

Consulate of Japan,
San Francisco, Cal.,
May 22nd, 1907.

Hon. J. F. Dinan,

Chief of Police of the

City and County of San Francisco.

Dear Sir:

Your attention is respectfully directed to the following facts as reported to me by eye witnesses:

On Monday evening, May 20th, at about 7:30 P.M., a crowd of white persons - about fifty in number - drove in a wagon to the front of the "Horse Shoe" restaurant, at 1213 Folsom street, and, after dismounting, began to create a disturbance at the entrance. Four white men were eating in the restaurant at the time, and the mob called them out. Two of them complied and were violently assaulted and knocked down by the crowd.

The mob then began to throw stones, bricks and scraps of iron which were brought in the wagon. The windows, consisting of about twenty panes, were completely smashed and one of the Japanese waiters was struck by a flying stone. The two remaining customers fled through the back door. The

INDEX BUREAU

1797/3
125-232

U. S. DEPT. OF STATE
JUN 7 1907

Treatment of Japanese in California.

Encl. 225-232 June 4, 1907.

Japanese Embassy (Aoki) #--
Encloses copies of correspondence between the Japanese consulate in San Francisco and the authorities of California. Requests that he be furnished with copies of the instructions issued to the United States District Attorney in San Francisco. (Rec'd June 6, 1907.)

FILE-S. Y. S.

damage done was so extensive to both the house and the fixtures that the business of the restaurant has been shut down.

On the same evening, at about 9:30 P.M., a mob, apparently composed of the same persons, attacked the Japanese bath house at 1214 Folsom street, just across the way from the Horse Shoe restaurant. This place is known as the "Folsom Street Bath House", and is conducted by Y. Himoto. Stones and bricks were thrown through the windows, breaking five large panes of glass.

During the two hours, covering the period from 7:30 to 9:30 P.M., the mob held possession of the street between the two houses, and no protection was extended by the police although numerous calls were sounded.

On last evening I visited these two houses in person, and found every evidence of the violent assaults. The Horse Shoe Restaurant had closed and its fixtures had been taken out by the intimidated proprietor, his business being completely destroyed. The proprietor of the bath house, in the meantime, was in great fear of a repetition of the outrage.

As you are aware, I called upon you last evening and reported these facts. I also advised you that rumors had

reached me to the effect that an assault was contemplated by the mob upon the Japanese restaurant at 124 Eighth street, known as the "Lion Restaurant", same being scheduled to take place on the same evening, (May 21st.) The proprietor of this latter place had already had some experience with the mob, his restaurant having been visited by a crowd of roughs on the 20th instant and his customers threatened and intimidated.

Notwithstanding this warning and the assurance given me by you that measures would be taken to prevent further outrages, a mob assembled last evening in front of the Lion Restaurant and put it under seige. Seven customers were in the house at the time. When one of them went out he was seized by the mob and a fight took place. There were several similar instances. One of the customers escaped through the back door but was found by the crowd and beaten.

At about 9.00 P.M., and after the mob had gone away, a policeman in ordinary clothes made his appearance. At 10 o'clock an officer in uniform came. The proprietor did not see any policeman during the time the disturbance was going on.

My purpose in writing, at this time, is to respectfully ask that energetic efforts be made by your Department

to discover and punish the perpetrators of these outrages.

It is my duty to further insist that the protection of the law be extended to my countrymen in this community, who are peacefully engaged in lawful occupations, and that steps be taken which will prevent the repetition of similar acts of violence.

Trusting to have some early and satisfactory assurance from your Department that such protection will be given, I beg to remain

Yours very respectfully,

(Signed) K. Matsubara,

Acting Consul of Japan.