed, we believe, in the attitude of a free trader, gives us a new illustration of the guise in which the doctrine may attack us. Senator George is a member of the Committee on Education and Labor, and he and Senator Blair were very active in their work upon this Committee last Winter. As a result of their labors Senator Blair introduced a bill to elevate labor by giving the masses education at national expense. And now comes Senator George and offers a bill which proposes to protect it by preventing competition here at home with imported Chinese cheap labor and the pauper immigration from Europe. It will be a curious study to watch the effect of these two measures in the political arena. The bill of General George provides "that the importation or migration from any foreign country into any place within the jurisdiction of the United States of any alien under any agreement expressed or implied, that such alien shall work, labor for, or render service to in said jurisdiction any person or corporation, shall hereafter be prohibited."

The doctrine of protection seems to be as variable as that applied in murder cases, justifiable, excusable and at times a willful crime. A skillful politicel hand is required to deal with the correct application of the doctrine, and Senator George turns a neat wrist in that direction.—State Ledger.

The Injunction Cases.

The injunction cases of the Illinois Central & Mobile & Ohio Railroads, which have been pending in the United States District Court in this city for several days, were decided last week, Hon. R. A. Hill delivering exhaustive opinions in both cases. We publish below an abstract of the decision in the Illinois Central case, which is essentially the same as that of the Mobile & Ohio, the two involving almost identically similar principles. The injunctions were sustained.—Aberdeen Examiner.

Against Gambling.

The following bill is before the Kentucky Legislature and is favored by the law-abiding citizens of the State:

That any person who shall keep a room or hall, or house or booth, or other place for the purpose of encouraging or promoting, aiding or assisting the playing of any game or games of faro, keno, three-card monte, mustang, red and black, high ball, high card, roulet, twenty-one, or who shall keep or exhibit such games, gaming table or machine, or operate or assist in operating the same, either as employer or employee, shall be guilty of a felony, and shall be punished by confinement in the Penitentiary not less than one nor more than three years.

The New York Telegram is a bright afternoon paper, the property and part of the editorial work of Jay Gould's son, George. It is a

ROOMS STATE DEM.-CON. EX. COM.,
JACKSON, Miss., April 9, 1884.

The Democratic-Conservative State Executive Committee have named Wednesday, June 11, 1884, at 11 o'clock a.m., in the city of Jackson, as the time and place for holding a State Convention to appoint delegates to the National Democratic Convention, and to nominate a Presidential electoral ticket. All Democratic-Conservative citizens of Mississippi, irrespective of past political associations, and differences, who can unite with us in the effort for pure, economical and constitutional government are cordially invited to join in sending delegates to the convention. The basis of representation will be the same as heretofore fixed, unless otherwise ordered by the convention, viz: Each county will be entitled to double the number of delegates that it has Representatives in the lower House of the State Legislature. The committee recommends Saturday, May 31st, 1884, as the day upon which the counties shall hold their conventions, unless the county committee shall otherwise order. It is requested that a thorough organization of the Democratic-Conservative Party, be effected in each county, preparatory to the November election. W. L. HEMINGWAY, Chairman

D. P. POSTER, M. SM